

KRYON™

BE YOUR FUTURE

User Guide

Kryon Process Discovery v19.1

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CHAPTER 1: Introduction

Kryon Process Discovery is a powerful, proprietary, AI-based platform designed to identify your organization's business processes, correlate variants, and make recommendations for enhanced efficiency via automation.

As an initial introduction, this chapter will take a look at the components that enable Process Discovery to work its magic, examine the roles that different members of your organization play (and the Process Discovery tools they'll use), and lay the groundwork for in-depth knowledge with some basic terminology:

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Process Discovery Components

Discovery Robot

A **Discovery Robot** is the client application that runs silently (in the background) on employee desktops and records user interactions with business applications. The raw data collected by the **Discovery Robot** is comprised of:

1. A screenshot for each user action; and
2. Detailed metadata corresponding to each screenshot, including –
 - Application name
 - User name
 - Event type (e.g., mouse wheel, left mouse click)
 - Mouse position (e.g., x:933, y:637)
 - Time stamp

The applications and websites that are monitored by the **Discovery Robots** are managed by the **IT Administrator**, using a whitelist (i.e., applications/websites that **WILL** be monitored) and/or a blacklist (i.e., applications/websites that **WILL NOT** be monitored).

Discovery Database

The **Discovery Database** is the database (either MariaDB or MySQL) in which all the data collected by the **Discovery Robots** is stored. The data collected by the **Discovery Robots** is transferred almost immediately to the **Discovery Database** and remains on the client machine for only very short time.

Discovery Server

The data stored in the **Discovery Database** is utilized by the **Discovery Server**, where it undergoes a complex algorithmic process, including:

- Computer vision algorithm – extraction of relevant information from every image
- Tagging algorithm – identification of each individual action on each screen and assignment of a unique tag to each, facilitating recognition and matching of repeated actions
- Process discovery (machine learning) algorithm – comparison and compilation of extracted and tagged information; mapping of processes and variants
- [Automation recommendation engine](#) – calculation of automation recommendations
- Output of process and variant data to the **Discovery Console**

Process Discovery's AI mechanism, as executed by the **Discovery Server**, gets smarter and more effective as more and more data is gathered by the **Discovery Robots**.

Discovery Console

The **Discovery Console** presents the results of all the recording, identifying, and complex data crunching in an easy-to-read and understand format. From the **Discovery Console**, you can see an overview of all discovered processes and then dig deeper into the actions, variants, and statistics comprising each.

The **Discovery Console** can be accessed using the Chrome web browser from any machine with access to the **Discovery Server**.

Automation Recommendation Engine

Kryon Process Discovery calculates a recommendation for automation priority based on the following ROI-related factors:

Factor	Weight
Average time	40%
Frequency	30%
Number of steps	15%
Number of variants	15%

Each of these factors is measured against the discovered process that has the highest measurement in that factor. The calculation is best understood in the context of an example:



EXAMPLE

Calculation of Automation Recommendation

Let's assume that Process Discovery has identified 4 processes at Forward Looking Company, Inc.:

- **Process A** has the highest average time = 60 minutes
- **Process B** has the highest frequency = 10 times per day
- **Process C** has the largest number of steps = 100 steps
- **Process C** also has the largest number of variants = 12 variants

How would Process Discovery calculate the automation recommendation for **Process D**, which has the following statistics?

- **Average time** = 30 minutes
- **Frequency** = 2 times per day
- **Number of steps** = 10 steps
- **Number of variants** = 6 variants

Time		Frequency		Steps		Variants
$0.4 * (30/60)$	+	$0.3 * (2/10)$	+	$0.15 * (10/100)$	+	$0.15 * (6/12)$
0.20	+	0.06	+	0.015	+	0.075

Automation Recommendation = 35%

Process Discovery Users & Tools

Different members of your organization play different roles in getting Process Discovery up and running, analyzing the data it provides to make automation decisions, and in creating the automated workflows that increase organizational efficiency. And each has different Process Discovery tools at his or her disposal.

