# Replicate File Task Screens

This chaptercovers the following topics:

- Replicate File Task Selection Menu
- Add Replicate File Definition
- Modify Replicate File Definition
- Display Replicate File Definition
- Delete Replicate File Definition
- Display Error Log for Replicate File
- Reset Replicate File Error State
- Reset Replicate File In-Use State

## **Replicate File Task Selection Menu**

By either entering the MR direct command or selecting the MR option on the ETP Maintenance Utility Main Menu, the Replicate File Definition Maintenance screen appears.

#### The Replicate File Task Selection Menu

```
23:59:59
                  **** ENTIRE TRANSACTION PROPAGATOR *****
                                                                    2000-12-24
                     Replicate File Definition Maintenance
                          replicate file definition
              AD Add
              MO Modify replicate file definition
              DI Display replicate file definition
              DE Delete replicate file definition
              DIE Display error log for replicate files
              RE Reset error state of replicate file
              RI Reset in-use state for replicate file
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12--
     Help Menu Exit Last
                                   Flip
```

The replicate file tasks you select from this menu cause the screens described in the following section to appear.

## **Add Replicate File Definition**

By either entering the Add Replicate direct command or selecting the AD option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Add Replicate File Definition screen appears.

### The Add Replicate File Definition Screen

```
23:59:59
                 **** ENTIRE TRANSACTION PROPAGATOR *****
                                                                 2000-12-24
                      Add replicate file definition
                              FNR
                                      Verify FDT
                                                   Password
Replicate file ... _
                                       Y (Y/N)
Master
          file ..* _
Confirmation file ...
                                       Y (Y/N)
Replication criterion (ISN/Key)..... I (I/K)
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Exit Last Save Flip
                                                  Tech
                                                                   Canc
```

To define an ETP replicate file, enter the information in the fields, as described below.

### **Screen Field Description**

Replicate File DBID/FNR	Enter the database ID and file number of the Adabas file that becomes a replicate file. Specify Y (yes) under "Verify FDT" to verify the file's Field Definition Table (FDT); otherwise, enter (or allow a default of) N (no). You must enter a database ID and file number; there are no defaults for these values. To protect the replicate file from any accidental or unauthorized update by an application, you can define a password for the replicate file for ETP to use when applying transactions to the replicate file. The password is defined using Adabas Security.
Master file DBID/FNR	Enter the database ID and file number of the master file for the replicate file you specified above. If you enter a wild card for the database ID and/or file number, a list of the master files already defined is displayed. You can then select a master file from the displayed list. To ensure data consistency, the log file must be empty; otherwise, adding a replicate file is not allowed.
Confirmation File FNR	Enter the database ID and file number of the Adabas file that becomes a confirmation file for the replicate file specified above. The confirmation file must be on the same database as the replicate file; a single confirmation file can be used for multiple replicate files. You must enter a confirmation file number; there is no default, even if a confirmation file already exists on the replicate file's database.  Specify Y (yes, the default) under "Verify FDT" to verify the confirmation file's Field Definition Table (FDT); otherwise, enter N (no).
Replication criterion (ISN/Key)	<ul> <li>Enter I (the default) in this field if the duplicate ISNs are to be used to identify corresponding records in the master and partially replicated file.</li> <li>Enter K if a unique Adabas descriptor field has been defined as the distribution key for the master file.</li> <li>Using duplicate ISNs (option I) is more efficient, but requires a complete Associator (ASSO) for the duplicate file, irrespective of the number of replicated records in the file being modified. Option K allows use of an ASSO subset, but causes additional calls to the replicated file's database.</li> </ul>

After pressing Enter, the screen displays "More: +" in the top right corner. When a distribution key has been defined for the master file and you wish to change or add a distribution key value, enter either FORWARD or + on the command line to display the screen for defining the distribution key values.

## **Defining Distribution Key Values**

When you define a replicate file containing only a subset of master file records, you can also define a value or value range for the distribution key. The distribution key is the control field in each file record that ETP uses to determine which records are contained in each replicate file.

