

Con-nect

Con-nect Administration

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Con-nect Administration

Con-nect meets the needs of a wide scope of users; ranging from those who use it to perform daily office tasks, to those who want to create their own customized environment.

As a Con-nect administrator, it is your responsibility to determine the needs of your environment and to customize it accordingly. This manual is designed to assist you in this process.

This documentation is subdivided into the following parts:

Part 1. Con-nect Administration	Contains information about the basic Con-nect administration system (e.g. System Administration, Cabinet Administration, Locking and Unlocking Con-nect Cabinets).
Part 2. External Con-nect Nodes	Contains special administrative functions which apply to Con-nect systems as external nodes.
Part 3. Maintaining the Con-nect Spool File Method	Contains special administrative function which applies to maintaining the spool file method.
Part 4. Printers as External Mail Nodes	Contains special administrative functions which apply to printers external mail nodes.
Part 5. The Transport Service	Describes how to administer the transport service.
Part 6. Teleservices Nodes	Describes how to administer Con-nect Teleservices.
Part 7. Con-nect SNADS	Describes how to administer Con-nect SNADS.
Part 8. Directory Synchronization	Contains information pertaining to the directory synchronization. It also includes a section for solving problems that may occur while using directory synchronization.
Part 9. Central Directory	Contains information about the administration of the central directory.

I

Part 1. Con-nect Administration

This part contains information about the basic Con-nect administration system. It is subdivided into the following sections:

General Information About Con-nect Administration

Con-nect System Maintenance

Con-nect Cabinet Maintenance

Con-nect Mass Cabinet Maintenance and Remote Access

Con-nect Broadcast Message

Con-nect Reports

Con-nect Unlock Cabinets / Cabinets Logons

Con-nect Bulletin Board

Con-nect Text Retrieval Administration

Invoking, Debugging, Exiting Con-nect and Other Useful Tips

Con-nect Cabinet Transfer

Con-nect Help System

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Defining Con-nect Within Your System

Con-nect has been installed in your system environment and you are the person who has been identified as the system administrator, i.e. the person responsible for defining how Con-nect operates within your system.

The following release libraries are available in your Natural environment:

SYSCNT2	Standard Con-nect programs and Administration
SYSCNT2H	Help texts
SYSCNT2B	Utility programs

The purpose of Con-nect Administration is to define and maintain Con-nect within your environment.

Perform the following steps to define Con-nect within your environment.

1. First, enter the command:

ADMIN DBA DBA

ADMIN refers to the application Administration. DBA is a demonstration-user (cabinet) who can access any function within this application, and who has the password DBA. The purpose of the demonstration-user DBA is to enable you (the system administrator) to perform all functions necessary to define yourself as system administrator under your own user ID.

The "Administration - Main Menu" is displayed.

- 2. Next, mark "System Maintenance" with any character and then mark "System Cabinet Defaults". See *System Cabinet Defaults*. At this point, you are still the demonstration-user DBA.
- 3. After you have changed the system cabinet defaults, return to the "Administration Main Menu" and mark "Cabinet Maintenance" with any character. Add a cabinet (private, for one user) for yourself and give yourself permission to perform both system and cabinet maintenance (this means that you are a supervisor). See *Add a Cabinet*.

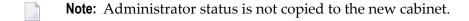
You should define at least two system administrators so that if the cabinet of one becomes locked, the other can unlock it. See *Con-nect Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons*.

After you have defined administrators and supervisors, you should either modify the password of the demonstration-user DBA or delete the cabinet DBA altogether, to prevent unauthorized access to System Maintenance.

4. Now you can proceed by adding other users (cabinets) to Con-nect. A recommended method is to add a pattern cabinet with a certain profile and then copy this cabinet each time a cabinet

with a similar profile is required. You can also use the Mass Cabinet Maintenance function to add several cabinets at once.

- If you add a new cabinet, the system cabinet defaults as specified in System Maintenance are taken as the basis.
- If you copy a cabinet, the defaults of that cabinet (except for the private address) as you tailored them are taken as the basis for the new cabinet.



Con-nect Forms

Forms that are stored in a steplib are copied using the Natural utility SYSMAIN. So that Con-nect users can store and copy forms, you must enable the SYSMAIN utility as follows:

- If the SYSMAIN utility is People-protected, you must link the Con-nect users to the SYSMAIN utility, specifying a Special Link. The program MENU and the NEXT mode should be protected for SYSMAIN.
- The MAINUSER subroutine must reside in a SYSCNT2 steplib that begins with SYS or in SYSCNT2 itself.
- The Utilities flag in the SYSCNT2 library profile must be set to either P (under protection rules) or N (no protection rules).



- 1. If you modify the library of a user or entry form, the form module is cataloged in the current library and then moved to the target library. If the source library is different from the current library, the form module is then deleted from the source Library.
- 2. If Predict is not installed, you must set the Natural XREF parameter to N.

For additional information, see the Natural Security documentation.

Overview of Con-nect Administration

Administration is an application separate from the Con-nect application. It shares some API sub-programs and data areas with Con-nect. It is menu- and PF-key-driven; unlike Con-nect itself, Administration does not contain a command line.

The activities performed within Administration are all listed on the "Administration - Main Menu" as shown below:

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 11:58
                                                                      3.02.94
 Cabinet LS
                          Administration - Main Menu
                                                                       A37000
 Select a Function:
                        _ Cabinet Maintenance
                        Mass Cabinet Maintenance
                        _ System Maintenance
                         Broadcast Message
                        _ Reports
                        Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons
                        _ Directory Synchronization
                         _ Exit Administration
                        1 Language Code
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Exit Quit Cab Mass Sys Broad Rep Logon DirSy
Mark one item from the list above
```

There are three types of administrators:

- the system administrator, who can handle the System Maintenance, Broadcast Message, Reports, and Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons functions mentioned above. The system administrator is the only user who has access to the Cabinet SYSCNT. You should define more than one system administrator, so that if the cabinet of one becomes locked, the other can unlock it.
 - **Note:** The system administrator can corrupt Con-nect by changing system command and object names without maintaining uniqueness.
- the cabinet administrator, who can handle the Cabinet Maintenance, Reports, and Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons functions. Cabinet administrators do not have access to the cabinet SY-SCNT. You can define more than one cabinet administrator if you want.
- the supervisor, who is both a system and cabinet administrator.
- **Note:** Supervisors, system administrators and cabinet administrators can be defined only with the Cabinet Maintenance function. See *Cabinet Maintenance*.

The information below contains the following topics:

- Cabinet Maintenance
- Mass Cabinet Maintenance
- System Maintenance

- Broadcast Message
- Reports
- Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons
- Directory Synchronization

Cabinet Maintenance

Use Cabinet Maintenance to perform the following:

- add cabinet;
- modify cabinet;
- copy cabinet;
- move cabinet;
- delete cabinet:
- rename cabinet;
- display cabinet(s);
- display pending(for move, delete, or rename) cabinet(s).

A user's environment in Con-nect is called a cabinet, which is identified by a unique name which must not exceed 8 characters. A cabinet can be assigned to a specific user, a group of users, or can be a public cabinet which can be accessed by anyone. Generally, if a cabinet is a private cabinet, the cabinet ID is the same as the ID of the user who can access it.

Additionally, there is the SYSCNT cabinet which contains objects which can be used (but not modified) by all users, e.g. bulletin boards, addresses, procedures, etc. This cabinet can be accessed for update only by the system administrator(s).

Mass Cabinet Maintenance

Use Mass Cabinet Maintenance to add several cabinets at one time, using a source cabinet as a pattern for the new cabinets. All you have to do then is enter the names of the users who are to be assigned to each new cabinet.

If you participate in a network of multi-node Con-nects, you can also use Mass Cabinet Maintenance to authorize your local cabinets remote cabinet access to obtain an image of a single Con-nect system.

System Maintenance

Use System Maintenance to define and maintain the following:

- system cabinet defaults (i.e. profile and address taken as the basis for all cabinets);
- noisewords for notepad;
- import/export destinations;
- external mail nodes;
- document translation routines;
- logical printers;
- commands and objects.

Broadcast Message

Use Broadcast Message to specify what screens or messages appear when a user logs on to Connect. The options are:

- the Con-nect welcome banner;
- a message specified by you;
- the main menu of Con-nect.

Reports

Use Reports to obtain the following information regarding cabinet status:

- cabinet logons;
- cabinet statistics;
- cabinet membership.

Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons

Use Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logon to do the following:

- unlock cabinets;
- review cabinet status;
- list the number of attempts by a user to logon to another cabinet;
- list the number of attempts to logon to a specific cabinet;
- specify the number of logon attempts before a user's cabinet is locked; and
- reset the counter for cabinet logon attempts.



Note: To avoid unauthorized attempts to access cabinets, you can invoke a cabinet lock feature. After a certain number of attempts to access a cabinet using a wrong password, the private cabinet of the user making the attempts is locked. The access attempts are registered, and if a cabinet is locked, the system administrator is notified via new mail in the Inbasket of cabinet SYSCNT. Only the system administrator or a supervisor can unlock a cabinet.

Directory Synchronization

Use Directory Synchronization to upload and/or download addresses to/from the central directory. The options are:

- Upload Address Maintenance;
- Upload;
- Download Address Maintenance;
- Download;
- Import Address Maintenance;
- Import;
- Directory Synchronization Maintenance.

The Con-nect Cabinets

Cabinet Profile Components

Each Con-nect cabinet has a profile. The profile consists of the following levels:

- the command and object table;
- a cabinet profile; and
- a user profile.

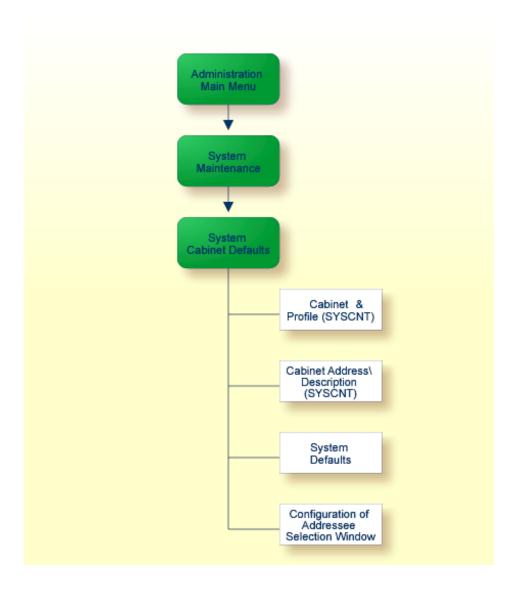
This profile applies to a specific cabinet, and is defined and maintained by the cabinet administrator.

The user can modify some aspects of the cabinet profile and the user profile if the cabinet administrator has given him permission to use the command MODIFY in conjunction with the object "Profile" (in the command and object tables).

The following presents an overview of the various components of a profile and how it is accessed. Specification and modification of the profiles themselves are discussed in later sections. See *System Cabinet Defaults* and *Cabinet and User Profile*.

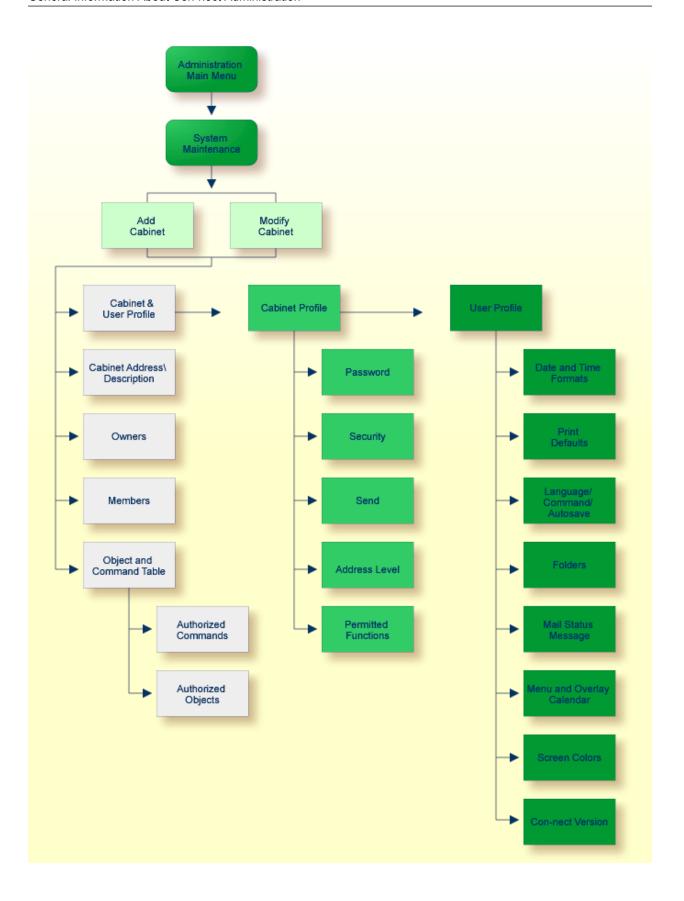
System Cabinet Defaults

The diagram below shows how to access the System Cabinet Defaults. The items which comprise this portion of a cabinet profile are shown in the white boxes in the diagram.



Cabinet and User Profile

The following diagram shows how to access the Cabinet and User Profile. The items which consist of the cabinet and user profile are shown in the gray boxes of the diagram, the items which consist of the cabinet profile are shown in the light green boxes, and the items which consist of the user profile are shown in the dark green boxes.



The Cabinet SYSCNT

The SYSCNT cabinet can be accessed only by the system administrator(s), using the command "USE Cabinet syscnt". You can add objects to this cabinet, which meet the particular needs of your environment. Refer to the Con-nect User's Guide for information regarding how objects are added and maintained.

The SYSCNT cabinet contains standard objects which are delivered with Con-nect. You can modify any of these objects to fit the particular needs of your environment.

Objects contained in cabinet SYSCNT are listed in the individual users' cabinets (on screens which show a list of objects) and are marked with (S) in the "Folder" column. The user's own objects are displayed before the objects from SYSCNT. A user cannot erase, file or modify the SYSCNT objects. These objects can, however, be displayed, copied or printed.

The following objects can be added by the system administrator in SYSCNT, and can be used by all users:

- Address
- Application
- **■** Bulletin
- Command

a standard set of command aliases are delivered with Con-nect

Distribution

Con-nect automatically generates distribution lists for every shared cabinet which you add

Document

a standard set of Con-form documents, containing the commands used when a document is formatted, are delivered with Con-nect

- **■** Form
- Menu

a standard menu is delivered with Con-nect

Printer

example printer profiles, containing Con-form control characters are delivered with Con-nect

- Procedure
- Program
- Pfkey

a set of standard PF-key assignments are delivered with Con-nect

The names of cabinets which have been locked are displayed as new mail items in the Inbasket of cabinet SYSCNT.

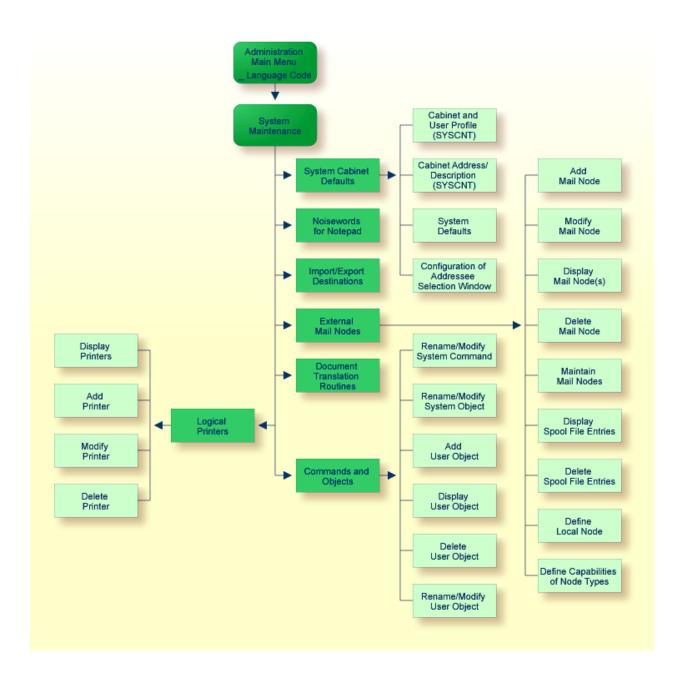
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The System Maintenance function is used to define and maintain system defaults, and to manage the use of Con-nect within your environment.

Navigating Through Con-nect System Maintenance

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke each aspect of System Maintenance.



The System Maintenance Menu

All functions which can be performed within System Maintenance are shown on the "Administration - System Maintenance" screen.

```
12:23
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                     14.Feb.94
                     Administration - System Maintenance
                                                                        A06700
 Cabinet LS
 Select a Function:
                        System Cabinet Defaults
                        _ Noisewords for Notepad
                        _ Import/Export Destinations
                        _ External Mail Nodes
                         Document Translation Routines
                        _ Logical Printers
                        Commands and Objects
                        _ Return to Menu
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help Menu Quit Sys Noise Dest Nodes Trans Print Cmd
Mark one item from the list above
```

To perform one of the System Maintenance functions, either mark it with any character and press ENTER, or press the PF-key which is assigned to that function. The screen for the function is then displayed.

The Noisewords for Notepad, Import/Export Destinations, Document Translation Routines, and Commands and Objects functions are language-specific, and are thus performed for the language specified in the "Language Code" field on the "Administration - Main Menu". You can only specify codes for languages that have been installed on your system. The language codes are as follows:

```
1 English2 German3 French4 Spanish5 Italian6 Dutch7 Turkish
```

- 7 Icelandic
- 7 Finnish
- 7 Swedish
- 8 Danish
- 8 Hebrew
- 9 Norwegian
- 9 Portuguese (Brazilian)
- 9 Arabic
- 9 Russian

System Cabinet Defaults

The System Cabinet Defaults are taken as a basis for all cabinets within the system, and include the following:

- cabinet profile and address
- cabinet and user profile of cabinet SYSCNT
- cabinet address/description of cabinet SYSCNT
- system defaults
- the name that appears on all screens (the default is: * * * CON NECT3 * * *)
- the CPU timezone relative to Greenwich Mean Time
- the number of days an item is kept in the Wastebasket
- the number of days until the expiration date of an item is reached
- whether an item is to be archived when the expiration date is reached
- whether the cabinet ID or a specific string cannot be defined as a password
- facility to trace cabinet usage
- Con-nect TRS profile (if TRS is installed)
- information which is to be displayed in the addressee selection window.

The "Administration - System Cabinet Defaults" screen is shown below. Mark the function you want to access with any character and press ENTER, or press the assigned PF-key.

```
* * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
 12:08 PM
                                                                   14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                 Administration - System Cabinet Defaults
                                                                      A06701
 Select a Function:
                       _ Cabinet and User Profile (SYSCNT)
                       _ Cabinet Address / Description (SYSCNT)
                       _ System Defaults
                       _ Configuration of Addressee Selection Window
                       _ Return to Menu
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Prof Addr Def AdrSe
                                                                     Cmd0b
Mark one item from the list above
```

The values you specify here are default values for all cabinets within your system. You can modify these values for all or individual cabinets.



Note: Global changes to the command and object table can be accomplished with PF12. See *Global Activation / Deactivation of Commands and Objects*.

The information below contains the following topics:

- Cabinet and User Profile (SYSCNT)
- Cabinet Address/Description (SYSCNT)
- System Defaults
- Configuration of Addressee Selection Window

Global Activation / Deactivation of Commands and Objects

Cabinet and User Profile (SYSCNT)

Neither the cabinet administrator nor the user is allowed to change any of the specifications within the cabinet and user profile of SYSCNT. However, when a new cabinet is created, the cabinet administrator can modify the specifications within the constraints you allow here for that cabinet. Additionally, the cabinet administrator can authorize the user to modify some of the specifications by permitting use of the command MODIFY with the object Profile in the Command and Object Table function of Cabinet Maintenance.

The Cabinet Profile SYSCNT

The "Administration - Cabinet Profile SYSCNT" screen is shown below. The profile that you specify in this screen is taken as a basis for all cabinets within your system, except for those cabinets you create by copying pattern cabinets. Administrator status (cabinet and system maintenance functions) is not copied to the new cabinets.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 12:18 PM
                                                                     14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                      Administration - Cabinet Profile
                                                                        A06052
                                       SYSCNT
 Password:
 Security:
            Read 7 Modify 7 Copy 7
                                         Print 7
            Max. Number of Addressees 9999
 Send:
                        Address Level 9 may send _ levels higher
 Permitted:
                          X Cabinet Maintenance
 (mark to allow)
                          X System Maintenance
                          X Command Prompting
                          X Con-form
                          X Text Retrieval (TRS)
                          X Modify Own Address
                          X Display Home Addresses
                          X Send External Mail
                          X Modify Expiration Date
                          X Read Mail
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Modify the profile and press ENTER
```

The password and security protects the cabinet and objects within it from unauthorized access. The password is the only value within the SYSCNT cabinet profile that can be modified by a user. It is recommended that every user modifies his password with the "MODIFY Profile" command sequence in Con-nect to protect his cabinet.

See *Cabinet and User Profile* for a description of the above screen.

The User Profile SYSCNT

The "Administration - User Profile" screen is shown below. To access it, you must press ENTER on the "Administration - Cabinet Profile SYSCNT" screen.



Note: You can only modify the user profile for cabinet SYSCNT from the screen below, since the command MODIFY with the object Profile is not allowed when cabinet SYSCNT is accessed.

With the exception of the sliding window value (defined in the "Date and Time Formats" window), the user profile SYSCNT is copied to all new cabinets, and can then be modified for the new cabinet by the cabinet administrator. If the cabinet administrator authorized him, the user can also modify these specifications.

The "Mark to use system value" field in the "Date and Time Formats" window is initially marked as the sliding window value for all new cabinets. The number to the right of this field is the system default value defined in the "Administration - System Defaults" screen in either the "Con-nect sliding window" or "Use Natural YSLW (0)" field. For further information, see *System Defaults* and *Date and Time Formats*.

The sliding window value you define in the user profile SYSCNT is independent of the system default value (i.e. it is used only in the SYSCNT cabinet).

```
9:56
                      * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                                   16.0ct.03
 Cabinet LS
                     Administration - User Profile
                                                                      A06052
                                       SYSCNT
  Date and Time Formats
  Print Defaults
  Language/Command/Autosave
  Folders
  Menu and Overlay Calendar
  Screen Colors
  Con-nect Version
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Mark profile items to modify and press ENTER
```

Choose the area(s) you want to modify by marking the input field(s) with any character and pressing ENTER. A window appears where you can modify the default specifications by typing over them. After you have completed your modifications press ENTER. (If you selected more than one area to modify, the next window will appear, and you can continue modifying the profile.)

See *User Profile* in section *Cabinet Maintenance* for a description of the various components of the profile shown in these screens.

Cabinet Address/Description (SYSCNT)

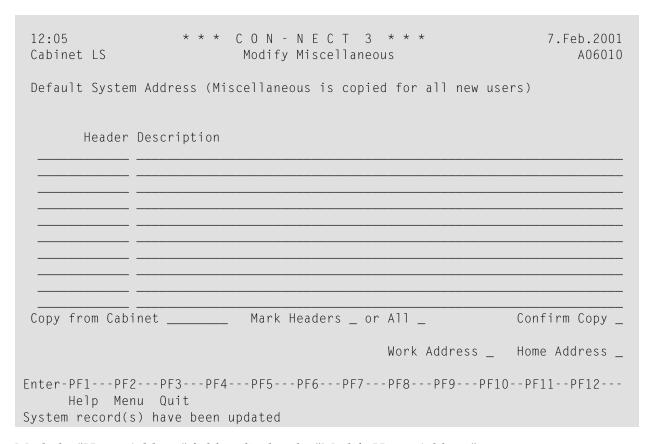
The "Modify Address" screen for the work address is shown below.

