

# **Natural Engineer**

**Advanced Services for Windows** 

Version 8.3

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Readers' comments are welcomed. Comments may be addressed to the Documentation Department at the address on the back cover. Internet users may send comments to the following e-mail address:

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### ABOUT THIS MANUAL

### Purpose of this manual

This manual contains the full documentation for the Advanced Services functions within Natural Engineer.

Advanced Services provides the facility to apply and impose standards onto Natural objects and reorganize the internal structure of Natural applications.

The topics covered are:

- Natural for Ajax Conversion.
- The individual Refactoring processes required to successfully reorganize the internal structure of Natural applications.
- Business Rules.

## Target Audience

The target audience for this manual is intended to be any User of Natural Engineer at any level of experience.

# Typographical Conventions used in this manual

The following conventions are used throughout this manual:

UPPERCASE TIMES	Commands, statements, names of programs and utilities referred to in text paragraphs appear in normal (Times) uppercase.
UPPERCASE BOLD COURIER	In illustrations or examples of commands, items in uppercase bold courier must be typed in as they appear.
<>	Items in angled brackets are placeholders for user-supplied information. For example, if asked to enter <file number="">, you must type the number of the required file.</file>
Underlined	Underlined parts of text are hyperlinks to other parts within the online source manual. This manual was written in MS-Word 97 using the "hyperlink" feature.

The following symbols are used for instructions:

$\Rightarrow$	Marks the beginning of an instruction set.
0	Indicates that the instruction set consists of a single step.
1.	Indicates the first of a number of steps.

# How this manual is organized

This manual is organized to reflect all the Advanced Services functions of Natural Engineer in the following chapters:

Chapter	Contents
1	Describes the Natural for Ajax Refactoring processes.
2	Describes the individual Refactoring processes used to reorganize the internal structure of Natural applications.
3	Describes the Business Rules processes to identify Natural code that are applicable to user defined Business Rules.

### Terminology

This section offers some of the terms that are specific to the Natural Engineer product.

Note: Familiarity is assumed with the general terminology of Natural, Adabas, Microsoft and Mainframe operating systems.

#### **Analysis**

The Analysis process of Natural Engineer searches application data within the Natural Engineer Repository, according to specified Search Criteria and generates reports on the search results.

### **Application**

An Application is a library or group of related libraries, which define a complete Application. In Natural Engineer, the Application can have a one-to-one relationship with a single library of the same name, or a library of a different name, as well as related steplibs. The Application refers to all the source code from these libraries, which Natural Engineer loads into the Repository.

### Browser

An Internet Browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer or Netscape.

### Category

Categories in Natural Engineer specify whether and how a Modification is applied to the Natural code. Valid categories are: Automatic change, Manual change, Reject the default Modification, No change to the data item, and the data item is in Generated Code.

A category is further broken down according to type of change (for example: Keyword, Literal, Data Item, Database Access, Definition).

### Cobol

Abbreviation of Common Business Orientated Language. A programming language.

### **Cobol Link**

A Cobol Link is the link between the individual Cobol modules and the executable Cobol program referenced in the JCL object.

#### Consistency

An option in the Analysis process that causes Natural Engineer to trace an Impact through the code, using left and right argument resolution to identify further code impacted by the code found.

#### **Database Access Definition**

A collective term used to identify DDMs, SQL Tables or Predict User Views.

#### **Data Item**

A collective term used for any data fields within a programming object. These can be user-defined variables, DDM fields or System Variables. It is inter-changeable with the term 'variable'.

#### **Environment**

The Environment process is the means by which Natural Engineer generates a structured view of the application code in the Natural Engineer Repository. This provides application analysis reports and inventory information on the application and is used as the basis for Impact Analysis.

#### **Exception**

An Exception is an Item identified as impacted that does not require a Modification. Where there are a few similar Exception Items, they can be treated as Exceptions, and rejected in the Modification review process. Where there are many similar (therefore not Exceptions), consideration should be given to changing the Search Criteria so they are not identified as impacted in the first place.

#### **Generated Code**

This is code which has been generated by a Natural code generator, such as Construct, and which is not normally modified directly in the Natural editor.

#### **Impact**

An Impact is an instance of a Natural code Item; e.g., data item or statement (a "hit" scored by the Analysis process) that matches the defined Search Criteria used in the Analysis process.

#### Iteration

An Iteration is one examination cycle of a field identified according to the specified Search Criteria. For example, one Iteration is reading the field right to left. Multiple Iterations are performed when the option of 'Consistency' or Multi Search is requested for Analysis, and Natural Engineer performs as many Iterations as necessary to exhaust all possibilities of expressing and tracing the field, and can be limited by a setting in the NATENG.INI file.

### JCL

Job Control Language.

### JCL object

A JCL object is a collection of Job Control statements in the order which they are to be executed in a mainframe batch environment. Commonly referred to as JCL.

### Library

A single library of source code, which exists in the Natural system file.

### Modification

A Modification is a change suggested or made to an object or data item resulting in the required compliance of that object or data item. Modifications in Natural Engineer are classified according to Category and Type.

### Refactoring

Improving a computer program by reorganizing its internal structure without altering its external behavior.

#### Soft Link

A Soft Link is where a link between two objects has been defined using an alphanumeric variable rather than a literal constant.

### TLM

Text Logic Members are used to contain the code required to support inclusion of common code into the application. An example of this is the code to include into an application before updating a database.

### Type

The Type of Modification available, for example: Data Item, Keyword and Literal.

#### Variable

A collective term used for any data fields within a programming object. These can be user-defined variables, DDM fields or System Variables. It is inter-changeable with the term 'data item'.

### Related Literature

The complete set of Natural Engineer manuals consists of:

#### 1 Natural Engineer Concepts and Facilities (NEE83-006ALL)

The Concepts and Facilities manual describes the many application systems problems and solutions offered by Natural Engineer, providing some guidelines and usage that can be applied to Natural applications.

### 2 Natural Engineer Release Notes (NEE83-008ALL)

The Release Notes describe all the information relating to the new features, upgrades to existing functions and documentation updates that have been applied to Natural Engineer.

### 3 Natural Engineer Installation Guide for Windows (NEE83-010WIN) Natural Engineer Installation Guide for Mainframes(NEE83-010MFR) Natural Engineer Installation Guide for Unix (NEE83-010UNX)

The Installation Guide provides information on how to install Natural Engineer on PC, Unix and mainframe platforms.

#### 4 Natural Engineer Administration Guide (NEE83-040WIN) Natural Engineer Administration Guide (NEE83-040MFR)

The Administration Guide provides information on all the various control settings available to control the usage of the different functions within Natural Engineer.

#### 5 Natural Engineer Application Management (NEE83-020WIN) Natural Engineer Application Management (NEE83-020MFR)

The Application Management manual describes all the functions required to add Natural applications into the Repository.

#### 6 Natural Engineer Application Documentation (NEE83-022WIN) Natural Engineer Application Documentation (NEE83-022MFR)

The Application Documentation manual describes all the available functions to document a Natural application within the Repository. These functions will help enhance / supplement any existing systems documentation such as BSD / CSD / Specifications etc.

### 7 Natural Engineer Application Analysis and Modification (NEE83-023WIN) Natural Engineer Application Analysis and Modification (NEE83-023MFR)

The Application Analysis and Modification manual describes all the available functions to carry out analysis of Natural applications; including basic keyword searches. The modification process is described and detailed to show how it can be applied to modify single selected objects within a Natural application, or the entire Natural application in one single execution.

### 8 Natural Engineer Application Restructuring (NEE83-024WIN) Natural Engineer Application Restructuring (NEE83-024MFR)

The Application Restructuring manual describes the analysis and modification functionality required to carry out some of the more sophisticated functions such as Object Builder.

### 9 Natural Engineer Utilities (NEE83-080WIN) Natural Engineer Utilities (NEE83-080MFR)

The Utilities manual describes all the available utilities found within Natural Engineer and, when and how they should be used.

### 10 Natural Engineer Reporting (NEE83-025ALL)

The Reporting manual describes each of the reports available in detail, providing report layouts, how to trigger the report and when the report data becomes available. The various report-producing mediums within Natural Engineer are also described.

#### 11 Natural Engineer Batch Processing [Mainframes] (NEE83-026MFR)

The Batch Processing manual describes the various batch jobs (JCL) and their functionality.

### 12 Natural Engineer Messages and Codes (NEE83-060ALL)

The Messages and Codes manual describes the various messages and codes produced by Natural Engineer.

#### 13 Natural Engineer Advanced Services (NEE83-017WIN)

The Advanced Services manual describes various advanced options such as the Refactoring of Natural application source code with Natural Engineer, conversion of applications for Natural for Ajax and Business Rule processing.

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### NATURAL FOR AJAX CONVERSION

## Chapter Overview

This chapter describes the Natural for Ajax Conversion option available from the Refactoring option on the Advanced Services menu.

The following topics are covered:

- 1. Natural for Ajax Conversion Overview
- 2. Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow
- 3. Separate Processing Rules from Maps
- 4. Natural Map Extraction
- 5. <u>Inline Map Extraction</u>
- 6. Cross-Reference to Adapters
- 7. Code Conversion

### Natural for Ajax Conversion Overview

Natural for Ajax provides an environment that enables the creation of rich internet applications, providing Natural users on UNIX and mainframe platforms to develop Natural applications that utilize a browser based user interface.

The Natural for Ajax Conversion option provides the facility to generate a web page from either inline INPUT or MAP statements, using Ajax compliant files. The Ajax compliant file generated by the Natural for Ajax Conversion process within Natural Engineer is in XML format. This file can be used by the relevant Ajax Painter within Natural to generate the web page.

The Ajax compliant file will be used to generate a Natural adapter (a map object within Natural for Ajax). The Natural adapter will act as the interface between the application and web page.

It is also possible to convert map objects into Ajax compliant files.

Cross-reference data can be created to provide a link between the inline INPUT or MAP statements and their respective adapters.

The application objects that contain any INPUT, INPUT USING MAP, REINPUT or MAP statements can be modified to use the correct Natural for Ajax compliant code required by the new adapters.

The Natural for Ajax Conversion process is invoked using the following menu navigation:

Advanced Services → Natural for Ajax Conversion

### Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow Window

The Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen provides all the options that are available to apply the Natural for Ajax Conversion process.

The following Figure 1-1 illustrates the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen.

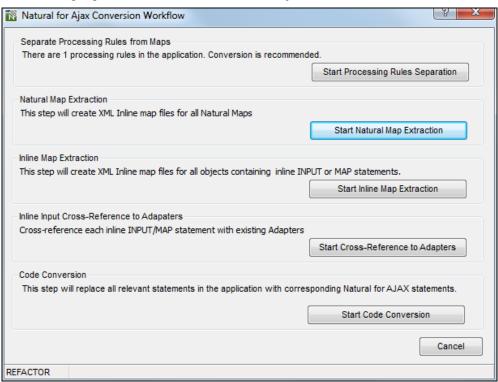


Figure 1-1 Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION
Separate Processing Rules from Maps	This option provides the facility to remove any in-line processing rules within map objects, encompassing them within new generated subprogram objects.
	Note: This option is only available if any processing rules have been found within the currently selected application.
Natural Map Extraction	This option provides the facility to generate Ajax compliant files for any Natural map objects.
Inline Map Extraction	This option provides the facility to generate Ajax compliant files for any in-line INPUT or MAP statements.
Inline Input Cross- Reference to Adapters	This option provides the facility to generate cross-reference data for any in-line INPUT or MAP statements with existing adapters.
<b>Code Conversion</b>	This option provides the facility to convert relevant Natural statements to Natural for Ajax statements.

<b>BUTTON NAME</b>	DESCRIPTION
Start Processing	Invoke the Processing Rules Separation process.
Rules Separation	For more information refer to the section <u>Separate Processing Rules from Maps.</u>
Start Natural Map	Invoke the Natural Map Extraction process.
Extraction	For more information refer to the section Natural Map Extraction.
Start Inline Map Extraction	Invoke the Inline Map Extraction process.
	For more information refer to the section <u>Inline Map Extraction</u> .
Start Cross-	Invoke the Cross-Reference to Adapters process.
Reference to Adapters	For more information refer to the section <u>Cross-Reference to Adapters.</u>
Start Code Conversion	Invoke the Code Conversion process.
	For more information refer to the section <u>Code Conversion.</u>
Cancel	Cancel the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow process and return back to the main Natural Engineer screen.

Natural for Ajax Conversion

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

The Natural for Ajax Conversion status bar is divided into 2 individual panes.

Pane 1 Name of the selected application.

Pane 2 Any Natural for Ajax Conversion processing messages.

### Separate Processing Rules from Maps

Any processing rules that are present within map objects, for the selected application, will need to be removed first.

This is done by using the Separate Processing Rules from Maps process, which will identify any in-line processing rules, separate them from their respective maps and generate new subprograms containing the processing rules. Existing calling objects for each map are then modified to reference the new processing rules subprograms.

This process is part of the Application Refactoring processes available within Natural Engineer.

