

ApplinX User Guide

Administration

Version 10.11

October 2021

This document applies to ApplinX Version 10.11 and all subsequent releases.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

Copyright © 2001-2021 Software AG, Darmstadt, Germany and/or Software AG USA, Inc., Reston, VA, USA, and/or its subsidiaries and/or its affiliates and/or their licensors.

The name Software AG and all Software AG product names are either trademarks or registered trademarks of Software AG and/or Software AG USA, Inc. and/or its subsidiaries and/or its affiliates and/or their licensors. Other company and product names mentioned herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Detailed information on trademarks and patents owned by Software AG and/or its subsidiaries is located at <http://softwareag.com/licenses>.

Use of this software is subject to adherence to Software AG's licensing conditions and terms. These terms are part of the product documentation, located at <http://softwareag.com/licenses/> and/or in the root installation directory of the licensed product(s).

This software may include portions of third-party products. For third-party copyright notices, license terms, additional rights or restrictions, please refer to "License Texts, Copyright Notices and Disclaimers of Third-Party Products". For certain specific third-party license restrictions, please refer to section E of the Legal Notices available under "License Terms and Conditions for Use of Software AG Products / Copyright and Trademark Notices of Software AG Products". These documents are part of the product documentation, located at <http://softwareag.com/licenses> and/or in the root installation directory of the licensed product(s).

Use, reproduction, transfer, publication or disclosure is prohibited except as specifically provided for in your License Agreement with Software AG.

Document ID: APX-UG-ADMIN-1011-20211002

Table of Contents

1 About this Documentation	1
Document Conventions	2
Online Information and Support	2
Data Protection	3
2 Managing the ApplinX Server	5
Starting ApplinX Server	6
ApplinX Server System Parameters	7
Stopping ApplinX Server	8
Connecting to the Server	8
Configuring the Server	9
High Availability	12
Accessing Server Information	14
Viewing Server Logs	16
3 Current Activity	19
Managing Sessions	20
Managing Connection Pools	25
4 Users: Roles and Permissions	35
Multiple Developers Working on the same Application	36
New User Properties	37
Defining User Permissions	38
Defining Passwords	38
Disabling a User's Account	39
Adding a New Group	39
5 Administrative Web Services API	41
Retrieving Server Information	42
Retrieving Session Information	45
Managing Connection Pools	47
Managing Connection Pools Connection Information Sets	53
Managing RPC Connection Pools	58
6 Batch Automation Utilities	61
Migration Batch File	62
Convert Utility Batch File	62
Importing Screens using a Batch File	63
Export Batch File	64
Import Batch File	66
Administration using a Batch File	68
7 High Availability with Container Orchestration	71
Container Orchestration Architecture	73
Sample Deployment	73
Sample Config File	74
Updating a Version in a Container Orchestration Environment	77

1 About this Documentation

- Document Conventions 2
- Online Information and Support 2
- Data Protection 3

Document Conventions

Convention	Description
Bold	Identifies elements on a screen.
Monospace font	Identifies service names and locations in the format <i>folder.subfolder.service</i> , APIs, Java classes, methods, properties.
<i>Italic</i>	Identifies: Variables for which you must supply values specific to your own situation or environment. New terms the first time they occur in the text. References to other documentation sources.
Monospace font	Identifies: Text you must type in. Messages displayed by the system. Program code.
{ }	Indicates a set of choices from which you must choose one. Type only the information inside the curly braces. Do not type the { } symbols.
	Separates two mutually exclusive choices in a syntax line. Type one of these choices. Do not type the symbol.
[]	Indicates one or more options. Type only the information inside the square brackets. Do not type the [] symbols.
...	Indicates that you can type multiple options of the same type. Type only the information. Do not type the ellipsis (...).

Online Information and Support

Software AG Documentation Website

You can find documentation on the Software AG Documentation website at <https://documentation.softwareag.com>.

Software AG Empower Product Support Website

If you do not yet have an account for Empower, send an email to empower@softwareag.com with your name, company, and company email address and request an account.

Once you have an account, you can open Support Incidents online via the eService section of Empower at <https://empower.softwareag.com/>.

You can find product information on the Software AG Empower Product Support website at <https://empower.softwareag.com>.

To submit feature/enhancement requests, get information about product availability, and download products, go to [Products](#).

To get information about fixes and to read early warnings, technical papers, and knowledge base articles, go to the [Knowledge Center](#).

If you have any questions, you can find a local or toll-free number for your country in our Global Support Contact Directory at https://empower.softwareag.com/public_directory.aspx and give us a call.

Software AG Tech Community

You can find documentation and other technical information on the Software AG Tech Community website at <https://techcommunity.softwareag.com>. You can:

- Access product documentation, if you have Tech Community credentials. If you do not, you will need to register and specify "Documentation" as an area of interest.
- Access articles, code samples, demos, and tutorials.
- Use the online discussion forums, moderated by Software AG professionals, to ask questions, discuss best practices, and learn how other customers are using Software AG technology.
- Link to external websites that discuss open standards and web technology.

Data Protection

Software AG products provide functionality with respect to processing of personal data according to the EU General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Where applicable, appropriate steps are documented in the respective administration documentation.

2 Managing the ApplinX Server

- Starting ApplinX Server 6
- ApplinX Server System Parameters 7
- Stopping ApplinX Server 8
- Connecting to the Server 8
- Configuring the Server 9
- High Availability 12
- Accessing Server Information 14
- Viewing Server Logs 16

Starting ApplinX Server

Windows Environment

The ApplinX Server can be started either as a Windows service or using a batch file.



Note: When selecting to run ApplinX as a service it will by default, start automatically when Windows is started.

➤ To start the ApplinX Server as a Windows system service

- 1 In the installation process, define that ApplinX Server will run as a Windows system service.
- 2 Select **Start>Settings>Control Panel>Administrative Tools>Services**.
- 3 Start the Software AG ApplinX Server service.

➤ To start the ApplinX Server using a batch command file

- 1 Access the <ApplinX installation>/bin folder.
- 2 Double-click *startup.bat*.

It is possible to configure the server's system properties.

Refer to [ApplinX Server, System Parameters](#) for further details.

UNIX Environment

➤ To start the ApplinX Server

- In the ApplinX installation directory, start the server using the *startup.sh* shell command.

It is possible to configure the server's system properties.

Refer to [ApplinX Server, System Parameters](#) for further details.

ApplinX Server System Parameters

When running ApplinX Server as a batch file, these parameters can be configured in the *startup.bat* batch file/*GXApplinXService.ini/startup.sh*.

Parameter	Description
com.sabratec.gxhome	The location of the Applinx home directory.
com.sabratec.license	The directory of the license file.
com.sabratec.useicon	Put the server icon in the icon tray.
com.sabratec.conf	ApplinX configuration file name - under the config folder of the installation.
com.sabratec.prpfile	The location of gxstartup.prp.
com.sabratec.logger	Servlet logger.
com.softwareag.applinx.ndt.endians_switch	When using Natural UNIX natural data transfer, if the download or upload gets stuck, this may be due to Endian issues and setting this parameter to true may fix this (by default this parameter is false).

The following parameters provide you with the ability to determine the server's system properties. Define these properties in the `\config\gxstartup.prp` file. These parameters can be overridden by parameters defined in the *startup.bat* batch file/*GXApplinXService.ini/startup.sh* files.

Parameter	Description
com.sabratec.license	The directory of the license file.
com.sabratec.useicon	Put the server icon in the icon tray.
com.sabratec.conf	ApplinX configuration file name - under the config folder of the installation.
com.sabratec.logger	Servlet logger.

Stopping ApplinX Server

Windows Environment

➤ To stop the ApplinX Server, when started as a Windows system service

- 1 Select **Start>Settings>Control Panel>Administrative Tools>Services**.
- 2 Stop the Software AG ApplinX Server service.

➤ To stop the ApplinX Server using a batch command file

- 1 Access the ApplinX installation folder.
- 2 Double-click *shutdown.bat*.

UNIX Environment

➤ To stop the ApplinX Server

- In the ApplinX installation directory, you will find the *shutdown.sh* shell command.

Connecting to the Server

➤ To connect to the server

- 1 In the ApplinX Designer, click **Connect to Server** on the toolbar, or right-click on the relevant server and select **Connect**.
- 2 When connecting for the first time, ensure that the server address (IPv4 and IPv6 address formats are supported) and port that are displayed in the pop-up are correct.
- 3 Click **OK**.
- 4 Type the **User name** and **Password** and click **OK**.



Note: You may have to set a new password when connecting for the first time.

➤ To disconnect from the server

- In the ApplinX Designer, click **Disconnect from Server** on the toolbar, or right-click on the relevant server and select **Connect**.

The communication with the server terminates, and the user's details disappear.

Configuring the Server

To update a Server's configuration, open ApplinX Designer, and either right-click on the server (in the ApplinX Explorer) and select **Properties**, or select **Properties** from the **Server** menu.

The *Server Properties* dialog box is displayed.

Edit the dialog box as follows:

- CentraSite
- General
- License
- Log
- Outgoing SMTP Server
- WS-Stack

CentraSite

Enable CentraSite

Selecting this option enables connecting to CentraSite. This is available only when you have a relevant license and have installed the required Software AG common files. An error message will indicate when one of these are missing. If the common files are not installed, run the Software AG Installer and within "Infrastructure>Libraries" select to install "Shared Libraries" and "CentraSite Libraries".

Host

The name of the host where CentraSite is installed.

Port

The port number used to connect to CentraSite

User

Current user name.

Password

Password of current user.

Test Connection

Clicking on this button will test that a connection with CentraSite has been established.

General

Non secured port

Does not require user name and password authentication.

Secured port

The **Secured port** check box determines whether SSL is used to securely transfer the data between the client and ApplinX Server.

To change the HTTP port, edit the server.xml and gxconfig.xml files.

Load ApplinX archive applications (gxar)

This check box determines whether to automatically update the application with new/updated gxar files. Once selected, ApplinX searches the host-applications folder looking for new/updated gxar files. When one is found, it is loaded automatically as a new/updated application. You must determine how often to search the folder (by default this is set as one minute).

Enable encryption of recorded sessions

Selecting this checkbox, enables encrypting recorded sessions.

Encryption key file

The encryption key enables ApplinX to encrypt and decrypt the recorded sessions. A key is required for each ApplinX Server.



Note: Refer to Recording Sessions for further details regarding encrypting recorded sessions.

License

This page provides information regarding the ApplinX Server license. It includes the number of users, the number of licenses for each type of license, the expiry date, the platforms and the special license terms (such as whether the license includes Web Enablement and/or SOA). Refer to the ApplinX License Keys.

Log

The server log can be accessed from ApplinX Administrator or from the ApplinX Designer. Refer to [Viewing Server Logs](#) for further details.

Level

The contents of the log file are as detailed as this property defines, where every level includes the levels above it. For example, the Debug level also logs Normal, Warnings and Errors Only levels. Available values: "Errors only", "Warnings", "Normal" and "Debug" (by default Normal is selected).

Log File Name

The log is written to this file.

Open log folder

Enables you to see the list of existing log files.