IT Administrator

The IT Administrator's primary Process Discovery roles include:

- Installing the **Discovery Server** and **Discovery Robots**
- Securing the Process Discovery operating environment
- Managing Process Discovery users and credentials
- Blacklisting/whitelisting applications and websites to be monitored by **Discovery Robots**
- Controlling and monitoring system performance

The IT Administrator's tools

The IT Administrator's primary Process Discovery tools include:

- The software installation packages provided by Kryon (for **Discovery Robots** and the **Discovery Server**)
- Process Discovery administration tool (referred to as **Orchestrator**)

Relevant documentation

Kryon Process Discovery Installation & Administration Guide

Business Process Analyst

The Business Process Analyst is the organization's expert in how one or more business processes are executed. He or she utilizes the data provided by Process Discovery to:

- Review the ways in which employees are actually executing processes on a daily basis
- Compare these "real-life" variants to the prescribed process instructions/procedures
- Analyze the most efficient process path for getting the job done; and
- Determine which processes to automate in order to optimize operational efficiency



BEST PRACTICES

Getting the most out of Process Discovery

If you are a Business Process Analyst, you are a key player in helping your organization to get the most out of Process Discovery. You have the knowledge of how end-to-end processes are executed, and you are able to interpret the data that Process Discovery has assembled and connect it to "real life" processes. You can then extract the relevant information, [export automations](#), and organize them properly for the [Automation Developer](#).

Say, for example, a single end-to-end process is executed by 3 different members of your organization in different departments. Process Discovery will identify and output 3 different processes. It is you, as the Business Process Analyst, that is able to recognize these 3 processes as a single end-to-end process for automation. And it's you who will [interpret the data](#), [export and organize](#) the relevant processes and variants into a single folder, and provide guidance to the Automation Developer.

The Business Process Analyst's tools

The Business Process Analyst's primary tool is the **Discovery Console**, which provides detailed analysis, statistics, process maps, and recommendations.

Relevant documentation

Kryon Process Discovery User Guide (this document)

Automation Developer

The Automation Developer is the creator of the automated workflows that provide Kryon RPA robots instructions for executing their assigned tasks. This job is made significantly easier by the ability to export processes from Process Discovery and import them directly into Kryon Studio, where they can be efficiently edited and implemented as automated workflows.

The Automation Developer's tools

The Automation Developer's primary tools include:

- The **Discovery Console's** one-click export function
- Kryon Studio

[Download Automation](#)

Relevant documentation

- [Creating Automations](#) chapter of the *Kryon Process Discovery User Guide* (this document)
- The *Kryon Studio User Guide*

Basic Terminology

Process

A **process** is a repeating business workflow (i.e., it has been executed at least twice). A process is defined by a common start point and end point.

Variant

A **variant** is a sequence of steps (actions) by which a user executes a process. A single process can have many variants – i.e., many different ways by which the users got from the common start point to the common end point.

Action

An **action** is single step in a process.

Subprocess

A **subprocess** is a sequence of steps within a process that:

- Was discovered as a complete process in and of itself; *or*
- Is repeated as an identical sequence in more than one discovered process

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Accessing the Discovery Console

Access the **Discovery Console** using the **Chrome** web browser from any machine with access to the **Discovery Server** by entering its URL or IP address, followed by : 8080 (port number). So, for example, the URL might appear as follows: 192.168.1.123:8080.



NOTE

Port numbers may vary

When the **Discovery Server** was installed, the relevant port number may have been set differently. Here are some options to try:

- If : 8080 doesn't work for you, try : 443
- If : 443 doesn't work, try : 80
- If neither of these work, contact your IT Administrator and ask for the port number that was used

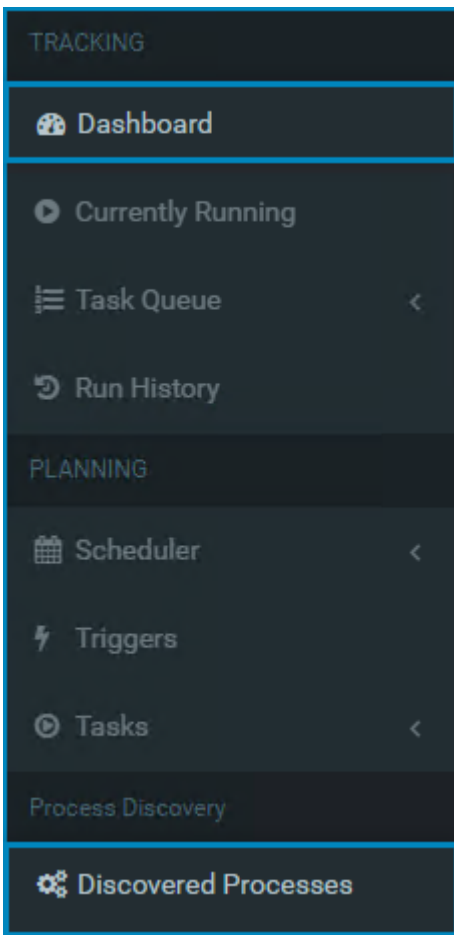
To log in, use the credentials provided to you by your IT Administrator.

Discovered Processes View

The Discovered Processes view is the first page you'll see when you enter the Discovery Console. It displays a table of all the processes detected since Kryon Process Discovery began running, including each process' major properties. From the Discovered Processes view, it is easy to dig deeper into the details of each discovered process by accessing its [Process Details View](#).