Note: For more information on the Separate Processing Rules from Maps process, refer to the <u>Separate Processing Rules from Maps</u> section in Chapter 2 of this manual.

The Separate Processing Rules from Maps option is invoked by using the 'Start Processing Rules Separation' button on the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen.

### Natural Map Extraction

The Natural Map Extraction option provides the facility to select existing map objects within an application, and convert them into Ajax compliant files.

The Ajax compliant files can then be used as Natural adapters to form the interface between the application code and the web page.

### **Natural Map Extraction Window**

The Natural Map Extraction option is invoked by using the 'Start Natural Map Extraction' button on the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen.

The following Figure 1-2 illustrates the Natural Map Extraction screen.

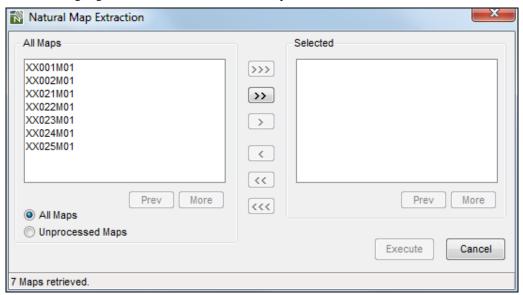


Figure 1-2 Natural Map Extraction screen

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION
Map List	List all the map objects within the currently selected application.
	The list of map objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Map List' from the Map List context menu and the All Maps/Unprocessed Maps radio buttons.
	The Map List title reflects the map objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.
	Map objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand mouse button</b> .
	Note: Any map objects listed that have already been processed will have an '*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the map object name.
Selected	List all the map objects that have been selected for Natural Map Extraction processing.
	Note: At least one map object must be selected to run the Natural Map Extraction process.
	Map objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left</b> hand mouse button.

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Map List group:	
Prev	Scrolls the map object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the map object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
All Maps	If selected, then all processed and unprocessed map objects are listed.
Unprocessed Maps	If selected, then only the map objects that have not yet been processed are listed.

**Natural for Ajax Conversion** 

#### DESCRIPTION **BUTTON NAME**

BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION	
Selection / De-selection buttons:		
>>>	Select all map objects in the map list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).	
>>	Select all map objects on the current page in the map list.	
>	Select all selected map objects in the map list.	
<	De-select all selected map objects in the selected list.	
<<	De-select all map objects on the current page in the selected list.	
<<<	De-select all map objects in the selected list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).	
Selected group:		
Prev	Scrolls the selected list to previous page.	
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTROYMAX parameter in the NATENG INI file	

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Natural Map Extraction screen:

More

Execute Invoke the Natural Map Extraction process for the selected map objects. Cancel Cancel any map object selection and return back to the Natural for Ajax

conversion screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

#### **STATUS BAR ITEM** DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Natural Map Extraction processing messages. 1

### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

### **Natural Map Extraction Context Menu**

The Natural Map Extraction context menu is invoked by placing the cursor on any of the map objects listed in the Map list and using the right hand mouse button with a single click.

### **CONTEXT MENU ITEM**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

**Change Start Position of Map List...** 

Reposition the list of map objects to start from a particular map object name.

The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '\*' (asterisk) wildcard.

The reposition value is appended to the map list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.

Possible reposition values are:

Value	Result
''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the map list.
*	Reposition to the top of the map list.
ABC*	Only show map objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
XYZ	Reposition to the first map object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the map list from that point.

### Inline Map Extraction

The Inline Map Extraction option provides the facility to select programming objects that contain any inline INPUT or MAP statements, and convert them into Ajax compliant files.

The Ajax compliant files can then be used as Natural adapters to form the interface between the application code and the web page.

### **Inline Map Extraction Window**

The Inline Map Extraction option is invoked by using the 'Start Inline Map Extraction' button on the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen.

The following Figure 1-3 illustrates the Inline Map Extraction screen.

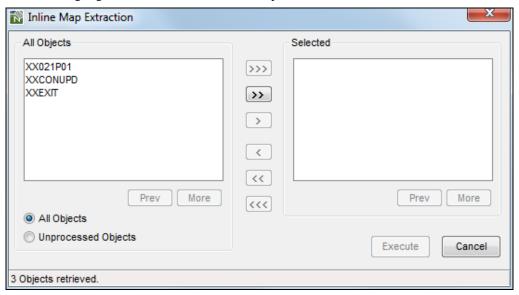


Figure 1-3 Inline Map Extraction screen

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION
Object List	List all the objects containing INPUT and/or MAP statements, within the currently selected application.
	The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List' from the Object List context menu and the All Objects/Unprocessed Objects radio buttons.
	The Object List title reflects the objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.
	Objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.
	Note: Any objects listed that have already been processed will have an '*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the object name.
Selected	List all the objects that have been selected for Inline Map Extraction processing.
	Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process.
	Objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Object List group:	
Prev	Scrolls the object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
All Objects	If selected, then all processed and unprocessed objects are listed.
Unprocessed Objects	If selected, then only the objects that have not yet been processed are listed.

Natural for Ajax Conversion

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#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Selection / De-selection buttons:

>>> Select all objects in the object list (when more than one page is available,

as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).

>> Select all objects on the current page in the object list.

> Select all selected objects in the object list.

De-select all selected objects in the selected list.

Oe-select all objects on the current page in the selected list.

Obe-select all objects in the selected list (when more than one page is

available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI

file).

Selected group:

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Inline Map Extraction screen:

**Execute** Invoke the Inline Map Extraction process for the selected objects.

Cancel Cancel any object selection and return back to the Natural for Ajax

conversion screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Inline Map Extraction processing messages.

1

### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

### **Inline Map Extraction Context Menu**

The Inline Map Extraction context menu is invoked by placing the cursor on any of the objects listed in the Object list and using the right hand mouse button with a single click.

CONTEXT MENU ITEM	DESCRIPT	ΠΟΝ
Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the	ne list of objects to start from a particular object
	The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '*' (asterisk) wildcard.	
	The reposition value is appended to the object list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.	
	Possible reposition values are:	
	Value	Result
	''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.
	*	Reposition to the top of the object list.
	ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
	XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then

continue the object list from that point.

Natural for Ajax Conversion

### Cross-Reference to Adapters

The Cross-Reference to Adapters option provides the facility to create cross-reference data between the inline INPUT, MAP and INPUT USING MAP statements and their respective Adapters (map objects).

The Adapters can be selected either from the currently selected application or from any other applications by using the general selection option.

For INPUT USING MAP statements the user may use the supplied User Exit 4 (NEEUEX4) to generate the Adapter name. Typically the use exit would contain similar rules to that used to generate the Adapter name in Application Designer.

Note: The user exit module supplied is named 'NEEUEX4X' on the Natural Engineer SYSNEE library. This is to avoid overwriting any existing (modified) versions on the production SYSNEE library during Natural Engineer installation. If this user exit has not been loaded before, then it will need to be renamed to 'NEEUEX4' before making use of the User Exit functionality.

### **Cross-Reference to Adapters Window**

The Cross Reference to Adapters option is invoked by using the 'Start Cross Reference to Adapters' button on the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen.

The following Figure 1-4 illustrates the Cross-Reference to Adapters screen.

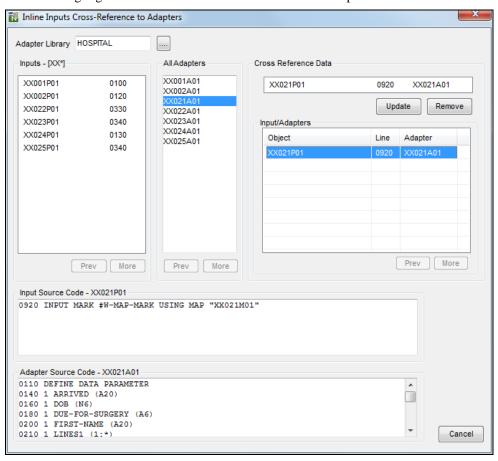


Figure 1-4 Cross-Reference to Adapters screen

Adapter Library	The name of the library from which the Adapter List is populated.	
	Note: The Adapter Library is synonymous with Natural libraries.	
All Inputs List	The list of objects containing inline INPUT, MAP or INPUT USING MAP statements found within the currently selected application. Statement Line numbers are also shown for each inline input.	
	The list of Inputs can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List' from the All Input List context menu.	
Adapter List	List all the Adapter objects within the currently selected Adapter library.	
	The list of Adapter objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Adapter List' from the Adapter List context menu.	
Cross Reference Data g	roup:	
Object & Line Number	The name of the object and the line number for selected the INPUT or MAP statement.	
Adapter Name	The name of the Adapter to be associated with the selected object and line number.	
Input/Adapters	List of available object, line number and Adapter relationships.	
Input Source Code	Displays all the relevant source code for the selected Inline Input.	
	The name of the object containing the inline input will be appended to the Inline Input Source Code frame title.	
<b>Adapter Source Code</b>	Displays all the relevant source code for the selected Adapter.	
	The name of the selected adapter will be appended to the Adapter Source Code frame title.	
BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION	
BUTTON NAME  Adapter Library Selection []	DESCRIPTION  Invokes the General Selection screen, listing all the Natural Libraries.	

**SCREEN ITEMS** 

DESCRIPTION

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### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Inline Inputs List group:

**Prev** Scrolls the All Inputs object list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the All Inputs object list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Adapters List group:

**Prev** Scrolls the Adapters object list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the Adapters object list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Cross Reference Data group:

Add/Update Add or update cross reference data relationship.

**Remove** Remove cross reference data relationship.

**Prev** Scrolls the Input/Adapters list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the Input/Adapters list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Cross-Reference to Adapters screen:

Cancel the Cross-Reference to Adapters process and return back to the

Natural for Ajax conversion screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

Natural for Ajax Conversion

### **Cross-Reference to Adapters Context Menus**

The Cross-Reference to Adapters context menus are invoked by placing the cursor on any of the items listed in the All Inputs, Adapter or the Input/Adapters lists and using the right hand mouse button with a single click.

### **All Inputs List Context Menu**

CONTEXT MENU ITEM	DESCRIPT	TION
Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the	ne list of objects to start from a particular object
		n value can be input using either a complete name using an '*' (asterisk) wildcard.
		n value is appended to the object list title to type of repositioning being applied.
	Possible reposition values are:	
	Value	Result
	' ' (blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.
	*	Reposition to the top of the object list.
	ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
	XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the object list from that point.
View Source Code	Display the s	elected object source code in a browser.

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### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

### **Adapter List Context Menu**

### CONTEXT MENU ITEM DESCRIPTION

**Change Start Position of Adapter List...** 

Reposition the list of Adapter objects to start from a particular Adapter object name.

The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '\*' (asterisk) wildcard.

The reposition value is appended to the Adapter list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.

Possible reposition values are:

Value	Result
''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the Adapter object list.
*	Reposition to the top of the Adapter object list.
ABC*	Only show Adapter objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
XYZ	Reposition to the first Adapter object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the Adapter object list from that point.

Natural for Ajax Conversion

### Input/Adapters List Context Menu

### CONTEXT MENU ITEM DESCRIPTION

Change Start Position of Input/Adapter List...

Reposition the list of Input/Adapter objects to start from a particular Input/Adapter object name.

The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '\*' (asterisk) wildcard.

The reposition value is appended to the Input/Adapter list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.

Possible reposition values are:

Value	Result
''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the Input/Adapter object list.
*	Reposition to the top of the Input/Adapter object list.
ABC*	Only show Input/Adapter objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
XYZ	Reposition to the first Input/Adapter object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the Input/Adapter object list from that point.

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### **Code Conversion**

The Code Conversion option provides the facility to select objects that contain any INPUT, INPUT USING MAP, REINPUT or MAP statements, and modify them to use the correct Natural for Ajax compliant code required by the new Adapters.

Certain types of statements are not modified as they are not compatible with Natural for Ajax. For example:

- INPUT with no literal or Map assumes INPUT from STACK
- REINPUT USING HELP
- INPUT NO ERASE

When the Code Conversion is complete a window is shown which shows warning messages, manual intervention required and user information e.g., if an Adapter is not cross referenced to a statement or User Exit 4 is not used to generate the Adapter Names for a Natural Map then the statement is converted but with a default Adapter name. The user then needs to manually apply the correct Adapter to the code.

The modified objects are located in the Modification library.

### **Code Conversion Window**

The Code Conversion option is invoked by using the 'Start Code Conversion' button on the Natural for Ajax Conversion Workflow screen.

The following Figure 1-5 illustrates the Code Conversion screen.