For information on the fields in the following screens, see *Cabinet Address/Description* in section *Cabinet Maintenance*.

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11:29 Cabinet LS	* * * CON-NE Modify A		21.Dec.2000 A06010
Default System A	address (copied for all	new users)	
Department Location			
Postal Code Phone 1	Country	 _ Phone 2	
E-mail Internet		Miscellaneous _	Home Address _
Help Menu		PF7PF8PF9PF1()PF11PF12

Mark the "Miscellaneous" field to display the "Modify Miscellaneous" screen.



Mark the "Home Address" field to display the "Modify Home Address" screen.

As with the SYSCNT cabinet and user profile, the values specified on these three screens, including the Miscelleaneous information, are copied to all new cabinets. The home address itself is not copied to the new cabinets.

Make your entries and press ENTER to update the system address.

System Defaults

The "Administration - System Defaults" screen is shown below. Modify the defaults shown by typing over them.

```
4:21 PM
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    12.Mar.98
Cabinet LS
                      Administration - System Defaults
                                                                       A06701
             System Name * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                         ....+....1....+....2....+....3....+....4
            CPU Timezone 1 (relative to Greenwich Mean Time)
     Days in Wastebasket 60
                               Days until Expiration 365
 Con-nect sliding window ___
                              or Use Natural YSLW(0) X
 Trace Cabinet Usage X
Force to check Password _
                                    Archive on Expiration
                                    Days between registered Backup
                                     and Cabinet Deletion
 Con-nect TRS profile
               Limit to 220 text blocks to invert online
               Limit to 200 entries to be alphabetized
               Limit to 2000 entries per FIND criteria
        Usage within API _
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Prof Addr
Make required changes and press ENTER to modify
```

System Name

The name which appears at the top of all screens.

CPU Timezone

The timezone CPU is located, relative to Greenwich Mean Time. For example, in New York you specify -6.

Days in Wastebasket

The number of days an item is kept in the Wastebasket before it can be deleted from the system with a batch utility. This is used as the default value for utility B04130 "Delete Folder Contents". See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Delete Folder Contents* for further information.

Days until Expiration

The number of days until the expiration date of an item is reached, at which time it can be deleted from the system.

Con-nect sliding window

The sliding window determines which two-digit year values belong to which century. The sliding window covers a period of 100 years. The start and end of the sliding window is determined by the value you enter in the "Con-nect sliding window" field or the value in the "Use Natural YSLW (0)" field. As the range of the sliding window always begins in the past, the value you enter is automatically subtracted from the current year to determine the first year of the window range. To determine the last year of the sliding window, 99 is automatically added to the resulting year.

For example, if the current year is 2004 and you enter 40 as the sliding window, the sliding window will cover the years 1964 to 2063. In this case, a two-digit year value (nn) from 64 to 99 is interpreted as 19nn, while a two-digit year value (nn) from 0 to 63 is interpreted as 20nn.

You can enter a value from 0 to 99. The value you specify here is supplied as the system value that is copied to all new cabinets. For further information, see *Date and Time Formats*.

If you specify a value of 0, the sliding window mechanism is not used. This means that when a two-digit year is entered, Con-nect interprets it as in the current century.

To insure that the sliding window covers adequate time in the past and in the present, it is recommended that you do not set the sliding window to either the low or top end of the range. For example, if you set the sliding window to 2, the range of the sliding window will be (assuming the current year is 2004) 2002 to 2101. This means that when a user enters 95 as a two-digit year, Con-nect will interpret it as 2095 and not 1995.

If you enter a value here you cannot mark the "Use Natural YSLW (0)" field.

Use Natural YSLW (0)

You can enter any character. The current value of the Natural YSLW parameter is the value displayed in parentheses. If you select this field, this value is supplied as the system value, which is copied to all new cabinets. For further information, see *Date and Time Formats*.

If you mark this field, you cannot enter a value in the "Con-nect sliding window" field.

Trace Cabinet Usage

You can enter any character to specify that a record is to be kept of the last cabinet to logon to (use) another cabinet. Thus, Con-nect can generate three types of reports that display statistics on cabinet usage. See *Con-nect Reports*.

Archive on Expiration

You can enter any character to specify that an item is to be archived onto a backup medium (tape, disc, etc.) when the expiration date is reached.

Force to check Password

You can enter any character to specify that the cabinet ID or a specific string cannot be defined as a password. When this field is marked and you press ENTER, a window appears. In the window, you can specify one of the following:

Cabinet

When this field is marked, it is not allowed to define the cabinet ID as the password.

selected Constant

When a string (for example, SAG) is defined in this line, it is not allowed to define this string as the password.

Press enter to save your specifications and to close the window.

When this field is marked, the password is checked each time a user, or administrator defines a new password and when a user accesses a cabinet using the password.

When an invalid password is detected, an appropriate message is displayed and the user or administrator must define a new password.

Days between registered Backup and Cabinet Deletion

You can specify the number of days between the last registered backup of a cabinet and its deletion.

This default can be used as a cabinet deletion control when you perform utility B04000 "Delete Objects". See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Delete Objects* for further information.

The remaining fields appear only if Con-nect Text Retrieval is installed. See *Con-nect Text Retrieval Administration*.

Configuration of Addressee Selection Window

The addressee selection window is available to each Con-nect user when sending objects to other users. It is used for example, if a user is unsure of the addressee's name or user ID, the user can invoke the addressee selection window to choose to whom the object is to be sent.

The addressee selection window contains information taken from each user cabinet address. Name, ID and Type are displayed by default in the addressee selection window. You can specify additional information that is to be displayed.

The "Administration - Configuration of Addressee Selection Window" screen is shown below.

12:27 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Administration - Configuration of Addressee Selection Window 14.Feb.94 A06704				
	Position	Length	Information		
			Title Company Location Department Name Department Number City State Postal Code Country Country Phone Code Phone Extension Description		
	-PF3PF4I Quit Init	PF5PF6	PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12		

Position

Each item specified is shown in a column to the right of the standard information in the order selected here. The position numbers must be consecutive, e.g. 2 3 1 and not 4 6 1.

Length

The number of characters to be displayed for each item selected. You must specify a length for the item which is to appear in position 1. If a length is not specified for the other items, a new column is not created, and the information is included in the column of the previous field specified. For example, if "Phone" and "Extension" are selected, but a length is not specified for "Extension", that number is included in the column for "Phone".

Con-nect automatically inserts a blank space between columns, and the total length of all items selected must not exceed 32.

Information

The items which are to be shown in the Addressee selection window.

If you want to reset the "Administration - Configuration of Addressee Selection Window" screen to the original (default) values, i.e. Name, ID and Type, press PF4.

Global Activation / Deactivation of Commands and Objects

You use the Commands and Objects function to rename system commands and system objects. You can also add and maintain user objects that suit the specific needs of your environment.

The "Administration - System Command and Object Table" screen is displayed below. Only the system administrator can access this screen.

To access the "Administration - System Command and Object Table" screen, press PF12 on the "Administration - System Cabinet Defaults" screen and when prompted, enter the password. If you do not know the appropriate password, contact your Software AG support representative.

```
* * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
 7:01 PM
                                                           14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS Administration - System Command and Object Table
                                                           A06701
                          Object Numbers
                                                 User Objects
       ....+....1....+....2....+....3....+....4....+....58....+....9....+....
 1 Add XXXX X XX XXXXXX X XX XXXX
                                                 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
             XX XXX X
                         Х Х
 2 Copy X
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 4 Eras XXXX X XX XXX XX XX XXXX
                                           ΧХ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
             X XX XXX X X XX XX
 5 File XX
                                           Χ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 6 Modi XXXX X XXXXXXX X XXXXXXXX X X XXX
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 7 Prnt X X X XX X X X XX
                                          ΧХ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
 8 Srch X X
                  Χ
                             Χ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
             X \quad X \quad X
 9 Send X
                         XXX
                                         Χ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
10 ----
11 Info X X X X X X X
                              ΧХ
                                          XXX
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
12 Perf X
                                           ΧХ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
                     Χ
13 Use
          Χ
                                          Χ
                                                  XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
14 ----
15 ----
Mark To _ Activate or _ Deactivate - Command __ and Object __
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Prof Addr
Make required changes and press ENTER to MODIFY
```

Activate

To activate an object, mark this field with any character.

Deactivate

To deactivate an object, mark this field with any character.

Command

Required - Enter the command number you want to modify (e.g. 1 for ADD).

Object

Required - Enter the object number you want to modify (e.g. 3 for Appointment).

Complete your modifications and press ENTER. All modifications which are specified on this screen are applied to all cabinets.

Noisewords for Notepad

The Noisewords for Notepad is the list of words that are not automatically indexed and registered as keywords when they appear in the "Subject" line of a notepad page (e.g.a, and, as, but).

The "Administration - Modify Noisewords" screen is shown below.

12:28 PM		- N E C T 3 * * *	14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS	Administratio	n - Modify Noisewords	A06700
A	ALL	ALSO	AM
AN	AND		AS
AT	B E		HAD
HE	I		I N
IS	IT		MR
MRS	NO		0F
ONTHAT	SO THE		THAN
ІПАІ	ΙΠΕ		
		-PF6PF7PF8PF9	PF10PF11PF12
Help Menu	Quit and press ENTER to		

The words shown on the screen are supplied as defaults. You can modify the list by typing over the defaults, deleting them, or adding new words.

Import/Export Destinations

The Import/Export Destinations contain the names of the programs that are executed when documents are exported from and imported to default destinations in Con-nect. You should not modify the programs that are associated with the default Con-nect Import/Export Destinations. However, you can delete these programs if you don't want to use them at your installation.

You can modify the display sequence of the default destinations on the related screens, the text that is displayed with a destination, and whether or not the display depends on the PC mode being switched on.

You can add your own programs to design your own export/import destinations. A maximum of 24 destinations is possible. When the lines on the screen are filled, press ENTER to obtain additional lines.

This function contains two screens, the first of which to appear is the "Import Destinations" screen.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
12:28 PM
                                                             14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                         Import Destinations
                                                               A06720
 Language: 1
 Position
 on Map
           Program PC Text to be Displayed
           C32001___ X PC Binary File_____
           C32005___ X PC Revisable Form Text DCA_____
           C32006___ X PC Final Form Text DCA_____
_5
           C32008__ X PC Voice Document_____
           C32004_____
 _6
                       Natural Source/Document
_7
           C32003__ _ Natural Source/Native_____
           C32007___ _ Natural Object_____
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Impo Expo
Make the changes and press ENTER to update, or use a PF-key
```

To proceed to the "Export Destinations" screen, you press PF5.

```
12:28 PM
                                              14.Feb.94
                * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
Cabinet LS
                     Export Destinations
                                                       A06720
Language: 1
Position
 on Map Program PC Text to be Displayed Allowed Objects
        C27002__ X PC Binary File_____
_1
        C27003__ X PC Text File_____
_2
_3
        C27006__ X PC Revisable Form Text DCA_____
        C27007__ X PC Final Form Text DCA_____
        C27004__ _ Natural Source_____
        C27008__ _
_6
                    Natural Object_____
_7
         C27001__ X PC File_____
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit Impo Expo
Make the changes and press ENTER to update, or use a PF-key
```

The "Import Destinations" and "Export Destinations" screens contain the following:

Language

The language code you specified on the "Administration - Main Menu" is shown in this field.

Position on Map

The sequence according to which the entries are to be displayed on the "Import Document" and "Export Document - name" screens.

Program

The name of the Natural program executed when a document is imported or exported. You should not modify the defaults shown here, however you can add additional programs you write yourself.

PC

X results in the associated entry being displayed on the "Import Document" and "Export Document - name" screens only if the PC mode is switched on.

Text to be Displayed

The text that is displayed on the "Import Document" and "Export Document - name" screens.

The "Export Destinations" screen contains the following additional column:

Allowed Objects

Applies only to export programs you write yourself. You mark the fields in this column with any character to get a list of all Con-nect objects that can be exported with that program. You

mark one of the objects to obtain another list showing all of the permitted document formats for this destination.

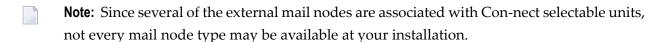
External Mail Nodes

In addition to sending mail to internal users, you can also send mail items to external users - users who are not connected to your Con-nect node. Since the normal online delivery technique cannot be used to reach external users, a variety of other data communication facilities are used which utilize the Con-nect spool file (see *Part 3. Maintaining the Con-nect Spool File Method*) and the Con-nect transport service (see *Part 5. The Transport Service*). These include:

- Con-nect multinode,
- Con-nect Teleservices,
- Con-nect SNADS,
- printer as external recipient, and
- external users that are defined as belonging to external mail nodes of various types (supported through user-written modules).

The creation and maintenance of external mail nodes is a System Maintenance function and is discussed in this section. Administrative features specific to the type of mail node are discussed later in this documentation. See *Part 2. External Con-nect Nodes* and *Part 4. Printers as External Mail Nodes*.

Specific administrative functions for the selectable units are discussed later in this documentation. See *Part 6. Teleservices Nodes* and *Part 7. Con-nect SNADS*.



The "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen is shown below. Mark the function you want to access with any character and press ENTER, or press the assigned PF-key. The screen for that function is displayed.

If you are adding a mail node, you must enter a name in the "Mail Node/Type" field before you select the Add Mail Node function.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 11:08
                                                                    26.Aug.02
 Cabinet LS
                    Administration - External Mail Nodes
                                                                       A06740
                       _ Add Mail Node
 Select a Function:
                       _ Modify Mail Node
                       _ Display Mail Node(s)
                       _ Delete Mail Node
                       _ Maintain Mail Nodes
                       _ Display Spool File Entries
                       _ Delete Spool File Entries
                       _ Define Local Node
                       _ Define Capabilities of Node Types
                       _ Return to Menu
       Mail Node/Type ___
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                             Modif Displ Delet Maint DisSp DelSp Local Cap
     Help Menu Quit Add
Mark one item from the list above
```

Certain information that you must enter or which is displayed on the various "Mail Node" screens is the same, no matter which type of node you are dealing with. This information is discussed in the topics below:

- Add a Mail Node
- Modify Mail Node
- Display Mail Node(s)
- Delete Mail Node
- Maintain Mail Nodes
- Display Spool File Entries
- Delete Spool File Entries
- Define Local Node

Define Capabilities of Node Types

Add a Mail Node

When you add a mail node, the first screen to appear is the one shown below. Subsequent screens or windows are node-specific. See *Adding an External Con-nect Node* and *Adding an External Print Node*. For the Con-nect selectable units, see *Adding a Telex, Teletex or Telefax Mail Node* and *Part 7. Con-nect SNADS*.

```
11:31 AM
                  * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                5.Mar.01
Cabinet LS
                    Administration - Add Mail Node
                                                                 A06740
       Node Name FAIRFAX_
      Description
    Address Level
       Node Type _
A Con-nect B Telex
                           F Snads
                                         G Printer
                                                        H Telefax
T Teletex
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Displ
Enter data and press ENTER to add
```

Node Name

A unique name is required for each mail node. The name you entered in the "Mail Node/Type" field on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen is automatically displayed here.

Description

Optional - any description to further identify the node.

Address Level

Establishes limitations for sending mail to this node. In order to send mail to this node, users must have authorization to send mail to the level specified here. See *Cabinet Profile*.

Node Type

You can only specify node types supported at your site. Only the node types installed at your site appear on the "Administration - Add Mail Node" screen. The options are:

- A an external Con-nect
- B Telex
- F Con-nect SNADS
- G a printer
- H Telefax
- T Teletex
- 1 User Node

Modify Mail Node

Enter a node name in the "Node Name/Type" field on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen and select the Modify Mail Node function. Information you specified when you added that node is displayed.

Modify the information and press ENTER to display additional node information. Press ENTER again after all modifications have been made.

Display Mail Node(s)

Enter a node name in the "Node Name/Type" field on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen and select the Display Mail Node(s) function. Information you specified when you added or modified that node is displayed.

If you do not specify a node name, the "Administration - Display External Mail Nodes" is displayed which lists all nodes.

The PF-keys at the bottom of the "Display" screen list the functions that apply to the mail nodes.

Delete Mail Node

Enter a node name in the "Node Name/Type" field on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen and select the Delete Mail Node function. A screen containing the mail node definition (the information specified when the node was added) is displayed.

Mark the "Delete" field and press ENTER to confirm the deletion.

Addresses that are defined to the mail node are not deleted, however, once you delete the node mail items cannot be sent to the addresses.

Maintain Mail Nodes

The Maintain Mail Nodes function contains maintenance programs for the spool file and the transport service, which are used by mail nodes that do not have their own specific maintenance program, and if installed, Con-nect SNADS.

See *Part 3. Maintaining the Con-nect Spool File Method* for a description of the maintenance program for external Con-nect nodes and printers that use the spool file method.

See *Maintaining the Transport Service* for a description of the maintenance program used by external Con-nect nodes and printers that use the transport service.

See *Part 6. Teleservices Nodes* for a description of the maintenance program for Con-nect Teleservices and *Maintenance of Con-nect SNADS*.

Display Spool File Entries

The Display Spool File Entries function is used to display all spool file records, except the definition records for the nodes and queues, routing entries and some control information.

Select the Display Spool File Entries function and press ENTER. In the resulting older than _ days field, specify the number of days items are to be displayed and press ENTER.

The Display Spool File Entires screen is displayed:

10:22 * * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * * 06.Aug.02 Cabinet LS Display Spool File Entries X-DISP					
Cmd Record type	Start data created	End data created Records			
X-A0 X-B0 Dummy,text records XSYNC Transport Log records	Aug.06.02 11:21 Aug.06.02 11:21 Aug.06.02 11:21 Aug.06.02 11:21 Jul.31.02 17:19	Aug.06.02 11:21 1 Aug.06.02 11:21 3 Aug.06.02 11:21 1			
Cmd: ER Erase Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4- Help Menu Quit Mark item(s) from the list a		43 records found older than 0 days			

The following records are returned:

- Spool file records. These are notated as record type X-*n*, where *n* defines the type of external node (see *Add a Mail Node*). Con-nect SNADS and Con-nect Teleservices use the spool file records to transfer information from the Con-nect system file to the Con-nect spool file and vice versa.
- Con-nect Teleservices log records.
- Con-nect SNADS text and log records.
- Transport Service text and log records.
- Dummy and text records. Con-nect SNADS, Teleservices and the spool file use these records to store the message text.
- Special records for the synchronization of internal processes (notated as X---SYNC). These records are used by all node types.

When you mark a record with ER (Erase), the marked records are erased immediately. You are not asked to confirm the deletion.

Note: You can erase all records displayed. To ensure that the send process is completed and all confirmation of delivery notices are relayed, do not erase a record less than a day old. However, it is recommended that you erase those records older than 30 to 60 days.

Delete Spool File Entries

All external Con-nect nodes, whether they use the spool file or transport service method, must occasionally purge items in the spool file, as internally it is used to convey information between the Con-nect spool file and the Con-nect system file(s). The Delete Spool File Entries function is used to delete these spool file records.

Select the Delete Spool File Entries function and press ENTER. In the resulting "older than _ days" field, specify the number of days items are to be kept in the spool file before they are deleted and press ENTER.

This function should be performed on a regular basis.

Define Local Node

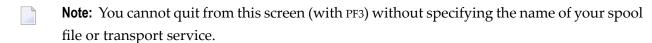
If you are adding external mail nodes for the first time in your Con-nect environment, you must specify a unique network node name by which your Con-nect system can be identified.



Notes:

- 1. If you intend to use the spool file for your local node, it is supplied as an unloaded file and must be loaded using the Adabas utility ADALOD (see the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation).
- 2. If you want to modify the name of your local node and your system interacts with the central directory via the directory synchronization functions, see *Modifying the Transport Service Node ID*.

Select the Define Local Node function, enter the physical name of your spool file (e.g. DBID number) in the resulting "Define Local Node ___ (Spool File Method)" field and press ENTER. Enter the name of your transport service in the resulting "Define Local Node ___ (Transport Service)" field and press ENTER again.



The local node name you specify for your spool file is combined internally with the Con-nect database ID and file number. This node name is the connection between the spool file and the Con-nect system file, and thus identifies to which Con-nect incoming external mail is to be delivered.

Note: If the Con-nect system file (251) is changed (i.e. either the DBID or FNR is changed), the spool file must be initialized again to ensure that the correct DBID and FNR are used.

To transfer the data sent, the program X-0INIT must be started periodically (e.g. once per hour) either as a batch job or online. See *X-0INIT - Multi-node/Driver Start Program* in section *Maintenance of Con-nect SNADS* for a description of this program. X-0INIT manages the start of individual

driver programs. The frequency and time at which the drivers are started depends on user requirements.

Define Capabilities of Node Types

When you select the Define Capabilities of Node Types function and specify a node type (e.g. G for Printer) in the "Mail Node/Type" field on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen, the "Define Capabilities of Node Types" screen is displayed.

Mail nodes that send mail (transport items) using the transport service method can provide the user with various mailing notifications (e.g. when the transport item arrives at the external mail node).

The "Define Capabilities of Node Types" screen displays the various notifications possible for a particular node type. On this screen you can define the default notifications and whether the user is allowed to request other notifications.

```
9:22 AM
                    * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                         17.Aug.2004
Cabinet LS
               Define Capabilities of Node Types
                                                              A06740
     Node Type: _ Con-nect
                        Allow Reply Request: X
     Can Reply Request: X
                                                              Default
     Can Delivery Report: Never X Allow Delivery Report: Never X
                       Non
                            Χ
                                                      Non X
                       Always X
                                                      Always X
     Can Receipt Report: Never X Allow Receipt Report: Never X
                       Non X
                                                      Non X
                       Always X
                                                      Always X
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Make all required changes and press ENTER to modify
```

If you want to rename a node type, you can simply type over the name shown next to the "Node Type" field.

The left side of the screen displays the notification options available for that particular node type. These fields cannot be modified.

The right side of the screen displays the notifications the user can request. To disallow a notification type, remove the X in the field to the right of the notification.

The last column on the right displays the default notifications. If you want to change the defaults, move the X to the appropriate notification type. You cannot mark a notification type that is not allowed with that node type.

Allow Reply Request

If marked, it allows the user to request a reply from the addressee. When the addressee displays the transport item, a message is displayed indicating that a reply is requested.

Allow Delivery Report

Determines whether the user is notified when the transport item has arrived at the external node.

Allow Receipt Report

Determines whether the user is notified when the addressee has touched (e.g. displayed, erased, filed) the transport item.

Possible notifications for "Allow Delivery Report" and "Allow Receipt Report" are:

Never No delivery or receipt notification is requested

Non A notification is only requested if the transport item cannot be delivered

Always A notification is always requested

Document Translation Routines

The Document Translation Routines contain the names of the programs that are executed when documents are translated into other (default) formats in Con-nect.

You should not modify the programs that are associated with the default Con-nect Translation Routines.

You can modify the display sequence of the default routines on the related screens, the text that is displayed with a routine. You can add your own programs to design your own routines.

The "Document Translation Routines" screen is shown below.

```
12:30 PM
Cabinet LS
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * 29.Apr.96
Document Translation Routines A06750
                    Document Translation Routines
Language: 1
Position
 on Map Program Translated Format (displayed Text) Executable Formats
         _____
  FFT Final Form Text DCA_____
  _7
        C59011___
      _ Modify/Display Con-form Control Characters
        Default Symbol Set U.S.ENGL (U.S. ENGLISH)
      _ Modify Symbol Set
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Make the changes and press ENTER to update
```

Language

The language code you specified in the "Administration - Main Menu" is shown in this field.