Max. file size

Starts a new log file after the current file has been filled to the maximum file size.

Save History

Selecting this check box determines whether backups of old log files will be saved, after restarting the server.

The radio button options determine the number of backups saved before overwriting the old log files. For example: 10 means "save the last 10 log files, in addition to the current one, then start to overwrite". When selecting **All Files**, old log files are never deleted. Default value is "10".

Outgoing SMTP Server**Server Address**

The IP address of the SMTP server.

From address

Mail sent as part of a Procedure, requires using a From address, which is defined in the procedure. When the From field in the procedure is left empty, the address defined here, in the **Default From address**, will be used.

Requires authentication

For security reasons, you may want to require authentication. Enter the **Account name** and **Password**.



Note: Only an Administrator is able to change the server's configuration.

WS-Stack

Enables selecting whether to work in embedded (default) or in external mode. Use the Embedded mode when WS-Stack uses the same Tomcat as ApplinX and also when working with Web Services created in previous ApplinX versions (Administrative Web Services and Procedure Group generated Web Services). Use the External mode when not using the same Tomcat as ApplinX, for example when working with one WS-Stack Web application for all SAG products or when working with a WS-Stack Web application which is on a different machine.

When connecting to a WS-Stack installation on a different machine, you are required to enter the following:

Host/IP

The host name or IP Address (IPv4 and IPv6 address formats are supported).

Port

The Tomcat port where WS-Stack Web application is deployed.

Servlet name

The URL of the servlet that the WS-Stack uses for deployment tasks.

User

The user name used by WS-Stack.

Password

The password used by WS-Stack.

Click **Test Connection**, to test the connection to the remote machine.

Refer to Integration between ApplinX and WS-Stack

High Availability

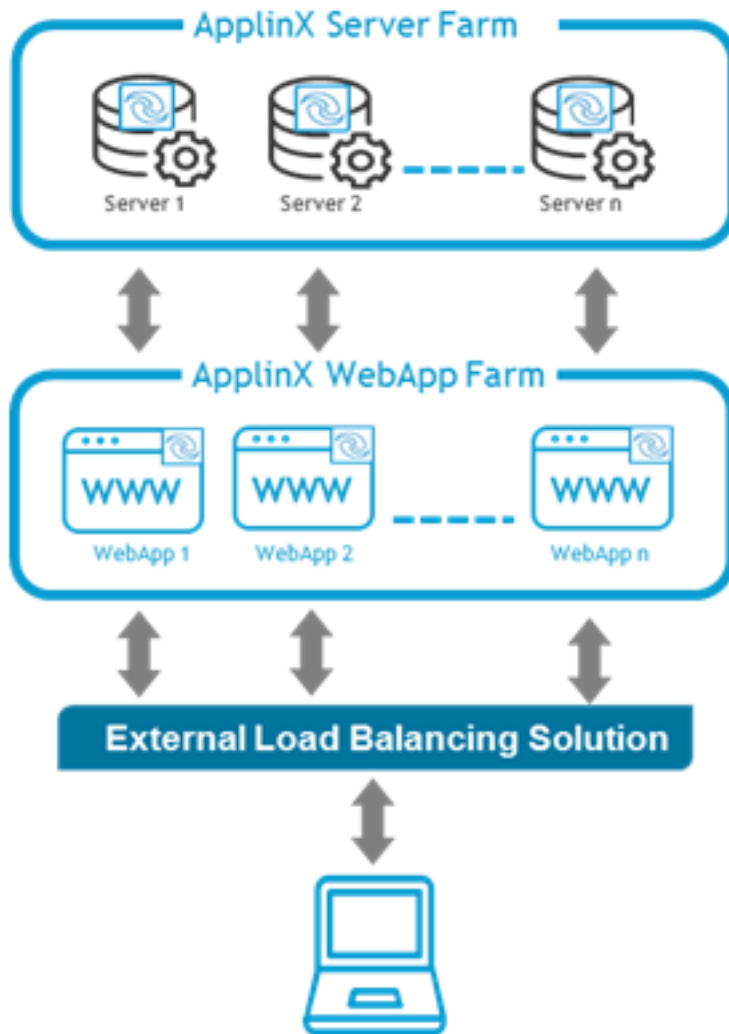
- [Eliminating Single Points of Failure](#)
- [Reliable Crossover](#)
- [Detection of Failures as they Occur](#)

See also [High Availability with Container Orchestration](#).

Eliminating Single Points of Failure

This is achieved by adding redundancy to the system, so that failure of a component does not mean failure of the entire system. ApplinX provides the following:

- Several ApplinX Servers can run in a server's farm configuration. This should be used in combination with an external load balancing solution.
- Several web applications can be deployed and used on the client side. An external load balancing solution is needed.



Reliable Crossover

In multithreaded systems, the crossover point itself tends to become a single point of failure. When an ApplinX Server is down, sessions that are currently being served by this server will go down and *not* transfer to another running server. However, using the suspended state in connection pools (see Connection Pool States), ApplinX can handle planned maintenance cycles that will start diverting sessions into other servers and take the server down for maintenance only when there are no attached sessions. This means that new users/sessions will not get served by this server, but currently active sessions will continue to run until finished. This minimizes the number of users actually affected by maintenance cycles. Monitoring the session's activities and state can be done using the ApplinX administrative web services API, specifically Retrieving Server Information and Retrieving Session Information.

Detection of Failures as they Occur

ApplinX provides multiple monitoring, logging and tracing facilities:

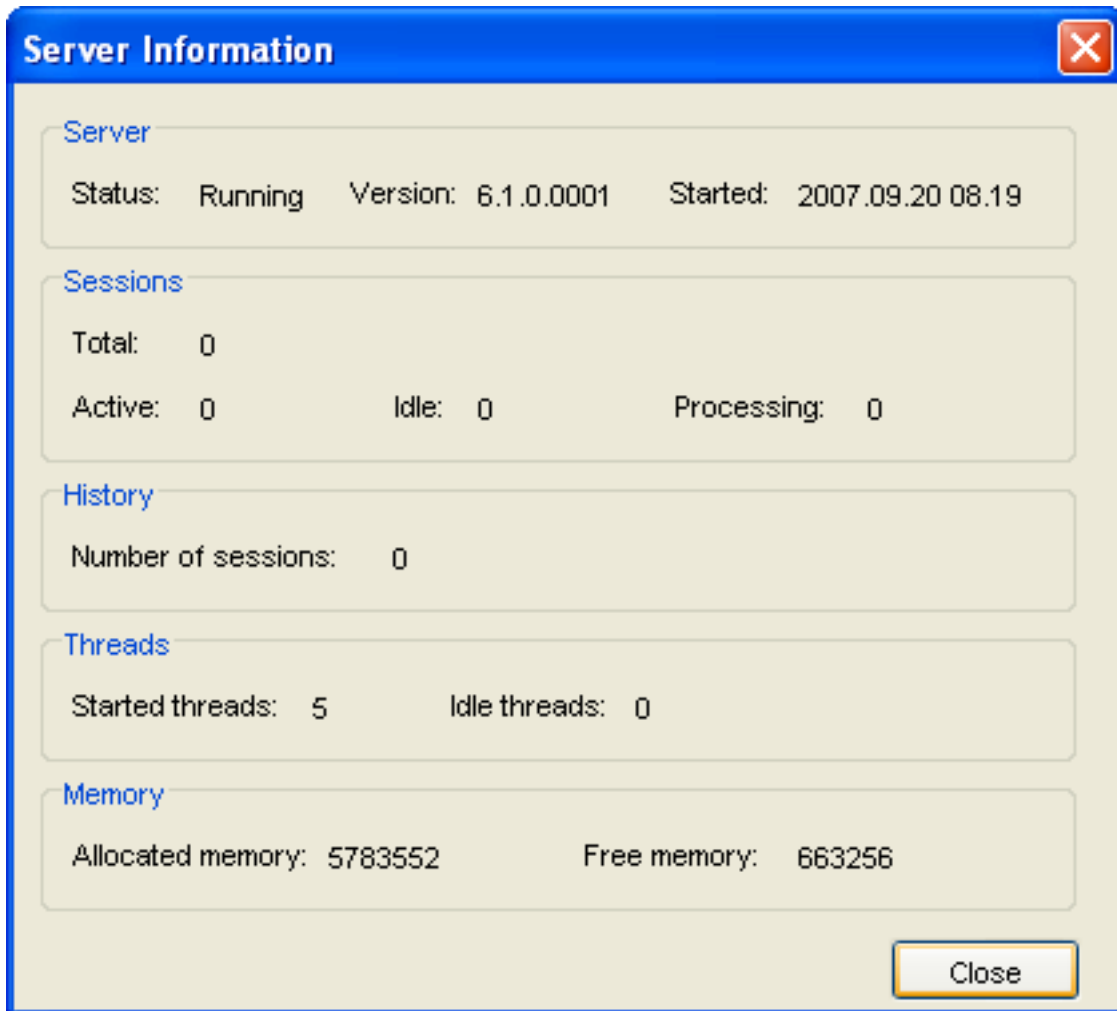
- The Administrator offers live monitoring of the sessions.
- webMethods Optimize for Infrastructure can be used to monitor session activity.
- The ApplinX Administrative Web Services API can be used to monitor and take actions.
- Logs in several detailed level options - from error, warning and debug. See *Log Files in ApplinX | JavaScript Logger Engine*.
- Error codes for errors. See *Error Messages*.
- Trace files that can be recorded. See *Creating Logs for Tracing Application Processes | Process Tracing*.

Accessing Server Information

This feature provides important information required for monitoring the server's status and activity history.

➤ To access the Server's status and activity history

- 1 In the ApplinX Administrator, click **Server Information** on the toolbar, or from the **Tools** menu, select **Server Information**.
- 2 Click **Close** to exit the *Server Information* dialog box.



Server

Server Status

"Running" when the server is connected.

Version

The ApplinX Server's version.

Started

The date and time the server was last initialized.

Sessions

Total

The total number of sessions connected to the server presently.

Active

The number of currently active sessions.

Idle

The number of sessions currently idle (connected, but detached).

Processing

The number of sessions currently processing XML requests.

History**Number of Sessions**

The total number of sessions that have connected to the server since it was last initialized.

Threads**Started Threads**

The number of threads that were activated.

Idle Threads

How many threads were activated, but are currently not used.

Memory**Allocated Memory**

The total amount of memory (in bytes) that is currently allocated to ApplinX Server on the Java Virtual Machine.

Free Memory

The amount of memory (in bytes) currently available for ApplinX to use.

This information can be accessed using the API detailed in Retrieving Server Information.

Viewing Server Logs

The Server Log includes information as to the Server's activities and problems. The contents of the server log file are defined according to the settings configured in the Server Parameter>Log node. The Server Log can be accessed either from ApplinX Administrator, from ApplinX Designer or via an external browser: ApplinX Administrator can be used by administrators and/or developers. Administrators who do not have ApplinX Designer can access the Server Log from the Designer. Administrators who do not have ApplinX Designer or ApplinX Administrator can access the Server Log via an external browser.