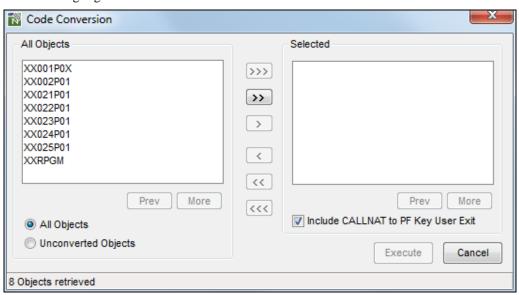


Figure 1-5 Code Conversion screen

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION
Object List	List all the objects containing INPUT and/or MAP statements, within the currently selected application.
	The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List' from the Object List context menu and the All Objects/Unconverted Objects radio buttons.
	The Object List title reflects the objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.
	Objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.
	Note: Any objects listed that have already been processed will have an '*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the object name.
Selected	List all the objects that have been selected for Code Conversion processing.
	Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process.
	Objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.

### BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Object List group:	
Prev	Scrolls the object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
All Objects	If selected, then all processed and unconverted objects are listed.
Unconverted Objects	If selected, then only the objects that have not yet been processed are listed.

Natural for Ajax Conversion

# 1

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Selection / De-selection buttons:

>>> Select all objects in the object list (when more than one page is available,

as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).

>> Select all objects on the current page in the object list.

> Select all selected objects in the object list.

De-select all selected objects in the selected list.

Oe-select all objects on the current page in the selected list.

Obe-select all objects in the selected list (when more than one page is

available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI

file).

Selected group:

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Include CALLNAT When selected, the PF Key user exit will be included in the converted

to PF Key User Exit code.

Code Conversion screen:

**Execute** Invoke the Code Conversion process for the selected objects.

Cancel Cancel any object selection and return back to the Natural for Ajax

conversion screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

#### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Code Conversion processing messages.

## **Code Conversion Context Menu**

The Code Conversion context menu is invoked by placing the cursor on any of the objects listed in the Object list and using the right hand mouse button with a single click.

CONTEXT MENU ITEM	DESCRIPT	TION	
Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the list of objects to start from a particular object name.  The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '*' (asterisk) wildcard.  The reposition value is appended to the object list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.		
	Possible reposition values are:		
	Value	Result	
	" (blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.	
	*	Reposition to the top of the object list.	
	ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.	
	XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the object list from that point.	

# **REFACTORING**

# Chapter Overview

This chapter describes the Refactoring option available from the Advanced Services menu. Refactoring is used to reorganize the internal structure of a Natural application.

The topics covered are:

- 1. Preparation
- 2. Componentization
- 3. Database Split

# **Preparation Tasks**

The Refactoring Preparation screen is used to control and initiate all the tasks required to prepare the Natural application for the subsequent Refactoring processes.

Tasks are grouped into two categories:

### 1. Mandatory

These tasks must be performed before progressing to the next Refactoring phase.

### 2. **Optional**

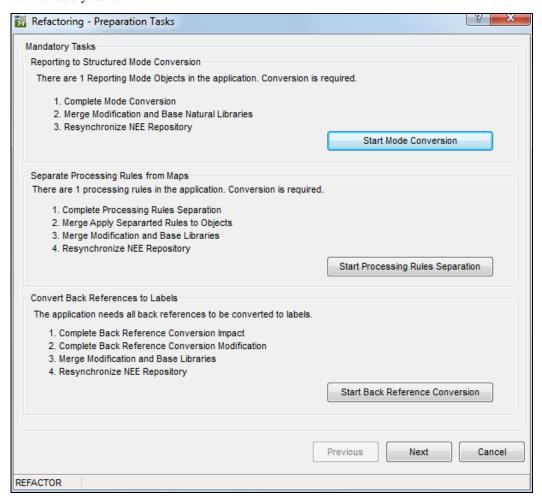
These tasks are optional and provide the facility to review and apply further refinements to the application. For example, identify redundant source code and remove it from the application to improve the maintainability of the refactored application.

## **Preparation Tasks Screen**

The Preparation Tasks screen shows all the mandatory and optional tasks available to prepare a Natural application for future Refactoring processes. The tasks are organized into three pages and can be navigated using the 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons.

The Preparation Tasks screen is accessed by using the following menu navigation: Advanced Services Refactoring Preparation from the main Natural Engineer screen.

The following Figure 2-1 illustrates the Refactoring - Preparation Tasks screen showing the mandatory tasks.



 $Figure\ 2\text{--}1\ Refactoring\ -\ Preparation\ Tasks\ screen\ showing\ the\ mandatory\ tasks$ 

The following Figure 2-2 illustrates the Refactoring - Preparation Tasks screen showing optional tasks.

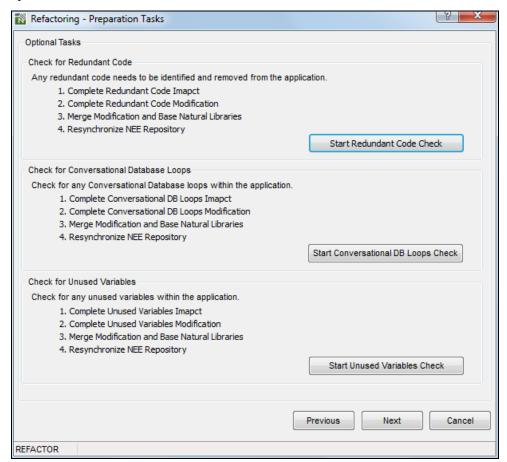


Figure 2-2 Refactoring - Preparation Tasks screen showing optional tasks

The following Figure 2-3 illustrates the Refactoring - Preparation Tasks screen showing further optional tasks.

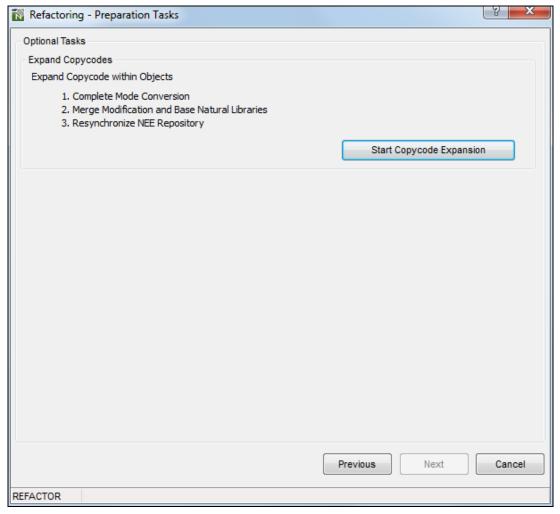


Figure 2-3 Refactoring – Preparation Tasks screen showing further optional tasks

# **Preparation Tasks Processes**

This chapter describes the individual Refactoring processes available to prepare a Natural application for subsequent Refactoring processes. The topics covered are:

- Reporting to Structured Mode Conversion
- Separate Processing Rules from Maps
- Convert Back References to Labels
- Check for Redundant Code
- <u>Check for Conversational Database Loops</u>
- Check for Unused Variables
- Expand Copycodes

# Reporting to Structured Mode Conversion

The Reporting to Structured Mode Conversion task is mandatory and should be the first task performed under the Refactoring Preparation Tasks.

The Reporting to Structured Mode Conversion task is invoked by using the 'Start Mode Conversion' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Mode Conversion process, which will convert all Natural Reporting mode objects into Natural Structured mode objects.

Note: For more information on the Mode Conversion process, refer to Chapter 3 in the Natural Engineer Utilities for Windows manual.

# Separate Processing Rules from Maps

The Separate Processing Rules from Maps task is mandatory and should be the second task performed under the Refactoring Preparation Tasks.

The Separate Processing Rules from Maps task is invoked by using the 'Start Processing Rules Separation' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Separate Processing Rules from Maps process, which will identify any in-line processing rules, separate them from their respective maps and generate new subprograms containing the processing rules. Existing calling objects for each map are then modified to reference the new processing rules subprograms.

## **Processing Rule Separation Screen**

The Processing Rule Separation screen provides all the options required to separate the inline processing rules from maps into new subprograms, apply modification to the map calling objects to reference the new processing rules subprograms and restart the Processing Rule Separation process.

The Processing Rule Separation screen is accessed by using the 'Start Processing Rules Separation' button from the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

The following Figure 2-4 illustrates the Processing Rule Separation screen.

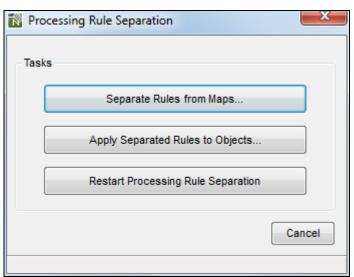


Figure 2-4 Processing Rule Separation screen

BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION		
Separate Rules from	Invoke the Separate Rules from Maps process.		
Maps	Note: For more information refer to the section <u>Separate Rules from Maps Screen</u> .		
Apply Separated Rules to Objects	Invoke the Apply Separated Rules to Objects process.		
	Note: For more information refer to the section <u>Apply Separated Rules to Objects Screen.</u>		
Restart Processing	Restart the Processing Rule Separation process.		
Rule Separation	Note: For more information refer to the section <u>Restart Processing Rule Separation</u> .		
Cancel	Cancel the Processing Rule Separation process and return back to the main Natural Engineer screen.		

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane

Any Processing Rule Separation processing messages.

### **Separate Rules from Maps Screen**

The Separate Rules from Maps screen allows you to select the map objects from which the processing rules will be separated.

The Separate Rules from Maps screen is accessed by using the 'Separate Rules from Maps...' button from the Processing Rule Separation screen.

The following Figure 2-5 illustrates the Separate Rules from Maps screen.

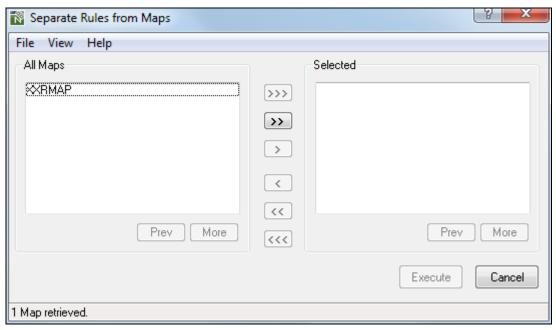


Figure 2-5 Separate Rules from Maps screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPTION		
File	Exit	Exit the Separate Rules from Maps screen and return back to the Processing Rule Separation screen.		
View	Change Start Position of Map List	Reposition the list of map objects to start from a particular map object name.		
		The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '*' (asterisk) wildcard.		
		The reposition value is appended to the map list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.		
		Possible reposition values are:		
		Value	Result	
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the map list.	
		*	Reposition to the top of the map list.	
		ABC*	Only show map objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.	
		XYZ	Reposition to the first map object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the map list from that point.	
	View Unprocessed	Change the list of map objects displayed in the Map List.		
	Maps Only		dicated by a tick to the left) then only the at have not yet been processed are listed.	
			no tick) then all processed and nap objects are listed.	
Help	Invoke the Separate	te Rules from Maps help.		

# Refactoring 2

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION		
Map List	List all the map objects with processing rules used by the currently selected application.		
	The list of map objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Map List' and 'View Unprocessed Maps Only' from the View menu.		
	The Map List title reflects the map objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.		
	Map objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.		
	Note: Any map objects listed that have already been processed will have an '*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the map object name.		
Selected	List all the map objects that have been selected for Separate Rules from Maps processing.		
	Note: At least one map object must be selected to run the separation.		
	Map objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left</b> hand mouse button.		

# BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Map List group:	
Prev	Scrolls the map object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the map object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

#### RUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION		
Selection / De-selection	Selection / De-selection buttons:		
>>>	Select all map objects in the map list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).		
>>	Select all map objects on the current page in the map list.		
>	Select all selected map objects in the map list.		
<	De-select all selected map objects in the selected list.		
<<	De-select all map objects on the current page in the selected list.		
<<<	De-select all map objects in the selected list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).		
Selected group:			

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Separate Rules from Maps screen:

**Execute** Invoke the Separate Rules from Maps process for the selected map

objects.

Cancel any map object selection and return back to the Processing Rule

Separation screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Separate Rules from Maps processing messages.

## **Apply Separated Rules to Objects Screen**

The Apply Separated Rules to Objects screen allows you to select the objects referencing the map objects from which the processing rules have been separated.

These will then be modified to call the new processing rules subprograms.

Note: After applying the separated rules to objects, copy the PDA object NEEMSG-A from the Natural library SYSNEE to the Modification library. This is a mandatory PDA containing the required parameters used by the modified map calling objects.

The Apply Separated Rules to Objects screen is accessed by using the 'Apply Separated Rules to Objects ...' button from the Processing Rule Separation screen.

The following Figure 2-6 illustrates the Apply Separated Rules to Objects screen.

