

webMethods EntireX

EntireX Natural Wrapper

Version 9.6

April 2014

This document applies to webMethods EntireX Version 9.6.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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Document ID: EXX-EEXNATWRAPPER-96-20140628

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1 Introduction to the Natural Wrapper

The Natural Wrapper is part of the EntireX Workbench in Software AG Designer. It supports users to develop Natural client applications that access RPC-based server components and to create Natural RPC server skeletons which you can use as a basis for writing Natural RPC servers that can be accessed by RPC clients.

The Natural Wrapper starts with a Software AG IDL file that describes the interfaces of the RPC server or RPC client components. During wrapping the IDL program names are mapped to suitable Natural names, which you can customize. This means that IDL program and IDL library names can be longer than eight characters and can even contain characters not allowed in Natural names.

For Natural client applications it generates the following:

- Natural client interface objects (which are Natural subprograms; file extension .NSN) that can be used in Natural client applications to access a remote RPC component.
- Parameter data areas (PDA; one for each client interface object; file extension .NSA) defining the interface to the Natural client interface objects. It is recommended to use the PDA in your Natural client application.
- Sample Natural program (one for each interface object; file extension .NSP) that demonstrate how to call the client interface object. See [Sample Generation Result for the Client Side](#) for more information.
- In addition, a helper local data area (LDA), NATRPCL, can be generated to support correct local compilation in a NaturalONE project in Software AG Designer. See [Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment](#).

For Natural server applications it generates the following:

- Natural RPC server skeletons (which are Natural subprograms; file extension .NSN).
- Parameter data areas (PDA; one for each server skeleton; file extension .NSA) defining the interface to the RPC server.

- If the server names (automatically generated or customized) differ from the IDL program names a client-side server mapping file is required, see *CVM File*. It is generated during generation of the RPC Server and has to be used in subsequent steps (wrapped into RPC client components).

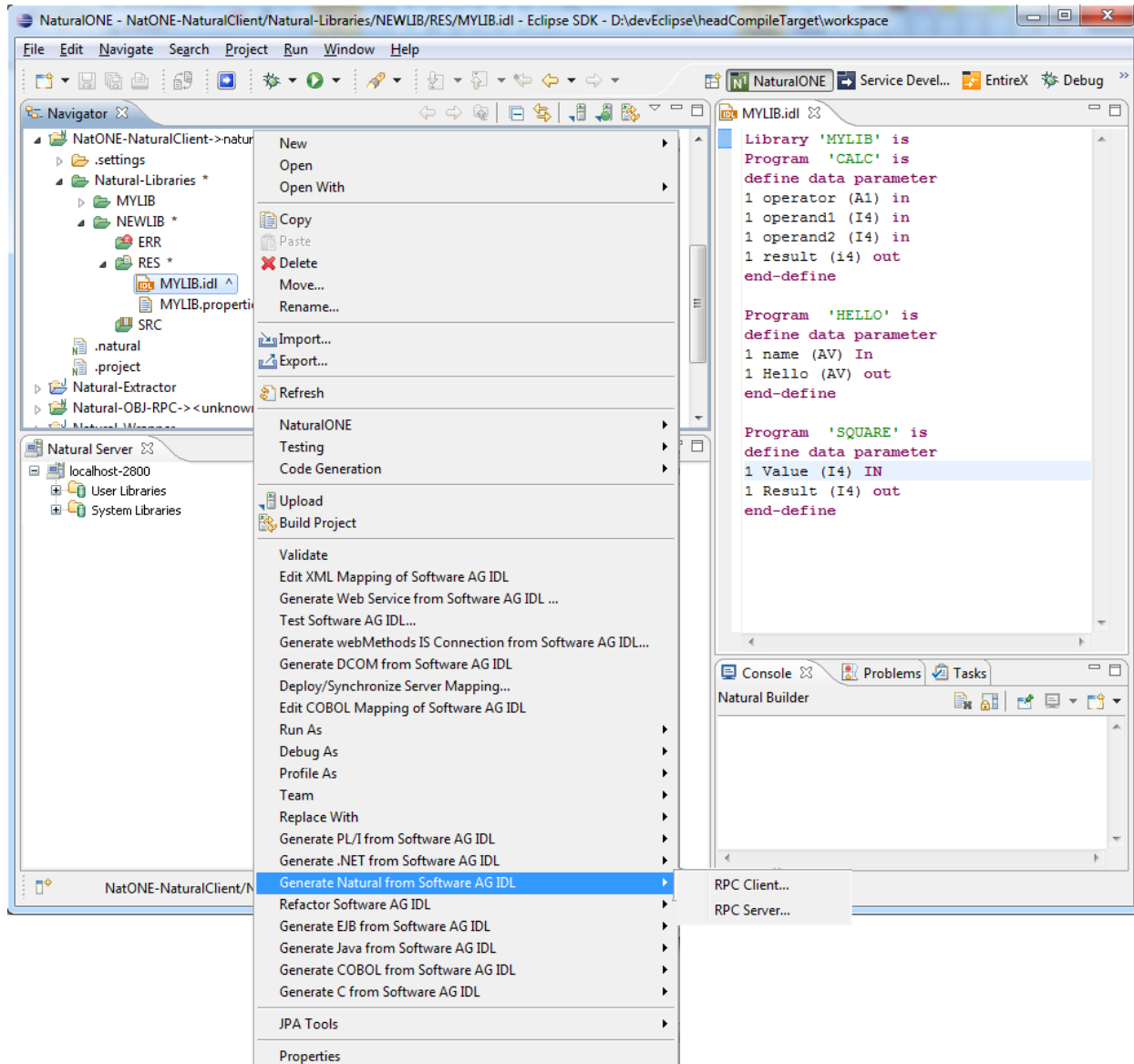
You need a Natural RPC environment - a Natural RPC server attached to an EntireX broker - to generate the Natural objects listed above from the IDL file. The Natural version determines whether the generation of all Natural objects listed above is supported. See *Prerequisites* in the EntireX Release Notes for more information.

2 Using the Natural Wrapper

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Starting the Natural Wrapper

Start the Natural Wrapper from the context menu of an IDL file: **Generate Natural from Software AG IDL**.



Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side

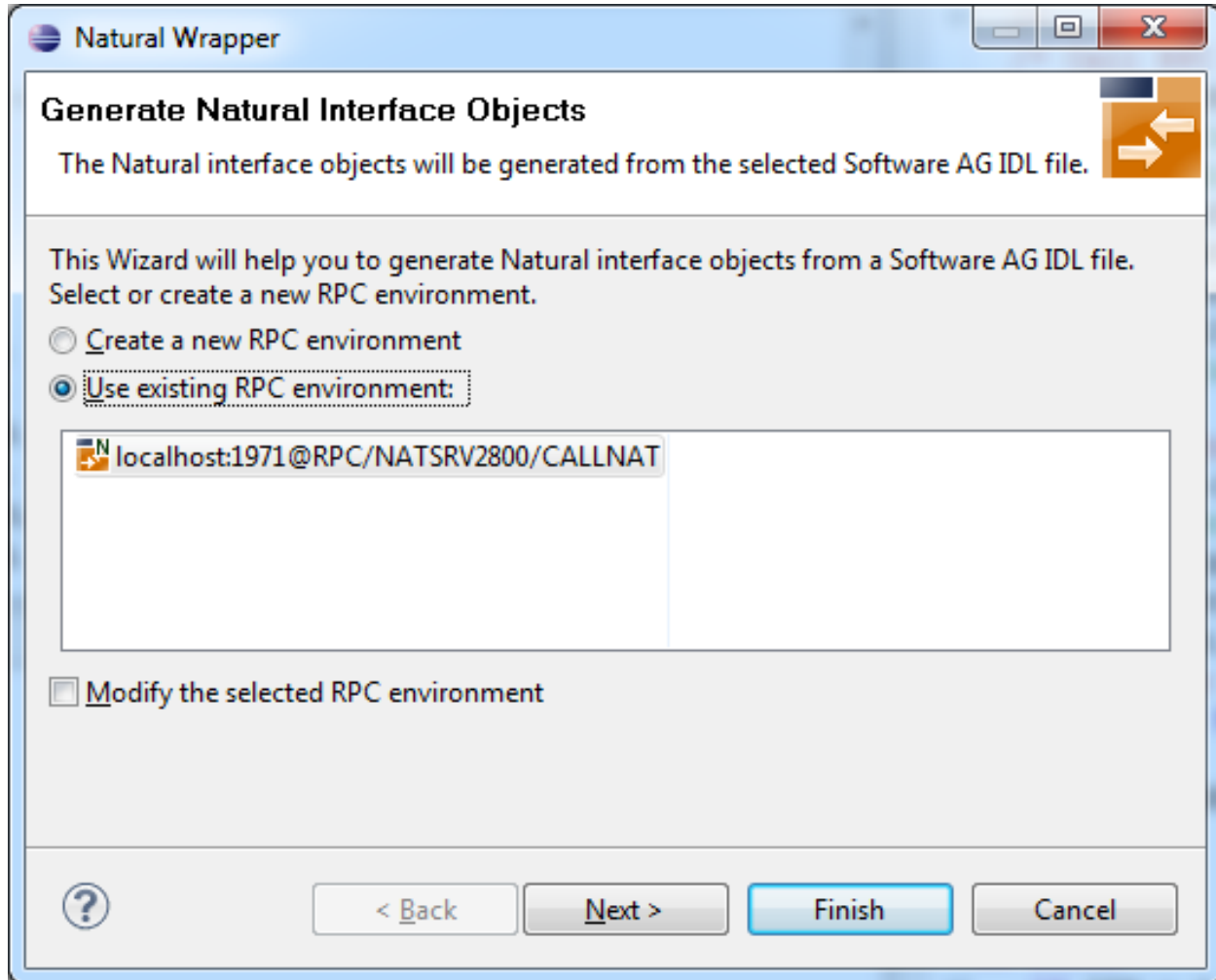
- [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side within NaturalONE](#)
- [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side with a Remote RPC Environment](#)
- [Sample Generation Result for the Client Side](#)

Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side within NaturalONE

- [Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment](#)
- [Step 2: Customize Natural Client Names](#)

Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment

The first wizard page prompts you to select an existing RPC environment or define a new one. When running with NaturalONE, a default RPC environment is available. This is typically named "localhost:1971@NATSRV2800" and refers to a running EntireX broker and Natural RPC server on the local machine.



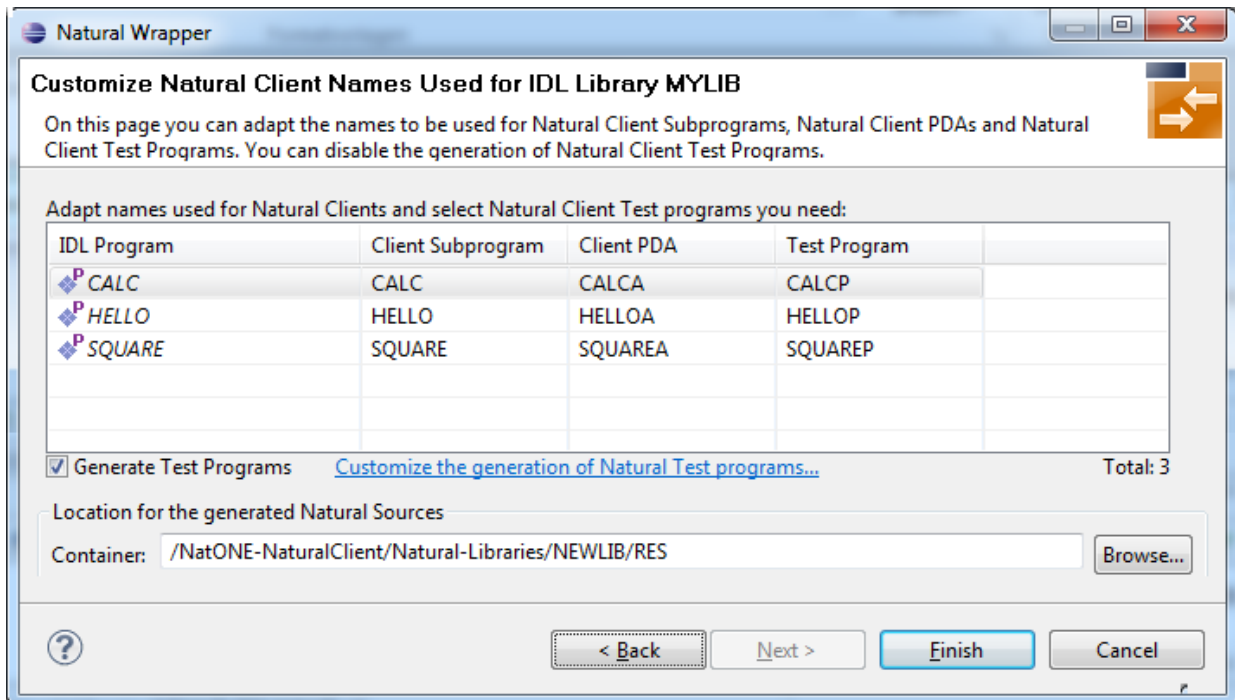
Check **Use existing RPC environment**, select the default RPC environment for NaturalONE and press **Next**. Continue with [Step 2: Customize Natural Client Names](#).