See also *Server Log* in the *Designing and Developing an Application* documentation.



Note: Log and trace files can contain sensitive personal data (for example user ID, IP address, etc.). We recommend you check the different trace opportunities provided by ApplinX and delete log and trace files if they are no longer needed. ApplinX will not delete these files automatically; this is your responsibility as user. Use the appropriate tools of the respective operating system.

➤ **To view the contents of server log files from within ApplinX Administrator**

- 1 In the ApplinX Administrator, click **Server Log** on the toolbar to view the current log file's contents. To view previous log file history: click the **Server Logs** node under the Management node. The paths of these log files; according to the Server definitions (see [Server Configuration](#)) appear in the Main view.
- 2 Double-click a file's name. A dialog box with the file's contents appears.
- 3 Click **Refresh**, or press the **F5** key on the keyboard to renew information on the log file manually. Check **Auto refresh** to automatically refresh the log file.
- 4 Click **OK** to exit the *Log File* window.

➤ **To view the contents of server log files from within ApplinX Designer**

- 1 In the ApplinX Designer, either right-click on a server and select **Show Server Log**, or select **Show Server Log** in the **Server** Menu.
- 2 To view previous log file history select the relevant file from the list of files in the File name field.
- 3 Double-click a file's name. A dialog box with the file's contents appears.
- 4 Click **Refresh**, or press the **F5** key on the keyboard to renew information on the log file manually.

3 Current Activity

- Managing Sessions 20
- Managing Connection Pools 25



Note: Since ApplinX version 10.7 you can now manage sessions, connection pools, server logs, users and groups using a batch command. See [Administration using a Batch File](#) for more information and a list of all available commands.

Managing Sessions

- [Viewing Sessions](#)
- [Viewing a Session's Properties](#)
- [Filtering your Session](#)
- [Setting the Refresh Rate](#)
- [Accessing the Session Viewer](#)
- [Canceling a Session](#)

Viewing Sessions

When you connect to the server, you are able to see in the Administrator details of all the sessions currently running on the server. To view the sessions on the server, open ApplinX Administrator and expand the **Management>Current Activity>Sessions** node. The Main view pane on the right will display the session's details:

Session ID

The ID of the session.

Example Value

U0000001

Description

The session's description, for example, User ID on the host or IP address.

Application

The name of the application the session relates to.

Example Value

CompositeDemo

Device Name

Workstation ID/LU Name, available only in certain protocols.

Duration

The amount of time the session has been in its current state.

Example Value

14:30

State

Current status of the connection pool. Can be "Not Started", "Initializing", "Active", "In standby", "Suspended", "Stopping" or "Stopped".

Example Value

Active

Connection Pool

The name of the connection pool.

Example Value

/<connection pool name>

Type

The type of session currently running: Web Enablement, SOA, Development session (Designer), or Tester session (Tester).



Note: The Tester type was introduced in ApplinX version 10.7 to support screen testing functionality previously provided with product Natural Screen Tester. See *Natural Screen Tester* in the Release Notes.

The status bar shows the total number of sessions currently running, and in parenthesis, the number of active sessions.

Viewing a Session's Properties

To view a specific session's properties, open ApplinX Administrator, right-click the specific session in the Main view and select **Open**. The *Session* dialog box appears including the following information:

Session**ID**

The session's ID on the ApplinX Server.

Address

The IP address from where the session is connected to ApplinX.

Description

The session's description. For example, this may be the session's computer address.

Host**Address**

The IP address of the host.

Device name

Workstation ID/LU name, available only in certain protocols.

Application

The name of the application on ApplinX Server to which this session is connected.

Replay

The GCT file name that is to work with this session and the screen number in the GCT file.

Trace

The name of the trace file that is tracing the current session.

Bytes sent

The number of bytes sent to the host.

Bytes received

The number of bytes received from the host.

Status

Idle time

The time period in which a session has not performed a communication activity with the host.

Number of calls

The number of communication activities the session has made with the host.

State

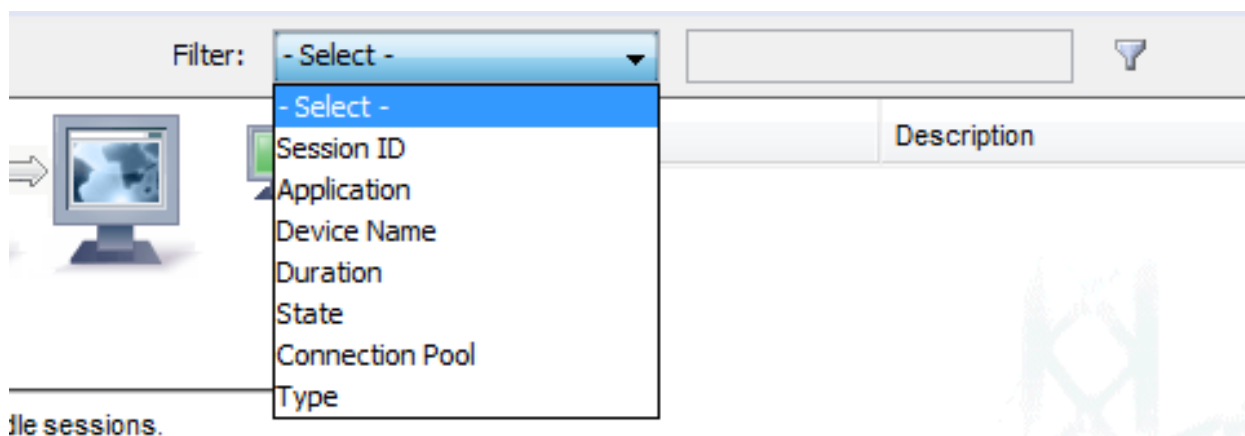
The current communication status between ApplinX Server and the host. Can be either: "Idle" (connected, not attached), "Initializing", "Processing" (executing an action), "Active" (attached), or "Disconnecting".

Filtering your Session

You can filter the displayed sessions in the ApplinX Administrator by

- Session ID
- Application
- Device Name
- Duration
- State
- Connection Pool
- Type

See screen below:

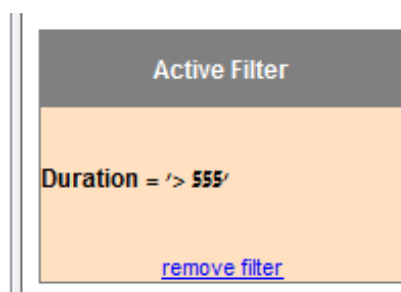


Two types of filtering are supported:

- For the **Duration** column, you can enter values in format "x day(s)", "hh:mm:ss" or value in seconds.
 - You can also use less than/greater than signs: "<" / ">", for example
 - "> 3 days" (greater than three days)
 - "< 00:05:00" (less than five minutes)
- For all other columns, the check is based on the string itself. You can use "*" as wildcard to replace 0 or more characters, or use "!=" or "not". Examples:
 - "U00*"
 - "not U*"
 - "!=U*"

Define a filter and press **Enter** or click the **Filter** button to activate the filter. The filter specification appears near the table in the node information area.

When a valid filter is properly applied, the background color of the filter area is colored light orange:



If you are filtering by duration, the filter is validated. If it does not match one of the allowed formats ("x day(s)", "hh:mm:ss" or value in seconds) a red border is created around the text field, indicating the value is not allowed.



When you modify active filter, the color changes back to indicate that the filter line and active filter box are not the same.

> **To remove the filter**

- Click the blue "remove filter" link.

Or:

Choose the defaulted "**Select**" option from the filter type combo box.

Or:

Remove the value from the text field and press **Enter** or filter button.

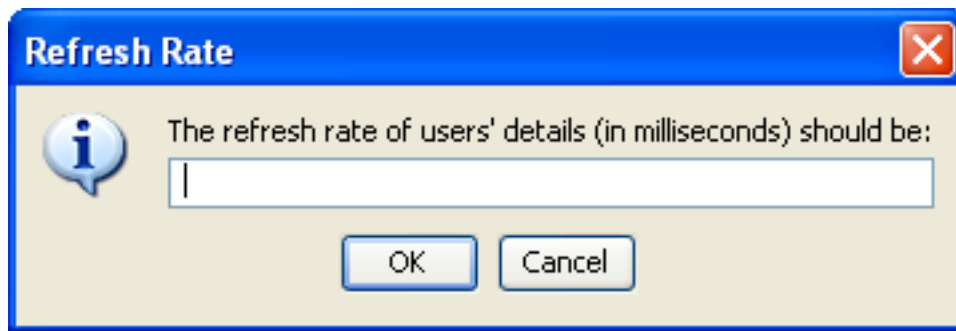
Setting the Refresh Rate

By default, the session list is sampled every second in order to keep it updated. When many users connect to the server, this refresh rate can significantly slow down the list's update. You can change the system's refresh rate to suit your needs.

> **To set the Refresh Rate**

- 1 Open ApplinX Administrator.

Right-click on the Management>Current Activity>Sessions node and select Refresh Rate. The Refresh Rate dialog box appears.



- 2 Type the new **Refresh Rate** in milliseconds, click **OK**.

The Refresh Rate is changed, and you may read all updated data from the server in the desired frequency.

Accessing the Session Viewer

This feature allows you to view the current host session while you are in the Administrator. The benefits of this feature are that it allows you to view the current host screen at the same time as other users are viewing the same host screen. If you are experiencing problems in code, the *Session Viewer* allows you to view the current host screen.

To access the *Session Viewer*, open ApplinX Administrator and select the relevant session in the Main View, then either right-click on the session and select **Show Session** or select **Show Session** in the **Connection** menu.

Canceling a Session

Using the Administrator, you can cancel a session from the server. This is useful when:

- A session is "stuck" and is unable to perform any activity.
- An unauthorized session has logged on.
- A session remains idle for a long time, and a "non-activity" timeout has not been defined.



Note: You can use session filtering to cancel multiple sessions in one operation. See [Filtering your Session](#) above.

➤ To cancel a session on the server

- 1 Open ApplinX Administrator.
- 2 Select the relevant session in the Main View, then either right-click on the session and select **Cancel Session** or select **Cancel Session** in the **Connection** menu.
- 3 Click **Yes** in the *Cancel Session* dialog box appears.

Managing Connection Pools

- [Viewing Application Connection Pools](#)
- [Viewing Connection Pool Monitoring Information](#)
- [Viewing Connection Information](#)
- [Canceling a Connection](#)
- [Changing the Status of a Connection Pool](#)
- [Viewing Connection Monitoring Information](#)



Note: Refer to the Administrative Web Services API to access connection pool information using the API.

Viewing Application Connection Pools

To view a list of all Pools whose applications are loaded open ApplinX Administrator and select the **Management>Current Activity>Connection Pools** node.

Application/Connection Pool

The name of the application followed by the full name of the Connection Pool.

Example Value

Demo:/folderA /ConnectionPoolName

Status

Current status of the connection pool:

"Not Started" - The connection pool was not initialized yet. If a user requests a connection the connection pool will return an immediate error.

