PAGE PAGE

PAGE

The PAGE control is always the top node of a page's layout definition. The page, on the one hand, generates the visible container in which all the contained elements are placed; on the other hand, some important logical settings are defined on page level:

- The property model defines the name of the adapter class that is the logical counterpart on the server side.
- The property translationreference defines the name of the "text pool" that is used for translating literals into language-dependent texts.

Properties

Basic		
model	This is the name of the Java class that is the logical counter part of the page on server side. The name must include the full class name e.g. including the package name.	Obligatory
	Example: if you have a class DemoAdapter inside the package com.xyz.demo, the MODEL value is: com.xyz.demo.DemoAdapter.	
	The class must be a valid adapter class i.e. it must support the interface "com.softwareag.cis.server.IModel". This is implicitly done when deriving your adapter class from "com.softwareag.cis.server.Model". The class source code may be generated by using the Code Assistant - or may be directly coded in a development environment of your choice.	
	You may use the class "DummyAdapter" for testing your layout - before specifying your "real" class.	

translationreference	This is the "translation reference" that is passed to the multi language management.	Sometimes obligatory	
	The "tranlation reference" is a logical term representing a group of textids together with their translation. If using the standard file based multi language management that comes with CIS as default then a "translation reference" represents one file containing text-ids and translations in a comma separated format.		
	Translation information is loaded by the multi language management "per translation reference". I.e. if a page links to a certain translation reference then all the translation information that is avaible through this reference is loaded in one step and is also buffered.		
	You can set up different scenarios: either each page may address an own translation reference. E.g. if your page is named "abc.xml" then it references to "abc" - as consequence there is (per language) one abc.csv file holding translation information for this page. If you have a second page "def.xml" then you may define "def" accordingly. In this case each page is independent from the other On the other side you are required to translate certain "common text-ids" mulitple times.		
	If you on the other hand define one translation reference for multiple pages then you can share text-ids throughout the various pages.		
	Please set up a strategy for using translation references when starting using the multi language management. The strategy should also include a structured way of naming text-ids. Text-ids may only be shared in an efficient way if it is clear what they stand for. E.g. you may names of buttons in the following way: "btn_save" and "btn_saveas".		

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stylesheetfile	URL of a style sheet file used for control rendering.	Optional	css
	Typically the style sheet file used for control rendering is set dynamically e.g. the style depends on the user who is currently logged on. When defining the style sheet file by this property, the style sheet file is not set dynamically but defined in a fix way for this page.		
	The style sheet file must be defined as URL, relative to the generated page. A valid value may be "/softwareag/styles/CIS_DEFAULT.css".		
	If not using the "hard setting" of the style sheet file via this property then the style sheet is determined by the runtime in the following way:		
	(1) The adapter object provides for a "String getStyle()" method that return the URL. You can override the default method and pass back your own URL.		
	(2) When using the default implementation derived from com.softwareag.cis.server.Model then the getStyle() method accesses the CIS session context. You can set the session's style by calling "findCISessionContext()" in your adapter and calling "setStyle()" in the session context's object.		
addstylesheetfile	URL of an additional style sheet file.	Optional	css
	You may use this additional style sheet file in order to define more styles than are provided in the "normal" style sheet file. Typical situations are:		
	(A) Some controls offer the possibility to render defined content by style-class definitions (e.g. inside a TEXTGRID you can dynamically define which style-class is used for a certain cell).		
	(B) If you define own controls by using the control extension framework and if these controls require own style classes then these style classes may be provided inside the additional style sheet file.		
	By using the additional style sheet file you are able to avoid doing manipulations to the "normal" style sheet files that come from CIS or that are generated inside the tool "Style Sheet Editor".		

imagestopreload	Semicolon separated list of image-URLs that are directly preloaded in an invisible area of the page. If images are used inside a tree or a text grid then they are loaded by dynamically generated HTML that is placed into a corresponding area of the page. In order to optimise the loading you can preload such images by listing them in this property. The URL of the images must be relative to your generated HTML page. Example: if your page has a tree with certain node images then you may define: "images/nodeopened.gif" images/nodeclosed.gif; images/nodeendnode.gif".	Optional	
darkbackground	Normally a page background is in light colour (white if using CIS_DEFAULT style sheet). CIS style sheets also have a dark(er) grey colour to be used. If DARKBACKGROUND is set to true then the	Optional	true false
	darker background colour is chosen. This property typically is used if using the SUBCISPAGE tag or ROWTABSUBPAGES tag to seamlessly integrate inner pages into darker container areas.		
helpid	This is the id that is passed into the help management for the page. If a user clicks F1 inside the page and if there is no specific context sensitive control help available (e.g. help for field) then the help for the page is popped up.	Optional	
visiblevalueifundefined	Several CIS controls support a VISIBLEPROP property. The VISIBLEPROP contains the binding to an adapter property that decides at runtime if a control is visible or not. This property defines how these controls behave if there is no implementation available for the property.	Optional	true false
	Example: the VISIBLEPROP of a CHECKBOX is binding to a property "cbvisible" but there is not corresponding implementation "getCbvisible". If set to "true" then all controls with undefined visibility are displayed. If set to "false" then they are hidden.		
contextmenumethod	Name of an adapter method that is invoked if the user clicks into the page with the right mouse button and no other control (e.g. texgrid, tree,) handled the click so far.	Optional	

