

webMethods EntireX

Broker

Version 10.5

October 2019

This document applies to webMethods EntireX Version 10.5 and all subsequent releases.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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Document ID: EXX-BROKER-105-20220422

Table of Contents

1 About this Documentation	1
Document Conventions	2
Online Information and Support	2
Data Protection	3
I Concepts and Facilities of EntireX Broker	5
2 Concept of Interoperability	7
Interoperability and EntireX Broker	8
Messaging Model and Interoperability	8
Communication Models and Interoperability	11
3 General Architecture of EntireX Broker	13
Introduction to EntireX Broker Architecture	14
Client Server Communication Model	15
Architecture of Broker Stub	18
Architecture of Broker Kernel	20
4 Functionality of EntireX Broker	2 3
Application Bindings (Stubs)	24
Character Conversion	25
Command and Information Services	25
Accounting	26
Data Compression	26
Persistent Store	27
Units of Work	28
Security	29
5 Broker Quick Reference	31
ACI Syntax of Messaging Model	32
Location of Broker Kernel and Stubs	33
Transport: Broker Stubs and APIs	34
II Broker Attributes	37
6 Broker Attributes	39
Name and Location of Attribute File	41
Attribute Syntax	41
Broker-specific Attributes	43
Service-specific Attributes	63
Codepage-specific Attributes	74
Adabas SVC/Entire Net-Work-specific Attributes	77
Security-specific Attributes	80
TCP/IP-specific Attributes	86
c-tree-specific Attributes	89
SSL/TLS-specific Attributes	91
DIV-specific Attributes	97
Adabas-specific Attributes	99
Application Monitoring-specific Attributes	101
Authorization Rule-specific Attributes	102

Variable Definition File	103
III Broker Command and Information Services	105
7 Broker Command and Information Services	107
CIS Overview Table	108
Modes of Requesting the Services	109
ETBCMD: Executable Command Requests	111
ETBINFO: Returnable Information Requests	116
IV EntireX Broker Reporting	117
8 Command Logging in EntireX	125
Introduction to Command Logging	126
Command Log Filtering using Command-line Interface ETBCMD	128
ACI-driven Command Logging	130
Dual Command Log Files	130
V Building an EntireX Broker Image	133
9 Building an EntireX Broker Image	135
Prerequisites	136
Building and Running the EntireX Broker Image	136
Verifying the Build	
Healthcheck for EntireX Broker	141

1 About this Documentation

Document Conventions	. 2
Online Information and Support	
Data Protection	

Document Conventions

Convention	Description
Bold	Identifies elements on a screen.
Monospace font	Identifies service names and locations in the format folder.subfolder.service, APIs, Java classes, methods, properties.
Italic	Identifies: Variables for which you must supply values specific to your own situation or
	environment. New terms the first time they occur in the text.
	References to other documentation sources.
Monospace font	Identifies: Text you must type in. Messages displayed by the system. Program code.
{}	Indicates a set of choices from which you must choose one. Type only the information inside the curly braces. Do not type the { } symbols.
I	Separates two mutually exclusive choices in a syntax line. Type one of these choices. Do not type the symbol.
[]	Indicates one or more options. Type only the information inside the square brackets. Do not type the [] symbols.
	Indicates that you can type multiple options of the same type. Type only the information. Do not type the ellipsis ().

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Concepts and Facilities of EntireX Broker

EntireX Broker is a middleware infrastructure that allows application components in a distributed processing environment to communicate with each other. EntireX Broker provides access through the *client and server* communication model. Message queues are employed to provide verifiable delivery of message data in asynchronous communication.

Additionally, EntireX Broker allows each application component to use a different programming interface. As a result, your application components can achieve highly flexible interoperability in a loosely coupled way. EntireX Broker can be used where your application components are located on distributed machines and where different operating systems and TP monitors are used on each machine.

Concept of Interoperability	Introduces the basic concept of EntireX Broker: achieving highly
	flexible interoperability of distributed application components.
General Architecture of EntireX Broker	Describes the components and transport mechanisms of EntireX
	Broker within the context of EntireX.
Functionality of EntireX Broker	Provides a brief overview of the functionality provided by EntireX Broker.
Broker Quick Reference	Quick Reference to Broker features and functions.

2 Concept of Interoperability

Interoperability and EntireX Broker	8
Messaging Model and Interoperability	
Communication Models and Interoperability	

Interoperability and EntireX Broker

This section introduces the basic concept of EntireX Broker: achieving highly flexible interoperability of application components in a distributed processing environment. This concept is described from the perspectives of

- a messaging model
- communication models
- application programming interfaces
- EntireX components

in order to give you a comprehensive, high-level view of how EntireX Broker enables flexible interoperability between distributed application components.

Messaging Model and Interoperability

Introduction

In a distributed processing environment that uses EntireX Broker, communication occurs through application components exchanging messages. An application component offering a service registers it with EntireX Broker (see REGISTER); this makes the service available to other application components able to communicate with EntireX Broker. An application component intending to access a service issues its request through EntireX Broker, which then routes the request to the specific application component offering the service.

The following concepts help describe how message exchange is structured in EntireX Broker:

Synchronicity

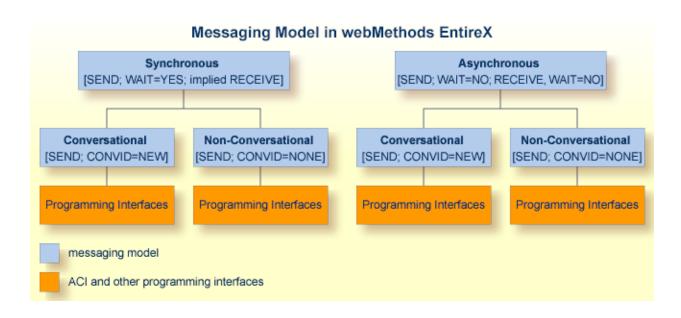
The application initiating the request either waits for the result to return, whereby it suspends all processing (synchronous); or it does not wait for the result to return, whereby it is freed to do other processing (asynchronous).

Conversationality

The request can either be a single pair of messages comprising request/reply (non-conversational); or it can be a sequence of multiple messages which are all part of the same request (conversational).

Overview Diagram

The following diagram shows the two major concepts of EntireX Broker's messaging model: synchronicity and conversationality. See *ACI Syntax of Messaging Model* below for a description of the messaging syntax.



ACI Syntax of Messaging Model

The table below describes the messaging terms mentioned in the diagram above from the viewpoint of the application component initiating the request, as expressed in ACI syntax.

The ACI (Advanced Communication Interface) is the lowest level application programming interface that interacts with EntireX Broker. The ACI is common to all of the messaging models and communication models (see *Communication Models and Interoperability*) of EntireX.

Messaging Term		Client	Server
Synchronicity	Synchronous	■ SEND (1)	■ RECEIVE
		■ WAIT=YES (1)	■ WAIT=YES
	Asynchronous (2)	■ SEND	■ RECEIVE
		■ WAIT=NO	■ WAIT=NO
		■ WAIT=YES	
Conversationality	Conversational (2)	■ SEND	■ RECEIVE
		■ CONV-ID=NEW	
	Non-conversational (2)	■ SEND	■ RECEIVE
		■ CONV-ID=NONE	

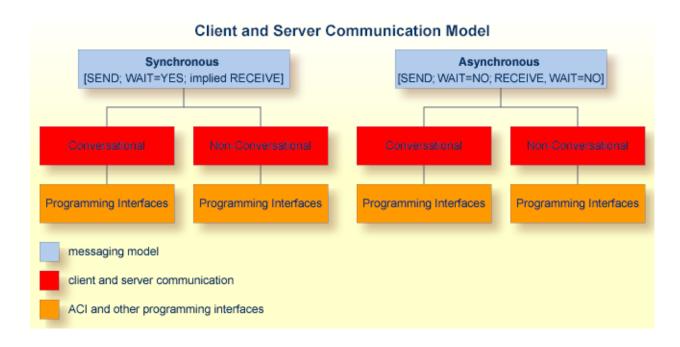


Notes:

- 1. The synchronous SEND, WAIT=YES command contains an implied RECEIVE command.
- 2. Persistence available. See *Concepts of Persistent Messaging*.

Communication Models and Interoperability

The EntireX Broker uses the communication model client-and-server. This model is based on the connection between exactly two partners: client and server. This model covers the requirements of conversational communication and asynchronous processing.



General Architecture of EntireX Broker

Introduction to EntireX Broker Architecture	. 14
Client Server Communication Model	15
Architecture of Broker Stub	. 18
Architecture of Broker Kernel	20

Introduction to EntireX Broker Architecture



This section describes the command process flows within the Broker kernel and stubs when two application components communicate with each other using EntireX Broker. The Broker consists of the following components:

- a stub (application binding), which resides within the process space of each application component
- a Broker kernel, which resides in a separate process space, managing all the communication between application components

The details of the transport protocols remain transparent to the application components because they reside within EntireX Broker (stubs and kernel). The EntireX Broker kernel and the location of the transport protocols are the architectural aspects of EntireX Broker that distinguish it from other messaging middleware.

Client Server Communication Model

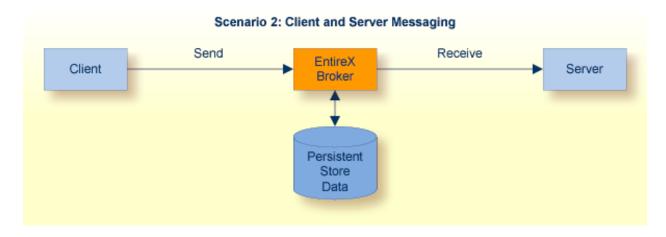
The EntireX Broker uses the communication model client and server. See *Writing Client and Server Applications* for details.

Example Scenario 1: Client and Server Messaging (Synchronous)



This is a synchronous messaging scenario: send request and wait for a response.

Example Scenario 2: Client and Server Messaging (Asynchronous)



This is an asynchronous messaging scenario: put message in service queue.

Note: Client and server have specific meanings within the context of EntireX.

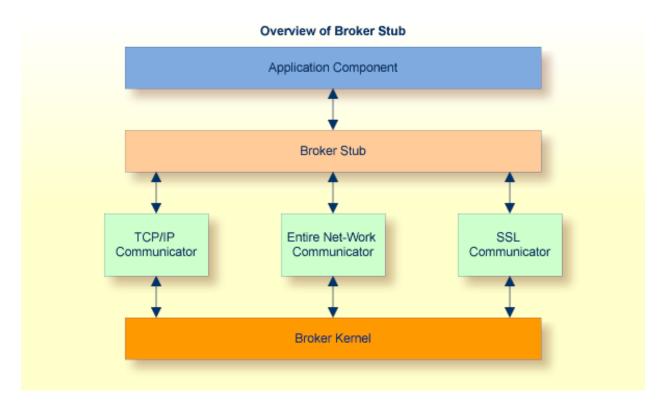
Term	Description
Client	An application component intending to access a service makes its request via EntireX Broker which routes the request to the specific application component offering this service.
	The request can be a single pair of messages comprising request/reply; or it can be a sequence of multiple, related messages containing one or more requests and one or more replies, known as a conversation. This enables EntireX Broker to be used for applications supporting different programming interfaces. It also allows interoperability between types of application components employing these different interfaces.
Server	An application component offering a service registers it with EntireX Broker. EntireX Broker makes the registered service available to other application components capable of communicating with EntireX Broker. The fact that a server has been registered and is available in this way defines it as a service in terms of class/name/server within the context of EntireX.

Architecture of Broker Stub

The type of communication model described in this section and in the section *Architecture of Broker Kernel* is client and server.

Overview of Broker Stub

The EntireX Broker stub is another name for Software AG's ACI (Advanced Communication Interface). The stub implements an API (application programming interface) that allows programs written in various languages to access EntireX Broker.



See also Administering Broker Stubs in the platform-specific Administration documentation.

Description of Command Process Flow within Broker Stub

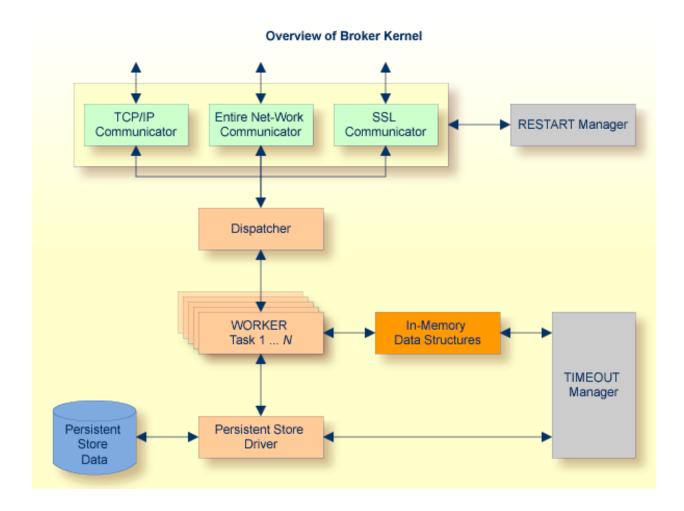
The following table gives a step-by-step description of a typical command process flow from and to a Broker stub. This example describes a SEND/RECEIVE command pair.

Step	Description
1	The originating application program calls the stub with a SEND/WAIT=YES command. The stub builds the necessary information structures and communicates the message to the Broker kernel. Basic validation is performed in the stub before the command is passed to the Broker kernel.
2	The stub uses one of the following transport mechanisms to transmit the command to the Broker kernel: TCP, SSL or Entire Net-Work. The application does not have to recognize the details of the transport protocol since all transport protocol processing resides entirely within the stub.
3	The application is suspended while the stub waits for a response. Since the application has issued SEND, WAIT=YES it must wait for the message to travel via the Broker kernel to the partner application which will satisfy the request.
4	After the request has been satisfied and the message returns from the partner application, via the Broker kernel, the stub will pass control back to the originating application.

Architecture of Broker Kernel

The type of communication model described in this section and in the section *Architecture of Broker Stub* is client and server.

Overview of Broker Kernel



Description of Command Process Flow within Broker Kernel

The following table gives a step-by-step description of a typical command process flow within the Broker kernel. This example describes a SEND/RECEIVE command pair.

Step	Description
1	The originating application program calls the Broker stub with a SEND command. The stub builds the necessary information structures and transmits the message to the Broker kernel using TCP, SSL or Entire Net-Work.
2	The message is received by one of the communications subtasks running within the Broker kernel. The communications subtask passes the message to the dispatcher.
3	The dispatcher schedules the processing of the message within a worker task inside the Broker kernel.
4	Worker task processes the inbound message, performing any necessary character conversion and security operations, and then determines the partner to which the message is to be routed. Any necessary persistence operations are performed under control of the worker task.
5	The outbound message is passed to the relevant communications subtasks within the Broker kernel for transmission to the partner application component.
6	The partner application component which has issued a RECEIVE command via the broker stub obtains the message from the originating application program.
7	The partner application component then processes the message and normally makes a reply.

Notes:

- 1. Application components can exchange successive related message pairs. This action constitutes a conversation.
- 2. Clean-up processing of timed-out commands is performed asynchronously by the Broker kernel Timeout Manager which acts upon in-memory data structures as well as data within the persistent store.
- 3. The communications restart manager is able to restart any communications subtasks which may have become temporarily disabled, for example by restarting the machine's TCP/IP driver.

4 Functionality of EntireX Broker

Application Bindings (Stubs)	24
Character Conversion	
Command and Information Services	25
 Accounting 	26
Data Compression	26
Persistent Store	27
■ Units of Work	28
Security	29

This chapter gives an overview of the major value-added services provided by EntireX Broker. These services relieve the administrator or application builder of the task of providing the desired functionality.

Application Bindings (Stubs)

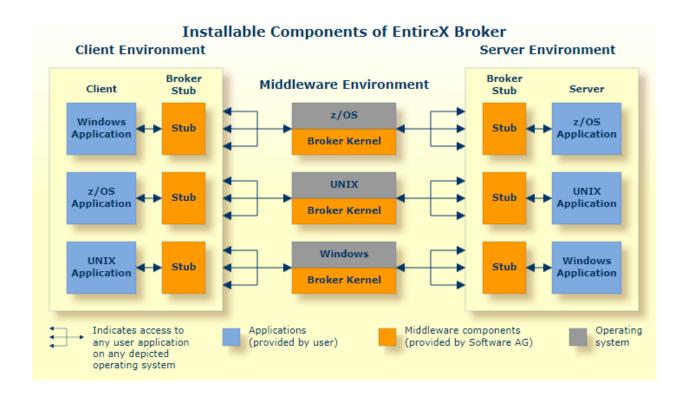
Application bindings allow applications developed in different programming languages and executing on various different platforms to be enabled by using EntireX Broker, see *Architecture of Broker Stub*. Specifically, Java, Natural and other programs are easily enabled using EntireX Broker. These bindings are available on all major mainframe, UNIX and Windows platforms.

The application binding is the glue between the application and the EntireX Broker kernel (see *Architecture of Broker Kernel*, allowing your application to leverage all the functionality of EntireX regardless of

- programming language
- operating system
- hardware platform
- transport mechanism and
- choice of programming interfaces.

This binding capability enables various different application components to be integrated in a loosely coupled manner. See *EntireX Java ACI* and *EntireX Broker ACI* for Assembler | C | COBOL | Natural | PL/I | RPG.

Applications on z/OS, UNIX, Windows etc. communicating with each other using stubs:



Character Conversion

Character conversion within the EntireX Broker means the incoming data is converted to the encoding of the target platform, using the codepages of the caller and receiver. See *Internationalization with EntireX*.

Command and Information Services

EntireX Broker includes a set of monitoring and control functions that enable you to monitor system resource utilization and view the current activities of the clients and servers on the system. These services are available through a Web-based interface, in addition to a command-line tool. An interface exists to allow program access to these facilities.

Accounting

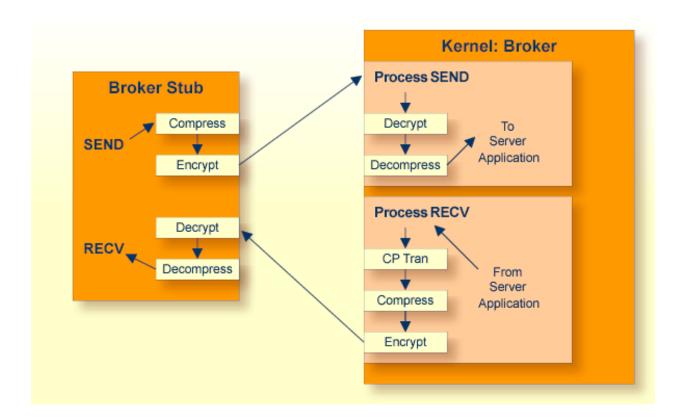
EntireX Broker provides accounting information based upon the flow of message sequences (or conversations). On z/OS, this information is written to standard accounting (SMF) records; on other platforms it is written to a file. The information can be used for:

- application chargeback: apportioning EntireX resource consumption on the conversation and/or the application level
- performance measurement: analyzing application throughput (bytes, messages, etc.) to determine overall performance
- trend analysis: using data to determine periods of heavy and/or light resource and/or application usage

Data Compression

EntireX allows compression of messages passed between application components so as to consume less network bandwidth. This is done independently of transport mechanism by compressing the message in the application binding before it is transmitted to the *Broker Kernel*. The Broker kernel decompresses the message to enable security and data conversion to be applied.

The following graphic illustrates the sequencing of data compression within the stub and Broker kernel:



Persistent Store

The persistent store stores units of work for client and server applications.

Persistent message delivery ensures that messages sent between client and server (or server and client) application components can reach their target even in the event of application or system failures. The user application programs units of work to achieve persistent messaging. EntireX Broker provides persistent message delivery by grouping messages into units of work (UOWs) that are committed in one atomic operation by the sender. See also *Units of Work*.

Persistence is implemented centrally within the *Broker Kernel*. Therefore, the consistency of all the stored messages is guaranteed independently of the different application components and platforms from which the messages are derived.

Persistent Store Types

A persistent store driver is an executable, or a load module, which implements access to the physical persistent store. EntireX Broker allows the choice of three persistent store repositories: Adabas (DBMS), Data In Virtual (DIV) for z/OS, and native file system. The following table gives an overview of the persistent store options:

Persistent Store Type	Description	Operating System	Notes
Adabas	Uses Adabas database.	UNIX, Windows, z/OS, BS2000, z/VSE	Adabas, Software AG's ADAptable dataBASe, is a high-performance, multithreaded, database management system.
DIV	Uses IBM Data In Virtual facility on z/OS.	z/OS	This persistent store option is implemented as a VSAM linear data set.
CTREE	c-tree© is an embedded local database that can be used as your persistent store.	UNIX and Windows	c-tree© is the fast and reliable embedded database of FairCom Corporation®.

