

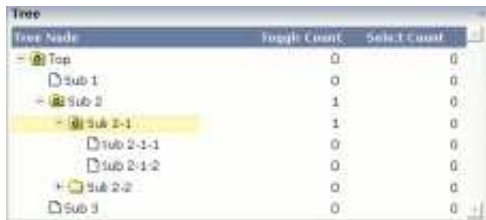
# TREENODE3 in Control Grid (ROWTABLEAREA2)

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Example
- Adapter Interface
- Built-in Events
- Properties

## Example

The following image shows an example for a tree management:



The grid contains three columns: the first column shows the tree node, the other two columns display some text information.

The XML layout definition is:

```
<rowarea name="Tree">
  <rowtablearea2 griddataprop="treeGridInfo" rowcount="8" width="500" withborder="false">
    <tr>
      <label name="Tree Node" width="200" asheadline="true">
      </label>
      <label name="Toggle Count" width="100" asheadline="true"
        labelstyle="text-align:right">
      </label>
      <label name="Select Count" width="100" asheadline="true"
        labelstyle="text-align:right">
      </label>
    </tr>
    <repeat>
      <tr>
        <treenode3 width="200" withplusminus="true"
          imageopened="images/fileopened.gif"
          imageclosed="images/fileclosed.gif"
          imageendnode="images/fileendnode.gif">
        </treenode3>
        <textout valueprop="toggleCount" width="100" align="right">
        </textout>
        <textout valueprop="selectCount" width="100" align="right">
        </textout>
      </tr>
    </repeat>
  </rowtablearea2>
</rowarea>
```

```

        </tr>
      </repeat>
    </rowtablearea2>
  </rowarea>

```

You see that the TREENODE3 control is placed inside the control grid just as a normal control. There are certain properties available which influence the rendering: in the example, the name of the tree node images is statically overwritten. The flag `withplusminus` is set to true - consequently, small "+"/"-" icons are placed in front of the node.

## Adapter Interface

In the parameter data area of the adapter, the tree data is represented by the following data structure:

```

DEFINE DATA PARAMETER
1 TREEGRIDINFO (1:*)
2 DRAGINFO (U) DYNAMIC
2 DROPINFO (U) DYNAMIC
2 LEVEL (I4)
2 OPENED (I4)
2 SELECTCOUNT (U) DYNAMIC
2 TEXT (U) DYNAMIC
2 TOGGLECOUNT (U) DYNAMIC
END-DEFINE

```

## Built-in Events

*value-of-griddataprop.reactOnSelect*  
*value-of-griddataprop.reactOnToggle*

## Properties

Basic			
width	Width of the control.  There are three possibilities to define the width:  (A) You do not define a width at all. In this case the width of the control will either be a default width or - in case of container controls - it will follow the width that is occupied by its content.  (B) Pixel sizing: just input a number value (e.g. "100").  (C) Percentage sizing: input a percentage value (e.g. "50%"). Pay attention: percentage sizing will only bring up correct results if the parent element of the control properly defines a width this control can reference. If you specify this control to have a width of 50% then the parent element (e.g. an ITR-row) may itself define a width of "100%". If the parent element does not specify a width then the rendering result may not represent what you expect.	Optional	1  2  3  int-value

comment	Comment without any effect on rendering and behaviour. The comment is shown in the layout editor's tree view.	Optional	
Appearance			
withplusminus	If set to "true" then +/- Icons will be rendered in front of the tree items.	Optional	true false
withlines	If set to "true" then the tree elements are connected with one another by gray lines.  Please pay attention: if switching this property to "true" then you have to create the instance of your server side TREECollection object with a special constructor:  Example:  <code>TREECollection m_tree = new TREECollection(true)</code>	Optional	true false
withtooltip	If set to "true" then the text of an item is also available as tool tip. Use this option in case you expect that the horizontal space of the item will not be sufficient to display the whole text of the item.	Optional	true false
withtextinput	If set to "true" then the tree node can also be edited. Editing is started when the user double clicks the node.  The text that is input is passed into the property "text" which is implemented in the default NODEInfo implementation.	Optional	true false
imageopened	Image of a tree node that has subnodes and that is currently showing its nodes. The image either is defined statically by this property or also may be defined dynamically - see the corresponding properties defined with this control.	Optional	
imageclosed	Image of a tree node that has subnodes and that is currently not showing its nodes. The image either is defined statically by this property or also may be defined dynamically - see the corresponding properties defined with this control.	Optional	
imageendnode	Image of a tree node that is an end node (leaf node). The image either is defined statically by this property or also may be defined dynamically - see the corresponding properties defined with this control.	Optional	
singleselect	If set to "true" then only one item can be selected. If set to "false" then multiple icons can be selected.	Optional	true false
directselectevent	Event that represents a tree node selection. A tree node selection is done when the user clicks/doubleclicks on the tree node text. In this case the select() method is called in the corresponding node object on server side.	Optional	ondblclick onclick