Position on Map

The sequence according to which the entries are to be displayed in the "Translate Document - name" screen. You can alter the position by typing over the numbers.

Program

The name of the Natural program which is executed when a document is translated. You cannot modify the defaults shown here, however, you can add additional programs which you write yourself.

Translated Format (displayed Text)

The text that is displayed on the "Translate Document-name" screen. You can alter the default text by typing over it.

Executable Formats

Applies only to export programs which you write yourself. You can mark a field in this column with any character to get a list of all document formats that can be translated with that program.

Modify/Display Con-form Control Characters

If you mark this field, a window appears and you can display the defaults for Con-form control characters. You press PF3 to close the window. These characters have a special meaning for Con-form when they are used in a particular context (see the *Con-form User's Guide*, section *Special Characters* for additional information).

Page-number character

Represents a reserved variable containing the current page number.

Instruction character

Begins each Con-form instruction.

Escape character

Precedes escape sequences within the running text.

End-of-line character

Denotes the end of a text line, causing a break in line filling.

Variable character

Precedes a variable. (Variables are assigned using the .SV name=value instruction.)

Instruction separator character

Separates multiple Con-form instructions in the same line.

Tab character

Character used which denotes that the following text is to be moved to the defined tab position.

Decimal character

Character used when the sum of a calculation is not rounded to the nearest integer.

Hard space character

Character to be used as a hard space between two words. This means that these words cannot be separated by a line break.

Default Symbol Set

Each supported language has a symbol set associated with it. The symbol set associated with the language code you specified on the "Administration - Main Menu" is shown as the default.

Modify Symbol Set

If you mark this field, a window appears and you can select the symbol set associated with one of the other languages.

Logical Printers

You use the Logical Printers function to:

- assign a logical printer name to a printer destination;
- associate a printer profile with a printer; and
- maintain these assignments.

Thus you create a list of all permitted printers within the particular environment.

The "Administration - Logical Printers" screen is shown below. Mark the function you want to access with any character and press ENTER, or press the assigned PF-key. The appropriate screen is then shown.

If you are adding a logical printer, you must enter a name in the "Logical Printer" field before you select the Add Printer function. The name is associated with the printer destination and optionally, a printer profile. The user needs only to enter this name, and need not worry about destinations or profiles.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 12:32 PM
                                                                    14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                     Administration - Logical Printers
                                                                       A06790
 Select a Function:
                       _ Display Printer(s)
                       _ Add Printer
                       _ Modify Printer
                       _ Delete Printer
                       _ Return to Menu
      Logical Printer ___
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Displ Add
                                  Modif Delet
Mark one item from the list above
```

The following topics are covered below:

- Add a Printer
- Display a Printer
- Modify a Printer
- Delete a Printer

44

Add a Printer

Logical Printer

The name you entered in the "Logical Printer" field of the "Administration - Logical Printers" screen is automatically displayed here.

Destination

The terminal ID number, LU number or comparable terminal destination for the printer which is to be used when the user enters the logical printer name. If operating under Natural Advanced Facilities, enter the name of the logical printer profile in this field.

Printer Profile

The optional printer profile assigned to this printer.

Description

An optional description to further identify the printer.

Display a Printer

If you do not specify a printer in the "Logical Printer" field on the "Administration - Logical Printers" screen, an alphabetical list of all printers is displayed. The list contains the information specified when the printer was added or modified.

If you enter a specific printer in the "Logical Printer" field on the "Administration - Logical Printers" screen, an alphabetical list of printers (beginning with the name you specified) are displayed. The list contains the information specified when the printer was added or modified.

Position to

If the list exceeds one display page, you can choose a starting point for the next page by entering the required name.

You can modify or delete a logical printer directly from the "Display Printer" screen by marking it with any character and pressing PF4 (modify) or PF5 (delete).

Modify a Printer

You specify the printer you want to modify either by entering the name on the "Logical Printer" field on the "Administration - Logical Printers" screen, or by selecting a printer from a "Display" screen. Modify the printer specifications by typing over them.

Delete a Printer

You specify the printer you want to delete either by entering the name in the "Logical Printer" field on the "Administration - Logical Printers" screen, or by selecting a printer from a "Display" screen. Information for that printer is displayed, and you are asked to mark an input field at the bottom of the screen to confirm the deletion.

Commands and Objects

You use the Commands and Objects funtion to rename system commands and system objects. You can also add and maintain user objects which suit the specific needs of your environment.

System Commands and Objects

The "Administration - Commands and Objects" screen is shown below. A list of commands and objects (including their numbers) and the Con-nect naming conventions are included at the end of this section.

```
3:36 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                    Administration - Commands and Objects
                                                                      A06080
 Select a Function:
                       _ Rename/Modify System Command
                       _ Rename/Modify System Object
                       _ Add User Object
                       _ Display User Object
                       _ Delete User Object
                       Rename/Modify User Object
                       _ Return to Menu
                  Name Language 1
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Cmd Objs Add Displ Unl
                                                    Modif
Mark one item from the list above
```

Name

The name of the command or object with which you want to work. If you are adding a User Object, you must enter a name in this field.

Language

The language code you specified on the "Administration - Main Menu" is shown in this field.

Mark the function you want to access with any character and press ENTER, or press the assigned PF-key. The appropriate screen is shown.

Note: When you rename/modify commands or objects, the previous name is removed from the system.

The information below contains the following topics:

Rename/Modify a System Command

Rename/Modify a System Object

Rename/Modify a System Command

Enter a command name in the "Name" line of the "Administration - Commands and Objects" screen, select the Rename/Modify System Command function and press ENTER.



Note: If you do not enter a command name in the "Name" line of the "Administration - Commands and Objects" screen and instead press PF9 (for Modify), a selection window appears. Select the command you want to rename and press ENTER.

The following commands cannot be modified/renamed:

X MX DX DY DX-Y EX EY EX-Y

The input lines "New Name" and "New Description" are shown at the bottom of the screen. The command name you selected and its associated description are shown in these lines.

```
__ Delete User Object
__ Rename/Modify User Object
__ Return to Menu

Name ADD Language 1
New Name ADD New Description

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Help Menu Quit
```

You rename the command by typing over the name in the "New Name" line. Keep the first two letters of the Con-nect command names strictly unique, since an object can be acted upon by entering the first two letters of a command in the Cmd-column in a screen which lists a number of objects.



Note: Con-nect may be corrupted, if the command names are not unique.

You can also modify the description, which can appear in the command prompting window.

Rename/Modify a System Object

Enter an object name in the "Name" input field of the "Administration - Commands and Objects" screen, select the Rename/Modify System Object function and press ENTER.



Note: If you do not enter an object name in the "Name" input field of the "Administration - Commands and Objects" screen and instead press PF9 (for Modify), a selection window appears. Select the object you want to rename and press ENTER.

Input lines called "New Name" and "New Description" are shown at the bottom of the screen. The object name you selected and its associated description are displayed in these lines.

```
__ Delete User Object
__ Rename/Modify User Object
__ Return to Menu

Name APPOINTM Language 1
New Name APPOINTM New Description

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Help Menu Quit
```

You rename the object by typing over the name in the "New Name" field. Keep Con-nect object names strictly unique to avoid confusion as to which object is to be acted upon.



Note: Con-nect may be corrupted, if the object names are not unique.

You can also modify the description which appears in the object prompting window.

Add a User Object

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                     14.Feb.94
 4:37 PM
 Cabinet LS
                    Administration - Commands and Objects
                                                                        A06080
 Select a Function:
                       _ Rename/Modify System Command
                       _ Rename/Modify System Object
                       X Add User Object
                       _ Display User Object
                       _ Delete User Object
                       _ Rename/Modify User Object
                       _ Return to Menu
                  Name REPORT Language 1
              New Name REPORT
            New Number
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
```

To create a user object you must write certain programs and maps to use the new object. Additionally, the following information must be completed on the "Administration - Commands and Objects" screen:

Name

The name you want to give the new object. Con-nect automatically adds the object to the command and object table.

Language

The language code you specified on the "Administration - Main Menu" is shown in this field.

New Name

Not applicable if you are adding an object for only one language.

New Number

Assign a number between 80 and 99 to the new object (these numbers have been reserved for user objects). This number must be the same for all languages in which you add the object.

The numbers 8000 through 9990 in SYSERR must also be reserved for user objects.

A user object must not use a GDA of its own, since this destroys the Con-nect GDA.

Once the user object is added, you must specify the commands that can be used with this object. See *Command and Object Table*.

Add a User Object for Another Language

If you want to add the same object for another language, you must return to the "Administration - Main Menu" and specify the appropriate language code and then return to this screen by selecting "Add User Object" and entering the name you specified when the object was initially added.

```
_ Rename/Modify User Object
_ Return to Menu

Name REPORT Language 2
New Name REPORT
New Number

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Help Menu Quit
```

New Name

The name you specified when you added the object for the first language is shown in this field. You type over this name with the name of the object for the language selected.

New Number

With each language you must assign the same number to the object. For example if you have the object "Report" with number 85 in English, and the same object named "Bericht" in German, the German object must also be assigned to number 85.

Display a User Object

User objects are displayed in a selection window. Mark a user object in the list, and then select the function you want to activate by pressing the appropriate PF-key.

Delete a User Object

```
__ Delete User Object
__ Rename/Modify User Object
__ Return to Menu

Name REPORT Language 1
Delete User Object

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Help Menu Quit
```

Enter the name of the object you want to delete in the "Name" field, or select an object from the selection window. Confirm the deletion by marking the input field at the bottom of the screen.

Rename/Modify a User Object

The procedure to rename or modify a user object is identical to that as renaming or modifying a system object. See *Rename/Modify a System Object*.

Commands and Command Numbers

Con-nect commands are listed in alphabetical order below:

- 1 ADD
- 16 ADDRESS
- 18 ASCENDING
- 20 CANCEL
- 22 CONFIRM
- 2 COPY
- 23 DEFAULTS
- 24 DESCENDING
- 25 DESK
- 17 DETACH
- 3 DISPLAY
- **26 ENCLOSE**
- 4 ERASE
- 27 EXPORT

- 5 FILE
- 21 FLIP
- 29 FORMAT
- 30 FORWARD
- 31 HELP
- 32 IMPORT
- 11 INFO
- 33 LOCK
- 36 LOGON
- 37 MENU
- 6 MODIFY
- 38 MX
- 39 NOTEPAD
- 40 ORIGINAL
- 41 OUTPUT
- 42 PAGE
- 12 PERFORM
- 44 PHONEPAD
- 45 POSITION
- **46 POSTPONE**
- 7 PRINT
- 47 QUIT
- 50 REPLIES
- 51 REPLY
- 8 SEARCH
- 9 SEND
- 53 SHARE
- 54 SNAPSHOT
- 55 TOP
- 59 TRANSLATE
- 56 UNDO
- 13 USE
- 57 USER
- 58 X

Text Retrieval:

28 FIND 49 RULE Con-nect editor commands are listed in alphabetical order below: 35 ABANDON 19 BOTTOM 97 CENTER 72 CHANGE 43 CHECK 73 CLEAR 34 COLUMN 74 COMPRESS 75 CONFORM 2 COPY 76 DELIMIT 77 DIRECTION 78 DX 79 DX-Y 80 DY 81 EX 82 EX-Y 83 EY 21 FLIP 84 INPUT 85 NEWPAGE 40 ORIGINAL 42 PAGE 87 RENAME 88 RESET 89 SAVE 90 SCAN 91 SET 92 SHIFT

- 93 SPLIT
- 55 TOP
- 86 TELEX
- 56 UNDO
- 58 X
- 95 Y

Objects and Object Numbers

Con-nect objects are listed in alphabetical order below:

- 1 Address
- 2 Application
- 3 Appointment
- 4 Bulletin
- 5 Cabinet
- 6 Calendar
- 8 Command
- 9 Day
- 10 Distribution
- 11 Document
- 38 File
- 13 Folder
- 14 Form
- 16 Meeting
- 17 Member
- 41 Memo
- 18 Menu
- 19 Month
- 39 Name
- 20 Notepad
- 21 Object
- 22 PFkey
- 23 Printer
- 24 Procedure

- 25 Profile
- 26 Program
- 27 Reference
- 28 Reminder
- 29 Resource
- 43 Todo
- 33 User
- 35 Week
- 37 Year

Text Retrieval:

- 7 Category
- 44 Query
- 42 Results
- 30 Root
- 32 Synonym
- 36 Word

User Objects:

80-99 User-specified name

Naming Conventions

The names of Con-nect commands and objects must be alphanumeric, and can be a maximum of 12 characters. If a command can be entered in the Cmd-column of a screen which displays a list of objects, the first two letters of the command must be unique throughout Con-nect.

Con-nect Cabinet Maintenance

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Cabinet and User Profile	63
Cabinet Address / Description	
Owners of a Cabinet	
Members of a Shared Cabinet	90
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Modify a Cabinet	98
■ Display Cabinet(s)	99
Copy a Cabinet	100
Move a Cabinet	
Delete a Cabinet	101
Rename Cabinet	102
■ Display Pending Cabinet(s)	102

General Information About Con-nect Cabinet Maintenance

Cabinet Maintenance is used to add and maintain the Con-nect cabinets and users. It can be accessed by both the cabinet administrator(s) and the supervisor. A cabinet has a *unique* 8-byte (maximum) name. Generally, if a cabinet is a private cabinet, the cabinet ID is the same as the ID of the user to whom it is assigned.

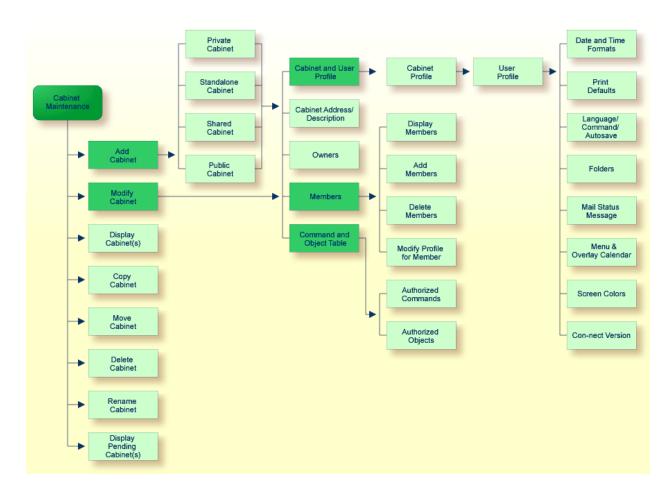
The following cabinet types can be defined:

- private cabinet;
- standalone cabinet;
- shared cabinet;
- public cabinet.

In addition to the cabinet types above is the cabinet SYSCNT which can be accessed and maintained only by the system administrator(s).

Navigating Through Cabinet Maintenance

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke each aspect of Cabinet Maintenance.



The Cabinet Maintenance Menu

All functions which can be performed within Cabinet Maintenance are shown on the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" menu.

```
11:13 AM
Cabinet LS
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    17.Jan.00
                    Administration - Cabinet Maintenance
                                                                       A00050
                        _ Add Cabinet
 Select a Function:
                        _ Modify Cabinet
                        _ Display Cabinet(s)
                        _ Copy Cabinet
                        _ Move Cabinet
                        _ Delete Cabinet
                        _ Rename Cabinet
                        _ Display Pending Cabinet(s)
                        _ Return to Menu
                Cabinet _____ (* to select)
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Add Modif Displ Copy Move Delet Renam Pend
Mark one item from the list above
```

To perform one of the functions, either mark it with any character and press ENTER; or press the PF-key which is assigned to that function. The screen for that function is then displayed.

Add a Cabinet

Enter the name of the new cabinet in the "Cabinet" line of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen. In the case of a shared cabinet, enter the group name; in the case of a private cabinet, you usually enter the user ID from the TP Monitor.



Note: If the name (ID) of the new cabinet is a number and is specified in the "Addressee(s)" line while sending mail, problems will arise, since Con-nect objects are also identified internally by numbers. However, problems will not occur if the last name or description are specified in the "Addressee(s)" line.

Select the Add Cabinet function. As a result, the "Administration - Add Cabinet cabinet -name" screen appears. Specify one of the following cabinet types:

Private Cabinet

Only one user is defined to a private cabinet. It is associated with the user ID from the TP Monitor or from Natural Security.

Standalone Cabinet

This cabinet has no user directly associated with it, but can be accessed by anyone who has the password. Only the cabinet administrator can display a list in which this cabinet is shown (i.e. using the Display Cabinet(s) function). This means that when a user issues the "DISPLAY Cabinet" command, this cabinet is not displayed in the resulting list.

Shared Cabinet

The shared cabinet can be accessed by defined members; non-members can access it with the password.

After you add the cabinet, you must define the members of the shared cabinet. See *Members of a Shared Cabinet*.

If a shared cabinet can receive or send mail, a distribution list is automatically created with the shared cabinet's name.

Public

Any Con-nect user can access a public cabinet without a password.

Press ENTER, and depending on the cabinet type you specified, the following lines are displayed at the bottom of the screen. Enter the information as appropriate.

Private Cabinet

Last Name Last name of the user.

First Name First name of the user.

Initial Optional - middle initial of the user.

Standalone, Shared or Public Cabinet

Description A description of the cabinet.

Disallow Mail Mark this field if mail is not to be received and sent from the cabinet. This includes invitations to meetings, which means that if the cabinet is a resource, the resource cannot be reserved for the meeting via Con-nect. If in the case of a shared cabinet this field is marked, a distribution list for the cabinet is not automatically created.

Press ENTER to add the cabinet. As a result, the "Modify Cabinet cabinet -name" screen appears, you must then specify the profile components for the cabinet.

```
12:45 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                     Administration - Modify Cabinet
                                                                     A06050
                                       ESH
Select a Function:
                       _ Cabinet and User Profile
                       _ Cabinet Address / Description
                       _ Owners
                       _ Members
                       _ Command and Object Table
                       _ Return to Menu
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Prof Addr Owner Membr Cmd
Private cabinet added - profile and address may be modified
```

Not all profile components are applicable to each type of cabinet. The applicable components are indicated in the table below.

Cabinet Type	Cabinet/User Profile	Address/Description	Owners	Members	Command and Object Table
Private	X	address	X		X
Standalone	X	description	X		X
Shared	X	description	X	X	X
Public	X	description	X		X

You can add several cabinets at once by using the Mass Cabinet Maintenance function. See *Connect Mass Cabinet Maintenance and Remote Access*.

Cabinet and User Profile

The profile of a cabinet consists of two parts: the cabinet profile and the user profile. They contain the defaults specified by the system administrator with the System Cabinet Defaults function. See *System Cabinet Defaults*.

You can further restrict the activities which are allowed for the cabinet and modify other default values. However, you cannot allow an activity which the system administrator has disallowed.

You can also use the Command and Object Table function to authorize each cabinet user to modify his own cabinet profile - by permitting use of the command MODIFY with the object Profile.

Sample screens and discriptions of the cabinet and user profiles are provided in the topics below:

- Cabinet Profile
- Administrator Profile
- User Profile

Cabinet Profile

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 3:59 PM
                                                                     14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                      Administration - Cabinet Profile
                                                                        A06052
                                       ESH
Password:
Security:
            Read 9 Modify 9 Copy 9
                                         Print 9
Send:
            Max. Number of Addressees 9999
                        Address Level 7 may send 2 levels higher
 Permitted:
                           Cabinet Maintenance
 (mark to allow)
                          X System Maintenance
                          X Command Prompting
                          X Con-form
                          X Text Retrieval (TRS)
                          X Modify Own Address
                          X Display Home Addresses
                          X Send External Mail
                          X Modify Expiration Date
                          X Read Mail
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Cabinet was modified
```

Password

A user can access a cabinet in one of two ways: he must either know the password for the cabinet, or he must be defined as a shared user of the cabinet.

The *cabinet ID* is the default password, you can modify it by entering any other password.

This is the only value specified in the Cabinet Profile which can be modified by a user with the "MODIFY Profile" command, and every user should modify his password to protect his cabinet.

Security

Certain objects created within Con-nect are assigned security levels.

To access (i.e. read, modify, copy or print) an object, the object must not be marked as private and the user must have a level equal to or greater than the security level of the object.

Read, Modify, Copy, Print Specify the levels (0 to 9) which are to be taken as the default for the cabinet.

In the case of a shared cabinet in which the members do not use the profile of their private cabinets or special profiles, these levels are taken as the default for the members. See *Members* of a Shared Cabinet.

Send

Max. Number of Addressees	The maximum number of addressees (1 to 9999) to whom an object can be sent during one send operation.
Address Level	The address level establishes limitations for the send functions. As a general rule, a user cannot send anything to cabinets (users) who have an address level higher than his own address level. The value entered in this field is the address level assigned to the cabinet (user). Specify a value between 0 (lowest level) and 9 (highest level). If in the case of a shared cabinet in which mail is allowed the address level is modified, the "Shared Cabinet Distribution List" window appears. It confirms that you have changed the address level for the shared cabinet. If you want the address level changed for all members of the shared cabinet's distribution list, press ENTER. Otherwise, press PF3 so that only the shared cabinet is modified.
may send _ levels higher	You can authorize a user to send objects to addressees who have a higher address level by indicating the number of levels higher in this field. For example, suppose you assign address level 5 for a cabinet (user). If you enter a 2 in the "may send _ levels higher" field, the user can send Con-nect objects to users who have an address level as high as 7.

Permitted

An X adjacent to a function means that it can be used within the cabinet. By default, all the functions except "Cabinet Maintenance" and "System Administration" are permitted. You disallow a function which is permitted by removing the X adjacent to it and pressing ENTER.

An X adjacent to the Cabinet and System Maintenance functions defines the user as a supervisor and can handle all functions of a cabinet and system administrator.

Cabinet Maintenance	The user is a cabinet administrator and can perform cabinet maintenance.
System Maintenance	The user is a system administrator and can perform system maintenance.
Command Prompting	Prompting windows are displayed if a faulty or ambiguous command is entered.
Con-form	If not permitted, the user is unable to use: Con-form and the OUTPUT command, FORMAT a document or a mail item, or ADD, DISPLAY and MODIFY printer profiles.
Modify Own Address	The user can change his work or home address.
Display Home Address	The user can display the home address of any user (including his own); if not authorized, only the work address is visible on the "Display Address" screen.
Send External Mail	The user can send mail to external mail nodes (e.g. Telex, external Con-nect nodes, SNADS). If you restrict the cabinet from sending external mail, the cabinet user is unable to send mail to all external nodes. However, if a nickname is defined to an external node in cabinet SYSCNT, the user can send mail to that node by specifying the nickname and not the name of the external node.
Modify Expiration Date	The user can change the expiration date of the objects he has added. The change is made on the "Info" or "Modify" screen of the object (depending on the object).
Read Mail	The user can read mail placed in his Inbasket.

Administrator Profile

Only a supervisor can access this function. It is used to limit the administrative functions of a cabinet or system administrator. You cannot limit the functions for another user who is also a supervisor.

The "Administration - Cabinet Profile" screen contains an additional invisible field to the right of the "Cabinet Maintenance" field. Mark this field with any character to access the following window:

```
Password:
Security: Read 7 Modify 7 Co ! Administrator Profile
Send: Max. Number of Address! Mark to disallow
            Address Le !
                            .
! X Add Cabinet
                     Cabine ! X Modify Cabinet
Permitted:
(mark to allow) X System ! X Delete Cabinet
                    X Comman ! X Move Cabinet
X Con-fo ! Unlock Cabinet
X Text R ! Broadcast
                    X Modify ! X Member Maintenance
X Displa ! Reports
X Send E !
                    X Modify !
                    X Read M +-----
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
   Help Menu Quit
Change the profile and press ENTER
```

Mark the functions that you want to disallow with any character and press ENTER.

User Profile

To access the "Administration - User Profile" screen, you must press ENTER on the "Administration - Cabinet Profile" screen.