Units of Work

Units of work inform the sender of messages about their past and current status. Specifically, UOWs are used to:

- commit the sending of messages
- acknowledge the receipt of messages
- track the progress of sent messages at any point in time

Units of work are also the vehicle for achieving persistent messaging, although UOWs can be used without persistence.

See also *Using Units of Work*.

Security

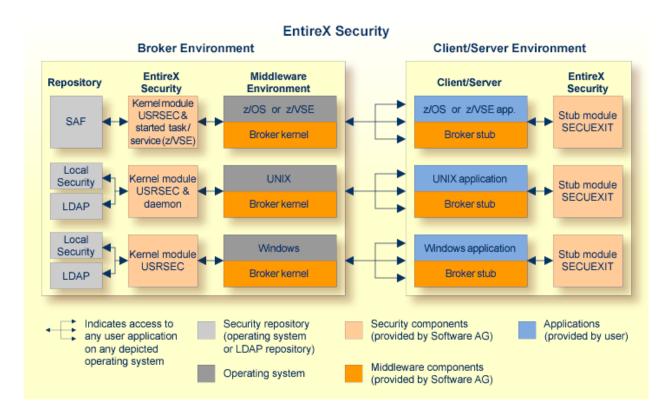
EntireX Security enables distributed application components running with Broker to be executed securely. EntireX Security is located centrally in the kernel of EntireX Broker giving it an overview of all messages sent between application components and therefore providing complete control over the authentication and authorization of each component.

Security checks are performed using a choice of security repositories, including:

- RACF
- CA ACF2
- CA Top Secret
- UNIX and Windows security systems

The security repository chosen depends on the location of the Broker kernel. Because EntireX was designed to operate together with a security system, there is no additional application programming necessary.

This diagram depicts the location of the security components of the kernel and stubs of EntireX Broker:



See also *EntireX Security*.

5 Broker Quick Reference

ACI Syntax of Messaging Model	3;	2
Location of Broker Kernel and Stubs		
Transport: Broker Stubs and APIs	34	4

ACI Syntax of Messaging Model

This table provides the ACI syntax used in EntireX Broker's communication model *Client and Server*.

Messaging Term		Client	Server
Synchronicity	Synchronous	■ SEND (1)	■ RECEIVE
		■ WAIT=YES (1)	■ WAIT=YES
	Asynchronous (2)	■ SEND	■ RECEIVE
		■ WAIT=NO	■ WAIT=NO
		■ WAIT=YES	
Conversationality	Conversational (2)	■ SEND	■ RECEIVE
		CONV-ID=NEW	
	Non-conversational (2)	■ SEND	■ RECEIVE
		CONV-ID=NONE	



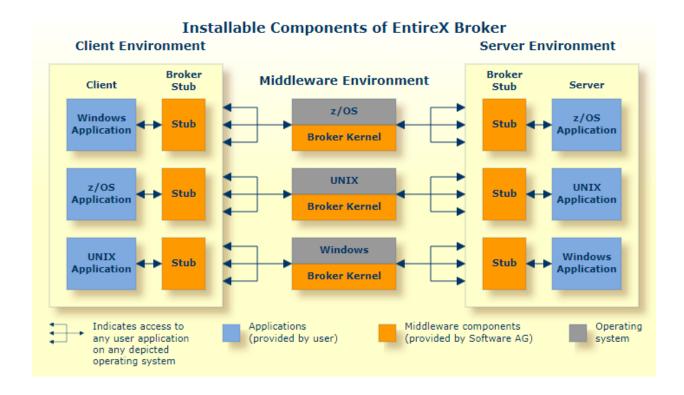
Notes:

- 1. The synchronous SEND, WAIT=YES command contains an implied RECEIVE command.
- 2. Persistence available. See Concepts of Persistent Messaging.

32

Location of Broker Kernel and Stubs

This graphic shows the locations where the broker kernel and broker stubs can be installed. See *Architecture of Broker Kernel* and *Architecture of Broker Stub*.



Transport: Broker Stubs and APIs

This table gives an overview of the transport methods supported by EntireX Broker stubs.

			Transport to Broker					
Operating System	Environment	Module	ТСР	SSL	NET (1)	HTTP(S) (5)		
z/OS	Adabas Replication Services	ARFETB	х	(2)	х			
	Batch, TSO, IMS (BMP)	BROKER	х	(2)	х			
	Com-plete	СОМЕТВ	х	(2)	х			
	CICS	CICSETB	х	(2)	х			
	IMS (MPP)	МРРЕТВ	х	(2)	х			
	IDMS/DC (3)	IDMSETB		(2)				
	Natural	NATETB23	х	(2)	х			
	Natural RPC Server	NATETBZ	х	(2)	х			
	UNIX System Services	EntireX Java ACI	х	х		х		
UNIX		broker.so	х	х				
		EntireX Java ACI	х	х		х		
Windows		broker.dll ⁽⁴⁾	х	х				
		EntireX Java ACI	х	х		х		
BS2000	Batch, Dialog (formerly TIAM)	BROKER	х		х			
z/VSE	Batch	BKIMB	х	(6)	х			
	CICS	BKIMC	х	(6)	х			
IBM i		EXA	х					



Notes:

- 1. NET is available for transport to a broker running under mainframe platforms only; not to a broker running under UNIX or Windows.
- 2. Under z/OS, use IBM's Application Transparent Transport Layer Security (AT-TLS). Refer to the IBM documentation for more information. See also *SSL/TLS and Certificates with EntireX*.
- 3. Tracing and transport timeout are not supported in this environment.
- 4. Stub broker32.dll is supported for reasons of backward compatibility. The functionality is identical to broker.dll.
- 5. Via EntireX Broker HTTP(S) Agent; see Broker HTTP(S) Agent in the UNIX and Windows Administration documentation.
- 6. Under z/VSE, use BSI's Automatic Transport Layer Security (ATLS). Refer to the BSI SSL Installation, Programming and User's Guide. See also SSL/TLS and Certificates with EntireX.

See also:

- *Transport Methods for Broker Stubs* in the platform-specific broker stub Administration documentation
- Setting Transport Methods under Writing Advanced Applications EntireX Java ACI

II

Broker Attributes

6 Broker Attributes

Name and Location of Attribute File	41
Attribute Syntax	41
Broker-specific Attributes	
Service-specific Attributes	
Codepage-specific Attributes	
Adabas SVC/Entire Net-Work-specific Attributes	
Security-specific Attributes	
■ TCP/IP-specific Attributes	86
c-tree-specific Attributes	
SSL/TLS-specific Attributes	91
■ DIV-specific Attributes	97
Adabas-specific Attributes	
Application Monitoring-specific Attributes	
Authorization Rule-specific Attributes	102
■ Variable Definition File	103



Note: This section lists all EntireX Broker parameters. Not all parameters are applicable to all supported operating systems.

The Broker attribute file contains a series of parameters (attributes) that control the availability and characteristics of clients and servers, as well as of the Broker itself. You can customize the Broker environment by modifying the attribute settings.

Name and Location of Attribute File

The name and location of the broker attribute file is platform-dependent.

Platform	File Name/Location
z/OS	Member EXBATTR in the EntireX Broker source library.
UNIX	File etbfile in directory < InstDir>/EntireX/config/etb/ <brokername> (default) *</brokername>
Windows	File < BrokerName>.atr in directory < InstDir>\EntireX\config\etb\ <brokername> (default)*</brokername>
BS2000	File ETB-ATTR in library EXX103.JOBS.
z/VSE	Library member <i>ETBnnn.ATR</i> , where <i>nnn</i> is a placeholder specifying the broker instance (e.g. <i>nnn</i> = the assigned broker ID).

* When starting a broker manually, name and location of the broker attribute file can be overwritten with the environment variable ETB_ATTR.

Attribute Syntax

Each entry in the attribute file has the format:

ATTRIBUTE - NAME=value

The following rules and restrictions apply:

- A line can contain multiple entries separated by commas.
- Attribute names can be entered in mixed upper and lowercase.
- Spaces between attribute names, values and separators are ignored.
- Spaces in the attribute names are not allowed.
- Commas and equal signs are not allowed in value notations.
- Lines starting with an asterisk (*) are treated as comment lines. Within a line, characters following an * or # sign are also treated as comments.
- The CLASS keyword must be the first keyword in a service definition.
- Multiple services can be included in a single service definition section. The attribute settings will apply to all services defined in the section.
- Attributes specified after the service definition (CLASS, SERVER, SERVICE *keywords*) overwrite the default characteristics for the service.
- Attribute values can contain variables of the form \${variable name} or \$variable name:

- Due to variations in EBCDIC codepages, braces should only be used on ASCII (UNIX or Windows) platforms or EBCDIC platforms using the IBM-1047 (US) codepage.
- The variable name can contain only alphanumeric characters and the underscore (_) character.
- The first non-alphanumeric or underscore character terminates the variable name.
- Under UNIX and Windows, the string \${variable name} is replaced with the value of the corresponding environment variable.
- On z/OS, variable values are read from a file defined by the DD name ETBVARS. The syntax of this file is the same as the attribute file.
- If a variable has no value: if the variable name is enclosed in braces, error 00210594 is given, otherwise \$variable name will be used as the variable value.
- If you encounter problems with braces (and this is quite possible in a z/OS environment), we suggest you omit the braces.

Broker-specific Attributes

The broker-specific attribute section begins with the keyword DEFAULTS=BROKER. It contains attributes that apply to the broker. At startup time, the attributes are read and duplicate or missing values are treated as errors. When an error occurs, the broker stops execution until the problem is corrected.



Tip: To avoid resource shortages for your applications, be sure to specify sufficiently large values for the broker attributes that define the global resources.

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
ABEND-LOOP-DETECTION	YES I NO	0	z	u	W	V	b			
	YES Stop broker if a task terminates abnormally twice, that is, the same abend reason at the same abend location already occurred. This attribute prevents an infinite abend loop.									
	NO Use only if requested by Software AG Support. This setting may make sense if a known error leads to an abnormal termination, but a hotfix solving the problem has not yet been provided. Reset to YES when the hotfix has been installed.									
ABEND-MEMORY-DUMP	YES I NO	0	z	u	w	v	b			
	YES Print all data pools of the is needed to analyze the NO If the dump has already the extra overhead.	e abend.				•	•			
ACCOUNTING	<u>NO</u> I 128-255	0	z							
	NOIYES[SEPARATOR=char]	0		u	w	v	b			
	Determines whether account	Ü		eated.						
	NO Do not create accounting records.									
	<pre>nnn The SMF record number to use when writing the accounting records. YES Create accounting data.</pre>									
	See also <i>Accounting in Entire</i> documentation.	X Broker i	in the pla	tform-sp	ecific Adı	ministra	tion			

		Opt/	Operating System						
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
ACCOUNTING-VERSION	1 2 3 4 5	0	Z	u	w	V	b		
	Determines whether accounting records are created. 1 Collect accounting information. This value is supported for reasons of								
	compatibility with EntireX Broker 7.2.1 and below.								
	2 Collect extended accounting information in addition to that available with option 1.								
	3 Create accounting records in layout of version 3.								
	4 Create accounting records	•							
	5 Create accounting records	in layou	t of versi	on 5.					
	This parameter applies wher	n ACCOUN	TING is a	ctivated			1		
ACI-CONVERSION	YES I NO	О	Z	u	w	V	b		
APPLICATION-MONITORING or APPMON	YES Convert ACI request ar the Internationalization NO Translate ACI request a support of national characteristic internationalization doe Note: This attribute was undervalue NO. This meant that a trrecommended. YES NO Enable application monitorin YES Enable application monitorin See Application Monitoring.	nd resport docume nd responderers. Scumental cocumental	nse string entation. Inse with See <i>Transl</i> ction. The ed in earling user exi	s with IC internal ation Use ier Entire t was use	CU. See IC translation or Exit in the	TU Conve on table v he	rsion in vithout d default		
AUTOLOGON	YES LOGON occurs automatically during the first SEND or REGISTER. NO The application has to issue a LOGON call.								
AUTOSTART	NO I YES	О		u	W				
	This attribute defines the autostart behavior of a broker.								
	NO Broker is <i>not</i> started automatically with the next system start. YES Broker is restarted automatically with the next system start.								

	Opt/ Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
	Note: Prior to EntireX version	n 10.5 thi	s was ha	ndled by	the Broke	r Admir	ı istration		
	Service.			J					
BLACKLIST-PENALTY-TIME	<u>5m</u> <i>n</i> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H	R	Z	u	w	v	b		
	Define the length of time a parto prevent a denial-of-service	•	t is placed	d on the	PARTICIP	ANT-BL	ACKLIST		
	n Same as nS.								
	nS Non-activity time in seco	onds (ma	x. 214748	3647).					
	nM Non-activity time in min	utes (ma	x. 357913	394).					
	nH Non-activity time in hou	rs (max.	596523).	·					
	See <i>Protecting a Broker against</i> . Administration documentati	-	-Service A	ttacks in t	the platfor	m-specif	ic broker		
BROKER-ID	A32	R	z	u	w	V	b		
	Note: The numerical section DBID in the EntireX Broker & determine the DBID, use attril file.	kernel wi	th Entire	Net-Wo	rk transpo	ort (NET)). To		
CLIENT-NONACT	15M n nS nM nH	R	Z	u	w	v	b		
	Define the non-activity time n Same as nS. nS Non-activity time in second Non-activity time in min	onds (ma: utes (ma	x. 214748 x. 357913	•					
	nH Non-activity time in hours (max. 596523).A client that does not issue a broker request within the specified time limit is treated as inactive and all resources for the client are freed.								
CMDLOG	NO I YES	О	Z	u	w	V	b		
	NO Command logging will not be available in the broker. YES Command logging features will be available in the broker.								
CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE	<u>1024</u> <i>n</i>	О	Z	u	w	v	b		
	Defines the maximum size of The value must be 1024 or hi log file grows to this size, brosee Command Logging in En	gher. The oker start	e default	value is	1024. Wh€	en one co	ommand		

		Opt/	Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
CONTROL-INTERVAL	<u>60s</u> n nS nM nH	0	z	u	w	V	b				
	Defines the time interval of time-driven broker-to-broker calls.										
	1. It controls the time between handshake attempts.										
	2. The standby broker will check the status of the standard broker after the elapsed CONTROL - INTERVAL time.										
	n Same as n S.										
	nS Interval in seconds (max. 2147483647).										
	nM Interval in minutes (max	. 3579139	94).								
	n H Interval in hours (max. 5	96523).									
	The minimum value is 16 secseconds), except for very slo		· ·	y recomi	mend the o	default v	alue (60				
CONV-DEFAULT	UNLIM n	О	Z	u	w	V	b				
DEFERRED	UNLIM The number of conversations globall n Number of conversa This value can be overridder A value of 0 (zero) is invalid.	ersations y availab tions. n by spec	is restric le. Preclu	ted only ides the i	by the nu	mber of -CONVER					
DEFERRED	Disable or enable deferred p					v	l D				
	NO Units of work cannot be YES Units of work can be see be processed when the	e sent to nt to a se service b	the service	ce until i	t is availat p and regi		1				
DYNAMIC-MEMORY- MANAGEMENT	YES I NO	О	Z	u	W	V	b				
	YES An initial portion of me NUM-* attributes or inte defined. More memory to use more storage. Ur memory consumption of Dynamic Memory Manage NO All memory is allocated defined NUM-* attribute known behavior of Entitled	ernal defa is allocationsed me can be de gement un d at broke es. Size o	ault value ted without mory is of fined by nder <i>Brok</i> er startup f memory	es if no Nout broke deallocat the attril ter Resound based of y cannot	UM-* attri er restart in ed. The up oute MAX- ece Allocation the calc	butes ha f there is oper lim MEMORY. on. ulation f	ve been a need it of See rom the				

Attribute		Opt/	Operating System						
	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
	If you run your broker win following attributes are no		DYNAMI	C-MEMOR	Y-MANAGE	MENT=Y	ES, the		
	■ CONV-DEFAULT	■ NUM-SE	RVER						
	■ HEAP-SIZE	■ NUM-SE		KTENSION					
	■ LONG-BUFFER-DEFAULT	- ■ NUM-SE	RVICE						
	■ SERVER-DEFAULT	■ NUM-SH	ORT[-Bl	JFFER]					
	■ SHORT-BUFFER-DEFAULT	- ■ NUM-UO	V MAX - U()WS MUOW					
	■ NUM-CLIENT	■ NUM-WQ	E						
	■ NUM-CMDLOG-FILTER								
	■ NUM-COMBUF								
	■ NUM-CONV[ERSATION]								
	■ NUM-LONG[-BUFFER]								
	Caution: However, if one of size of that particular broken			defined,	it determi	nes the a	allocation		
DYNAMIC-WORKER-	NO I YES	О	z	u	w		b		
	NO All worker tasks are is defined by NUM-WO be started. This is de and earlier. YES As above, the initial determined by NUM-Workload, additional broker. Conversely, if and lower limit of ru WORKER-MIN and WO	RKER. After fault and si portion of v IORKER. How worker task f a worker ta nning work RKER-MAX.	this init mulates worker ta wever, if as can be ask rema ker tasks	ial step, i the behandsks start there is a started at ins unus can be d	no further vior of Ent ed at brok need to ha runtime v ed, it is sto efined by	worker tireX ver er startu ndle an i vithout r opped. T the attri	tasks can rsion 8.0 up is increased restarting he upper butes		
	If you run broker with DYNA are useful to optimize the			GEMENI=	YES, the fo	llowing	attributes		
	■ WORKER-MAX								
	■ WORKER-MIN								
	■ WORKER-NONACT								
	■ WORKER-QUEUE-DEPTH								
	■ WORKER-START-DELAY								
	The attribute NUM-WORKER initialization. See <i>Dynamic</i>						_		

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	tem			
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
ETBCOM	YES I NO	0					b		
	Bundles the output of the var	rious bro	ker tasks	in task	ЕТВСОМ.		•		
FORCE	NO I YES	О		u					
	NO Go down with error if I YES Clean up the left-over II Note:				s run.				
	 If broker is started twice, t IPC resources. For z/OS, z/VSE and BS200 					•	C		
			T	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	T I	DETTIOL	1		
HEAP-SIZE	<u>1024</u> <i>n</i>	О	Z	u	W	V	b		
	Defines the size of the internal heap in KB. Not required if you are using DYNAMIC-MEMORY-MANAGEMENT. If you are <i>not</i> using dynamic memory management, we strongly recommend specifying - as a minimum - the default value of 1024 KB.								
ICU-CONVERSION	YES I NO	О	Z	u	w	V	b		
	YES ICU is loaded and avail CONVERSION=SAGTCHA NO ICU is not loaded and r and CONVERSION=SAGT If any of the broker service de Conversion, that is, CONVERSI ICU-CONVERSION must be se Exits) or CONVERSION=NO as service definitions, ICU-CON ICU requires additional stora setting ICU-CONVERSION to N	lable for and CON not available RPC cannot effinitions ION=SAGet to YES. characte VERSION	conversion VERSION Table for control Strusses the TCHA or () If you are r conversed can be seen	on. It is a = SAGTRI onversioned. Characte CONVERS re using tion appret to NO.	prerequis PC. n. CONVER or conversion ION=SAGT only a use roach for a	ite for SION=S on appro RPC, r exit (see Il your b	AGTCHA Dach <i>ICU</i> See <i>User</i> Droker needed,		
ICU-DATA-DIRECTORY	Folder or directory name in quotes.	О	Z	u	w				
	The location where the broker searches for ICU custom converters. See <i>Building</i> and <i>Installing ICU Custom Converters</i> in the platform-specific Administration documentation.								
ICU-SET-DATA-DIRECTORY	YES I NO	О	Z	u	w				
	Disable or enable ICU custor	n conver	ter usage				,		

	Opt/ Operating System										
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
	YES The broker tries to locate ICU custom converters with the mechanism defined by the platform, see <i>Building and Installing ICU Custom Converters</i> in the platform-specific Administration documentation.										
	NO Use of ICU custom con	verters is	not poss	sible.							
IPV6	YES I <u>NO</u>	О	z	u	W		b				
	YES Establish SSL and TCP/IP transport in IPv6 and IPv4 networks according the TCP/IP stack configuration. NO Establish SSL and TCP/IP transport in IPv4 network only.										
	This attribute applies to Enti	reX versi	ion 9.0 an	d above	•						
LONG-BUFFER-DEFAULT	Number of long buffers to be	О	Z	u	W	V	b				
MAX-MEMORY	n Number of buffers. This value can be overridden A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. O n nK nM nG UNLIM Defines the upper limit of medium of the DYNAMIC - MEMORY - MANAGEM	O emory al	z located b	u y brokei	w	I⊺ for th v	e service.				
	0, UNLIM No memory limit. others Defines the maxim error 671 "Request	num limi									
MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH	<u>2147483647</u> <i>n</i>	0	Z	u	W	v	b				
	Maximum message size that the broker kernel can process. This value is transport-dependent. The default value represents the highest positive number that can be stored in a four-byte integer.										
MAX-MESSAGES-IN-UOW	<u>16</u> <i>n</i>	0	Z	u	w	v	b				
	Maximum number of messag	ges in a U	JOW.								
MAX-MSG	See MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH.										
MAX-TRACE-FILES	<u>4</u> n	О		u	w						
	Defines the number of backu is 1; maximum is 999. A new TRACE-FILE-SIZE is exceed	trace file	e is alloca	ited whe	n the valu	e for					