Changing the default RPC environment for NaturalONE is not required and not recommended, so it is best to uncheck **Modify the selected RPC environment**. More information on changing an RPC environment can be found in [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#) under [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side with a Remote RPC Environment](#).

To use a different Natural RPC server for generation, create a new RPC environment. See [Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment](#) under [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side with a Remote RPC Environment](#).

Step 2: Customize Natural Client Names

On this page, adapt the names for the Natural client interface objects (subprograms (NSNs) with their parameter data areas (PDAs)), names of the client test programs and specify the location to which all Natural sources are to be written. The generation of client test programs can be disabled.



Note: If your IDL file contains more than one IDL library, the additional column **IDL Library** is displayed.

Check **Generate Test Programs** if client test programs for client interface objects are to be generated. Uncheck if no test programs are to be generated. Use the link **Customize the generation of Natural Test programs** to specify for each IDL program whether a test program is generated or not. See [Generate Test Programs](#) for more information.

For Natural ONE, the **Location for the generated Natural sources** should be in a Natural project. If the target container is a source folder of a Natural project, the Natural builder will automatically compile and build the source.

These features require support from the Natural RPC server used for generation. If you are using an older version:

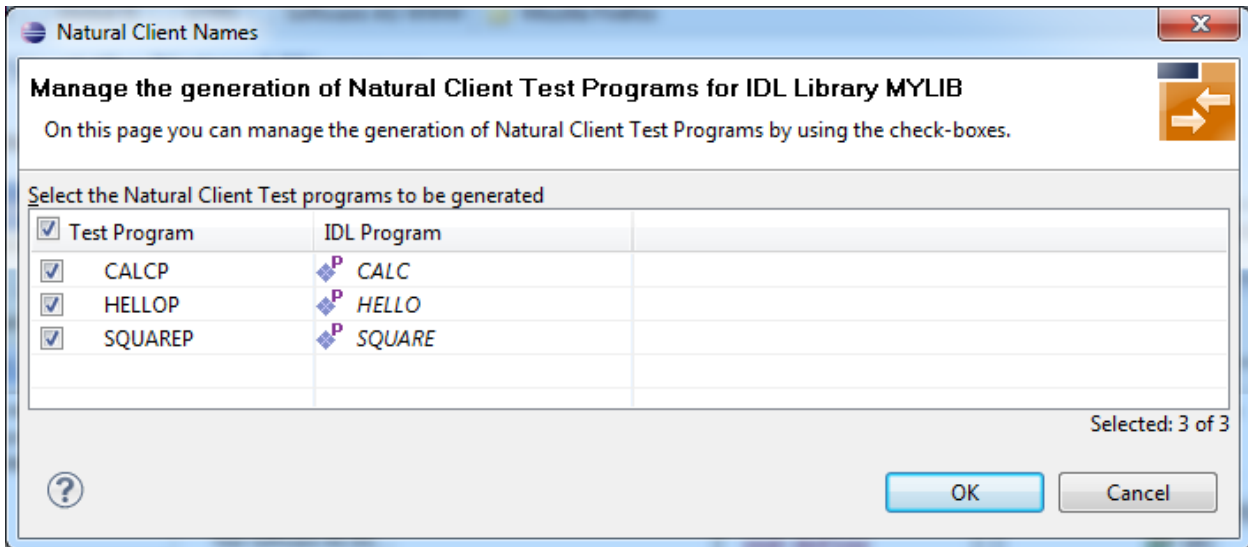
- Names for Natural sources (NSNs, PDAs etc.) cannot be defined by the user. In this case no name table and no check box to generate test programs are displayed.
- No client test programs are generated. In this case the names for the client test programs cannot be edited and no check box to generate test programs is displayed.

See *Prerequisites for Natural Wrapper* in the respective section of the Release Notes for version number required.

Press **Next** to start generation.

Generate Test Programs

On this page, specify for each IDL program whether a client test program is generated or not.



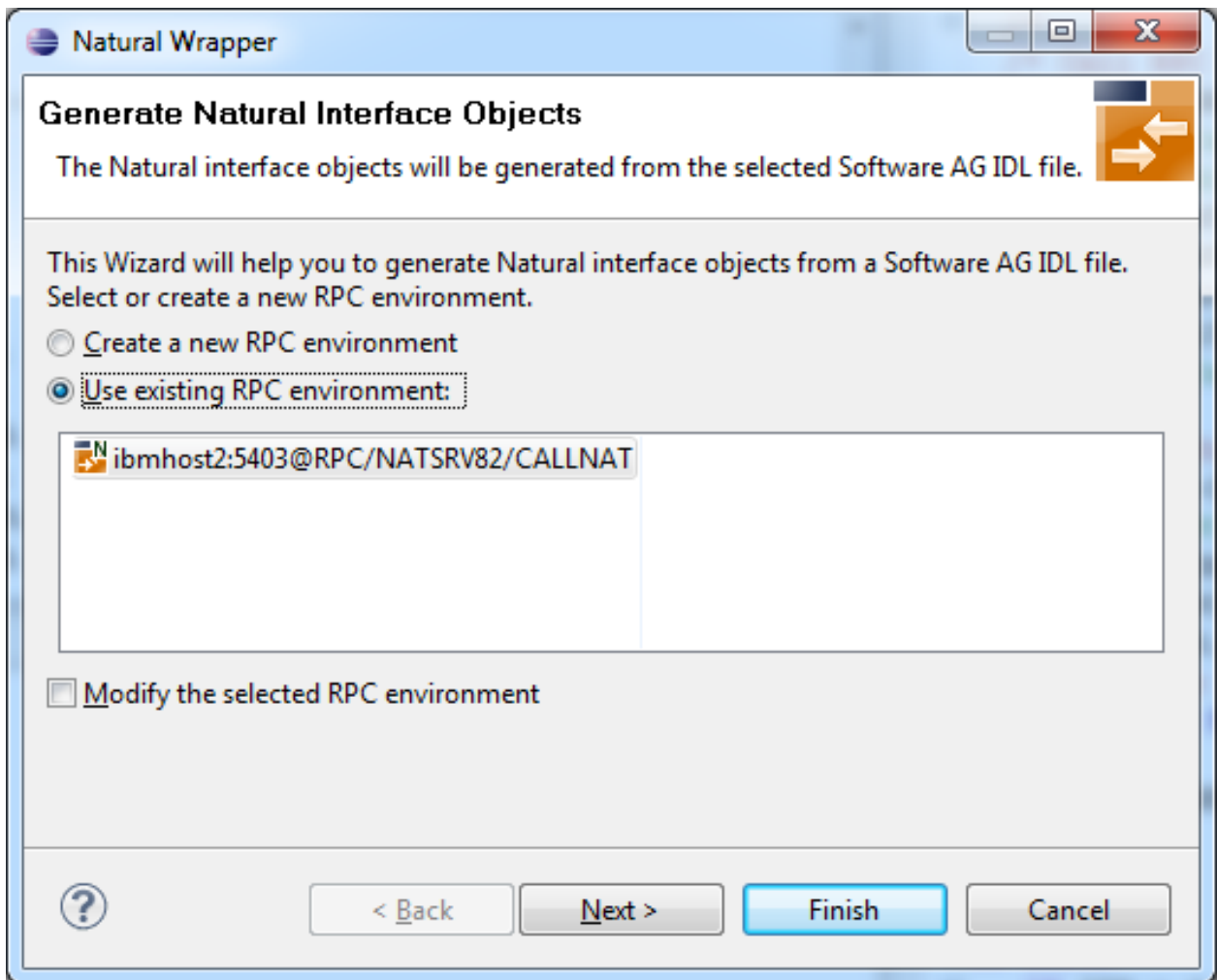
Check the IDL programs for which a client test program is to be generated. If a box is unchecked, no client test program is generated for that IDL program. Press **OK** to save the settings.

Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side with a Remote RPC Environment

- Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment
- Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment (Optional)
- Step 3: Select a Library (Optional)
- Step 4a: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Remotely (Optional)
- Step 4b: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Locally (Optional)

Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment

The first wizard page prompts you to use an existing RPC environment or create a new one.



► To use an existing RPC environment

- 1 Check **Use existing RPC environment**, select the desired RPC environment and press **Next**. If your previously defined filter (see [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#)) matches more than one Natural library, continue with [Step 3: Select a Library \(Optional\)](#). If the filter

matches exactly one Natural library, continue with [Step 4a: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Remotely \(Optional\)](#).

- 2 Check **Modify the selected RPC environment** if you want to change settings prior to generation. Press **Next** and continue with [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#).

▶ **To create a new RPC environment**

- Check **Create a new RPC environment** and press **Next**. Continue with [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#).

Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment (Optional)

On this page, connection and authentication settings for the EntireX Broker and Natural RPC server are managed, and you define if the Natural client interface objects are saved remotely on the Natural RPC Server or locally within Software AG Designer.

Edit RPC Environment
Define a new RPC Environment.

Broker Parameters

Broker ID: * ibmhost2:5403

Server Address: * RPC/NATSRV82/CALLNAT Edit...

Timeout (Seconds): 60

EntireX Authentication

User ID:

Password:

RPC Server Authentication

RPC User ID:

RPC Password:

Extractor Settings
Enter names, or use filter for range of values (wildcards * and ? on any position, < and > as final character only).

Library Name:

Program Name:

Wrapper Settings

Save locally

Save remotely

Target Library Name: * NAT*

Environment Name

Default (ibmhost2:5403@RPC/NATSRV82/CALLNAT)

Other:

? < Back Next > Finish Cancel

Define a new RPC environment or modify an existing one on this page. Required fields are **Broker ID**, **Server Address** and the **Environment Name**. The timeout value must be in the range 1-9999 seconds (default: 60).

The **EntireX Authentication** fields apply to the broker.

The **RPC Server Authentication** fields apply to the RPC server. If the Natural RPC Server is operating under Natural Security:

- Your user ID and password must be defined in Natural Security. If the Natural Security user ID or password differs from the broker user ID and password, use RPC Server Authentication - otherwise use EntireX Authentication for both.
- Access to the Natural system library SYSIDL is required.

You can save the generated Natural sources locally or remotely:

■ **Locally**

Sources are saved locally in the Software AG Designer. This setting is preferred if you develop with NaturalONE and will additionally create a helper LDA, NATRPCL for correct local compilation in a NaturalONE project in Software AG Designer. If you select this option, continue with *Step 4b: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Locally (Optional)* and save locally.

■ **Remotely**

Sources are saved remotely on the Natural RPC Server. If you save the Natural sources remotely, you have to specify a target Natural library. Enter either an exact name or use a filter for range of values. The following wildcards are available:

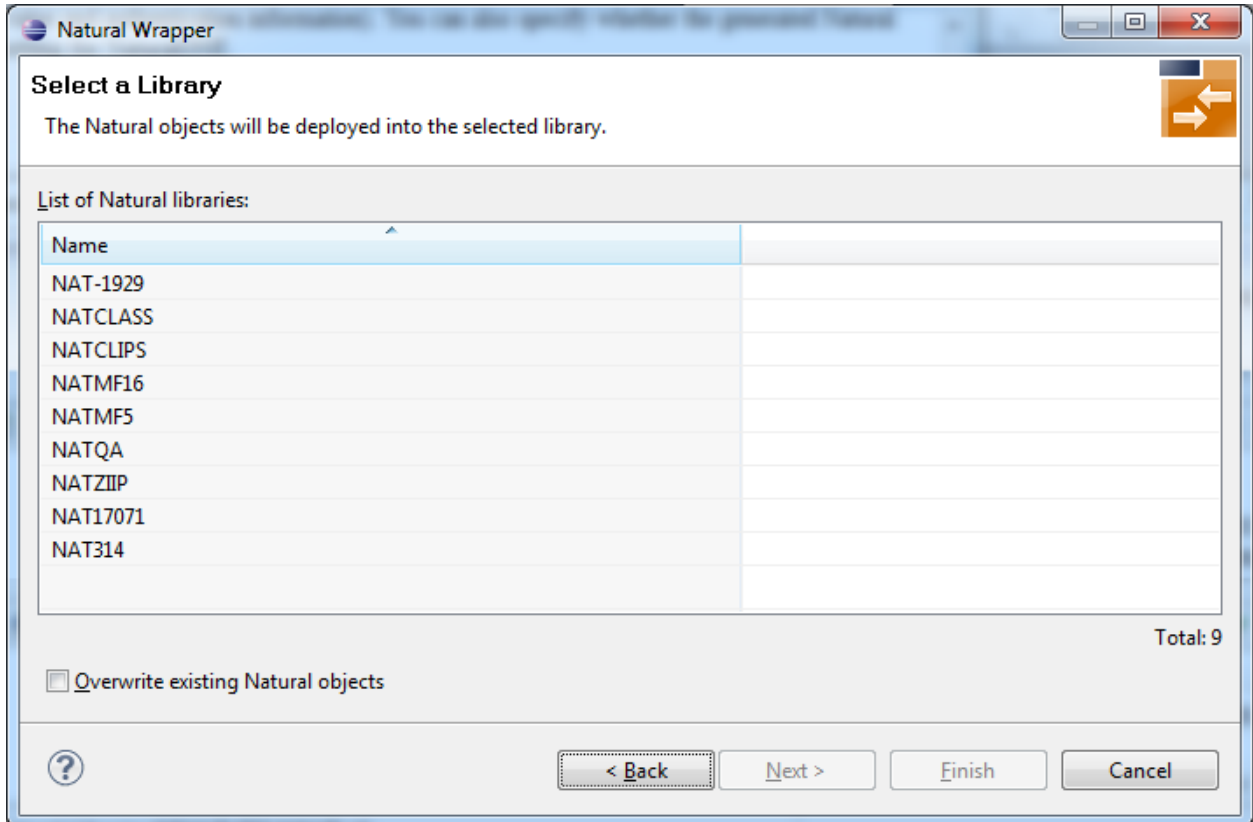
- asterisk "*" (any position) to list names matching any sequence of characters
- question mark "?" (any position) to list names matching any single character
- greater than ">" (final character only) to list names after
- lower than "<" (final character only) to list names before

Only Natural libraries that reside in the FUSER system file of the Natural RPC server can be specified. The Natural library specified is not created from the EntireX workbench, it must exist in the FUSER system file (at least one Natural object stored here).

