

# End of Statement, Program or Application

This chapter covers the following topics:

- End of Statement
  - End of Program
  - End of Application
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## End of Statement

To explicitly mark the end of a statement, you can place a semicolon (;) between the statement and the next statement. This can be used to make the program structure clearer, but is not required.

## End of Program

The `END` statement is used to mark the end of a Natural program, subprogram, external subroutine or help routine.

Every one of these objects must contain an `END` statement as the last statement.

Every object may contain only one `END` statement.

## End of Application

### Ending the Execution of an Application by a `STOP` Statement

The `STOP` statement is used to terminate the execution of a Natural application. A `STOP` statement executed anywhere within an application immediately stops the execution of the entire application.

### Ending the Execution of an Application by a `TERMINATE` Statement

The `TERMINATE` statement stops the execution of the Natural application and also ends the Natural session.