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	ETB.LOG file. See <i>Trace File I</i> documentation.	Handling i	in the UN	VIX and	Windows	Adminis	stration			
MAX-UOW-MESSAGE-LENGTH	See MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH.									
MAX-UOWS	<u>0</u> <i>n</i>	0	Z	u	w	V	b			
	The maximum number of UOWs that can be concurrently active broker-wide. The default value is 0 (zero), which means that the broker will process only messages that are not part of a unit of work. If UOW processing is to be done by any service, a MAX-UOWS value must be 1 or larger for the broker.									
	The MAX-UOWS value for the service will default to the value set for the broker. NUM-UOW is an alias of this parameter.									
MESSAGE-CASE	NONE I UPPER I LOWER	0	Z	u	w	V	b			
	Indicates if certain error mess by the broker to its log file ar									
	NONE No changes are made to message case.									
	UPPER Messages are changed to uppercase.									
	LOWER Messages are change	ed to lowe	ercase.							
MUOW	See NUM-UOW.									
NEW-UOW-MESSAGES	YES I NO	О	Z	u	w	V	b			
	NO New UOW messages and This applies to UOW when used non-persistent UOWs. A usal The broker persistent store reset NEW-UOW-MESSAGES to Neafter a broker restart. This act UOWs to occur after broker is sufficiently reduced, the Entitisee ALLOW-NEWUOWMSGS. This	YES New UOW messages are allowed. NO New UOW messages are not allowed. This applies to UOW when using Persistence and should not be used for non-persistent UOWs. A usage example could be the following: The broker persistent store reaches capacity and the broker shuts down. You can set NEW-UOW-MESSAGES to NO to prevent new UOW messages from being added after a broker restart. This action allows only consumption (not production) of UOWs to occur after broker restart. After the persistent store capacity has been sufficiently reduced, the EntireX Broker administrator can issue a CIS command, see ALLOW-NEWUOWMSGS. This action allows new UOW messages to be sent to the broker. Reset attribute NEW-UOW-MESSAGES to YES, which permits new UOW								
NUM-BLACKLIST-ENTRIES	<u>256</u> l n	О	z	u	w	V	b			
	Number of entries in the part with BLACKLIST-PENALTY-used to protect a broker runrattacks. See <i>Protecting a Broker</i>	TIME and ning with against D	I <mark>PARTIC</mark> I SECURI I enial-of-S	IPANT-E	BLACKLIS against de	T, this at enial-of-s	tribute is ervice			
	broker Administration documents	пенано	n.							

		stem								
Attribute	Values	Opt/ Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	Number of clients that can a invalid.	ccess the	broker c	oncurrer	ıtly. A valı	ıе of 0 (z	zero) is			
NUM-CMDLOG-FILTER	<u>1</u> <i>n</i>	О	z	u	w	V	b			
	Maximum number of filters that can be specified simultaneously.									
	Tip: We recommend you lin monitored. Minimum value CMDLOG is set to YES. See <i>Co</i>	is 1. A va	lue of ze	ro is inva	alid when	the attri	bute			
NUM-COMBUF	<u>1024</u> 1-999999	R	z	u	w	V	b			
	Determines the maximum nu commands arriving in the business usually 16 KB split into 32 sl hardware architecture of you	roker ker ots of 512	nel. The s 2 bytes, b	size of or ut it ulti	ne commu mately dej	nication pends or	buffer is			
NUM-CONVERSATION or NUM-CONV	n I AUTO	R	z	u	w	V	b			
	specified should be high end non-conversational requests as one-conversation requests n Number of conversation and Number of conversation requests. AUTO Uses the CONV-DEFAU calculate the number must not be set to UNL Note:	. (Non-co s.) fons. ILT and the of conver	onversations.	onal requ e-specifiα Γhe valu	ests are tr	eated in MIT valu	ues to ulation			
	 A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. If a wildcard service is defined in the service-specific section of the attribute file, the value of AUTO is invalid. See Wildcard Service Definitions. 									
NUM-LONG-BUFFER or	4096 n AUTO	R	Z	u	w	V	b			
NUM-LONG	Defines the number of long message containers. Long message containers have a fixed length of 4096 bytes and are used to store requests that are larger than 2048 bytes. Storing a request of 8192 bytes, for example, would require two long message containers. **Number of buffers.** AUTO Uses the LONG-BUFFER-DEFAULT and the service-specific LONG-BUFFER-LIMIT values to calculate the number of long message buffers.									
	The values used in the A value of 0 (zero) is invalid		ion must	not be s	et to UNLI	М.				

		Opt/ Operating System									
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
	In non-conversational mode, no receives a reply from the server released as soon as the server.	ver. If no	reply is 1	equestec	l, messag						
	In <i>conversational</i> mode, the la received.	st messa	ge receiv	ed is alw	ays kept ı	until a ne	ew one is				
	Note:										
	1. If a catch-all service is defithe value of AUTO is invali		e service	-specific	section of	the attri	bute file,				
	2. See Wildcard Service Definitions.										
NUM-PARTICIPANT-	n	О	Z	u	W	v	b				
EXTENSION	Defines the number of participant extensions to link participants as clients and servers.										
	<i>n</i> Number of participant extensions.										
	not specified If this attribute i			ult value	is calcula	ited base	d on				
	A value of 0 (zero) is invalid.										
NUM-SERVER	n I AUTO	R	Z	u	W	V	b				
	Defines the number of server. This is <i>not</i> the number of services.				-	_					
	<i>n</i> Number of servers.										
	AUTO Uses the SERVER-DEF to calculate the number not be set to UNLIM.										
	Note:										
	Setting this value higher the replicas that provide the s			services a	allows the	starting	of server				
	2. A value of 0 (zero) is invalid section of the attribute file					ne service	e-specific				
	3. See Wildcard Service Defin	nitions.									
NUM-SERVICE	n	R	z	u	w	v	b				

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	Defines the number of service number of servers that can of is invalid.		_							
NUM-SERVICE-EXTENSION	n I AUTO	0	z	u	w	v	b			
NOT SERVICE EXTENSION	Defines the number of service extensions to link servers to services. **Number of service extensions.** AUTO Uses the value specified or calculated for NUM-SERVER+NUM-C plus an extra cushion. **not specified If this attribute is not set, the default value is NUM-SERVER multiply NUM-SERVICE.** The minimum value is NUM-SERVER. The maximum value is NUM-SERVER multiplied by NUM-SERVICE. Caution is recommended with this attribute: Set this attribute only if the storage resources allocated for service extensioned to be restricted. Note that the value *n* allows only the specified number of server instance to be used.									
NUM-SHORT-BUFFER or NUM-SHORT	■ Value AUTO will calculate the NUM-SERVER, which itself the value of SERVER-DEFA service definition. n AUTO Defines the number of short fixed length of 256 bytes and To store a request of 1024 by containers.	might be ULT and R message are used	even the z containe to store i	T0. In the individue under the control of the contr	w message of no more	is also co R-LIMIT V containe	b rs have a			
	 Number of buffers. AUTO Uses the SHORT-BUFFER-DEFAULT and the service-specific SHORT-BUFFER-LIMIT values to calculate the number of short message buffers. The values used in the calculation must not be set to UNLIM. Note: In non-conversational mode, message containers are released as soon as the client receives a reply from the server. If no reply is requested, message containers are released as soon as the server receives the client request. 									

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	Operating System						
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000					
	2. In <i>conversational</i> mode, the is received.	last mes	ssage rece	eived is a	ilways kep	ot until a	new one					
	3. If a wildcard service is defithe value of AUTO is invali		ne service	e-specific	section of	the attri	ibute file,					
	4. See Wildcard Service Defin	nitions.										
NUM-UOW	<u>0</u> <i>n</i>	О	z	u	w	v	b					
	The maximum number of UOWs that can be concurrently active broker-wide default value is 0 (zero), which means that the broker will process only messathat are not part of a unit of work. If UOW processing is to be done by any ser a NUM-UOW value must be 1 or larger for the broker. (MAX-UOWS is an alias for attribute.) The NUM-UOW value for the service will default to the value set for the broker.											
NUM-WORKER	1 n (max. 10)	R	Z	u	w W	v	b b					
	Number of worker tasks that the broker can use. The number of worker tasks determines the number of functions (SEND, RECEIVE, REGISTER, etc.) that can be processed concurrently. At least one worker task is required; this is the default value.											
NUM-WQE	1-32768	R	Z	u	w	v	b					
	Maximum number of reques all transport mechanisms. Each broker command is assistransport mechanism being ureceived the results of the contimed out.	igned a v used. Thi	vorker qı s elemen	ueue elei t is relea	nent, rega sed when	rdless o	f the has					
PARTICIPANT-BLACKLIST	YES I NO	R	Z	u	w	v	b					
	Determines whether participants attempting a denial-of-service attack on the broker are to be put on a blacklist. YES Create a participant blacklist. NO Do not create a participant blacklist. See Protecting a Broker against Denial-of-Service Attacks in the platform-specific broker Administration documentation.											
PARTNER-CLUSTER-ADDRESS	A32	R	z	u	w	v	b					
	This is the address of the load methods TCP and SSL are su details. This attribute is requ	pported.	See Trans	sport-met	thod-style E	Broker ID	-					
PERCENTAGE-FOR-	<u>90</u> 1-100	О	Z	u	w	v	b					
CONNECTION-		1	1	•	' '		•					

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
SHORTAGE-MESSAGE	Broker will issue a message i (available file descriptors) is descriptors.		_	_						
POLL	YES I <u>NO</u>	О	Z	u		V				
	In earlier EntireX versions, the maximum number of TCP/IP connections per communicator was limited; see <i>Maximum TCP/IP Connections per Communicator</i> under <i>Broker Resource Allocation</i> for platform-specific list. With attribute POLL introduced in EntireX version 9.0, this restriction can be lifted under z/OS, UNIX and z/VSE.									
	NO This setting is used to r system call is not used. Connections per Commun	The limi	tations d	escribed	under Ma	ximum T	TCP/IP			
	YES The poll() system call in multiplexing file des			esource 1	restriction	s with Se	elect()			
	Note: The maximum number of file descriptors per process is a hard limit that cannot be exceeded by POLL=YES.									
	Setting this attribute to YES increases CPU consumption. POLL=YES is only use if									
	■ you need more than the maximum number of TCP/IP connections per communicator, as described under <i>Maximum TCP/IP Connections per Communicat</i> under <i>Broker Resource Allocation</i> , and									
	this maximum number is less than the maximum number of file descriptors per process									
	We recommend POLL=NO to	reduce C	PU cons	umption						
PSTORE	NO I HOT I COLD	О	Z	u	w	v	b			
	Defines the status of the persistent store at broker startup, including the condition of persistent units of work (UOWs). With any value other than NO, PSTORE-TYPE must be set.									
	NO No persistent store.									
	HOT Persistent UOWs are restored to their prior state during initialization.									
	COLD Persistent UOWs are not restored during initialization, and the persistent store is considered empty.									
	Note: For a hot or cold start, the persistent store must be available when your									
	broker is restarted.									
PSTORE-REPORT	NO I YES	0	Z	u	w	v	b			
	Determines whether PSTOR	E report	is created	l.						

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000						
	NO Do not create the PSTO YES Create the PSTORE rep	•	t file.										
	See also Persistent Store Repor												
PSTORE-TYPE	DIV (z/OS) CTREE (UNIX, Windows) ADABAS (all platforms) FILE (UNIX, Windows)	о	z	u	W	V	b						
	Describes the type of persistent store driver required.												
	DIV Data in Virtual. z/OS only, and default on this platform. See <i>DIV-specific</i> Attributes below and Implementing a DIV Persistent Store under Managing the Broker Persistent Store.												
	c-tree database. UNIX and Windows only. See <i>c-tree-specific Attri</i> and <i>c-tree Database as Persistent Store</i> in the UNIX and Windows Administration documentation.												
	ADABAS Adabas. All platform Managing the Broker documentation.				•								
	FILE B-Tree database. UNIX and Windows only. No longer supported.												
PSTORE-VERSION	2 3 4 5	О	Z	u	w	V	b						
	Determines the version of the persistent store. PSTORE=COLD is not needed to upgrade the PSTORE to version 3. Any broker restart with PSTORE-VERSION=3 will upgrade the PSTORE version.												
	PSTORE-VERSION=3 is need	ed for IC	U suppo	rt.									
	The DIV PSTORE requires P	STORE-V	ERSION=	-4.									
	PSTORE-VERSION=5 was add values on z/OS, and unique of PSTORE-VERSION=5 significall platforms. We strongly re	message antly im _l	IDs on al	l platfor nt Adaba	ms. See <i>U1</i> as PSTORE	1ique Me	ssage ID.						
	Caution:												
	■ If you go back to PSTORE- the broker will only proces 3 data will be accessible.				_								
	■ If you change the DIV PST the change to take effect, o				-	COLD r	estart for						
	■ If you change to PSTORE - \ take effect.	/ERSION=	=5, perfo	rm a CO	LD restart	for the o	change to						

		Opt/		Ор	Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000						
RUN-MODE	STANDARD STANDBY PSTORE-LOAD PSTORE-UNLOAD	О	z	u	W	V	b						
	Determines the initial run mode of the broker.												
	STANDARD Default value. Normal mode.												
	STANDBY Deprecated												
	PSTORE-LOAD Broker will run as load broker to write Persistent Store data to a new persistent store. See also <i>Migrating the Persistent Store</i> .												
	PSTORE-UNLOAD Broker wil store and p mode. See	unning in	- ·										
SECURITY	NO I YES	О	Z	u	w	V	b						
SERVER-DEFAULT	NO EntireX Security is not a YES EntireX Security is active See EntireX Security. In UNLIM Default number of servers the Number of servers. UNLIM The number of servers.	O aat are all	z owed for	•		V	b						
	available. Precludes					servers	globally						
	This value can be overridder value of 0 (zero) is invalid.	the use o	f NUM-SE	RVER=AI	JTO.								
SERVICE-UPDATES	This value can be overridder	the use o	f NUM-SE	RVER=AI	JTO.								
SERVICE-UPDATES	This value can be overridder value of 0 (zero) is invalid. YES NO Switch on/off the automatic of the second of	on by special by special object to horizontal only once the contract of the co	f NUM-SE ifying a S z node of the whene onor mode only wild when a ce during	u ne broker ifications hen the fi second is	UTO. LIMIT for w c. vice regist s in the attribit server replica is a startup. Ar	v vers for the register activated	be first a without s for a						
SERVICE-UPDATES SHORT-BUFFER-DEFAULT	This value can be overridder value of 0 (zero) is invalid. YES NO Switch on/off the automatic of the service of the servic	on by special by special object to horizontal only once the contract of the co	f NUM-SE ifying a S z node of the whene onor mode only wild when a ce during	u ne broker ifications hen the fi second is	UTO. LIMIT for w c. vice regist s in the attribit server replica is a startup. Ar	v vers for the register activated	be first a without s for a						

		Opt/		Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
	buffers globally avail n Number of buffers.	This value can be overridden by specifying a SHORT-BUFFER-LIMIT for the serv									
CT00.405 DED00T	A value of 0 (zero) is invalid.	1	1	1			Ι,				
STORAGE - REPORT	NO I YES Create a storage report abou	0	Z	u	W	V	b				
	NO Do not create the storage report. YES Create the storage report. See Storage Report.										
STORE	OFF I BROKER	О	Z	u	W	v	b				
	by the STORE field in the Bro OFF Units of work are n BROKER Units of work are p	ot persis	tent.								
TRACE-DD	A255	О	Z								
	A string containing data set attributes enclosed in quotation marks. These attribute describe the trace output file and must be defined if you are using using a GDG (generation data group) as output data set. See <i>Flushing Trace Data to a GDG Data Set</i> under <i>Tracing EntireX Broker</i> .										
	The following keywords are	support	ed as par	t of the ⊺	RACE-DD	value:					
	■ DATACLAS			■ MGMT	CLAS						
	■ DCB including BLKSIZE, DRECFM)SORG, LF	RECL,	■ SPA ■ STOR							
	■ DISP			■ UNI							
	■ DSN			0111							
	Refer to your JCL Reference	Manual	for a com	plete de	scription o	of the syr	ntax.				
	Example:										

		Opt/	t/ Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	TRACE-DD = "DSNAME=EXX DCB=(BLKSIZE DISP=(NEW,CA SPACE=(CYL,(STORCLAS=SMS	=1210,0 TLG,CAT 100,10)	LG),	, LRECL	=121,REC	CFM=FB)	,			
	Note: If you specify TRACE-	DD , vou r	nust also	specify	TRMODE=W	IRAP and	a value			
	for TRBUFNUM for the setting	•		1)						
TRACE-FILE-SIZE	n I nK I nM I nG	О		u	w					
	Defines the size of one trace is exceeded, a new trace file is a specified with MAX-TRACE-F parameters help prevent a coin the UNIX and Windows A	allocated ILES is a nstantly	until the reached. I growing l	e maximu There is 1 ETB.LOC	um numbe no default G file. See T	er of trac value. T	e files hese two			
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	О	z	u	w	v	b			
TRANSPORT	The level of tracing to be per 0 No tracing. Default value. 1 Traces incoming requests, errors. 2 All of trace level 1, plus al 3 All of trace level 2, plus al 4 All of trace level 3, plus Br Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 should! If you modify the TRACE-LEV to take effect. For temporary use Command Central or the	outgoing I main ro I routine roker AC be used o EL attrib changes	g replies, outines ex s execute I control only wher ute, you n to TRACE	resource d. block di request must resta	e usage an splays. ed by Soft art the bro without a	ware AG ker for th	support ne chango restart,			
IKANSPURI			Z			V	b			
	The broker transport may be specified as any combination of one or more of the following methods: TCP TCP/IP is supported. SSL SSL/TLS is supported. NET Entire Net-Work is supported. This value is not supported for a broker under UNIX or Windows. Examples:									
	TRANSPORT=NET specifies the supported by the broker.	at only tl	ne Entire	Net-Woi	k transpo	rt metho	od will b€			

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	TRANSPORT=TCP-NET specifimethods will be supported by			CCP/IP a	nd Net-Wo	ork trans	port			
	TRANSPORT=TCP-SSL-NET s transport methods will be su	-			L/TLS, and	l Entire N	Net-Work			
	The parameters for each tran	nsport me	ethod are	describe	ed in the re	espective	e section:			
TRAP-ERROR	nnnn	0	Z	u	W		b			
	Where <i>nnnn</i> is the four-digit example 0007 (Service not re default value. See <i>Deferred Tracing</i> in the pla	gistered)	. Leading	g zeros a	re not requ	uired. Th	nere is no			
TRBUFNUM	n	0	Z	u	W		b			
	Changes the trace to write tr trace buffer in 64 KB units. T				ouffers. <i>n</i> is	s the size	e of the			
TRMODE	WRAP	О	z	u	W		b			
	Changes the trace mode. WRA to write the trace buffer (see by a matching TRAP-ERROR d	TRBUFNU	JM) if an e	event occ	curs. This ϵ	event is t	riggered			
UMSG	See MAX-MESSAGES-IN-UOW									
UOW-DATA-LIFETIME	<u>1D</u> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H <i>n</i> D	О	z	u	W	V	b			
	ns Number of seconds the Unit Number of hours the Unit Number of hours the Unit Number of days the Unit the Unit Number of Seconds the Unit Number of Mumber of Seconds the Unit Number of Seconds the	JOW car JOW can ex W can ex is, is not JT. This a ol block.	n exist (m n exist (m xist (max ist (max. processe	ax. 2147- ax. 3579 c. 596523 24855). d within	483647). 1394).). the time li					
UOW-MSGS	See MAX-MESSAGES-IN-UOW	•								
UOW-STATUS-LIFETIME	no value n[S] nM nH nD	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	The value to be added to the If a value is entered, it must no value is entered, the lifeting the lifetime of the UOW itself.	be 1 or gr me of the	reater; a	value of	0 will resu	lt in an e	error. If			