Press **Next**. If your filter matches more than one Natural library, continue with *Step 3: Select a Library (Optional)*. If the filter matches exactly one Natural library, continue with *Step 4a: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Remotely (Optional)* and save remotely.

Step 3: Select a Library (Optional)

All Natural libraries that reside in the FUSER system file of the Natural RPC server and that match the filter defined in *Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment (Optional)* are listed here. This step is skipped if exactly one Natural library matches the filter specification defined in *Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment (Optional)*. In this case, continue with *Step 4a: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Remotely (Optional)*.

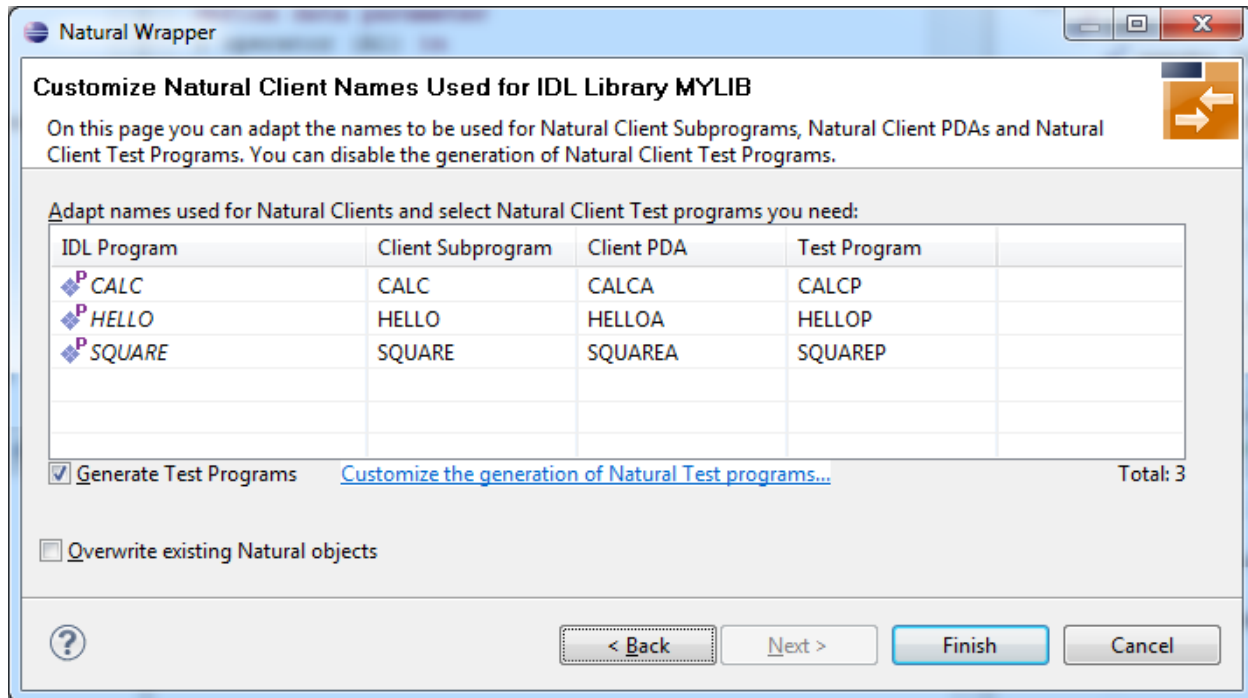


Select the Natural library where you want to save the generated Natural sources and press **Next**. Continue with [Step 4a: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Remotely \(Optional\)](#).

Press **Finish** to skip all preceding steps and start generation immediately. If the generated Natural objects already exist from a previous generation, check **Overwrite existing Natural objects**.

Step 4a: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Remotely (Optional)

On this page, adapt the names for the Natural client interface objects (subprograms (NSNs) with their parameter data areas (PDAs)), and the names of the client test programs. The generation of client test programs can be disabled.



Note: If your IDL file contains more than one IDL library, the additional column **IDL Library** is displayed.

Check **Generate Test Programs** if client test programs for client interface objects are to be generated. Uncheck if no test programs are to be generated. Use the link **Customize the generation of Natural Test programs** to specify for each IDL program whether a test program is generated or not. See [Generate Test Programs](#) for more information.

If the generated Natural objects already exist from a previous generation, check **Overwrite existing Natural objects**.

These features require support from the Natural RPC server used for generation. If you are using an older version:

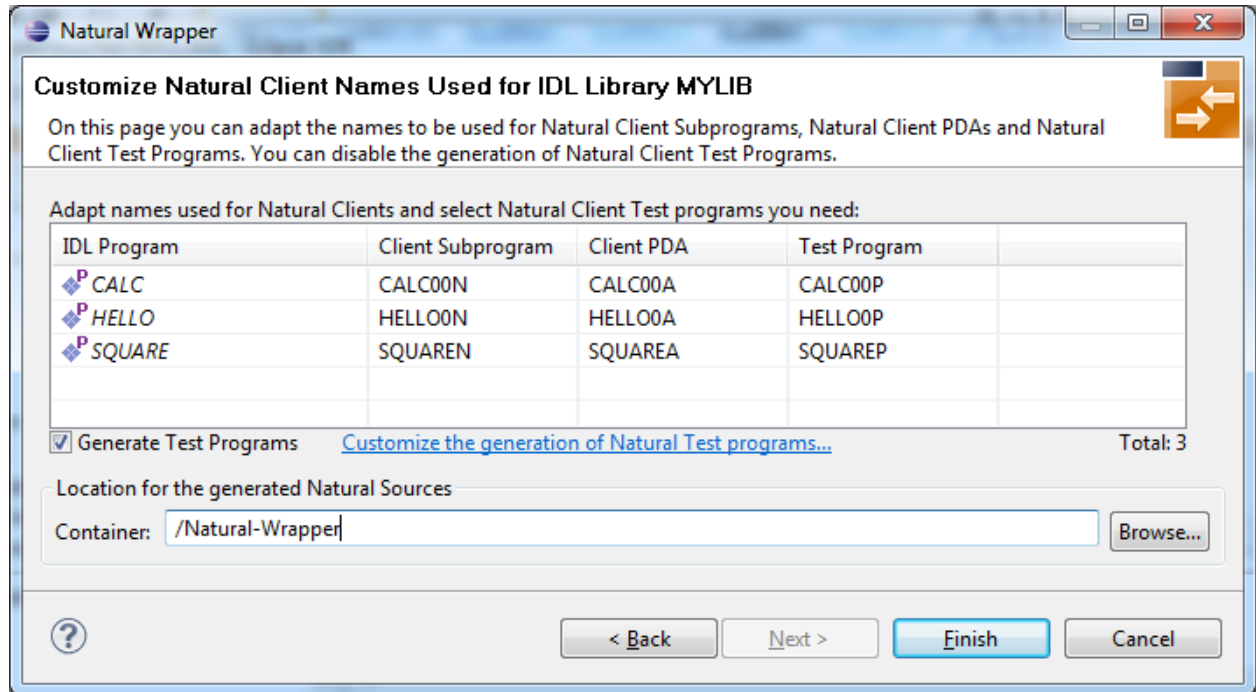
- Names for Natural sources (NSNs, PDAs etc.) cannot be defined by the user. In this case no name table and no check box to generate test programs are displayed.
- No client test programs are generated. In this case the names for the client test programs cannot be edited and no check box to generate test programs is displayed.

See *Prerequisites for Natural Wrapper* in the respective section of the Release Notes for version number required.

Press **Next** to start generation.

Step 4b: Customize Natural Client Names and Save Locally (Optional)

On this page, adapt the names for the Natural client interface objects (subprograms (NSNs) with their parameter data areas (PDAs)), names of the client test programs, and specify the location to which all Natural sources are to be written. The generation of client test programs can be disabled.



 **Note:** If your IDL file contains more than one IDL library, the additional column **IDL Library** is displayed.

Check **Generate Test Programs** if client test programs for client interface objects are to be generated. Uncheck if no test programs are to be generated. Use the link **Customize the generation of Natural Test programs** to specify for each IDL program whether a test program is generated or not. See [Generate Test Programs](#) for more information.

Specify the **Location for the generated Natural sources**. Select a container (folder or project) in Software AG Designer.

These features require support from the Natural RPC server used for generation. If you are using an older version:

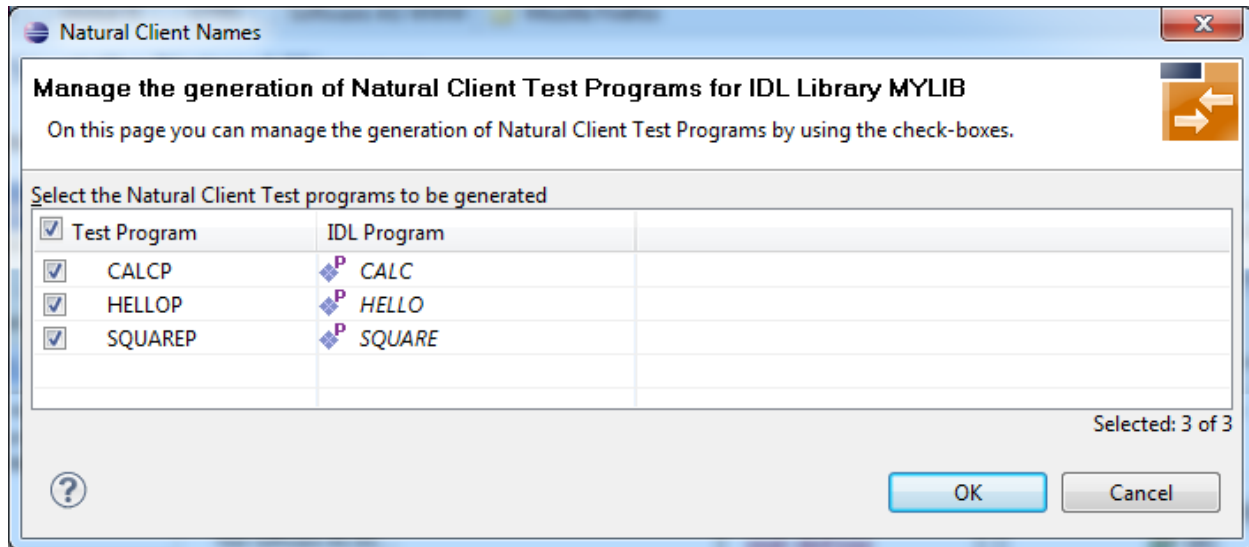
- Names for Natural sources (NSNs, PDAs etc.) cannot be defined by the user. In this case no name table and no check box to generate test programs are displayed.
- No client test programs are generated. In this case the names for the client test programs cannot be edited and no check box to generate test programs is displayed.

See *Prerequisites for Natural Wrapper* in the respective section of the Release Notes for version number required.

Press **Next** to start generation. Continue with *Sample Generation Result for the Client Side*.

