# **Breakpoint Maintenance**

A breakpoint causes the execution of a Natural object to be interrupted at a specific statement line. This section describes how and when to set breakpoints. Note that the maintenance functions described here may also be invoked from an object source by using the **List object source** function.

### To invoke Breakpoint Maintenance

• In the **Debug Main Menu**, enter function code B.

Or:

Enter the following direct command:

ВМ

The **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu appears.

This section describes conditions for using breakpoint maintenance, the functions provided in the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu and the fields and columns contained in a breakpoint screen.

- Conditions of Use
- Set Test Mode ON/OFF
- Activate Breakpoint
- Deactivate Breakpoint
- Delete Breakpoint
- Display Breakpoint
- Modify Breakpoint
- Set Breakpoint
- Fields and Columns on Breakpoint Screens

### **Conditions of Use**

A breakpoint is set by specifying the name of the Natural object to be processed and the line number in the object's source code where the breakpoint is to be executed.

Once a breakpoint has been specified, it remains set for the entire Natural session, unless you delete it.

A breakpoint refers to a specific line number in source code. A subsequent change of the source code itself may therefore lead to the breakpoint no longer applying to the desired statement, and thus the Natural object not being interrupted at the desired position. To circumvent this problem with program loops, labels can be set within these loops. Breakpoints set for these labels are adjusted to the correct line number if statement lines are inserted or deleted.

The unique identifier for a breakpoint is the spy number as assigned by the debugger.

Breakpoints cannot be set on comment lines, on any statement line other than the first one (if a single statement occupies more than one program line), and on lines that contain one of the following statements only:

- AT BREAK OF
- AT END OF DATA
- AT END OF PAGE
- AT START OF DATA
- AT TOP OF PAGE
- BEFORE BREAK

lacktriangle

DECIDE

See also the usage restrictions described in *Operational Requirements*.

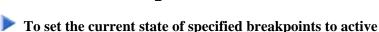
- DEFINE SUBROUTINE
- DEFINE WINDOW
- FORMAT
- IF NO RECORDS FOUND
- ON ERROR
- OPTIONS

Whether it is possible or not to set breakpoints for lines compiled with the Natural Optimizer Compiler depends on the NODBG option of the OPTIONS statement described in *Switching on the Optimizer Compiler* in the *Natural Optimizer Compiler* documentation.

### **Set Test Mode ON/OFF**

See the section Switch Test Mode On and Off.

### **Activate Breakpoint**



• In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code A, an object name and/or a line number.

Or:

Use the direct command ACTIVATE, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary and Syntax*.

If you do not specify an object name or a line number, *all* breakpoints are activated.

## **Deactivate Breakpoint**

- To set the current state of specified breakpoints to inactive
- In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code B, an object name and/or a line number.

Or:

Use the direct command DEACTIVATE, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary and Syntax*.

If you do not specify an object name or a line number, all breakpoints are deactivated.

## **Delete Breakpoint**

- To delete specified breakpoints
  - In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code C, an object name and/or a line number.

Or:

Use the direct command DELETE, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary and Syntax*.

If you do not specify an object name or a line number, *all* breakpoints are deleted.

## **Display Breakpoint**

- To display a breakpoint
  - In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code D, an object name and a line number.

If you do not enter an object name, the default object (if specified) is used.

Or

Use the direct command DISPLAY, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary and Syntax*.

If a breakpoint has been set for the specified object and line number, a **Display Breakpoint** screen with all breakpoint definitions appears similar to the example below:

```
11:16:12
                   ***** NATURAL TEST UTILITIES *****
                                                              2006-02-07
                         - Display Breakpoint -
Test Mode ON
                                                         Object
Spy number ..... 1
Initial state ..... active
                                    Current state .. active
Breakpoint name ..... BRK0130
                                    DBID/FNR ..... 10/32
Object name ..... DEBPGM1
                                    Library ..... SAG
Line number ..... 0130
Label .....
Skips before execution ..
                           0
Max number executions ...
Number of activations ...
Error in definition .... - none -
Commands ... BREAK
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                Exit Last Mod
                                Flip
                                                                Canc
```

If no unique breakpoint is found, the **List Breakpoints** screen described below appears.

The fields on the **Display Breakpoint** screen are described in *Fields and Columns on Breakpoint Screens*.

### To list breakpoints

• In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code D, an object name or a line number. You can use asterisk (\*) notation to specify a range of object names, for example, ABC\*. If you enter an asterisk (\*) only, all object names are selected. If you do not enter an object name, the default object (if specified) is used.

#### Or:

Use the direct command DISPLAY, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary and Syntax*.

A **List Breakpoints** screen similar to the example below appears which lists all breakpoints set for the specified object(s) or line number:

11:41:56 Test Mode ON	****	NATURAL T					O)	200 pject	06-01-30
Test flede on		LIDE D	Leanpo	11100			0.	0,000	All
Co No. BP Name	Library *			DBID	FNR	Stat I C	_	Execs	Count E
1 BRK0130	SAG	DEBPGM1	-	10	32	A A	0	0	0
2 BRKPGM3-END	SAG	DEBPGM3	END	10		A A		0	0
3 BRKPGM3-300	SAG	DEBPGM3	0300	10		A A		0	0
3 BRKPGM3-300 4 BRKPGM2-400 5 BRKPGM2-430 6 BRKPGM1-END	SAG	DEBPGM2	0400	10		A A		0	0
5 BRKPGM2-430	SAG	DEBPGM2	0430	10	32	A A	0	0	0
6 BRKPGM1-END	SAG	DEBPGM1	END	10		A A		0	0
7 BRKPGM1-ALL	SAG	DEBPGM1	ALL	10	32	A A	0	0	0
Command ===>									
Enter-PF1PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12									
	xit Last			+					Canc

The list is sorted in ascending order by the spy numbers contained in the No. column.