		Opt/		Opt/ Operating Syste						
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	nS Number of seconds the U 2147483647).	JOW sta	tus exists	longer tl	han the U	OW itse	lf (max.			
	nM Number of minutes (max	c. 357913	94).							
	nH Number of hours (max. 5	596523).								
	nD Number of days (max. 24	1855).								
	This attribute is ignored if PS	STORE=N	0 is defin	ed.						
	The lifetime determines how much additional time the UOW status is retained the persistent store and is calculated from the time at which the associated UC enters any of the following statuses: PROCESSED, TIMEOUT, BACKEDOUT, CANCELL DISCARDED. The additional lifetime of the UOW status is calculated only whe broker is executing. Value in UOW-STATUS-LIFETIME supersedes the value (if specified) in attribute UWSTATP.									
	Note: If no unit is specified, the default unit is seconds. The unit does not have									
	be identical to the unit specif	ied for U	OW-DATA	-LIFETI	ME.					
UWSTAT-LIFETIME	Alias for UOW-STATUS-LIFE	TIME.								
UWSTATP	<u>0</u> l n	O	Z	u	w	V	b			
	Contains a multiplier used to service. The UWSTATP value i lifetime of the associated UO retained in the persistent store.	s multip W) to de	lied by th	e UOW - D	ÂTA-LIFE	LIFETIME value (the				
	0 The status is not pers	istent.								
	1-254 Multiplied by the val a persistent status wi	ue of U0		LIFETIM	IE to deter	mine ho	ow long			
	Note: This attribute has not h	oeen sup	ported si	nce Entir	eX versio	n 7.3. Us	se			
	UOW-STATUS-LIFETIME inst	-	1							
UWTIME	Alias for UOW-DATA-LIFETI	ME.								
WAIT-FOR-ACTIVE-PSTORE	NO I YES	О	z	u	W	V	b			
	Determines whether broker s active, or until c-tree PSTOR				Persisten	t Store to	o become			
	NO If broker should start w active or is not accessible				AS and th	e databa	ase is not			
	If broker should start w still in use, broker will s		ΓORE - TYF	E=CTRE	E and the	c-tree fi	iles are			
	YES If broker should start w active or is not accessible									

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	tem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	communications with the it is able to contact the all the start with the in use, broker will retry will reject any user required.	Adabas o ith a PST every 10	latabase. ORE-TYP seconds t	E=CTREE	and the c	-tree file	s are still a. Broker			
WORKER-MAX	32 <i>n</i> (min. 1, max. 32)	О	Z	u	w		b			
	Maximum number of worke	r tasks th	ne broker	can use.						
WORKER-MIN	<u>1</u> <i>n</i> (min. 1, max. 32)	О	z	u	w		b			
	Minimum number of worker	tasks th	e broker	can use.						
WORKER-NONACT	<u>70S</u> n nS nM nH	О	z	u	w		b			
	Non-activity time to elapse before a worker tasks is stopped.									
	nS Non-activity time in secon nM Non-activity time in in n nH Non-activity time in hou Caution: A value of 0 (zero) overhead is required for star recommended value is 70S.	ninutes (: .rs (max. is invalic	max. 357 596523). d. If you s	91394). .et this va	alue too lo	w, addit				
WORKER-QUEUE-DEPTH	<u>1</u> <i>n</i> (min. 1)	О	z	u	w		b			
	Number of unassigned user requests in the input queue before another worker task gets started. The default and recommended value is 1. A higher value will result in longer broker response times.									
WORKER-START-DELAY	internal-value n	О	Z	u	w		b			
	 n Delay is extended by n seconds. Delay after a successful worker task invocation before another worker task can be started to handle current incoming workload. This attribute is used to avoid the risk of recursive invocation of worker tasks, because starting a worker task itself causes workload increase. If no value is specified, an internal value calculated by the broker is used to optimize dynamic worker management. This calculated value is the maximum time required 									

Service-specific Attributes

Each section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS=SERVICE</code>. Services with common attribute values can be grouped together. The attributes defined in the grouping apply to all services specified within it. However, if a different attribute value is defined immediately following the service definition, that new value applies. See also the sections <code>Wildcard Service Definitions</code> and <code>Service Update Modes</code> below the table.

		Opt/		0	perating S	ystem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
APPLICATION-MONITORING or APPMON	YES I NO O z u w v b									
	YES Enable application monitoring for t NO Disable application monitoring for See <i>Application Monitoring</i> .	•								
APPLICATION-MONITORING-	A100	0	z	u	w	v	ь			
NAME or APPMON-NAME	Specifies the application monitoring name. Used to set the value of the ApplicationName KPI.									
	If omitted, the default value from the APPLICATION-MONITORING section is used. If this value is also not specified, the corresponding CLASS/SERVER/SERV names are used.									
	See Application Monitoring.									
CLASS	A32 (case-sensitive)	R	Z	u	w	v	b			
	Part of the name that identifies the service attributes. CLASS must be specified first, SERVICE. Classes starting with any of the followin and should not be used in customer-writt ETB, RPC, ADABAS, NATURAL. Valid characteristics of the service of the service of the service attributes.	follor g are ten ap cters i	reser oplica for cla use o	wed for tions:	or use by BROKER, me are le percent,	Software SAG, E	ere AG NTIRE, -z, A-Z,			
CLIENT-RPC-AUTHORIZATION	<u>N</u> Y	0	z				b			
	Determines whether this service is subject N No RPC authorization checking is per Y RPC library and program name are apperformed by EntireX Security. Specify	formopeno	ed. led to	the a	uthoriza	tion ch	neck			

Attribute		Opt/ Operating System							
	Values			UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
	To allow conformity with Natural Security parameter can optionally be defined with CLIENT-RPC-AUTHORIZATION= (YES,	h a p	refix o	chara	cter as fol	lows:	ATION		
CONV-LIMIT	UNLIM n	О	z	u	w	v	b		
	Allocates a number of conversations especially for this service. UNLIM The number of conversations is restricted only by the number of								
	conversations globally available. Precludes the use of NUM-CONVERSATION=AUTO in the Broker section of the attribute file.								
	A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. If NUM-CONVERSATION=AUTO is specified in the Broker section of the attribute file, CONV-LIMIT=UNLIM is not allowed in the service section. A value must be specified or the CONV-LIMIT attribute must be suppressed entirely for the service so that the default (CONV-DEFAULT) becomes active.								
CONV-NONACT	<u>5M</u> <i>n</i> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H	R	Z	u	w	v	b		
	 n Same as nS. nS Non-activity time in seconds (max. 2147483647). nM Non-activity time in minutes (max. 35791394). nH Non-activity time in hours (max. 596523). A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. If a connection is not used for the specified time, that is, a server or a client does not issue a broker request that references the connection in any way, the connection is treated as inactive and the allocated resources are freed. 								
CONVERSION	A255 (SAGTCHA[,TRACE=n][,OPTION=s] SAGTRPC[,TRACE=n][,OPTION=s] name[,TRACE=n] N0)	O	Z	u	W	V	b		
	Defines ICU conversion or SAGTRPC user exit for character conversion. See <i>Internationalization with EntireX</i> . SAGTCHA (1) Conversion using ICU Conversion for <i>ACI-based Programming</i> .								
	SAGTRPC (2) Conversion using ICU Conversion for <i>RPC-based Components</i> and <i>Reliable RPC</i> .								
	name (3) Name of the SAGTRPC user exit for RPC-based components and Reliable RPC. See also <i>Configuring SAGTRPC User Exits</i> under								

Broker Broker

		Opt/	Opt/ Operating System						
Attribute	Values			UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
	Configuring Broker for Internationalization in the platform-specific Administration documentation and Writing SAGTRPC User Exits under Configuring Broker for Internationalization in the platform-specific Administration documentation.								
	NO If conversion is not to be or specify CONVERSION=								
	The CONVERSION attribute overrides for a service. That is, when TRANSLATION will be ignored.								
	Note:								
	See also Configuring ICU Conversion Internationalization in the platform		, ,	_	-		tation.		
	2. SAGTRPC is not supported on BS2 pages, use SAGTCHA on BS2000 f					-			
	3. SAGTRPC user exit is not support	ed on z/	VSE a	and B	S2000.				
	TRACE								
	If tracing is switched on, the trace ou following trace levels are available:	tput is w	ritter	n to th	ne broker	log fil	e. The		
	conversion errors only. IDL program and the conversion are set, errors	•							
	2 ADVANCED Tracing of incoming, o 3 SUPPORT This trace level is for s	0 0	•						
	3 SUPPORT This trace level is for s switched on when req		0				y be		
	OPTION								
	See table of possible values under <i>OP</i>	TION Va	lues f	or Co	nversion				
DEFERRED	NO I YES	О	z	u	W	V	b		
	NO Units of work cannot be sent to YES Units of work can be sent to a su units of work will be processed	ervice th	at is r	not up	and regi	stered			
LOAD-BALANCING	YES I NO	О	z	u	W	v	b		

Attribute	Values	Opt/	Operating System						
				UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
	YES When servers that offer a particular will be assigned to these servers in a server will get the first new convers get the second new conversation, at NO A new conversation is always assig	roun satior nd so	nd-rol n, the o on.	bin fas secor	shion. The nd waiting	e first v g serve	vaiting er will		
LONG-BUFFER-LIMIT	UNLIM n	0	z	u	w	v	b		
LONG BOTTER LIMIT	Allocates a number of long message buff					V			
	UNLIM The number of long message but of buffers globally available. Pred NUM-LONG-BUFFER=AUTO in the n Number of long message buffers A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. If NUM-LON Broker section of the attribute file, LONG-in the service section. A value must be spattribute must be suppressed entirely for (LONG-BUFFER-DEFAULT) becomes active	clude Broke G. IG-BU BUFF pecifie r the s	es the er sec UFFER FER-L ed or	use oction o	of the attr of is speci F=UNLIM i ONG-BUF	ribute f fied in is not a FER-L	ile. the illowed		
MAX-MESSAGES-IN-UOW	16 n	1			T ***		h		
MAX-MESSAGES-IN-UUW									
MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH	Maximum number of messages in a UOV 2147483647 n	vv.	z	u	TA7		b		
HAN HESSAGE ELNGTH					W				
	Maximum message size that can be sent to a service. This is transport-dependent. The default value represents the highest positive number that can be stored in a four-byte integer.								
MAX-MSG	See MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH.								
MAX-UOW-MESSAGE-LENGTH	See MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH.								
MAX-UOWS	0 l n	О	z	u	w	v	b		
	 0 The service does not accept units of work, i.e. it processes only messages that are not part of a UOW. Using zero prevents the sending of UOWs to services that are not intended to process them. n Maximum number of UOWs that can be active concurrently for the service. 								
	If you do not provide a MAX-UOWS value for the service, it defaults to the MAX-UOWS setting for the broker. If you provide a value that exceeds that of the broker, the service MAX-UOWS is set to the broker's MAX-UOWS value and a warning message is issued. Specify MAX-UOWS=0 for Natural RPC Servers. This restriction will be removed with a later release.								
MILOU									
MUOW	See MAX-UOWS.								

		Opt/ Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
NOTIFY-EOC	<u>NO</u> I YES	0	z	u	W	V	b			
	Specifies whether timed-out conversations are to be stored or discarded.									
	NO Discard the EOC notifications if the server is not ready to receive.									
	YES Store the EOC notifications if the se notify the server if possible.	is if the server is not ready to receive and the. The an EOC notification, it can be stored or ever is notified, if possible, when it is ready								
	,									
	Caution: The behavior activated by this	parar	neter	can b	e relied u	ıpon o	on only			
	units of work, whose lifetime can span n	e of the broker kernel. Specifically, conversations containing lifetime can span multiple broker kernel sessions, cannot his behavior, even with NOTIFY-EOC=YES.								
NUM-UOW	Alias for MAX-UOWS.									
POSTPONE-ATTEMPTS	<u>0</u> <i>n</i>	О	z	u	w					
	Defines the number of attempts putting a received unit of work (UOW) due to SYNCPOINT option CANCEL on the postpone queue for later processing.									
	0 All UOWs rejected by the receiver (SYNCPOINT option CANCEL) will be cancelled immediately. Attribute POSTPONE-DELAY is ignored.									
	<i>n</i> Defines the number of postpone attempts that are performed instead of considering the UOW finished due to SYNCPOINT option CANCEL; the UOW will be moved to the postpone queue and the UOW status will be changed to POSTPONED. These UOWs will be delivered to the receiver when the time specified with POSTPONE-DELAY has elapsed.									
	The default value is 0. See <i>Postponing Un</i>	its of	Work.							
POSTPONE-DELAY	Q n nS nM nH	0	z	u	w					
	The length of time a UOW is kept in status POSTPONED.									
	0 The postpone feature is disabled. Attribute POSTPONE - ATTEMPTS is ignored.									
	<i>n</i> S Number of seconds the UOW stays unreadable in the postpone queue with status POSTPONED (max. 2147483647).									
	<i>n</i> M Number of minutes the UOW stays unreadable in the postpone queue with status POSTPONED (max. 35791394).									
	<i>n</i> H Number of hours the UOW stays unreadable in the postpone queue with status POSTPONED (max. 596523).									
	<i>n</i> D Number of days the UOW stays unreadable in the postpone queue with status POSTPONED (max. 24855).									

					Operating System					
Attribute	Values		z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	The status of the UOW will be changed for elapsed POSTPONE - DELAY. This delay time UOW - DATA - LIFETIME. The POSTPONE - DUOW - STATUS - LIFETIME in order to make Note: By default, the postpone feature is specified, the minimum delay is 30 second seconds will be increased to this value.	me do ELAY ce the disa	mus UOV	ot affe t be le V rece How	ect the ess than eivable ag ever, if ar	gain. ny valu	ıe is			
SERVER	A32 (case-sensitive)	R	Z	u	w	v	b			
	Part of the name that identifies the service together with the CLASS and SERVICE attributes. CLASS must be specified first, followed immediately by SERVER and SERVICE. Valid characters for server name are letters a-z, A-Z, numbers 0-9, hyphen and underscore. Do not use dollar, percent, period or comma.									
SERVER-DEFAULT	n I UNLIM	О	Z	u	w	v	b			
	 Number of servers. UNLIM The number of servers is restricted only by the number of servers globally available. Precludes the use of NUM-SERVER=AUTO. A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. This value can be overridden by specifying a SERVER-LIMIT for the service. 									
SERVER-LIMIT	n I UNLIM	О	Z	u	W	v	b			
	Allows a number of servers especially for this service. **Number of servers.** UNLIM The number of servers is restricted only by the number of servers globally available. Precludes the use of NUM-SERVER=AUTO in the Brok section of the attribute file. A value of 0 (zero) is invalid. If NUM-SERVER=AUTO is specified in the Broker section of the attribute file, SERVER-LIMIT=UNLIM is not allowed in the service section. A value must be specified or the SERVER-LIMIT attribute must be suppressed entirely for the service so that the default (SERVER-DEFAULT) becomes active. Note: UNIX and Windows: This limit also includes any attach server you are using. Make sure you increase the number by one for each attach server you use.						le, ast be or the			

		Opt/	Opt/ Operating Syste							
Attribute	Values			UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
SERVER-NONACT	<u>5M</u> <i>n</i> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H	R	Z	u	W	v	b			
	Non-activity time for servers. A server the specified time limit is treated as infreed.					-				
	<i>n</i> Same as <i>n</i> S.									
	nS Non-activity time in seconds (max	c. 21474	83647	').						
	nM Non-activity time in minutes (max	c. 35791	394).							
	<i>n</i> H Non-activity time in hours (max. 5	596523).								
	If a server registers multiple services, the highest value of all the services registered is taken as non-activity time for the server.									
SERVICE	A32 (case-sensitive)	R	Z	u	w	v	b			
	Part of the name that identifies the servattributes.	vice tog	ether	with	the CLAS	S and S	SERVER			
	CLASS must be specified first, followed immediately by SERVER and SERVICE									
	The SERVICE attribute names EXTRAC Software AG internal use and should applications. Valid characters for servinyphen and underscore. Do not use do the restriction for CLASS attribute name	not be u ce namo ollar, pe	ısed i e are l	n cus etters	tomer-wr a-z, A-Z	ritten numb	ers 0-9,			
SHORT-BUFFER-LIMIT	UNLIM I n	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	Allocates a number of short message build UNLIM The number of short message of buffers globally available. Publifers globally	buffers reclude the Bro fers. ied in tl not allo	is reses the ker seene Browed in IT att	tricte use o ection oker s n the	d only by f of the at ection of service se e must be	tribute the att ction.	file. ribute A value ressed			
	detive.									
STORF	OFF L BROKER		7	11	3 A7	17	h			
STORE	OFF BROKER Sets the default STORE attribute for all	O	Z of wor	u k son	W t to the se	V	b			
STORE	Sets the default STORE attribute for all	units					b			
STORE		units					b			

		Opt/ Operating System									
Attribute	Values			UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
	This attribute can be overridden by the Sblock.	STORE	field	in th	e Broker	ACI co	ontrol				
TRANSLATION	NO I name (A255)	О	z	u	w	v	b				
	Activates translation user exit for character conversion.										
	NO If translation is not to be used - e.g either omit the TRANSLATION at										
	name Name of Translation User Exit. See under Configuring Broker for Intern Administration documentation of Configuring Broker for International Administration documentation.	ation Writ	alizati ing Tr	on in ansla	the platfo tion User	orm-sp E <i>xits</i> u	ecific				
	The CONVERSION attribute overrides the for a service; that is, when TRANSLATION TRANSLATION will be ignored.										
UMSG	Alias for MAX-MESSAGES-IN-UOW.										
UOW-DATA-LIFETIME	<u>1D</u> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H <i>n</i> D	О	z	u	w	v	b				
UOW-MSGS	Defines the default lifetime for units of value of Number of seconds the UOW can example Number of minutes the UOW can exist not not not not not not not not not no	cist (max t (max (max s defin t is, na	nax. 2 nax. 3 x. 596 . 2485 ned. ot pro	14748 57913 523). 5).	33647). 394). d within						
UOW-M3G3	no value n[S] nM nH nD	О	z	u	TA7	v	b				
	The value to be added to the UOW-DATA-L If a value is entered, it must be 1 or grea If no value is entered, the lifetime of the same as the lifetime of the UOW itself. **Number of seconds the UOW status of 2147483647). **M** Number of minutes (max. 35791394) **nH** Number of hours (max. 596523).	LIFET ter; a UOW	IME (value V stati	lifetire of 0	will resul ormation	ciated t in an will be	UOW). error. e the				

	0				Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000						
	nD Number of days (max. 24855).												
	The lifetime determines how much additional time the UOW status is retained in the persistent store and is calculated from the time at which the associated UOW enters any of the following statuses: PROCESSED, TIMEOUT, BACKEDOUT, CANCELLED, DISCARDED. The additional lifetime of the UOW status is calculated only when broker is executing. Value in UOW-STATUS-LIFETIME supersedes the value (if specified) in attribute UWSTATP.												
	Note: If no unit is specified, the default u	ınit is	s seco	nds.	The unit o	does n	ot have						
	to be identical to the unit specified for UC)W - DA	ATA-L	_I F E T	TIME.								
UWSTATP	<u>0</u> <i>n</i>	О	Z	u	w	v	b						
	Contains a multiplier used to compute the service. The UWSTATP value is multiplied (the lifetime of the associated UOW) to describe will be retained in the persistent store.	by tl	ne U0	W-ST	ATUS-LI	FETIM	E value						
	0 The status is not persistent.												
	1 - 254 Multiplied by the value of UOW-DA a persistent status will be retaine		LIFE ⁻	TIME	to determ	ine ho	w long						
	This attribute is ignored if PSTORE=N0 is	defir	ned.										
	Note: This attribute has not been suppor UOW-STATUS-LIFETIME instead.	ted s	ince I	Entire	X versior	17.3. L	Jse						
UWSTAT-LIFETIME	Alias for UOW-STATUS-LIFETIME.												
UWTIME	Alias for UOW-DATA-LIFETIME.												

Wildcard Service Definitions

The special names of CLASS = *, SERVER = * and SERVICE = * are allowed in the service-specific and authorization rule-specific sections of the broker attribute file. These are known as "wildcard" service definitions. If this name is present in the attribute file, any service that registers with the broker and does not have its own entry in the attribute file will inherit the attributes that apply to the first wildcard service definition found.

For example, a server that registers with CLASS=ACLASS, SERVER=ASERVER and SERVICE=ASERVICE can inherit attributes from any of the following entries in the attribute file (this list is not necessarily complete):

```
CLASS = *, SERVER = ASERVER, SERVICE = ASERVICE
CLASS = ACLASS, SERVER = *, SERVICE = *
CLASS = *, SERVER = *, SERVICE = *
```

Of course, if there is a set of attributes that are specifically defined for CLASS=ACLASS, SERVER=ASERV-ER, SERVICE=ASERVICE, then all of the wildcard service definitions will be ignored in favor of the exact matching definition.

Service Update Modes

EntireX has two modes for handling service-specific attributes. See broker-specific attribute SER-VICE-UPDATES.

- In service update mode (SERVICE-UPDATES=YES), the service configuration sections of the attribute file are read whenever the first replica of a particular service registers.
- In **non-update mode** (SERVICE-UPDATES=NO), the attribute file is not reread. All attributes are read during startup and the broker does not honor any changes in the attribute file. This mode is useful if
 - there is a high frequency of REGISTER operations, or
 - the attribute file is rather large and results in a high I/O rate for the broker.