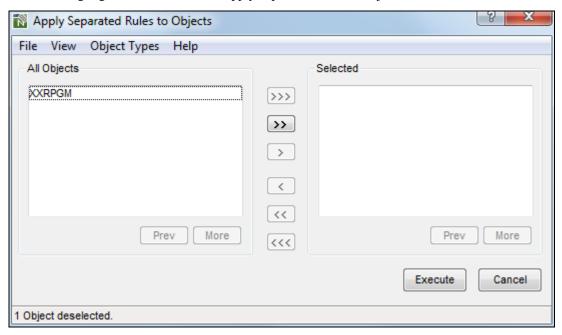


Figure 2-6 Apply Separated Rules to Objects screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPTION	
File	Exit	Exit the Apply Separated Rules to Objects screen and return back to the Processing Rule Separation screen.	
View	Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the list of objects to start from a particular object name.	
		The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '*' (asterisk) wildcard.	
		The reposition value is appended to the object list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.	
		Possible reposition values are:	
		Value	Result
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		*	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
		XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the object list from that point.
	View Unprocessed Objects Only	Change the list of objects displayed in the Object List.	
		If checked (indicated by a tick to the left) then only the objects that have not yet been processed are listed.	
		If unchecked (nunprocessed ob	no tick) then all processed and jects are listed.
<b>Object Types</b>	Allows you to select	the types of object	ct to be listed.
	Available selections are:		
	<ul><li>All Objects</li><li>Helproutines</li><li>Programs</li><li>Subprograms</li><li>Subroutines</li></ul>		
Help	Invoke the Apply Separated Rules to Objects help.		

# Refactoring 2

### **SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION Object List** List all the objects referencing maps with processing rules used by the currently selected application. The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options available in the Object Types menu. Further refinement can be made using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List...' and 'View Unprocessed Objects Only' from the View menu. The Object List title reflects the objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified. Objects can be selected by using a double click with the left hand mouse button. Note: Any objects listed that have already been processed will have an '\*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the object name. Selected List all the objects that have been selected for Apply Separated Rules to Objects processing. Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process. Objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the left hand mouse button.

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Object List group:	
Prev	Scrolls the object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Selection / De-selection buttons:

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

>>>	Select all objects in the object list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).
	0.1.4.11.12.4

>> Select all objects on the current page in the object list.

Select all selected objects in the object list.
 De-select all selected objects in the selected list.

Oe-select all objects on the current page in the selected list.

Oe-select all objects in the selected list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI

file).

Selected group:

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Apply Separated Rules to Objects screen:

**Execute** Invoke the Apply Separated Rules to Objects process for the selected map

objects.

Cancel any object selection and return back to the Processing Rule

Separation screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

**Pane** Any Apply Separated Rules to Objects processing messages.

## **Restart Processing Rule Separation**

The Restart Processing Rule Separation option will delete any internal cross-reference records created by the Separate Rules from Maps process.

Any modified objects generated by the Apply Separated Rules to Objects will not be deleted from the Modification library. This needs to be done manually.

When this option is selected, a warning screen is displayed providing the facility to either proceed with the restart or cancel it.

The following Figure 2-7 illustrates the Restart Processing Rule Separation warning screen.

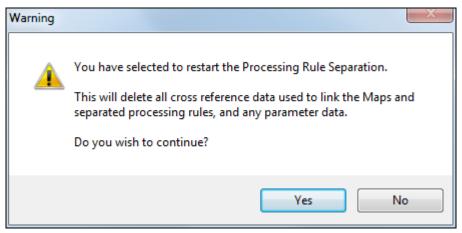


Figure 2-7 Restart Processing Rule Separation warning screen

### Convert Back References to Labels

The Convert Back References to Labels task is mandatory and should be the third task performed under the Refactoring Preparation tasks.

The Convert Back References to Labels task is invoked by using the 'Start Back Reference Conversion' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Convert Back References to Labels process, which uses the Impact Analysis function within Natural Engineer, using the combination search keyword REFACTORING with sub criteria 'Convert Back References to Labels'.

Impact Analysis will look for any numeric back references which can be converted to labels.

After the Impact results have been reviewed, the Modification function within Natural Engineer can be used to convert any numeric back references to use the new labels.

### **Convert Back References to Labels Impact Analysis**

The Convert Back References to Labels Impact Analysis is invoked by using the 'Start Back Reference Conversion' button from the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Impact Analysis function, where an Impact Version and Impact Criteria need to be specified.

The Impact Criteria are specified by selecting the combination search keyword REFACTORING, this will invoke the Refactoring Preferences screen where the 'Convert Back References to Labels' option can be selected.

The following Figure 2-8 illustrates the Refactoring Preferences screen with Convert Back References to Labels option specified.

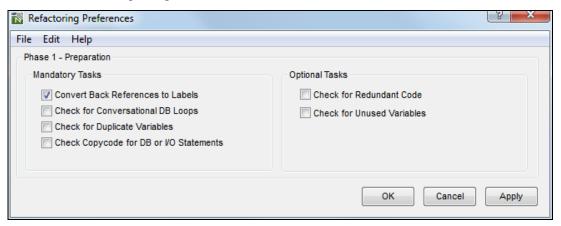


Figure 2-8 Refactoring Preferences screen for Convert Back References to Labels

Note: For more information about the combination search keyword REFACTORING refer to Chapter 3 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

After specifying the Impact criteria, run the Impact Analysis using the menu option Analysis → Impact Execution accessed from the main Natural Engineer screen.

### **Convert Back References to Labels Modification**

After reviewing the Impact results, the impacted objects can be modified using the Modification function accessed using the menu option Modification → Execute Modification for All Objects.

The modified objects can be found in the Modification library.

Note: For more information about the Modification function refer to Chapter 2 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

## Check for Redundant Code

The Check for Redundant Code task is optional.

The Check for Redundant Code task is invoked by using the 'Start Redundant Code Check' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Check for Redundant Code process, which uses the Impact Analysis function within Natural Engineer, using the combination search keyword REFACTORING with sub criteria 'Check for Redundant Code'.

Impact Analysis will look for any unused source code lines within programming objects within the Natural application. Impacts are only made for Structured mode objects.

After the Impact results have been reviewed, manual modification will need to be applied to the impacted objects. No automated Modification is available for this option.

### **Check for Redundant Code Impact Analysis**

The Check for Redundant Code Impact Analysis is invoked by using the 'Start Redundant Code Check' button from the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Impact Analysis function, where an Impact Version and Impact Criteria need to be specified.

The Impact Criteria are specified by selecting the combination search keyword REFACTORING, this will invoke the Refactoring Preferences screen where the 'Check for Redundant Code' option can be selected.

The following Figure 2-9 illustrates the Refactoring Preferences screen with Check for Redundant Code option specified.

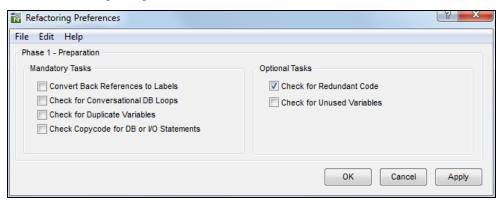


Figure 2-9 Refactoring Preferences screen for Check for Redundant Code

Note: For more information about the combination search keyword REFACTORING refer to Chapter 3 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

After specifying the Impact criteria, run the Impact Analysis using the menu option Analysis→Impact Execution accessed from the main Natural Engineer screen.

### **Check for Redundant Code Modification**

After reviewing the Impact results, the impacted objects need to be modified manually as Natural Engineer does not apply automatic modification for this option.

The modified objects can be found in the Modification library.

Note: For more information about the Modification function refer to Chapter 2 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

# Check for Conversational Database Loops

The Check for Conversational Database Loops task is optional.

The Check for Conversational Database Loops task is invoked by using the 'Start Conversational DB Loops Check' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Check for Conversational Database Loops process, which uses the Impact Analysis function within Natural Engineer, using the combination search keyword REFACTORING with sub criteria 'Check for Conversational DB Loops'.

Impact Analysis will look for any screen I/O statements within database processing loops.

After the Impact results have been reviewed, manual modification will need to be applied to the impacted objects. No automated Modification is available for this option.

### **Check for Conversational Database Loops Impact Analysis**

The Check for Conversational Database Loops Impact Analysis is invoked by using the 'Start Conversational DB Loops Check' button from the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Impact Analysis function, where an Impact Version and Impact Criteria need to be specified.

The Impact Criteria are specified by selecting the combination search keyword REFACTORING, this will invoke the Refactoring Preferences screen where the 'Check for Conversational DB Loops' option can be selected.

The following Figure 2-10 illustrates the Refactoring Preferences screen with Check for Conversational DB Loops option specified.

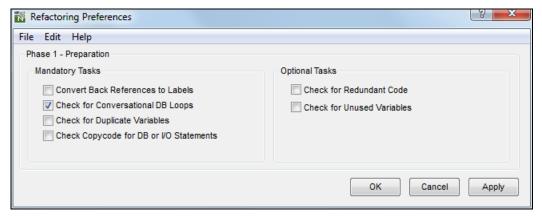


Figure 2-10 Refactoring Preferences screen for Check for Conversational DB Loops

Note: For more information about the combination search keyword REFACTORING refer to Chapter 3 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

After specifying the Impact criteria, run the Impact Analysis using the menu option Analysis → Impact Execution accessed from the main Natural Engineer screen.

## **Check for Conversational Database Loops Modification**

After reviewing the Impact results, the impacted objects need to be modified manually as Natural Engineer does not apply automatic modification for this option.

The modified objects can be found in the Modification library.

Note: For more information about the Modification function refer to Chapter 2 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

## Check for Unused Variables

The Check for Unused Variables task is optional.

The Check for Unused Variables task is invoked by using the 'Start Unused Variables Check' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Check for Unused Variables process, which uses the Impact Analysis function within Natural Engineer, using the combination search keyword REFACTORING with sub criteria 'Check for Unused Variables'.

Impact Analysis will look for any unused user-defined or logical view variables.

After the Impact results have been reviewed, the Modification function within Natural Engineer can be used to comment out any unused variables.

### **Check for Unused Variables Impact Analysis**

The Check for Unused Variables Impact Analysis is invoked by using the 'Start Unused Variables Check' button from the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Impact Analysis function, where an Impact Version and Impact Criteria need to be specified.

The Impact Criteria are specified by selecting the combination search keyword REFACTORING, this will invoke the Refactoring Preferences screen where the 'Check for Conversational DB Loops' option can be selected.

The following Figure 2-11 illustrates the Refactoring Preferences screen with Check for Unused Variables option specified.

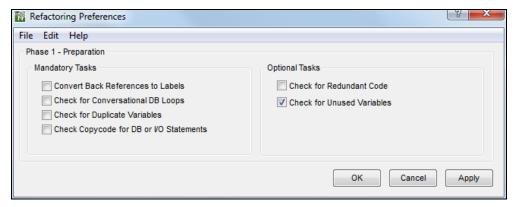


Figure 2-11 Refactoring Preferences screen for Check for Unused Variables

Note: For more information about the combination search keyword REFACTORING refer to Chapter 3 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

After specifying the Impact criteria, run the Impact Analysis using the menu option Analysis → Impact Execution accessed from the main Natural Engineer screen.

### **Check for Unused Variables Modification**

After reviewing the Impact results, the impacted objects can be modified using the Modification function accessed using the menu option Modification Execute Modification for All Objects.

The modified objects can be found in the Modification library.

Note: For more information about the Modification function refer to Chapter 2 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

# **Expand Copycodes**

The Expand Copycodes task is optional.

The Expand Copycodes task is invoked by using the 'Start Copycode Expansion' button on the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

This will invoke the Expand Copycodes process, which provides the facility to select the objects within an application that use copycodes, to have the copycodes expanded within the objects.

Exclusions can be specified to prevent unwanted expansion of copycodes.

## **Copycode Expansion Screen**

The Copycode Expansion screen allows you to select the objects within an application containing copycodes, to apply the necessary modification to expand the copycode within them.

The Copycode Expansion screen is accessed by using the 'Start Copycode Expansion' button from the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.

The following Figure 2-12 illustrates the Copycode Expansion screen.

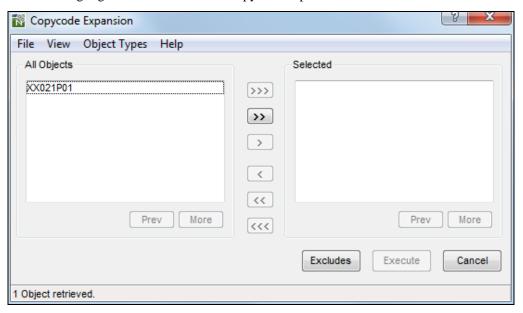


Figure 2-12 Copycode Expansion screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPTION	
File	Exit	Exit the Copycode Expansion screen and return back to the Refactoring Preparation Tasks screen.	
View	Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the list of objects to start from a particular object name.	
		The reposition value can be input using either a complete name or part name using an '*' (asterisk) wildcard.	
		The reposition value is appended to the object list title to highlight the type of repositioning being applied.	
		Possible reposit	Possible reposition values are:
		Value	Result
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		*	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
		XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the object list from that point.
	View Unprocessed Objects Only	Change the list of objects displayed in the Object List.	
		If checked (indicated by a tick to the left) then only the objects that have not yet been processed are listed.	
		If unchecked (nunprocessed obj	o tick) then all processed and jects are listed.
<b>Object Types</b>	Allows you to select	the types of object	ct to be listed.
	Available selections are:		
	<ul><li>All Objects</li><li>Helproutines</li><li>Programs</li><li>Subprograms</li><li>Subroutines</li></ul>		
Help	Invoke the Copycode Expansion help.		