"Initializing" - The connection pool is trying to reach Active status, but does not have any ready connection yet. If a user requests a connection the connection pool will return an immediate error.

"Active" - The connection pool is working, and managed to create at least one connection to the host.

"In standby" - The connection pool had several consecutive errors trying to create new connections to the host. The connection pool will continue to try to connect if user requests arrive, but will not initiate new connections otherwise. If a new connection is successfully created, the status will automatically change to Active.

"Suspended" - The connection pool is blocked for new users, and does not maintain its connections. If a user requests a connection the connection pool will return an immediate error.

"Stopping" - The connection pool is trying to reach Stopped status, but still has connections in different stages of termination. When all connections are down, the status will automatically change to Stopped. If a user requests a connection the connection pool will return an immediate error.

"Stopped" - The connection pool does not have connections or maintenance. If a user requests a connection the connection pool will return an immediate error.

Active

The number of connections in use (with users attached).

Example Value

10

Ready

The number of available connections.

Example Value

5

Process

The number of connections currently in one of the following states: initializing, recycling or keep-alive.

Example Value

1

Viewing Connection Pool Monitoring Information

To view the run time information about a specific connection pool, open ApplinX Administrator and select the **Management>Current Activity>Connection Pools** node and then either double-click the required connection pool in the Main view area or right-click the required connection pool either in the ApplinX Explorer or in the Main view section and select **Show Monitor**.

Connection pool Information (InstantDemoEdit:/gotoLogon)

Pool

Name: gotoLogon Folder: /

Application: InstantDemoEdit

Current State

Status: Not Started Since: 11/08/2008 18:43:16

Connections: 0 Broken: 0

Active: 0 Initialize: 0

Ready: 0 Recycle: 0

Keep-alive: 0 Terminate: 0

History

Connections watermark: 0 Sessions watermark: 0

% of waiting sessions: 0 Average wait time: 0

Sessions served: 0 Connections used: 0 Ratio: 0.0

Connection Information

Close

Pool

This panel displays identifying information about the displayed connection pool.

Name

The name of the displayed connection pool.

Folder

The folder in which the displayed connection pool is placed.

Application

The application to which the connection pool belongs.

Current State

This panel displays run time information about the displayed connection pool.

Status

The connection pool's status: "Not Started, Initializing, Active, In standby, Suspended, Stopping" or "Stopped".

Since

The connection pool is in its current status since this time.

Connections

The total number of connections in the connection pool, ignoring broken connections.

Broken

The number of connections that failed initialization recently. When more than 0, this number is shown in red.

Active

The number of connections currently held by a session (user).

Ready

The number of connections ready for use.

Keep-Alive

The number of connections currently performing keep-alive activity.

Initialize

The number of connections currently performing initialization activity.

Recycle

The number of connections currently performing recycling activity.

Terminate

The number of connections currently performing termination activity.

History

This panel displays accumulative information about the displayed connection pool. The information in this panel is reset when the connection pool is stopped.

Connections watermark

The maximum number of concurrent connections in this connection pool.

Sessions watermark

The maximum number of sessions that used this connection pool concurrently.

% of waiting sessions

The percent of sessions that did not immediately get a connection when trying to connect to ApplinX.

Average wait time

The average time (in milliseconds) sessions waited for a READY connection (calculated only among those sessions that waited) multiplied by the percentage of waiting sessions. For example: if 8% sessions had to wait, and in average each of those waited 1000 milliseconds, the overall average wait time was: $0.08 * 1000 = 80$ milliseconds.

Sessions served

The total number of sessions that connected to the connection pool since the connection pool started.

Connections used

The total number of different host connections created by this connection pool.

Ratio

Sessions served divided by **Connections used**. This parameter can give a general indication of how much connection recycling is effective. A large ratio means that a relatively small number of connections served a large number of sessions.

Connection Information

This panel displays the name of the **Information Set** that the displayed connection pool uses. If this panel is empty, no Information set is used.

Information set

The name of the information set used by this connection pool.

Viewing Connection Information

To view a list of all the connections of a particular connection pool, open ApplinX Administrator and select the **Management>Current Activity>Connection Pools** node and in the ApplinX Explorer area select the required connection pool.

Connection ID

The connection identification number (unique in the contexts of this connection pool)

Example Value

6

Status

Current status of the connection. Can be "Active", "Ready", "Initializing", "Keep-alive", "Recycle" or "Terminating".

Example Value

Active

Session ID

This column is relevant only for active connections. The Session ID of the user that holds this connection.

Example Value

U0000014

Time

The time that passed since the connection is in its current status.

Example Value

00:03:24

Error Message

Relevant only for broken connections. A message that may imply on the reason this connection became corrupt.

Canceling a Connection

To cancel a connection, open ApplinX Administrator and expand the **Management>Current Activity>Connection Pools** node. Right-click on a connection and select **Cancel**.



Note: Active connections can also be cancelled by canceling their user through the Sessions node.

Changing the Status of a Connection Pool

To modify the activity status of a connection pool, open ApplinX Administrator and expand the **Management>Current Activity>Connection Pools** node. Select one or more connections you want to control, right-click and select one of the options detailed below:

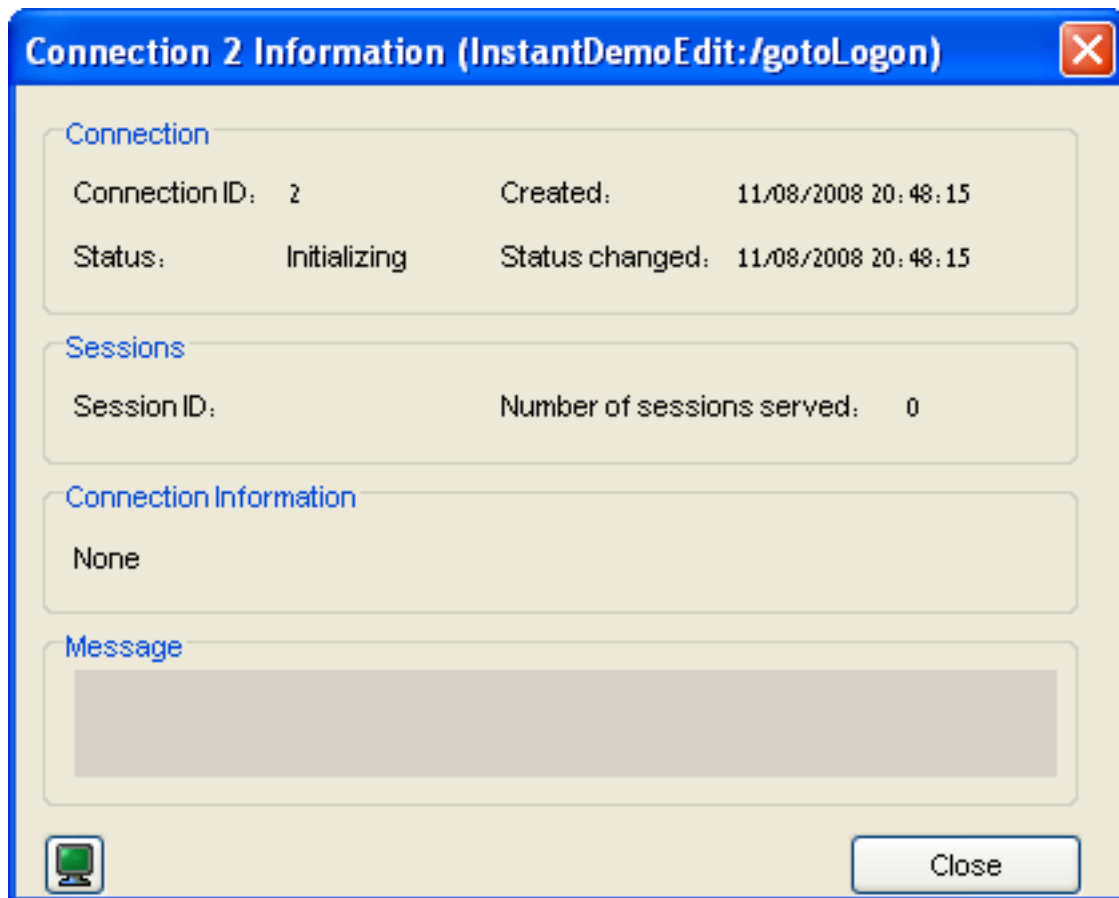


Note: The available options will vary according to the current status of the selected connection pool(s).

Name	Description
Start Connection Pool	A connection pool that has not been started or a stopped connection pool will reload its configuration, initialize a new pool and start the connection pool operation. During the activation of the pool, until at least one connection is ready, the connection pool is in Initializing status. When the Start connection pool option is used on a suspended connection pool, it will simply resume operation.
Suspend Connection Pool	Relevant only for active connection pools. Will stop creating new connections and connection pools for new requests, but will not close the existing connections in the pool.
Resume Connection Pool	Resumes the possibility to use a suspended connection pool of the application
Stop Connection Pool	Stop providing connection pool and close all connections in the pool. During this process, the connection pool enters Stopping status, until all connections are closed. Then the connection pool becomes Stopped. Reactivation will reload the connection pool configuration.
Restart Connection Pool	Stop the connection pool. After it reaches Stopped status, start the connection pool again.

Viewing Connection Monitoring Information

To view a form that displays the run time information about a specific connection of a connection pool, open ApplinX Administrator and click on the **Management>Current Activity>Connection Pools** node and select a connection pool. Right-click the required connection in the Main view section and select **Show Monitor**. The *Connection Information* dialog box which displays run time information about a specific connection of a connection pool appears.



Connection

Connection ID

The Identifier of the displayed connection.

Created

Creation time of this connection.

Status

The current status of the connection. One of: " Active/ Ready/ Initializing/ Recycling/ Keep-alive/ Terminating/ Broken".

Status changed

The time of the last change of the connection's status.

Sessions

Session ID

Active connections only - displays the ID of the session holding the displayed connection.

Number of sessions served

The number of sessions this specific connection served so far.

Connection Information

Using connection information ID

If a Connection Information set is used by this connection pool, this is the ID of the specific record used by the displayed connection.

Message Panel

Displays error messages for broken connections.

4 Users: Roles and Permissions

- Multiple Developers Working on the same Application 36
- New User Properties 37
- Defining User Permissions 38
- Defining Passwords 38
- Disabling a User's Account 39
- Adding a New Group 39

The Security node in ApplinX allows managing users, groups and their permissions. It is possible to define certain permissions for a group, and then associate users with this group, giving the user the permissions defined for this group. For example, a specific application that has a list of users who can develop the application and a list of users who can only view the application will have two groups with relevant permissions, and users will be associated to the relevant group. A change in the group permissions will take affect on all users belonging to this group. Users will inherit the permissions from all the groups to which they have been associated. Specific permissions given to a user, will override group permissions. For example, if a user inherits edit permission for 'CompositeDemo' but also has view permission, he will have view permission only.

Users with Administrator or Supervisor permissions, can access the Security node and manage users and groups.