The disadvantage to using non-update mode is that if specific attributes are modified, the broker must be restarted to effect the changes. Generally, this mode should be used only if the I/O rate of the broker is considerably high, and if the environment seldom changes.

OPTION Values for Conversion

The different option values allow you to either handle character conversion deficiencies as errors, or to ignore them:

- 1. Do not ignore any character conversion errors and force an error always (value STOP). This is the default behavior.
- 2. Ignore if characters cannot be converted into the receiver's codepage, but force an error if sender characters do not match the sender's codepage (value SUBSTITUTE-NONCONV).
- 3. Ignore any character conversion errors (values SUBSTITUTE and BLANKOUT).

Situations 1 and 2 above are reported to the broker log file if the TRACE option for CONVERSION is set to level 1.

				Report Situation	in Broker Log File
				if TRACE	Option for
		Options Su	pported for	CONVERSIO	ON is set to 1
Value	Description	SAGTCHA	SAGTRPC	Bad Input Characters (Sender's Codepage)	Non-convertible Characters (Receiver's Codepage)
SUBSTITUTE	Substitutes both non-convertible characters (receiver's codepage) and bad input characters (sender's codepage) with a codepage-dependent default replacement character.	YES	YES	No message.	No message
SUBSTITUTE - NONCONV	If a corresponding code point is not available in the receiver's codepage, the character cannot be converted and is substituted with a codepage-dependent default replacement character. Bad input characters in sender's codepage are not substituted and result in an error.	YES	YES	Write detailed conversion error message.	No message.
BLANKOUT	Substitutes non-convertible characters with a codepage-dependent default replacement; blanks out the complete RPC IDL field containing one or more bad input characters.	NO	YES	No message.	No message.
STOP	Signals an error on detecting a non-convertible or bad input character. This is the default behavior if no option is specified.	YES	YES	Write detailed conversion error message.	Write detailed conversion error message.

Codepage-specific Attributes

The codepage-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS=CODEPAGE</code> as shown in the sample attribute file. You can use the attributes in this section to customize the broker's locale string defaults and customize the mapping of locale strings to codepages for character conversion with ICU conversion and SAGTRPC user exit. See <code>Internationalization with EntireX</code> for more information.

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	tem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
DEFAULT_ASCII	Any ICU converter name or alias. See also <i>Additional Notes</i> below.	О	Z	u	W	V	ь			
	Customize the broker's locale string defaults by assigning the default codepage for EntireX components (client or server). See <i>Broker's Locale String Defaults</i> . This value is used instead of the broker's locale string defaults if the calling component does not send a locale string itself, and the calling component is running on an ASCII platform (UNIX, Windows, etc.) Example: DEFAULTS=CODEPAGE * Broker Locale String Defaults									
	DEFAULT_ASCII=windows-950 For more examples, see <i>Configuring Broker's Locale String Defaults</i> in the Internationalization documentation and also <i>Additional Notes</i> below.									
DEFAULT_EBCDIC_IBM	Any ICU converter name or alias	О	Z	u	W	V	b			
	Customize the broker's for EntireX components value is used instead of the calling components the calling components etc.) Example:	(client or the broke t does not	server). S r's locale s send a lo	ee <i>Broker</i> string def cale string	s Locale St aults if g itself and	ring Defai d	ults. This			

	Operating System										
Attribute	Values	Opt/ Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
	DEFAULT=CODEPAGE DEFAULT_EBCDIC_	_IBM=ibm	1-937								
	For more examples, see Internationalization doc										
DEFAULT_EBCDIC_SNI	Any ICU converter name or alias.	О	z	u	W	V	b				
	Customize the broker's locale string defaults by assigning the default confor EntireX components (client or server). See <i>Broker's Locale String Defau</i> value is used instead of the locale string defaults if										
	the calling componenthe calling componen (BS2000)						ntform				
	Example:										
	DEFAULT=CODEPAGE DEFAULT_EBCDIC_	_SNI= bs	:2000-ed	f03drv							
	For more examples, see Internationalization doc		-								
locale-string	Any ICU converter name or alias. See also <i>Additional Notes</i> below.	О	z	u	W	V					
	Customize the mapping of locale strings to codepages and bypass the broker's locale string processing mechanism. See <i>Broker's Locale String Processing</i> . This is useful:										
	if the broker's locale s wrong codepage - you requirements.										
	if you want to install usee <i>Building and Instal</i> Administration docum	ling ICU (Custom Co			•					
	The attribute (locale stri (client or server) and the that locale string. In the application sends ASCI ISO 8859_1. In the same All other locale strings a Broker's Built-in Locale S	e value is first line I as a loca way EUC are mappe	the codep of the exa le string; t _JP_LINU ed by the l	page that y mple belo the broke IX is mapp broker's n	you want tow, the clied in the	to use in pent or serves to the con- -33722_P	place of ver odepage 12A-1999.				

		Opt/		Ор	erating Syst	tem	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	DEFAULTS=CODEPA * Broker Lo ASCII=IS088 EUC_JP_LINU * Customer- CP1140=myeb CP0819=myas	cale String 59 X=ibm-33722 written ICL cdic	_P12A-1	999	gnments		
	For more examples, <i>Additional Notes</i> b	υ, υ	Broker's l	Built-in Lo	ocale String	Mapping	and also

Additional Notes

- Locale string matching is case insensitive when bypassing the broker's built-in mechanism, that is, when the broker examines the codepages section in the attribute file.
- If ICU is used for character conversion and the style in not known by ICU, e.g. <ll>_<cc> etc., the name will be mapped to a suitable ICU alias. For more details on the mapping mechanism, see *Broker's Built-in Locale String Mapping*. For more details on ICU and ICU converter name standards, see *ICU Resources*.
- If SAGTRPC user exit is used for the character conversion, we recommend assigning the codepage in the form CP<nnnnn>. To determine the number given to SAGTRPC user exit, see *Broker's Built-in Locale String Mapping*.
- See CONVERSION on this page for the character conversion in use.

Adabas SVC/Entire Net-Work-specific Attributes

The Adabas SVC/Entire Net-Work-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS=NET</code> as shown in the sample attribute file. The attributes in this section are needed to execute the Adabas SVC/Entire Net-Work communicator of the EntireX Broker kernel.



Note: This section applies to mainframe platforms only. It does not apply to UNIX and Windows.

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	tem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
ADASVC	nnn R z v									
	Sets the Adabas SVC number for EntireX Broker access. The Adabas SVC is used to perform various internal functions, including communication between the caller program and EntireX Broker.									
	Not supported on BS2000.		1		T T					
EXTENDED-ACB-SUPPORT	<u>NO</u> I YES	0	Z			V	b			
	Determines whether extensupported. NO No features of Adaba YES Informs broker kerne capability. This parar 32 KB data over Adal you have installed A Adabas/WAL version otherwise, unpredict	as version el to prov meter is n bas [NET dabas/W n 8 load l	n 8 or ab vide Ada required [] transp AL versi ibraries i	ove will bas/WAl for send ort. This on 8, Ad into the s	be used. L version & ing/receivi value shot labas SVC,	3 transpo ing more uld be se and inc	ort e than et only if luded			
FORCE	NO I YES	О	Z			v	b			
	NO Overwrite of DBID to YES Overwrite of DBID to table entry is not delected. Caution: Overwriting an ewith the overwritten node	able entrice ted after existing e	ies not poes permit r abnorm entry pre RCE=YES	ermitted ted. This nal termi vents an	s is required nation. y further o	commun	ication			
	no target node with that D	BID is a	ctive.							
IDTNAME	idtname(A8) ADABAS5B	О					b			
	If an ID table name is spec Entire Net-Work, Adabas			-	-					

		Opt/		Оре	erating Sys	tem	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	The ID table is used to per communication between t supported under BS2000.					_	nly
IUBL	<u>8000</u> l <i>n</i>	О	z			v	b
	This parameter sets the maps passed from the caller to E as the maximum value of <i>Manual</i>).	ntireX Bı	oker. Th	e maximi	um size of	IUBL is	the same
	IUBL must be large enough required for any caller pro and Entire Net-Work cont	gram pl	us any ao				_
LOCAL	NO I YES	0	Z			v	b
	For remote nodes accessed whether the target ID defilocally, or also remotely. NO DBID is <i>global</i> and care YES DBID is <i>local</i> and cane Net-Work.	ned with	the NOD	E attribu	te can be a	accessed Entire No	only et-Work.
MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH	2147483647 n	О	Z	u	w	v	b
	Maximum message size the method NET. The default was be stored in a four-byte in	value rep		_		-	_
NABS	<u>10</u> l <i>n</i>	0	Z			v	b
	The number of attached by An attached buffer is an ir An attached buffer pool ed allocated. This buffer pool parallel calls to EntireX Br The following formula car NABS = NCQE *IUBL /	nternal bequal to the must be oker.	uffer use ne NABS v large en	d for intevalue mu	erprocess ltiplied by hold all d	y 4096 w ata (IUB	ill be
NCQE	<u>10</u> <i>n</i>	О	z			v	b
	NCQE defines the number of processing commands arritransport mechanism. Suff mechanism to process multiqueue element requires 19 user (client or server) has reis timed out.	ving at th icient NC tiple bro 22 bytes,	ne broker QE should ker comr and the e	kernel ov d be alloc mands co element i	ver Adaba cated to all ncurrently s released	s SVC / N low this t y. Each co l when e	let-Work ransport ommand ither the

		Opt/	Operating System										
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000						
	on the number of parallel mechanism Adabas SVC/	The number of command queue elements required to handle broker calls depends on the number of parallel active broker calls that are using the transport mechanism Adabas SVC / Entire Net-Work. For example, all broker commands issued by client or server components using this transport mechanism:											
NODE	1-65534	R	z			V	b						
	Used for internode Adabas the value of NODE must be to 65534. If you set the para for different installations of	s/Entire N a value g meter L0	let-Work reater the	commur an or equ , you car	ual to 1 or l use the sa	less than ime node	or equal number						
TIME	<u>30</u> l <i>n</i>	0	Z			v	b						
	This parameter sets the tir a broker call must be recei						esults of						
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	0	Z			v	b						
	The level of tracing to be presented NET. It overrides 0 No tracing. Default value 1 Display invalid Adabas 2 All of trace level 1, plus 3 All of trace level 2, plus 4 All of trace level 3, plus Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 sho support. If you modify the TRACE-	the globa ue. s comman s errors if s all routi s function uld be us	nds. Trequest ones execute a argume sed only with the tribute, yet and tribute.	entries c uted. onts and s when rec	ould not be return valuested by	ne allocatues. y Softwa	re AG						
	If you modify the TRACE - change to take effect. For trestart, use the EntireX Br	emporar	y change	s to TRAC	CE-LEVEL								

Security-specific Attributes

The security-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS=SECURITY</code> as shown in the sample attribute file. This section applies only if broker-specific attribute <code>SECURITY=YES</code> is specified.

		Opt/		Oţ	perating Syst	tem					
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
ACCESS-SECURITY-	NO I YES	0					b				
SERVER	Determines where authentication is checked.										
	NO Authentication is ounder TSOS in ord					roker to be	running				
	YES Authentication is checked in the EntireX Broker Security Server for BS2000. This does not require broker to be running under TSOS. See <i>EntireX Broker Security Server for BS2000</i> .										
APPLICATION-NAME	A8	О	Z								
	Specifies the name of the application to be checked if FACILITY-CHECK=YES is de In RACF, for example, an application BROKER with read permission for user DOE is d with following commands: RDEFINE APPL BROKER UACC(NONE) PERMIT BROKER CLASS(APPL) ID(DOE) ACCESS(READ) SETROPTS CLASSACT(APPL)										
	See attribute FACILITY	-CHECK fo	r more info	rmation.							
AUTHORIZATION-	YES I NO	0		u	w						
DEFAULT	Determines whether account be found listed in the DEFAULTS=AUTHORIZA YES Grant access. NO Deny access. Applies only when using rules can be stored withing uses the values of this prinstance against an (authorization Research).	e reposito TION-RUL g EntireX n a reposite arameter t henticated	ry of autho ES of the at Security ur ory. When a	rization ru tribute file nder UNIX n authoriz an access c	and Windo ation call oc	ows. Authocurs, Entire	orization eX Security				
CHECK-IP-ADDRESS	YES I NO	0	Z								
	Determines whether the	TCP/IP a	ddress of th	ne caller is	subject to a	resource (Lheck.				
					,						

		Opt/		Ol	perating Syst	em					
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
ERRTXT-MODULE	NA2MSGO NA2MSG1 NA2MSG2 ModuleName	О	Z								
	Specifies the name of the security error text module. Default is NA2MSGO, English messages For instructions on how to customize messages, see <i>Build Language-specific Messages</i> (<i>Optional</i>) under <i>Installing EntireX Security under z/OS</i> .										
FACILITY-CHECK	NO I YES	О	Z								
	It is possible to check w before performing a pas the user is not allowed to not try to authenticate to password being revoked See attribute APPLICAT Note: This facility check before each authenticati	sword che o use this a he user. Fa d; this situa ION-NAME	ck. The adv pplication, iling an au ation is avo for further	rantage of t the broken thentication oided if the details.	his additior returns err on check ma facility che	nal check is or 0008001 ny lead to t eck is perfo	s that when 3 and does he user's ormed first.				
IGNORE-STOKEN	NO I YES	О	z	u	W		b				
	Determines whether the	Determines whether the value of the ACI field SECURITY-TOKEN is verified on each call.									
NCLUDE-CLASS	YES I NO	О	Z								
	Determines whether the	e class nam	ne is includ	ed in the r	esource che	eck.	1				
INCLUDE-NAME	YES I NO	О	Z								
	Determines whether the	e server na	me is inclu	ded in the	resource ch	neck.					
INCLUDE-SERVICE	YES I NO	О	Z								
	Determines whether the	e service na	ame is inclu	uded in the	e resource c	heck.	· ·				
LDAP-	ldapUrl	О		u	w						
AUTHENTICATION- URL	Authentication is performed against the LDAP repository specified under \$\frac{1}{dapUr1}\$. TCP Specify repository URL: LDAP-AUTHENTICATION-URL="ldap://HostName[:PortNumber]" SSL/TLS Specify repository URL with ldaps: LDAP-AUTHENTICATION-URL="ldaps://HostName[:PortNumber]"										
	If no port number is spectransport. Examples for			ne standard	l LDAP por	t number	3				

		Opt/		Oį	perating Syst	tem					
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
	LDAP-AUTHENTICATION										
LDAP-	1dapUr1	О		u	W						
AUTHORIZATION-	Authorization is perform	ned agains	st the LDA	P reposito	ry specified	under 1da	apUrl.				
URL	■ TCP Specify repository URL: LDAP-AUTHORIZATION-URL="ldap://HostName[:PortNumber]"										
	If no port number is spectransport. Example for TCP: LDAP - AUTHORIZATION This attribute replaces the	-URL= " 1da	ap://myhc	ost.mydom	nain.com:	389"					
	EntireX version 9.10 and	•	ters most,	porcuita	p1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1	iii tiic xuo.n	ii liie oi				
LDAP-AUTH-DN	authDN	О		u	W						
	cn=admin,dc=softwar This attribute replaces p below.			the <i>xds.ini</i>	file of Entir	eX version	9.10 and				
LDAP-AUTH-PASSWD-	authPass	О		u	w						
ENCRYPTED	For authenticated access password. Use program etbnattr -x clear_t This writes the encrypted This attribute replaces p below.	text_passed passwor	to get the	encrypted cho_passw ard output	l password						
LDAP-	A32	О		u	w						
AUTHORIZATION-RULE	List of authorization rul chars. The maximum nu file is 16.	_									
	Applies only when usin SECURITY-SYSTEM=1da When an authorization	apur 1. Aut	thorization	rules can l	be stored in	an LDAP	-				

		Opt/		Op	perating Syst	tem	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	and AUTHORIZATION-D against an (authenticate	ed) user ID			ck for a part	icular brok	er instance
	See also Authorization R	T	T	<u> </u>	T	T	1
LDAP-BASE-DN	baseDN	0		u	W		
	Specifies the base distin for authorization rules.	-		directory o	bject that is	the root of	f all objects
	dc=software-ag,dc= This attribute replaces p		paseDN in	the <i>xds.ini</i>	file of Entir	eX version	9.10 and
IDAD DEDCOM DACE	below.			T	T	1	1
LDAP-PERSON-BASE- BINDDN	1 dap Dn	0		u	W		
	Used with LDAP auther information is stored. T Example:	his value is	s prefixed v	with the us	er ID field	name (see	
	LDAP-PERSON-BASE-B	T	n=users,o T	dc=mydoma T	nn,dc=co	m" T	T
LDAP-REPOSITORY- TYPE	OpenLDAP ActiveDirectory SunOneDirectory Tivoli Novell ApacheDS	O		u	W		
	Use predefined known type that most closely r Directory, the user ID is	natches you	ar actual re	epository. I	n the case o	of Window	
LDAP-SASL-	<u>NO</u> I YES	О			w		
AUTHENTICATION	Specifies whether or no the authentication check by the user is passed in SASL is activated, this i	. In practice plain text l mplies that o LDAP ser	e, this deter between the t the passw rver in plai	mines when the broker ke the broker ke the broker ke the broker th	ther or not t ernel and t	he passwor	d supplied
	YES Password is sent to	o LDAP sei	rver encry _l	pted.		1	,
LDAP-USERID-FIELD	<u>cn</u> <i>uidFieldName</i>	О		u	W		
	Used with LDAP auther Distinguished Name, for	or example:		ne first field	l name of a	user in the	ò
MAY CAE DDOE	LDAP-USERID-FIELD=	1		T	1	I	T
MAX-SAF-PROF- LENGTH	1-256	. 0	Z				
LENGTH	This parameter should be of the profile comprising		_	•			_

		Opt/		Ol	perating Syst	em	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	This parameter defaults	s to 80 if a v	alue is no	t specified.			
PASSWORD-TO-	NO I YES	О	Z			v	
UPPER-CASE	Determines whether the verification.	e password	and new p	bassword a	re converte	d to upper	case before
PRODUCT	RACFIACF2I TOP-SECRET	0	z				
	Specifies the name of the security-system-specified						
	ACF2 Security	system AC	F2 is instal	led.			
	RACF Security	system RA	CF is instal	lled. Defau	ılt.		
	TOP-SECRET Security	system TO	P-SECRET	is installed	1 .		
	The default value is use	ed if an inco	orrect or no	o value is s	pecified.		
PROPAGATE-	YES I NO	О	z		<u></u>		
TRUSTED-USERID	Determines whether a c is propagated to a serve					d user ID r	nechanism
SAF-CLASS	NBKSAG I	О	z				
	SAFClassName						
	Specifies the name of the	SAF class/	type used t	to hold the	EntireX-rela	ted resour	ce profiles.
SAF-CLASS-IP	NBKSAG SAFClassName	О	Z				
	Specifies the name of the checks.	e SAF class	/type used	when perf	forming IP a	ddress au	thorization
SECURITY-LEVEL	AUTHORIZATION I AUTHENTICATION	О	Z	u	W	v	b
	Specifies the mode of o	peration.		·			
	AUTHORIZATION Aut	horization	and authe	ntication (1	not under B	S2000 or z	/VSE).
	AUTHENTICATION Aut	henticatior	1.				
	Note: In version 8.0, the	e default va	alue for thi	s paramete	er was AUTH	ORIZATIO	N.
SECURITY-NODE	YES I name	О	z				
	This parameter can be usenabling different broke authorization checks act to distinguish between	er kernels, cording to	in differen each broke	t environm er kernel. F	nents, to per or example	form sepa , it is often	rate
	YES This causes the b	roker ID to	be used a	s a prefix f	or all autho	rization ch	necks.

		Opt/		Oį	perating Syst	tem	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	name This causes the acauthorization che Note: By not setting this	ecks.			•		
050005770 000750	behavior).		1		1	1	
SECURITY-SYSTEM	OS I LDAP	О	Z	u	W		b
	OS Authentication is SECURITY=YES is attribute file. LDAP Authentication as specified under L	s specified and authori	and sectior zation are	n DEFAULTS performed	S=SECURIT against the	Y is omitte e LDAP rep	d from the
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	0	z	u	W	V	ь
	Trace level for EntireX Sfile. 0 No tracing. Default v 1 Log security violation 2 All of trace level 1, pl 3 All of trace level 2, pl some progress messa 4 All of trace level 3, pl Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 sl If you modify the TRAC take effect. For tempora EntireX Broker comman	alue. Ins and acce Ius internal Ius function Iges. Ius some se Inould be u I	ess denied/ l errors. n entered/e elected data sed only w ttribute, yo s to TRACE ity ETBCME	permitted. exit messag a areas for then reques ou must res LEVEL wi	ges with arg problem ar sted by Sof start the bro thout a bro	gument val nalysis. tware AG s oker for the ker restart,	ues and support.
TRUSTED-USERID	YES I NO	О	Z				
	Activates the trusted us Adabas IPC mechanism		nanism for	broker req	uests arrivi	ing over th	e local
USERID-TO-	NO I YES	О	z			v	
UPPER-CASE	Determines whether use	er ID is cor	nverted to	uppercase	before veri	fication.	I
UNIVERSAL	<u>NO</u> I YES	О	Z				
	Determines whether acc	ess to und	lefined reso	ource profi	les is allow	ed.	1
WARN-MODE	NO I YES	О	z	u	w		b
	Determines whether a r	esource ch	eck failure	results in	just a warn	ing or an e	rror.

