# **AD - Attribute Definition**

With this session parameter, you specify field attributes at field/element or statement level.

Related session parameter: CD - Color Definition

Possible settings	see below	You can specify multiple attributes in any sequence.
Default setting	see below	
Applicable statements:	FORMAT DISPLAY	Parameter may be specified at statement level and/or at
	INPUT NEWPAGE WITH TITLE PRINT REINPUT WRITE WRITE TITLE WRITE TRAILER	element level.
	ASSIGN CALLNAT CALLDBPROC COMPUTE MOVE PERFORM SEND METHOD	Parameter may be specified at element level, however, only the attributes specified in the relevant statement description can be used.
Applicable command:	none	

The following topics are covered below:

- AD Parameter Syntax
- Field Representation
- Field Alignment
- Field Input/Output Characteristics
- Interpretation of Alphanumeric Fields
- Mandatory Input
- Length of Input Value
- Field Upper/Lower Case Characteristics

• Filler Character

## **AD Parameter Syntax**

AD=[field-representation] [field-alignment] [field-i/o-characteristics] [interpretation-of-alphanumeric-fields] [mandatory-input] [input-value-length] [field-upper/lower-case] [filler-character]

You can specify multiple attributes in any sequence. Possible values are:



The meaning of the attributes and the possible values are explained below.

### **Examples:**

```
DISPLAY #FIELDA (AD=R)
INPUT #FIELDB (AD=M)
INPUT (AD=IM) #FIELDA #FIELDB
```

## **Field Representation**

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
В	blinking (*)	ASSIGN	The value of the field is displayed blinking.
С	cursive/italic (*)	COMPUTE MOVE DISPLAY	The value of the field is displayed cursive/italic.
D	default intensity	FORMAT INPUT	The value of the field is displayed with normal intensity, that is, not highlighted in any way. This is the default value.
I	intensified	PRINT REINPUT	The value of the field is displayed intensified.
N	non-display	WRITE	A value entered in the field will not be displayed.
U	underlined	-	The value of the field is displayed underlined.
V	reverse video (*)		The value of the field is displayed reverse video.
Y	dynamic attributes	INPUT DISPLAY PRINT WRITE	Attributes are to be controlled via an attribute control variable (Format C).

\* The field representation attributes marked with an asterisk (\*) require corresponding hardware features, and will be ignored at runtime if these features are not available.

## **Field Alignment**

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
L	left-justified	DISPLAY FORMAT	The value of the field is displayed left-justified. This is the default value for alphanumeric fields.
R	right-justified	INPUT PRINT REINPUT	The value of the field is displayed right-justified. This is the default value for numeric fields.
Z	leading zeros	WRITE	Numeric values are displayed with leading zeros, right-justified.

## **Field Input/Output Characteristics**

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
A	input field, non-protected	INPUT FORMAT	The value of the field is to be entered in response to the INPUT statement. This is the default value.
	input only	CALLNAT CALLDBPROC PERFORM SEND METHOD	If you mark a parameter with AD=A, its value will not be passed to the called object (subprogram, stored procedure, subroutine, dialog, method), but it will receive a value from the called object.
			For a field defined with BY VALUE in the called object's parameter data area, the calling object cannot receive a value. In this case, AD=A only causes the field to be reset to the low value of the respective format (blanks for alphanumeric, binary zeroes for binary and zeroes for numeric fields) before the object is called.
			For CALLNAT, AD=A may be useful for remote subprograms executed via Natural RPC in a client/server environment to reduce the load of data sent. If a subprogram is executed locally, AD=A fields will be reset to the low value of the respective format before the object is called.
			If for SEND METHOD, a method is not implemented in Natural, the behavior depends on the method implementation. The parameter is then passed as an initialized variant. Whether the external component is able to return a value is described in the documentation of the external component. It can also be viewed in the Natural Component Browser.
Μ	output field, modifiable	INPUT FORMAT	The value of the field is to be displayed during INPUT statement execution, and a different value may be entered by the user. The field is an output field and may be modified.
	modifiable	CALLNAT CALLDBPROC PERFORM SEND METHOD	By default, the passed value of a parameter can be changed in the called object (subprogram, stored procedure, subroutine, dialog, method) and the changed value passed back to the calling object, where it overwrites the original value.
			For a field defined with BY VALUE in the called object's parameter data area, no value is passed back.
			If, for SEND METHOD, a method is <i>not</i> implemented in Natural, the behavior depends on the method implementation. The parameter is then passed BY REFERENCE. Whether the external component accepts a by reference or by value parameter is described in the documentation of the external component. It can also be viewed in the Natural Component Browser.