### **Replicate File Key Definition Screen**

23:59:59	****		 ON PROPAGATOR le Definition	* * * *	2000-12-24 More: -
Distribution key	format	A30			
Start value			End Value		

When you enter either FORWARD or + in the first Add Replicate File Definition screen, the screen shown above appears. Here you can enter up to 14 values and/or ranges of values contained in the record field with the format shown in the Distribution Key Format field.

If you make an entry in only one of the start or end value columns, the entry is copied automatically to the other column. Multiple values/value ranges are ORed to create a complete "accept" criterion for the replicate file defined in the first screen.

When the total key length for a format is greater than 32 bytes for a format A field or 16 bytes for a format B field, another column of fields is displayed. You can use these fields to request extra space to enter a key value in full-length, wraparound fashion. If a value longer than 32 or 16 characters respectively is entered, the information entered previously is protected when the window is closed. You can change the value only by reselecting extended editing for the corresponding value.

A distribution key for a format A field is not converted to upper case.

To return to the first screen, use the BACKWARD (PF7 or -) dialogue function.

## **Modify Replicate File Definition**

By either entering the Modify Replicate direct command or selecting the Mo option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Modify Replicate File Definition screen appears.

The Modify Replicate File Definition Screen

```
23:59:59
                **** ENTIRE TRANSACTION PROPAGATOR ****
                                                               2000-12-24
                      Modify replicate file definition
                      DBID
                               FNR
                                    Verify FDT
                                                  Password
Replicate
          file ..* ____211
                                      Y (Y/N)
Master
          file ... _____7
                                33
Confirmation file ...
                                99
                                       Y (Y/N)
Replication criterion (ISN/Key)..... I (I/K)
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Exit Last Save Flip
                                                 Tech
```

To change an ETP replicate file's definition, enter the information in the fields, as described below.

### **Screen Field Description**

	Ţ
Replicate File DBID/FNR	Enter the database ID and file number of an existing replicate. If you enter a wild card in either the database ID or file number field, a window appears from which you can select a single replicate file definition for modification.
	When the Modify Replicate File Definition screen is first displayed, you must either enter (or have already selected) a valid replicate file; otherwise, you cannot make entries in the rest of the fields. Once you have selected a replicate file and press Enter, you cannot change the file unless you either exit the screen and then re-enter it again, or perform the SAVE dialogue function.
	Specify Y (yes, the default) under Verify FDT to verify the replicate file's Field Definition Table (FDT); otherwise, enter N (no).
	To protect the replicate file from any accidental or unauthorized update by an application, you can define a password for the replicate file for ETP to use when applying transactions to the replicate file. The password is defined using Adabas Security.
Master file DBID/FNR	This field displays the current master file when a valid replicate file is first entered. To change the master file for this replicate file, specify a database ID and file number of the new master file. If you enter a wild card for the database ID and/or file number, a list of the master files already defined is displayed. You can then select a master file from the displayed list.
Confirmation File FNR	This field displays the current confirmation file when a replicate file is first entered. To change the confirmation file, enter the file number of an Adabas file that becomes the new confirmation file for the replicate file specified above. The confirmation file must be on the same database as the replicate file; a single confirmation file can be used for multiple replicate files.
Replication criterion (ISN/Key)	• Enter I (the default) in this field if the duplicate ISNs are to be used to identify corresponding records in the master and partially replicated file.
	• Enter K if a unique Adabas descriptor field has been defined as the distribution key for the master file.
	Using duplicate ISNs (option I) is more efficient, but requires a complete Associator (ASSO) for the duplicate file, irrespective of the number of replicated records in the file being modified. Option K allows use of an ASSO subset, but causes additional calls to the replicated file's database.

When a distribution key has been defined for the replicate file and you wish to change or add a distribution key value, enter either FORWARD or + on the command line to display the screen for defining the distribution key values. See *Defining Distribution Key Values* for more information.

# **Display Replicate File Definition**

By either entering the <u>DIsplay Replicate</u> direct command or selecting the DI option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Display Replicate File Definition screen appears. The displayed output resembles the Modify Replicate File.