```
10:00
                      * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                                   16.0ct.03
 Cabinet LS
                     Administration - User Profile
                                                                      A06052
                                      ESH
  Date and Time Formats
   Print Defaults
  Language/Command/Autosave
  Folders
  Mail Status Message
  Menu and Overlay Calendar
  Screen Colors
  Con-nect Version
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Mark profile items to modify and press ENTER
```

Choose the area(s) you want to modify by marking the input field(s) with any character and pressing ENTER. A window appears where you can modify the default specifications by typing over them.

After you have completed your modifications, press ENTER. If you selected more than one area to modify, the next window will appear, and you can continue modifying the user profile.

The information below contains the following topics:

- Date and Time Formats
- Print Defaults
- Language/Command /Autosave
- Folders
- Mail Status Message
- Menu and Overlay Calendar
- Screen Colors

Con-nect Version

Date and Time Formats

		- n e c t 3 * * * 4.Nov.03
Cabinet LS Admin	nistrati	on - User Profile A06052
Date and Time Formats	Χ	! Date and Time Formats !
Print Defaults	_	! Date format 1.4.5 1 DD ! ! (Any character as 2 MM 4 MON !
Language/Command/Autosave	_	! a delimiter) 3 YY 5 YYYY !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
Folders	_	! Time format 0 0 24h 1 am/pm !! ! Delimiter:!
Mail Status Message	_	! Timezone O (from datacenter) ! ! Week start 1 1-7 Monday-Sunday !
Menu and Overlay Calendar	_	! Day start 0 0-23 hr !!!
Screen Colors	_	! Set cabinet sliding window 0-99 or ! ! Mark to use system value
Con-nect Version	-	++
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4 Help Menu Quit Modify the profile and press		PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12

Date format

Specifies how the date is displayed on all screens, and the order in which the day, month and year appear. The values mean:

- 1 The day is shown as a number.
- 2 The month is shown as a number.
- 3 The year is shown as a two-digit number.
- 4 The month is shown as a three-letter abbreviation.
- 5 The year is shown as a four-digit number.

A delimiter separates the day, month, and year values. You can use any character, including a blank.

In the example above, the date format is 1.4.5 - which means that the date is displayed as "4.Nov.2003".

Time format

Specifies how the time is displayed on all screens. The values mean:

0 24 hour display, e.g. 15:35.1 AM/PM display, e.g. 3:35 PM.



Note: When using the 24 hour display, 23:59 is the last minute of the current day and 0:00 is considered the beginning of the next day.

Delimiter

The delimiter separates the hours and the minutes. You can use any character, including a blank.

Timezone

The local time zone (taken from the data center) is the default, and is specified as 0. You can specify any other time zone by entering the number of hours ahead (e.g. 6) or behind (e.g. -8) your data center time zone. This is helpful, when a user adds calender entries.

However, the values specified here do not affect the time shown in the upper left corner of all Con-nect screens, as the local time is always displayed.

The local (CPU) time zone is specified on the "Administration - System Defaults" screen. See *System Defaults*.

Week start

Indicates the first day of the week that is shown on the Con-nect menu and the calendar screens. The values mean:

- 1 The first day of the week is Monday.
- 2 The first day of the week is Tuesday.
- ١.,
- 7 The first day of the week is Sunday.

Day start

The start of a 10-hour period within which you expect the greatest number of calendar entries. A day on the "Display Month" screen begins with this time. For example, the values mean:

- 0 The day starts at midnight (12 PM or 0:00) and ends at 10 o'clock in the morning (10 AM or 10:00).
- 8 The day starts at 8 o'clock in the morning (8 AM or 8:00) and ends at 6:00 o'clock in the evening (6 PM or 18:00).

An asterisk (*) to the left or to the right of the time scale of the "Display Month" screen indicates that a calendar entry occurs before or after the period covered by the scale.

Set cabinet sliding window _ 0-99 or

Determines from which point the Con-nect calendar interprets a two-digit year value as belonging to another century. For further information, see *System Defaults*.

If you specify a value in this field, you cannot mark the "Mark to use system value" field.

Mark to use system value

This field is initially marked. The number to the right of this field is the value defined as the system default. It is defined in the "Administration - System Defaults" screen in either the "Con-nect sliding window" or "Use Natural YSLW" field. For further information, see *System Defaults*.

If you mark this field, you cannot enter a value in the "Set cabinet sliding window" field.

Print Defaults

10:07 * * *	Con	- n e c t 3 * * * 4.Nov.03
Cabinet LS Admir	nistrati	on - User Profile A06052
Date and Time Formats	_	! Print Defaults !
Print Defaults	Χ	! Printer name ! ! DAEPRTB2!
Language/Command/Autosave	_	<pre>! Page length 65 Wrap printed line _ ! ! Line width 72 Left margin 0_ !</pre>
Folders	_	<pre>! Mark to print _ Info ! _ Attached/Cover notes !</pre>
Mail Status Message	_	! _ List of replies ! ! ! List of addressees !
Menu and Overlay Calendar	-	! Printer profile !
Screen Colors	-	! Formatting profile ! ! ! ! !
Con-nect Version	_	+
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4 Help Menu Quit Modify the profile and press		PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12

Printer name

A printer name (combination of printer profile and printer destination) that you have defined using the Logical Printers function. Enter an asterisk (*) to obtain a list of defined printer names.

HARDCOPY can also be specified as the printer name. In this case, the printer which has been defined by the Natural variable *HARDCOPY is used.

Page length

The number of lines (1 to 99) per page of printout.

Wrap printed line

Optional - if marked, each line of text which is longer than the physical printer line is wrapped. When this field is not marked (default), lines that are longer than the physical printer line are truncated.

Line width

The number of characters (1 to 249) per line. The line width is only evaluated by certain languages (e.g. Hebrew). In other languages this information is not considered.

Left margin

Optional - the number of blank spaces at the beginning of each printed line.

Mark to print

Any character to cause the following items to be printed with the document:

Info

Information regarding when and by whom an object was created, last modified, forwarded and/or sent.

Attached /Cover notes

Attached notes and cover notes.

List of replies

The list of users who sent a reply to the mail item.

■ List of addressees

The addressee list of a mail item.

Printer profile

If a printer profile different than the one associated to this printer is to be used, enter the name here. (The profile must be defined in SYSCNT.) As a result, that profile is substituted for the profile which belongs to the printer name.

If this field is left blank, the profile associated with the printer is used. If this field is left blank and the printer does not have a profile associated with it, a profile is not used.

Enter an asterisk (*) to obtain a list of defined printer profiles.

Formatting profile

If a formatting profile different than the system default profile FPROFILE is to be used, enter the name here. A profile can be any Con-form text document in either SYSCNT or the user's own cabinet.

Language/Command /Autosave

		n e c t 3 * * * 4.Nov.03 on - User Profile A06052
Date and Time Formats	_	! Language / Command / Autosave !
Print Defaults	_	! Language code 1 !
Language/Command/Autosave	Χ	! Command sequence X mark for ! ! OBJECT name COMMAND !
Folders	-	! ! Rename system folders _ !
Mail Status Message	_	! ! Blank substitute / !
Menu and Overlay Calendar	-	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !
Screen Colors	-	! !
Con-nect Version	-	÷
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4 Help Menu Quit Modify the profile and press		PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12

Language code

The code number for the language to be used for all the commands, menus and screens. You can only specify codes for languages which have been installed in your system. The language codes are:

1 English	7 Finnish
2 German	7 Swedish
3 French	8 Danish
4 Spanish	8 Hebrew
5 Italian	9 Norwegian
6 Dutch	9 Portuguese (Brazilian)
7 Turkish	9 Arabic
7 Icelandic	9 Russian

Command sequence

If you leave this field blank, the default command sequence "command object name" ("name" can also be a date) is used.

Mark this field with any character if you want to use the alternative command sequence "object name command" (e.g. if you want to work with the German language).

Rename system folders

Used in conjunction with the "Language code" field. If marked, the names of all system folders (e.g. Inbasket and Outbasket) are translated into the language that has been defined for this cabinet. If not marked, the names of the system folders are not changed.

Blank substitute

The character which is to be entered in place of the blank when specifying names or dates with embedded blanks.

By default, the blank substitute character is a slash (/). You must *not* use a period (.), asterisk (*) or the letter X as the blank substitute character.

Autosave every __ modifications

The number entered here refers to the "(Undo <code>Document-name</code>)" version of a user's document. You can specify that a version is updated, for example, every second time a user presses <code>ENTER</code> while modifying the document in the Con-nect editor.

You can specify a number from 1 to 99. The default is 10.

Folders

```
10:09
                  * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                         4.Nov.03
Cabinet LS
                Administration - User Profile
                                                           A06052
                                    Folders
  Date and Time Formats
  Print Defaults
                               ! Customize folder _
  Language/Command/Autosave _
  Folders
                        X ! Display reply column (Inb./Outb.) 1
                              ! O or blank no display
                                   1 to sender
  Mail Status Message
                                          2 to any user
  Menu and Overlay Calendar
  Screen Colors
  Con-nect Version
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit
Modify the profile and press ENTER
```

Customize folder

Mark this field to display the screen below. This screen is used to determine how and which fields will be displayed in the "Contents of Folder" screen.

11:32 AM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * 16.Aug.1999 Customize Folder Layout in Cabinet LS C06131
Name, Description Sender/Addressee Object Type Document Format Items in Folder Mail Type Author ID Modified ID	2 IO Modify Mail Type Text _ 8 Author 8 Modified Date Time Formats
Mailed Filed Enclosures	12 Created 1.4.5 _ Date: 1 DD 2 MM 3 YY 12 Modified 1.4.5 _ 4 MON 5 YYYY 12 Mailed 1.4.5 _ Time: 0 24h 1 am/pm _5 _8 Filed 1.4.5 _ Blank No Display _6 _3 Enc7 _1 P
	Copy from Cabinet
Help Menu	PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Quit d changes and press ENTER to modify

Field

This column contains the type of information that can be displayed in the "Contents of Folder Name" screen. The adjacent "Pos" column is used to determine whether it will be displayed.

Pos

The order in which the corresponding information is to be displayed in the "Contents of Folder *Name*" screen. Specify the order by entering consecutive numbers from 1 to 14 in this column. If you leave a field blank, the corresponding information is not displayed in the "Contents of Folder *Name*" screen.

Len

The field length for the corresponding information in the "Contents of Folder Name" screen. Specify the length by entering the required number of characters in this column.

The maximum length for all fields is 74. The currently defined total length is displayed in the "Total" field. If you exceed the maximum length, an error message is displayed as soon as you press ENTER. The layout is not saved in this case.

Header

In this column, you can define the header for the corresponding information that is displayed in the "Contents of Folder Name" screen. It must not exceed the length defined in the corresponding "Len" column.

Reset to Standard

If marked, all fields are reverted to the standards delivered with Con-nect (not to the standards of cabinet SYSCNT) and the currently defined language for your cabinet.

Name, Description

If the object has a name, the name is displayed in the "Contents of Folder" screen. The length of the name displayed is determined by the value in the corresponding "Name Length" field.

If the object does not have a name, the description is displayed in parentheses.

If the object has both a name and a description, the name is displayed first. The length of the description is the difference between the defined length for this field and the value specified in the "Name Length" field.

Name Length

Determines the length of the name displayed in the "Contents of Folder Name" screen.

Sender/Addressee

The sender's or recipient's full name, or remote node name.

Object Type

The type of object. For example, a document or file.

Document Format

This field applies to documents only. The format of the document (e.g. Txt, Cnf, Bin).

Items in Folder

This field applies to folders and files only. When objects are stored in a folder or file, this is indicated by an X.

Mail Type

Indicates the type of mail (e.g. "I<" for received item). You can modify the abbreviation using the "Modify Mail Type Text" field, as described below.

Modify Mail Type Text

If marked, the "Modify Mail Type Text for Contents of Folder Screen" window appears. You can define the abbreviations that are used in the "Mail Type" field.

Author ID

User ID of the author.

Modified ID

User ID of user that last modified the item.

Created

Date and time item was created. You define the time stamp layout in the "Date Time Format" fields.

Modified

Date and time item was last modified. You define the time stamp layout in the "Date Time Format" fields.

Mailed

Date and time item was mailed. You define the time stamp layout in the "Date Time Format" fields.

Filed

Date and time item was filed. You define the time stamp layout in the "Date Time Format" fields

Date Time Formats

Specifies how the date and time are displayed for the above four fields (Created, Modified, Mailed and Filed). The date values mean:

- 1 The day is shown as a number.
- 2 The month is shown as a number.
- 3 The year is shown as a two-digit number.
- 4 The month is shown as a three-letter abbreviation.
- 5 The year is shown as a four-digit number.

A delimiter separates the day, month, and year values. You can use any character, including a blank. In the example above, the date format is 1.4.5 which means that the date is displayed as "16.Aug.1999".

The time values mean:

```
0 a 24 hour display, e.g. 15:35
1 AM/PM display, e.g. 3:35 PM
```

If left blank, the time is not displayed.

Enclosures

Number of enclosures attached to a document.

Private Use

If marked with an X, the item is private.

Total

The current total length of the folder layout. Maximum length is 74. If you exceed the maximum length, an error message is displayed and the layout is not saved.

Copy from Cabinet

If you want to copy a cabinet's folder layout, enter the cabinet ID in this field. You need not be defined as a shared user to copy from another cabinet. Folders and documents are not copied; only the folder layout.

Mark to Preview

If you want to preview the layout before saving your changes, mark this field.

Press enter to confirm your modifications.

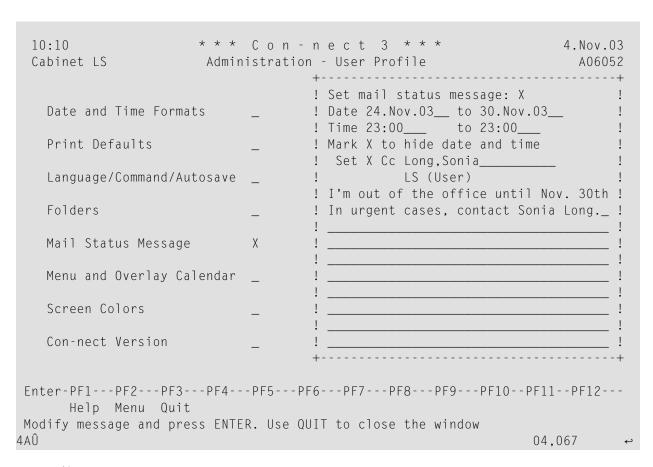
Display reply column

You can specify whether the "Reply" column is to be shown in the Inbasket and Outbasket. Specify one of the following values:

0 or blank	The "Reply" column is not shown.
	The "Reply" column is shown. A character in this column indicates a reply to/from the sender.
2	The "Reply" column is shown. A character in this column indicates a reply to/from any user.

For further information, see *Checking Your Inbasket* and *Checking Your Outbasket* in the *Con-nect User's Guide*.

Mail Status Message



Set mail status message

If a user will not be available through Con-nect for an extended period of time, you can set a mail status message for the user (e.g. if that user is ill).

Enter any character in this field to activate the mail status message.



Note: The mail status message is not displayed when a user sends a reply to a memo or an invitation to a meeting.

To cancel the mail status message, remove the character from this field. The message is still shown in the window, but is not displayed when someone attempts to send mail to that user.

Date

The (starting) date for the mail status message.



Note: Day, month, and (optionally) year must be entered in the same sequence as shown in the upper right corner of the screen. When you abbreviate (truncate) the name of the month, you must make sure that the abbreviation is unique.

to

Optional - the ending date for the mail status message. It must not occur later than 3 years after the starting date.

Time

The time range (start and ending time) in which the mail status message is to appear on the specified day(s). When the mail status message is to appear during the entire day, you specify 12:01 AM to 11:59 PM (0:00 to 23:59).

Mark _ to hide date and time

When you mark this field, the date and time range for the mail status message is not displayed in the mail status message window of another user.

Set

To activate the Cc feature, mark this field.

Cc

You can specify who is to receive a copy of each mail item that is sent to the user. This can be a nickname, user ID, cabinet name or bulletin board. You can also enter an asterisk (*) to select the addressee from a list.

This feature does not apply to invitations to meetings.

A Cc can also be defined with a cabinet address. See *Cabinet Address / Description*. However, the Cc defined with the mail status message works independently from the Cc and Cc 2 defined in the cabinet address. Thus, 3 different Cc definitions may be in use.

Message text

In the lines below the Cc, type the message you want to be displayed when other users send mail to the user.

Con-nect Administration

Press enter to confirm your modifications.

Press PF3 to close the window.

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Note: Your modifications are not saved until you quit from the "Administration - User Profile" screen.

Menu and Overlay Calendar

		- n e c t 3 * * * on - User Profile 4.Nov.03 A06052
Date and Time Formats	_	! Menu and Overlay Calendar !
Print Defaults	_	! Main Menu Name !
Language/Command/Autosave	_	! Display Month 1 ! ! ! ! !
Folders	_	! Calendar 3 !
Mail Status Message	_	! Display Day Name x !
Menu and Overlay Calendar	X	! Overlay Calendar ID 1 ! ! ID 2 !
Screen Colors	_	! Window Border ! !
Con-nect Version	_	++
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4 Help Menu Quit Modify the profile and press		PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12

Main Menu Name

By default, this line is blank and the menu which has been defined in cabinet SYSCNT by the system administrator or supervisor is used as the main menu. If another menu has not been defined, the Con-nect menu is the main menu.

If you create a default menu for your environment in cabinet SYSCNT, the "Main Menu Name" line must be blank (i.e. it must not contain the name of *any* menu).

If the main menu defined for your environment does not fit the needs of the current cabinet, you can use another menu created and stored in cabinet SYSCNT. In this case, the name of the menu is specified in this line.

Display Month/Mail/Calendar

The sequence the information (month, mail, calendar) is displayed on the Con-nect menu. The values mean:

- 0 The information is not displayed.
- 1 The information is displayed first.
- 2 The information is displayed next.
- 3 The information is displayed last.

Display Day Name

If this field is marked, the name of the current day is displayed below the date in the upper right corner of the screens. If this field is left blank, the system number for the screen is displayed.

Overlay Calendar ID

Optional - the ID of one or two other private cabinets to which the cabinet has access. If given permission, with the SHARE command, the cabinet can display and modify the specified cabinets' calendar entries.

In a private cabinet, the IDs of public and shared cabinets can also be specified. In a shared cabinet, only the IDs of other shared or public cabinets can be specified. In a public cabinet, only the IDs of other public cabinets can be specified.

Window Border

The character to be used for the vertical window borders.

If the terminal supports reverse video, the window border is always shown in reverse video.



Note: If the terminal does not show the window border in reverse video, it might be necessary to enter the appropriate Natural terminal command. For example, for an IBM terminal, you enter %T=3278 (or %T=3279 for a color terminal). See the Natural reference documentation for further information.

Screen Colors

		nect 3 * * * 4.Nov.03 on - User Profile A06052
Date and Time Formats	_	! Screen Colors !
Print Defaults	_	! Enter Color Number !! ! Default Intense !
Language/Command/Autosave	_	! Text 6 7 ! ! ! Modifiable Field 3 7 !
Folders	-	! Output 2 2 ! ! Window Border 3 !
Mail Status Message	_	! ! Color Numbers !
Menu and Overlay Calendar	_	! 1 Blue 5 Red!! 2 Green 6 Turquoise!
Screen Colors	Χ	! 3 Neutral 7 Yellow ! ! 4 Pink !
Con-nect Version	_	++
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4 Help Menu Quit Make changes and press ENTER		PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 ay the new colors

You can specify the colors to be used for various types of text in a color terminal. The color numbers are shown at the bottom of the window.

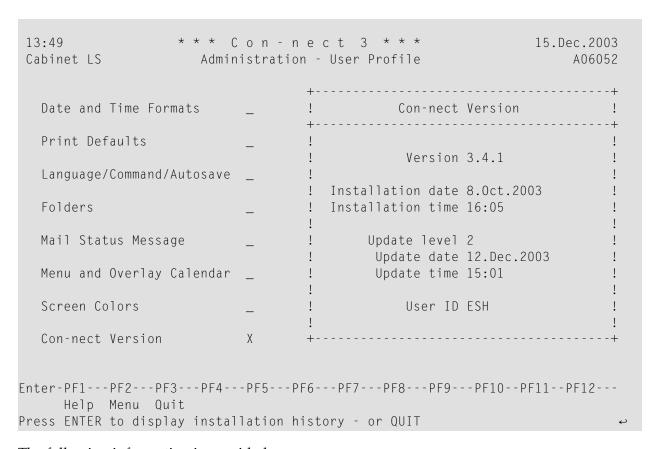
Enter the number of the colors in the Default and Intense columns. When you have completed your entries, press ENTER. The new color assignments are then shown.

Press ENTER again to save these assignments and to close the window.



Note: If the color terminal does not show the specified colors, it might be necessary to enter the appropriate Natural terminal command. For example, for an IBM terminal, you enter %T=3279. See Natural's Reference documentation for further information.

Con-nect Version



The following information is provided:

Version

The version number of the currently installed Con-nect version.

Installation Date/Time

The date and time at which the current version has been installed at your site.

Update Level

The update level indicates the updates that have been installed.

Update Date/Time

The date and time at which the current update has been installed at your site.

User ID

The user ID of the person who has installed Con-nect at your site, or when updates have been installed, the user ID of the person who has installed the currenty displayed update.

To display the installation history, press ENTER repeatedly to page through all history windows. To close the window, issue the QUIT command.

```
13:49
Cabinet LS
                   * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                               15.Dec.2003
                      Administration - User Profile
                                                                    A06052
  Date and Time Formats
                                       Con-nect Installation History
  Print Defaults
                                               Version 3.4.1
  Language/Command/Autosave
                                   ! Installation date 8.Oct.2003
  Folders
                                   ! Installation time 16:05
  Mail Status Message
                                           Update level 1
                                          Update date 27.Nov.2003
  Menu and Overlay Calendar
                                           Update time 14:54
  Screen Colors
                                               User ID TPI
  Con-nect Version
Enter-PF1---PF3---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Press ENTER to continue - or QUIT
```

Cabinet Address / Description

If the cabinet is a private cabinet, the last name, first name and initial are filled in by Con-nect; if the cabinet is a shared, public or standalone cabinet, the discription is filled in. In addition, the system work address information specified in the system cabinet defaults for cabinet SYSCNT (see *Cabinet Address / Description (SYSCNT)*) is also filled in. You can enter additional address information for the cabinet.

The "Modify Address - Cabinet cabinet -name" screen for a private cabinet is shown below.

2:47 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 Modify Address - Cabinet E			ul.2002 nursday
First name Company Department Location	Eshberry	Title Number		
Postal code Phone 1 Mobile Set X Cc E-mail	Maplewood	Fax ₋ Cc 2 ₋	1 777-1234	
Help Mer	?PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7	PF8I		

Last name, first name, initial and sex can only be modified here.

Note: If, at a later date, you modify a user's first or last name who is authorized for remote access, you must also flag the user to be updated with the next synchronization. See *Remote Access - User*.

Most fields are self-explanatory. Special fields for the work address are described below.

Sex

"Sex" is the default name for this field. You can enter any value. For example, "F" or "Female".

You can rename this field via error message 0130 (for example, to "Salutation"). For further information, see *Changing the Cabinet Address/Description Fields*.

Phone/Mobile/Fax

Three fields are provided for each number:

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- 1 Enter the country code (3 digits) in the first field. Leading zeros are automatically deleted.
- 2 Enter the phone number (15 digits) in the second field.
- 3 Enter the extension (5 digits) in the third field.

Phone 2 and mobile can only be specified for the work address.

Set Cc

This can only be defined on the screen showing the work address. You can specify who is to receive a copy of each mail item that is sent to this user (Cc and Cc 2). This can be a nickname, user ID, cabinet name or bulletin board. You can also enter an asterisk (*) to select the addressee from a list.

To activate this feature, mark the "Set" field.

This feature does not apply to invitations to meetings.

A Cc can also be defined with a mail status message. See *Mail Status Message*. However, the Cc defined with the mail status message works independently from Cc and Cc 2 defined in the user address. Thus, 3 different Cc definitions may be in use.

E-mail

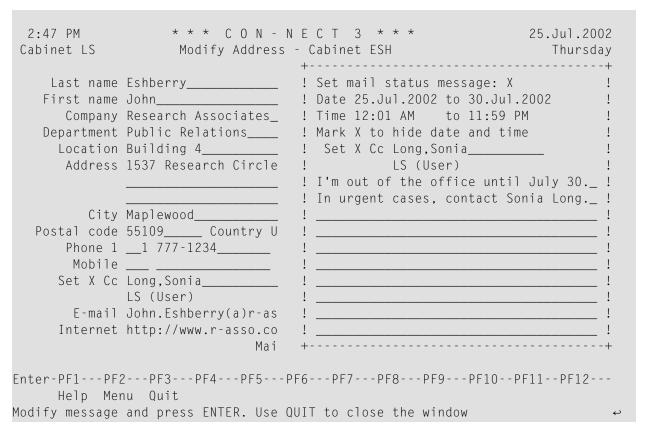
This can be defined on both screens, work address and home address. You can specify the user's e-mail address. This is only for informational purposes.

Internet

This can only be defined on the screen displaying the work address. "Internet" is the default name for this field. You can specify, for example, your company's home page. This is only for informational purposes.

You can rename this field via error message 0130 (for example, to "Comments"). For further information, see *Changing the Cabinet Address/Description Fields*.

Mark the "Mail Status" field to display the "Set Mail Status Message" window, as shown below.



Press PF3 to quit from this window.

Mark the "Miscellaneous" field to display the "Modify Miscellaneous - Cabinet cabinet -name" screen.

