

webMethods EntireX

Using EntireX RPC for RPG under IBM i

Version 10.3

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This document applies to webMethods EntireX Version 10.3 and all subsequent releases.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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1 About this Documentation

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Document Conventions

Convention	Description
Bold	Identifies elements on a screen.
Monospace font	Identifies service names and locations in the format <i>folder.subfolder.service</i> , APIs, Java classes, methods, properties.
<i>Italic</i>	Identifies: Variables for which you must supply values specific to your own situation or environment. New terms the first time they occur in the text. References to other documentation sources.
Monospace font	Identifies: Text you must type in. Messages displayed by the system. Program code.
{ }	Indicates a set of choices from which you must choose one. Type only the information inside the curly braces. Do not type the { } symbols.
	Separates two mutually exclusive choices in a syntax line. Type one of these choices. Do not type the symbol.
[]	Indicates one or more options. Type only the information inside the square brackets. Do not type the [] symbols.
...	Indicates that you can type multiple options of the same type. Type only the information. Do not type the ellipsis (...).

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2 Using EntireX RPC for RPG under IBM i

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The EntireX RPC Server for IBM i of EntireX version 7.1.1 running under IBM i (AS/400) is no longer supported. We strongly recommend using the new *RPC Server for AS/400* or the EntireX Adapter. See also *Connection Parameters for AS/400 Connections*.

Creating a Sample Server in RPG

This section describes how to build a server application using the IBM i ILE language RPG. The server will be named `CALC_RPG`. Its functionality and implementation is based on the ILE COBOL server `CALC` as described in the section *Using the COBOL Wrapper*.

The function `CALC_RPG` is a calculator that can add, subtract, multiply and divide two binary values `PIC S9(8) BINARY` and return a result.

This section tells you how to

- [Create the Client/Server Interface](#)
- [Create the Server](#)
- [Compile and Link the Server](#)

Create the Client/Server Interface

The `PLIST` in the RPG program is a good source of type information for the interface when you create the Software AG IDL file:

```

...
D OPERATOR      S          1A
D OPERAND_1     S          10I 0
D OPERAND_2     S          10I 0
D FCT_RESULT    S          10I 0
*
C   *ENTRY      PLIST
C               PARM          OPERATOR
C               PARM          OPERAND_1
C               PARM          OPERAND_2
C               PARM          FCT_RESULT
...

```

The assumption is made that the program is implemented in library `EXAMPLE`. Convert the linkage section function above to Software AG IDL syntax as follows:

```

Library 'EXAMPLE' Is
Program 'CALC_RPG' Is
  Define Data Parameter
    1 Operator          (A1) In
    1 Operand_1        (I4) In
    1 Operand_2        (I4) In
    1 Function_Result  (I4) Out
  End-Define

```



Note: A 10-digit RPG integer takes 4 bytes, so it must be mapped to an (I4) IDL field definition.

For details on how IDL field definitions are mapped to RPG elementary field items, see [Software AG IDL to RPG Mapping](#).

Create the Server

The server is implemented as an ILE RPG program of type *PGM.

For our IDL example CALC, the implemented server looks similar to the example below. (It is contained in the member CALC_RPG in the source file EXAMPLE/QRPGLESRC).

```

*-----
* Member          CALC_RPG
* Description     Calculation Engine.
*
* Author         (c) Software AG
* Platform       OS/400
*
* UUU YYYY-MM-DD History
* HBA 2003-05-20 Created
*
*----- CALC Interface -----
D OPERATOR       S          1A
D OPERAND_1     S          10I 0
D OPERAND_2     S          10I 0
D FCT_RESULT    S          10I 0
*-----
C   *ENTRY       PLIST
C           PARM          OPERATOR
C           PARM          OPERAND_1
C           PARM          OPERAND_2
C           PARM          FCT_RESULT
C           CLEAR        FCT_RESULT
*
C           SELECT
C           WHEN        OPERATOR = '+'
C           EVAL        FCT_RESULT = OPERAND_1 + OPERAND_2
C           WHEN        OPERATOR = '-'
C           EVAL        FCT_RESULT = OPERAND_1 - OPERAND_2

```

```

C          WHEN      OPERATOR = '*'
C          EVAL      FCT_RESULT = OPERAND_1 * OPERAND_2
C          WHEN      OPERATOR = '/'
C          IF        OPERAND_2 <> *ZERO
C          EVAL      FCT_RESULT = OPERAND_1 / OPERAND_2
C          ENDIF
C          ENDSL
*
C          PGM_EX     TAG
C          MOVE      *ON          *INLR


```

The servers are running in a multithreaded environment. Therefore your application server programs must be thread-safe. This implies that all commands and subprograms accessed in your servers must allow multithreads.