### The Display Replicate File Definition Screen

### **Screen Field Description**

Replicate File DBID/FNR	Enter the database ID and file number of an existing replicate file. If you enter a wild card in either the database ID or file number field, a window appears from which you can select one or more replicate file definitions to display.
Printer name	To print out the replicate file definitions, enter a valid printer ID here. Leave this field empty to display the replicate file definitions on your terminal.

# **Delete Replicate File Definition**

By either entering the <u>DElete REplicate</u> direct command or selecting the <u>DE</u> option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Delete Replicate File Definition screen appears.

## The Delete Replicate File Definition Screen

To delete a replicate file's definition, enter the information in the fields as described below. To make changes to a replicate file's definition, enter the MOdify Replicate direct command on the command line at the bottom of the current screen.

### **Screen Field Description**

Delete Replicate	Enter the database ID and file number of an existing replicate file. If you enter a
File	wild card in either the database ID or file number field, a window appears from
DBID/FNR	which you can select one or more replicate file definitions to delete.

If you have enabled the confirmation window using the "Modify User Profile" function, the confirmation window appears, asking you to confirm the deletion. If the log file of the related master file is not empty, deletion is not allowed.

## **Display Error Log for Replicate File**

ETP keeps information about failed replication operations in an error log for the replicate files. You can display part or all of the logged error information with this function.

By either entering the <u>DI</u>splay <u>Error</u> direct command or selecting the DIE option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Display Error Log for Replicate File screen appears.

### The Display Error Log for Replicate File Screen

```
23:59:59

***** ENTIRE TRANSACTION PROPAGATOR ***** 2000-12-24
Display error log for replicate file

DBID FNR

Replicate file ......* ________

Mark to display data of failing ADABAS transaction
Control block (CB) .. _
Format buffer (FB) .. _
Record buffer (RB) .. _

Printer name ...... (' ' = terminal

Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Help Menu Exit Last Flip Tech Canc
```

### **Screen Field Description**

Replicate file	Enter the database ID and file number of the replicate file for which you
DBID/FNR	want errors displayed. If you enter a wild card in either the database ID or
	file number field, a window appears from which you can select a single
	replicate file definition for displaying the error log.

To display more Adabas data from the failed operation, mark the appropriate field on the screen as described here below. Note that not all data are always available:

Control Block	Mark this field with any non-blank character to display the Adabas Control Block for the failed operation.
Format Buffer	Mark this field with any non-blank character to display the Adabas Format Buffer for the failed operation.
Record Buffer	Mark this field with any non-blank character to display the Adabas Record Buffer for the failed operation.
Printer name	To print out any error information selected above, enter a valid printer ID here. Leave this field empty to display the added error log information on the terminal.

## **Reset Replicate File Error State**

By either entering the <u>RESet</u> <u>Error</u> direct command or selecting the RE option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Reset Error State for Replicate File screen appears.

### The Reset Replicate File Error State Screen

To reset a replicate file's error state, enter the information in the fields as described below. To make changes to a replicate file's definition, enter the Modify Replicate direct command on the command line at the bottom of the current screen.

### **Screen Field Description**

Replicate File DBID/FNR	Enter the database ID and file number of an existing replicate file. If you enter a wild card in either the database ID or file number field, a window
	appears from which you can select one or more replicate file definitions to reset the error state.

If you have enabled the confirmation window using the "Modify User Profile" function, the confirmation window appears, asking you to confirm the reset operation.

## **Reset Replicate File In-Use State**

By either entering the RESet In-use direct command or selecting the RI option on the Replicate File Definition Maintenance menu, the Reset Replicate File In-Use State screen appears.

### The Reset Replicate File In-Use State Screen

To reset a replicate file's in-use state, enter the information in the fields as described below. To make changes to a replicate file's definition, enter the Modify Replicate direct command MO on the command line at the bottom of the current screen.

## **Screen Field Description**

Replicate	Enter the database ID and file number of an existing replicate file. If you enter a wild
File	card in either the database ID or file number field, a window appears from which you
DBID/FNR	can select one or more replicate file definitions to reset their in-use flags.

If you have enabled the confirmation window using the "Modify User Profile" function, the confirmation window appears, asking you to confirm the reset operation.