Generate Test Programs

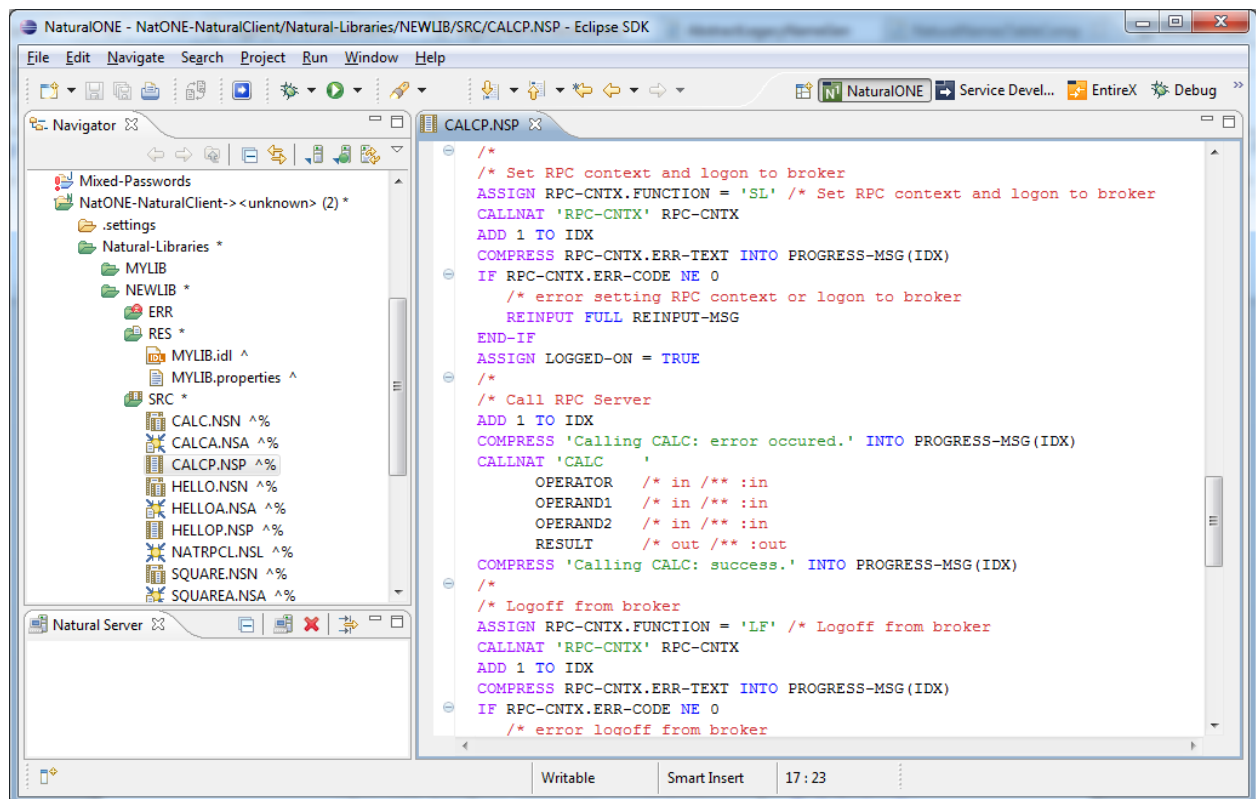
On this page, specify for each IDL program whether a client test program is generated or not.



Check the IDL programs for which a client test program is to be generated. If a box is unchecked, no client test program is generated for that IDL program. Press **OK** to save the settings.

Sample Generation Result for the Client Side

The following screen shows the successful generation of .NSN, .NSA, .NSP and .NSL objects. The **Wrapper Settings** included **Save locally** in a NaturalONE environment.



Using the Generated Sample Natural Program

Before you use the generated sample Natural program (extension .NSP), make sure the Natural library SYSEXT is defined as a steplib for the Natural environment. Use one of the following methods, depending on your environment:

- for NaturalONE, use the context menu of the NaturalONE project and choose **Properties > Natural > Environment**, add SYSEXT
- for Natural Security environments, use SYSSEC
- for any other Natural environment, use NATPARM

The generated sample Natural program (extension .NSP) demonstrates standard RPC usage and cannot be used for reliable RPC. For reliable RPC, see [Reliable RPC Client Example - SENDMAIL](#).

See also the readme files of the [Client and Server Examples for Natural](#) for more information on working with Natural RPC clients.

Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side

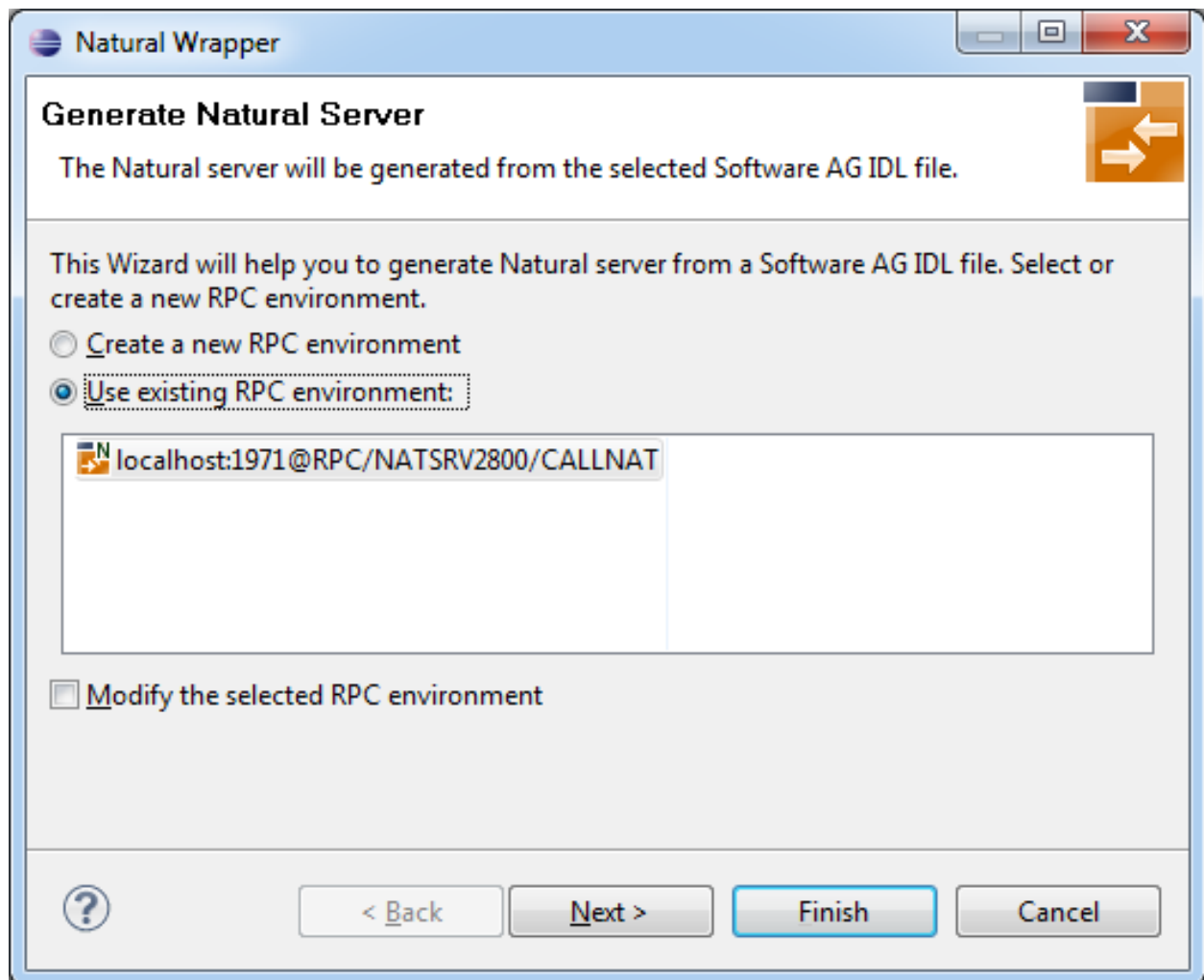
- [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side within NaturalONE](#)
- [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side with a Remote RPC Environment](#)
- [Sample Generation Result for the Server Side](#)

Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side within NaturalONE

- [Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment](#)
- [Step 2: Customize Natural Server Names](#)

Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment

The first wizard page prompts you to select an existing RPC environment or define a new one. When running with NaturalONE, a default RPC environment is available. This is typically named "localhost:1971@NATSRV2800" and refers to a running EntireX broker and Natural RPC server on the local machine.



Check **Use existing RPC environment**, select the default RPC environment for NaturalONE and press **Next**. Continue with [Step 2: Customize Natural Server Names](#).

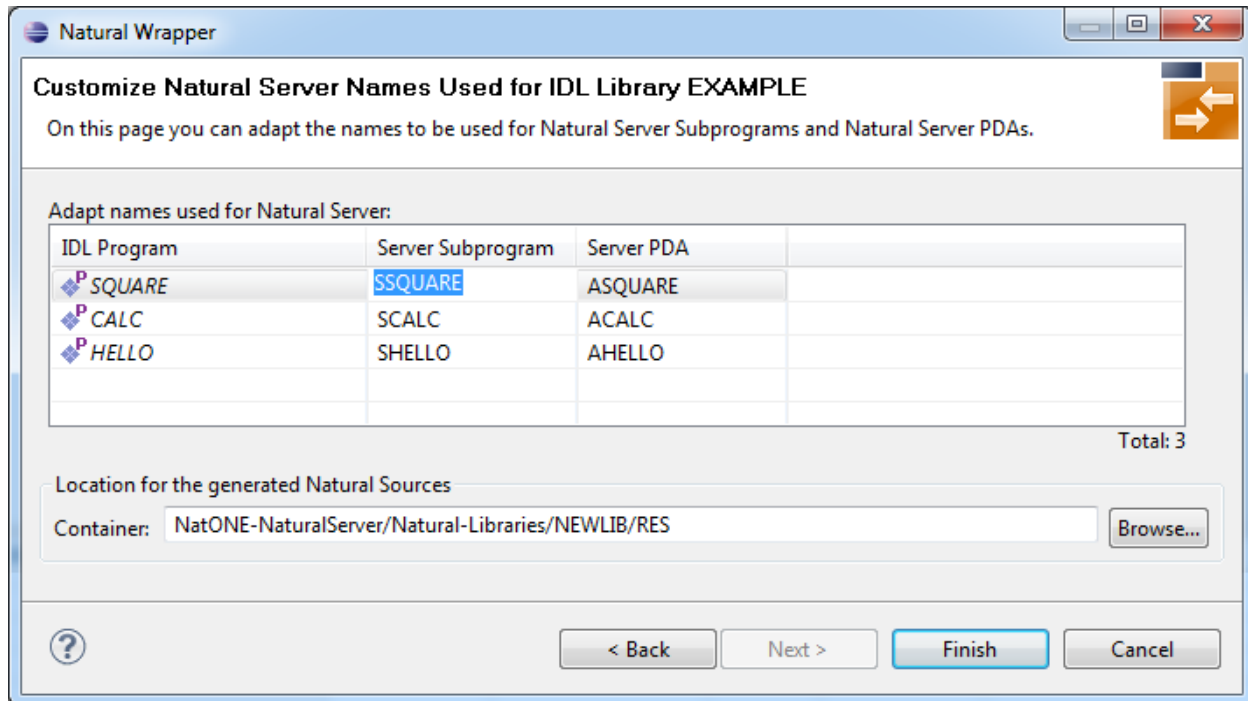
Changing the default RPC environment for NaturalONE is not required and not recommended, so it is best to uncheck **Modify the selected RPC environment**. More information on changing an RPC environment can be found in [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#) under [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side with a Remote RPC Environment](#).

To use a different Natural RPC server for generation, create a new RPC environment. See [Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment](#) under [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side with a Remote RPC Environment](#).

This feature requires support from the Natural RPC server used for generation. See [Prerequisites for Natural Wrapper](#) in the respective section of the Release Notes for version number required.

Step 2: Customize Natural Server Names

On this page, adapt the names for the Natural RPC server (subprograms (NSNs) with their parameter data areas (PDAs)) and specify the location to which all Natural sources are to be written.



Note: If your IDL file contains more than one IDL library, the additional column **IDL Library** is displayed.

For NaturalONE, the location for the generated Natural sources should be in a Natural project. If the target container is a source folder of a Natural project, the Natural builder will automatically compile and build the source.

Press **Next** to start generation. Continue with [Sample Generation Result for the Server Side](#).

