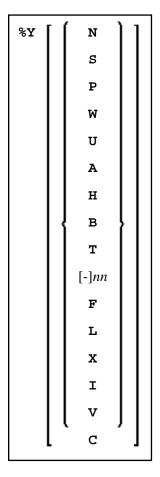
# **%Y - Control of PF-Key Lines**



Alternatively, you may specify:

 $\verb"Y=color-code" [color-code"] [color-code"]$ 

The terminal command %Y is used to control the display of the Natural PF-key lines.

#### Note:

On graphical user interfaces, this command is ignored.

Application Programming Interface: USR1005N. See SYSEXT - Natural Application Programming Interfaces in the Utilities documentation.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Display Format of Function-Key Lines
- Single- and Double-Line Display
- Positioning of Function-Key Lines

- Range of Displayed Function Keys
- Intensified or Reverse Video Display of Function-Key Lines
- Coloring of Function-Key Lines
- Cursor Sensitivity

### **Display Format of Function-Key Lines**

Command	Function
%YN	Displays the function-key lines in normal tabular Software AG format.
%YS	Displays the function-key lines in sequential format, and only showing those keys to which names have been assigned (PF1=value,PF2=value,etc.).
%YP	Displays the function-key lines in PC-like sequential format; corresponds to $\$YS$ , except that "Fn=" instead of "PFn=" is displayed before the names.
%YW	Corresponds to %YP - but applies only if the function-key lines are displayed within a window.
%YU	Cancels the effect of %YW.

#### **Single- and Double-Line Display**

Command	Function
%YA	All-line display. Displays both function-key lines.
%YH	Half display. Displays only one function-key line; for normal tabular display mode (%YN), this is the line with the function-key names; for the other two display modes (%YS and %YP), this is the upper line to be displayed.

### **Positioning of Function-Key Lines**

Command	Function
%YB	Displays the function-key lines at the bottom of the screen.
%YT	Displays the function-key lines at the top of the screen.
%Ynn	Displays the function-key lines on line <i>nn</i> on the screen.
%Y-nn	Displays the function-key lines on the <i>nn</i> th line from the bottom of the screen.  If the line number <i>nn</i> or <i>-nn</i> is not within the current screen, the function-key lines will not be displayed.

### **Range of Displayed Function Keys**

Command	Function
%YF	Displays the first range of function keys (that is, usually 1 to 12).
%YL	Displays the last range of function keys (that is, usually 13 to 24).
%YX	Is used to toggle-switch between the two displays.

# **Intensified or Reverse Video Display of Function-Key Lines**

Command	Function
%YI	Displays the function-key lines intensified.
	Enter %YI again to switch back from intensified to non-intensified display.
%YV	Displays the function-key lines in reverse video.
	Enter %YV again to switch back from reverse video display to normal display.

## **Coloring of Function-Key Lines**

Function
Displays the function-key lines in the specified colors. The <i>color-codes</i> you can specify are the same as with the session parameter CD).
You can specify up to three <i>color-codes</i> : the first <i>color-code</i> refers to the first function-key line (the one displaying the function-key numbers), the second <i>color-code</i> refers to the second function-key line (the one displaying the function-key names), and the third <i>color-code</i> refers to the background of both lines.
For example, %Y=GRPIYE would cause the characters in the first line to be displayed in green, the characters in the second line in pink, and the background of both lines in yellow.
<b>Note:</b> The third <i>color-code</i> will be ignored.

# **Cursor Sensitivity**

Command	Function
%YC	This command makes the function-key lines cursor-sensitive. This means that they react like an action bar on a PC screen: the user just moves the cursor to the desired function-key number or name displayed and presses ENTER, and Natural will react as if the corresponding function key had been pressed.  Enter %YC again to switch cursor-sensitivity off again (toggle switch).  By using %YC in conjunction with tabular Software AG display format (%YN) and having only the function-key names displayed (%YH), you may equip your applications with very comfortable action bar processing: the user merely has to select a function name with the cursor and press ENTER, and the function
	will be executed.

To activate the display of the function-key lines in a program, you use the session parameter KD=ON.

For further information, see  $Control\ of\ Function$ -Key Lines -  $Terminal\ Command\ \%Y$  (in the  $Programming\ Guide$ ).