Multiple Developers Working on the same Application

ApplinX applications are typically developed by more than one user. This can sometimes cause conflicts on the ApplinX Server. Working methodologically and investing time and effort in planning the development and design of the application can help prevent such conflicts:

- Divide responsibilities between the developers (such as developers working on specific entity types, or workflows).
- Provide each user with a unique user name and determine permissions according to user names.
- Work with folders: Permissions can be given to specific folders or users. These permissions can be defined for specific entities/processes.

Typical conflicting scenarios and outcomes:

- More than one developer editing the Application Properties: ApplinX will save the changes of the first developer who saves the changes.
- More than one developer editing an entity:

When more than one developer edits the same entity, and one of the developers saves the entity, the other developers receive a message indicating that this entity has been saved by another developer. You are required to determine whether you would like to work on the newly saved entity (and update your editor to reflect the newly saved entity) or to continue working on the outdated editor.

If you choose to continue working on the outdated editor then when trying to save the entity, you will be informed of the name of the user who made the changes and you will be able to decide whether to either:

- Overwrite the changes that the other developer has made.

- Save the entity with a different name. Note that references that pointed to the original entity will not point to this entity and need to be added manually. References that this entity referred to will be maintained.
- Discard the changes that you made.

New User Properties

The *New User* dialog box is used to define new users, their permissions and passwords. Access this dialog box by selecting **Management>Security>Users** in the ApplinX Explorer and then clicking on the **New** icon in the Toolbar. The *New User* dialog box is displayed. Fill in the **Name**, **Full Name** and **Description** and define associated groups and permissions.



Note: If you do not associate a group to a user, the user will, by default, be associated with Everyone.

Name

The unique identifier of the user. Can contain only digits, English letters (upper or lower case), underscore and spaces. (Obligatory field)

Full Name

The full name of the user.

Description

A suitable description of the user.

Associated groups

The user belongs to these groups. If you do not associate a user with a group, the user will, by default, be associated with Everyone.

Add

Allows you to add one or more groups to the list of groups associated with the user.

Remove

Allows you to remove a group from the list of associated groups by first selecting the group name and then clicking on the Remove button.

Permissions

Displays a dialog box where the folders the user can view and/or edit are defined. Refer to [Defining User Permissions](#).

Password

User password, required when accessing ApplinX. Refer to [Defining Passwords](#).

Account is disabled

Determines if the account will be disabled.

System Administrator

When checked, provides the user/group with System Administrator permissions.

Defining User Permissions

> To view or edit a user's permissions

- 1 Choose **Management** > **Security** > **Users** in the ApplinX Explorer and select the relevant user. The **User** dialog box is displayed.
- 2 Click **Permissions**. The **User Permissions** dialog box is displayed.
- 3 To add a permission, click the **Add** button. The **Select Folder** dialog box appears. Select from the list of applications or folders in order to define the user's permissions for this application or folder and click **OK**.

ApplinX

Top-level permission for all ApplinX features and operations.

Management

Permission for runtime monitoring and managing.

Applications (previously Composer)

Development permission for all applications.

<Application Name>

Per application permission.



Note: The Administrator's permissions cannot be changed.

- 4 Check the Edit or View check boxes to change the selected permissions level.
- 5 To remove a permission, select a permission and click Remove.

Defining Passwords

> To change a user's password

- 1 Choose **Management** > **Security** > **Users** node in the ApplinX Explorer.
- 2 Double-click on the relevant user or define a new user. The **User** dialog box is displayed.
- 3 In the **User** dialog box click on the **Password** button. The **User Permissions** dialog box is displayed.
- 4 In the **New password** field, enter the new password.
- 5 In the **Confirm new password** field, enter the new password again and click **OK**.

**Notes:**

1. It is highly recommended to change the Administrator's password often.
2. The password must be at least 8 characters long. The maximum number of consecutive identical characters (for example "aaa") or sequential characters (for example "123") is 3.

Disabling a User's Account

> To disable a user's account

- 1 Select **Management** > **Security** > **Users** node in the ApplinX Explorer.
- 2 Double-click on the relevant user. The **Information** dialog box is displayed.
- 3 Click the **Account is disabled** check box to disable a user account.

Adding a New Group

> To add a new group

- 1 Select **Management** > **Security** > **Groups** node.
- 2 Either click the **New** button on the toolbar or right-click the **Groups** node and choose **New**. The New Group dialog box appears.
- 3 Fill in the **Name** (can contain only digits, English letters (upper or lower case), underscore and spaces) and **Description** and define the users registered in this group.
- 4 Click the **Add** or **Remove** buttons to add or remove users to or from this group. There are two built-in users:

Administrator

Built-in account for administering the ApplinX Server.

sysDeveloper

Built-in account for configuring and developing the ApplinX Server.



Note: System (pre-defined) groups and users cannot be deleted.

There are a number of predefined groups:

Everyone

System group that includes all ApplinX users.

Developers

System group with full access to all the applications on the ApplinX Server.

Supervisors

System group with complete and unrestricted access to the ApplinX Server.



Note: System (pre-defined) groups and users cannot be deleted.

5

Administrative Web Services API

▪ Retrieving Server Information	42
▪ Retrieving Session Information	45
▪ Managing Connection Pools	47
▪ Managing Connection Pools Connection Information Sets	53
▪ Managing RPC Connection Pools	58

ApplinX Administrative Web Services API provides the developer the capability to retrieve data and perform actions based on information received from ApplinX Server in runtime, without accessing the ApplinX Designer or Administrator but rather using standard Web services.

These Web services can be used for the following:



Note: The user name required in this method refers to a user who has ApplinX Server Administrator permissions.

Retrieving Server Information

This Web service retrieves data regarding server information.

URL: <http://localhost:2380/wsstack/services/ServerManager?wsdl>



Note: This address is relevant when working with the WS-Stack in local mode. When working in remote mode, you need to update the server address to reflect the WS-Stack server address.

Method `getServerInformation`

Returns a `ServerInformationResponse` object which contains the `ServerInformation` object.

Format: `ServerInformationResponse getServerInformation(ServerInformationRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
ServerInformationRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server
	password	String	The user's password.
ServerInformationResponse	version	String	The ApplinX Server's version.
	startedTime	String	The date and time the server was last initialized.
	activeSessions	int	The number of currently active sessions.
	idleSessions	int	The number of sessions currently idle (connected, but detached).
	processingSessions	int	The number of sessions currently performing actions against the host.
	totalSessions	int	The total number of sessions opened since the server was started.
	startedThreads	int	The number of threads that were activated.
	idleThreads	int	The number of threads that were activated, but are currently not being used.

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
	allocatedMemory	long	The total amount of memory (in bytes) that is currently allocated to ApplinX Server on the Java Virtual Machine.
	freeMemory	long	The amount of memory (in bytes) currently available for ApplinX to use.

Method `getSessionsCounters`

Returns a `sessionsCountersResponse` object which contains the `ConnectionsPerLicense` object.

Format: `sessionsCountersResponse getSessionsCounters(sessionsCountersRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
sessionsCountersRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
sessionsCountersResponse	numberOfWebEnablementDisplay	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to Web enablement connections (excluding printer sessions).
	numberOfWebEnablementPrinter	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to the printer sessions. The printer sessions are counted as Web Enablement connections.
	numberOfSOAEnablement	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to the SOA enablement connections (excluding Web integration and RPC connections).
	numberOfWebIntegration	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to Web Integration

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
			connections. The Web Integration connections are counted as SOA connections.
	numberOfRPCConnections	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to RPC connections. The RPC connections are counted as SOA connections.
	numberOfUnassignedPoolConnections	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to the unassigned connections in the connection pool.
	numberOfTesterConnections	ConnectionsCounter	Relates to Tester connections.



Note: Each of the parameters includes the number of connections currently being used, the maximum number of connections ever connected at one time and the date and time that this occurred. See table below. Note that each of the parameters relates to a specific type of connection.

ConnectionsCounter Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
current	int	The number of connections of the same type currently being used.
Max	int	The maximum number of connections of the same type ever connected at one time.
dateOfMax()	java.util.Calendar	Time that the maximum number of connections of the same type was measured.

Retrieving Session Information

This Web service retrieves data regarding session information.

URL: <http://localhost:2380/wsstack/services/SessionManager?wsdl>



Note: This address is relevant when working with the WS-Stack in local mode. When working in remote mode, you need to update the server address to reflect the WS-Stack server address.

Method `getAllSessions`

Returns a object which contains a list of all the sessions that are open on the server.

Format: `GetAllSessionsResponse getAllSessions(GetAllSessionsRequest request)`
`getServerInformation(ServerInformationRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetAllSessionsRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server
	password	String	The user's password.
GetAllSessionsResponse	sessions	Session []	An array of Session objects which contain the session information.

Method `getApplicationSessions`

Returns a `GetApplicationSessionsResponse` object which contains a list of sessions that are connected to a specific application.

Format: `GetApplicationSessionsResponse`
`getApplicationSessions(GetApplicationSessionsRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetApplicationSessionsRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
GetApplicationSessionsResponse	sessions	Session []	An array of Session objects which contain the session information.

Method `getServiceSessions`

Returns a `GetServiceSessionsResponse` object which contains a list of sessions that are connected to a specific Connection pool.

Format: `GetServiceSessionsResponse getServiceSessions(GetServiceSessionsRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetApplicationSessionsRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the Connection Pool.
GetServiceSessionsResponse	sessions	Session []	An array of Session objects which contain the session information.

Method `cancelSession`

Returns a `CancelSessionResponse` object which contains a boolean that indicates that the session has been canceled.

Format: `CancelSessionResponse cancelSession(CancelSessionRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
CancelSessionRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server
	password	String	The user's password.
	sessionId	String	The ID of the session that you would like to cancel.
CancelSessionResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Session Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
id	String	The session's ID on the ApplinX Server.
description	String	The session's description. For example, this may be the session's computer address.
type	String	The type of session: Display session, Printer session, RPC session, Web Integration session or Development session.
application	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server to which this session is connected.
deviceName	String	Workstation ID, available only in certain protocols.

Attribute	Format	Description
state	String	The current communication status between ApplinX Server and the host. Can be either: Idle (connected, not attached), Initializing, Processing (executing an action), Active (attached), or Disconnecting.
idleTime	String	The time period a session has not performed a communication activity with the host.
currentScreen	String	The name of the current screen. When the screen is not identified this will be UNKNOWN.
userAddress	String	The IP address from where the session is connected to ApplinX.
hostAddress	String	The IP address of the host.
replayFile	String	The GCT file name that is working with this session and the screen number in the GCT file.
traceFile	String	The name of the trace file that is tracing the current session.
bytesSent	int	The number of bytes sent to the host.
bytesReceived	int	The number of bytes received from the host
serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool used by the current session. Will return an empty value when no connection pool is used by the session.

Managing Connection Pools

This Web service retrieves runtime data regarding existing connection pools and enables starting and stopping these pools.

URL: <http://localhost:2380/wsstack/services/ServiceManager?wsdl>



Note: This address is relevant when working with the WS-Stack in local mode. When working in remote mode, you need to update the server address to reflect the WS-Stack server address.

Method `getApplicationServices`

Returns a `GetApplicationServicesResponse` object which contains a list of connection pools and their status, for a specific application.