```
2:48 PM
Cabinet LS
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                              25.Jul.2002
                  Modify Miscellaneous - Cabinet ESH
                                                                 Thursday
    Last name Eshberry
                                                  Initial W
   First name John
                                                      Sex Male
       Header Description
     Birthday 01.Jan.1966____
       Hobby Traveling
      Married Yes
     Children Jessica, Charles___
Copy from cabinet _____ Mark headers _ or all _           Confirm copy _
                             Mail Status _ Work Address _ Home Address _
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Modify the address as required and press ENTER to update
```

Header/Description

Ten lines are provided where each line consists of two fields - Header and Description. If Miscellaneous information has been specified for cabinet SYSCNT, it is automatically filled in.

Copy from Cabinet

Optional - You can copy the Miscellaneous information from any cabinet.

Mark Headers _ or All _

If you have specified a cabinet in the "Copy from Cabinet" field, you must mark one. If you mark "Headers", only the Miscellaneous headers defined for that cabinet is copied. If you mark "All", both the Miscellaneous headers and descriptions defined for that cabinet are copied. You press ENTER to display the information.

Confirm Copy

You must mark this field to confirm the copy of Miscellaneous information from another cabinet

Mark the "Home Address" field to display the "Modify Home Address - Cabinet cabinet -name" screen.

```
25.Jul.2002
                                                         Thursday
   Last name Eshberry
                                             Initial W
   First name John
                                                Sex Male
 Home address 9999 Dodd Road
        City St. Paul___
  Postal code 55111_____ Country USA____
       Phone __1 555-987-654____
         Fax _____
      E-mail ____
                          Mail Status _ Work Address _ Miscellaneous _
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit
Modify the address as required and press ENTER to update
```

The home address from cabinet SYSCNT is not copied to a new cabinet.

Most information here is self-explanatory. For a description of the Phone, Fax and E-mail, see the work address.

Complete your entries and press ENTER in each screen to update the cabinet address.

Owners of a Cabinet

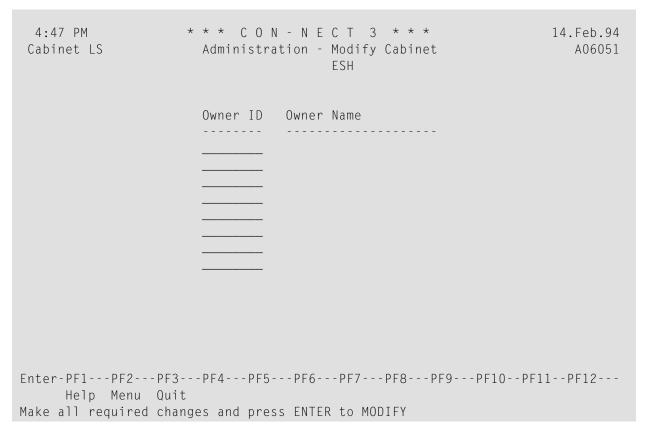
You can limit access to a cabinet, or group of cabinets, to specific administrator(s) by adding them as owners of the cabinets.

Cabinets which have owners can only be modified by the administrators who have been specified as owners (in the case of private cabinets, they can be modified by the user to which they are assigned as well). Cabinets which do not have owners can be modified by all cabinet administrators.

When you specify the owners of a cabinet, keep the following restrictions in mind:

- A cabinet administrator *cannot* perform the following with cabinets which have owners unless he is one of the owners:
 - mark the cabinet for DELETE or MOVE

- modify the Command and Object table
- modify the Cabinet and User Profile
- modify the Owners
- modify the Members
- modify the Address/Description
- create Statistical or Membership reports
- A supervisor can perform all functions for every cabinet.



Owner ID

The owner must be a cabinet administrator or supervisor. You can specify up to eight owners by entering their user IDs. (Owners are optional.)

Owner Name

After you press ENTER, the corresponding names are displayed.

Members of a Shared Cabinet

The members of a shared cabinet and their profiles are maintained with this function.

```
12:28 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
                                                                      A06170
 Cabinet LS
                     Administration - Shared Cabinet
                                       TEAM1
Select a Function:
                       _ Display Member(s)
                       _ Add Member(s)
                       _ Delete Member(s)
                       _ Modify Profile for Member
                       _ Return to Menu
             Member(s) __
               Profile _ 1 Shared Cabinet Profile
                           2 Private Cabinet Profile
                          3 Special Profile
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Displ Add Delet ModPr
Mark one item from the list above
```

The information below contains the following topics:

- Display Member(s)
- Add Member(s)
- Delete Member(s)
- Modify Profile for Member

Display Member(s)

When the Display Member(s) function is marked, the "Administration - Display Member(s)" screen, as shown below, is displayed listing all members of the cabinet.

5:01 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Administration - Display Members Cabinet TEAM1		14.Feb.94 A03170
Mark Member Type	Name / Description	Profile	Date Added
_ *9999987 User _ *9999982 User _ EAS User _ NJ User or Position to *	Landrey, Carol Mayer, Julie Ashley, Elizabeth Johnston, Norman	Special	11.08.94 09.02.94 05.01.94 05.01.94
Enter-PF1PF2PF3- Help Menu Quit Mark one item from the			F11PF12

You can mark one user at a time in the list and either delete him from the cabinet, or modify the type of profile the member uses for the cabinet.

If any member of the cabinet is an external user, the external user's alias number is displayed in the column Member. External members can only be deleted with the Remote Access - Membership function. See *Delete Authorization*.

Add Member(s)

Enter the last name(s) or the user ID(s) of the new member(s) in the "Member(s)" line, and specify the type of profile the member(s) will use when accessing the shared cabinet:

- 1 The profile of the shared cabinet (the printer specified in the user's profile will be used).
- 2 The member's own user profile.
- 3 A special profile which must be specified using the Modify Profile for Member function, discussed later in this section (this can only be used when a single member is being added).

To add several members at one time, you can enter an asterisk (*) in the "Member(s)" line. A window listing all cabinet users is displayed. Mark those you want to define as members of the cabinet and press ENTER. All members added by this method will have the same profile.

The type of profile used by the member determines the cabinet ID used (as displayed in the upper left corner of the screen). For example:

- 1 The name of the shared cabinet is used.
- 2 The name (cabinet ID) of the member is used.
- 3 The name of the shared cabinet is used.

Specify the Add Member(s) function - Con-nect then displays the full name of the member just added to the right of the "Member(s)" line. To add additional members, repeat the process.

Delete Member(s)

You can delete member(s) from the cabinet using the following steps:

- enter the member name(s) or user ID(s) in the "Member(s)" line of the "Administration Shared Cabinet" screen; or
- mark the member(s) on the "Administration Display Members" screen;
- and select the Delete Member(s) function.
- **Note:** External members can only be deleted from the cabinet with the Remote Access Membership function. See *Delete Authorization*.

The name of the last member deleted is displayed to the right of the "Member" line.

Modify Profile for Member

Use this function to change the type of profile the member uses when accessing the cabinet, or to specify a special profile.

See *Profile Initialization* for a description of how a profile is initialized when a shared cabinet is used.

Specify the cabinet member for which you want to modify the profile using the following steps:

- enter the member name or user ID in the "Member(s)" line of the "Administration Shared Cabinet" screen; or
- mark the member on the "Administration Display Members" screen;
- and select the Modify Profile for Member function.
- **Note:** The name of the last member modified during the session is displayed to the right of the "Member(s)" line.

As a result, the "Administration - Modify Profile" screen is displayed.

```
12:32 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                     Administration - Modify Profile
                                                                      A06171
 In Shared Cabinet TEAM2
                          Member
 uses the Profile Type marked with =>
                  => _ Shared Cabinet Profile
                       _ Private Cabinet Profile
                       _ Special Profile
                       _ Return to Menu
 Select the desired Profile Type
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Mark one item from the list above
```

The type of profile currently being used is marked with "=>". Modify the type of profile by marking the new profile with any character.

If you select the special profile, you must define the profile just as you do when adding a new cabinet. See *Cabinet Profile*. Upon completion, the "Administration - Special Profile" screen is displayed. The special profile can then be used for existing members of other shared cabinets by marking the "Copy Special Profile to other Members" field.

```
* * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
12:32 PM
 Cabinet LS
                      Administration - Special Profile
                                                                     A06172
                      Member
                      Shared Cabinet TEAM2
Select a Function:
                       _ Copy Special Profile to other Members
                       _ Cabinet and User Profile
                       _ Command and Object Table
                       _ Return to Menu
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Init Prof CmdOb
Profile has been modified
```

Command and Object Table

The Command and Object Table function allows you to specify the permitted commands and objects for each user individually. Con-nect then creates command and object tables for the user.

The information below contains the following topics:

- Authorized Commands
- Authorized Objects

Authorized Commands

The "Administration - Command/Object Authorization" screen appears when you select the Authorized Commands function. It lists all Con-nect commands in alphabetical order. The first column on the left contains the commands which are used in conjunction with specific objects. The five other columns contain the object-independent commands.

4:53 PM	* * * C O N - N	E C T 3 * * *	14.Feb.94				
Cabinet LS	Administration - Cor Cal	A06053					
Cmds w/ Objs Object-independent Commands							
O ADD		X HELP X QUIT					
X COPY	X ADDRESS X DETACH	X IMPORT X RENAME	X UNDO				
X DISPLAY	X ASCENDING X DIRECTION	X INPUT X REPLIES	X USER				
X ERASE	X BOTTOM X DX	X LOCK X REPLY	ХХ				
X FILE	X CANCEL X DX-Y	X LOGON X RESET	Х Ү				
X INFO	X CENTER X DY	X MENU X RULE	_				
O MODIFY	X CHANGE X ENCLOSE	X MX X SAVE	_				
X PERFORM	X CLEAR X EX	X NEWPAGE X SCAN	_				
X PRINT	X COLUMN X EX-Y	X NOTEPAD X SET	_				
X SEARCH	X COMPRESS X EXPORT	X ORIGINAL X SHARE	_				
X SEND	X CONFIRM X EY	X OUTPUT X SHIFT	_				
X USE	X CONFORM X FIND	X PAGE X SNAPSHOT	_				
_	X DEFAULTS X FLIP	PHONEPAD X SPLIT	_				
_	X DELIMIT X FORMAT	X POSITION X TELEX	_				
_	X DESCENDING X FORWARD	X POSTPONE X TOP	_				
Mark with X to allow, O to specify allowed objects or leave blank to disallow							
Enter-PF1PF3PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12							
Help Menu Quit Cmd Objs							
Make the changes and press ENTER to update							

By default, all commands which are supported are marked with an X, which means that they can be used from the cabinet without restrictions. If you remove an X, the adjacent command cannot be used from the cabinet. For example, the command PHONEPAD has been disallowed on the screen above.

You can also limit the objects which can be used in conjunction with certain commands by marking the commands (in the left-most column) with the letter O. In the example above, objects are limited for the ADD and MODIFY commands.

After you have made your selections, press ENTER. As a result, a screen is displayed for the first command selected, listing the available objects for the command. By default, all objects are allowed. To disallow an object with the command, delete the X adjacent to the object.

The example below displays the objects permitted with the ADD command; the user of this cabinet cannot add command aliases or printer profiles.

4:57 PM Cabinet LS			ject Authorizat	14.Feb.94 ion A06053			
Mark the objects a	llowed with	command ADD	with an X				
X ADDRESS	PRINTER						
X APPLICATION X		_	_	_			
X APPOINTMENT X	PROGRAM	-	_	_			
X BULLETIN X	QUERY	_	_	_			
X CATEGORY X	REFERENCE						
COMMAND X	REMINDER						
X DISTRIBUTION X	RESOURCE	_	_	_			
X DOCUMENT X	ROOT		_				
X FOLDER X	SYNONYM		_				
X FORM X							
X MEETING X	WORD	_	_	_			
X MEMBER _		_	_	_			
X MENU _		_	_	_			
X NOTEPAD _		_	_	_			
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12							
Help Menu Quit Cmd Objs							
Make the changes and press ENTER to update							

After you have completed your specifications, press ENTER to proceed to the screen for the next command you want to modify.

Authorized Objects

The "Administration - Command/Object Authorization" screen appears when you select the Authorized Objects function. It lists all Con-nect objects in alphabetical order.

	* * * C O Administration		ject Authorizati	14.Feb.94 on A06053		
X ADDRESS	X MEMBER	X RESOURCE				
X APPLICATION	X MEMO	X RESULTS				
X APPOINTMENT	X MENU	X ROOT	_	_		
X BULLETIN	X MONTH	X SYNONYM	_	_		
X CABINET	X NAME	X TODO	_	_		
X CALENDAR	X NOTEPAD	X USER	_	_		
X CATEGORY	X PFKEY	X WEEK	_	_		
COMMAND	O PRINTER	X WORD	_	_		
X DAY	X PROCEDURE	X YEAR	_	_		
X DISTRIBUTION	X PROFILE	_	_	_		
X DOCUMENT	X PROGRAM	_	_	_		
X FOLDER	X QUERY	_	_	_		
	X REFERENCE	_	_	_		
X MEETING	X REMINDER	_	_	_		
Mark with X to allow or leave blank to disallow O means that not all commands are allowed with this object Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit Cmd Objs Make the changes and press ENTER to update						

By default, all objects which are supported are marked with an X, which means that they can be used from this cabinet without restrictions. If you delete an X, the adjacent object cannot be used from the cabinet.

If you limited the use of an object so that it can only be used with certain commands (see previous section), that object is marked with the letter O on this screen.

Objects which are not permitted do not appear in the prompting windows in the user's cabinet.

Modify a Cabinet

To modify a cabinet, enter the name of the cabinet in the "Cabinet" field of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen and select the Modify Cabinet function. The "Modify Cabinet cabinet name" screen appears, where you can modify the following cabinet features - which are identical to the features specified when a cabinet is added:

- cabinet and user profile;
- address of private cabinet / description of standalone, shared, public cabinet;
- owners of cabinet;
- members of shared cabinet;

command and object table.



Note: If owners have been defined to a cabinet, only the owners or supervisor can modify the cabinet.

Display Cabinet(s)

If you enter a specific cabinet on the "Cabinet" field of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen and select the Display Cabinet(s) function, cabinet profile information for that cabinet is displayed.

To obtain a list of all existing cabinets, select the Display Cabinet(s) function, without specifying a cabinet name. A window appears, where you can mark the type of cabinet(s) you want to view, or press ENTER to obtain a list of all cabinets. The cabinets are listed in alphabetical order according to the cabinet names.

The PF-keys at the bottom of the "Administration - Display Cabinets" screen list the maintenance functions you can perform for a cabinet.

The following is the type of information displayed:

Cabinet

The cabinet ID.

Name / Description

The name of the corresponding user or the description in case of a standalone, shared or public cabinet.

Type

Type of cabinet: private, standalone, shared, or public.

NoM

An X indicates that the mail function has been disallowed for the current cabinet.

Own

An X indicates that the current cabinet is an owner of the cabinet listed. If the current cabinet is not an owner, but other cabinets are, the total number of owners is displayed.

Adm

The type of administrator who owns the cabinet:

- A Cabinet administrator
- X System administrator
- S Supervisor (system and cabinet administrator)

Modified

The date when the cabinet was created or last modified.

To display a cabinet, you mark the cabinet and press ENTER.

Copy a Cabinet

Enter the name of the cabinet you want to copy (i.e. the source cabinet) in the "Cabinet" field of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen and select the Copy Cabinet function. Enter the following information as appropriate on the "Administration - Copy Cabinet" screen.

New cabinet

The target (new) cabinet. If the cabinet is to be a private cabinet, enter the user ID of the person who is to use the cabinet, otherwise enter a cabinet ID.

Last Name

Last name of the private cabinet user.

First Name

First name of the private cabinet user.

Initial

Optional - middle initial of the private cabinet user.

Description

A description of the standalone, shared or public cabinet.

Disallow Mail

Mark this field with any character if mail is not to be received or sent from a standalone, shared or public cabinet.

If the mail function has been disabled for the source cabinet, it will also be disabled in the target cabinet. In this case, this field is not considered.

Copy Folder

Mark this field with any character if all folders within the source cabinet are to be copied to the target cabinet. The documents stored within the folders are not copied.

If this field is not marked, only the profile and address of the source cabinet are copied.

Move a Cabinet

To move the contents of a cabinet to another cabinet, enter the name of the cabinet you want to move in the "Cabinet" field of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen and select the Move Cabinet function. Enter the following information in the lines shown at the bottom of the screen.

Move Cabinet

The name of the cabinet you selected for the move function is filled in by Con-nect.

to Cabinet

The ID of the cabinet to which you want to move the contents of the selected cabinet - this target cabinet must already exist.

You are notified that the cabinet is marked for the "Move Pending Cabinets" utility. For further information, see *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Move Pending Cabinets*.

Delete a Cabinet

Specify the cabinet you want to delete either by entering the name in the "Cabinet" field of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen and selecting the Delete Cabinet function, or by selecting the cabinet from the "Administration - Display Cabinet" screen.

In either case, enter the following information at the bottom of the screen:

Enter cabinet

Enter the name of the cabinet to be deleted for confirmation.

Erase from

The current date is always given. If you want a different date, type over the given date and press ENTER to confirm.

If you decide not to modify the date, press ENTER. You are asked to press ENTER a second time to confirm the date.

You are notified that the cabinet is marked for the "Delete Pending Cabinets" utility. For further information, see *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Delete Pending Cabinets*.

A corresponding mail status message is also created for the cabinet.

Rename Cabinet

Specify the cabinet you want to rename either by entering the name in the "Cabinet" field of the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen and selecting the Rename Cabinet function, or by selecting the cabinet from the "Administration - Display Cabinet" screen.

In either case, enter the following information at the bottom of the screen:

Rename Cabinet

The name of the cabinet you selected for the rename function is filled in by Con-nect.

to Cabinet

The ID of the cabinet to which you want to rename the selected cabinet.

Rename from

The current date is always given. If you want a different date, type over the given date and press ENTER. You are asked to press ENTER a second time to confirm the date.

You are notified that the cabinet is marked for the "Rename Cabinets" utility. For further information, see *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Rename Cabinets*.

Once the rename date for a cabinet pending for rename is reached, no one is permitted to logon to that cabinet.

Display Pending Cabinet(s)

To display pending cabinets, select the Display Pending Cabinet(s) function on the "Administration - Cabinet Maintenance" screen. A window is displayed where you can select cabinets marked for deletion, cabinets marked to be moved or cabinets marked to be renamed.

The subsequent screen(s) list the cabinets marked for the pending action. You can either display specific cabinet(s), or undo the pending action for specific cabinet(s). See the *Con-nect Utilities* documentation regarding the "Delete Pending Cabinets", "Move Pending Cabinets" and "Rename Cabinets" utilities.

Con-nect Mass Cabinet Maintenance and Remote Access

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General Information About Con-nect Mass Cabinet Maintenance

Mass Cabinet Maintenance allows you to add a maximum of 12 cabinets at one time, using a source cabinet as a pattern. The system cabinet defaults, the cabinet and user profile, the command and object table, and the owners of the pattern cabinet are applied to the new cabinets. If the pattern cabinet has administrator status, this is *not* applied to the new cabinets. The contents of the pattern cabinet are also *not* copied to the new cabinets.

A network of multi-node Con-nects (on the same platform) can now obtain an image of a single Con-nect system with the use of the remote access functions. Together with these functions and utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", you can grant the cabinets on your local Con-nect permission to access cabinets on other Con-nect nodes.

Prerequisites are that your Con-nect node is defined to the central directory present in the Con-nect network (see your central directory administrator) and your transport service local node name has been defined. See *Define Local Node*.



Note: The support of remote access does not require any special migration steps for previously existing Con-nect system.

Authorizing a cabinet for remote access will not influence the functions you perform locally on your Con-nect node. For example, authorized public cabinets can still be accessed by local users and not just users authorized for remote access. Authorized cabinets are still deleted from your local node with utility B04050 "Delete Cabinets Pending for Deletion" and you need not delete remote access authorization before you delete the cabinets.

General Information About Remote Access

With the remote access functions, you can authorize private (users), shared and public cabinets on your local Con-nect node remote access. This means that when a user, for example, is authorized remote access, the user is able to issue the "DISPLAY Cabinet" command and display not only the cabinets on his local Con-nect, but also all other remote cabinets that are authorized for remote access. The user can also issue the command "Use Cabinet <code>cabinet-name</code>" in conjunction with a remote cabinet.

When a user accesses a remote cabinet, the remote cabinet's ID is replaced with the user's alias, a unique ID assigned to each cabinet when authorized for remote access. The alias comprises an asterisk and a seven-digit number (e.g. *9999900).

Authorizing or deleting authorization is a two step procedure:

You use the remote access functions to mark the cabinets you want to grant or remove authorization. At this point, the cabinets are pending for authorization or deletion.

- When you run utility B74050 "Remote Access Upload" the pending cabinets are uploaded to the central directory's authorization tables and a unique alias is assigned to each cabinet uploaded for authorization. If a cabinet has been marked for deletion, the cabinet is removed from the authorization tables and thus, the cabinet is unable to access other remote cabinets. This utility does not delete cabinets from the Con-nect node.
- **Note:** The central directory's authorization tables are used to store all authorized cabinets from the Con-nect nodes participating in your network.

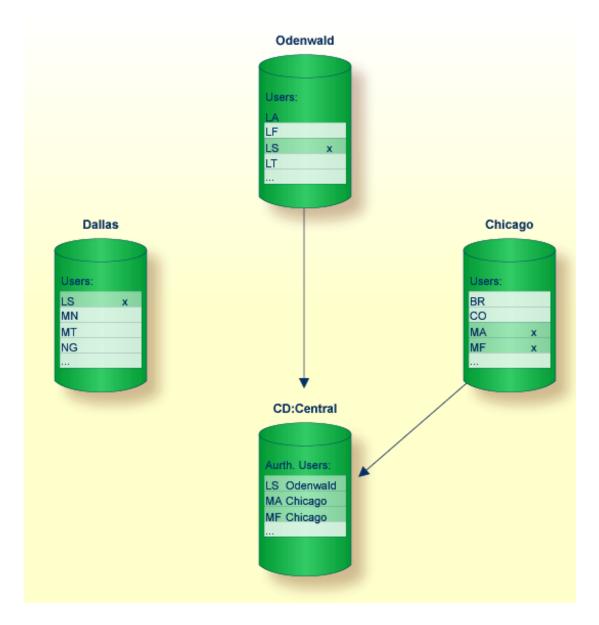
The information below contains the following topics:

- Private Cabinets (Users)
- Public Cabinets
- External Membership

Private Cabinets (Users)

In the diagram below Con-nect nodes Odenwald, Chicago and Dallas all participate in the same Con-nect network and are defined in the central directory.

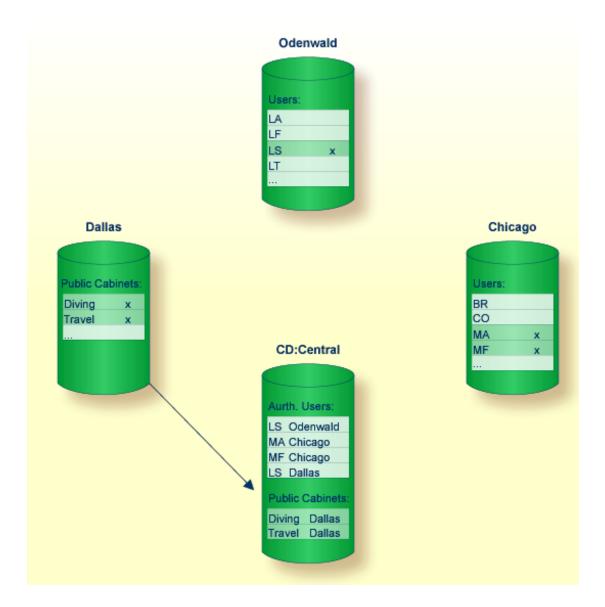
Node Odenwald has authorized user LS for remote access, node Dallas has authorized user LS, while node Chicago has authorized users MA and MF. Nodes Odenwald and Chicago have run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" and thus, authorization for the users on these nodes have been uploaded to the central directory authorization tables.



User LS on node Dallas, although marked for authorization, has not been uploaded to the central directory, since utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" was not run on node Dallas.

Public Cabinets

In the diagram below Con-nect node Dallas has authorized public cabinets DIVING and TRAVEL remote access and has run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload". Therefore, cabinets DIVING and TRAVEL have been uploaded to the central directory authorization tables as well as user LS.

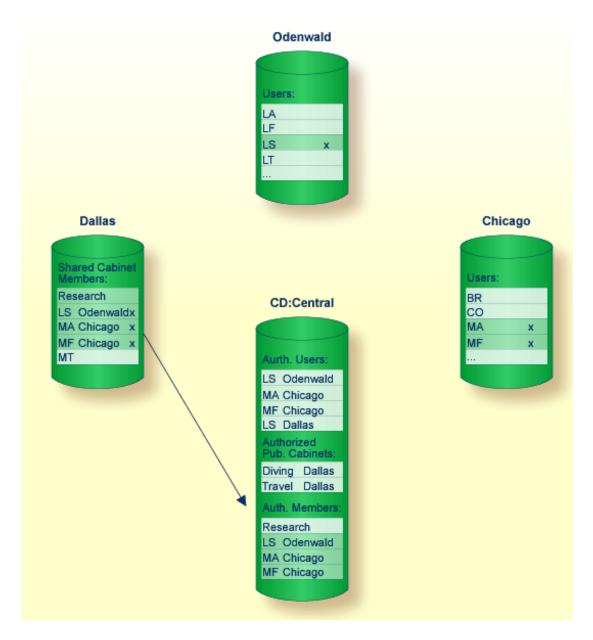


This means that each user authorized remote access can now access public cabinets DIVING and TRAVEL. Since user LS/DALLAS resides on the same node as public cabinets DIVING and TRAVEL, user LS/DALLAS will access the public cabinets as a local user and not as a remote user.

External Membership

Each user authorized remote access can be added as a member to a shared cabinet on your local Con-nect node, so long as the user and shared cabinet are not located on the same Con-nect node.

In the next diagram, Con-nect node Dallas has authorized users MA and MF on node Chicago and user LS on node Odenwald membership to shared cabinet RESEARCH and has run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload". Thus, users MA/Chicago, MF/Chicago and LS/Odenwald can access shared cabinet RESEARCH.

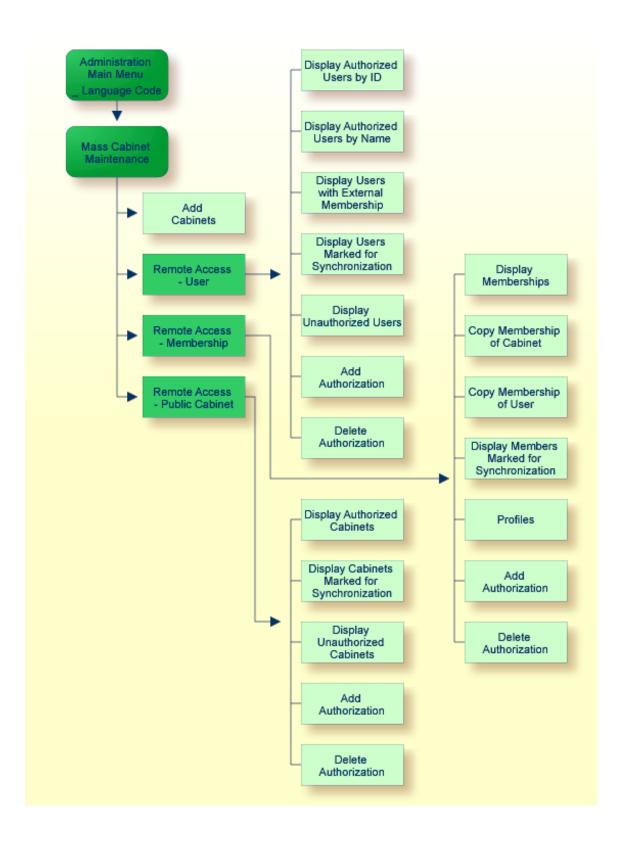


If at a later point the administrator on node Chicago deletes user MA/Chicago's remote access authorization and then runs utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", user MA/Chicago will no

longer be able to access shared cabinet RESEARCH. However, if the administrator on node Dallas displays cabinet RESEARCH with the Display Memberships function, MA/Chicago will still be listed, but as an unknown user. User MA/Chicago is not completely deleted from shared cabinet RESEARCH until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run on node Dallas.

Navigating Through Mass Cabinet Maintenance

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke each aspect of the Mass Cabinet Maintenance.



Mass Cabinet Maintenance Menu

All functions which can be performed within Mass Cabinet Maintenance are shown on the "Administration - Mass Cabinet Maintenance" screen.