directselectelement	If set to "textonly" only user clicks on the tree node text will select the node. If set to "allspace" also user clicks outside the area occupied by the node text will select the node.	Optional	textonly allspace
selectionstylevariant	Some controls offer the possibility to define style variants. By this style variant you can address different styles inside your style sheet definition file (.css). If not defined "normal" styles are chosen, if defined (e.g. "VAR1") then other style definitions (xxxVAR1xxx) are chosen.  Purpose: you can set up style variants in the style sheet definition and use them multiple times by addressing them via the "stylevariant" property. CIS currently offerst two variants "VAR1" and "VAR2" but does not predefine any semantics behind - this is up to you!	Optional	VAR1 VAR2
textstylevariant	Some controls offer the possibility to define style variants. By this style variant you can address different styles inside your style sheet definition file (.css). If not defined "normal" styles are chosen, if defined (e.g. "VAR1") then other style definitions (xxxVAR1xxx) are chosen.  Purpose: you can set up style variants in the style sheet definition and use them multiple times by addressing them via the "stylevariant" property. CIS currently offerst two variants "VAR1" and "VAR2" but does not predefine any semantics behind - this is up to you!	Optional	VAR1 VAR2
pixelshift	Number of pixels that each hierarchy level is indented. If not defined then a standard is used.	Optional	1 2 3 int-value
pixelshiftendnode	Number of pixels that end nodes are indented. If not defined then a standard is used.	Optional	1 2 3 int-value

<p>colspan</p>	<p>Column spanning of control.</p> <p>If you use TR table rows then you may sometimes want to control the number of columns your control occupies. By default it is "1" - but you may want to define the control to span over more than one columns.</p> <p>The property only makes sense in table rows that are synchronized within one container (i.e. TR, STR table rows). It does not make sense in ITR rows, because these rows are explicitly not synched.</p>	<p>Optional</p>	<p>1 2 3 4 5 50 int-value</p>
<p>rowspan</p>	<p>Row spanning of control.</p> <p>If you use TR table rows then you may sometimes want to control the number of rows your control occupies. By default it is "1" - but you may want to define the control two span over more than one columns.</p> <p>The property only makes sense in table rows that are synchronized within one container (i.e. TR, STR table rows). It does not make sense in ITR rows, because these rows are explicitly not synched.</p>	<p>Optional</p>	<p>1 2 3 4 5 50 int-value</p>
<p>pixelheight</p>	<p>Height of the control in pixels.</p>	<p>Optional</p>	<p>1 2 3 int-value</p>
<p>tabindex</p>	<p>Index that defines the tab order of the control. Controls are selected in increasing index order and in source order to resolve duplicates.</p>	<p>Optional</p>	<p>-1 0 1 2 5 10 32767</p>
<p>Binding</p>			

imageprop	<p>Name of an adapter parameter that provides for a image for the tree node.</p> <p>Each node may provide for its own image, e.g. dependent on the type of node.</p> <p>If the adapter property passes back an empty string, then the image is taken from the static definitions that you may parallelly do by using the properties IMAGEOPENED, IMAGECLOSED and IMAGEENDNODE.</p>	Optional	
focusedprop	<p>Name of the adapter parameter that indicates if the row receives the keyboard focus.</p> <p>If more than one lines are returning "true", the first of them is receiving the focus.</p>	Optional	
flush	<p>Flush behaviour when using the possibility of having editable tree nodes. If double clicking on the tree node then you can edit its content. The FLUSH property defines how the browser behaves when leaving the tree node's input field:</p> <p>If not defined ("") then nothing happens - the changed tree node text is communicated to the server side adapter object with the next roundtrip.</p> <p>If defined as "server" then immediately when leaving the field a roundtrip to the server is initiated - in case you want your adapter logic to directly react on the item change.</p> <p>If defined as "screen" then the changed tree node text is populated inside the page inside the front end.</p>	Optional	screen server
flushmethod	<p>When the data synchronization of the control is set to FLUSH="server" then you can specify an explicit event to be sent when the user updates the content of the control. By doing so you can distinguish on the server side from which control the flush of data was triggered.</p>	Optional	
tooltipprop	<p>Name of the adapter parameter that provides for a text that is shown if the user moves the mouse over the tree item (tooltip).</p>	Optional	
validdraginfosprop	<p>Name of an adapter parameter that contains a comma separated list of valid drag informations.</p>	Optional	
Drag and Drop			
enabledrag	<p>If set to true then drag and drop is enabled within the tree.</p>	Optional	true false