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immediatedisplay	Flag that indicates if the screen is visible within the initial loading phase. Default is false. When using the default you see a light HTML page showing a "just loading" image. Use property "justloadingurl" to specify a page of choice.	Optional	true false
addjavascriptlibs	Comma separated list of URLs of additional javascript libraries. Example: "/yourproject/js/yourlib.js". Used to include non-CIS javascript. Example of Usage: with the DATEINPUT control you can run own rules to convert and validate user input.	Optional	
flushmethod	Name of an adapter method that is invoked in case the page loses the focus.	Optional	
comment	Comment without any effect on rendering and behaviour. The comment is shown in the layout editor's tree view.	Optional	
adapterlisteners	Semicolon separated list of classes which connect to the server side adapter processing as adapter listeners (each one supporting the interface IAdapterListener).	Optional	
openajaxsupport	Adds registration code into the page that registers globally used objects / evets etc. to the Open AHAX Hub in order to potencially synchronize the co-existance of different toolsets within one page. Only used when being familiar with OpenAJAX aspects.	Optional	true false
framebufferpriority	Priority (integer) that is used to manage the page within the CIS frame buffer. Use value "-1" to indicate that the page should not be buffered at all (typically used when having a FILEUPLOAD2 control on the page). Default is "0". Use any other integer value to indicate higher priority.	Optional	0 -1
centralcontextmenu	If set to 'true' then the context menu is rendered in a central frame. This central frame can be specified via the "popupdivframe" setting in cisconfig.	Optional	true false
usexmlhttprequest	By default CIS framework is using hidden frame communication (asynchronous server communication). Use this attribute in order to use "XMLHTTPRequests". Typical usage is with timer pages (to avoid seeing ongoing communication to server on browser's statusbar).	Optional	true false msie mozilla
withownborder	If set to "true" the page will be surrounded by an additional border.	Optional	true false

userinputprop	Property of the adapter which will have a value of "true" if some userinput in the page or one of its subpages has been done since the last server-roundtrip.	Optional	
Popup			
popupwidth	Each CIS page can be opened as a popup dialog. This properties define the pixel width preferred for the page See the property "popupheight" for more information.	Optional	100px 200px 300px 400px
popupheight	Each CIS page can be opened as a popup dialog. This property defines the pixel height preferred for the page. A popup is typically opened by calling the "openPopup"-method in your adapter code. If no further definition is done then the popup will open in the height that is defined by this value. You can also dynamically manipulate the size and position of the popup by using the Model-method "setPopupFeatures" - please read corresponding documentation inside the Java API documentation.	Optional	100px 200px 300px 400px

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popupfeatures	In addition to POPUPWIDTH and POPUPHEIGHT you can control the appearance of the popup dialog in which the current page may be displayed. You define a string to maintain different feature aspects, separated by semi-colon. center:yes no edge:sunken raised resizable:yes no scroll:yes no	Optional	dialogLeft: 200px dialogTop: 100px edge: sunken resizable: yes status: no
	status:yes no (to display or hide a status bar) An example string looks as follows: "dialogLeft:100px"		
	There is one special function built in by which you can position a popup relative to its caller's window (the dialogLeft and dialogTop definition normally refer to absolute coordinates of the screen): by specifying "dialogLeft: SCRX(100)px" you define that the position is 100 pixels right from the left top corner of the current window Use "dialogTop: SCRY(100)px" in the same way for vertical positioning.		
	Please also pay attention to the methods "setPopupTitle()" and "setPopupPageFeatures()" in the com.casabac.server.Model class. By using these method you can define popup parameters in a dynamic way inside your adapter implementation.		
Occupied			
occupiedimage	URL of the image that is displayed to indicate that the screen is just communicating to the server. This is the image that is located in the top left corner and which by default is a flashing hour glass.	Optional	
	You can specify any image, e.g. also animated GIF files. If you want your image not to be visible in the top left corner but "somewhere" in the screen then draw an image with some transparent area on the left and above the image that you want to show.		
occupiedpixelheight	When the screen is busy, because the client is exchanging information with the server, an hour glass image is displayed at the top left corner. With this property you define the pixel height of this hour glass image.	Optional	

occupiedpixelwidth	When the screen is busy, because the client is exchanging information with the server, an hour glass image is displayed at the top left corner. With this property you define the pixel width of this hour glass image.	Optional	
Hot Keys			
hotkeys	Comma separated list of hot keys. A hotkey consists of a list of keys and a method name. Separate the keys by "-" and the method name again with a comma	Optional	
	Example:		
	ctrl-alt-65;onCtrlAltA;13;onEnterdefines two hot keys. Method onCtrlAltA is invoked if the user presses Ctrl-Alt-A. Method "onEnter" is called if the user presses the ENTER key.		
	Use the popup help within the Layout Painter to input hot keys.		
Loading			
justloadingurl	URL of the page that is displayed to indicate that screen is just loading. Typically this is a light HTML page showing a loading image of choice. Use plain HTML - not a generated CIS page.	Optional	