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
0	output field, write-protected	INPUT FORMAT	The value of the field is to be displayed during INPUT execution. The field is an output field and may not be modified.
	non-modifiable	CALLNAT CALLDBPROC PERFORM SEND METHOD	If you mark a parameter with AD=O, the passed value can be changed in the called object (subprogram, stored procedure, subroutine, dialog, method), but the changed value cannot be passed back to the calling object; that is, the field in the calling object retains its original value.
			Internally, AD=O is processed in the same way as BY VALUE (see the section Parameter Data Definition in the description of the DEFINE DATA statement).
			If for SEND METHOD, a method is implemented in Natural, the parameter is treated like it was defined BY VALUE in the method's parameter data area (see the section <i>PARAMETER Clause</i> in the description of the INTERFACE statement).
			If for SEND METHOD, a method is <i>not</i> implemented in Natural, the behavior depends on the method implementation. The parameter is then passed BY VALUE. Whether the external component accepts a by reference or by value parameter is described in the documentation of the external component. It can also be viewed in the Natural Component Browser.
P	temporarily protected	INPUT REINPUT	Used in conjunction with an attribute control variable (Format C), the DY parameter (dynamic attributes), and the REINPUT statement.

## **Interpretation of Alphanumeric Fields**

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
Q	display alphanumeric field as if it were a numeric field	ASSIGN COMPUTE MOVE DISPLAY FORMAT INPUT PRINT REINPUT WRITE	This attribute is available on mainframe computers only. A corresponding hardware feature is required. An alphanumeric field is interpreted as if it were a numeric field. If the field is displayed under the scope of profile or session parameter PM=I, the value of the field is interpreted from left to right instead of right to left.

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
E	value mandatory	INPUT FORMAT	A value must be entered in the field in response to an INPUT statement; otherwise an error message will be issued. This is only relevant for input-only fields (AD=A).
F	value optional	INPUT FORMAT	A value can, but need not, be entered in the field in response to an INPUT statement. This is the default value.

## **Mandatory Input**

## Length of Input Value

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
G	value size	INPUT FORMAT	The value entered in the field in response to an INPUT statement must be of the same length as the field. This is only relevant for input-only fields (AD=A).
н	value size	INPUT FORMAT	The value entered in the field in response to an INPUT statement may be shorter than the field. This is the default value.

## **Field Upper/Lower Case Characteristics**

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
Т	translate lower to upper case	INPUT FORMAT	The value entered is to be translated to upper case.
W	accept lower case	INPUT FORMAT	Lower case values are to be accepted. To make AD=W effective, you have to specify the value ON for the Natural profile parameter LC. This is the default value.

## **Filler Character**

Value	Meaning	Statements	Explanation
'C'	filler character	INPUT FORMAT	The empty field is to be filled with the specified character c (for display only) if AD=A (input field, non-protected) or AD=M (output field, modifiable) is specified.

Before the value is displayed for a modifiable field (AD=M), field positions that are not occupied by the value are filled with the specified filler character as follows:

- Leading or trailing positions (depending on the field alignment) are filled for format I, N and P fields.
- Trailing positions are filled for format A fields.

If the user enters a value in response to the INPUT statement, before the value has been assigned to the field,

- both leading and trailing filler characters are removed for format I, N and P fields,
- trailing filler characters are removed for format A fields.

#### **Caution:**

Filler characters that may occur as part of the value in either leading or trailing position should be avoided to prevent undesired results. For example, if the filler character "0" (zero) is defined for a field of format N5 and the value 00100 is entered as input data, leading and trailing zeroes are removed so that only the value 1 remains, and will be assigned to the field. For the same reason, the minus sign "-" should be avoided as a filler character for numeric fields if negative values are to be entered.

If the filler character is set to blank (X' 40'), filling blanks are replaced by X' 00' to allow for insertion of characters without having to clear the remainder of the input field before.

In BS2000/OSD environments, X' 00' characters are displayed as dots on 97xx type terminals. Their appearance can be changed by means of the SIDA utility or with the configuration utility of the respective terminal emulation.