For RPG multithreading issues in RPG, see the IBM documentation [Multithreaded Applications](#) (V4R4 in this case).

Compile and Link the Server

Compile the server source using the IBM i command CRTRPGMOD (create bound RPG module) and bind it as a dynamically callable program of type *PGM using the command CRTPGM.

 **Important:** When you are linking/binding servers, the CRTPGM parameter ACTGRP(*CALLER) must be specified. This guarantees that the server application runs in the same activation group as the calling RPC server.


As an alternative to the commands CRTRPGMOD and CRTPGM, you can use the command CRTBNDRPG to compile and bind RPG sources in one step.

Name the resulting server program like the program name in the IDL file and put it in a library whose name corresponds to the library name in the IDL file.

If you put the server program in a library other than the IDL library, you can reroute the call using the server parameter `Library=FIX(MyLib)`. In this case, the library name sent with the client request is ignored.

Example:

If a client performs an RPC which is based on the IDL program CALC_RPG in the IDL library EXAMPLE, the remote RPC server will dynamically try to execute the ILE program CALC_RPG in the IBM i library EXAMPLE. If no corresponding program can be found, the access fails.

 **Note:** The EntireX RPC Server for IBM i of EntireX version 7.1.1 running under IBM i (AS/400) is no longer supported. We strongly recommend using the new *RPC Server for AS/400* or the EntireX Adapter. See also *Connection Parameters for AS/400 Connections*.

Verifying the Server

To verify the server program `CALC_RPG` you can use the *EntireX IDL Tester*.

➤ To verify the server

- 1 Confirm that an EntireX Broker and an EntireX RPC server are available in your network.
- 2 Start/submit an RPC server on your IBM i machine. See *RPC Server for AS/400*.
- 3 Create a *Software AG IDL File* in the IDL Editor documentation using the *IDL Editor* as described under [Create the Client/Server Interface](#).
- 4 Start the IDL Tester using the IDL file created in step 3.

Software AG IDL to RPG Mapping

This section describes the specific mapping of Software AG IDL data types, groups, arrays and structures to the RPG programming language. See also the remarks and hints on the Software AG IDL data types valid for all language bindings found in section *Software AG IDL File* in the IDL Editor documentation.

- [Mapping IDL Data Types to RPG Data Types](#)
- [Mapping Program and Library Names](#)
- [Mapping Arrays, Groups and Structures](#)
- [Mapping Arrays, Groups and Structures](#)
- [Mapping Arrays, Groups and Structures](#)
- [Mapping the Direction Attributes In, Out, InOut](#)

Mapping IDL Data Types to RPG Data Types

In the table below, the following metasymbols and informal terms are used for the IDL.

- The metasymbols "[" and "]" enclose optional lexical entities.
- The informal term *number* (or in some cases *number1.number2*) is a sequence of numeric characters, for example 123.

Software AG IDL	Description	RPG Data Type	See Notes
<i>A</i> <i>number</i>	Alphanumeric	<i>numberA</i>	
AV	Alphanumeric variable length	not supported	
AV[<i>number</i>]	Alphanumeric variable length with maximum length	<i>numberA</i>	2
<i>B</i> <i>number</i>	Binary	<i>numberB</i>	
BV	Binary variable length	not supported	
BV[<i>number</i>]	Binary variable length with maximum length	<i>numberB</i>	
D	Date	8U	1
		8P	10
		21U	11
F4	Floating point (small)	4F	4,5
F8	Floating point (large)	8F	4,5
I1	Integer (small)	3I 0	
I2	Integer (medium)	5I 0	6
I4	Integer (large)	10I 0	6
<i>K</i> <i>number</i>	Kanji	<i>numberA</i>	
KV	Kanji variable length	not supported	
KV[<i>number</i>]	Kanji variable length with maximum length	<i>numberA</i>	2
L	Logical	not supported	
<i>N</i> <i>number1</i> [. <i>number2</i>]	Unpacked decimal	<i>number1S number2</i>	7,8
<i>NU</i> <i>number1</i> [. <i>number2</i>]	Unpacked decimal unsigned	<i>number1U number2</i>	7
<i>P</i> <i>number1</i> [. <i>number2</i>]	Packed decimal	<i>number1P number2</i>	7,9
<i>PU</i> <i>number1</i> [. <i>number2</i>]	Packed decimal unsigned	<i>number1P number2</i>	7
T	Time	15U	3
		15P	12
		21U	13

See also the hints and restrictions under *IDL Data Types* valid for all language bindings.

