

GLOBALS

```
GLOBALS [parameter=value ...]
```

This command is used to set Natural session parameters.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Syntax Explanation
- List of Parameters
- Interaction with SET GLOBALS and Other Statements

Syntax Explanation

GLOBALS	If the GLOBALS command is entered without parameters, a screen appears where you can modify the parameter settings.
<i>parameter</i>	<p>Parameter settings can be supplied in any order and must be separated by a blank.</p> <p>If more parameters are specified than will fit on one command line, several GLOBALS commands must be issued.</p> <p>Example:</p> <pre>GLOBALS DC=, ID=.</pre>

List of Parameters

The following table contains a list of session parameters that can be specified with the system command GLOBALS.

Parameters	Function
CC	Error Processing in Batch Mode
CF	Character for Terminal Commands
CPCVERR	Code Page Conversion Error
DC	Character for Decimal Point Notation
DFOUT	Date Format for Output
DFSTACK	Date Format for Stack
DFTITLE	Output Format of Date in Standard Report Title
DO	Display Order of Output Data

Parameters	Function
DU	Dump Generation
EJ	Page Eject
FCDP	Filler Character for Dynamically Protected Input Fields
FS	Default Format/Length Setting for User-Defined Variables
IA	Input Assign Character
ID	Input Delimiter Character
IM	Input Mode
LE	Reaction when Limit for Processing Loop Exceeded
LS	Line Size
LT	Limit for Processing Loops
MT	Maximum CPU Time
NC	Use of Natural System Commands
OPF	Overwriting of Protected Fields by Helproutines
PD	Limit of Pages for NATPAGE
PM	Print Mode
PS	Page Size for Natural Reports
REINP	Issue Internal REINPUT Statement for Invalid Data
SA	Sound Terminal Alarm
SF	Spacing Factor
SL	Source Line Length
SM	Programming in Structured Mode
THSEPCH	Thousands Separator Character
TS	Translate Output from Programs in System Libraries
WH	Wait for Record in Hold Status
ZD	Zero-Division Check
ZP	Zero Printing

Interaction with SET GLOBALS and Other Statements

Statement SET GLOBALS

The system command GLOBALS and the statement SET GLOBALS offer the same parameters for modification. They can both be used in the same Natural session. Parameter values specified with a GLOBALS command remain in effect until they are overridden by a new GLOBALS command or SET GLOBALS statement, the session is terminated, or you log on to another library.

Other Statements Influencing the Session Parameter Settings

Some parameter values may be overridden during program execution using the `LIMIT`, `EJECT`, and `FORMAT` statements and by format entries specified in `INPUT`, `DISPLAY`, `PRINT`, and `WRITE` statements.