```
11:32 PM
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                  Administration - Mass Cabinet Maintenance
                                                                       A00059
 Select a Function:
                        Add Cabinets
                        _ Remote Access - User
                        _ Remote Access - Membership
                        _ Remote Access - Public Cabinet
                        _ Return to Menu
         Select Cabinet ___
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Add User Membr Publ
Mark one item from the list above
```

All functions which can be performed with Mass Cabinet Maintenanceare shown on the "Administration - Mass Cabinet Maintenance" menu. To perform one of the functions, either mark it with any character and press ENTER, or press the PF-key which is assigned to the function.

Add Cabinets

To add cabinets, enter the name of a cabinet you want to use as a pattern in the "Select Cabinet" field and select the Add Cabinets function.

An "Administration - Mass Add Cabinets" screen, corresponding to the type of cabinet you selected as the source cabinet, is displayed.

Enter the required information and press ENTER to add the cabinets.

Cabinet

The cabinet ID of the new cabinet.

Private cabinet:

Last Name

The last name of the cabinet user.

First Name

The first name of the cabinet user.

Initial

Optional - the middle initial of the cabinet user.

Standalone, shared or public cabinet:

Description

A description of the cabinet.

Remote Access - User

The Remote Access - User function can be accessed by either the supervisor or cabinet administrator. It is used to maintain remote access for users on your Con-nect system.

The following functions can be performed:

- Display Authorized Users by ID
- Display Authorized Users by Alias
- Display Users with External Membership
- Display Users Marked for Synchronization
- Display Unauthorized Users
- Add Authorization
- Delete Authorization

Whenever you modify the authorization status of a user, you must run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" before the changes are implemented. See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Remote Access - Upload* for further information.

Display Authorized Users by ID

When you select the Display Authorized Users by ID function, the screen below is displayed.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 1:04 PM
                                                                     14.Feb.94
                   Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
Cabinet LS
                                                                      A74331
                                    Display Authorized Users by ID
Mark User ID Alias
                       Name
                                                   M Status
     AH
              *9999928 Hinkmann, Andreas
     AH
Ab
BBH
HSJ
HSC
              *9999931 Beechman, Andy
                                                     pending to be updated
                                                   Χ
              *9999935 Holt,Bonnie
              *9999932 Jackson, Hidi
                                                     pending for deletion
              *9999927 Schobel, Hank
     KRD
              *9999933 Richardson, Karin
                                                   Χ
     KTS
LS
MBU
MLK
     KTS
              *9999968 Stirling, Katharine
              *9999926 Lang, Sonia
              *9999963 Burke,Martin
                                                   modified
              *9999967 Littlton, Michael
     MLK
        or Position to ___
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Delet Undo Modif Membr
Processing completed
```

It displays each local user that is authorized for remote access. Any user that is pending for authorization will not be displayed here. The following information is displayed for each authorized user:

User ID

User's Con-nect ID.

Alias

A unique number assigned to the user when remote access is authorized.

Name

User's name.

M (Member)

Designates whether the user is a member of an external shared cabinet. If this column is blank, the user is not a member of an external shared cabinet.

Status

Status of user:

Pending for	User is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote
deletion	Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be deleted. Utility B74050 "Remote Access
	- Upload" does not delete the user from the system. A user is field protected if the
	user has been deleted from the system with the Delete Cabinet function. In this case,
	authorization for the user is pending for deletion. A user will be marked as pending
	for deletion when one of the following occurs: You selected the user and press PF4, or you marked the user for utility "Delete Pending Cabinets" with the Delete Cabinet
	function (see <i>Delete a Cabinet</i>) and when the utility was run, the user was deleted
	and the user's remote access authorization was automatically marked as pending
	for deletion. If you mark a user for utility B04050 "Delete Pending Cabinets" and then
	you undo the deletion with the Display Cabinets Marked for Deletion function, the
	user's remote access authorization is never modified nor marked for deletion.
Modified	Authorization status of user has been modified.
Pending to be updated	User's last or first name has been changed on your local system and thus, the system automatically flagged the user to be modified on the central directory when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. You can also manually flag the user to be updated with PF6. A user can be pending for both deletion and update. In this case, the user is displayed as pending for deletion.
Synchronization	Information stored on the central directory is not synchronized with your local system
Error	- the user is marked as authorized on the central directory but not on your Con-nect system.
" "	User is authorized and not pending for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload".

Position to

You can enter a user ID to restart the list of users with the user ID you specified.

For each of the functions described below you can select more than one user at a time.

In addition to displaying authorized users on this screen, you can also mark a user and press PF4 to delete remote access authorization. Authorization is not immediately revoked, however, the user is flagged for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" and the status on the screen is changed to "modified". If you display this screen again before utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, the status of the user is displayed as "pending for deletion". Once you run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", remote access authorization for the user is deleted.

To remove the pending for deletion status for a user, you mark the user in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the user is changed to "modified" and authorization for the user is not deleted when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.



Note: Unlike the pending for deletion status, the pending to be updated status cannot be undone.

If you have modified a user's last or first name and want this information updated on the central directory, you can mark the user in question and press PF6. As a result, the status of the user is changed to "modified". Once you run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", the user's information is modified on the central directory. If you display the "Display Authorized Users by ID" screen before the utility is run, the status of the user is displayed as "Pending to be updated".

If a user is a member of an external shared cabinet, it is indicated with an X in the M (member) column. When you select the user and press PF7 you can display the external shared cabinet(s) of which the user is a member.

8:21 AM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N Administration - Rem Dis		
User JE Esh	burry,John		Alias *9999993
Cabinet Node	Description	Cabinet Node	Description
MKTEast Reston Confern Reston	Marketing East Conferences	MKTNorth Bost	Marketing Northeast
Help Menu	PF3PF4PF5PF6- Quit by pressing a PF-key	PF7PF8PF9-	PF10PF11PF12

User

User ID and full name of user on your local node who is a member of the external shared cabinet(s) shown on this screen.

Alias

Unique number assigned to the local user when remote access is authorized.

Cabinet

External shared cabinet of which the local user is a member.

Node

Node on which the external cabinet is located.

Description

Description of external shared cabinet.

If you have selected several users, press ENTER to display the next user. If you wish to return to the "Display Authorized Users by ID" screen, press PF3.

Display Authorized Users by Alias

When you select the Display Authorized Users by Alias function, *all* users on the central directory which are authorized remote access are displayed on the screen below.

9:46 Cabine	AM et LS		* * C O N - N E C T 3 * 7 nistration - Remote Cabinet Display Author	
Mark A	Alias	User ID	Name	M Status/Node
_	*9999977 *9999978 *9999980 *9999981 *9999983 *9999984 *9999985 *9999986 *9999987 *9999988	KEY JPR JAS CAL WELLS VM VM VF DID CWL	Keys,Dawn Pratt,Jeffry Ely,John	X Dallas Dallas Reston Boston X pending for deletion X Boston X Reston X X Boston
	or Pos	sition to		
ŀ	Help Mer	nu Quit	PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8 Delet Undo Modif Membr PF-key, or enter * to list	

The list of users is displayed in descending order based upon each user's alias number.



Note: External users displayed on the "Display Authorized Users by Alias" screen are field protected and, therefore, cannot be selected to delete, undo, modify or display membership.

Alias

Unique number assigned to each user which is authorized remote access.

User ID

User's Con-nect ID.

Name

User's last and first name.

M (Member)

Designates whether the user is a member of an external shared cabinet. If this column is blank, the user is not a member of an external shared cabinet.

Status/Node

Status of local user, or the node on which the external user is located. Status messages for external users are not displayed.

Status messages for local users can be one of the following:

Pending for	User is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050
deletion	"Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be deleted. Utility B74050
	"Remote Access - Upload" does not delete the user from the system. A user will
	be marked as pending for deletion when one of the following occurs: You select
	the user and press PF4, or you marked the user for utility B04050 "Delete Pending
	Cabinets" with the Delete Cabinet function (see <i>Delete a Cabinet</i>) and when the
	utility was run, the user was deleted and remote access authorization for the user was automatically marked as pending for deletion.
Modified	Authorization status of cabinet has been modified.
Pending to be updated	User's last or first name has been changed on your local system and you have flagged the user to be modified on the central directory when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. A user can be pending for both deletion and update. In this case, the user is displayed as pending for deletion.
Synchronization Error	Information stored on the central directory is not synchronized with your local system — the user is marked as authorized on the central directory but not on your Con-nect system.
" "	User is authorized and is not pending for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload".

Position to

You can enter an alias (without the asterisk (*)) to restart the list of aliases with the alias you specified.

For each of the functions described below you can select more than one user at a time.

In addition to displaying authorized users on this screen, you can also mark a user and press PF4 to delete remote access authorization. Authorization is not immediately revoked, however, the user is flagged for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" and the status on the screen is changed to "modified". If you display this screen again before utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, the status of the user is displayed as "pending for deletion". Once you run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", remote access authorization for the user is deleted.

To remove the pending for deletion status of a user you mark the user in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the user is changed to "modified" and authorization for the user is not deleted when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.



Note: Unlike the pending for deletion status, the pending to be updated status cannot be undone.

If you have modified a user's last or first name and want this information updated on the central directory, you can mark the user in question and press PF6. As a result, the status of the user is

changed to "modified". If you display the "Display Authorized Users by ID" screen again before the utility is run, the status of the user is displayed as "pending to be updated". Once you run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", the user's information will be modified on the central directory.

If a local user is a member of an external cabinet, it is indicated with an X in the M (member) column. When you select the user and press PF7, you can display the external shared cabinet(s) of which the user is a member.

12:21 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * 14.Feb.94 Administration - Remote Cabinet Access A74331 Display External Membership of Users			
User WELLS	Wells,Marion			Alias *9999923
Cabinet Node	Description	Cabinet	Node	Description
MKTEast Reston Confern Reston	9	MKTSW	Dallas	Marketing Southwest
Help Menu	-PF3PF4PF5PF6- Quit by pressing a PF-key	PF7 P	'F8PF9-	PF10PF11PF12

User

User ID and full name of local user who is a member of an external shared cabinet.

Alias

Unique number assigned to the local user when remote access is authorized.

Cabinet

External shared cabinet of which the local user is a member.

Node

Node on which the external shared cabinet is located.

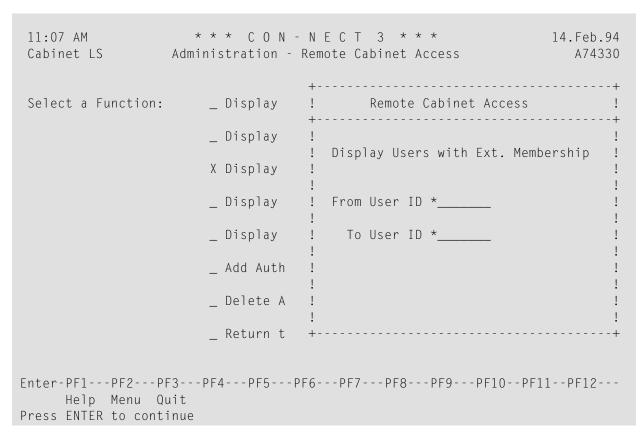
Description

Description of external shared cabinet.

If you have selected several local users, press ENTER to display the next user. If you wish to return to the "Display Authorized Users by Alias" screen press PF3.

Display Users with External Membership

When you select the Display Users with External Membership function, the window below is displayed.



You can display all users, a range of users, or an individual user that are members of an external shared cabinet.

To display all users, enter an asterisk (*) in the "From User ID" and "To User ID" fields and press ENTER.

To display a range of users, you enter the first user ID in the "From User ID" field and the last user ID you want displayed in the "To User ID" field and press ENTER. You need not enter the full user ID. You can enter the first couple of characters and an asterisk, for example, KA* to display all user IDs which begin with KA.

To display an individual user, enter the user's ID in both the "From User ID" and "To User ID" fields and press ENTER.

In all cases, the screen below is displayed for each user you specify.

It displays the external shared cabinets of which the local user is a member.

User

User ID and full name of local user.

Alias

Unique number assigned to the user when remote access is authorized.

Cabinet

Name of external shared cabinet of which the user is a member.

Node

Node on which the external shared cabinet is located.

Description

Description of external shared cabinet.

If you have specified more than one user, you press ENTER to display the next user. You are automatically returned to the "User Maintenance" screen after you have displayed all users you specified.

If you want to restart your display with a different range of users, you press PF4. As a result, the window above is again displayed, where you can enter a new range of users.

Press PF3 to return to the "User Maintenance" screen.

Display Users Marked for Synchronization

Users are marked for synchronization whenever you add or delete authorization, or when you modify a user's name that is authorized for remote access. By default, if there are users pending for authorization and/or deletion on your local system and you select the Display Users Marked for Synchronization function, the "Display Users Marked for Synchronization" screen is displayed. However, if no users are pending for authorization or deletion but there are users pending for update on your local system, a window is displayed where you can select to display those users pending for update.



Note: The Display Users Marked for Synchronization function will not display users that are marked for synchronization on other Con-nect systems.

Display Users Pending for Authorization or Deletion

The screen below is displayed when local users are pending for authorization or deletion. It does not automatically display local users pending to be updated.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
11:41 AM
                                                                 12.Feb.94
Cabinet LS Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
                                                                  A74334
                                  Display Users Marked for Synchronization
Mark User ID Alias Name
                                                Status
                                                                         U
                      Carey, Alexander
     ALC
                                                pending for authorization
                     Hawkins,Doug
     DGH
                                                pending for authorization
                                          pending for authorization pending for deletion
     HAS
     HAS Simon, Haven
HERMANN *9999978 Hermann, Hugo
     PTJ *9999977 Jackops, Patty
                                                pending for deletion
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Pos Undo
Mark item(s) from the list above or press ENTER
```

User ID

User's Con-nect ID.

Alias

A unique number assigned to each user when remote access is authorized.

Name

User's last and first name.

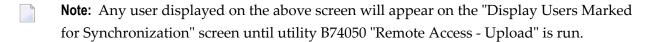
Status

Status of the user:

Pending for deletion	User is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050
	"Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be deleted. The user is not
	deleted from the system. A user is marked as pending for deletion when you
	select a user and press PF4. If you delete a user from your local system, which
	has remote access authorization, with utility B04050 "Delete Pending Cabinets",
	the user's remote access authorization is marked for deletion but it is not
	displayed here.
Pending for	User is currently not authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050
authorization	"Remote Access - Upload" is run the user will be permitted.
Modified	Status of user has been modified.

U (Update)

An X in this column indicates that the user's last or first name has been modified and is pending to be updated when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.



To remove the pending for deletion or authorization status for a user, you can mark the user in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the user is changed to "modified" and the remote access authorization for the user will not be changed when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. The pending to be updated status cannot be removed.

Note: A user can be pending for both update and deletion. If you remove the pending for deletion with PF5, the pending to be updated status is not removed.

If you want to display a user or a range of users marked for authorization and/or deletion, press PF4 to display the window shown below. You can also press PF4 to include those users marked for update.

	N - N E C T 3 * * * 14.Feb.94 - Remote Cabinet Access A74334
Mark User ID Alias Name _ ALC	u ! for Synchronization ! e ! ig ! From User ID * !
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5- Help Menu Quit Press ENTER to continue	PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12

From User ID

Enter the first user ID you want displayed. You can also enter part of the user ID and an asterisk (*) to display a range of users. For example, if you enter KT*, the list of users displayed will begin with all users whose user ID starts with KT.

Default is asterisk (*) - display all users.

To User ID

Enter the last user ID you want displayed. If you want to display only one user, you would enter the same user ID you specified in the "From User ID" field. As with the "From User ID" field, you can enter the first couple of characters of a user ID and an asterisk (*). The list displayed will end with all users whose IDs begin with the characters you specified.

Default is asterisk (*) - display all users.

with Status

You can specify one, a combination, or all three status types.

Pending for Authorization	Default. Mark this field if you want to display users who are pending for
	authorization.
Authorized	Mark this field if you want to display users who are pending to be updated.
Pending for Deletion	Default. Mark this field if you want to display users who are pending for deletion.

Once you have made your specifications, press ENTER to display the "Display Users Marked for Synchronization" screen.



Note: If you display all users on your local system marked for synchronization (this includes users pending for authorization, deletion and update), any user which is pending for both deletion and update will appear only once as pending for deletion. If you undo the pending for deletion, then the user will be displayed as pending for update.

Display Users Pending to be Updated

The window shown below is automatically displayed if no users are pending for authorization or deletion, however, users are pending to be updated.

		- N E C T 3 * * * 14.Feb.94 Remote Cabinet Access A74330
Select a Function:	_ Display	! Remote Cabinet Access !
	_ Display	! Display Users Marked ! ! for Synchronization !
	_ Display	! ! From User ID *
	X Display	! To User ID *!
	_ Display	! with Status !
	_ Add Auth	! X Pending for Authorization !! ! X Authorized !
	_ Delete A	
	_ Return t	++
Enter-PF1PF2P Help Menu Q Press ENTER to cont	uit	PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12

Enter the range of users you want to display, as described in the previous section (see *Display Users Pending for Authorization or Deletion*) and press ENTER. As a result, the "Display Users Marked for Synchronization" screen lists all users who are pending to be updated on your local system.

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Note: Since you are unable to undo users who are pending to be updated, you cannot select a user on this screen and press PF5.

Press PF3 to return to the "User Maintenance" screen.

Display Unauthorized Users

When you select the Display Unauthorized Users function, the screen below is displayed.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 5:44 PM
                                                                 14.Feb.94
                  Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
Cabinet LS
                                                                    A74335
                                  Display Unauthorized Users
Mark User ID
                Name
                                                   Status
     ABBOTT
                Abbott, Rebecca
                Reilly, Dan
     DR
     MAT
                Thompson, Mark
     SA
                Adams, Sarah
     SHU
                Husung, Sabine
        or Position to ____
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Add
Enter a command, press a PF-key, or enter * to display commands
```

It lists all users on your local system who are not authorized to access remote systems and not pending for authorization.