# Refactoring 2

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION		
Object List	List all the objects containing copycodes within the currently selected application.		
	The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options available in the Object Types menu. Further refinement can be made using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List' and 'View Unprocessed Objects Only' from the View menu.		
	The Object List title reflects the objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.		
	Objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.		
	Note: Any objects listed that have already been processed will have an '*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the object name.		
Selected	List all the objects that have been selected for Copycode Expansion processing.		
	Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process.		
	Objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand</b> mouse button.		

## BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Object List group:	
Prev	Scrolls the object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

>>> Select all objects in the object list (when more than one page is available,

as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).

>> Select all objects on the current page in the object list.

> Select all selected objects in the object list.

De-select all selected objects in the selected list.

De-select all objects on the current page in the selected list.

De-select all objects in the selected list (when more than one page is

available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI

file).

Selected group:

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Copycode Expansion screen:

**Excludes** Invoke the Copycode Exclusion process.

**Execute** Invoke the Copycode Expansion process. This will modify the selected

objects by expanding any copycode objects that have not been excluded. The modified objects can be located in the Modification library.

Note: This button is only enabled if any selections have been made.

**Cancel** Cancel any object selection and return back to the Refactoring Preparation

Tasks screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Copycode Expansion processing messages.

# **Copycode Exclusion Screen**

The Copycode Exclusion screen allows you to select the copycode objects, within an application that you do not want to have expanded within the objects using them.

The Copycode Exclusion screen is accessed by using the 'Excludes' button from the Copycode Expansion screen.

The following Figure 2-13 illustrates the Copycode Exclusion screen.

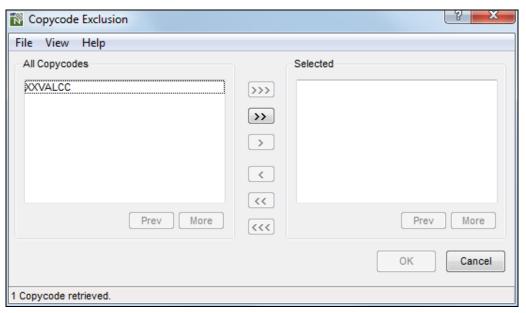


Figure 2-13 Copycode Exclusion screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPT	ION
File	Exit	1.0	code Exclusion screen and return back to Expansion screen.
View	Change Start Position of Copycode List		list of copycode objects to start from a woode object name.
		•	value can be input using either a e or part name using an '*' (asterisk)
			value is appended to the copycode list ht the type of repositioning being
		Possible repos	ition values are:
		Value	Result
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the copycode object list.
		*	Reposition to the top of the copycode object list.
		ABC*	Only show copycode objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
		XYZ	Reposition to the first copycode object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue
			the copycode object list from that point.

# Refactoring 2

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION		
Copycode List	List all the copycode objects within the currently selected application.		
	The list of copycode objects can be tailored to your requirements using the option 'Change Start Position of Copycode List' from the View menu.		
	The Copycode List title reflects the copycode objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.		
	Copycode objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left</b> hand mouse button.		
Selected	List all the copycode objects that have been selected for Copycode Exclusion processing.		
	Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process.		
	Copycode objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand mouse button</b> .		

## **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Copycode List group:

**Prev** Scrolls the copycode object list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the copycode object list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

# BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Dellerining			
Selection / De-selection buttons:			
>>>	Select all copycode objects in the copycode list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).		
>>	Select all copycode objects on the current page in the copycode list.		
>	Select all selected copycode objects in the copycode list.		
<	De-select all selected copycode objects in the selected list.		
<<	De-select all copycode objects on the current page in the selected list.		
<<<	De-select all copycode objects in the selected list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).		
Selected group:			
Prev	Scrolls the selected list to previous page.		
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.		
More	Scrolls the selected list forward one page.		
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.		
Copycode Exclusion so	rreen:		

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

Saves the Copycode Exclusion settings and close the current screen.

Note: This button is only enabled if any selections have been made.

Cancel any copycode object selection and return back to the Copycode

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Copycode Exclusion processing messages.

Expansion screen.

OK

Cancel

# Componentization

The Refactoring Componentization screen is used to control and initiate all the tasks required to restructure Natural applications.

The topics covered are:

- 1. Component Builder
- 2. <u>Similar Code</u>

## **Componentization Screen**

The Componentization screen shows all tasks available to restructure a Natural application. The Componentization screen is accessed by using the following menu navigation: Advanced Services Refactoring Componentization from the main Natural Engineer screen.

The following Figure 2-14 illustrates the Refactoring - Componentization screen.

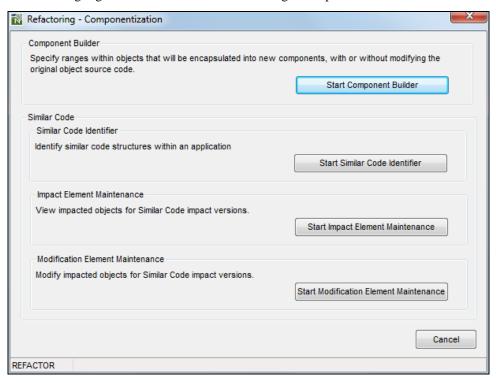


Figure 2-14 Refactoring - Compentization screen

# Component Builder

The Component Builder option provides the facility to specify line ranges which will be encapsulated into new Natural components. These components may then be used as independent Natural objects.

The following tasks may be actioned depending on the selections made.

#### 1. Generate new subprogram objects.

New subprogram objects are created in the Modification library with the source code for the selected line ranges from the original object copied into it. If a subprogram name has been specified for the line range, this will be used to create the new object.

### 2. Generate Parameter Data Area (PDA) objects.

PDA objects are generated for any data that needs to be passed between the calling object and the new subprogram. If a PDA name has been specified for the line range, this will be used to create the new object.

### 3. Generate Local Data Area (LDA) objects.

LDA objects are generated for all the data items that are found within the selected line range. If an LDA name has been specified for the line range, this will be used to create the new object.

### 4. Modify the original object to reference the new subprogram object.

The original object will be modified to remove the source code for the line range specified. This is replaced with a CALLNAT statement to call the new subprogram and pass any required parameters. Only valid where only one line range has been selected.

## **Component Builder Window**

The Component Builder screen can be accessed by using the 'Component Builder' button from the Refactoring - Componentization screen.

The following Figure 2-15 illustrates the Component Builder screen.

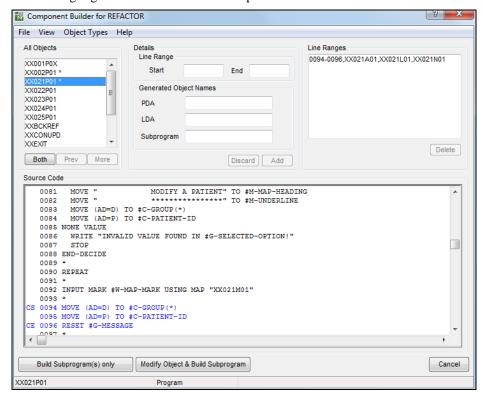


Figure 2-15 Component Builder screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPTI	ON
File	Exit		onent Builder screen and return back to g Componentization screen.
View	Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the object name.	list of objects to start from a particular
			value can be input using either a e or part name using an '*' (asterisk)
			value is appended to the object list title e type of repositioning being applied.
		Possible reposi	ition values are:
		Value	Result
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		*	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
		XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the object list from that point.
<b>Object Types</b>	Allows you to select	the types of obje	ect to be listed.
	Available selections are:		
Help	<ul> <li>All Objects</li> <li>Helproutines</li> <li>Programs</li> <li>Subprograms</li> <li>Subroutines</li> </ul> Invoke the Component	ent Builder help.	

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Object List List of all the objects used by the currently selected application.

The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options available in the Object Types menu. Further refinement can be made using the option 'Change Start Position of Object List...' from the View

menu.

The Object List title reflects the Object Types being listed and will

append any reposition values that may have been specified.

Objects can be selected using the left mouse button with a single click.

Any objects that have had line ranges saved will show with an asterisk (\*) to the right of the object name. For example: XX021P01 \*.

Line Range group:

Start The start of range statement line number.

End The end of range statement line number.

Generated Object Names:

**PDA** Name for the generated PDA object.

If left blank the object will be derived from the mask setting of COMPONENT\_OBJECT\_NAME in the NATENG.INI file.

**LDA** Name for the generated LDA object.

If left blank the object will be derived from the mask setting of COMPONENT\_OBJECT\_NAME in the NATENG.INI file.

**Subprogram** Name for the generated subprogram object.

If left blank the object will be derived from the mask setting of COMPONENT\_OBJECT\_NAME in the NATENG.INI file.

Line Ranges group:

**Line Ranges List** List of all the line ranges that have been saved for an object.

**Source Code** Display the selected source code for the currently selected object. Any

source code lines that are part of a saved line range will be colored blue

and will have the following in the first 2 bytes of the line:

**CS** Indicates that the line is the start of a range.

**CE** Indicates that the line is the end of a range.

#### **BUTTON NAME** DESCRIPTION

Object List group:

**Both** This button provides additional refinement of the objects listed in the

Objects List box. This button has three different states, with the button

text changing accordingly:

Both The default for the screen is to list all objects whether they

have line ranges saved or not.

OEM O Only list objects that have line ranges saved, i.e., OEM data

available.

N OEM Only list objects that have no line ranges saved, i.e., no OEM

data available.

Prev Scrolls the object list to previous page. This button will be

available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the

LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

More Scrolls the object list to forward one page. This button will be

available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the

LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Details group:

Discard Reset the current Line Range details.

Add / Replace Add / Replace the current Line Range details.

Button text will read 'Add' for new details and 'Replace' for any existing

details (when selecting existing saved Line Ranges).

Line Ranges group:

**Delete** Delete the selected line range.

Component Builder screen:

Enabled when at least one line range has been added. Subprogram objects Subprogram(s) only will be generated for each line range along with any necessary PDA and

LDA objects. Objects are written to the Modification library for this

application.

**Modify Object & Build Subprogram**  Enabled when no or only one line range has been added. A Subprogram object will be generated for the line range along with a PDA and LDA

object as necessary. The original object will be modified to remove the code within the line range and replace with a 'callnat' to the new subprogram. Objects are written to the Modification library for this

application.

## BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Object List group:

Cancel Cancel the Component Builder process and return back to the Refactoring

Componentization screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

The Component Builder status bar is divided into 3 individual panes.

Pane 1 Name of the selected object.

If the selected object is from a steplib, then the steplib library name

will also be shown here.

Pane 2 Object type of the selected object.

Pane 3 Any Component Builder processing messages.

## Similar Code Identifier

The Similar Code option provides the facility to search for similar source code structures within an application. For example, to find instances of a particular read of a database file within an application, to find date or currency conversions.

The process to locate similar code structures is invoked by simply reviewing the existing objects within an application and selecting the start and end line number range of the source code required. This will pinpoint the keywords and their respective order, which Impact will use to identify the similar source code.

Once all the selections have been completed, Impact Analysis needs to be executed and the Impact results reviewed.

For example; the following source code start and end line range is selected:

```
::::
0150 READ VEHICLES
0160 DISPLAY MAKE MODEL *ISN
0170 END-READ
::::
```

This will pinpoint the keywords and their respective order to be

READ DISPLAY END-READ

And result in identifying the following source code structures:

```
::::
0150 READ VEHICLES
0160 DISPLAY MAKE MODEL *ISN
0170 END-READ
::::
0620 READ EMPLOYEES
0630 DISPLAY PERSONNEL-ID NAME
0640 END-READ
::::
```

# Refactoring 2

But not the following source code structure:

```
::::
1050 READ VEHICLES
1060 ADD 1 TO #RECORDS-COUNTER
1070 DISPLAY MAKE MODEL *ISN
1080 END-READ
::::
```

This is because the code structure block contains an extra keyword 'ADD', which was not part of the original selection.

## Similar Code Identifier Window

The Similar Code screen can be accessed by using the 'Similar Code Identifier' button from the Refactoring Componentization screen.

The following Figure 2-16 illustrates the Similar Code Identifier screen.

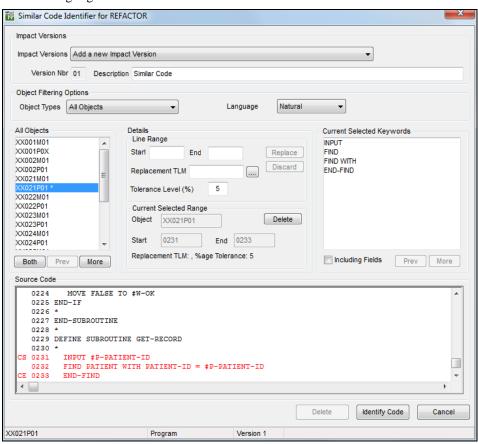


Figure 2-16 Similar Code Identifier screen

### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Impact Versions group:

Impact Versions Change the Impact version to review alternate Similar Code Impact

Criteria for the application.