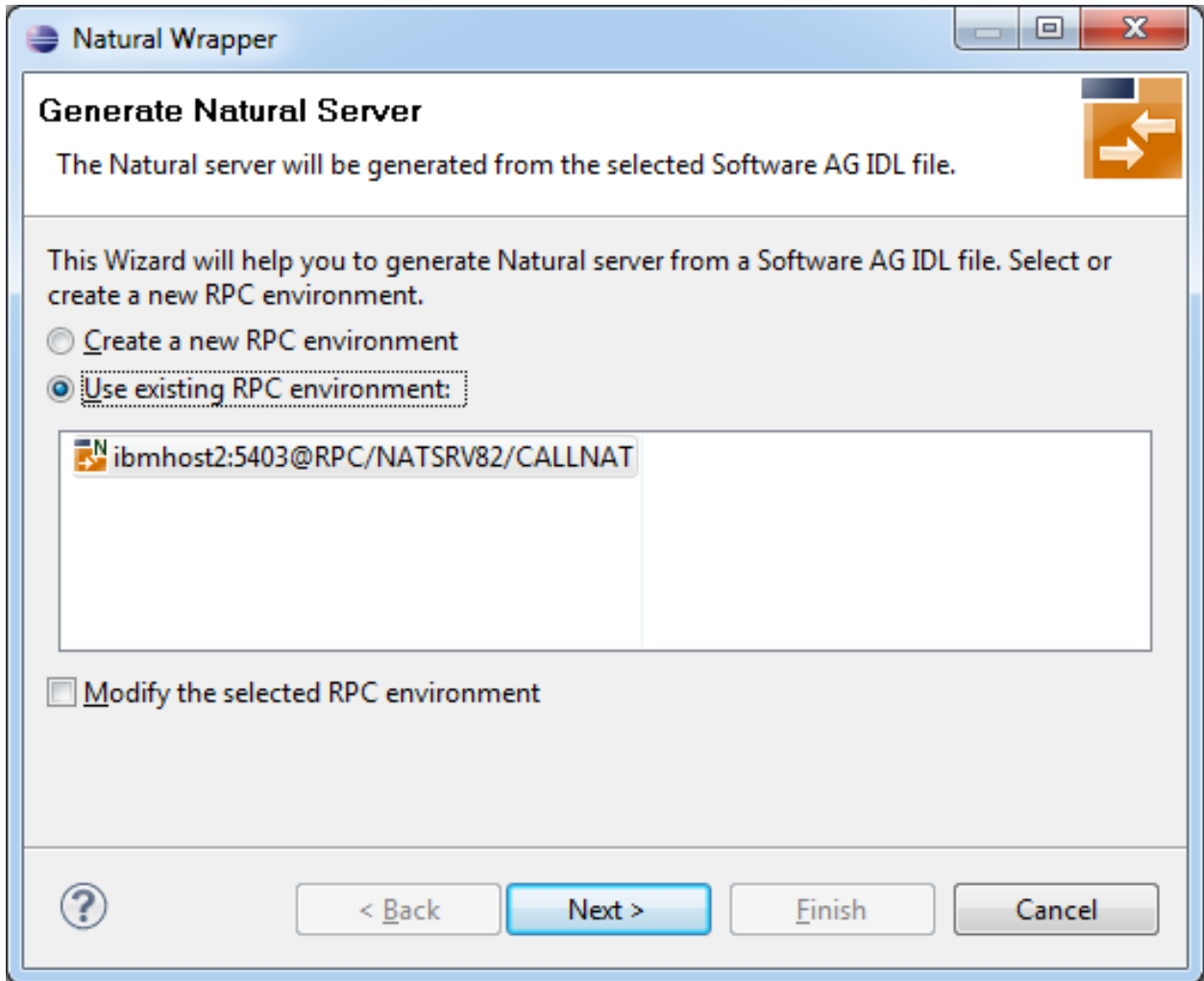
Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side with a Remote RPC Environment

- Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment
- Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment (Optional)
- Step 3: Select a Library (Optional)
- Step 4a: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Remotely (Optional)

- [Step 4b: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Locally \(Optional\)](#)

Step 1: Specify the RPC Environment

The first wizard page prompts you to use an existing RPC environment or create a new one.



► To use an existing RPC environment

- 1 Check **Use existing RPC environment**, select the desired RPC environment and press **Next**. If your previously defined filter (see [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#)) matches more than one Natural library, continue with [Step 3: Select a Library \(Optional\)](#). If the filter matches exactly one Natural library, continue with [Step 4a: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Remotely \(Optional\)](#).
- 2 Check **Modify the selected RPC environment** if you want to change settings prior to generation. Press **Next** and continue with [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#).

▶ **To create a new RPC environment**

- Check **Create a new RPC environment** and press **Next**. Continue with [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#).

This feature requires support from the Natural RPC server used for generation. See *Prerequisites for Natural Wrapper* in the respective section of the Release Notes for version number required.

Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment (Optional)

On this page, connection and authentication settings for the EntireX Broker and Natural RPC server are managed, and you define whether the Natural sources are saved remotely on the Natural RPC Server or locally within Software AG Designer.

Edit RPC Environment
Define a new RPC Environment.

Broker Parameters

Broker ID: * ibmhost2:5403

Server Address: * RPC/NATSRV82/CALLNAT Edit...

Timeout (Seconds): 60

EntireX Authentication

User ID:

Password:

RPC Server Authentication

RPC User ID:

RPC Password:

Extractor Settings
Enter names, or use filter for range of values (wildcards * and ? on any position, < and > as final character only).

Library Name:

Program Name:

Wrapper Settings

Save locally

Save remotely

Target Library Name: * NAT*

Environment Name

Default (ibmhost2:5403@RPC/NATSRV82/CALLNAT)

Other:

? < Back Next > Finish Cancel

Define a new RPC environment or modify an existing one on this page. Required fields are **Broker ID**, **Server Address** and the **Environment Name**. The timeout value must be in the range 1-9999 seconds (default: 60).

The **EntireX Authentication** fields apply to the broker.

The **RPC Server Authentication** fields apply to the RPC server. If the Natural RPC Server is operating under Natural Security:

- Your user ID and password must be defined in Natural Security. If the Natural Security user ID or password differs from the broker user ID and password, use RPC Server Authentication - otherwise use EntireX Authentication for both.
- Access to the Natural system library SYSIDL is required.

You can save the generated Natural sources locally or remotely:

■ **Locally**

Sources are saved locally in the Software AG Designer. This setting is preferred if you develop with NaturalONE. If you select this option, continue with [Step 4b: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Locally \(Optional\)](#) and save locally.

■ **Remotely**

Sources are saved remotely on the Natural RPC Server. If you save the Natural sources remotely, you have to specify a target Natural library. Enter either an exact name or use a filter for range of values. The following wildcards are available:

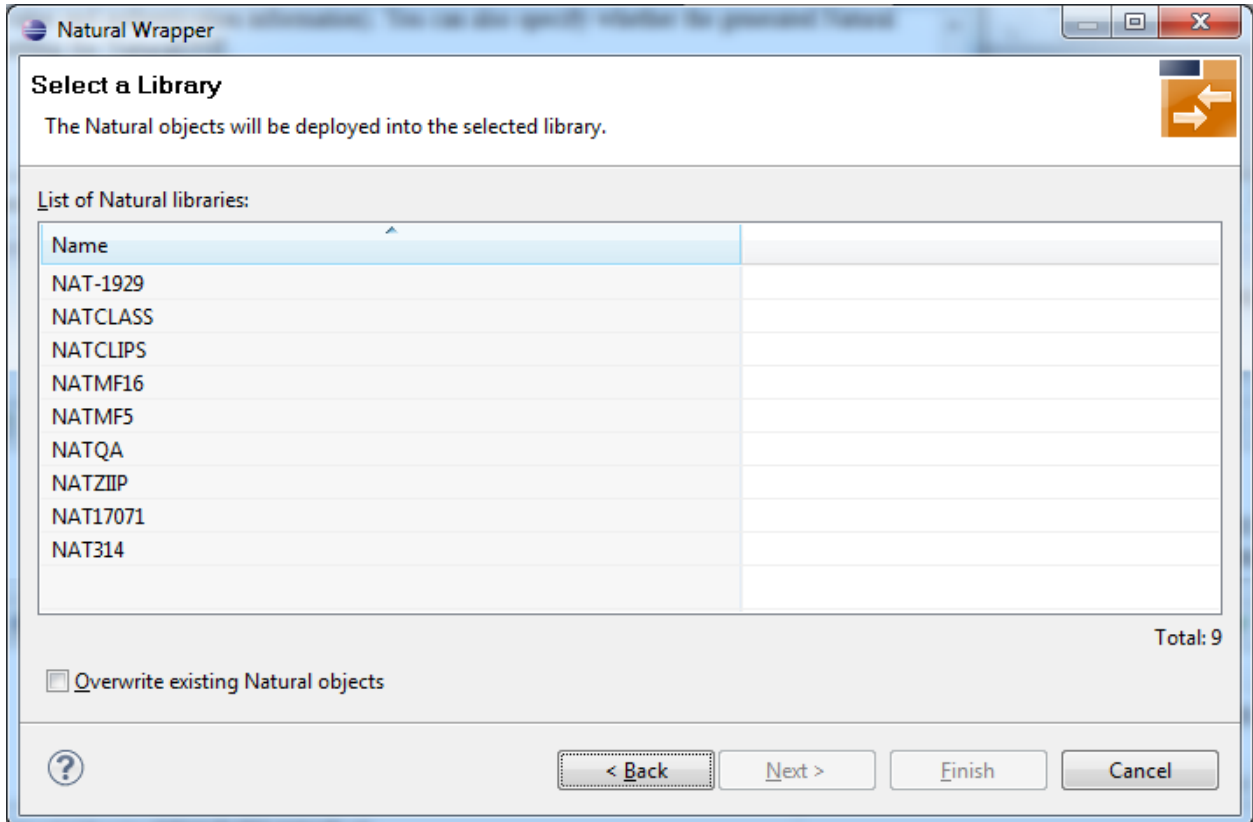
- asterisk "*" (any position) to list names matching any sequence of characters
- question mark "?" (any position) to list names matching any single character
- greater than ">" (final character only) to list names after
- lower than "<" (final character only) to list names before

Only Natural libraries that reside in the FUSER system file of the Natural RPC server can be specified. The Natural library specified is not created from the EntireX workbench, it must exist in the FUSER system file (at least one Natural object stored here).

Press **Next**. If your filter matches more than one Natural library, continue with [Step 3: Select a Library \(Optional\)](#). If the filter matches exactly one Natural library, continue with [Step 4a: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Remotely \(Optional\)](#) and save remotely.

Step 3: Select a Library (Optional)

All Natural libraries that reside in the FUSER system file of the Natural RPC server and that match the filter defined in [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#) are listed here. This step is skipped if exactly one Natural library matches the filter specification defined in [Step 2: Edit the RPC Environment \(Optional\)](#). In this case, continue with [Step 4a: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Remotely \(Optional\)](#).

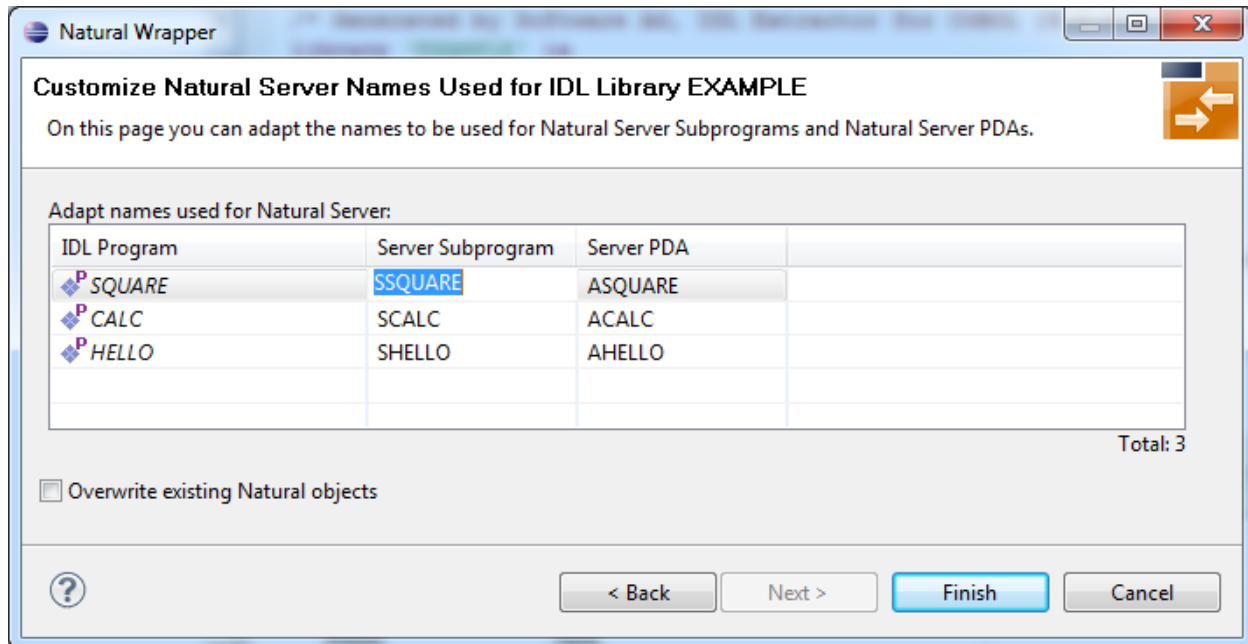


Select the Natural library where you want to save the generated Natural sources and press **Next**. Continue with [Step 4a: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Remotely \(Optional\)](#).