User ID

User's ID.

Name

User's last and first name.

Status

Status of user:

```
Modified Status of user has been modified.

""

User is not authorized and the status has not been modified.
```

You can authorize remote access for each user displayed on the screen above. More than one user can be authorized at one time. You mark the user you want and press PF4. As a result, the status for that user is changed to "modified".

If you press ENTER after authorizing a user for remote access, that user is removed from the "Display Unauthorized Users" screen. When you select the Display Users Marked for Synchronization function, the newly authorized user will be displayed in the resulting list.

Add Authorization

When you select the Add Authorization function, the screen below is displayed.

12:22 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Administration - Remote Cabinet Access Add Authorization	
Specify Single L	Jsers	
Specify a Range	of Users	
From User I	ID to User ID	
Help Menu	PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Quit d press ENTER to continue	

You can specify local users individually, and/or as a range of users in the "From User ID" and "to User ID" fields.

Enter the local user(s) you want and press ENTER to add authorization. As a result, the following screen is displayed:

5:16 PM Cabinet		N - N E C T 3 * * * n - Remote Cabinet Access Add Authorization	14.Feb.94 A74336
User ID	Name	Status	Added
WELLS LIH LS AH MM HSP	Wells, Marion Howard, Liz Clement, Jeanne Hotz, Andy McFee, Maureen Padget, Hannes	User already authoriz User not found pending for authoriza pending for authoriza pending for authoriza pending for authoriza	tion 4 tion 3 tion 2
Hel	PF2PF3PF4PF5- o Menu Quit g completed	PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10	PF11PF12

It displays the user(s) you have authorized remote access with the current Add Authorization function.



Note: Each user displayed on the above screen will also appear on the "Users Marked for Synchronization" screen until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Authorization is not permitted until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. Until then the user(s) you specify here cannot access remote systems.

User ID

User's Con-nect ID.

Name

User's last and first name.

Status

Status of user:

Pending for authorization	User is currently not authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be permitted.
User not found	User specified could not be found. (Only applicable when you specify users on an individual basis.)
User already authorized	User specified was previously authorized. (Only applicable when you specify users on an individual basis.)

Added

Number (in descending order) of users pending for authorization due to the current Add Authorization function.

Delete Authorization

When you select the Delete Authorization function, the screen below is displayed.

		.Feb.94 A74337
Specify Single Use	ers	
		_
		_
Specify a Range of	Users	
From User ID	to User ID	
Help Menu Q	PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11F Quit press ENTER to continue	PF12

You can specify local users individually and/or, as a range of users in the "From User ID" and "to User ID" fields.

Enter the user(s) you want and press ENTER to delete authorization. As a result, the following screen is displayed:

5:53 PM Cabinet LS		- N E C T 3 * * * - Remote Cabinet Access Delete Authorization	14.Feb.94 A74337
User ID Name		Status	Deleted
MIF SA Adams, S EAB Bradly FS Smith, I HF Flint, I	Ernest Fred	User not found User not authorized pending for deletion pending for deletion pending for deletion	3 2 1
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit Processing completed			

It displays the users you specified with the current Delete Authorization function.

Note: Each user displayed on the above screen will also appear on the "Users Marked for Synchronization" screen until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Authorization is not revoked until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. Until then the users you specify here can continue to access remote systems.

User ID

User's Con-nect ID.

Name

User's last and first name.

Status

Status of user:

Pending for deletion	User is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050
	"Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be revoked. Utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" does not delete the user from the system.
User not found	User specified could not be found. (Only applicable when you specify users on an individual basis.)
User not authorized	User has not been authorized for remote access or the user is already pending for deletion. (Only applicable when you specify users on an individual basis.)

Deleted

Number (in descending order) of users pending for deletion due to the current Delete Authorization function.

Remote Access - Membership

The Remote Access - Membership function can be accessed by either the supervisor or cabinet administrator. It is used to maintain external users as members on your local shared cabinets.



Note: In this section, the term external user refers to a user who is located on an external node and is *not* defined as a member to a local shared cabinet, while the term external member refers to an external user who is authorized as a member of a local shared cabinet.

The following functions can be performed:

- Display Memberships
- Copy Membership of Cabinet
- Copy Membership of User
- Display Members Marked for Synchronization
- Profiles
- Add Authorization
- Delete Authorization

Whenever you modify the authorization status of an external user, you must also run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" before the change is implemented. See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Remote Access - Upload* for further information.

Display Memberships

When you select the Display Memberships function, the "Display External Members of local-shared-cabinet-name" screen is displayed.

```
7:14 PM
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                     14.Feb.94
                   Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
 Cabinet LS
                                                                        A74171
                                    Display External Members of MKTEAST
 Mark Alias User ID Node
                                Name
                                                                 Status
      *9999872 MEY
                       CedarRp Yocum, Mary Ester
      *9999876 NCL
                       CedarRp Link, Nicholas
                       CedarRp Remy, Maria
      *9999883 REM
      *9999920 JAS
                      Boston Ely, John
                       Boston Landrey, Carol
      *9999922 CWL
     *9999923 WELLS Boston Wells, Marion
     *9999978 KEY Dallas Keys, Dawn
*9999977 GBG Dallas Burgmann, 0
                       Dallas Burgmann, Graham
         or Position to ____
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help Menu Quit Delet Undo
Mark item(s) from the list above or press ENTER
```

It displays the authorized external members for each local shared cabinet with external members. Local members and external members pending for authorization are not displayed on this screen.

If, in the Name column the message "* User not found" is displayed, it means that the external member was either deleted from the member's local system or the member's remote access authorization was revoked and removed from the central directory. Once you run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" the membership will be deleted from your local system.

Alias

A unique number assigned to each user who is authorized remote access. In this case, this is the external member's number.

User ID

User ID of external member.

Node

Node on which external member is located.

Name

Last and first name of external member.

Status

Status of external member in relation to the shared cabinet. It does not pertain to the external member's status on his local node. For example, an external member may be pending for update on his local node but this status is never displayed on the screen above.

The status can be one of the following for an external member:

deletion	External member is currently authorized as a member of local shared cabinet, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be revoked.
modified	Status of external member has been modified.
Synchronization Error	Information stored on the central directory is not synchronized with your local system. $ \\$
" "	External member is authorized and not pending for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload".

Position to

You can enter a local shared cabinet's name to display the external members authorized to access the shared cabinet you specified.

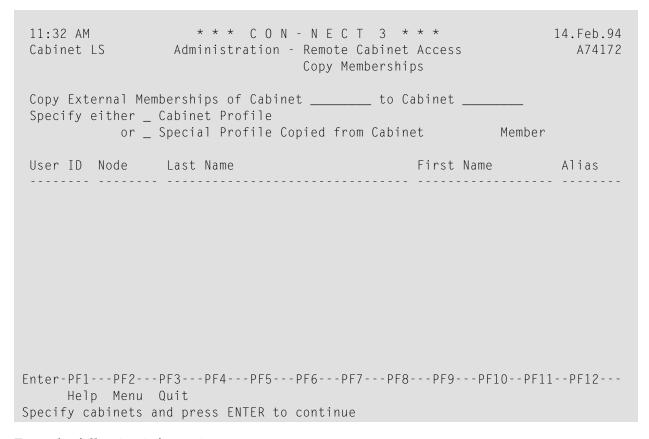
For each of the functions described below you can select more than one external member at a time.

In addition to displaying authorized remote members on this screen, you can also mark a remote member and press PF4 to delete his external membership. Authorization is not immediately revoked, however, the remote member is flagged for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" and the status on the screen is changed to "modified". If you display this screen again before utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, the status of the remote member is displayed as "deletion". Once you run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload", authorization for the external member is deleted.

To remove the pending for deletion status for an external member, you mark the member in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the external member is changed to "modified" and authorization for the member is not deleted when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Copy Membership of Cabinet

When you select the Copy Membership of Cabinet function, the screen below is displayed. You use this function to copy the external members of a local shared cabinet to another local shared cabinet.



Enter the following information:

Copy External Memberships of Cabinet

Name of local shared cabinet whose external memberships you want to copy to another local shared cabinet.

to Cabinet

Name of target shared cabinet.

Specify either

_ Cabinet Profile	Mark this field if you want the external members to use the targeted shared cabinet's profile when accessing the cabinet.
or _ Special Profile	Mark this field if you want the external members to use a special profile. If you have specified a special profile with the Profiles function, the cabinet and member of the special profile is displayed here and will be copied to the external members.
	If you have not specified a special profile and mark this field, the targeted shared cabinet's profile is copied to the external members as a special profile. You can then modify the external members' special profiles with the Profiles function. For further information, see <i>Profiles</i> .

Press enter to copy the external members.

As a result, the following information is displayed for each external member copied to the targeted shared cabinet:

		* * * C O N - N Administration - Rem Cop		14.Feb.94 A74172
Copy External Memberships of Cabinet MKTeast_ to Cabinet Conferen Specify either _ Cabinet Profile or x Special Profile Copied from Cabinet AHA Member LANDREY				per LANDREY
User ID	Node	Last Name	First Name	Alias
MCL REM JAS CWL WELLS KEY	CedarRp CedarRp CedarRp Boston Boston Boston Dallas	Wells,	Mary Ester Nicholas Maria John Carol Marion Dawn Graham	*9999872 *9999846 *9999883 *9999920 *9999922 *9999923 *9999978 *9999977
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit Member(s) added to the list of shared users for this cabinet				

User ID

User ID of external member.

Node

Node on which the external member is located.

Last Name

Last name of external member.

First Name

First name of external member.

Alias

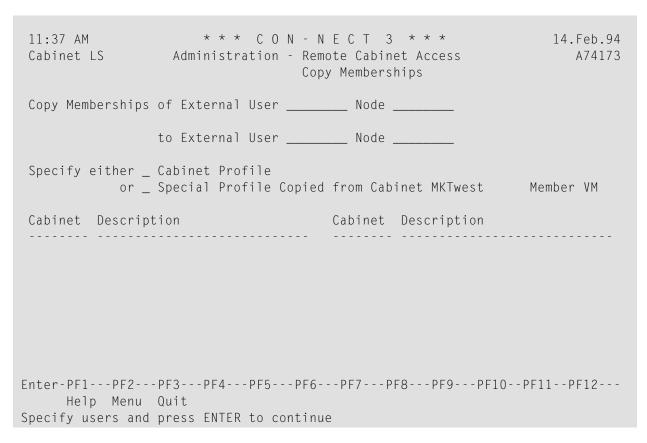
A unique number assigned to each user when remote access is authorized.

Each external member which is copied to the targeted shared cabinet is automatically added to the cabinet's distribution list even though the external member is pending for authorization. Thus, when a local user issues the "DISPLAY Distribution Shared-cabinet-name" command, the alias for each external member is displayed with the local members.

Copy Membership of User

When you select the Copy Membership of User function, the screen below is displayed. You use this function to copy the local memberships of an external user to another external user. External memberships are not copied to the other external user.

For example, external user BSAC is authorized as an external member to the local shared cabinets DIVING and TRAVEL, and the external shared cabinet HISTORY. When you copy the memberships of BSAC to external user BAA, BAA will be authorized as an external member for shared cabinets DIVING and TRAVEL once utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.



Enter the following information:

Copy Memberships of External User

User ID of external member whose memberships you want to copy to another external user. You cannot specify a user on your local node.

Node Optional. Node on which the external member is located. If you do not specify the node, this information is automatically supplied when you press ENTER. If more than one user with the same user ID is defined to the central directory, a window appears which lists the users and the nodes they are located on. To select the user you want, mark the user and press ENTER.

to External User

User ID of target external user who has been authorized remote access on his local system. You cannot specify a user on your local node.

Node Optional. Node on which the external user is located. If you do not specify the node, this information is automatically supplied when you press ENTER. If more than one user with the same user ID is defined to the central directory, a window appears which lists the users and the nodes they are located on. To select the user you want, mark the user and press ENTER.

Specify either

Cabinet Profile	Mark this field if you want the targeted external user to use the shared cabinet's profile when accessing the cabinet.
Special Profile	Mark this field if you want the target external user to use a special profile. If you have specified a special profile with the Profiles function, the cabinet and member of the special profile is displayed here and will be copied to the targeted external user. If you have not specified a special profile and mark this field, the shared cabinet's profile is copied to the targeted external user as a special profile. You can then modify the external user's special profile with the Profiles function. For further information, see <i>Profiles</i> .

To copy the memberships, press ENTER.

As a result, the new memberships copied to the target external user are displayed. The list includes each local shared cabinet's name and description, as shown below.

136

```
11:33 AM
Cabinet LS
                                                               14.Feb.94
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                  Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
                                                                  A74173
                                  Copy Memberships
Copy Memberships of External User BSAC____ Node Pitts *9999676
                               Acton, Bobby
                to External User BAA_____ Node Boston
                                                      *9999887
                            Adams,Bill
 Specify either x Cabinet Profile
           or _ Special Profile Copied from Cabinet MKTwest Member VM
Cabinet Description
                                      Cabinet Description
Diving Sports Divers
                                     Travel
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Member(s) added to shared cabinet
```

Each new membership created with this function is automatically added to the local shared cabinet's distribution list even though the external user is pending for authorization. This means that when a local user issues the "DISPLAY Distribution Shared-cabinet-name" command, the external user is displayed as a member of the shared cabinet, along with the other members.

Display Members Marked for Synchronization

External members are marked for synchronization whenever you add or delete authorization for remote access to your local shared cabinets. When you select the Display Members Marked for Synchronization function, the screen below is displayed. If no external members are pending for synchronization then this screen is not displayed.

	8 PM net LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * 14.Feb.94 Administration - Remote Cabinet Access A74174 Display Members Marked for Synchronization				
Mark	Cabinet	User ID	Node	Name	Status	
- - - - - - - - -	Diving Travel MKTwest	BAA BAA MAYER		Adams,Bill Adams,Bill Mayer,Julie	pending for authorization pending for authorization pending for deletion	
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit Pos Undo Mark item(s) from the list above or press ENTER						

Cabinet

Name of local shared cabinet.

User ID

User ID of external member.

Node

Node on which the external member is located.

Name

Last and first name of external member.

Status

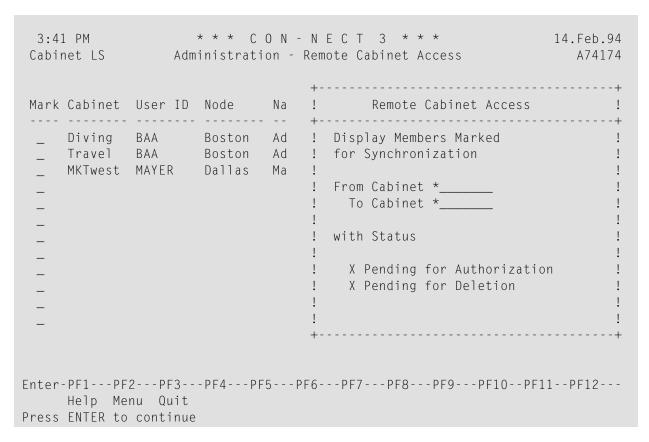
Status of external member.

Pending for authorization	External member is currently not authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be permitted.
Pending for deletion	External member is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be revoked.

For each of the functions described below you can select more than one external member at a time.

To remove the pending for deletion or authorization status for an external member, you mark the member in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the external member is changed to "modified" and authorization for the member is not modified when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. Additionally, if the external member was pending for authorization, the member is deleted from the local shared cabinet's distribution list.

If you want to display external members marked for synchronization for a particular cabinet or cabinets or, if you want to display only those external members marked for either deletion or authorization, you can press PF4 to display the "Remote Cabinet Access" window, as shown below.



From Cabinet

Enter the first local shared cabinet you want. You can also enter part of the cabinet name and an asterisk (*) to display a range of cabinets. For example, if you enter KT*, the list of external members displayed will be those who are members of any local shared cabinet whose name starts with KT.

Default is asterisk (*) - display external members of all local shared cabinets.

To Cabinet

Enter the last local shared cabinet you want displayed. If you want to display only the members of a particular cabinet, you enter the same cabinet name you specified in the "From Cabinet" field. As with the "From Cabinet" field, you can enter the first couple of characters of a cabinet's

name and an asterisk (*). The list displayed will end with all external members who are members of a local shared cabinet whose name begins with the character you specified.

Default is asterisk (*) - display external members of all local shared cabinets.

with Status

You can specify one or both types:

Pending for Authorization	Default. Mark this field if you want to display the external members who
	are pending for authorization.
Pending for Deletion	Default. Mark this field if you want to display external members who are pending for deletion.

Once you have made your specifications, press ENTER to display the "Display Members Marked for Synchronization" screen.

Profiles

You can select the Profiles function to define a pattern profile which can be copied to the external members you add to your local shared cabinets during the current session, or to modify the profile of an external member.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 5:21 PM
                                                                  14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                 Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
                                                                     A74175
                                   Profiles
Select a Function:
                       _ Default Special Profile
                         Cabinet _____ Member ____
                       _ Modify Profile of Member
                         Cabinet _____ Member ____
                        _ Return to Menu
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Def Modif
Mark one item from the list above
```

Default Special Profile

Mark this field if you want to define a pattern profile which can be copied to external members you add during the current session.

Cabinet Name of local shared cabinet.

Member Either the name of a local member, or the alias of a remote member (e.g. *9999941). In both cases, the member must use a special profile when accessing the local shared cabinet. The special profile for this member will be copied to other external members when specified. You cannot specify members who use either their own or the shared cabinet's profile.

Press enter to define the new special profile.

As a result, each time you select the Copy Membership of Cabinet, Copy Membership of User, or Add Authorization functions the special profile will be displayed as an alternative profile which can be copied to the external members you authorize access to your local shared cabinets.

Modify Profile of Member

Mark this field if you want to modify the profile of an external member authorized to use a local shared cabinet.

Cabinet

Name of local shared cabinet.

Member

External member's alias. You must also specify the asterisk (*). For example, *9999941.

Press enter to modify the external member's profile.



Note: If you have specified a special profile during the same session, the special profile will not be effected.

As a result, the screen below is displayed where you can make the modifications you want. See *Modify Profile for Member*.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
 11:39 AM
 Cabinet LS
                      Administration - Modify Profile
                                                                      A06171
 In Shared Cabinet Diving Member Beachcomer, Tom
 uses the Profile Type marked with =>
                       _ Shared Cabinet Profile
                       _ Private Cabinet Profile
                       _ Special Profile
                       _ Return to Menu
 Select the desired Profile Type
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Mark one item from the list above
```

Add Authorization

If you want to add one or several external users as external members to the same local shared cabinet, you can select the Add Authorization function.

You can add up to 10 external users at one time. If an external user you specify is not authorized for external access, you are notified with the message "No user with this ID can be found on any existing node".

Complete the following information:

Shared Cabinet

Name of local shared cabinet.

Specify either

_ Cabinet Profile	Mark this field if you want the external users to use the shared cabinet's profile when
	accessing the cabinet.
_ Special Profile	Mark this field if you want the external users to use a special profile. If you have
	specified a special profile with the Profiles function, the cabinet and member of the
	special profile is displayed here and will be copied to the external users. If you have
	not specified a special profile and mark this field, the shared cabinet's profile is copied
	to the external users as a special profile. You can then modify each external user's
	special profile with the Profiles function. For further information, see <i>Profiles</i> .

User ID

External user's ID.

Node

Optional. Node on which the external user is located. If you do not specify the node, this information is automatically supplied when you press ENTER.

If you press ENTER before adding the external users (with PF4) the last and first name, and alias for each external user are displayed.

If more than one external user exists with the same user ID, a window appears that lists the external users and node on which they are located. Mark the user you want and press ENTER.

To add the external users as members to the local shared cabinet, press PF4.

When the external users are added, you can add additional external users to the same local shared cabinet, add external users to a different local shared cabinet (by specifying a new cabinet in the Shared Cabinet field), or return to the "Remote Cabinet Access Member Maintenance" screen.



Note: Each external member which is copied to the targeted shared cabinet is automatically added to the cabinet's distribution list even though the external member is pending for authorization. Thus, when a local user issues the "DISPLAY Distribution Shared-cabinet-name" command, the alias for each external member is displayed with the local members.

Delete Authorization

To delete an external member or all external members from a local shared cabinet, or delete an external member from all local shared cabinets, you select the Delete Authorization function.

5:02 PM Cabinet LS		stration - Re	IECT 3 * * emote Cabinet A	Access	14.Feb.94 A74177
Delete Authorizat	ion for U	Jser	Node	-	
	for Cabi	net	-		
Cabinet User ID				Status	
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit Complete the information above and press ENTER to delete					

If you want to delete an external member from a particular local shared cabinet, you must provide information for the following fields: "User", "Node" (optional) and "for Cabinet".

To delete all external members from a local shared cabinet, you must provide information for the "for Cabinet" field.

If you want to delete an external member from all local shared cabinets, you must provide information for the following fields: "User" and "Node" (optional).

User

External member's user ID.

Node

Optional. Node on which the external member is located.

for Cabinet

Name of local shared cabinet.

Press enter to delete authorization for that external member.

As a result, the following information is displayed:

Cabinet	User ID	Node	Name	Status		
Travel Travel	NAH EG	CedarRp Dallas	Hale,Nathan Gwyn,Eleanor	pending for deletion pending for deletion		
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit						
Member deleted from the list of shared users for this cabinet						

Cabinet

Name of local shared cabinet the external member was authorized to access.

User ID

External member's user ID.

Node

Node on which external member is located.

Name

Last and first name of external member.

Status

Status of external member. In this case, the status will be "pending for deletion".

Authorization is not revoked until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. Until then the external member can continue to access the local shared cabinet.

To delete another external member, press ENTER.

Remote Access - Public Cabinet

The Remote Access - Public Cabinet function can be accessed by either the supervisor or cabinet administrator. It is used to maintain the access of external users to local public cabinets.

The following functions can be performed:

- Display Authorized Cabinets
- Display Cabinets Marked for Synchronization
- Display Unauthorized Cabinets
- Add Authorization

Delete Authorization

Whenever you modify the authorization status of a public cabinet, you must also run utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" before the change is implemented. See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Remote Access - Upload* for further information.