Format: `GetApplicationServicesResponse`

```
getApplicationServices(GetApplicationServicesRequest request)
```

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetApplicationServicesRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
GetApplicationServicesResponse	services	Service []	An array of Service objects which contain the session information.

Method getFolderServices

Returns a `GetFolderServicesResponse` object which contains a list of names and status of connection pools that are in a specific folder of an application.

Format: `GetFolderServicesResponse getFolderServices(GetFolderServicesRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetFolderServicesRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	folder	String	The name of the folder where the connection pools are located.
GetFolderServicesResponse	services	Service []	An array of Service objects which contain the session information.

Service Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
name	String	The name of the connection pool.
folder	String	The folder in which the connection pool is placed.
status	String	The connection pool's status: Not Started, Initializing, Active, In standby, Suspended, Stopping or Stopped.
activeConnections	int	The number of connections currently held by a session (user).
readyConnections	int	The number of connections ready for use.
processingConnections	int	The number of connections currently in the Processing state.
averageWaitTime	long	The average time (in milliseconds) sessions waited for a READY connection (calculated only among those sessions that waited) multiplied by the percentage of waiting sessions. For example: if 8% sessions had to wait, and in average each of those waited 1000 milliseconds, the overall average wait time was: $0.08 * 1000 = 80$ milliseconds.

Attribute	Format	Description
percentOfWaiting	int	The percent of sessions that did not immediately get a connection when trying to connect to ApplinX.
connectionCount	int	The total number of connections in the connection pool (since the last time the connection pool was started), ignoring broken connections.
maxConnections	int	The maximum number of connections that were connected concurrently since the connection pool started.
sessionCount	int	The total number of sessions that connected to the host connection pool since the connection pool started.
maxConcurrentSessions	int	The maximum number of sessions that were connected concurrently since the connection pool started.
connectionInfoName	int	The name of the information set used by this connection pool.
numberOfCurrentlyWaiting	int	The number of users currently waiting for a connection.
numberOfTimeouts	int	the number of users who received a timeout after a connection was not assigned to them.
numberOfWaitedUsers	int	the total number of users who waited for a connection since the connection pool was last started.
maxWaitTime	long	Maximum time, since the session started, that a user waited for a connection.

Method cancelConnection

Returns a CancelConnectionResponse object which contains a boolean that indicates that the connection has been canceled.

Format: `CancelConnectionResponse cancelConnection(CancelConnectionRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
CancelConnectionRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
	folder	String	The name of the folder where the connection pools are located.
	connectionId	String	The ID of the connection which you would like to cancel.
CancelConnectionResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method `getServiceConnections`

Returns a `GetServiceConnectionsRequest` object which contains a list of connections for a specific Connection Pool.

Format: `GetServiceConnectionsRequest getServiceConnections(GetServiceConnectionsRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetServiceConnectionsRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
GetServiceConnectionsResponse	connections	ServiceConnection []	An array of ServiceConnection objects which contain the session information.

ServiceConnection Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
ConnectionId	String	The identifier of the connection.
Status	String	The current status of the connection. Possible values: Active, Ready, Initializing, Recycling, Keep-alive, Terminating or Broken.
SessionId	String	Active connections only - displays the ID of the session holding the displayed connection.
elapsedTime	String	The amount of time that has elapsed since the session status last changed.
errorMessage	String	Displays error messages for broken connections.
createdTime	String	The time the connection was created.
statusChangedTime	String	The time the status was last changed.
sessionServed	int	The number of sessions this specific connection served so far.
connectionInformation	String	The connection information set row number used by the connection.
currentScreen	String	The name of the current screen.

Method startService

Starts the connection pool specified in the request and returns a response object with a boolean indicating success or failure.

Format: `StartServiceResponse startService(StartServiceRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
StartServiceRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
	folderName	String	The name of the folder where the connection pool is located. By default, this is the root folder.
StartServiceResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method stopService

Stops the connection pool specified in the request and returns a `StopServiceResponse` object with a boolean indicating success or failure.

Format: `StopServiceResponse stopService(StopServiceRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
StopServiceRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
	folderName	String	The name of the folder where the connection pool is located. By default, this is the root folder.
StopServiceResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method stopAllServices

Stops all the connection pools of the application and returns a StopAllServicesResponse object with a boolean indicating success or failure.

Format: StopAllServicesResponse stopAllServices(StopAllServicesRequest request)

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
StopAllServicesRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
StopAllServicesResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method suspendService

Suspends the available connection pool of the application and returns a SuspendServiceResponse object with a boolean indicating success or failure.

Format: SuspendServiceResponse suspendService(SuspendServiceRequest request)

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
SuspendServiceRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
	folderName	String	The name of the folder where the connection pool is located. By default, this is the root folder.
SuspendServiceResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method StandbyService

Suspends the available connection pool of the application and returns a standbyServiceResponse object with a boolean indicating success or failure.

Format: StandbyServiceResponse standbyService(standbyServiceRequest request)

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
standbyServiceRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
	folderName	String	The name of the folder where the connection pool is located. By default, this is the root folder.
StandbyServiceResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method `resumeService`

Resumes the possibility to use a suspended connection pool of the application and returns a `ResumeServiceResponse` object with a boolean indicating success or failure.

Format: `ResumeServiceResponse resumeService(ResumeServiceRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
ResumeServiceRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	serviceName	String	The name of the connection pool.
	folderName	String	The name of the folder where the connection pool is located. By default, this is the root folder.
ResumeServiceResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Managing Connection Pools Connection Information Sets

This Web service updates the connection information set cell values.

URL: <http://localhost:2380/wsstack/services/ConnectionInfoManager?wsdl>



Note: This address is relevant when working with the WS-Stack in local mode. When working in remote mode, you need to update the server address to reflect the WS-Stack server address.

Method getConnectionInfoSet

Returns a `GetConnectionInfoSetResponse` object which contains a `ConnInfoSet` object.

Format: `GetConnectionInfoSetResponse getConnectionInfoSet (GetConnectionInfoSetRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
GetConnectionInfoSetRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	connectionInfoName	String	The name of the connection information set.
GetConnectionInfoSetResponse	connectionInfoSet	ConnInfoSet	Objects which contain the connection information set parameters.



Note: The user name required in this method refers to a user who has ApplinX Server Administrator permissions.

ConnInfoSet Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
columns	ConnInfoColumn[]	Array of the connection information columns, not including the ID and Repeat columns.
rows	ConnInfoRow[]	Array of the connection information set rows.

ConnInfoColumns Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
hidden	boolean	Indicates whether the column is defined as a password column.
type	int	Indicates the column type: Variables (0), Application fields (1) and Application and connection parameters (2).
name	String	Column name.

ConnInfoRow Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
cells	ConnInfoCell[]	Array of the cells in a specific row in the connection information set not including the ID and Repeat cells.
Repeat	int	The value of the repeat cell.
id	int	The value of the ID cell.

ConnInfoCell Object Attributes

Attribute	Format	Description
value	String	The cell's value.
columnName	String	The cell's column name.
columnType	int	Indicates the cell's column type: Variables (0), Application fields (1) and Application and connection parameters (2).

Method updateConnectionInfoRow

Returns a UpdateConnectionInfoRowResponse object which contains a boolean indicating whether the update operation succeeded.

Format: UpdateConnectionInfoRowResponse

updateConnectionInfoRow(UpdateConnectionInfoRowRequest request)

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
UpdateConnectionInfoRowRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	connectionInfoName	String	The name of the connection information set.
	row	ConnectionInfoRow	The row object that contains the information that we wish to update in the connection information set. The following parameters must be set:

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The ID of the row as it appears in the server. ■ The repeat number: when either updating the repeat number or preserving the number currently set on the server (when this number is not zero). ■ The value of each cell in the <code>ConnInfoCell[]</code>. Caution: Null values will replace existing values on the server.
UpdateConnectionInfoRowResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method addConnectionInfoRow

Returns a `AddConnectionInfoRowResponse` object which contains a boolean indicating whether the add operation succeeded.

Format: `AddConnectionInfoRowResponse addConnectionInfoRow(AddConnectionInfoRowRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
AddConnectionInfoRowRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	connectionInfoName	String	The name of the connection information set.
	row	ConnectionInfoRow	The row object that contains the information that we wish to update in the connection information

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
			<p>set. The following parameters must be set:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ The ID of the row as it appears in the server. ■ The repeat number: when either updating the repeat number or preserving the number currently set on the server (when this number is not zero). ■ The value of each cell in the <code>ConnInfoCell[]</code>. Caution: Null values will replace existing values on the server.
AddConnectionInfoRowResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Method `removeConnectionInfoRow`

Returns a `RemoveConnectionInfoRowResponse` object which contains a boolean indicating whether the remove operation succeeded.

Format: `RemoveConnectionInfoRowResponse`

`removeConnectionInfoRow(RemoveConnectionInfoRowRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
RemoveConnectionInfoRowRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
	connectionInfoName	String	The name of the connection information set.
	rowId	int	The row ID.
RemoveConnectionInfoRowResponse	isSuccessful	boolean	Returns true or false, to indicate the success or failure of the action.

Managing RPC Connection Pools

This Web service retrieves runtime data regarding existing RPC connection pools and enables re-setting the pool.

URL: <http://localhost:2380/wsstack/services/ProgramPoolManager?wsdl>



Note: This address is relevant when working with the WS-Stack in local mode. When working in remote mode, you need to update the server address to reflect the WS-Stack server address.

Method `getPoolInformation`

Returns a `PoolInformationResponse` object which contains runtime information regarding the pool manager. `resetPool(ProgramPoolRequest request)` resets the pool.

Format: `PoolInformationResponse getPoolInformation(ProgramPoolRequest request)`

Request/Response	Parameter	Format	Description
ProgramPoolRequest	username	String	The name of the user who has the relevant permissions to access ApplinX Server.
	password	String	The user's password.
	appName	String	The name of the application on ApplinX Server.
PoolInformationResponse	availableConnectionsCount	int	The number of available connections in the pool.
	maxPoolSize	int	The maximum number of connections that can exist in the pool concurrently.
	excludedCount	int	The number of resources that were invalidated but are still in use.
	minPoolSize	int	The minimum number of connections that must exist in a pool.
	poolSize	int	The number of connections that currently exist in the pool.
	awaitingCheckinCount	int	The number of used resources (including the excluded resources).

Method resetPool

This method resets the pool.

Format: `resetPool()`

6 Batch Automation Utilities

- Migration Batch File 62
- Convert Utility Batch File 62
- Importing Screens using a Batch File 63
- Export Batch File 64
- Import Batch File 66
- Administration using a Batch File 68

You may be in a situation where a GUI interface is not available. This may be a common problem when a UNIX station is used. In other cases, it may be more convenient to double-click a batch file to activate the Mapping Utility via the Administrator. The batch files can be found in the *utilities* directory in the ApplinX installation directory.