The **Finish** is enabled if no related XMM file exists. If you press **Finish** and the generated Natural objects already exist from a previous generation, check **Overwrite existing Natural objects**.

Step 4a: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Remotely (Optional)

On this page, adapt the names for the Natural server (subprograms (NSNs) with their parameter data areas (PDAs)).



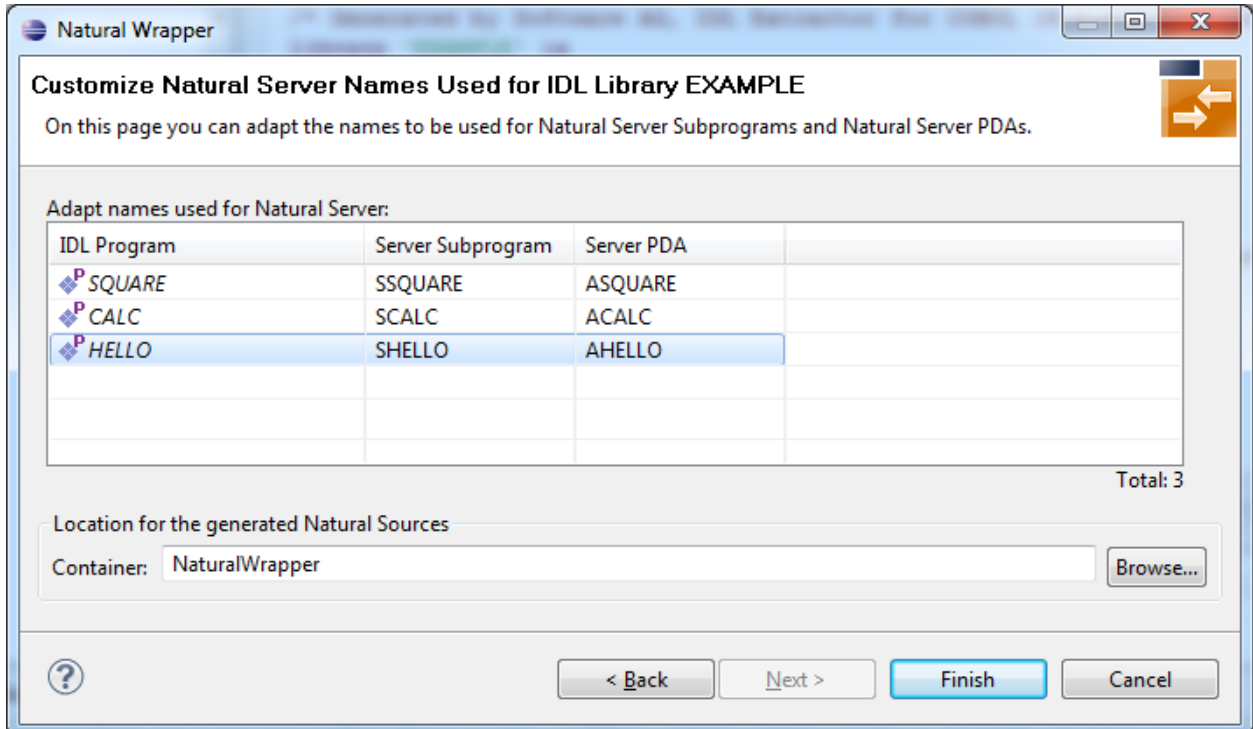
Note: If your IDL file contains more than one IDL library, the additional column **IDL Library** is displayed.

If the generated Natural objects already exist from a previous generation, check **Overwrite existing Natural objects**.

Press **Next** to start generation.

Step 4b: Customize Natural Server Names and Save Locally (Optional)

On this page, adapt the names for the Natural server (subprograms (NSNs) with their parameter data areas (PDAs)) and specify the location to which all Natural sources are to be written.



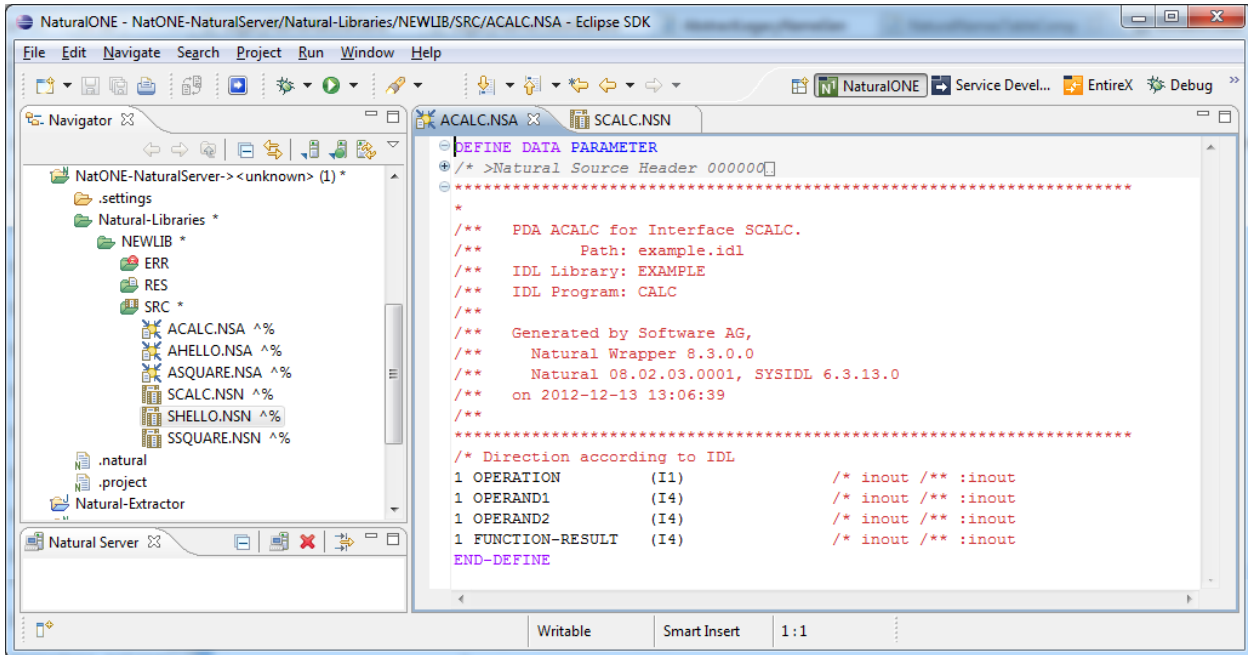
 **Note:** If your IDL file contains more than one IDL library, the additional column **IDL Library** is displayed.

Specify the **Location for the generated Natural sources**. Select a container (folder or project) in Software AG Designer.

Press **Next** to start generation. Continue with [Sample Generation Result for the Server Side](#).

Sample Generation Result for the Server Side

The following screen shows the successful generation of .NSN and .NSA objects. The **Wrapper Settings** included **Save locally in a NaturalONE environment**.



See also the readme files of the [Client and Server Examples for Natural](#) for more information on working with Natural RPC clients.

3

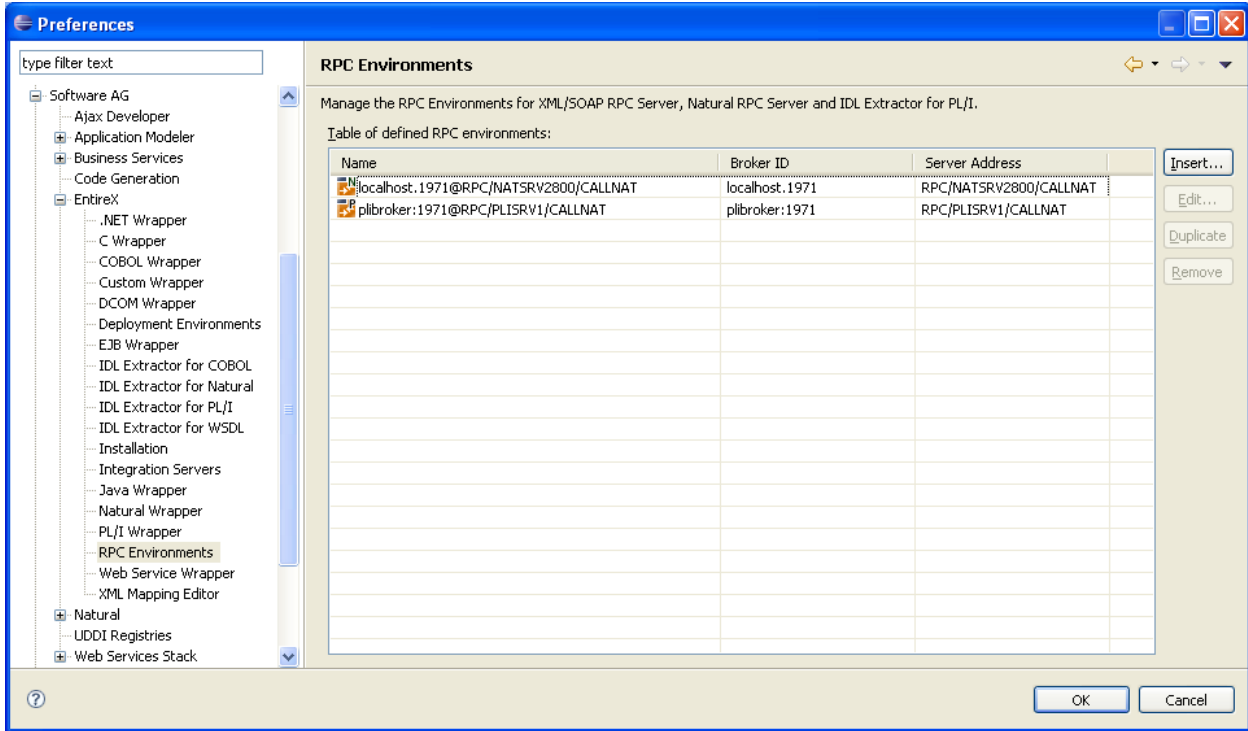
RPC Environment Manager

The RPC environment is managed on the RPC environment preference page. The RPC environments can be created, edited and removed. There are several types of RPC environment: Natural, PL/I and XML/SOAP. The RPC environment type will be used to prepare the selection lists of the following wizards:

- Natural RPC Server
- IDL Extractor for PL/I
- XML/SOAP RPC Server

Use the *RPC Environment Monitor* to check the availability of each RPC environment.

Using these wizards, you can add new RPC environments of the respective type. To manage these RPC environments, open the **Preferences** page.



To edit an existing RPC environment, select the table row and press **Edit...** If multiple entries are selected, the first entry is used.

To remove an RPC environment, select the table row and press **Remove**. You can select multiple environments.

To create a new RPC environment, choose **Insert...**

RPC Environments

New RPC Environment

Define a new RPC Environment.

Type: Natural RPC Server

Broker Parameters

Broker ID: localhost:1971

Server Address: *RPC/SRV1/CALLNAT [Edit...]

Timeout (Seconds): 60

EntireX Authentication

User ID: []

Password: []

RPC Server Authentication

RPC User ID: []

RPC Password: []

Extractor Settings

Enter names, or use filter for range of values (wildcards * and ? on any position, < and > as final character only).

Library Name: []

Program Name: []

Wrapper Settings

Save locally

Save remotely

Target Library Name: * []

Environment Name

Default

Other: Natural RPC Server

[?] < Back Next > Finish Cancel

Choose the **Type** and enter the required fields: **Broker ID**, **Server Address** and a unique **Environment Name**, which will have the default format *brokerID@serverAddress*. The given **Timeout** value must be in the range from 1 to 9999 seconds (default: 60).

EntireX Authentication describes the settings for the broker, and **RPC Server Authentication** describes the settings for the RPC server.

The **Extraction Settings** are used for the IDL Extractors (Natural and PL/I) only. Use them to specify the name of the **Dataset/Library** and the **Member/Program** name.

The **Wrapper Settings** are used for Natural Wrapper only, and you can specify the operation type and target library name (not available for **Save locally**).

4 RPC Environment Monitor

The RPC Environment Monitor is part of the EntireX Workbench. It is an Eclipse view that provides a quick overview of the availability of the defined RPC environments in your workspace.