TCP/IP-specific Attributes

The TCP/IP-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS=TCP</code> as shown in the sample attribute file. It contains attributes that apply to the TCP/IP transport communicator. The transport is activated by <code>TRANSPORT=TCP</code> in the Broker-specific section of the attribute file. A maximum of five TCP/IP communicators can be activated by <code>specifying</code> up to five <code>HOST/PORT</code> pairs.

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
CONNECTION-NONACT	n I nS I nM I nH	0	z	u	w	v	b			
	Non-activity of the TCP/IP connection, after which a close is performed connection resources are freed. If this parameter is not specified here, by close the connection only when the application (or the network itself) te the connection.									
	n Same as nS.									
	ns Non-activity time in seconds (m	in. 600,	max. 2	147483	647).					
	nM Non-activity time in minutes (m	in. 10, 1	max. 35	791394).					
	nH Non-activity time in hours (max	Non-activity time in hours (max. 596523).								
	If not specified, the connection non-activity test is disabled. On the stub side, non-activity can be set with the environment variable ETB_NONACT. See <i>Limit the TCP/IP Connection Lifetime</i> in the platform-specific <i>Stub Administration</i> sect of the EntireX documentation.									
HOST	0.0.0.0 HostName IP address	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	The address of the network interface requests.	e on wh	nich bro	ker wi	ll listen fo	r conne	ection			
	If HOST is not specified, broker will I system (or stack).	isten oı	n any at	ttached	interface	adapte	er of the			
	A maximum of five HOST/PORT pair of broker's TCP/IP transport commu		•	ied to s	tart multi	ple ins	tances			
MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH	2147483647 n	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	Maximum message size that the broken TCP/IP. The default value represents in a four-byte integer.				_	•				
PORT	1025-65535	О	Z	u	w	v	b			

86

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	stem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	The TCP/IP port number on which requests.	the bro	ker will	listen	for connec	ction				
	If not specified, the broker will attended from the TCP/IP services file, using number here, the default value of 1	getse	rvbyna		_					
	A maximum of five HOST/PORT pair instances of broker's TCP/IP transp		_		start multi	ple				
	Example for multiple ports on z/OS	5:								
	HOST=localhost,PORT=3930 HOST=0.0.0.0,PORT=3931									
	■ Port 3930 is used for <i>local</i> TCP/IP outside the z/OS host.	commu	nicatio	n only a	and is not	visible				
	this port is turned into a TLS por	■ Port 3931 is used for <i>global</i> TCP/IP communication. With IBM's AT-TLS this port is turned into a TLS port, see <i>Running Broker with SSL/TLS Transport</i> in the z/OS Administration documentation.								
	With this configuration you can rea host via the secure TLS connection (port 3930) can only be used from it	only (po	ort 3931). The '						
RESTART	YES I NO	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	YES The broker kernel will attemp NO The broker kernel will not try This setting applies to all TCP/IP co	to resta	rt the T							
RETRY-LIMIT	<u>20</u> <i>n</i> UNLIM	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	Maximum number of attempts to reapplies to all TCP/IP communicator		e TCP/	IP com	municato	r. This s	setting			
RETRY-TIME	<u>3M</u> <i>n</i> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H	О	Z	u	W	v	b			
	Wait time between stopping the TC error and the next attempt to restar		mmuni	cator d	ue to an u	nrecov	erable			
	n Same as nS.									
	nS Wait time in seconds (max. 2147	7483647).							
	nM Wait time in minutes (max. 357)	91394).								
	<i>n</i> H Wait time in hours (max. 596523	3).								
	Minimum wait time is 15.									

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	stem	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	This setting applies to all TCP/IP co	mmuni	cators.				
REUSE-ADDRESS	YES I NO	О	z	u		v	b
	YES I <u>NO</u>	О			W		
	YES The TCP port assigned to the bapplications (this is the default NO The TCP port assigned to the bother applications. This is the dadvise you do not change this Note: This setting might be required a after stopping it. This is due to closing connections.	t value o proker c default value o t your s	on all n cannot b setting n this p	on-Wir oe taker on Wir olatforn n restar	ndows plandows, andows, andows	tforms d assign d we s	ned to trongly
STACK-NAME	StackName	О	z				
TDAGE EVE	If not specified, broker will connect machine.		I	I	1		
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	0	Z	u	W	V	b
	 The level of tracing to be performed method TCP/IP. It overrides the glob No tracing. Default value. Display IP address of incoming re responses. All of trace level 1, plus errors if 1 All of trace level 2, plus all routin All of trace level 3, plus function Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 should be used If you modify the TRACE-LEVEL attrichange to take effect. For temporary 	equest, or request nes exec argume only wi	e of tra display entries uted. ents and hen req	error no could i d return uested	umber of anot be allowed with the brown the brown the brown trues.	CP/IP r outgoir ocated. re AG s	outines. ng error support.

c-tree-specific Attributes

The c-tree-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS = CTREE</code>. The attributes in this section are optional. This section applies only if <code>PSTORE-TYPE = CTREE</code> is specified.

Not available under z/OS, BS2000, z/VSE.

		Opt/		Ор	erating Syst	em						
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	neters. mpatibility w reates, renan with c-tree to 0_FLUSH_DI	BS2000					
COMPATIBILITY	NO I YES	O		u	w							
	Determines whether the	following	c-tree para	meters are	e set:							
	■ COMPATIBILITY PRE		A_FLUSH									
	COMPATIBILITY FDA	TASYNC										
	■ SUPPRESS_LOG_FLUS	SH YES										
	■ PREIMAGE_DUMP YES											
	See your FairCom docum	mentation	for a descri	iption of th	iese param	eters.						
	NO The c-tree paramet	ers listed a	nbove are n	ot set. Defa	ault.							
	YES The c-tree paramet behavior prior to E			et. This pro	ovides com	patibility v	vith c-tree					
FLUSH-DIR	YES I NO	O		u	w							
	Controls whether metad deletes of transaction lo				•	eates, renai	nes, and					
	YES Metadata is flushed	d to disk.										
	NO Metadata is not flushed to disk. This provides compatibility with c-tree behavior prior to EntireX Broker version 10.5. See COMPATIBILITY NO_FLUSH_DIR in the FairCom documentation for a description of this parameter.											
MAXSIZE	n I nM I nG	О		u	W							
	Defines the maximum sidata and another data fi			. Broker all	ocates one	data file fo	r control					
	n Maximum size in M	B.										
	nM Maximum size in M	B.										
	nG Maximum size in G	В.										
PAGESIZE	n I nK	O		u	w							
	Determines how many l	•		each c-tree	node. PST	ORE COLD	start is					
	required after changing	uus vaiue.										

		Opt/		Ор	erating Syst	em	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
	 n Same as nK nK PAGESIZE in KB. The default and minimular If PSD Reason Code = PAGESIZE value and resto a new PSTORE with a and define the increased 	527 is re start broke an increase	turned dur r with PST(ed PAGESIZ	ORE=COLD, ZE value. S	or migrate ee <i>Migratin</i>	the existir	ng PSTORE
PATH	A255	0		u	W		
	Path name of the target	directory 1	or c-tree in	dex and da	ata files.		
SYNCIO	<u>NO</u> I YES	О		u	w		
	YES c-tree transaction l may degrade perfo data security. See a Administration do	ormance of tree Datab	FPSTORE of ase as Persis	perations,	but offers t	he highes	t level of
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	О		u	w		
	Trace level for c-tree per attribute file. 0 No tracing. Default v 1 Log memory allocation 2 n/a 3 All of trace level 1, plue entered/exit mesages	alue. on failures us UOWII	and errors) in use for	during clo	ose of files.		
	4 All of trace level 3, pl Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 sh				sted by Soft	ware AG s	support.
	If you modify the TRACE take effect. For tempora EntireX Broker comman	ry changes	s to TRACE-	LEVEL wit			_

SSL/TLS-specific Attributes

The Broker can use Secure Sockets Layer/Transport Layer Security (SSL/TLS) as the transport medium. The term "SSL" in this section refers to both SSL and TLS. RPC-based clients and servers, as well as ACI clients and servers, are always SSL clients. The broker is always the SSL server. For an introduction see *SSL/TLS* and *Certificates with EntireX*.

Your operating system and, for z/OS, the approach you use determine whether this section of the attribute file is required:

■ z/OS

AT-TLS

This is the approach we recommend. IBM's Application Transparent Transport Layer Security (AT-TLS) does not require the SSL-specific attribute section.

■ Direct SSL

For direct SSL/TLS support, the SSL-specific attribute section is required. It begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS=SSL</code> as shown in the sample attribute file.



Note: Direct SSL/TLS support (using GSK) inside the Broker under z/OS will be dropped in the next version. We strongly recommend using IBM's Application Transparent Transport Layer Security (AT-TLS) instead.

See Running Broker with SSL/TLS Transport in the z/OS Administration documentation.

UNIX and Windows

The SSL-specific attribute section is required, and begins with the keyword DEFAULTS=SSL as shown in the sample attribute file.

The attributes in this section are needed to execute the SSL communicator of the EntireX Broker kernel.

See Running Broker with SSL/TLS Transport.

■ z/VSE

The SSL-specific attribute section is not used. You can use BSI's Automatic Transport Layer Security (ATLS). See *Running Broker with SSL/TLS Transport* in the z/VSE Administration documentation.

		Opt/		Оре	erating Sys	tem			
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
CIPHER-SUITE	string	О	Z	u	W		b		
	String that is passed to a standardized protocol the symmetric and asymmetric in the SSL/TLS stack; oth both parties agree by "hand key lengths used. It both sides are capable of CIPHER-SUITE for the Server side). Thus stubst clients. Under UNIX, Windows az/OS it is GSK. The SSL protocol is obsessuccessor of SSL and is examples show how to a OpenSSL. The default configuration	tion uses	different cryptographic functions (hash functional functional). Some of these must be implemented optional. When an SSL/TLS connection is cracke" on the cipher suite, that is, the algorithm all scenario, this information depends on the beinfluenced by setting the attribute as server side (the broker always implement to the broker and thereby become the SS 2000, the OpenSSL implementation is used; available in OpenSSL and GSK. The follower the available cipher suites: The server suites are the available cipher suites are the available cipher suites:						
		resulting n: S+TLSv1.	set of cip	her suites !PSK:@S	s provides	for authe			
	GSK Default configuration	:			·				
	CIPHER-SUITE=9F9D)9E9C6B6	73D3C39	3833323	352F				
	This list of FIPS 140-2 in Galois Counter Mo ephemeral Diffie-Hell and ends with a relati- authentication and RS	de encry lman key vely weal	ption with exchange x'128-bit	h 128-bit e signed v AES encr	AEAD au with an RS	thenticat SA certifi	ion and cate' (9F)		
	See the IBM documer Sockets Layer Programm								
CONNECTION-NONACT	$n \mid nS \mid nM \mid nH$	О	z	u	w		b		
	Non-activity of the SSL connection resources ar will close the connection terminates the connection	e freed. If n only wh	this para	meter is	not specif	ied here,	broker		

		Opt/		Оре	erating Sys	tem	
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000
HOST	n Same as nS. nS Non-activity time in nM Non-activity time in nH Non-activity time in If not specified, the connactivity time in the specified, the connactivity time in the specified, the network requests. If HOST is not specified, the system (or stack).	seconds minutes hours (rection no	(min. 600 s (min. 10, nax. 5965 on-activit z face on w), max. 21 . max. 357 23). y test is c u hich brok	147483647 791394). disabled. w	ten for co	b
	A maximum of five H0S of EntireX Broker's TCP					multiple	instances
KEY-LABEL	name	О	z				
	The label of the key in the kernel (see also TRUST - Example: ETBCERT.				d to authe	enticate ti	ne broker
KEY-FILE	filename	R		u	w		b
	File that contains the brotest purposes, EntireX d SSL/TLS Sample Certifica Example for UNIX and Note: EntireX Broker do., jks).	elivers ce tes Delive Windows	ertificates ered with E s: MyAppk	for use on EntireX.	n various	platform	as. See
KEY-PASSWD	password (A32)	R		u	w		b
	Password used to protect MyAppKey.pem. Deprec	_	-				example
KEY-PASSWD-ENCRYPTED	encrypted value (A64)	R		u	W		b
	Password used to protect MyAppKey.pem. This att password as attribute valued both supplied, KEY-PAS Use program etbnattr	ribute re alue. If KE SWD-ENC	places KE EY-PASSW CRYTPED 1	Y-PASSW VD and KE takes pred	ID to avoid EY-PASSWI cedence.	l a clear-1	text

		Opt/		Оре	erating Sys	tem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	etbnattr -w ssl_key	y_passwo	orded	cho_pass	sword_on	1 y				
	This writes the encrypte	ed passwo	ord to sta	ndard ou	tput.					
KEY-STORE	file name	R		u	w		b			
	SSL certificate; may contain the private key. For test purposes, EntireX delivers certificates for use on various platforms. See <i>SSL/TLS Sample Certificates Delivered with EntireX</i> . Example for UNIX and Windows: <i>ExxAppCert.pem</i> .									
	Note: EntireX Broker do		, ,	,		store files	of type			
MAX-MESSAGE-LENGTH	<u>2147483647</u> <i>n</i>	О	z	u	w		b			
	Maximum message size method SSL. The defaul be stored in a four-byte	t value re			_	-	_			
PORT	1025-65535	О	z	u	w		b			
RESTART	attribute file. If the port number is not YES NO YES The broker kernel	0	Z	u	W		b			
	the default value). NO The broker kernel	will not a	ittempt to	restart tl	he SSL coi	mmunica	tor.			
RETRY-LIMIT	<u>20</u> <i>n</i> UNLIM	О	Z	u	W		ь			
NETRI EINIT	Maximum number of at					tor.				
RETRY-TIME	<u>3M</u> <i>n</i> <i>n</i> S <i>n</i> M <i>n</i> H	0	z	u	w		b			
	Wait time between susp and the next attempt to n Same as nS. nS Wait time in second nM Wait time in minute nH Wait time in hours (Minimum: 1S	restart it. s (max.21 es (max. 3	.47483647 5791394).	').	due to ur	nrecovera	ble error			
REUSE-ADDRESS	YES I NO	О	Z	u	W		b			
					.,		~			

		Opt/		Ор	erating Sys	tem				
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
	YES The SSL port assigned to the broker can be taken over and assigned to other applications (this is the default value).									
	NO The SSL port assigned to the broker cannot be taken over and assign other applications. Note: This setting might be required at your site when restarting broker immediately after stopping it. This is due to the inherent latency of TCP/IP stack when closing connections.									
STACK-NAME	name	0	z	u	w					
	Name of the TCP/IP stack that the broker is using. If not specified, broker will connect to the default TCP/IP stack running on the machine.									
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	О	Z	u	w		b			
	The level of tracing to be performed while the broker is running with transpor method SSL/TLS. It overrides the global value of trace level for all SSL/TLS routines. 0 No tracing. Default value. 1 Display IP address of incoming request, display error number of outgoing error responses.									
	2 All of trace level 1, plus errors if request entries could not be allocated.									
	3 All of trace level 2, plus all routines executed.									
	4 All of trace level 3, plus function arguments and return values. Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 should be used only when requested by Software AG support.									
	If you modify the TRACE-LEVEL attribute, you must restart the broker for the change to take effect. For temporary changes to TRACE-LEVEL without a broker restart, use the EntireX Broker command-line utility ETBCMD.									
TRUST-STORE	file name keyring	R	z	u	W		b			
	Location of the store containing certificates of trust Certificate Authorities (or CAs).									
	■ z/OS Specify the RACF key If no value for USER- with the user ID that	ID is pro	vided, the	e keyring	is assume					

		erating Sys	rating System						
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000		
	■ UNIX/Windows/BS2000 Specify the file name of the CA certificate store. Examples: EXXCACERT.PEM, C:\Certs\ExxCACert.pem								
VERIFY-CLIENT	<u>NO</u> I YES	0	Z	u	W		b		
	YES Additional client certificate required. NO No client certificate required (default).								

DIV-specific Attributes

These attributes define a persistent store that is implemented as a VSAM linear data set (LDS) accessed using Data In Virtual (DIV). This DIV persistent store is a container for units of work. The DIV-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS = DIV</code>. The attributes in this section are required if <code>PSTORE-TYPE = DIV</code> is specified.



Note: All attributes except the deprecated DIV were introduced with EntireX version 9.12. They replace the *Format Parameters* of earlier versions, which are deprecated but still supported for compatibility reasons.

		Opt/	Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
DIV	A511	0	z								
	The VSAM persistent st span more than one line		eters, encl	osed in do	ouble quote	es (""). The	value can				
	Note: Deprecated. This		• •				•				
	store parameters using the attributes below that						ıd you use				
DATASPACE-NAME	A8	О	z								
	Defines the name of the	dataspace	that will b	e used to	map the p	ersistent s	tore.				
	Default value is DSPSTORE.										
DATASPACE-PAGES	126-524284	О	Z								
	Defines the size of the dataspace used to map the persistent store (size=DATASPACE-PAGES * 4 KB). We recommend using the maximum value. Default value is 2048.										
DDNAME	A8	R	Z								
	Defines the JCL DDNAME that will be used to access the persistent store.										
STORE	A8	R	z								
	Defines an internal nam	e that is u	sed to ider	tify the p	ersistent sto	ore.					
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	О	z								
	Trace level for DIV. It overrides the global value of trace level in the attribute file. 0 No tracing. Default value. 1 Log selected DIV SAVE calls taking longer than 2 seconds elapsed time. 2 n/a										
	3 All of trace level 1, pl	us UOWII) in use fo	r the vario	ous DIV rec	quests.					
	4 n/a										

		Opt/	Operating System					
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000	
	Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 sl If you modify the TRACI to take effect. For tempo the EntireX Broker comm	E-LEVEL a orary chang	ttribute, yo ges to TRA	ou must re CE-LEVEL	estart the b	roker for t	he change	

Adabas-specific Attributes

The Adabas-specific attribute section begins with the keyword <code>DEFAULTS = ADABAS</code>. The attributes in this section are required if <code>PSTORE-TYPE = ADABAS</code> is specified. In previous versions of EntireX, these Adabas-specific attributes and values were specified in the broker-specific <code>PSTORE-TYPE</code> attribute.

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
BLKSIZE	126-20000	0	z	u	w	v	b			
	Optional blocking factor used for message data. If not specified, broker will split the data into 2 KB blocks to be stored in Adabas records. The maximum value depend physical device assigned to data storage. See the <i>Adabas</i> documentation.									
	For reasons of efficiency, do not specify a BLKSIZE much larger than the actual total s of the UOW data to be written. The total UOW size is the sum of all messages in the U plus 41 bytes of header information. This takes effect only after COLD start. The BLKSIZE parameter applies only for a cold start of broker; subsequently the value BLKSIZE is taken from the last cold start. Default value is 2000.									
DBID	1-32535	R	z	u	w	v	b			
	Database ID of Adabas	l database w	here the pe	rsistent sto	re resides.		<u> </u>			
FNR	1-32535	R	z	u	W	v	b			
	File number of broker persistent store file.									
FORCE-COLD	<u>N</u> I Y	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	Determines whether a broker cold start is permitted to overwrite a persistent store file that has been used by another broker ID and/or platform. Specify Y to allow existing information to be overwritten.									
MAXSCAN	0 - <i>n</i>	0	z	u	w	v	b			
	Limits display of persistent UOW information in the persistent store through Comand Information Services. Default value is 1000.									
OPENRQ	<u>N</u> I Y	О	z	u	w	v	b			
	Determines whether dri Adabas.	to issue an	OPEN com	mand to						
SVC	200-255	R	z			v				
	Use this parameter to sp store driver.	ecify the A	dabas SVC	number to	be used by	the Adaba	s persistent			

		Opt/	ot/ Operating System								
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000				
TRACE-LEVEL	<u>0</u> - 4	O	Z	u	w	v	b				
	Trace level for Adabas persistent store. It overrides the global value of trace level in attribute file.										
	0 No tracing. Default value.										
	1 Log selected Adabas CB fields (command code, response code, subcode, ISN, additions).										
	2 n/a										
	3 All of trace level 1, plus UOWID in use for the various Adabas requests and function entered/exit mesages.										
	4 All of trace level 3, plus more Adabas CB fields for successful requests and returned function values.										
	Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 should be used only when requested by Software AG support.										
	If you modify the TRACE-LEVEL attribute, you must restart the broker for the change to take effect. For temporary changes to TRACE-LEVEL without a broker restart, use the EntireX Broker command-line utility ETBCMD.										