**Notes:**

1. For clients the Date corresponds to the format 8U (unpacked decimal unsigned). The value contained has the form YYYYMMDD.
2. To use variable length, specify the keyword `VARYING` in your RPG field definition.
3. For clients the Time corresponds to the format 15U (unpacked decimal unsigned). The value contained has the form YYYYMMDDHHIISS.
4. When floating-point data types are used, rounding errors can occur, so that the values of senders and receivers might differ slightly.
5. For servers the alignment for floating-point variables can be customized. See the `F4-ALIGNED` and `F8-ALIGNED` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400.
6. For servers the alignment for integer variables can be customized. See the `I2-ALIGNED` and `I4-ALIGNED` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400.
7. For RPG, the total number of digits (`number1+number2`) is 18. This is lower than the maximum of 99 supported by EntireX. See *IDL Data Types*.

If you connect two endpoints, the total number of digits used must be lower or equal than the maxima of both endpoints. For the supported total number of digits for endpoints, see the notes under data types N, NU, P and PU in section *Mapping Software AG IDL Data Types* in the respective Wrapper or language-specific documentation.

8. For servers the mapping for unpacked-decimal variables depends on the setting of the `N-SIGNED` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400.
9. For servers the mapping for packed-decimal variables depends on the setting of the `P-SIGNED` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400.
10. For servers the date can be mapped to the format 8P (packed-decimal) depending on the setting of the `COBOL-TIME` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400. The value contained is the number of dates since start of the Gregorian calendar 1. Jan.1582. See also *Software AG IDL File* in the IDL Editor documentation.
11. For servers the date can be mapped to the format 21U (unpacked decimal unsigned) depending on the setting of the `COBOL-TIME` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400. The value contained is a date in the form YYYYMMDD00000000000000.
12. For servers the time can be mapped to the format 15P (packed-decimal) depending on the setting of the `COBOL-TIME` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400. The value contained is the count of tenth of seconds starting from 2.1.0000 0:00:00.0. See also *Software AG IDL File* in the IDL Editor documentation.
13. For servers the date/time can be mapped to the format 21U (unpacked decimal unsigned) depending on the setting of the `COBOL-TIME` runoption parameter of your EntireX RPC Server under CICS, Batch, AS/400. The value contained is a date in the form YYYYMMDDhhmmsst00000.

Mapping Program and Library Names

Do not use the special characters '#', '\$', '&', '+', '-', '.', '/' and '@' within names of programs and libraries in the IDL file. These characters are not allowed within names of server programs and libraries created on IBM i.

Mapping Arrays, Groups and Structures

- Fixed arrays within the Software AG IDL file are mapped to fixed RPG tables. See the `array-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the IDL Editor documentation for the syntax on how to describe fixed arrays within the Software AG IDL file and refer to `fixed-bound-array-index`.
- Unbounded arrays without a maximum are not supported.

Mapping Arrays, Groups and Structures

Groups within the Software AG IDL file are mapped to RPG tables. See the `group-parameter-definition` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the IDL Editor documentation for the syntax on how to describe groups within the Software AG IDL file.

Example

The following IDL definition shows a simple group structure:

```
Library 'EXAMPLE' Is
  Program 'GROUP' Is
    Define Data Parameter
      1 MYGROUP
      2 PART1      (A10) In Out
      2 PART2      (A10) In Out
    End-Define
```

The following source file excerpt from a sample RPG program named `GROUP` shows the corresponding field definitions and the entry parameter list:

```
CLON01Factor1+++++++Opcode&ExtFactor2+++++++Result+++++++Len++D+
*
D MYGROUP          DS
D PART1            10
D PART2            10
*
*****
*
C *ENTRY           PLIST
C                  PARM              MYGROUP
*
```


Mapping Arrays, Groups and Structures

Structures within the Software AG IDL file are mapped to RPG tables like groups. See the structure definition for the syntax on how to describe structures within the Software AG IDL file.

Mapping the Direction Attributes In, Out, InOut

The IDL syntax allows you to define parameters as `IN` parameters, `OUT` parameters, or `IN OUT` parameters (which is the default if nothing is specified). This direction specification is reflected in the stubless call of the RPC Server as follows:

- Direction attributes do not change the call interface because parameters are always treated as “called by reference”.
- Usage of direction attributes may be useful to reduce data traffic between RPC client and RPC server.
- Parameters with the `IN` attribute are sent from the RPC client to the RPC server.
- Parameters with the `OUT` attribute are sent from the RPC server to the RPC client.
- Parameters with the `IN` and `OUT` attribute are sent from the RPC client to the RPC server and then back to the RPC client.

Note that only the direction information of the top-level fields (Level 1) is relevant. Group fields always inherit the specification from their parent. A different specification is ignored.

See the `attribute-list` under *Software AG IDL Grammar* in the IDL Editor documentation for the syntax on how to describe attributes within the Software AG IDL file and refer to `direction-attribute`.

