About this Documentation

The following commands are provided with Entire Connection:

BEEP	EXECUTE	PERFORM	RSPMONITOR
CANCEL	EXIT	POPDIR	SCHEDTOP/SCHEDULE
CD	GOTO	PUSHDIR	SESSION
CHDRIVE	IF/IFNOT	QA	SET
CHMOD	INCR	QUIT	SHIFT
CLOSE	INPUT	RD	SLEEP
CONNECT	LEARN	READ	SUSPEND
DECR	LOG	REC_BUFF	TOGGLE
DISCONNECT	MD	REC_SCR	TYPE
DOS	MONITOR	REC_XFER	WAIT
DOSDIR	MSG	RECALL	WAITFOR
ELAPSETIME	OPEN-I	RENAME	WAITM
EMULATE	OPEN-O	RESET	WAITUNTIL
ERASE	OS	RETURN	WRITE
EXECTASK	PAUSE	REVEAL	

Conventions

The following information is provided below:

- Command Format

- Syntax Conventions

- Issuing Commands

See also: *DOWNLOAD Statement* in the section *Terminal Emulation*.

Command Format

Most commands have one or more operands. The operands are separated by blanks.

```
command operand1 operand2 ... operandn
```

There are mandatory and optional operands. Some operands have optional parameters. Operands can consists of character strings or integer values.

Syntax Conventions

In command descriptions, the following conventions are used:

Convention	Description
UPPERCASE	Items in uppercase are commands, variables etc. You must specify these items as indicated in the syntax.
lowercase italics	Items in lowercase italics are placeholders for information that you must provide. To signal case-sensitivity or embedded blanks, you must enclose the item in double or single quotation marks (" " or ' ').
[ ]	Square brackets indicate that the enclosed item is optional.
{ }	Curly braces indicate that one of the enclosed items is required.
|	Vertical lines are used as separators between alternative parameter values.
...	Ellipsis are used when the item preceding the ellipsis can be repeated.

Issuing Commands

Each command description provides the following information, indicating where a command can be used. There are the following possiblities:

Usage	Description
Procedure File	The command can be used in a procedure file.
Command Line	The command can be issued in the command line.
Key	The command can be assigned to a key or key combination.
API	The command can be used in a program which uses the application programming interface (API).