Migration Batch File

ApplinX applications from previous ApplinX versions are able to run on the current ApplinX version once you have performed a number of migration activities. Migration can be performed when installing the new ApplinX Server version or via batch files after the new server has been installed. You can:

- Migrate all ApplinX applications, when installing/upgrading ApplinX.
- Migrate all ApplinX applications via batch files, after ApplinX has been installed.
- Migrate a specific ApplinX application, after ApplinX has been installed.

To migrate all ApplinX applications after installing/upgrading ApplinX you must run `migrate_ApplinX_server.bat/sh` file, enter the installation path of your previous installation, and then enter the new path of the current installation.

For example: `migrate_ApplinX_server.bat "c:\ApplinX52" "c:\SoftwareAG\ApplinX"`

Refer to [Migrating Applications from Previous ApplinX Versions](#)

Convert Utility Batch File

This utility is used to convert `gxz` files which include the application configuration from previous ApplinX versions, to `gxar` files.

➤ **To activate the Convert Utility batch file using the command prompt window:**

- 1 Open a command prompt window.
- 2 Change the current directory to the relevant directory.
- 3 Type `convert_gxz_to_gxar` followed by your required parameters. (The minus sign and letter should precede the value to distinguish between the parameters. The order of the parameters is not significant.). For example: `-u Administrator -f "C:\Documents and Settings\sagsis.gxz"`

Parameter	Description	Default
-s	Server address	127.0.0.1
-p	Server port	2323
-u	User name	
-w	Password	
-f	File name	

Importing Screens using a Batch File

Standard maps, such as Natural, BMS and MFS, are used in host applications and include the screen data such as static data and dynamic fields. ApplinX enables importing these application maps, saving time and effort spent on manually identifying screens and simplifying the update process when changes are made in the host. When importing application maps, a screen is automatically created from each map, minimizing errors that may occur when creating the screens manually, one by one. The ApplinX screen created includes identifiers (based on the static data) and fields (based on the dynamic data). ApplinX supports a number of different types of maps:

- Natural: Natural map support (from Systrans file).
- BMS: CICS basic map support.
- MFS: IMS message format service.
- SDFX: ApplinX generic map format, used for other standard maps. To create SDFX files refer to SDFX File Format Definition.
- SDF: Compatible with Software AG's JIS product.

The import map feature can be used to import an application's maps for a new application or to maintain and update previously imported maps. When updating previously imported maps, screen identifiers will be deleted and replaced, existing fields will be updated with their new positions and their references to other entities will be preserved. Fields that were previously imported, but no longer exist on the host will be deleted.



Note: Invalid entity names, such as names which include invalid characters such as "#" or begin with a digit, will be automatically corrected by omitting the invalid characters.

Maps can be imported either using the Import Host Screen Maps wizard or using a batch file.

➤ To import screens via a batch file (using the command prompt window):

- 1 Open a command prompt window.
- 2 Change the current directory to the <ApplinX home>/Utilities directory.

- 3 Type `screen_import.bat/sh` followed by your required parameters. (The minus sign and letter should precede the value to distinguish between the parameters. The order of the parameters is not significant.)

Parameter	Description	Default
-s	Server address	127.0.0.1
-p	Server port	2323
-u	ApplinX user name (Required parameter)	
-w	ApplinX user password	Empty by default
-a	ApplinX application name (Required parameter)	
-f	File name, or directory name (when importing more than one file). Required parameter	
-x	The file extension. All files from the given directory that have this extension will be loaded (when not specified, the default extension for the map type is used)	
-af	ApplinX target folder within the application repository.	Root folder
-t	Map type. Possible values: "sdf", "sdfx", "natural", "bms", "mfs" (required parameter).	natural
-m	Indicates where the error line is located: "first", "last", "lastm1" (last minus 1), "lastm2", "lastm3", "lastm4" (Natural maps only)	last
-mf	Message line field name (Natural maps only)	MessageLine
-k	Don't skip map with write command. (Natural maps only)	true (skip)

The screens created appear in the directory you determined in the **Target folder** field. The names of the screens are identical to the map names.

The report is displayed in the Eclipse console and includes a list of the screens added as well as the fields and tables created/updated/deleted.

Export Batch File

➤ To activate the Export batch file by using the command program prompt:

- 1 Open a command prompt window.
- 2 Change the current directory to the <ApplinX home>/Utilities directory.
- 3 Type `exportapp` followed by your required parameters. (The minus sign and letter should precede the value to distinguish between the parameters. The order of the parameters is not significant.)

exportapp Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default Value
-s	Server address	127.0.0.1
-p	Server port	2323
-u	User name	
-w	Password	
-a	Application name	
-f	The target folder and/or file name. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ When only the path is specified (<pathname>followed by "\"), the file name is the application name. ■ When only the file name is specified, the file is created in the current location. 	<current location>\<application name>
Include one of the following parameters:		
-c	Export only the application configuration (gxar file)	
-e	Export only entities (gxz file)	
-l	Export the application configuration and the entities (gxar file)	

Examples for the -f parameter

- **Specify target folder and file name:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -f C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\MyApplication -c`

The file MyApplication.gxar is created in the C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\ directory.

- **Specify target folder only:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -f C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\ -c`

The file InstantDemo.gxar is created in the C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\ directory

- **Specify file name only:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -f MyApplication -c`

The file MyApplication.gxar is created in the current local directory.

- **Default when the parameter is not specified:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -c`

The file InstantDemo.gxar is created in the current local directory.

Examples for the -c, -e and -l parameters

- **Export application configuration only:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -f C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\ -c`

The file InstantDemo.gxar is created.

- **Export entities only:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -f C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\ -e`

The file InstantDemo.gxz is created.

- **Export application configuration and entities:** `exportapp.bat -s localhost -p 2323 -u administrator -a InstantDemo -f C:\SoftwareAG_821_GA\ApplinX\utilities\export\ -l`


The file InstantDemo.gxar is created.

Import Batch File

➤ **To activate the Import batch file by using the command program prompt:**

- 1 Open a command prompt window.
- 2 Change the current directory to the <ApplinX home>/Utilities directory.
- 3 Type `importapp` followed by your required parameters. (The minus sign and letter should precede the value to distinguish between the parameters. The order of the parameters is not significant.)

```
importapp.bat/sh [-a [attribute]] [-s [attribute]] [-p [attribute]] [-o [attribute]] [-u [attribute]] [-f [attribute]] [-w [attribute]]
```

 **Note:** If you want to import a complete ApplinX application, you will require a gxar (ApplinX application archive) file. This file includes the application configuration, ApplinX entities (as a read only <gxz> file) and a trace file. When importing only the application's entities, you require the gxz file only.

importapp Parameters

Parameter	Description	Default Value
-a	ApplinX application name [required].	
-s	ApplinX Server address.	localhost
-p	ApplinX Server port.	2323
-o	One of the following operations can be performed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ x - Import entities from a gxz file, overriding conflicting entities. 	

Parameter	Description	Default Value
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ c - Import application from a gxar file, retaining the existing host configuration. The repository will be read-only. ■ h - Import application and host configuration from a gxar file (overriding existing host configuration). The repository will be read-only. ■ r - Import application and host configuration. When importing, retain the repository configuration (import the gxz within the gxar, to the currently configured repository). ■ hr - Perform both 'h' and 'r' operations. <p>When not set, entities and/or configuration will be imported to an existing application when one exists, or to a new application when there is no existing one.</p>	
-u	ApplinX user [required].	
-f	The path and name of the gxz/gxar file [required].	
-w	ApplinX user password.	



Note: The Session Data entity will be merged with the existing Session Data entity. When there is a conflict between the imported to the existing Session Data entity, your selection in this checkbox will determine how the Session Data entity will be.

Examples:

```
importapp.bat -u Administrator -a app2 -f c:\entities.gxz -o x
```

This command imports entities into the "app2" application (only if it exists), overriding any conflicting entities within the application.

```
importapp.bat -u Administrator -a app1 -f c:\app.gxar -o c
```

This command imports the host and application configuration, from the provided gxar file as a new application. The repository will be read-only.

```
importapp.bat -u Administrator -a app1 -f c:\entities.gxar -o h
```

This command retains the existing host configuration, and imports the "app1" application (entities and configuration) from the provided gxar file, overriding any conflicting entities within the application. The repository will be read-only.

```
importapp.bat -u Administrator -a app1 -f c:\entities.gxar -o r
```

This command imports the host configuration, and the "app1" application (just the configuration) from the provided gxar file, and imports the entities into the repository, using the existing repository configuration. The repository will not be read-only.

```
importapp.bat -u Administrator -a app1 -f c:\entities.gxar -o hr
```

This command imports the host configuration, retains the application configuration, and imports the "app1" application entities from the provided gzar file to the existing repository, overriding any conflicting entities within the application. The repository will not be read-only.

Administration using a Batch File

You can now perform various administration tasks from a command line using the tool `gxadminconsole.sh` (UNIX) or `gxadminconsole.bat` (Windows) in the `ApplinX utilities` folder.

Syntax:

```
Administrator [Server address][Server port][User ↵
name][Password][Command]...[Parameters]
```

➤ **To get more information on the `gxadminconsole` utility**

- Enter command

```
C:\SoftwareAG\ApplinX\utilities\gxadminconsole.bat -? ↵
```

The available commands are described below:

- Sessions
- Connection Pools
- Server Logs
- Users
- Groups

Sessions

Parameter	Description
<code>-gs [is filter(true/false)][column name][filter value]</code>	Sessions list
<code>-sd[session ID]</code>	Session details by session ID
<code>-cs [session ID]</code>	Cancel session
<code>-scs [session ID]</code>	Session current screen

Examples

➤ **To get session details by session ID**

- Enter command


```
C:\SoftwareAG\Applinx\utilities\gadminconsole.bat -sd U000001
```

> To get a list of sessions

■ Enter command

```
C:\SoftwareAG\Applinx\utilities\gadminconsole.bat -gs true "Session ID" "U000*"
```

Connection Pools

Parameter	Description
-cpl	Connection pool list
-sc [application name][connection pool name]	Show connections
-stcp [application name][connection pool name]	Start connection pool
-spcp [application name][connection pool name]	Stop connection pool
-rtcp [application name][connection pool name]	Restart connection pool
-sdcpl [application name][connection pool name]	Suspend connection pool
-cpi [application name][connection pool name]	Connection pool details
-cd [application name][connection pool name][connection ID]	Connection details
-cc [application name][connection pool name][connection ID]	Connection cancellation

Example

> To get connection details

■ Enter command

```
C:\SoftwareAG\Applinx\utilities\gadminconsole.bat cd MyApplication ↵
MyConnectionPool 100
```

Server Logs

Parameter	Description
-sll	Server log list
-scsl	Show current Server log
-ssl [log file name]	Show Server log by name