Accessing the Discovered Processes view

Return to the Discovered Processes view at any time by clicking **DASHBOARD** or **DISCOVERED PROCESSES** from the navigation pane.



A tour of the Discovered Processes view

Process Discovery

Process Discovery empowers you to make business more efficient by giving you insight into the tasks employees are executing and how they are executing them. This page is an overview of processes the Discovery Robots found and gives you easy access to more details.

6 Discovered Processes 1 3 Filters

Process name	First detected	Volume	Users	Steps	Variants	Applications	Average time	Frequency	Recommendation
Open case 1 subprocess	Feb 3, 2019 Charles.Brown	9	1	32	5	explorer; OUTLOOK; E...	00:04:00	3 times/week	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>
Edit customer	Feb 3, 2019 Charles.Brown	16	1	36	11	explorer; OUTLOOK; E...	00:02:06	5 times/week	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>
3	Feb 4, 2019 Lucy.Van Pelt	5	1	8	2	EXCEL; freshdesk.com...	00:01:46	2 times/week	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>
6 3 subprocesses	Feb 4, 2019 Lucy.Van Pelt	6	1	8	2	OUTLOOK; EXCEL; fres...	00:04:30	2 times/week	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>
4	Feb 4, 2019 Charles.Brown	5	1	15	3	EXCEL; voita.com;	00:01:11	2 times/week	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>
2	Feb 5, 2019 Charles.Brown	6	1	13	1	explorer; OUTLOOK;	00:01:42	2 times/week	<div style="width: 100%;"></div>

Items per page: 10 1 - 6 of 6

- 1 Total number of unique **processes** detected by Kryon Process Discovery
- 2 **Process Properties** table
- 3 The **Filters** button opens a panel of available filters for the Process Properties table. See [Filtering the Process Properties Table](#).
- 4 Pagination controls, including the option to define the number of processes that appear on a single screen of the Discovered Processes view. See [Navigating the Discovered Processes view](#).



NOTE

Getting into the details

From the Process Properties table, click on the row of any process to access the [Process Details](#) view for that process.

A closer look at the Process Properties table

Property	Description
Process name	<p>Name you have assigned to the process. (Until you give the process a name, a system-generated process number will appear in this column). See Naming Processes.</p> <p>Directly under the process name appears the number of subprocesses (if any) detected within the process</p>
First detected	<p>Date on which the process was first detected by Process Discovery</p> <p>Directly under the date appears the username of the user who was executing the process when it was first discovered</p>
Volume	Total number of times the process has been executed since it was first detected (all variants)
Users	<p>Total number of unique users who have executed the process since it was first detected (all variants)</p> <p>Hover your mouse over the number of users to see a tooltip listing all users who have executed the process (in order to appear in this list, a user must have executed at least one of the variants in full)</p>
Steps	Total number of unique steps in the process (all variants). See How many steps?
Variants	Total number of process variants
Applications	<p>A (usually partial) list of applications utilized in executing the process (all variants)</p> <p>Hover your mouse over the list to see a tooltip containing the names of all applications utilized in executing the process</p>
Average time	<p>Average time taken to execute the process once (total execution time of all variants ÷ volume)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A measure of the time that could be saved by automating the process each time the process is executed
Frequency	Measure of how often the process is executed on average (volume ÷ elapsed time since the process was first detected)
Automation recommendation	Scale representing priority for conversion to an automated process based on ROI-related factors. See Automation Recommendation Algorithm .

**TIP****Sorting the Process Properties table**

Sort the **Process Properties table** by any property simply by clicking on the column title of that property. (Each successive click changes the sort order from ascending to descending and back again.)

**EXAMPLE****How many steps?**

Assume the process for creating a new sales lead has 3 variants:

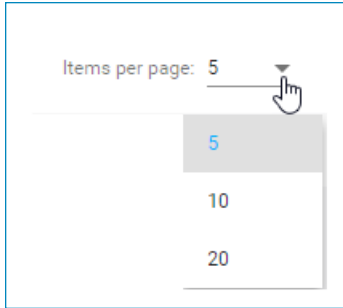
- Variant #1 contains **10 steps**
- Variant #2 contains **6 steps** (2 steps that are the same as in Variant #1 and 3 steps that are the same as in Variant #3 → **1 unique step**)
- Variant #3 contains **7 steps** (1 step that is the same as in Variant #1 and 3 steps that are the same as in Variant #2 → **3 unique steps**)

A simple sum of the steps in all 3 variants equals 23 (10+6+7); however, the sum of **unique** steps in all 3 variants equals **14** (10+1+3). Therefore, the number appearing in the [Steps](#) column will be **14**.