Select 'Add a new Impact Version' to define new Similar Code Identifier

criteria.

Impact NbrThe number of the Impact versionDescriptionThe Description of the Impact version

Object Filtering Options group:

**Object Types** Allows you to select the types of object to be listed.

Available selections are:

All Objects

Programs

Subprograms

Maps

Subroutines

Copycodes

Language Allows you to select the programming language of the objects to be listed.

Available selections are dependent on the type of objects loaded into the repository but may include:

- All
- Cobol
- JCL
- Natural

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Object List group:

Object List List of all the objects used by the currently selected application.

The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options available in the Object Types menu. Further refinement can be made using the option 'Change Start Position of Object List...' from the View

menu.

The Object List title reflects the Object Types being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.

Objects can be selected using the left mouse button with a single click.

Any objects that have had line ranges saved will show with an asterisk (\*)

to the right of the object name. For example: XX021P01 \*.

Details - Line Range group:

Start The start of range statement line number.

End The end of range statement line number.

**Replacement TLM** The name of the Text Logic Member (TLM) to replace the impacted

range in the object source code.

Tolerance Level (%) Allows for a level of mis-match between the selected code and the Similar

Code Criteria.

Details - Current Selected Range group:

**Object** The name of the object containing the selected line range.

Start The start of range statement line number.

End The end of range statement line number.

Current Selected Keywords group:

**Keyword List** List of all the keywords that have been found in the specified line ranges.

These will be used by the Impact process to identify similar code

structures throughout the application.

fields that are part of the marked syntax. For example:

MOVE #A TO #B

With the Including Fields selected, the process would look for MOVE statements with the fields #A and #B. If not selected, then the fields

would be ignored, and only MOVE statements identified.

# Refactoring 2

Source Code group:

Source Code Display the selected source code for the currently selected object. Any

source code lines that are part of a saved line range will be colored blue

and will have the following in the first 2 bytes of the line:

CS Indicates that the line is the start of a range.CE Indicates that the line is the end of a range.

Note: If a single line has been selected for start and end ranges, e.g.,

0100-0100, then the indicator will show only CS.

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Object List group:

**Prev** Scrolls the object list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the object list to forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Line Range group:

**Discard** Reset the current Line Range start and end details.

Add / Replace Add / Replace the Current Selected Range and Current Selected

Keywords details.

Button text will read 'Add' for new details and 'Replace' if there are any

previously saved details.

Current Selected Range group:

**Delete** Delete the selected line range.

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Current Selected Keywords group:

**Prev** Scrolls the keyword list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the keyword list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Similar Code Identifier screen:

**Delete** Deletes the specified Impact Version for the Criteria.

**Identify Code** Invoke the Similar Code Identifier process.

Note: This button is only enabled if any selections have been made.

Cancel Cancel the Similar Code Identifier process and return back to the

Refactoring Phase 1 screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

The Similar Code Identifier status bar is divided into 4 individual panes.

Pane 1 Name of the selected object.

If the selected object is from a steplib, then the steplib library name

will also be shown here.

Pane 2 Object type of the selected object.

Pane 3 The currently selected Impact Version number.

Pane 4 Any Similar Code Identifier processing messages.

## Similar Code Identifier - Impact Element Maintenance

The Impact Element Maintenance option provides the facility to review the results of the executed Impact Analysis for the Similar Code Identifier Option. All impacted objects within the chosen applications are available for selection. Once selected the impacted items within the object are listed.

The impacted items can be selected to reveal the source code context within the object and the impact match reason showing why the item has been impacted. The context of the data item within the data definitions of the selected object are also shown.

Note: For more information on the Impact Element Maintenance Screen refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

### Similar Code Identifier - Modification Element Maintenance

The Modification Element Maintenance option provides the facility to review and modify interactively, the default modifications to be applied to objects from the Similar Code Identifier Impact execution. All impacted objects within an application are available for selection; once selected a list of the impacted items within the object are listed.

The Modification Element Maintenance option allows each modification to be updated to change the modification types, categories and replacement values as desired. The Modification changes to be applied can be reviewed before they are implemented, using the Browser.

The Modification Element Maintenance option also provides the facility to review the Impact results in the Browser.

Note: For more information on the Modification Element Maintenance Screen refer to Chapter 2 in the Natural Engineer Application Analysis & Modification for Windows manual.

# Database Split

The Database Split screen provides a series of tasks to control and initiate all the tasks required to separate any Database Access from a Natural Application.

The topics covered are:

- 1. <u>DDM Selection</u>
- 2. <u>User View Analysis</u>
- 3. Refactor Database Access

# **Database Split Screen**

The Database Split screen shows all tasks available to separate any Database Access from a Natural Application.

The Database Split screen is accessed by using the following menu navigation: Advanced Services Refactoring Database Split from the main Natural Engineer screen.

The following Figure 2-17 illustrates the Refactoring – Database Split screen.

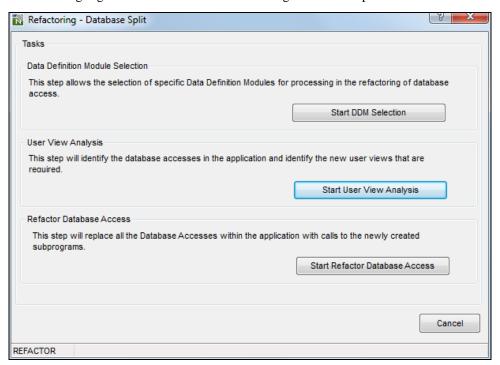


Figure 2-17 Refactoring – Database Split screen

# **Data Definition Module Selection**

The Data Definition Module Selection task is invoked by using the 'Start DDM Selection' button on the Refactoring – Database Split screen.

This will invoke the Data Definition Module Selection process, which provides the facility to select the DDMs within an application that are to be processed during the User View Analysis and Refactor Database Access processes. If no DDMs are selected, then the User View Analysis and Refactor Database Access processes will process all the DDMs within the application.

### **DDM Selection Screen**

The DDM Selection screen allows you to select the DDMs within an application, to which to apply the necessary modification to encapsulate each database access in a new generated subprogram, and change the original database access to call the new subprogram.

For each selected DDM, the User View Analysis and Refactor Database Access processing will only process the database accesses for these selected DDMs. All non-selected DDMs will be ignored.

If no DDMs are selected, then all the DDMs will be processed during the User View Analysis and Refactor Database Access processing.

The DDM Selection screen is accessed by using the 'Start DDM Selection' button from the Refactoring – Database Split screen.

The following Figure 2-18 illustrates the DDM Selection screen.

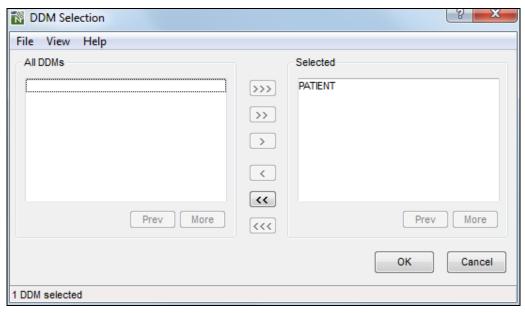


Figure 2-18 DDM Selection screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPT	ION
File	Exit		Selection screen and return back to the Database Split screen.
View	Change Start Position of DDM List		e list of DDM objects to start from a M object name.
			n value can be input using either a e or part name using an '*' (asterisk)
			n value is appended to the DDM list title the type of repositioning being applied.
		Possible reposition values are:	
		Value	Result
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the DDM list.
		*	Reposition to the top of the DDM list.
		ABC*	Only show DDMs that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
		XYZ	Reposition to the first DDM object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the DDM list from that point.
Help	Invoke the DDM Se	election help.	

DDM List	List all the DDM objects used by the currently selected application.
	The list of DDM objects can be tailored to your requirements using the option 'Change Start Position of DDM List'from the View menu.
	The DDM List title reflects the DDM objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified.
	DDM objects can be selected by using a double click with the <b>left hand mouse button</b> .
Selected	List all the DDM objects that have been selected for User View Analysis and Refactor Database Access processing.
	DDM objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the <b>left</b> hand mouse button.
BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION
DDM List group:	

Scrolls the DDM object list to previous page.

Scrolls the DDM object list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

DESCRIPTION

**SCREEN ITEMS** 

Prev

More

### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION		
Selection / De-selection buttons:			
>>>	Select all DDM objects in the DDM list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).		
>>	Select all DDM objects on the current page in the DDM list.		
>	Select all selected DDM objects in the DDM list.		
<	De-select all selected DDM objects in the selected list.		
<<	De-select all DDM objects on the current page in the selected list.		
<<<	De-select all DDM objects in the selected list (when more than one page is available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).		
Selected group:			
Prev	Scrolls the selected list to previous page.		
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.		
More	Scrolls the selected list forward one page.		
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.		
DDM Selection screen:			
OK	Saves the DDM Selection settings.		

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

Cancel any DDM object selection and return back to the Refactoring -

### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Cancel

Pane Any DDM Selection processing messages.

Database Split screen.

# User View Analysis

The User View Analysis task is invoked by using the 'Start User View Analysis' button on the Refactoring – Database Split screen.

This will invoke the User View Analysis process, which will identify all the database accesses within a Natural application's objects, new consolidated Views are identified adding all the fields for the DDM being referenced for each new View.

Note: The database accesses are controlled by the DDMs that have been selected using the Data Definition Module Selection task. If no DDMs have been selected then all DDMs and database accesses will be processed. For more information refer to the section <u>Data Definition Module Selection</u>.

The User View Analysis task identifies two types of view:

#### 1. Access Views

These are views that are used by read only database access statements.

### 2. Update Views

These are views that are used by update database access statements.

The new Access and Update Views are generated internally for use by Natural Engineer during the Refactor Database Access process.

## Refactor Database Access

The Refactor Database Access task is invoked by using the 'Start Refactor Database Access' button on the Refactoring – Database Split screen.

This will invoke the Refactor Database Access process, which provides the facility to select the objects within an application containing database accesses and modify them to remove the database access statements into new generated subprograms. The original objects containing the database accesses are changed to call the new subprograms.

Note: The database accesses are controlled by the DDMs that have been selected using the Data Definition Module Selection task. If no DDMs have been selected then all DDMs and database accesses will be processed. For more information refer to the section <u>Data Definition Module Selection</u>.

The modified objects and new generated subprograms are found in the Modification library.

Note: If any of the objects need to be refactored again, then it is recommended that the modification library is empty and that the User View Analysis process is re-run first.

### **Refactor Database Access Screen**

The Refactor Database Access screen allows you to select the objects within an application containing database access statements, to apply the necessary modification to encapsulate each database access in a new generated subprogram, and change the original database access to call the new subprogram.

All modified and new generated objects are located in the Modification library.

The Refactor Database Access screen is accessed by using the 'Start Refactor Database Access' button from the Refactoring – Database Split screen.

The following Figure 2-19 illustrates the Refactor Database Access screen.

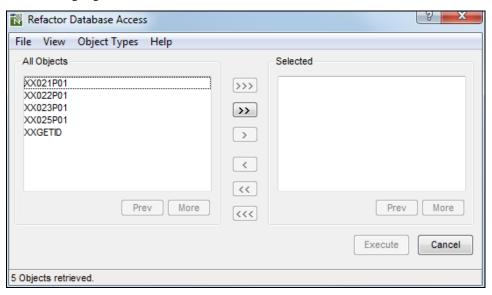


Figure 2-19 Refactor Database Access screen

MENU ITEMS	OPTIONS	DESCRIPTION	ON
File	Exit		or Database Access screen and return actoring – Database Split screen.
View	Change Start Position of Object List	Reposition the l object name.	ist of objects to start from a particular
			value can be input using either a or part name using an '*' (asterisk)
			value is appended to the object list title type of repositioning being applied.
		Possible reposit	ion values are:
		Value	Result
		''(blank)	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		*	Reposition to the top of the object list.
		ABC*	Only show objects that are prefixed by 'ABC'.
	View Unprocessed Objects Only	XYZ	Reposition to the first object that either matches or is greater than 'XYZ' and then continue the object list from that point.
		Change the list of objects displayed in the Object List.	
			cated by a tick to the left) then only the e not yet been processed are listed.
		If unchecked (nunprocessed obj	o tick) then all processed and jects are listed.
<b>Object Types</b>	Allows you to select	the types of object	et to be listed.
	Available selections are:		
	<ul><li>All Objects</li><li>Helproutines</li><li>Programs</li><li>Subprograms</li><li>Subroutines</li></ul>		
Help	Invoke the Refactor Database Access help.		

# Refactoring

### **SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION Object List** List all the objects within the currently selected application that contain database access statements. The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options available in the Object Types menu. Further refinement can be made using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List...' and 'View Unprocessed Objects Only' from the View menu. The Object List title reflects the objects being listed and will append any reposition values that may have been specified. Objects can be selected by using a double click with the left hand mouse button. Note: Any objects listed that have already been processed will have an '\*' (asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the object name. Selected List all the objects that have been selected for Refactor Database Access processing. Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process. Objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the left hand mouse button.

### BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Object List group:

Prev	Scrolls the object list to previous page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
More	Scrolls the object list forward one page.
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

>>> Select all objects in the object list (when more than one page is available,

as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).

>> Select all objects on the current page in the object list.

> Select all selected objects in the object list.

De-select all selected objects in the selected list.

De-select all objects on the current page in the selected list.

Obe-select all objects in the selected list (when more than one page is

available, as set by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI

file).

Selected group:

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Refactor Database Access screen:

**Execute** Invoke the Refactor Database Access process for the selected objects.

Cancel Cancel any object selection and return back to the Refactoring – Database

Split screen.

Note: For more information on the NATENG.INI file parameter LISTBOXMAX refer to Chapter 1 in the Natural Engineer Administration Guide for Windows manual.

#### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

Pane Any Refactor Database Access processing messages.

## **BUSINESS RULES**

# Chapter Overview

This chapter describes the Business Rules option available from the Advanced Services option on the main Natural Engineer menu.

The following topics are covered:

- 1. Business Rules Overview
- 2. <u>Business Rules Workflow</u>
- 3. Rule Type Maintenance
- 4. Candidate Creation
- 5. Candidate Maintenance
- 6. Rule Definition
- 7. Component Generation

## **Business Rules Overview**

The Business Rules screen provides a series of tasks to identify and specify business logic and their associated code snippets. The topics are invoked via the <u>Business Rules Workflow</u> screen.

As a precursor to Business Rules processing it is recommended that copycodes should be expanded for all Applications/Objects to be used within the Business Rules process. This may be performed by using the following menu navigation: Advanced Services Refactoring Preparation Expand Copycodes from the main Natural Engineer screen.

The individual topics covered are:

- 1. Rule Type Maintenance
- 2. Candidate Creation
- 3. Candidate Maintenance
- 4. Rule Definition
- 5. Component Generation

## **Business Rules Workflow**

The Business Rules Workflow screen is accessed by using the following menu navigation: Advanced Services Business Rules from the main Natural Engineer screen.

The following Figure 3-1 illustrates the Business Rules Workflow screen.

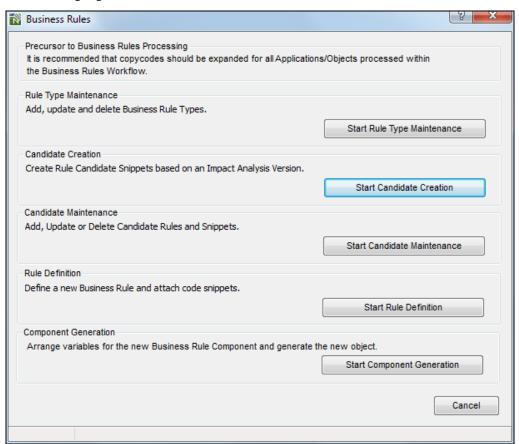


Figure 3-1 Refactoring – Business Rules screen

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION

Rule Type Maintenance	This option provides the facility to add, update or delete Business Rule Types. Rule types contain the criteria by which Candidate Rules can be found within the existing system when applied against an impact version.	
Candidate Creation	This option provide the facility to find candidates that meet that criteria for the selected impact analysis based on the criteria within the Rule Typ chosen,. These Candidates can form the building blocks of Business Rule and their associated components.	
Candidate Maintenance	This option provides the facility to add, update or delete Candidate Rules and snippets.	
Rule Definition	This option provides the facility to define a Business Rule and assign code snippets to it.	
Component Generation	This option provides the facility to generate the new object based on the rules specified.	

# BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION

Start Rule Type	Invoke the Rule Type Maintenance process.		
Maintenance	For more information refer to the section Rule Type Maintenance.		
Start Candidate	Invoke the Candidate Creation process.		
Creation	For more information refer to the section <u>Candidate Creation</u> .		
Start Candidate	Invoke the Candidate Maintenance process.		
Maintenance	For more information refer to the section <u>Candidate Maintenance</u> .		
Start Rule	Invoke the Rule Definition process.		
Definition	For more information refer to the section Rule Definition.		
Start Component	Invoke the Component Generation process.		
Generation	For more information refer to the section <u>Component Generation</u> .		
Cancel	Cancel the Business Rules Workflow process and return back to the main Natural Engineer screen.		

#### STATUS BAR ITEM DESCRIPTION

The Business Rules Workflow status bar is divided into 2 individual panes.

Pane 1 Name of the selected application.

Pane 2 Any Business Rules Workflow processing messages.

# Rule Type Maintenance

The Rule Type Maintenance option provides the facility to add, delete or update specific Rule Types. Rule types contain the criteria by which Candidate Rules can be found within the existing system when applied against an impact version. For instance, if a user wants to search for a validation business rule they may set up a Rule Type of 'V', a description of 'Validation' and specify the Natural Statements that apply to this type of action e.g., REINPUT within a conditional statement.

#### **Rule Type Maintenance Window**

The Rule Type Maintenance option is invoked by using the 'Start Rule Type Maintenance' button on the <u>Business Rules Workflow</u> screen.

The following Figure 3-2 illustrates the Rule Type Maintenance screen.

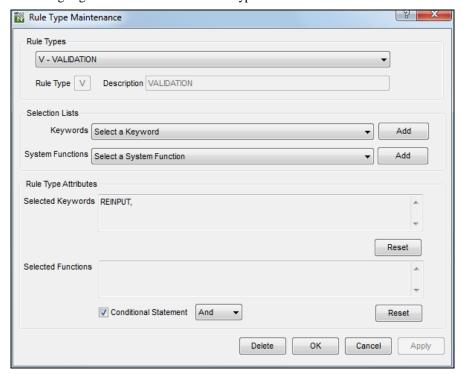


Figure 3-2 Rule Type Maintenance screen

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Rule Types group:

Rule Types Selection Existing Rule Types may be selected or a new one added. If 'Add a new Rule Type' is selected the Rule Type and Rule Type Description fields

will become available for input.

**Rule Type** The unique identifier of the Rule Type.

**Rule Type Description**  The description of the Rule Type.

Selection Lists group:

**Keywords** Selects any Natural Keywords that apply to the Rule Type.

**System Functions** Selects any Natural System Functions that apply to the Rule Type.

Rule Types Attributes group:

Selected Keywords

Lists all the selected keywords for the Rule Type.

Selected Functions

Lists all the selected functions for the Rule Type.

Conditional Statement This option determines if the Rule Type attributes are located within a conditional block within the Natural Code e.g., within an IF or DECIDE

statement.

AND

If selected the following options apply:

All the selected attributes must be located within a conditional block.

**OR** At least one selected attribute must be located within a

conditional block.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Selection Lists group:.

Add Keywords Adds the Keyword to the Rule Types Attributes selected keyword list.

Add System Functions

Adds the System Function to the Rule Types Attributes selected functions

list.

Rule Types Attributes group:

Reset Selected Keywords Removes all selected keywords for the selected Rule Type.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

**Reset Selected** Removes all selected functions for the selected Rule Type.

**Functions** 

Rule Type Maintenance screen:

**Delete** Deletes the selected Rule Type.

**OK** Save changes and close the current screen.

Cancel the Rule Type Maintenance process and return back to the

Business Rules screen.

**Apply** Save changes and retain the current screen.

Note: This button is only enabled if any changes have been made.

## **Candidate Creation**

The Candidate Creation option provides the facility to find candidates (pieces of Natural Code) that meet that criteria for the selected impact analysis based on the criteria within the Rule Type chosen. These Candidates can form the building blocks of Business Rules and their associated components and are stored as Candidate Snippets with Natural Engineer. The impact analysis would have been pre-run against an application.

#### **Candidate Creation Window**

The Candidate Creation option is invoked by using the 'Start Candidate Creation' button on the Business Rules Workflow screen.

The following Figure 3-3 illustrates the Candidate Creation screen.

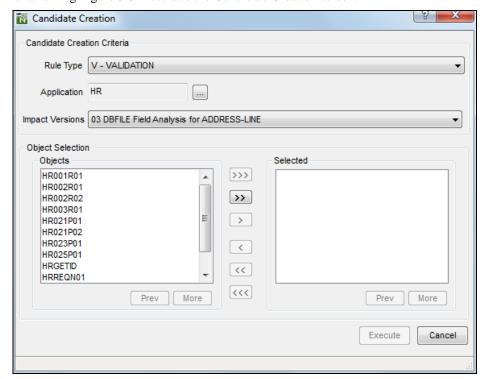


Figure 3-3 Candidate Creation screen

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Candidate Creation Criteria group:

**Rule Type** Select the Rule Type to apply to the impact results.

ApplicationThe Application name.Impact VersionsThe Impact Version.

Object Selection group:

Object List List all the objects within the currently selected application that have been

impacted.

The list of objects can be tailored to your requirements using the options 'Change Start Position of Object List...' from the Object List context

menu

Objects can be selected by using a double click with the left hand mouse

button.

Note: Any objects listed that have already been processed will have an '\*'

(asterisk) appended to the right hand side of the object name.

**Selected** List all the objects that have been selected for Candidate Creation

processing.

Note: At least one object must be selected to run the process.

Objects can be de-selected by using a double click with the **left hand** 

mouse button.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Candidate Creation Criteria group:

**Application** Invokes the General Selection screen, listing all the available

**Selection** [....] Applications.

Objects group:

**Prev** Scrolls the object list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

#### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

**BUTTON NAME** 

More

	3
	This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.
Selection / De-selection	buttons:
>>>	Select all objects in the list (when more than one page is available. The amount of entries on a page is controlled by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).
>>	Select all objects on the current page in the list.
>	Select all selected objects in the list.
<	De-select all selected objects in the selected list.
<<	De-select all objects on the current page in the selected list.
<<<	De-select all objects in the selected list (when more than one page is available. The amount of entries on a page is controlled by the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file).
Selected group:	

Scrolls the object list forward one page.

**Prev** Scrolls the selected list to previous page.

DESCRIPTION

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the selected list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Candidate Creation screen:

**Execute** Invoke the Candidate Creation process for the selected objects.

Cancel Cancel the Candidate Creation process and return back to the <u>Business</u>

Rules screen.

## Candidate Maintenance

The Candidate Maintenance option provides the option provides the facility to add, update or delete Candidate Rules and snippets. These may be rules and snippets created by the Candidate Creation process or new ones based on code samples.

#### **Candidate Maintenance Window**

The Candidate Maintenance option is invoked by using the 'Start Candidate Maintenance' button on the <u>Business Rules Workflow</u> screen.

The following Figure 3-4 illustrates the Candidate Maintenance screen.

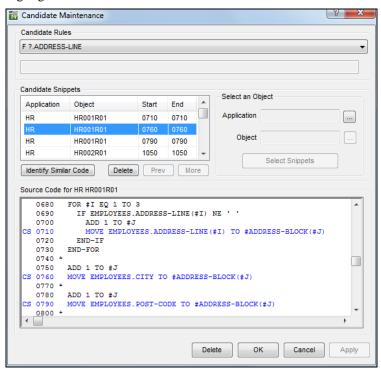


Figure 3-4 Candidate Maintenance screen

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Candidate Rules group:

**Candidate Rule Selection**  Existing Candidate Rules may be selected or a new one added. If 'Add a new Candidate Rule' is selected the Candidate Rule field will become available for input. Snippets for a particular Application and Object may

then be selected using the Select an Object process.

**Candidate Rule** The unique identifier of the Candidate Rule.

Candidate Snippets group:

**Application** The name of the Application where the snippet derived from.

**Object** The name of the Object where the snippet derived from.

Start The starting statement number of the snippet.

End The ending statement number of the snippet.

Select an Object group:

This allows additional snippets to be added to the selected Candidate Rule from any Application/Object within the repository. So a Candidate Rule could contain snippets from more than one application.

**Application** The name of the Application to select the snippet from.

**Object** The name of the Object to select the snippet from.

Candidate Maintenance screen:

**Source Code** Display the selected source code for the currently selected object. Any

source code lines that are part of a saved line range will be colored blue

and will have the following in the first 2 bytes of the line:

CS Indicates that the line is the start of a range.CE Indicates that the line is the end of a range.

 $Note: If \ a \ single \ line \ has \ been \ selected \ for \ start \ and \ end \ ranges, \ e.g.,$ 

0100-0100, then the indicator will show only CS.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Candidate Snippets group:

Code

**Identify Similar** Invokes the <u>Similar Code Identifier</u> screen to identify other pieces of code

within the Application that contain similar code structures to the selected snippet. The results may then be used to identify potential locations for

the use of the new Business Rule Component.

**Delete** Deletes the selected snippet.

**Prev** Scrolls the snippet list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the snippet list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Select an Object group:

**Application** Invokes the General Selection screen, listing all the available

**Selection** [....] Applications.

**Object Selection** Invokes the General Selection screen, listing all the available Objects for

[....] the selected Application.