Users

Parameter	Description
-ul	Users list

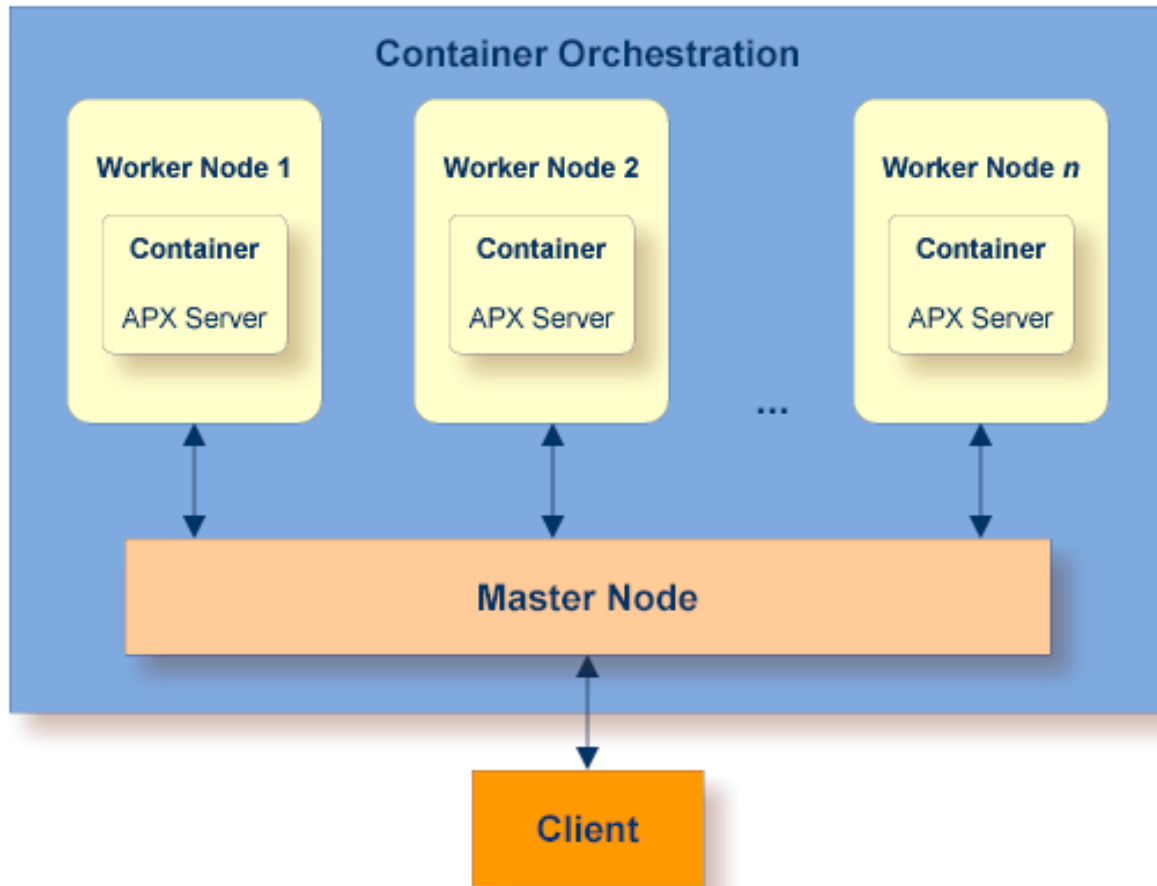
Groups

Parameter	Description
-gl	Groups list

7 High Availability with Container Orchestration

- Container Orchestration Architecture 73
- Sample Deployment 73
- Sample Config File 74
- Updating a Version in a Container Orchestration Environment 77

Container Orchestration allows automated deployment, scaling and management of ApplinX Servers running in Docker containers. Multiple instances of containers can be deployed on multiple nodes running on multiple hosts. Container orchestration allows load balancing and health monitoring. It supports takeover scenarios if, for example, one node or one container dies. The management of the worker nodes is done by the master node.



The following ApplinX components are available inside the ApplinX container (depending on the license used):

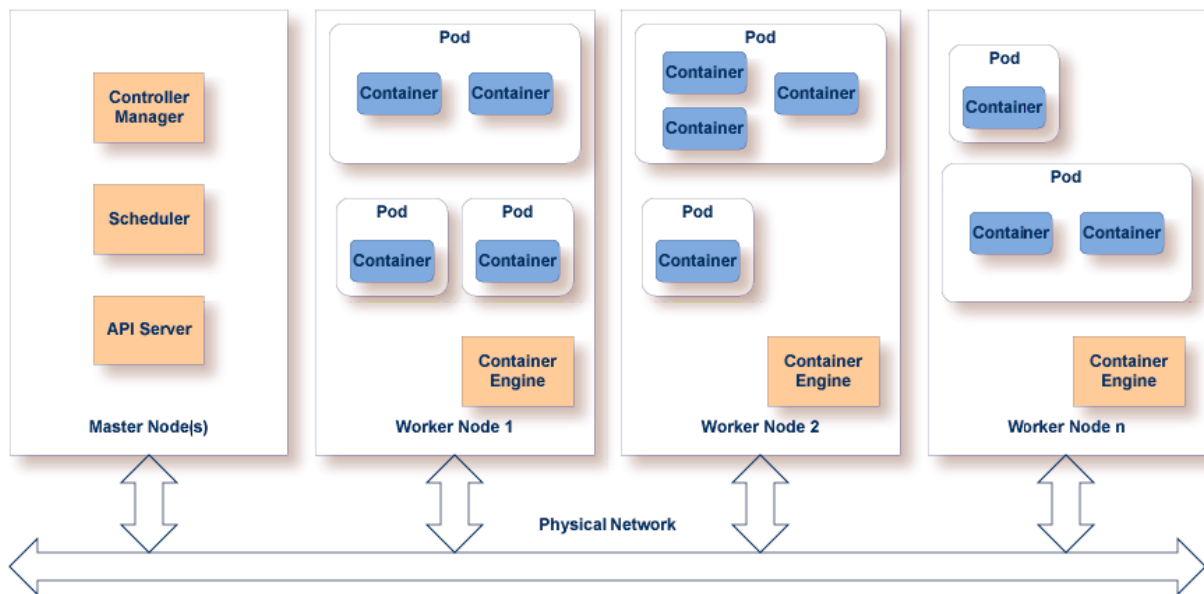
- ApplinX Web Emulation
- ApplinX API Enabling

The ApplinX container can be deployed in a container orchestration environment, for example Kubernetes. This document covers the following topics:

See also [High Availability with Container Orchestration](#) under *Managing the ApplinX Server*.

Container Orchestration Architecture

A typical container orchestration environment has at least one master node and several worker nodes. Containers can be deployed on multiple worker nodes. If one node fails, the remaining nodes keep the application alive. The deployable unit for a worker node is called a *pod*. A pod consists of at least one container. Containers running in the same pod share the same network namespace (same IP and port space) and the same IPC namespace (visible to each other over PID). From outside the pod, containers are only reachable via sockets.



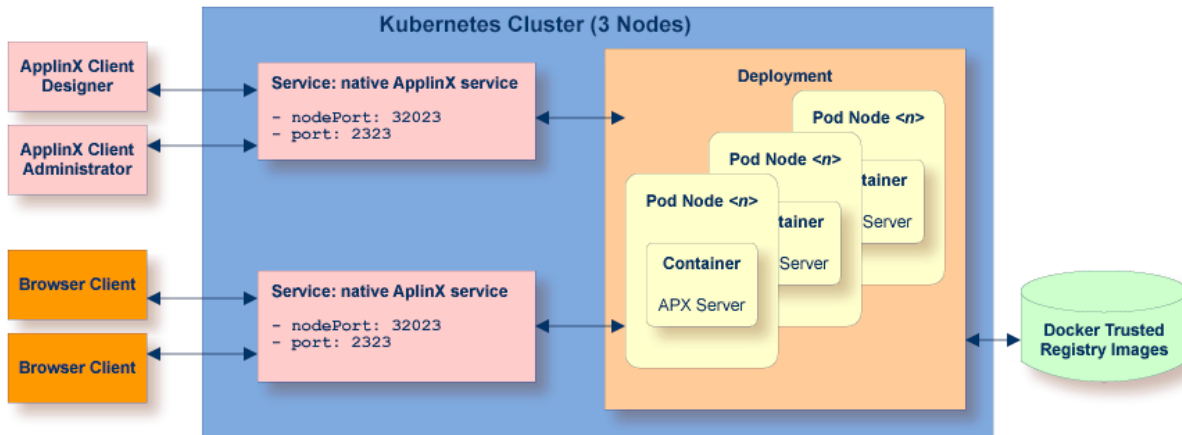
Sample Deployment

This example assumes you have a Kubernetes cluster installed.

➤ To Deploy ApplinX Server in a Kubernetes cluster

- 1 Create a pod containing the images of ApplinX Server. Find more details here: *Building an ApplinX Docker Image* in the *Getting Started* documentation.
- 2 Configure a deployment for multiple ApplinX Server instances.
- 3 Assign a port to a service to access the ApplinX Web Emulation - or ApplinX Server if you want to connect with the Designer or Administrator - from outside the Kubernetes cluster.

The following graphic shows the deployment of ApplinX Server in a Kubernetes cluster:



Sample Config File

Kubernetes uses YAML files to describe the deployment of pods, services and ConfigMaps. Below is a sample configuration file *aplinx.aml*:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: aplinx-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  selector:
    app: aplinx
  ports:
    - protocol: TCP
      name: web-services
      port: 80
      targetPort: 8080
      nodePort: 32080
    - protocol: TCP
      name: aplinx
      port: 2323
      targetPort: 2323
      nodePort: 32023
---
apiVersion: extensions/v1beta1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  labels:
    app: aplinx
```

```

name: applinx-deployment
namespace: default
spec:
  replicas: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: applinx
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: applinx
    spec:
      containers:
        - image: applinx:10.5.0.0335
          imagePullPolicy: IfNotPresent
          livenessProbe:
            exec:
              command:
                - /opt/softwareag/healthcheck.sh
          name: applinx
          ports:
            - containerPort: 8080
              protocol: TCP
          volumeMounts:
            - mountPath: /license
              name: licenses
            - mountPath: ↵
/opt/softwareag/Applinx/tomcat/webapps/Applinx/WEB-INF/host-applications
              name: host-applications-data
            - mountPath: /opt/softwareag/Applinx/tomcat/webapps/Applinx/WEB-INF/config
              name: server-config
            - mountPath: /opt/softwareag/Applinx/tomcat/webapps/Applinx/config
              name: framework-config
          terminationGracePeriodSeconds: 36000
      volumes:
        - name: host-applications-data
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: host-applications-claim
        - name: framework-config
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: framework-config-claim
        - name: server-config
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: server-config-claim
        - name: licenses
          persistentVolumeClaim:
            claimName: licenses-claim
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: framework-config-claim

```

```
  labels:
    app: applinx
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 20M
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: licenses-claim
  labels:
    app: applinx
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadOnlyMany
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 10M
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: host-applications-claim
  labels:
    app: applinx
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 200M
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: server-config-claim
  labels:
    app: applinx
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 20M
```


Updating a Version in a Container Orchestration Environment

You can update your deployment to use a new image, for example for a version update.

➤ **To update a version in a container orchestration environment**

- Enter the following command:

```
kubectl --record deployment.apps/applinx-deployment set image ↵  
deployment.v1.apps/applinx-deployment applinx=applinx:10.5.0.335
```