Navigating the Discovered Processes view

Use the pagination controls  to:

- Select the number of processes displayed on a single page;



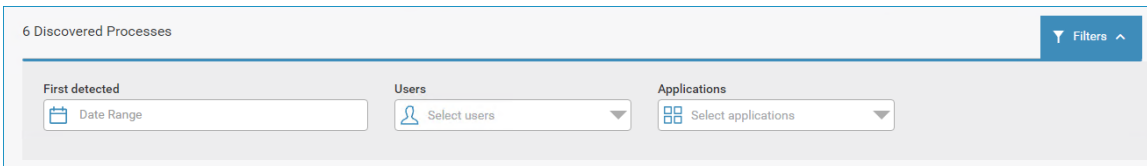
- and -

- Navigate from page to page



Filtering the Processes Properties Table

Click on the  button to access the filters available for narrowing the displayed results:



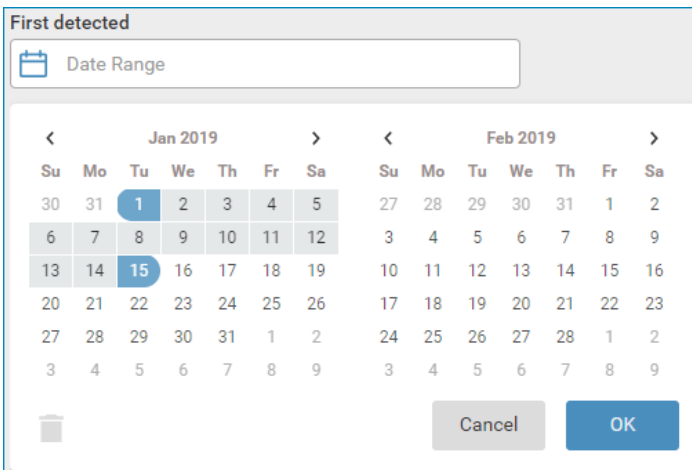
NOTE

You can apply more than one filter at a time in order to customize the Process Properties table according to your needs. When more than one filter is applied, the results are cumulative (i.e., an **and** condition is applied among the filters).

For example, if you apply the **Users** filter and the **Applications** filter at the same time, the displayed results will include only the processes that meet the conditions of **both** filters you applied:

- the user(s) you selected; **and**
- the application(s) you selected


First detected



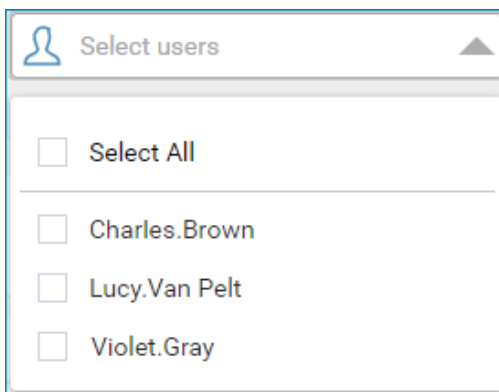
This filter allows you to filter the **Process Properties** table for processes that were first detected within a defined date range. To apply the filter:

1. Click in the **First detected** field (that currently reads **Date Range**)
2. In the calendar that appears, click on the start date of the desired range
3. Next, click on the end date of the desired range
The start and end dates will be highlighted in blue, with the intermediate days highlighted in gray
4. Click **OK** to apply the filter

To clear the filter:

1. Click in the **First detected** field (that currently shows the date range of the applied filter)
2. Click the  icon to clear the filter

Users



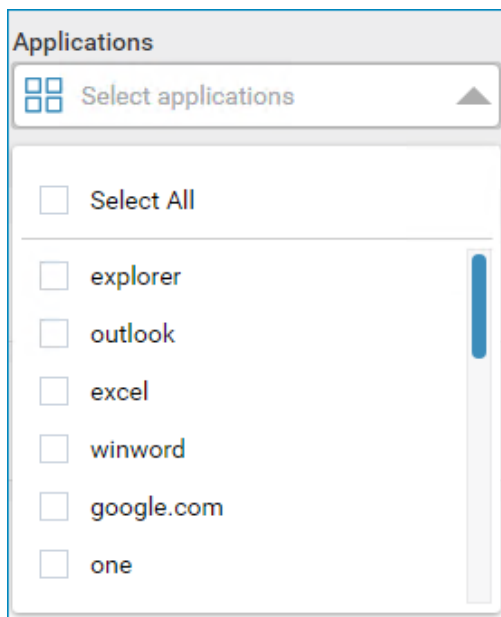
This filter allows you to filter the **Process Properties** table for processes that were executed by one or more specified users. To apply the filter:

1. Click in the **Users** field (that currently reads **Select users**)
2. Tick the checkboxes of one or more users
3. Click anywhere outside the filter dialog box to apply the filter

To clear the filter:

1. Click in the **Users** field (that currently shows the selected users in the applied filter)
2. Tick the checkbox next to **Deselect all**
3. Click anywhere outside the filter dialog box to clear the filter

Applications



This filter allows you to filter the **Process Properties** table for one or more applications that were utilized in the process. To apply the filter:

1. Click in the **Applications** field (that currently reads **Select applications**)
2. Tick the checkboxes of one or more applications
3. Click anywhere outside the filter dialog box to apply the filter

To clear the filter:


1. Click in the **Applications** field (that currently shows the selected applications in the applied filter)
2. Tick the checkbox next to **Deselect all**
3. Click anywhere outside the filter dialog box to clear the filter

Naming Processes

When Process Discovery initially detects a process, it is assigned a system-generated process number. You should give the process a meaningful name to allow you and others to easily identify it.

Defining the process name

To give a process a name:

1. Access the [Discovered Processes View](#)
2. In the [Process Name](#) column, hover your mouse over the process number
3. Click on the  icon that appears
4. Type the desired process name
5. Press the `Enter` key to save your changes

Editing the process name

You can edit the process name at any time by following the same steps.

Process Details View

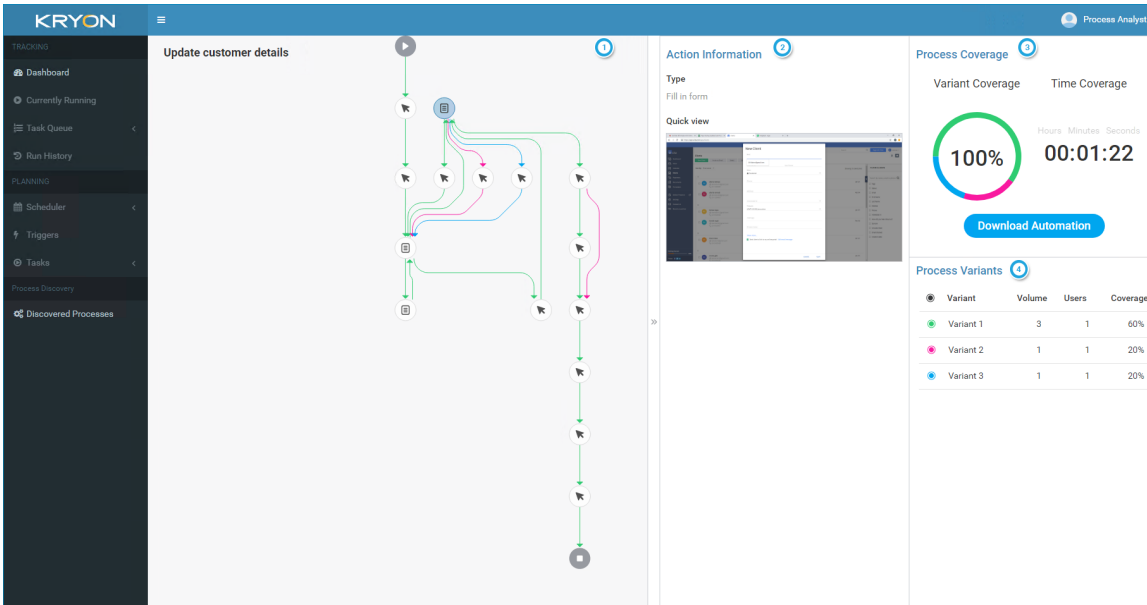
The **Process Details** view allows you to:

- take a high-level view of each discovered process by reviewing its visual [Process map](#);
- take a close look at each action in the process by reviewing detailed [Action information](#);
- dig deep into the details of each process variant and how it affects the whole by reviewing [Process Coverage](#) and the [Process Variants](#) table; and
- [download automations](#) for import to Kryon Studio

Accessing the Process Details view

From the [Discovered Processes](#) view, click on the row of any process to access the Process Details view for that process.