**Select Snippets** Import the source code of the selected Application/Object into the Source

Code box to allow additional snippets to be added to the Candidate Rule.

Candidate Maintenace screen:

**Delete** Deletes the selected Candidate Rule.

**OK** Save changes and close the current screen.

Cancel the Candidate Maintenance process and return back to the

Business Rules screen.

**Apply** Save changes and retain the current screen.

Note: This button is only enabled if any changes have been made.

#### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

## Rule Definition

The Rule Definition option provides the facility to define a Business Rule or select an existing Business Rule. Code snippets from existing Candidate Rules may be assigned to the Business Rule or new code snippets from other objects may be imported into the rule.

The list of selected snippets determines the code that is generated in the new object. This is done on a hierarchical basis with the snippet at the top of the list getting incorporated into the generated object first.

#### **Rule Definition Window**

The Rule Definition option is invoked by using the 'Start Rule Definition' button on the Business Rules Workflow screen.

The following Figure 3-5 illustrates the Rule Definition screen.

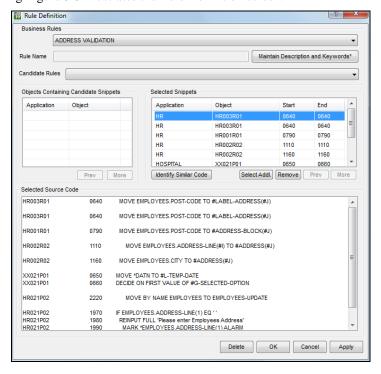


Figure 3-5 Rule Definition screen

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Business Rules group:

**Business Rule Selection**  Existing Business Rules may be selected or a new one added. If 'Add a new Business Rule' is selected the Business Rule field will become

available for input.

**Rule Name** The unique identifier of the Business Rule.

Candidate Rules This allows the selection of an existing Candidate Rule where snippets

may be imported into the Business Rule.

Snippets may be imported directly from an object by using the

Application/Object buttons in the Objects Containing Candidate Snippets

Group and selecting specific code structures.

Objects Containing Candidate Snippets group:

**Application** The name of the Application where the object containing the candidate

snippets reside.

**Object** The name of the object containing the candidate snippet.

Objects can be selected by using a double click with the **left hand mouse button**. This will invoke the <u>Select Snippets</u> screen allowing the selection

of the snippets to be imported from the particular object.

Selected Snippets group:

**Application** The name of the application where the particular snippet comes from.

**Object** The name of the object where the particular snippet comes from.

Start The starting line number of the snippet.

End The ending line number of the snippet.

NB: Snippets may be promoted or demoted in the list by using the <u>Selected Snippets Context Menu</u>.

Rule Definition screen:

Selected Source Code Display the selected source code for the currently selected object. Any source code lines that are part of a saved line range will be colored blue

and will have the following in the first 2 bytes of the line:

CS Indicates that the line is the start of a range.CE Indicates that the line is the end of a range.

Note: If a single line has been selected for start and end ranges, e.g.,

0100-0100, then the indicator will show only CS.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Business Rules group:

Maintain Description and Keywords Invokes the <u>Maintain Description and Keywords</u> screen to add and maintain the description and keywords for the Business Rule.

If a description and/or keywords have been added then an asterix '\*' will

be shown on the button.

Objects Containing Candidate Snippets group:

**Prev** Scrolls the object list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the object list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Selected Snippets group:

**Identify Similar** 

Code

Invokes the <u>Similar Code Identifier</u> screen to identify other pieces of code within the Application that contain similar code structures to the selected snippet. The results may then be used to identify potential locations for

the use of the new Business Rule Component.

**Select Addl.** Invokes the <u>Select Snippets</u> screen to choose additional snippets to be

added to the Business Rule.

**Remove** Remove the selected snippet from the Business Rule.

**Prev** Scrolls the snippet list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the snippet list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION
Rule Definition screen:	
Delete	Deletes the selected Business Rule.
OK	Save changes and close the current screen.
Cancel	Cancel the Rule Definition process and return back to the <u>Business Rules</u> screen.
Apply	Save changes and retain the current screen.
	Note: This button is only enabled if any changes have been made.

# **Selected Snippets Context Menu**

The Selected Snippets context menu is invoked by placing the cursor on any of the snippets listed in the Selected Snippets list and using the right hand mouse button with a single click.

CONTEXT MENU ITEM	DESCRIPTION
Move Snippet up one place	Promote the snippet in the hierarchical list of code to be added to the new generated object.
Move Snippet down one place	Demote the snippet in the hierarchical list of code to be added to the new generated object.

## **Maintain Description and Keywords**

The Maintain Description and Keywords screen is invoked from the <u>Rule Definition</u> screen. It provides the ability to add a description for the selected Business Rule and to add Keywords to help identify the Business Rules. These keywords are used by the Keyword Catalogue which is accessed from the Utilities menu.

The following Figure 3-6 illustrates the Maintain Description and Keywords screen.

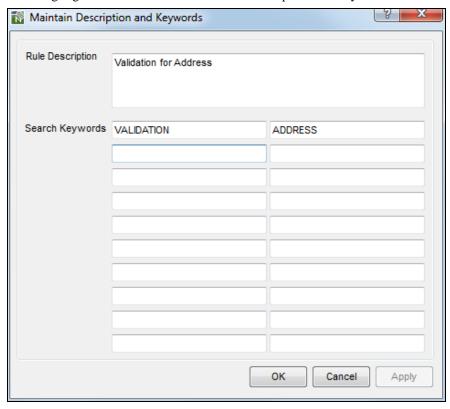


Figure 3-6 Maintain Description and Keywords screen

SCREEN ITEMS	DESCRIPTION		
Rule Description	The description of the Business Rule.		
Search Keywords	The Keywords associated with the Business Rule.		
BUTTON NAME	DESCRIPTION		
ОК	Save changes and close the current screen.		
Cancel	Cancel the Maintain Description and Keywords process and return back to the <u>Rule Definition</u> screen.		
Apply	Save changes and retain the current screen.		
	Note: This button is only enabled if any changes have been made.		

## **Select Snippets**

The Select Snippets screen is invoked from the <u>Rule Definition</u> screen. It gets invoked when an object from a candidate rule is selected or when the "Select Addl." button is selected. It provides the ability to choose additional snippets to be added to the list of snippets within the business rule or remove existing snippets.

The following Figure 3-7 illustrates the Select Snippets screen.

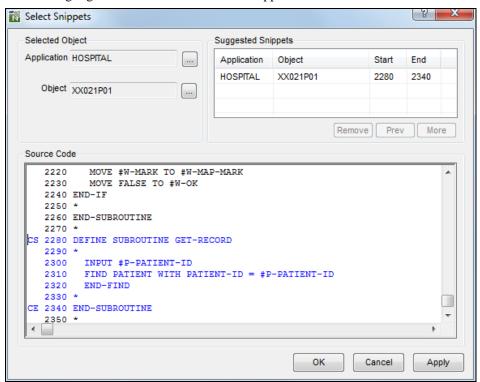


Figure 3-7 Select Snippets screen

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Selected Object group:

**Application** The name of the application to select the snippet from. **Object** The name of the object to select the snippet from.

Suggested Snippets group:

**Application** The application name related to the chosen snippet.

Object The object name related to the chosen snippet.

Start The starting line number of the chosen snippet.

End The ending line number of the chosen snippet.

Select Object screen:

**Source Code** Display the selected source code for the currently selected object. To

select a line click within the Source Code box on the line required.

Any source code lines that are part of a saved line range will be colored

blue and will have the following in the first 2 bytes of the line:

CS Indicates that the line is the start of a range.CE Indicates that the line is the end of a range.

Note: If a single line has been selected for start and end ranges, e.g.,

0100-0100, then the indicator will show only CS.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Selected Object group:

**Application** Invokes the General Selection screen, listing all the available

**Selection** [....] Applications.

This button will not be available if invoked from the Objects containing

candidate snippets list on the Rule Definition screen.

**Object Selection** Invokes the General Selection screen, listing all the available objects for

[....] the selected Application.

This button will not be available if invoked from the Objects containing

candidate snippets list on the Rule Definition screen.

Selected Snippets group:

**Remove** Removes the snippet from the chosen snippet list.

**Prev** Scrolls the snippet list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the snippet list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Select Object screen:

**OK** Save changes and close the current screen.

Cancel Cancel the Select Snippet process and return back to the Rule Definition

screen.

**Apply** Save changes and retain the current screen.

Note: This button is only enabled if any changes have been made.

# **Component Generation**

The Component Generation option provides the facility to generate a new object based on the snippets selected for a specified Business Rule.

For a particular Business Rule names need to be specified for the generated objects and a modification library defined. Field/Variable Analysis would then be performed which extracts the field and variable information from the snippets that will be required for the new object. Further classification of variables may then be undertaken to determine which fields are to be used as parameter or local data.

## **Component Generation Window**

The Component Generation option is invoked by using the 'Start Component Generation' button on the <u>Business Rules Workflow</u> screen.

The following Figure 3-8 illustrates the Component Generation screen.

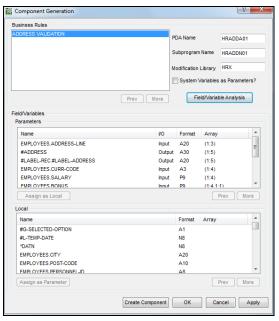


Figure 3-8 Component Generation screen

#### SCREEN ITEMS DESCRIPTION

Business Rules group:

**Business Rules** This shows a list of the Business Rules.

**PDA Name** The name of the Parameter Data Area that will be generated.

**Subprogram Name** The name of the Subprogram that will be generated.

Modification The name of the Natural Library where the generated objects will be

**Library** stored.

System Variables as

Parameters

This ensures that any System Variables that are used within the snippets will get passed as parameters to the generated objects. This would be required if the generated objects are to be called by non-natural objects.

Field Variables group:

Parameters sub-group:

Name The name of the field to be used as Parameter Data.

I/O Documentation feature that specifies if the parameter is used as an Input

parameter, Output parameter or both.

**Format** The format of the field.

**Array** Any array definitions of the field.

Local sub-group:

Name The name of the field to be used as Local Data.

**Format** The format of the field.

**Array** Any array definitions of the field.

#### **BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION**

Business Rules group:

**Prev** Scrolls the Business Rule list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the Business Rule list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

3

**BUTTON NAME DESCRIPTION** 

Field/Variable Analysis Invokes the Field/Variable Analysis process to identify suggested parameter and local fields to be used with the generated object.

If an Analysis has already been performed a confirmation box will be presented where the analysis may be re-run or the previous results

presented.

Field/Variables group:

Parameters sub-group:

**Prev** Scrolls the parameter variable list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the parameter variable list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Assign as Local Moves the selected field to be local data.

Locals sub-group:

**Prev** Scrolls the local variable list to previous page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

**More** Scrolls the local variable list forward one page.

This button will be available/unavailable depending on the value specified

in the LISTBOXMAX parameter in the NATENG.INI file.

Assign as Parameter Moves the selected field to be parameter data.

Component Generation screen:

**Create Component** This will create the generated object based on the hierarchical order of the

snippets selected.

**OK** Save changes and close the current screen.

Cancel Cancel the Component Generation process and return back to the

Business Rules Workflow screen.

**Apply** Save changes and retain the current screen.

Note: This button is only enabled if any changes have been made.

#### **Natural Engineer Advanced Services**

### **Generated Object Structure**

The generated object may utilize certain data structures and coding techniques depending on the structure of the code selected to be part of the new component.

**NAVPDA-A** and **NEEMSG-A** are data areas that are provided in source form in the SYSNEE library that contain the standard fields used to control the sequence of calls between the calling object and the newly generated component. This ensures that the new business logic is executed in the same sequence as per the original source code.

For example the navigation field #NAV-FLAG is set in the generated component to certain values depending on the type of navigation structures that are used.

The following table illustrates the possible values that can be assigned to #NAV-FLAG and the resulting outcome:

Value	Translation	Outcome
M	REINPUT	Re-display the screen and retain control in current object.
В	ESCAPE BOTTOM	Exit the screen and retain control in current object.
R	ESCAPE ROUTINE	Exit the screen and transfer control to the calling object.
T	ESCAPE TOP	Re-display the screen and retain control in current object.
$\mathbf{F}$	FETCH / STACK COMMAND	Exit the screen and transfer control to a new object.

Any object that calls the generated object could check the navigation feedback parameters to ensure the appropriate screen navigation is applied.

For example:

```
::::
0600 * -----
0610 * Navigation Feedback
0620 * -----
0630 DEFINE SUBROUTINE ##NAV-FEEDBACK
0640 DECIDE ON FIRST VALUE OF #NAV-FLAG
0650 VALUE 'B'
0660
     ESCAPE BOTTOM
0670 VALUE 'T'
0680
     ESCAPE TOP
0690 VALUE 'M'
0700
     INCLUDE NEEREC01
0710
    NONE VALUES
0720
     IGNORE
0730 END-DECIDE
0740 END-SUBROUTINE
0750 END
::::
```

.

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