Application Monitoring-specific Attributes

The application monitoring-specific attribute section begins with the keyword DEFAULTS=APPLICATION-MONITORING. It contains attributes that apply to the application monitoring functionality. At startup time, the attributes are read if the Broker-specific attribute APPLICATION-MONITORING=YES is specified. Duplicate or missing values are treated as errors. When an error occurs, application monitoring is turned off and EntireX Broker continues execution. See *Application Monitoring*.

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
APPLICATION-MONITORING-NAME or	A100	0	z	u	w	v	b			
APPMON-NAME	Specifies a default application monitoring name. Used to set the value of the ApplicationName KPI.									
COLLECTOR-BROKER-ID	A64	R	z	u	w	v	b			
	Identifies the Application Monitoring Data Collector. Has the forma <code>host_name:port_number</code> , where <code>host_name</code> is the host where the Application Monitoring Data Collector is running and <code>port_number</code> is the port number of the Application Monitoring Data Collector. The default port is 57900.									
TRACE-LEVEL	0-4	0	z	u	w	v	b			
	The level of tracing to be with application monitor	oring.	ormed v	while t	he brokei	is run	s running			
	0 No tracing. Default v									
	1 Display application monitoring errors.									
	2 All of trace level 1, plus measuring points for application monitoring.									
	3 All of trace level 2, plus function entered/exit messages with argument values and monitoring buffers.									
	4 All of trace level 3, pl	us retu	ırned f	unctio	n values.					
	Trace levels 2, 3 and 4 should be used only when requested by Software AG support.									
	If you modify the TRACE-LEVEL attribute, you must restart the broker for the change to take effect. TRACE-LEVEL cannot be changed dynamically for application monitoring.									

Authorization Rule-specific Attributes

The authorization rule-specific attribute section begins with the keyword DEFAULTS=AUTHORIZATION-RULES. It contains attributes that enhance security-related definitions. At startup time, the attributes are read if the following conditions are met:

- Broker-specific attribute SECURITY=YES
- Security-specific attributes SECURITY-SYSTEM=OS and SECURITY-LEVEL=AUTHORIZATION

When an error occurs, the EntireX Broker stops. See *Authorization Rules*.

		Opt/	Operating System							
Attribute	Values	Req	z/OS	UNIX	Windows	z/VSE	BS2000			
RULE - NAME	A32	R		u	w					
	Specifies a rule name. A rule is a container for a list of services and a list of client and server user IDs. All users defined in a rule are authorized to use all services defined this rule. See example under <i>Rules Stored in Broker Attribute File</i> .									
CLASS	A32	R		u	w					
SERVICE	These three attributes together identify the service. CLASS must be specified first, followed immediately by SERVER and SERVICE. <i>Wildcard Service Definitions</i> are allowed.									
CLIENT-USER-ID	A32	R		u	w					
	Defines an authorized c	lient user I	D.	•						
SERVER-USER-ID	A32	R		u	w					
	Defines an authorized se	erver user	ID.							

To Broker

Variable Definition File

The broker attribute file contains the configuration of one EntireX Broker instance. In order to share attribute files between different brokers, you identify the attributes that are unique and move them to a variable definition file. This file enables you to share one attribute file among different brokers. Each broker in such a scenario requires its own variable definition file.

The following attributes are considered unique for each machine:

- BROKER-ID (in Broker-specific Attributes)
- NODE (in Adabas SVC/Entire Net-Work-specific Attributes)
- PORT (in SSL/TLS-specific Attributes and TCP/IP-specific Attributes)

How you use the variable definition file will depend upon your particular needs. For instance, some optional attributes may require uniqueness - for example, DBID and FNR in DEFAULTS=ADABAS - so that you may specify the persistent store.

III

Broker Command and Information Services

Broker Command and Information Services

• (CIS Overview Table	108
	Modes of Requesting the Services	
	ETBCMD: Executable Command Requests	111
	ETBINFO: Returnable Information Requests	116

EntireX Broker provides two internal services: Command Service and Information Services that can be used administer and monitor the EntireX Broker. The command service allows you to issue a set of Broker commands; the information services provide you with various statistics to better administer and tune your Broker. Because these services are implemented internally, nothing has to be started or configured. You can use these services immediately after starting EntireX Broker.

See also Broker CIS Data Structures.

CIS Overview Table

EntireX Broker provides these predefined internal services:

Command Service

Provides a facility to issue commands against the Broker (e.g. SHUTDOWN etc.).

■ Information Services

Provides a query mechanism to obtain various types of information on the Broker, which is helpful for administration and tuning.

Since these services are implemented internally, nothing has to be started, configured or defined in the Broker attribute file. You can use them immediately after starting the Broker. They can be requested as follows:

Mode of Request	Tools	Services	Requirements
User-Written Interface	application program	■ INFO	request structures
		■ USER-INFO	
		■ CMD	
		■ PARTICIPANT-SHUTDOWN	
		■ SECURITY-CMD	
Command-line Utilities	ETBINFO utility	■ INFO	■ profile
		■ USER-INFO	command-line
			parameters
	ETBCMD utility	■ CMD	command-line
		■ PARTICIPANT-SHUTDOWN	parameters
		■ SECURITY-CMD	

Applicable operating systems: z/OS, UNIX, Windows and z/VSE.

Description of Services

INFO and USER-INFO

- INFO is the full information service. Specify it for the full information service. All clients, servers and conversations are listed.
- USER-INFO is limited to your user-specific information. Specify it for limited information service. Only the user's own resources are listed.

CMD, PARTICIPANT-SHUTDOWN and SECURITY

- CMD is the full command service.
- PARTICIPANT-SHUTDOWN is limited to shutting down participants.
- SECURITY-CMD is limited to EntireX Security-related commands.

Modes of Requesting the Services

Use one of these three modes to request a service:

- Command-line Utilities
- Graphical User Interface
- User-Written Interface

The method for requesting these services is the same as the method for requesting any other service. For both types of services, an application issues a SEND command with appropriate data and retrieves a reply. The request itself is specified within the SEND buffer; the reply - if there is one - is specified in the RECEIVE buffer.

For Information Services requests, RECEIVE operations must be repeated until the Information Service indicates the end of data with an EOC return message.

Command-line Utilities

Software AG provides three command-line utility programs for use with EntireX Broker. All utility programs use command-line parameters that specify various options and information to be built into a request. These utility programs are:

ETBINFO

Queries the Broker for different types of information, generating an output text string with basic formatting. This text output can be further processed by script languages (or elsewhere). ETBINFO uses data descriptions called profiles to control the type of data that is returned for a request. ETBINFO is useful for configuring and administering EntireX Broker efficiently - e.g., how many

users are to run concurrently and whether the number of specified message containers is large enough.

See ETBINFO under *Broker Command-line Utilities* in the platform-specific Administration documentation for profiles, examples and utility parameters.

■ ETBCMD

Allows you to take actions - e.g., purge a unit of work, stop a server, shut down a Broker - against EntireX Broker.

See ETBCMD under *Broker Command-line Utilities* in the platform-specific Administration documentation for utility parameters.

Version Information

- The ETBINFO and ETBCMD CIS command-line utilities are compatible with all versions of EntireX Broker.
- Display keywords applying to a specific version of Broker will not be returned when a call is made to any older version of Broker.

Graphical User Interface

Software AG provides a graphical user interface, Command Central, for displaying information on the Broker and/or executing administrative functions. Software AG Command Central is a tool that enables you to manage your Software AG products remotely from one location. Command Central offers a browser-based user interface, but you can also automate tasks by using commands to remotely execute actions from a terminal or custom script (for example CI servers such as Jenkins, or generic configuration management tools such as Puppet or Chef).

Command Central can assist with the following configuration, management, and monitoring tasks:

- Infrastructure engineers can see at a glance which products and fixes are installed, where they are installed, and compare installations to find discrepancies.
- System administrators can configure environments by using a single web user interface or command-line tool. Maintenance involves minimum effort and risk.
- Release managers can prepare and deploy changes to multiple servers using command-line scripting for simpler, safer lifecycle management.
- Operators can monitor server status and health, as well as start and stop servers from a single location. They can also configure alerts to be sent to them in case of unplanned outages.

User-Written Interface

If you access the Command and Information Services through a user-written application, you must use a defined protocol. This protocol describes the structures needed to communicate with the service(s) so that the request is correctly interpreted by the Broker.

See Writing Applications: Command and Information Services and Broker CIS Data Structures.

ETBCMD: Executable Command Requests

The following command requests can be issued, using ETBCMD. All the functions listed in this table are applicable to all three request modes; see *Modes of Requesting the Services*.



Note: Version numbers in this table refer to the interface version and not to the Broker version.

Command Request	Comment	CIS Interface Version
APPMON-OFF	Turn off the Application Monitoring feature in Broker. In addition to changing the current status, APPLICATION-MONITORING=NO is written to the Broker attribute file.	11
APPMON-ON	Turn on the Application Monitoring feature in Broker. You must specify the collector broker ID. In addition to changing the current status, APPLICATION-MONITORING=YES is written to the Broker attribute file.	11
ALLOW-NEWUOWMSGS	New UOW messages are allowed.	3
CLEAR-CMDLOG-FILTER	Remove the specified command log filter.	5
CONNECT-PSTORE	Connects the persistent store. See <i>Availability of Persistent Store</i> .	4
DISABLE-ACCOUNTING	Disables accounting. Accounting records are discarded until accounting is enabled.	5
DISABLE-CMDLOG	Disable command logging.	5
DISABLE-DYN-WORKER	Disable the DYNAMIC-WORKER-MANAGEMENT. DYNAMIC-WORKER-MANAGEMENT=YES must be configured in the attribute file.	7

Command Request	Comment	CIS Interface Version
	The current number of active worker tasks will not be changed until DYNAMIC-WORKER-MANAGEMENT is enabled again.	
DISCONNECT-PSTORE	Disconnects the persistent store. See <i>Availability of Persistent Store</i> .	4
ENABLE-ACCOUNTING	Enable accounting.	5
ENABLE-CMDLOG	Enable command logging.	5
ENABLE-DYN-WORKER	Enable the DYNAMIC-WORKER-MANAGEMENT again. DYNAMIC-WORKER-MANAGEMENT=YES must be configured in the attribute file. DYNAMIC-WORKER-MANAGEMENT has been disabled before. Additional worker tasks can be started again, or stopped if not used.	
FORBID-NEWUOWMSGS	New UOW messages are not allowed.	3
PRODUCE-STATISTICS	Output current statistics to the broker log.	5
PURGE	Remove a unit of work from the persistent store.	2
RESET-USER	Clear all cached security information for the specified user ID.	5
RESUME	Transport ID: $NET \mid Snn \mid Tnn$. Resume a suspended transport communicator. If the communicator was not suspended before, an error message will be returned.	
SET-CMDLOG-FILTER	Add the specified command log filter.	5
SET-COLLECTOR	Set the collector broker ID in Broker. COLLECTOR-BROKER-ID=value is written to the Broker attribute file. If the APPLICATION-MONITORING section is not already defined in the attribute file, the section is added, that is, a line containing DEFAULTS = APPLICATION-MONITORING followed by attribute COLLECTOR-BROKER-ID=value.	11

T112 Broker

Command Rec	quest		Comment	CIS Interface Version
SET-UOW-STATUS		PSF	Set the status of postponed UOWs to ACCEPTED or CANCELLED, for example: etbcmd -b broker_id> ← -cSET-UOW-STATUS -dPSF ← -oACCEPTED ← -n <class>/<server>/<service></service></server></class>	10
SHUTDOWN	BROKER		Shutdown Broker immediately.	1
	<pre>CONVERSATION <conversation-id></conversation-id></pre>	work only. T	pplies to conversations without units of the security rights shutting down the equired for shutting down the a. The specified conversation is immediately removed. All messages of the conversation are lost.	7
		QUIESCE	An end of conversation is issued. The conversation remains active.	
	SERVER	IMMED	Shutdown server immediately. The server must be uniquely identified using field P-USER-ID or SEQNO and will be completely removed from the broker environment. The following steps will be performed:	1
			■ Error code 00100050 will be returned to the server, if it is waiting.	
			All existing conversations will be finished with EOC.	
			User will be logged off.	
		QUIESCE	Shutdown server but allow existing conversations to continue. The termination is signaled to the server by error code 00100051. After this, the next call issued must be a DEREGISTER for all services (SC=*,SN=*,SV=* if more than one service is active).	
	SERVICE <class server="" service<="" td=""><td>\</td><td>rices cannot be shut down.</td><td>7</td></class>	\	rices cannot be shut down.	7
	(0.1433) 361 (0.17 361 (1.16	/ IMMED	Caution: All servers offering this service will be deregistered and logged	

Command Requ	uest		Comment	CIS Interface Version
			off. The following steps will be performed:	
			■ Error code 00100050 will be replied to all servers, if they are waiting.	
			All existing conversations will be finished with EOC.	
			Users will be logged off.	
		QUIESCE	All servers offering this service are deregistered. Shutdown servers but allow existing conversations to continue. The termination is signaled to the servers by error code 00100051. After this, the next call issued must be a DEREGISTER for the service.	
	PARTICIPANT	IMMED	Shutdown participant immediately. The participant must be identified, using fields P-USER-ID, UID TOKEN or SEQNO and will be completely removed from the Broker environment. See <i>Broker CIS Data Structures</i> . The following steps will be performed:	4
			■ Error code 00100050 will be replied to the participant, if it is waiting.	
			All existing conversations will be finished with EOC.	
			■ User will be logged off.	
			Within EntireX Broker nomenclature, a participant is an application implicitly or explicitly logged on to the Broker as a specific user. See <i>Implicit Logon</i> and <i>Explicit Logon</i> . A participant could act as client or server.	
		QUIESCE	Shutdown participant but allow existing conversations to continue. The termination is signaled to the participant by error code 00100051.	

Command Requ	iest		Comment	CIS Interface Version
START	TRANSPORT		Start a transport communicator that was previously stopped. If the communicator was not stopped before, an error message will be returned.	7
STATUS	TRANSPORT	Transport ID: NET Snn Tnn	Check the current status of the transport communicator.	7
STOP	TRANSPORT	Transport ID: NET Snn Tnn	Stop an active or suspended transport communicator. The transport communicator will shut down. All transport-specific resources will be freed. User requests receive response code 148.	7
SUSPEND	TRANSPORT	Transport ID: NET Snn Tnn	Suspend an active transport communicator.	7
SWITCH-CMDL	.0G	,	Force a switch of command logging output files.	5
TRACE-FLUSH	BROKER		Flush all trace data kept in internal trace buffers to stderr (DD:SYSOUT). The broker-specific attribute TRMODE=WRAP is required.	7
TRACE-OFF	BROKER		Set TRACE-LEVEL off in Broker.	1
	PSF		Set TRACE-LEVEL off in persistent store.	5
	SECURITY		Set TRACE-LEVEL off in EntireX Security.	5
TRACE-ON	BROKER		Set TRACE - LEVEL on in Broker. Values: 1 2 3 4.	1
	PSF		Set TRACE-LEVEL on in persistent store. Values: 1 2 3 4.	5
	SECURITY		Set TRACE-LEVEL on in EntireX Security. Values: 1 2 3 4.	5
TRAP-ERROR	BROKER	Error number:	Modifies the setting of the broker-specific attribute TRAP-ERROR.	7

ETBINFO: Returnable Information Requests

The following information requests can be returned. All the functions listed in this table are applicable to all three request modes (see *Modes of Requesting the Services*). The returned data is described under *Information Reply Structures* in the ACI Programming documentation.



Note: Version numbers in this table refer to the interface version and not to the Broker version.

Information Request	Comment	Interface Version
BROKER	Global information on this Broker. No additional selection criteria are needed. Other selection criteria fields are ignored.	1
CLIENT	Information on active clients.	1
CMDLOG-FILTER	Information on command log filters.	5
CONVERSATION	Information on active conversations.	1
NET	Information on the Entire Net-Work communicator.	5
POOL	Information on Broker pool usage and dynamic memory management.	7
PSF	Information on a unit of work's status and Information for persistent store.	2
PSFDIV	Global information on the DIV persistent store.	2
PSFADA	Global information on the Adabas persistent store.	3
PSFCTREE	Global information on the c-tree persistent store.	5
RESOURCE	Information on Broker resource usage.	7
SECURITY	Global information on EntireX Security.	5
SERVER	Information on active servers.	1
SERVICE	Information on active services.	1
SSL	Information on the SSL communicator.	5
STATISTICS	Statistics on selected Broker resources.	7
TCP	Information on the TCP/IP communicator.	5
UOW-STATISTICS	Statistics on UOWs of selected services.	9
USER	Information on all users of Broker regardless of the user type.	7
WORKER	Global information on all workers. No additional selection criteria are needed. Other selection criteria fields are ignored.	1
WORKER_USAGE	Information on usage of worker tasks and dynamic worker management.	7

116

IV

EntireX Broker Reporting

This chapter details the reporting options of EntireX Broker.

Configuration Report

EntireX Broker reads configuration information from an attribute file during startup. In order to reduce the number of different attribute files, you may define a global attribute file and specify the individual settings within a variable definitions file. Thus unique attributes like BROKER-ID and PORT are kept as part of the variable definitions file, while other parameters such as service definitions can be shared among a group of Broker instances. This feature is described in detail in *Variable Definition File*.

In the past there was a one-to-one relationship between Brokers and attribute files. To determine your Broker configuration, you could reference your attribute file. Now that you may create a global attribute file and substitute parameters at startup, it may not be clear what configuration was used to start your Broker. To see the exact configuration used at startup, you can now view the configuration report for each Broker. The configuration report will display exactly which values were used for each attribute at startup.

Here is a sample configuration report:

```
EntireX 8.0.0.12
                     Configuration Report
                                               2007-10-02 08:56:23
                                                                      Page
                                                                               1
Variable definitions file:
  1: BID = ETB191
   2: N = 113
          = HOT
   3: P
   4: PCA = localhost:3938:SSL
   5: PT = ADABAS
   6: RM = STANDARD
   7: SP = 3939
   8: TP = 3930
   9: TR = SSL-TCP-NET
```

```
2007-10-02 08:56:23
EntireX 8.0.0.0
                Configuration Report
                                                          Page
                                                                  2
Attribute file:
  2: *
  3: *
                      EntireX Broker Attribute File
  4: *
  5: *******************
  7: ************ Global section ***********************
  8:
  9: DEFAULTS = BROKER
                                 = N0
 10:
      ABEND-MEMORY-DUMP
 11:
      ACCOUNTING
                                 = NO
 12: AUTOLOGON
                                 = YES
 13:
      BROKER-ID
                                 = \$\{BID\}
    - Substitution: ${BID} = ETB191
 14: CLIENT-NONACT
                                 = 15M
```

The contents of the variable definitions file and the contents of the attribute file are copied to this configuration report. In addition, all variables in the attribute file will be appended by another line reporting the effective value for the variable. Thus, it's possible to keep track of the substitution procedure.

On UNIX and Windows, a file called <code>CONFIG.REPORT</code> is created in the current working directory of Broker. The environment variable <code>ETB_CONFIG_REPORT</code> may contain an alternative location. However, on z/OS, <code>DDNAME ETBCREP</code> is required to assign an output file for this report. Any failure will trigger a diagnostic message in the Broker log.

Load Module Report

The Load Module Report is created during startup of EntireX Broker on z/OS. All modules in all data sets concatenated to the STEPLIB chain for Broker execution are listed.

```
Operating System: z/OS 06.00
Node Name:
                 DAEF
IPL Date:
                 2007-10-02
IPL Time:
                07:19:21
CPU Model:
                 2096
EntireX 8.0.0.12
                    Load Module Report 2007-10-02 08:56:23
                                                              Page
Total Module
               Date Time VRSPP Build number
                                                      Alias Level CurNo
               Steplib level 0: SAG.EXB731.LOAD
   1 ADAACK
                                                         NO
                                                                       1
    2 ADABSP
                                                         NO.
                                                                 \Omega
                                                                       2
   3 ADACDC
                                                         NO
                                                                 0
                                                                       3
    4 ADACLU
                                                         NO
                                                                 0
                                                                       4
    5 ADACLX
                                                         NO
                                                                       5
```

6	ADACMO						NO	0	6	
7	ADACMP						NO	0	7	
8	ADACMR						NO	0	8	
9	ADACMU						NO	0	9	
10	ADACNS						NO	0	10	
11	ADACNV						NO	0	11	
156	ETBCMD	2007-10-01	15.48	73012	2007-10-01	15:01	NO	0	156	
157	ETBINFO	2007-10-01	15.48	73012	2007-10-01	15:01	NO	0	157	
158	ETBMISC						NO	0	158	
159	ETBNATTR	2007 - 10 - 01	15.48	73012	2007 - 10 - 01	15:01	NO	0	159	
160	ETBNUC	2007-10-01	15.48	73012	2007-10-01	15:01	NO	0	160	

This report provides STEPLIB level, date, and time stamps if a certain pattern is used for the module structure. DDNAME ETBMREP must be assigned to get this report.

