

### webMethods EntireX

### Administration of Broker Stubs under z/VM

Version 9.5 SP1

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Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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### **Available Stubs**

This table lists all Broker stubs available under the z/VM operating system that are to be used with the programming languages Assembler  $\mid C \mid$  COBOL  $\mid$  Natural  $\mid$  PL/I.

If your Broker kernel is running on another mainframe operating system, such as z/OS or z/VSE, you can use transport method NET or transport method TCP to communicate with the Broker kernel from z/VM.

If your Broker kernel is running under UNIX or Windows, you can use transport method TCP to communicate with the Broker kernel from z/VM.



**Note:** z/VM stub does not currently support send/receive buffers greater than 32 KB when using transport method NET.

	Transport		Transport					
Environment	NET	TCP	SSL	Timeout	Trace	Compression	Stub Module	
■ z/VM	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No		BKIMBCMS*

<sup>\*</sup> BKIMBCMS does not support multi-threading or multitasking applications.

#### **BKIMBCMS**

#### **Prerequisites and Installation Notes**

This stub can be used with conventional as well as IBM Language Environment applications. It does not support multitasking applications.

#### Linkage

Link your application to the TEXT member BKIMBCMS from the EntireX distribution package. BKIMBCMS has the entry point BROKER.

### **Linkage using the IBM Binder for LE Programs**

CMOD MYPROG BKIMBCMS

### Linkage using IBM GENMOD for non-LE Programs

LOAD MYPROG INCLUDE BKIMBCMS GENMOD MYPROG

### **Specifying the Broker Stub in Natural Environments**

Natural running under z/VM uses the Broker stub BKIMBCMS. The TEXT module BKIMBCMS can be linked with the Natural nucleus or loaded dynamically. However, you must not link BKIMBCMS with the Natural nucleus - for example, using NATBLDS - if executing in a shared segment. To load the Broker stub dynamically, use the following Natural parameter:

RCA=NATETB23, RCALIAS=(BROKER, BKIMBCMS)

### **Setting Transport Methods for Broker Stubs**

- Transport Method Values
- Default Transport Methods
- Limiting the TCP/IP Connection Lifetime
- Setting the Timeout for the Transport Method

### **Transport Method Values**

The following table describes the possible values for the transport methods:

Transport Value	Description / Tips				
NET	Use Adabas Cross-Memory Services as the transport method. It is also possible to communicate remotely with the transport method NET from an application (client or server) to the broker kernel using Entire Net-Work. For remote NET communication, Entire Net-Work must be installed both on the machine where the broker kernel runs and on the machine where your application (client or server) runs, and a connection must be established.				
	Using Adabas/WAL V811 allows more than 32 KB of data to be communicated. Otherwise the following maximums are allowed:				
	ACI Version	Max Send/Receive length			
	1	32167			
	2, 3	31647			
	4 - 8	31643			
	9 or above	31123			
	<b>Note:</b> If Adabas version 8 is <i>not</i> used, these same limits still apply under z/OS.				
TCP	Use TCP/IP as the transport method.				
SSL	Use Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) as the transport method (not yet available).				

### **Default Transport Methods**

The default transport method for stub BKIMBCMS is TCP.

#### Limiting the TCP/IP Connection Lifetime

With transport methods TCP/IP and SSL, the broker stub establishes one or more TCP/IP connections to the brokers specified with BROKER-ID. These connections can be controlled by the transport-specific CONNECTION-NONACT attribute on the broker side, but also by the transport-specific environment variable ETB\_NONACT on the stub side. If ETB\_NONACT is not 0, it defines the non-activity time (in seconds) of active TCP/IP connections to any broker. See ETB\_NONACT. Whenever the broker stub is called, it checks for the elapsed non-activity time and will close connections with a non-activity time greater than the value defined with ETB\_NONACT.

Transport Non-activity Value	Description
0	Infinite lifetime until application is stopped.
n (seconds)	Transport connections with non-activity time greater than $n$ will be closed.
Nothing set	Transport connections with non-activity time greater than 300s (default) will be closed.

#### **Setting the Timeout for the Transport Method**

If the transport layer is interrupted, communication between the Broker and the stub - that is, client or server application - is no longer possible. A client or server might possibly wait infinitely for a Broker reply or message in such a situation. To prevent this and return control to your calling application in such a situation, set a timeout value for the transport method.

The timeout settings for transport layers are independent of the Broker's.

The timeout value for the transport method is used together with the Broker timeout - which is set by the application in the WAIT field of the Broker ACI control block - to calculate the actual value for the transport layer's timeout.

The following table describes the possible values for the transport timeout.

Transport Timeout Value	Description
0	Infinite wait for the application.
n	The transport method waits this additional time in seconds. Negative values will be treated as TIMEOUT=0 (infinite wait for the application).
nothing set	Transport method waits additional 20 seconds.

The actual timeout for transport layer = Broker timeout (WAIT field) + timeout value for transport method.

### Tracing the Broker Stub under z/VM

Tracing is supported by the z/VM Broker stub and can be activated by setting the environment variable ETB\_STUBLOG.

### Allocating the Trace File

The stub trace file is allocated as follows:

FILEDEF ETBLOG DISK <file-name> <file-type> <file-mode>

#### **Trace Values**

The following table describes the possible values for the Broker stub trace:

Trace Level	Trace Level Description				
0	NONE	No tracing. Switch tracing off.			
1	STANDARD	Traces initialization, errors, and all ACI request/reply strings.			
2	ADVANCED	Used primarily by System Engineers, traces everything from level 1 and provides additional information - the Broker ACI control block, for example - as well as information from the transports.			
3	SUPPORT	This is full tracing through the stub, including detailed traces of control blocks, message information, etc.			

### **Configuring Adabas Communication in your Environment**

To use the Adabas/Entire Net-Work transport to communicate between an application with a Broker on another mainframe, link the ADAENTRY module against the Adabas link modulke ADALNK. Ensure that your Adabas TEXT library is available before running the link.

LOAD ETBADUSR (RLDSAVE RESET ETBADUSR)
GENMOD ADAENTRY (AMODE 31 RMODE ANY)

### Setting Environment Variables under z/VM

Language Environment programs can specify the environment variable - for example, ETB\_STUBLOG - in the command line:

MYPROG ENVAR(ETB\_STUBLOG=1)/-bMYBROKER

Non-Language Environment applications require setting z/VM environments before executing the application:

GLOBALV SELECT CENV SETLP ETB\_STUBLOG 1