A tour of the Process Details view



1 **Process Map** pane: a graphical representation of the discovered process

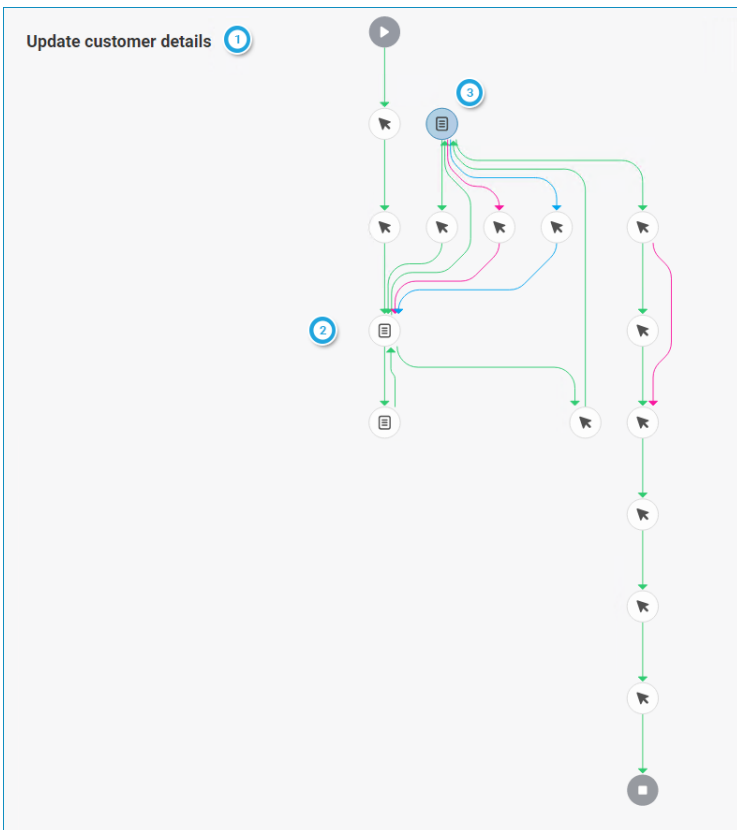
2 **Action Information** pane: detailed information about the **selected action**

- If no action is selected in the Process Map, the Action Information pane is hidden
- When an action is selected, the Action Information pane automatically opens (and can be manually **collapsed and reopened**)

3 **Process Coverage** pane: display of aggregate **Variant Coverage**, **Time Coverage**, and the **Download Automation** button



4 **Process Variants** table: a list of all discovered variants for the process, including detailed statistics for each **variant** and the ability to **toggle the variant's visibility**

A closer look at the Process Map pane




1 **Process name:** for additional details, see [Naming Processes](#)

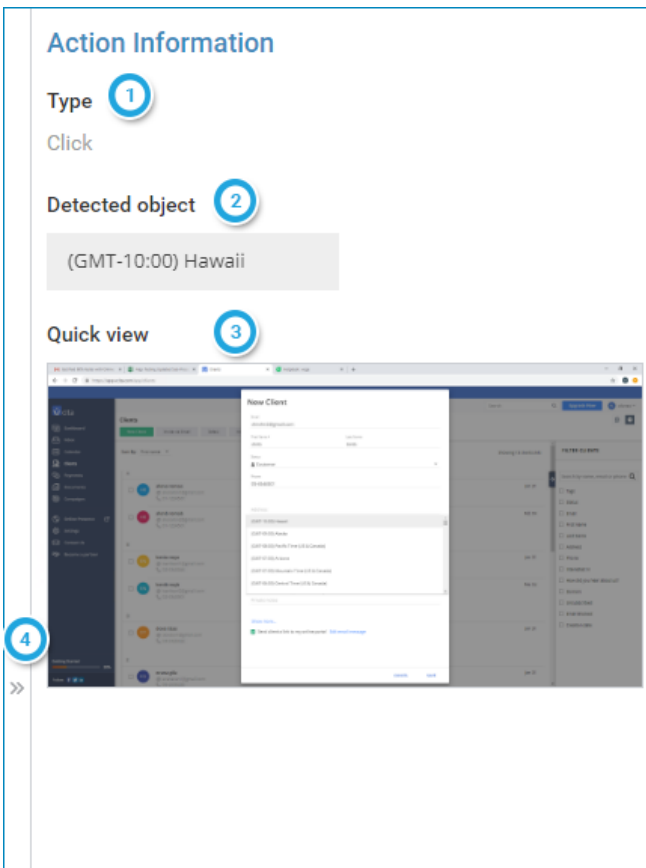
2 **Process map:** graphical representation of the discovered process


- Each variant is represented by a different **color**
 - By default, the Process Details view loads with only one variant visible
 - You can then select which variants are displayed by toggling the **visible variants**
- Each action is displayed as a node, with an image representing the action type
 - Hover your mouse over a node to see a tooltip including the **action type** and the number of times the action has been executed since the process was first detected
 - Special nodes:
 -  Process start point
 -  Process end point

3 **Selected action:** the action for which details are displayed in the [Action Information](#) pane

- Represented by a shaded node, for example: 

A closer look at the Action Information pane




- 1 **Type:** the selected action's type (click, double click, keyboard action, fill in form, subprocess)
- 2 **Detected object:** an image of the screen object on which the selected action was executed
 - **Note:** not displayed for the **Fill in form** action type
- 3 **Quick view:** an image of the screen on which the selected action was executed
 - To enlarge the **Quick view**, click the  icon. Click again anywhere outside the enlarged image to return to the original view.
- 4 **Collapse/reopen control:** Click on the bar on the far right side of the Process Map pane to manually collapse and reopen the Action Information pane
 - **NOTE:** This control is effective only when an action is selected in the Process Map. When no action is selected, the Action Information remains closed.