For details on the columns contained in the **List Breakpoints** screen and the line commands that can be executed on any list item, refer to *Fields and Columns on Breakpoint Screens*.

## **Modify Breakpoint**

### To modify a breakpoint

1. In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code M, an object name and a line number. If you do not enter an object name, the default object (if specified) is used.

#### Or:

Use the direct command MODIFY, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary and Syntax*.

If a unique breakpoint has been specified, the **Modify Breakpoint** screen appears where you can change the field entries. The fields on the **Modify Breakpoint** screen are described in *Fields and Columns on Breakpoint Screens*.

If no unique breakpoint is found, the **List Breakpoints** screen (see *Display Breakpoint*) appears.

2. When you have finished editing the breakpoint definitions, choose PF3 (Exit) or PF5 (Save) to save any modification. See also *Maintenance and Validation* for information on validity checks of debug entries. If you choose PF12 (Canc), the breakpoint remains unchanged.

## **Set Breakpoint**

### To add a breakpoint for a session

• In the **Breakpoint Maintenance** menu, enter function code S, an object name and/or a line number.

#### Or:

Use the direct command SET, the syntax of which is described in the section *Command Summary* and *Syntax*.

If you specify not an object name but a valid line number, the name of the default object (see the section *Start the Debugger*) is assumed. If no default object is specified, a selection window appears that displays all objects available in the current library.

If object name and line number are specified correctly, the breakpoint is usually set and confirmed immediately.

However, a breakpoint set for copycode can only be validated when a program that contains the copycode is executed. See also *Maintenance and Validation* for information on validity checks of debug entries.

The breakpoint receives the default command (BREAK), its initial and current state are set to active and no execution restrictions are specified. Note that if you delete the command BREAK when setting a breakpoint and you do not enter any command that issues a dialog, there is no way for the debugger to receive control during program interruption.

### Fields and Columns on Breakpoint Screens

The fields contained in a **Display Breakpoint** or a **Modify Breakpoint** screen and the columns of a **List Breakpoints** screen are described in the following table:

Field	Column	Explanation	
Test Mode		Indicates whether test mode is set to ON or OFF.	
Object		Displays the name of the default object (see <i>Start the Debugger</i> ) if specified.	
	Со	Input field for any of the following line commands:	
		AC Activate breakpoint	
		DA Deactivate breakpoint  DI Display breakpoint	
		MO Modify breakpoint	
		DE Delete breakpoint	
		? List valid line commands	
		. Exit breakpoint screen	

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Field	Column	Explanation	
Spy number	No.	A unique number assigned by the debugger when setting the breakpoint.	
Initial state	Stat I	Specifies the initial state and the current state of the breakpoint: active (A) or inactive (I).	
Current state	Stat C		
Breakpoint name	<b>BP Name</b>	The name of the breakpoint.	
		Valid values: 1 to 12 characters.	
		The default name for a breakpoint consists of the object name and the line number.	
DBID/FNR	DBID FNR	The database ID (DBID) and file number (FNR) of the system file where the Natural object is stored.	
Library	Library	The name of the library that contains the object.	
Object name	Object	The name of the object available in the current library or one of its steplibs.	
Line number	Line	The line number of a statement in the object source code. See also <i>Conditions of Use</i> above.	
		You can also specify BEG, END or ALL as line numbers:	
		BEG Specifies the breakpoint that is to interrupt program execution at the first statement executed in an object.	
		BEG breakpoints cannot be specified for copycode.	
		END Specifies the breakpoint that is to interrupt program execution at the last statement executed in an object, for example, an END or a FETCH statement.	
		END breakpoints cannot be specified for copycode.	
		ALL Specifies that a breakpoint is to interrupt program execution at each program line that contains an executable statement.	
Label		Refers to a label set earlier in the source code of an object for statements that define processing loops: see also <i>Conditions of Use</i> above.	
		Valid values: 1 to 32 characters.	
Skips before execution	Skips	Determines that the breakpoint is not to be executed until the corresponding statement line has been executed a certain number of times.	
		Valid values: 0 (default) to 32767.	

Field	Column	Explanation	
Max number executions	Execs	Any value greater than zero (0) determines the maximum number of breakpoint executions.	
		Valid values: 0 (default) to 32767.	
Number of activations	Count	Indicates how many times a breakpoint was activated for the relevant statement line.	
		The counter is reset when a program is started at Level 1.	
Error in definition	E	Indicates that the statement line in the breakpoint definition cannot be found in the cataloged object during program execution.	
		This error can be caused if the source of an object is changed and recataloged during debugging.	
Commands		Up to six debug commands. Enter one command per line. For a summary of all available commands, see <i>Command Summary and Syntax</i> .	
		Caution:  If you delete the command BREAK when modifying a breakpoint and you do not enter any command that issues a dialog, there is no way for the debugger to receive control during program interruption.	