Storage Report

You can create an optional report file that provides details about all activities to allocate or to deallocate memory pools. This section details how to create the report and provides a sample report.

- Creating a Storage Report
- Platform-specific Rules
- Sample Storage Report

See also Broker-specific attribute STORAGE-REPORT.

Creating a Storage Report

Use Broker's global attribute STORAGE-REPORT with the value YES. If attribute value YES is supplied, all memory pool operations will be reported if the output mechanism is available. If the value NO is specified, no report will be created.

Platform-specific Rules

z/OS

DDNAME ETBSREP assigns the report file. Format RECFM=FB, LRECL=121 is used.

UNIX and Windows

Broker creates a file with the name *STORAGE.REPORT* in the current working directory. If the environment variable ETB_STORAGE_REPORT is supplied, the file name specified in the environment variable will be used. If Broker receives the command-line argument -r, the token following argument -r will be used as the file name.

BS2000

LINK-NAME ETBSREP assigns the report file. Format REC-FORM=V, REC-SIZE=O, FILE-TYPE ISAM is used by default.

z/VSE

Logical unit SYS015 and logical file name *ETBSREP* are used. Format RECORD-FORMAT=FB, RECORD-LENGTH=121 is used.

Sample Storage Report

The following is an excerpt from a sample STORAGE report.

```
EntireX 8.1.0.00
                     STORAGE Report
                                        2009-06-26 12:28:58
                                                                Page
Identifier
                                           Total
                                                                            Action
               Address
                                                         Date
                                                                    Time
                              Size
KERNEL POOL 0x25E48010
                          407184 bytes
                                        407184 bytes 2009-06-26 12:... Allocated
HEAP POOL
            0x25EB4010
                       1050692 bytes 1457876 bytes 2009-06-26 12:...
. . .
```

Header	Description
Identifier	Name of the memory pool.
Address	Start address of the memory pool.
Size	Size of the memory pool.
Total	Total size of all obtained memory pools.
Date, Time	Date and time of the action.
Action	The action of Broker. The following actions are currently supported: Allocated: memory pool is allocated. Deallocated: memory pool is deallocated.

Persistent Store Report

You can create an optional report file that provides details about all records added to or deleted from the persistent store. This section details how to create the report and provides a sample report.

Configuration

Sample Report

Configuration

To create a persistent store report, use Broker's global attribute PSTORE-REPORT with the value YES.

When the attribute value YES is supplied, all created or deleted persistent records will be reported if the output mechanism is available.

If the value NO is specified, no report will be created.

The report file is created using the following rules:

BS2000

LINK-NAME ETBPREP assigns the report file. Format REC-FORM=V, REC-SIZE=O, FILE-TYPE ISAM is used by default.

UNIX

Broker creates a file with the name *PSTORE.REPORT* in the current working directory. The file name *PSTORE.REPORT.LOAD* will be used if Broker is started with RUN-MODE=PSTORE-LOAD.

The file name *PSTORE.LOAD.UNLOAD* will be used if Broker is started with RUN-MODE = PSTORE-UNLOAD.

If the environment variable ETB_PSTORE_REPORT is supplied, the file name specified in the environment variable will be used.

If Broker receives the command-line argument -p, the token following argument -p will be used as the file name.

Windows

Same as UNIX.

z/OS

DDNAME ETBPREP assigns the report file. Format RECFM=FB, LRECL=121 is used.

z/VSE

Logical unit SYS003 and logical file name *ETBPREP* are used. Format RECORD-FORMAT=FB, RECORD-FNGTH=121 is used.

Sample Report

The following is an excerpt from a sample PSTORE report.

EntireX 10.5	PSTORE Rep	ort	2016-	10-18 10:46:18	Page 1	
Identifier	Elements	Total	length	Record Type	Date	Action
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	1		760	Master	2016-10-18	
0010000000000001	1		5022	Conversation	2016-10-18	Created
0010000000000002	1		5022	Conversation	2016-10-18	Created
0010000000000003	1		5022	Conversation	2016-10-18	Created
0010000000000001				Conversation	2016-10-18	Postponed
0010000000000001				Conversation	2016-10-18	Accepted
0010000000000002				Conversation	2016-10-18	Postponed
0010000000000002				Conversation	2016-10-18	Accepted
0010000000000003				Conversation	2016-10-18	Postponed
0010000000000003				Conversation	2016-10-18	Accepted
0010000000000003				Conversation	2016-10-18	Postponed
0010000000000003				Conversation	2016-10-18	Accepted
0010000000000001				Conversation	2016-10-18	Deleted
0010000000000002				Conversation	2016-10-18	Deleted
0010000000000003				Conversation	2016-10-18	Deleted

The following fields are provided in the report:

- Identifier provides the UOWID (record ID).
- Elements gives the number of messages per UOW when creating or loading records.
- Total Length gives the size of the raw record when creating or loading records.
- Record Type describes the type of the data. Following types are currently supported:
 - Cluster: a special record for synchronization purposes
 - Conversation: a unit of work as part of a conversation
 - Master: a special record to manage the persistent store
- Date and time of the action
- Action describes the action of Broker. The following actions are currently supported:
 - Accepted: UOW status was changed from POSTPONED to ACCEPTED
 - Created: record is created
 - Deleted: record is deleted
 - Postponed: UOW status was changed from DELIVERED to POSTPONED
 - Loaded: record is loaded (Broker instance with RUN-MODE = PSTORE-LOAD)
 - Unloaded: record is unloaded (Broker instance with RUN-MODE = PSTORE-UNLOAD)
- Remaining postpone attempts.

License Report

The License Report is created during broker startup on the respective platform. It contains the contents of the license file itself and some machine data.

z/OS

DDNAME ETBLREP must be assigned to get this report. See *Step 2: Edit the Broker Startup Procedure*.

BS2000

LINK-NAME ETBLREP must be assigned to get this report.

8 Command Logging in EntireX

Introduction to Command Logging	. 126
Command Log Filtering using Command-line Interface ETBCMD	
ACI-driven Command Logging	
Dual Command Log Files	

Command logging is a feature to assist in debugging Broker ACI applications. A command in this context represents one user request sent to the Broker and the related response of Broker.

Command logging is a feature that writes the user requests and responses to file in a way it is already known with Broker trace and TRACE-LEVEL=1. But command logging works completely independent from trace, and data is written to a file only if defined command trace filters detect a match.

Broker stub applications send commands or requests to the Broker kernel, and the Broker kernel returns a response to the requesting application. Developers who need to resolve problems in an application need access to those request and response strings inside the Broker kernel. That's where command logging comes in. With command logging, request and response strings from or to an application are written to a file that is separate from the Broker trace file.

Introduction to Command Logging

This section provides an introduction to command logging in EntireX and offers examples of how command logging is implemented. It covers the following topics:

- Overview
- Command Log Files
- Defining Filters
- Programmatically Turning on Command Logging

Overview

Command logging is similar to a Broker trace that is generated when the Broker attribute TRACE-LEVEL is set to 1. Broker trace and command logging are independent of each other, and therefore the configuration of command logging is separate from Broker tracing.

The following Broker attributes are involved in command logging:

Attribute	Description
CMDLOG	Set this to "N" if command logging is not needed.
CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE	A numeric value indicating the maximum size of command log file in KB.
NUM-CMDLOG-FILTER	The maximum number of filters that can be set.

In addition to CMDLOG=YES, the Broker needs the assignment of the dual command logging files during startup. If these assignments are missing, Broker will set CMDLOG=NO. See also *Broker Attributes*.

Command Log Files

The Broker keeps a record of commands (request and response strings) in a command log file.

At Broker startup, you will need to supply two command log file names and paths. Only one file is open at a time, however, and the Broker writes commands (requests and responses) to this file.

Under UNIX and Windows, the startup options -y and -z are evaluated by executable etbnuc. These options are used to specify the command log file names. Startup script/service assign these files by default.

Under z/OS, the file requirements are two equally sized, physical sequential files defined with a record length of 121 bytes, i.e.

DCB=(LRECL=121, RECFM=FB, BLKSIZE=nnnn). We recommend you allocate files with a single (primary) extent only. For example SPACE=(CYL, (30,0)). The minimum file size is approximately 3 cylinders of 3390 device. Alternatively, the dual command log files can be allowed in USS HFS file system.

When the size of the active command log file reaches the KB limit set by CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE, the file is closed and the second file is opened and becomes active. When the second file also reaches the KB limit set by CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE, the first file is opened and second file is closed. Existing log data in a newly opened file will be lost.

Defining Filters

In command logging, a filter is used to store and identify a class, server, or service, as well as a user ID.

Use the command-line tool etbcmd to define a filter. During processing, the Broker evaluates the class, server, service, and user ID associated with each incoming request and compares them with the same parameters specified in the filters. If there is a match, the request string and response string of the request is printed out to the command log file.

Programmatically Turning on Command Logging

Applications using ACI version 9 or above have access to the new field LOG-COMMAND in the ACI control block.

If this field is set, the accompanying request and the Broker's response to this request is logged to the command log file.



Note: Programmatic command logging ignores any filters set in the kernel.

Command Log Filtering using Command-line Interface ETBCMD

The examples assume that Broker has been started with the attribute CMDLOG=Y.

- Setting Filters
- Deleting Filters
- Disabling and Enabling a Filter

Setting Filters

Filters need to be set before running the stub applications whose commands are to be logged.

UNIX and Windows

Command	Description
etbcmd -blocalhost:1970:TCP -cSET-CMDLOG-FILTER -dBROKER -xuser -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE	This command sets filters on ACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE. All ACI calls issued by <i>all</i> users to this service will be logged.
etbcmd -blocalhost:1970:TCP -cSET-CMDLOG-FILTER -dBROKER -xuser -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE -Usaguser1	This command set filters on ACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE and user ID saguser1. All ACI calls to this service as well as those issued by saguser1 will be logged.

z/OS

Command	Description
<pre>//ETBCMD EXEC PGM=ETBCMD, // PARM=('/-blocalhost:1970:TCP ↔ -cSET-CMDLOG-FILTER -xuser ', // '-dBROKER ↔ -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE')</pre>	This command sets filters on ACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE. All ACI calls issued by <i>all</i> users to this service will be logged.
<pre>//ETBCMD EXEC PGM=ETBCMD, // PARM=('/-blocalhost:1970:TCP ↔ -cSET-CMDLOG-FILTER -xuser ', // '-dBROKER -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE ↔ -Usaguser1')</pre>	This command sets filters on ACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE and user ID saguser1. All ACI calls to this service as well as those issued by saguser1 will be logged.



Note: If more than one service is set as a filter, all ACI calls sent to any of these services will be logged. Identical filters cannot be set. Attempts to set a second filter that matches an existing filter will be rejected. Similarly, the maximum number of filters that can be added is defined in NUM-CMDLOG-FILTER. If the maximum number of filters is already being used, delete an existing filter to make room for a new filter.

Deleting Filters

The following provides an example of how to delete an existing filter on a service.

> To delete a filter

■ Enter the following command.

Under UNIX:

```
etbcmd -d BROKER -b localhost:1970:TCP -c CLEAR-CMDLOG-FILTER ↔ -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE -U saguser1
```

Under z/OS:

```
//ETBCMD EXEC PGM=ETBCMD,
// PARM=('/-blocalhost:1970:TCP -cCLEAR-CMDLOG-FILTER -xuser ',
// '-dBROKER -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE')
```

If the filter does not exist, the command will return an error.

Disabling and Enabling a Filter

Filters can be set and still be disabled (made inactive).

> To disable a filter

■ Enter the following command.

Under UNIX:

```
etbcmd -blocalhost:1970:TCP -cDISABLE-CMDLOG-FILTER -dBROKER -xuser ↔ -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE -Usaguser1
```

Under z/OS:

```
//ETBCMD EXEC PGM=ETBCMD,
// PARM=('/-blocalhost:1970:TCP -cDISABLE-CMDLOG-FILTER -xuser ',
// '-dBROKER -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE -Usaguser1')
```

Note: A disabled filter will not bring down the count of filters in use.

> To enable a filter

■ Enter the following command to enable the disabled filter.

Under UNIX:

```
etbcmd -blocalhost:1970:TCP -cENABLE-CMDLOG-FILTER -dBROKER -xuser ↔ -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE -Usaguser1
```

Under z/OS:

```
//ETBCMD EXEC PGM=ETBCMD,
// PARM=('/-blocalhost:1970:TCP -cENABLE-CMDLOG-FILTER -xuser ',
// '-dBROKER -nACLASS/ASERVER/ASERVICE -Usaguser1')
```

ACI-driven Command Logging

EntireX components that communicate with Broker can trigger command logging by setting the field LOG-COMMAND in the ACI control block.

When handling ACI functions with command log turned on, Broker will not evaluate any filters. Application developers must remember to reset the LOG-COMMAND field if subsequent requests are not required to be logged.

Dual Command Log Files

Broker's use of two command log files prevents any one command log file from becoming too large. What you need to specify depends on the operating system:

z/OS

When starting a Broker with command log support, you must therefore specify two data sets and DD names - one for each of the two command log files. The sample started task EXBSTART delivered with the EXX105.JOBS data set uses DDCLOGR1 and DDCLOGR2 as default command log file names.

UNIX

When starting a Broker with command log support, you must therefore specify two file names and paths - one for each of the two command log files. The sample startup script installed with the product uses file names CMDLOG1 and CMDLOG2 as the default command log file names.

Windows

When starting a Broker with command log support, you must therefore specify two file names and paths - one for each of the two command log files. The keys ETB_CMDL0G1 and ETB_CMDL0G2

are entered in the Registry with values CMDLOGR1 and CMDLOGR2 for the default command log file names.

At startup, Broker initializes both files and keeps one of them open. Command log statements are printed to the open file until the size of this file reaches the value specified in the Broker attribute CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE. This value must be specified in KB.

When the size of the open file exceeds the value specified in the Broker attribute CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE, Broker closes this file and opens the other, dormant file. Because the Broker closes a log file only when unable to print out a complete log line, the size of a *full* file may be smaller than CMDLOG-FILE-SIZE.

- > To switch log files on demand, using etbcmd | ETBCMD
- An open command log file can be forcibly closed even before the size limit is reached. Enter the following command.

Under UNIX:

```
etbcmd -blocalhost:1970:TCP -cSWITCH-CMDLOG -dBROKER -xuser
```

Under z/OS:

```
//ETBCMD EXEC PGM=ETBCMD,
// PARM=('/-blocalhost:1970:TCP -cSWITCH-CMDLOG -xuser ',
// '-dBROKER')
```

The command above will close the currently open file and open the one that has been dormant.

V

Building an EntireX Broker Image

9 Building an EntireX Broker Image

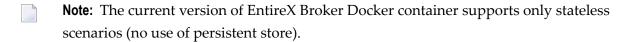
Prerequisites	136
Building and Running the EntireX Broker Image	136
Verifying the Build	140
Healthcheck for EntireX Broker	141

You can also build a Docker image and run the Docker container using Command Central. See *Building an EntireX Docker Image* for more information.

Prerequisites

- Operating system Linux
- Docker installation 1.13.1 or compatible
- Software AG EntireX installation containing the packages
 - EntireX > Broker
 - EntireX > Adminstrating and Monitoring > Command Line Scripts

See EntireX Installation Packages for full list.



Building and Running the EntireX Broker Image

The scripts provided with EntireX support the following three methods of building a Docker image and running the Docker container:

- Configuring with Modified Dockerfile
- Configuring during Image Start, using Default File Names
- Configuring during Image Start, using Custom File Names

Configuring with Modified Dockerfile

- To copy the license and configuration files into the Docker image
- 1 Set your working directory to <install_dir>/EntireX/docker/Broker.
- 2 Create the TAR file containing all the necessary files with the following command:

```
./CreateEntireXBrokerTar.sh
```

3 Provide your configuration files into the current working directory, for example:

File	Req/ Opt
myLicense.xml	R
myEtbfile	О
myExxAppCert.pem	О
туЕххАррКеу.рет	О
myExxCACert.pem	О

4 Update the Dockerfile, for example:

```
# Possibility to add a valid license file already to the image instead of
# providing it during start up
# e.g.:
ADD myLicense.xml $EXXDIR/config/license.xml

# Possibility to add a different attribute file already to the image instead of
# providing it during start up
# e.g.:
ADD myEtbfile $EXXDIR/config/etb/$ETBIB/etbfile

# Possibility to add certificates for security broker
# e.g.:
ADD *.pem $EXXDIR/config/etb/$ETBID/
```

5 Build the EntireX Broker image, for example:

```
docker build -t exx_broker_image_1 .
```

With this method, the Docker build copies the configuration into the image. You will need to map your EntireX Broker ports during startup, for example:

```
docker run -d -p 2002:1971 -e ACCEPT_EULA=Y ↔
--name exx_broker_container_1 exx_broker_image_1
```

Advantages

Configuration changes can be persistent; you can reuse the configuration when a new version or fix is to be built. The complete configuration is in the image. For troubleshooting, Software AG Support will require only the image and the command you entered.

Disadvantage

If the configuration changes, you will need to build a new image and rerun the container.

Configuring during Image Start, using Default File Names

- > To copy the license and configuration files into container, using default file names
- 1 Set your working directory to <install_dir>/EntireX/docker/Broker.
- 2 Create the TAR file containing all the necessary files with the following command:

```
./CreateEntireXBrokerTar.sh
```

3 Build the EntireX Broker image, for example:

```
docker build -t exx_broker_image_2 .
```

4 Provide your configuration files with the default file names, for example:

File	Req/ Opt
license.xml	R
etbfile	О
exxAppCert.pem	О
exxAppKey.pem	0
exxCACert.pem	О

In this case the license and configuration files are mounted during startup. You will need to map your EntireX Broker ports during startup, for example:

```
docker run -d -p 2004:1971
-e ACCEPT_EULA=Y
-v <my-license-dir>:/licenses
-v <my-config-dir>:/configs
--name exx_broker_container_2 exx_broker_image_2
```

Advantages

Configuration changes can be persistent; if the configuration changes, you only need to rerun the container.

Disadvantage

The configuration is in the image and in the configuration files mounted to the container. For troubleshooting, Software AG Support will require an image, configuration files and the command you entered.

Configuring during Image Start, using Custom File Names

- To copy the license and configuration files into container, using custom file names
- 1 Set your working directory to <install_dir>/EntireX/docker/Broker.
- 2 Create the TAR file containing all the necessary files with the following command:

```
./CreateEntireXBrokerTar.sh
```

3 Build the EntireX Broker image, for example:

```
docker build -t exx_broker_image_3 .
```

4 Provide your configuration files with the custom file names, for example:

File	Req/ Opt
<my-license-dir>/myLicense.xml</my-license-dir>	R
<my-config-dir>/myEtbfile</my-config-dir>	0
<pre><my-config-dir>/myExxAppCert.pem</my-config-dir></pre>	0
<my-config-dir>/myExxAppKey.pem</my-config-dir>	0
<pre><my-config-dir>/myExxCACert.pem</my-config-dir></pre>	О

In this case the license and configuration files are mounted during startup. License file and etbfile will be renamed to match EntireX Broker naming conventions. You will need to map your EntireX Broker ports during startup, for example:

Advantages

Configuration changes can be persistent; you are free to choose your own file names. If the configuration changes, you only need to to rerun the container.

Disadvantage

The configuration is in the image and in the configuration files mounted to the container. For troubleshooting, Software AG Support will require an image, configuration files and the command you entered.

Verifying the Build

> To verify the build

1 Show the image with command

```
docker images
```

2 Start the docker image to be verified as described above, for example:

```
docker run -d -p 2001:1971 -e ACCEPT_EULA=Y ↔ --name exx_broker_container_1 exx_broker_image_1
```

3 Show the log:

```
docker logs -f exx_broker_container_1
```

4 Show the containers:

```
docker ps
```

5 Stop the container:

```
docker stop exx_broker_container_1
```

6 Delete the container:

```
docker rm exx_broker_container_1
```

7 Remove the image:

docker rmi exx_broker_image_1

Healthcheck for EntireX Broker

The *docker* directory for EntireX Broker contains a script healthcheck.sh. Execution of this script pings the broker and returns the result of the ping command:

0 success all other values ping failure

In the Docker context, this healthcheck.sh is put into the Docker container and enabled by setting the HEALTHCHECK instruction in the Dockerfile.

You can also use the healthcheck.sh script in the context of an orchestration tool (e.g. Kubernetes) to enable healthcheck functionality.