NOTE

Special display for subprocesses

When the selected action is a **subprocess** , the Action Information pane display changes to show detailed information about the subprocess:

Action Information

Change customer name

Type

Subprocess

First detected

Feb 3, 2019

Volume

16

Users

1

Variants

11

Steps

36

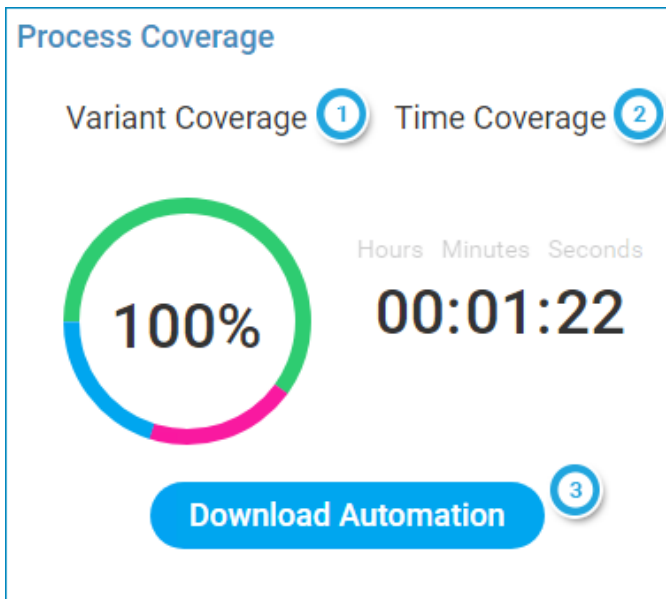
Average time

00:02:06

Frequency

5

A closer look at the Process Coverage pane



- 1 Variant Coverage (aggregate):** total percentage of process **volume** covered by the **visible variants**
- 2 Time Coverage:** time taken to execute the full process once (**weighted average** of the **visible variants** only)
- 3 Download Automation button:** Click this button to download the **visible variants** as automations. See [Creating Automations](#).

A closer look at the Process Variants table

Process Variants				
1	2	3	4	
<input type="radio"/>	Variant	Volume	Users	Coverage
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	Variant 1	3	1	60%
<input type="radio"/>	Variant 2	1	1	20%
<input type="radio"/>	Variant 3	1	1	20%

1 Variant visibility buttons: By default, the Process Details view loads with only one variant visible. Click the relevant radio button(s) to turn the visibility of one or more variants on/off

- The black radio button in the table header turns the visibility of all variants on/off
- The radio button to the left of each variant turns visibility for the individual variant on/off. The color of the radio button represents the color of the variant as it appears in the Process Map.

A variant's visibility determines whether:

- it will be visible in the [Process map](#)
- it will be included in the calculation of [aggregate Variant Coverage](#) and [Time Coverage](#)
- it will be exported when [downloading the process as an automation](#)

Visible variant

Non-visible variant

Variant statistics:

2 Variant volume: total number of times the variant has been executed since it was first detected

3 Variant users: total number of unique users who have executed the variant since it was first detected

4 Variant coverage (single variant): percentage of total process volume covered by this variant



NOTE

What determines the order of the variants?

Variants are ordered in the table by the following two factors:

- Variant coverage; and
- Common denominator (i.e., the percentage of screens shared with other variants)



BEST PRACTICES

Gain a complete understanding of your processes

The following is a suggested sequence to help you get the most out of Process Discovery:

In Discovered Processes view –

1. [Name the process](#)
2. Using the information in the Process Properties table, identify and understand the applications used in the process

In Process Details view –

3. Turn on the [visibility](#) of additional variants (one at a time) to understand:
 - how the same process is performed by different employees/team members; and
 - to identify the most efficient variant(s)
4. Identify the variants you want to [download for automation](#)

CHAPTER 3: Creating Automations

One of Kryon Process Discovery's greatest strengths is its ability not only to provide actionable information, but also to export it in an immediately usable format. This chapter will examine the quick steps for generating automations directly from within the Discovery Console and importing them into Kryon Studio for editing and RPA implementation.


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Downloading an Automation from Process Discovery

Exporting a process as an automated workflow is as simple as clicking a single button – but it also provides you with the flexibility to determine exactly which process variants you want to export.