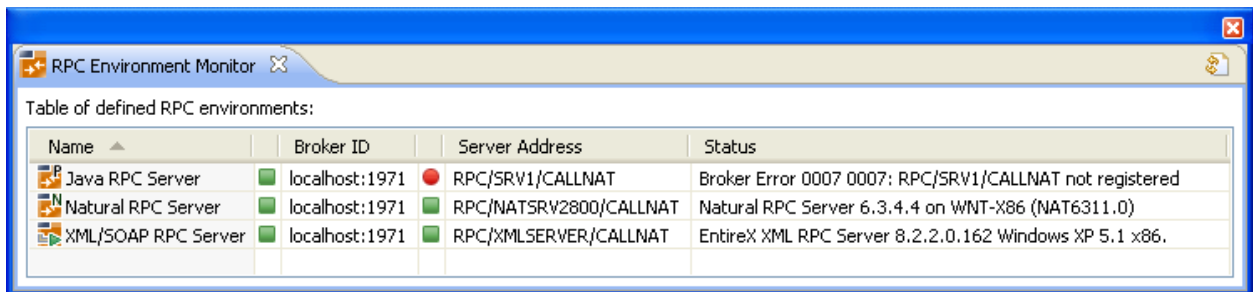
▶ To open the RPC Environment Monitor from the EntireX perspective

- Choose **Window > Show View > RPC Environment Monitor**.

▶ To open the RPC Environment Monitor from a non-EntireX perspective

- Choose **Window > Show View > Other > Software AG > RPC Environment Monitor**.




The RPC environments are managed on the **Preference** page. See [RPC Environment Manager](#).



The screenshot shows the 'RPC Environment Monitor' window in Eclipse. It contains a table titled 'Table of defined RPC environments:' with the following data:

Name	Broker ID	Server Address	Status
Java RPC Server	localhost:1971	RPC/SRV1/CALLNAT	Broker Error 0007 0007: RPC/SRV1/CALLNAT not registered
Natural RPC Server	localhost:1971	RPC/NATSRV2800/CALLNAT	Natural RPC Server 6.3.4.4 on WNT-X86 (NAT6311.0)
XML/SOAP RPC Server	localhost:1971	RPC/XMLSERVER/CALLNAT	EntireX XML RPC Server 8.2.2.0.162 Windows XP 5.1 x86.

The status check starts when the view is opened. To force an additional check, choose **Refresh** from the **Views** toolbar. The status check can be cancelled in the dialog that appears or within the Eclipse progress view. When the check is complete or if it cancelled, the following symbols indicate the status of the corresponding item. The table will be reloaded every time a status check is started to make sure all stored RPC environments are available.

Symbol	Status
	Running.
	Not running.
	Unknown (at the beginning of the check or if the check was cancelled).



Note: Additional status information (including error messages) is displayed when refreshing the view (by a ping command to all specified RPC servers).

5 Using the Natural Wrapper in Command-line Mode

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Command-line Options

This section provides the command-line options for the following tasks:

- [Generating a Natural RPC Client from an IDL File](#)
- [Generating a Natural RPC Server from an IDL File](#)

See *Using the EntireX Workbench in Command-line Mode* for the general command-line syntax.

Generating a Natural RPC Client from an IDL File

To generate a Natural RPC client from the specified IDL file, use the following command with options in table below:

```
-natural:client
```

Option	Description
-brokerpassword	Password used for broker authentication.
-brokeruser	User used for broker authentication.
-environment	Name of the environment or an RPC server description.
-help	Display this usage message.
-operationtype	The operation type. Valid values are: SAVE Generate Natural interface objects remotely on the server side GET Generate Natural interface objects locally using Software AG Designer
-overwrite	Overwrite existing Natural interface objects on the server side (SAVE command only).
-targetlibrary	The target library for the Natural interface objects on the server side (SAVE command only).
-rpcpassword	Password used for RPC server authentication.
-rpcuser	User used for RPC server authentication.

Generating a Natural RPC Server from an IDL File

To generate a Natural RPC server from the specified IDL file, use the following command with options in table below:


```
-natural:server
```

Option	Description
-brokerpassword	Password used for broker authentication.
-brokeruser	User used for broker authentication.
-environment	Name of the environment or an RPC server description.
-help	Display this usage message.
-operationtype	The operation type. Valid values are: SAVE Generate Natural interface objects remotely on the server side. GET Generate Natural interface objects locally using Software AG Designer.
-overwrite	Overwrite existing Natural interface objects on the server side (SAVE command only).
-targetlibrary	The target library for the Natural interface objects on the server side (SAVE command only).
-rpcpassword	Password used for RPC server authentication.
-rpcuser	User used for RPC server authentication.

Example: Generating an RPC Client

```
<workbench> -natural:client /Demo/Example.idl -environment localhost:1971@SRV1 ↵
-operationtype SAVE -targetlibrary MYLIB
```

where *<workbench>* is a placeholder for the actual Workbench starter as described under *Using the EntireX Workbench in Command-line Mode*.

The name of the IDL file includes the project name. In the example, the project *Demo* is used. If the IDL file name describes a file inside the Eclipse workspace, the name is case-sensitive.

If the first part of the IDL file name is not a project name in the current workspace, the IDL file name is used as a relative (based on the IDL file) or absolute file name in the file system. Thus, the IDL files do not need to be part of an Eclipse project.

Example: Generating an RPC Server

```
<workbench> -natural:server /Demo/Example.idl -environment localhost:1971@SRV1 ↵  
-operationtype SAVE -targetlibrary MYLIB
```

where *<workbench>* is a placeholder for the actual Workbench starter as described under *Using the EntireX Workbench in Command-line Mode*.



Caution: Take care not to overwrite an existing server implementation with a server skeleton. We recommend you move your server implementation to a different folder.

Further Examples

Example 1

```
<workbench> -natural:client /Demo/example.idl -environment localhost:1971@SRV1 ↵  
-operationtype GET
```

Uses the IDL file */Demo/example.idl* and generates the Natural source files in parallel to the IDL file of the project */Demo*. Output to standard output:

```
Using workspace file:/C:/myWorkspace/.  
Processing IDL file C:/myWorkspace/Demo/example.idl to get the Natural interface ↵  
objects via RPC environment localhost:1971@SRV1  
Store Natural Source file C:\myWorkspace\Demo\CALC.NSN  
Exit value: 0
```

Example 2

```
<workbench> -natural:client /Demo/example.idl -environment localhost:1971@SRV1 ↵  
-operationtype SAVE -targetlibrary TEST
```

Uses the IDL file */Demo/example.idl* and generates the Natural source files on the server side into the library TEST. Output to standard output:

```
Using workspace file:/C:/myWorkspace/.  
Processing IDL file C:/myWorkspace/Demo/example.idl to stow the Natural interface ↵  
objects via RPC environment localhost:1971@SRV1  
Exit value: 0
```


6 Software AG IDL to Natural Mapping

- Mapping IDL Data Types to Natural Data Formats 42
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This chapter describes the specific mapping of Software AG IDL data types, groups, arrays and structures to the Natural programming language. Please note also the remarks and hints on the IDL data types valid for all language bindings found in the IDL file. See *Software AG IDL File* in the IDL Editor documentation.

Mapping IDL Data Types to Natural Data Formats

In the table below, the following metasympols and informal terms are used for the IDL.

- The metasympols [and] surround optional lexical entities.
- The informal term *number* (or in some cases *number.number*) is a sequence of numeric characters, for example 123.

Software AG IDL	Description	Natural Data Format	Notes
<i>Anumber</i>	Alphanumeric	<i>Anumber</i>	
AV	Alphanumeric variable length	A DYNAMIC	
<i>AVnumber</i>	Alphanumeric variable length with maximum length	A DYNAMIC	
<i>Bnumber</i>	Binary	<i>Bnumber</i>	
BV	Binary variable length	B DYNAMIC	
<i>BVnumber</i>	Binary variable length with maximum length	B DYNAMIC	
D	Date	D	3,5
F4	Floating point (small)	F4	2
F8	Floating point (large)	F8	2
I1	Integer (small)	I1	
I2	Integer (medium)	I2	
I4	Integer (large)	I4	
<i>Knumber</i>	Kanji	<i>Anumber</i>	1
KV	Kanji variable length	A DYNAMIC	1
<i>KVnumber</i>	Kanji variable length with maximum length	A DYNAMIC	1
L	Logical	L	
<i>Nnumber[.number]</i>	Unpacked decimal	<i>Nnumber[.number]</i>	
<i>NUnumber[.number]</i>	Unpacked decimal unsigned	<i>Nnumber[.number]</i>	
<i>Pnumber[.number]</i>	Packed decimal	<i>Pnumber[.number]</i>	
<i>PUnumber[.number]</i>	Packed decimal unsigned	<i>Pnumber[.number]</i>	
T	Time	T	4,5
<i>Unumber</i>	Unicode	<i>Unumber</i>	
UV	Unicode variable length	U DYNAMIC	

Software AG IDL	Description	Natural Data Format	Notes
<code>UVnumber</code>	Unicode variable length with maximum length	U DYNAMIC	

See also the hints and restrictions valid for all language bindings under *IDL Data Types* under *Software AG IDL File* in the IDL Editor documentation.

Notes

1. Data type K is an RPC-specific data format that is not part of the Natural language.
2. When floating-point data types are used, rounding errors can occur, so that the values of senders and receivers might differ slightly. This is especially true if client and server use different representations for floating point data (IEEE, HFP).
3. Count of days AD (anno domini, after the birth of Christ). The valid range is from 1.1.0001 up to 28.11.2737. Mapping of the number to the date in the complete range from 1.1.0001 on, follows the Julian and Gregorian calendar, taking into consideration the following rules:
 1. Years that are evenly divisible by 4 are leap years.
 2. Years that are evenly divisible by 100 are not leap years unless rule 3, below, is true.
 3. Years that are evenly divisible by 400 are leap years.
 4. Before the year 1582 AD, rule 1 from the Julian calendar is used. After the year 1582 AD, rules 1, 2 and 3 of the Gregorian calendar are used.

See the following table for the relation of the packed number to a real date:

Date / Range of Dates	Value / Range of Values
1.1.0000	0 (special value - no date)
undefined dates	1 - 364 (do not use)
1.1.0001	365
1.1.1970	719527 (start of C-time functions)
28.11.2737	999999 (maximum date)

4. Count of tenths of seconds AD (anno domini, after the birth of Christ). The valid range is from 1.1.0001 00:00:00.0 up to 16.11.3168 9:46:39 plus 0.9 seconds. See the following table for the relation of the packed number to a real time:

Time / Range of Times	Value / Range of Values
1.1.0000 00:00:00.0	0 (special value - no time)
undefined times	1 - 315359999
1.1.0001 00:00:00.0	315360000
1.1.1970 00:00:00.0	621671328000 (start of C-time functions)

5. The relation between the packed number of a Date and Time data type is as follows:

tenths of a second per day = $24 * 60 * 60 * 10 = 864000$

```
number of time = number of date * 864000
315360000      = 365                * 864000 1.1.0001 00:00:00.0
621671328000  = 719527             * 864000 1.1.1970 00:00:00.0

number of date = number of time / 864000
365            = 315360000         / 864000 1.1.0001
719527         = 621671328000     / 864000 1.1.1970
```

Mapping Library Name and Alias

Client Side

If you are using client interface objects (recommended) generated for the client side (see [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side](#)), the IDL library name as specified in the IDL file (there is no 8 character limitation) is sent from a Natural client to the server. Special characters are not replaced. The IDL library alias is neither sent to the server nor used for other purposes on the Natural client side.

If you are using instead so-called stubs generated with SYSRPC (not recommended) or stubless Natural RPC (also not recommended), the IDL library name as specified in the IDL file is not supported by Natural. By default, a Natural client sends the library name SYSTEM to the server. To send a library name other than SYSTEM from a Natural client to a server, the following steps are required for the client:

- Turn on the logon option.
- Call application programming interface USR4008N to specify the name of the library, otherwise the name of the current library is sent. The length of the library name sent is limited to 8 characters.

Server Side

A Natural RPC Server considers the library name (up to 8 characters) received from a RPC client only if the Natural Logon option is set by the sending RPC client.

- If the RPC client *does not* set its Natural Logon option, the Library name is ignored by the Natural RPC Server and the target RPC server (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) is searched in the startup Natural library and defined steplibs of the Natural RPC server.
- If the RPC client *does* set its Natural Logon option, the target RPC server (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) must reside in the Natural library, specified as IDL library name in the IDL file.

EntireX RPC client components provide a possibility to set the Natural Logon option. See *Natural Logon or Changing the Library Name* and the documentation of the EntireX RPC client component.

Mapping Program Name and Alias

Client Side

If you are using client interface objects (recommended) generated with the Natural Wrapper for the client side (see [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Client Side](#)), the IDL program name as specified in the IDL file (there is no 8-character limitation) is sent from a Natural client to the server. Special characters are not replaced. The IDL program alias is not sent to the server, but it is used to derive the suggestion for the source file names of the client interface objects (NSN, PDA, PGM) instead using the IDL program names. See [Step 2: Customize Natural Client Names](#).