To export an automated workflow from Process Discovery:

1. Access the [Process Details](#) view of the process you want to export
2. Determine which variant(s) you want to export
3. Toggle **ON** the [visibility](#) of one of the variants you want to export
4. Toggle **OFF** the [visibility](#) all remaining variants
5. Click the  button

A file named `pd-export.PD` will be created and automatically downloaded to your internet browser's default download folder. Save this file to an easily-accessible location, and you'll be ready to [import it to Kryon Studio](#).

Follow the above steps for each variant you want to export.



BEST PRACTICES

Organizing your exported automations

As you export processes and variants:

1. Rename each exported file with a relevant name
2. Organize your exported automations into folders – one folder for each end-to-end business process to be automated
3. Transfer your organized folders to the [Automation Developer\(s\)](#) for upload to Kryon Studio and additional development

Importing an Automation to Kryon Studio

To import a process you downloaded from [Process Discovery](#) to Kryon Studio:

1. Open Kryon Studio
2. Create a new wizard in the **Catalog**
3. Open the wizard in the **Wizard Editor**

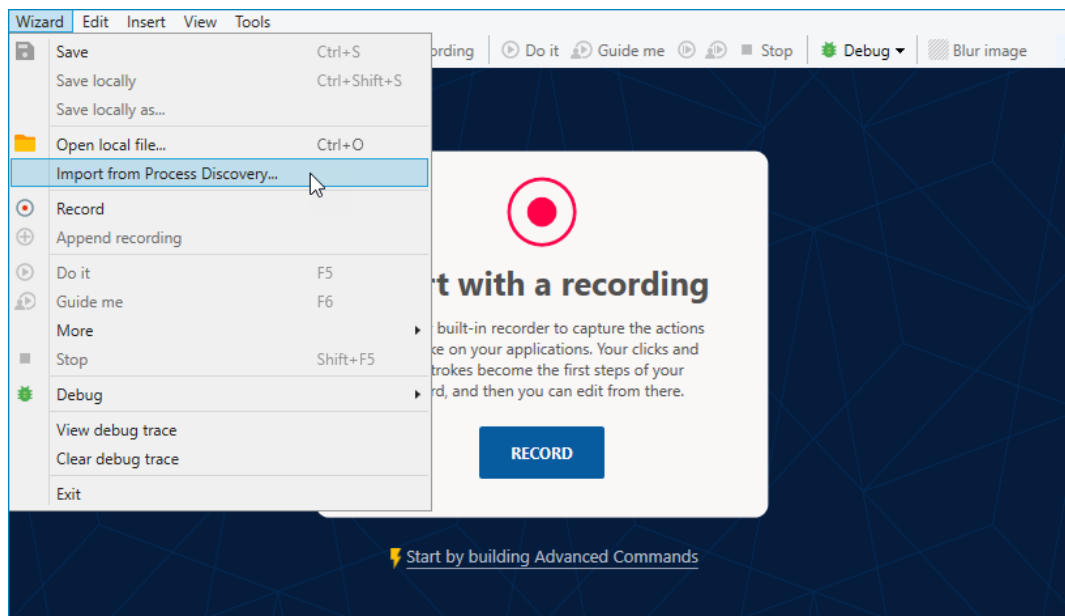


NOTE

Creating, opening & editing wizards

For detailed instructions and information about creating, opening, and editing wizards, see the *Kryon Studio User Guide (Creating Wizards)*.

4. From the menu bar, click **Wizard**, then **Import from Process Discovery**



5. Navigate to the location in which you saved the `pd-export.PD` file, select the file, and click the button

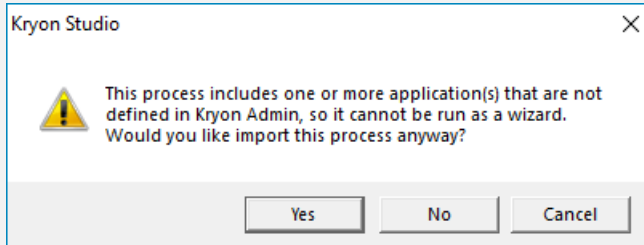
The import will begin. When complete, the process downloaded from Process Discovery will populate the open wizard in the **Wizard Editor**.



CAUTION

Define those applications!

If you attempt to import a process that contains applications and/or websites that are not yet defined in Kryon Admin, you will receive the following warning:



If you choose to import the process, you will be able to view it (and even edit it), but you will not be able to run it or save it as a wizard. So you won't be able to save any changes you have made.

To enable a complete import, ask the Kryon RPA Administrator in your organization to add the necessary apps and/or websites. Then import the process again.