If you are using instead so-called stubs generated with SYSRPC (not recommended) or stubless Natural RPC (also not recommended) the IDL program name as specified in the IDL must match the name in your CALLNAT statement. In this case the IDL program is limited to 8 characters. Example:

```
CALLNAT 'MYSRV' P1 P2 P3
```

Server Side

If you are using a so-called client-side server mapping file (see *CVM File*) the target RPC server (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) is located with the help of this file. This has the following advantages:

- IDL program names do not have to match the target RPC server (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) names.
- Target RPC server names (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) can be customized during wrapping (see [Step 2: Customize Natural Server Names](#)) or during extraction (see *Step 6: Redesign the Interface for Natural Subprograms (Optional)* under *Extracting Software AG IDL File from a New Natural RPC Environment* in the IDL Extractor for Natural documentation).
- IDL program names are not limited to 8 characters.

The CVM file is generated either during wrapping (see [Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side](#)) or during extraction (see *IDL Extractor for Natural*). It is wrapped into the RPC client components and the relevant information is sent from a client to the server. Therefore it is important to generate or extract the target Natural RPC (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) server first, before creating any RPC client component.

If you are *not* using a CVM file, the target RPC server (Natural subprogram, extension .NSN) must match the IDL program name. In this case the length of the IDL program name is limited to 8 characters.

Mapping Parameter Names

The parameter names as given in the IDL file are replaced by artificial names in the generated Natural interface object (stub subprogram). See `parameter-data-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation.

Mapping Fixed and Unbounded Arrays

- Fixed arrays within the IDL file are mapped to fixed Natural arrays. The lower bound is set to 1 and the upper bound is set to the upper bound given in the IDL file.

See `array-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation for the syntax on how to describe fixed arrays within the IDL file and refer to `fixed-bound-array-index`.

- Unbounded arrays within the IDL file are mapped to Natural X-arrays. The lower bound is always fixed and set to 1.

See `array-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation for the syntax of unbounded arrays within the IDL file and refer to `unbounded-array-index`.

Mapping Groups and Periodic Groups

Groups within the IDL file are mapped to Natural groups. See the `group-parameter-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation for the syntax on how to describe groups within the IDL file.

Mapping Structures

Structures within the IDL file are mapped to Natural groups. See `structure-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation for the syntax on how to describe structures within the IDL file.

Mapping the Direction Attributes IN, OUT and INOUT

The IDL syntax allows you to define parameters as IN parameters, OUT parameters, or IN OUT parameters (which is the default if nothing is specified). This direction specification is reflected by Natural as follows:

- Parameters with the `OUT` attribute are sent from the RPC client to the RPC server. They are always provided with the call by reference method.
- Parameters with the `IN` attribute are sent from the RPC server to the RPC client. They are always provided with the call by reference method.
- Parameters with the `IN OUT` attribute are sent from the RPC client to the RPC server and then back to the RPC client.
- Only the direction information of the top-level fields (level 1) is relevant. Group fields always inherit the specification from their parent. A different specification is ignored.

See the `attribute-list` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation for the syntax on how to describe attributes within the IDL file and refer to `direction` attribute.



Note: If you define an interface object layout in the Natural application SYSRPC, the meaning of the direction attributes IN and OUT are reversed compared to the IDL:

- IN in SYSRPC is OUT in IDL
- OUT in SYSRPC is IN in IDL

Mapping the ALIGNED Attribute

The `ALIGNED` attribute is not relevant for the programming language Natural. However, a Natural client can send the `ALIGNED` attribute to an RPC server where it might be needed. To do this you need a Natural interface object (stub subprogram) that has been generated from an IDL file.

See the `attribute-list` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the *IDL Editor* documentation for the syntax of attributes in the IDL file and refer to the `aligned` attribute.

Calling Servers as Procedures or Functions

The IDL syntax allows definitions of procedures only. It does not have the concept of a function. A function is a procedure which, in addition to the parameters, returns a value. Procedures and functions are transparent between clients and server. This means a client using a function can call a server implemented as a procedure, and vice versa.

Client and Server Side

The Natural RPC does not support functions.

7 Handling CVM Files

- CVM Files in the EntireX Workbench 50
- Source Control of CVM Files 50
- Compare CVM Files 50
- When is a CVM File Required? 51

A client-side server mapping file (CVM) enables the RPC server to correctly support special Natural syntax such as `REDEFINE` and other special situations. If one of these elements is used, the EntireX Workbench automatically extracts a CVM file in addition to the IDL (interface definition language), or a CVM file is generated by the Natural Wrapper for a server skeleton. The CVM file is used at runtime to marshal and unmarshal the RPC data stream.

CVM Files in the EntireX Workbench

In the *EntireX Workbench* a CVM file has to relate to an appropriate IDL file; always keep the IDL file and the CVM file together in the same folder.

- If there is a CVM file and a corresponding IDL file, at least one of the IDL programs in the corresponding IDL file requires server-mapping information to correctly call the target server. For those IDL programs, there is a CVM entry (line) in the Workbench CVM file.
- If there is an IDL file but no corresponding CVM file, there is no IDL program that requires server mapping information.

Source Control of CVM Files

Because CVM entries within a CVM file contain text data only, a Workbench CVM file is text-based (although it is not intended for human consumption). Therefore, you can include it in your source control management together with the IDL file and the Natural source(s) as a triplet that should always be kept in sync.

Compare CVM Files

For CVM files in the *EntireX Workbench* format, you can use a third-party file/text compare tool to check if two files are identical.

The CVM entries (corresponding to lines in a Workbench CVM file) contain a creation timestamp at offset 276 (decimal) in the format `YYYYMMDDHHI ISS`. The precision is 1/10 of a second.

When is a CVM File Required?

For the IDL Extractor for Natural

Natural Syntax	IDL Extractor for Natural	CVM Required	More Information
----------------	---------------------------	--------------	------------------

For the Natural Wrapper

Natural Wrapper	CVM Required	More Information
IDL program name is not a valid Natural name and is therefore adapted, or the Natural program name is customized	yes	<i>Step 2: Customize Natural Server Names under Using the Natural Wrapper for the Server Side within NaturalONE</i>

8 Writing Applications with the Natural Wrapper

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- Interface RPC-CNTX for the Natural RPC Client Programmer 55
- Returning Application Errors from an RPC Server to an RPC Client 55
- Interfaces (APIs) Available in SYSEXT 56

Writing RPC Clients for RPC-ACI Bridge in Natural

Prerequisites

The parameters of the IDL program must contain an A field with a length of at least 254 bytes or of unlimited length. You need to have dynamic data types in your IDL. You must use `COMPR=2` (send buffer completion).

Writing a Natural Client

▶ To write a Natural client

- 1 Use `CALLNAT` for the Natural RPC client.
- 2 Provide a context for EntireX as described under *Interface RPC-CNTX for the Natural RPC Client Programmer* below. See the Natural documentation for details.

The RPC-ACI Bridge reports errors on the ACI side or the Broker for ACI with Natural error 998 (Internal error details). The details contain the error number followed by a description. Use Natural subroutine `USR2030N` to retrieve error class, error code and description. The error class for the RPC-ACI Bridge is 1018. See *Message Class 1018 - EntireX RPC-ACI Bridge* under *Error Messages and Codes*.

For error handling, use for example (the declarations of the variables are omitted):

```
ON ERROR
  IF *ERROR-NR = 998 THEN
    CALLNAT 'USR2030N' ERR-PARM(*) OCC RESPONSE
    IF OCC > 0 THEN
      MOVE SUBSTRING(ERR-PARM(1), 1, 8) to #ERR-CODE
      MOVE SUBSTRING(ERR-PARM(1), 10) to #ERR-DETAIL
      WRITE #ERR-CODE
      WRITE #ERR-DETAIL (AL=79)
      ESCAPE ROUTINE
    END-IF
  END-IF
END-ERROR
```

Interface RPC-CNTX for the Natural RPC Client Programmer

API RPC-CNTX is used for providing a context for RPC client applications. RPC-CNTX combines the functionality of several APIs and is available in library SYSTEM. There is no need for extra preparations such as setting a STEPLIB or copying APIs from SYSEXT to user libraries.

RPC-CNTX makes the following interfaces from SYSEXT obsolete: USR1071N, (USR4371N), USR6304N, USR2007N, USR4008, USR4009, USR2071N.

For the usage of RPC-CNTX refer to the test programs generated by the Natural Wrapper, see [Sample Generation Result for the Client Side](#).

For further information refer to the Natural RPC documentation.

Returning Application Errors from an RPC Server to an RPC Client

Application error codes enable the RPC server to return customer-invented errors back to the RPC client in a standardized way without defining an error code field in the IDL file.

USR4012N from Natural library SYSEXT may be used to enforce Natural error NAT1999 on the Natural RPC server and to pass back the provided error text to the RPC client.

Example

```
/* Application Error
COMPRESS "ERROR: " #ERR-TEXT INTO #LOG-TEXT
/* Send back Application Error to Client
CALLNAT 'USR4012N' USING #ERR-TEXT
```

For more information:

- Logon to the Natural library SYSEXT within your Natural installation, enter command MENU and select USR4012N.
- Refer to the Natural product documentation on the on the [Software AG Product Documentation](#) website.
- See the [Basic RPC Server Examples - CALC, SQUARE](#)

Interfaces (APIs) Available in SYSEXT

The Natural library SYSEXT provides APIs for RPC programming. Log on to the library SYSEXT and enter MENU. To list only RPC-related APIs, enter the keyword RPC. To make these APIs available, make the necessary STEPLIP settings or copy the APIs from SYSEXT to user libraries. For more information, refer to the API documentation provided by SYSEXT.

Interface	Comment
USR1071N	Set user ID and password for RPC
USR2007N	Set/get RPC default server information.
USR2015N	EBCDIC or ASCII translation table for Natural RPC.
USR2032N	Support of commit for CLOSE CONVERSATION.
USR2035N	Support of SSL.
USR2071N	Support of EntireX Security on client side.
USR2072N	Support of EntireX Security on server side.
USR2073N	Ping or terminate an RPC server.
USR2074N	Set new password for NSC user in RPC context.
USR2075N	Terminate EntireX Broker service.
USR4008N	Set library for RPC execution.
USR4009N	Set parameters for EntireX.
USR4010N	Retrieve runtime settings of server.
USR4012N	Support of application error.
USR4371N	Set user ID and ETID for RPC.
USR6304N	Set/get reliable state for RPC execution.
USR6305N	Commit/rollback reliable RPC message(s).
USR6306N	Status of UOWs of current EntireX Broker user.
etc.	

9

Client and Server Examples for Natural

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- Basic RPC Server Examples - CALC, SQUARE 58
- Reliable RPC Client Example - SENDMAIL 59
- Reliable RPC Server Example - SENDMAIL 59

This chapter describes the examples provided for Natural. All examples here can be found in the EntireX *examples/RPC* directory under UNIX and Windows.

Basic RPC Client Examples - CALC, SQUARE

Name	Type	Description	Notes
CALCCLT.NSP	Natural Program	A client application calling the remote procedure (RPC service) CALC, with associated example.idl.	1, 2
SQRECLT.NSP	Natural Program	A client application calling the remote procedure (RPC service) SQUARE, with associated example.idl.	1, 2



Notes:

1. Requires a Natural version supported by Software AG.
2. Application uses a client interface object built with the *Natural Wrapper*.

For more information see the readme file in EntireX directory *examples/RPC/basic/example/Natural-Client* under UNIX or Windows.

Basic RPC Server Examples - CALC, SQUARE

Name	Type	Description	Notes
CALC.NSN	Natural Subprogram (CALLNAT)	A server application providing the remote procedure CALC (RPC service), with associated example.idl.	1
SQUARE.NSN	Natural Subprogram (CALLNAT)	A server application providing the remote procedure SQUARE (RPC service), with associated example.idl.	1



Notes:

1. Requires a Natural version supported by Software AG and a Natural RPC Server.

For more information, see the readme file in EntireX directory *examples/RPC/basic/example/NaturalServer* under UNIX or Windows.

Reliable RPC Client Example - SENDMAIL

Name	Type	Description	Notes
SENDCLT.NSP	Natural Program	A client application calling the reliable remote procedure (RPC service), SENDMAIL, with associated mail.idl.	1, 2



Notes:

1. Requires a Natural version supported by Software AG.
2. Application uses a client interface object built with the *Natural Wrapper*.

For more information see the readme file in EntireX directory *examples/RPC/reliable/NaturalClient* under UNIX or Windows.

Reliable RPC Server Example - SENDMAIL

Name	Type	Description	Notes
SENDMAIL.NSN	Natural Subprogram (CALLNAT)	A server application providing the reliable remote procedure (RPC service) SENDMAIL, with associated mail.idl.	1



Notes:

1. Requires a Natural version supported by Software AG and a Natural RPC Server.

For more information see the readme file in EntireX directory *examples/RPC/reliable/NaturalServer* under UNIX or Windows.