Display Authorized Cabinets

When you select the Display Authorized Cabinets function, the screen below is displayed.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
11:43 AM
                                                                14.Feb.94
                 Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
Cabinet LS
                                                                   A74051
                                  Display Authorized Public Cabinets
Mark Cabinet
               Description
                                                 Status
     DEVELOP
               Development
     DOCSTAND Documentation Standards
                                                  pending for deletion
     FITNESS
     TRAINING In-house training
     USERCONF
               User's Conference
        or Position to ____
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Delet Undo
Enter a command, press a PF-key, or enter * to list commands
```

It displays each local public cabinet that is authorized for remote access. Any public cabinet that is pending for authorization will not be displayed here.

The following information is displayed for each authorized public cabinet.

Cabinet

Name of public cabinet.

Description

Description of public cabinet.

Status

Status of public cabinet.

Pending for	Public cabinet is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050
deletion	"Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be deleted. Utility B74050 "Remote
	Access - Upload" will not delete the public cabinet from the system. A cabinet is field
	protected if the cabinet has been deleted from the system with the Delete Cabinet
	function. In this case, authorization for the user is pending for deletion. A public
	cabinet will be marked as pending for deletion when one of the following occurs:
	You selected the public cabinet and press PF4, or you marked the public cabinet for
	utility B04050 "Delete Pending Cabinets" with the Delete Cabinet function (see <i>Delete</i>
	a Cabinet) and when the utility was run, the public cabinet was deleted and the
	public cabinet's remote access authorization was automatically marked as pending
	for deletion.
Modified	Authorization status of cabinet has been modified.
" "	Public cabinet is authorized and not pending for utility B74050 "Remote Access -
	Upload".
Synchronization	Information stored on the central directory is not synchronized with your local system
Error	- public cabinet is marked as authorized on the central directory but not on your
	local system.



Note: If you mark a public cabinet for utility B04050 "Delete Pending Cabinets" and then you undo the deletion with the Display Pending Cabinets function, the public cabinet's remote access authorization is never modified nor marked for deletion.

Position to

You can enter a cabinet name to restart the list of public cabinets with the cabinet you specify.

For each of the functions described below you can select more than one public cabinet at a time.

In addition to displaying authorized public cabinets on this screen, you can also mark a cabinet and press PF4 to delete remote access authorization. Authorization is not immediately revoked, but the cabinet is flagged for utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" and the status on the screen is changed to "modified". If you display the screen above before utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, the status of the cabinet is displayed as "pending for deletion". Once you run the utility, remote access authorization for the cabinet is deleted.

To remove the delete authorization flag for a cabinet you can mark the cabinet in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the cabinet is changed to "modified" and authorization for the cabinet is not deleted when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Display Cabinets Marked for Synchronization

Public cabinets are marked for synchronization whenever you add or delete authorization for remote access. If there are public cabinets pending for authorization and/or deletion on your local system and you select the Display Cabinets Marked for Synchronization function, the "Public Cabinets Marked for Synchronization" screen is displayed, as shown below. If no public cabinets are pending for synchronization then this screen is not displayed.



Note: The Display Cabinets Marked for Synchronization function will not display cabinets that are marked for synchronization on other Con-nect systems.

```
5:54 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                14.Feb.94
                  Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
Cabinet LS
                                                                  A74052
                                  Public Cabinets Marked for Synchronization
Mark Cabinet
                Description
                                                 Status
               Development Planning 1995
     DEV95
                                                 pending for authorization
               User's Conference 1995
                                                 pending for authorization
     FITNESS
                                                 pending for deletion
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Pos Undo
Mark item(s) from the list above or press ENTER
```

It displays each local public cabinet whose remote access authorization is to be modified when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.



Note: Each cabinet displayed on the above screen will appear here until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Cabinet

Name of public cabinet.

Description

Description of public cabinet.

Status

Status of public cabinet:

Pending for deletion	Public cabinet is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be deleted. The public cabinet is not deleted from the system. A public cabinet is marked as pending for deletion when you select the public cabinet and press PF4. If you delete a public cabinet from your local system, which has remote access authorization, with utility "Delete Pending Cabinets", the public cabinet's remote access authorization is marked for deletion but it is not displayed here.
Pending for authorization	Public cabinet is currently not authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, the public cabinet will be permitted.
Modified	Status of public cabinet has been modified.

To remove the pending for deletion or authorization status for a public cabinet, you can mark the cabinet in question and press PF5. As a result, the status of the cabinet is changed to "modified" and the remote access authorization for the cabinet will not be changed when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

If you want to display a public cabinet or range of cabinets marked for synchronization, you can press PF4 to display the "Remote Cabinet Access" window, as shown below.

Mark Cabinet Description ! Remote Cabinet Access ! DEV95 Development Plann ! Display Public Cabinets Marked ! USERS95 User's Conference ! for Synchronization ! FITNESS ! From Cabinet * ! To Cabinet * ! with Status ! X Pending for Authorization ! X Pending for Deletion !	7:58 AM Cabinet LS		Remote Cabinet Access 14.Feb.94 A74052
_ USERS95	Mark Cabinet [Description	! Remote Cabinet Access !
- ; ++	_ USERS95 l	•	<pre>! for Synchronization ! ! From Cabinet * ! ! To Cabinet * ! ! with Status ! ! X Pending for Authorization !</pre>

From Cabinet

Enter the first public cabinet you want displayed. You can also enter part of the first cabinet's name and an asterisk (*) to display a range of cabinets. For example, if you enter KT*, the list of cabinets displayed will begin with all cabinets whose name starts with KT.

Default is an asterisk (*) - display all cabinets.

To Cabinet

Enter the last cabinet you want displayed. If you want to display only one user, you would enter the same cabinet you specified in the "From Cabinet" field. As with the "From Cabinet" field, you can enter the first couple of characters of a cabinet and an asterisk (*) to display a list which will end with all cabinets whose name begins with the characters you specified.

Default is an asterisk (*) - display all cabinets.

with Status

You can specify one or both types:

Pending for Authorization	Default. Mark this field if you want to display public cabinets which are
	pending for authorization.
Pending for Deletion	Default. Mark this field if you want to display public cabinets which are
	pending for deletion.

Once you have made your specifications, press ENTER to display the "Public Cabinets Marked for Synchronization" screen.

Display Unauthorized Cabinets

When you select the Display Unauthorized Cabinets function, the screen below is displayed.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
Administration - Remote Cabinet Access
11:28 AM
Cabinet LS
                                                                        14.Feb.94
                                                                            A74053
                                      Display Unauthorized Public Cabinets
 Mark Cabinet Description
                                                        Status
      HRCAB
                  Human Resources Public Info
     NARKET Marketing
REFS Rofe
                 IS Information Cabinet
                  References
         or Position to __
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help Menu Quit Add
Enter a command, press a PF-key, or enter * to list commands
```

It lists all local public cabinets not authorized to access remote Con-nect systems.

Cabinet

Name of public cabinet.

Description

Description of public cabinet.

Status

Status of public cabinet:

```
Modified Status of public cabinet has been modified.

""
Public cabinet is not authorized for remote access.
```

You can authorize remote access for each public cabinet displayed on the screen above (you can authorize several public cabinets at one time). You mark the cabinet you want and press PF4. As a result, the status for that cabinet is changed to "modified".

If you press ENTER after authorizing a public cabinet, that public cabinet is removed from the "Display Unauthorized Public Cabinets" screen. The next time you select the Display Cabinets Marked for Synchronization function, the newly authorized public cabinet will be displayed in the resulting list.

Add Authorization

When you select the Add Authorization function, the screen below is displayed.

12:08 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Administration - Remote Cabinet Access Add Authorization	14.Feb.94 A74054				
Specify Single Pu	ublic Cabinets					
Specify a Range o	of Public Cabinets					
From Cabinet	t to Cabinet					
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit Specify cabinets and press ENTER to continue						

You can specify public cabinets individually or, as a range of cabinets in the "From Cabinet" and "to Cabinet" fields.

Enter the local public cabinet(s) you want and press ENTER to add authorization. As a result, the following screen is displayed:

3:24 PM Cabinet	LS Administration - Remot		14.Feb.94 A74054
Cabinet	Description	Status	Added
	Human Resources Public Info References	pending for authorization pending for authorization	2 1
Hel	PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6 p Menu Quit g completed	PF7PF8PF9PF10PF	11PF12

It displays the public cabinet(s) you have authorized for remote access with the current Add Authorization function.

Authorization is not permitted until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. Until then, the cabinet(s) you specify here cannot be accessed by remote users.

Note: Each public cabinet displayed on the above screen will also appear on the "Public Cabinets Marked for Synchronization" screen until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Cabinet

Name of public cabinet.

Description

Description of public cabinet.

Status

Status of public cabinet:

Pending for authorization	Public cabinet is currently not authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be permitted.
Cabinet not found	Public cabinet specified could not be found. Only applicable when you specify public cabinets on an individual basis.
Cabinet already authorized	Public cabinet specified was previously authorized. Only applicable when you specify public cabinets on an individual basis.

Added

Number (in descending order) of public cabinets which are pending for authorization due to the current Add Authorization function.

Delete Authorization

When you select the Delete Authorization function, the screen below is displayed.

10:00 AM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Administration - Remote Cabinet Access Delete Authorization 14.Feb.94 A74055	
Specify Single P	ublic Cabinets	
Specify a Range	of Public Cabinets	
From Cabine	t to Cabinet	
Help Menu	-PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Quit and press ENTER to continue	

You can specify public cabinets individually and/or, as a range of cabinets in the "From Cabinet" and "to Cabinet" fields.

Enter the public cabinet(s) you want and press ENTER to delete authorization. As a result, the following screen is displayed:

10:30 AM	- N E C T 3 * * * - Remote Cabinet Access Delete Authorization	14.Feb.94 A74055
Cabinet Description	Status	Deleted
SALESPRG Sales Program 1993 TSCAL Technical Services Calend	pending for delet ar 93 pending for delet	
Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5 Help Menu Quit Processing completed	-PF6PF7PF8PF9	PF10PF11PF12

It displays the public cabinet(s) you have specified with the current Delete Authorization function.

Note: Any cabinet displayed on the above screen will also appear on the "Public Cabinets Marked for Synchronization" screen until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run.

Authorization is not revoked until utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run. Until then, the public cabinet(s) you specify here can be accessed by remote users.

Cabinet

Name of public cabinet.

Description

Description of public cabinet.

Status

Status of public cabinet:

Pending for deletion	Public cabinet is currently authorized for remote access, however, when utility B74050 "Remote Access - Upload" is run, authorization will be revoked. This utility does not delete the public cabinet from the system.
Cabinet not found	Public cabinet specified could not be found. Only applicable when you specify public cabinets on an individual basis.
Cabinet not authorized	Public cabinet is not authorized for remote access. Only applicable when you specify public cabinets on an individual basis.

Deleted

Number (in descending order) of public cabinets which are pending.

5

Con-nect Broadcast Message

The Broadcast Message is a means to make information of general interest and major importance available to all Con-nect users. The message is displayed each time a user logs on to Con-nect. (The user proceeds to the main menu of Con-nect by pressing ENTER.)



Note: Only supervisors and system administrators can generate broadcast messages.

Mark the Broadcast Message function on the "Administration - Main Menu" with any character and press ENTER; or press the PF-key assigned to this function.

The following options are available:

- 0 all users receive the Con-nect welcome banner when they logon.
- 1 all users receive the broadcast message when they logon.
- 2 all users receive the main menu of Con-nect when they logon (this is the menu which has been defined in the user profile).

The welcome banner and the broadcast message are not displayed if the user:

- logs on to Con-nect with a command as a parameter, or
- returns to Con-nect after performing an application or issuing the LOGON command.

You may enter any text you want for the broadcast message, however, the message cannot exceed 16 lines.

The following line commands can be used:

,D delete a line

,C copy a line

,W insert an empty line.

To highlight a sequence of characters, delimit them with !! on the left and with >> on the right side, for example:

!!Broadcast Message>>

6 Con-nect Reports

Navigating Through Reports	160
Cabinet Usage	
Cabinet Statistics	
Cabinet Membership	
Con-nect Installation History	

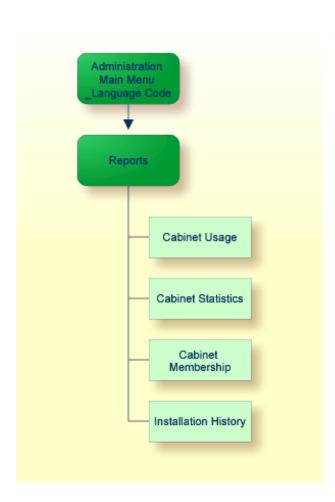
You can use the Reports function to generate different types of reports which show cabinet usage statistics and the installation history.



Note: There is no restriction as to the type of administrator (e.g. supervisor, system administrator) you must be to use this function.

Navigating Through Reports

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke each aspect of Reports.



The Reports Menu

Mark the "Reports" field on the "Administration - Main Menu" with any character and press ENTER; or press the PF-key assigned to that function.

```
2:58 PM
                      * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                                 14.Sep.2005
Cabinet LS
                         Administration - Reports
                                                                      A03000
 Select a Function:
                       _ Cabinet Usage
                       _ Cabinet Statistics
                       _ Cabinet Membership
                       Con-nect Installation History
                       _ Return to Menu
               Cabinet
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Logon Stat Membr Instl
Mark one item from the list above
```

Note: The screen above is displayed until all requested information has been compiled, *do not* press ENTER a second time.

If you select the Cabinet Usage function and specify a cabinet in the "Cabinet" field on the "Administration - Reports" screen, the list of cabinets begin with that cabinet. If a cabinet has been accessed on the current day, the information is highlighted.

If you select the Cabinet Statistics or Cabinet Membership function and specify a cabinet in the "Cabinet" field, the report which is displayed applies only to that cabinet.

If in the case of all of the above functions you leave the "Cabinet" field blank, an alphabetical list of cabinets is displayed. To scroll to a cabinet beginning with a specific character(s), you can enter the character(s) in the "Position to" line and press ENTER. Then, you must mark the cabinet you want and press the appropriate PF-key.

Cabinet Usage

The Cabinet Usage report is an alphabetical list of cabinets providing information regarding the last logon to each cabinet. This report can only be generated if the "Trace Cabinet Usage" function of System Defaults has been marked (see *System Defaults*).

```
9:19 AM
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                    Administration - Cabinet Usage
                                                                      A03000
 Cabinet Name/Description
                                             Last Access
                                        LS 10.Feb.94 12:21
*** ABE 14.Feb.94 8:42
ESH 13.Feb.94 10:15
 LS Long, Sonya
 LSTEAM Research Team
                                                                            Χ
 RS
     Smith,Robert
 Position to _____
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Top
Press ENTER to continue
```

The report shows the following information for each cabinet:

Cabinet

Name of the cabinet to which the statistics apply.

Name/Description

Full name of the user if the cabinet is a private cabinet, or the description of a standalone, shared or public cabinet.

Indicates that someone other than the person to whom the cabinet has been assigned has used the cabinet (with the command sequence "USE Cabinet cabinet - ID password").

Last Access

User ID of the last user who used the cabinet and the date and time of the last logon. If the last logon occurred on the current date, this information is highlighted.

An X to the right of the date and time indicates that the cabinet is pending for deletion.

Position to

To scroll the list to cabinets beginning with a specific character or string of characters, enter the character(s) in the "Position to" line and press ENTER. This causes the list to scroll to the first cabinet which begins with the character or string of characters you specified.

Cabinet Statistics

The Cabinet Statistics report consists of two screens.

The first screen lists all objects in the cabinet and the number of occurrences of each object (count) as shown below.



Note: The object Member is the total number of members in the cabinet's distribution lists.

Cabinet LS		Administrati	on - Ca	ECT3 ** abinet Statis abinet MMH			1	4.Feb.94 A03002
Object Name	Count	Object Name	Count	Object Name	Count	Object	Name	Count
		D						
Address			2					
		Referenc						
		Resource	5					
	7							
Distribu	2							
	>9999							
	14							
File	9							
Form	10							
Meeting	2							
Member	6							
Menu	6							
Notepad	8							
Fight and DE1	0 05) DE4 DE6	DEC	DE7 DE0	DEO	DE10	DE11	DE10
Enter-PF1PF3 Press ENTER to			PF6		PF9-	PFIU	PFII-	- PF12

If an object occurs more than 9999 times in the cabinet, >9999 is displayed for that object in the "Count" column.

The second screen displays the number of items in the Inbasket, Outbasket and Wastebasket.

```
Cabinet LS
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                             14.Feb.94
                   Administration - Cabinet Statistics
                                                                A03002
                                 Cabinet LS
 Inbasket 2
                        Outbasket
                                             Wastebasket 4
 Phone
 Invitations
 New
             2
 Opened
 Postponed
Enter-PF1---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Press ENTER to continue
```

Cabinet Membership

7:35 AM Cabinet LS			* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Administration - Cabinet Membership Cabinet TEAM5					
Name	Туре	Object	Cabinet	Description		Members		
Team	Shared			Research Appl Fiber Optics		2 15		
	enu Qu	it Top	F5PF6-	PF7PF8	PF9PF10PF	11PF12		

The Cabinet Membership report lists the following information regarding the distribution lists and cabinets of which the specified cabinet (i.e. the cabinet ID entered in the "Cabinet" field) is a member:

Name

Name of the distribution list of which this cabinet is a member.

Type

Type of cabinet of which this cabinet is a member.

Object

Type of membership i.e. member of a distribution list or member of a cabinet.

Cabinet

Cabinet containing the distribution list, or of which this cabinet is a member.

Description

Description of the object.

Members

Number of other members of the list, or of the cabinet of which this cabinet is a member.

Con-nect Installation History

The Con-nect Installation History report provides information on the different versions of Connect that have been installed in your environment.

If Con-nect has been installed in several libraries, the following window appears first. You can then select the library for which you want to display the report:

```
! Con-nect Installation History !

! Mark one to select !
! Library name !
! _ CNTWORK !
! _ CNTWORKX !
! _ CNT33Y !
! _ CNT341 !
! _ SYSCNT2 !
! !
! or press ENTER for all libraries !
```

The above window does not appear if Con-nect has been installed in only one library. In this case, the report is immediately shown in the "Con-nect Installation History" screen.

If you press ENTER in the above window without selecting a library, the report shows information on all libraries. Example:

168

	B PM net LS	* * * C o n - n e c t 3 * * * Administration - Con-nect Installation History							14.Sep.2005 A03000 FNAT		
1ark	Version	U	Update Date	/Time		Install Dat	e/Time		Library	DBID	FNR
1	3.4.1	4	25.Aug.2005	2:43	PM	25.Aug.2005	2:43	PM	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	8	23.Aug.2005	3:51	PM	27.Jul.2005	4:58	РМ	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	3	27.Jul.2005	4:58	PM	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	SYSCNT2	83	7
_	3.4.1	1	27.Jul.2005	3:15	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNT33Y	83	7
_	3.4.1	1	26.Jul.2005	7:00	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	SYSCNT2	83	7
_	3.4.1	8	26.Jul.2005	6:13	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	1	26.Jul.2005	4:54	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	7	26.Jul.2005	2:40	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	6	26.Jul.2005	12:13	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	2	25.Jul.2005	5:39	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNT341	83	7
_	3.4.1	0	22.Jul.2005	4:17	РМ	9.0ct.2003	11:38	АМ	CNTWORK	83	7
_	3.4.1	0	30.Jun.2005	10:44	AM	25.0ct.2003	2:39	РМ	CNT33Y	83	99
Posi	ition to			(۱	Jpda	ate Date)					
	DE1 DE	0	DE0 DE4	D.E.E.			F0 5-		DE10 5	E11	0
ter-			Quit Top			F6PF7P elet	F8PF	9	PF10 P	F11PFJ	. 2

The information in this screen is shown in decreasing order by the date of the update installation.

The report shows the following information for each record:

Version

The version number of the installed Con-nect version.

U

A number indicating the update level (service pack).

Update Date/Time

Date and time when this Con-nect version has been updated.

Install Date/Time

Date and time when this Con-nect version has been installed.

Library

The library into which this Con-nect version has been installed.

DBID

The database number on the FNAT system file.

FNR

The file number on the FNAT system file.

Position to

To scroll the list to a specific record, enter the date of its update installation in the "Position to" line and press ENTER. This causes the list to scroll to the first record with the specified date.

The following PF-keys are always available:

PF-Key	Description
PF5	Displays information on the record which has been marked. See below.
PF6	Deletes the record which has been marked. See below.

The following PF-keys are only available when the records for a single library are shown and when this library is used in different FNAT system files:

PF-Key	Description
	Sorts the list by update date. This PF-key is shown when the records are currently sorted by file number.
PF10	Sorts the list by file number. This PF-key is shown when the records are currently sorted by date.



Note: When the records are sorted by file number, the "Position to" line and PF4 (Top) are not available.

Displaying More Detailed Information on a Record

When you mark a record in the "Con-nect Installation History" screen with any character and press PF5, the following window appears, providing more detailed information on this record.

For the record which you have marked in the list, a message is shown which indicates that you can press ENTER to display the history. When you repeatedly press ENTER in this window, inform-

ation on all other records which have the same library and the same FNAT and FUSER is displayed. For these records, a message is shown which prompts you to press ENTER to continue (when you press PF3 for such a record, the window is closed and the "Con-nect Installation History" screen is shown again). When the message reappears which indicates that you can press ENTER to display the history, information for the marked record is shown again.

For update level 0 (that is: an installation for which a history does not yet exist), a different message is shown. In this case, the window is closed as soon as you press ENTER.

Deleting a Record

When you mark a record in the "Con-nect Installation History" screen with any character and press PF6, the line "Mark _ to confirm deletion" appears at the bottom of the screen. To remove the record from the database, you have to mark the field in this line with any character and press ENTER.

Con-nect Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons

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General Information About Unlocking Cabinets / Cabinet Logons

You can activate a feature which locks a user's cabinet after he makes a pre-determined number of unauthorized attempts to log on to another cabinet.



Note: There is no restriction as to the type of administrator (e.g. supervisor, system administrator) you must be to activate this feature.

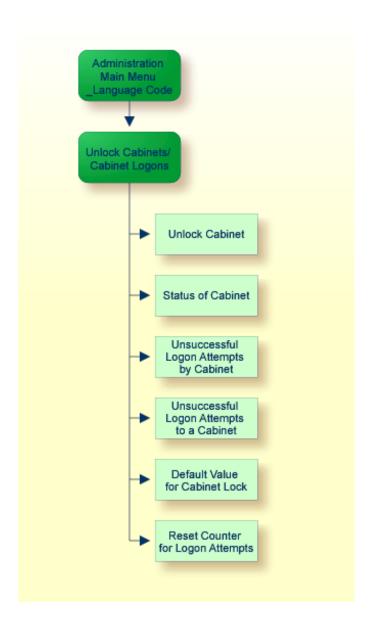
Logs for each unauthorized attempt to logon to a Con-nect cabinet are kept within the Con-nect system file. The names of cabinets which have been locked are displayed as new mail items in the Inbasket of cabinet SYSCNT (which can only be accessed by the system administrator).

A locked cabinet can only be unlocked by a system or cabinet administrator.

You can use the Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons function to set the cabinet lock feature, unlock cabinets, and check unsuccessful logon attempts.

Navigating Through Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke each aspect of Unlock Cabinet / Cabinet Logons.



The Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons Menu

Mark the "Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons" field on the "Administration - Main Menu" with any character and press ENTER, or press the PF-key assigned to that function.

```
* * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
 12:50 PM
                                                                  14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                     Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons
                                                                     A06799
 Select a Function:
                         Unlock Cabinet
                         Status of Cabinet
                         Unsuccessful Logon Attempts by Cabinet
                                                                 (By)
                         Unsuccessful Attempts to Logon to Cabinet (To)
                         Default Value for Cabinet Lock
                         Reset Counter for Logon Attempts
               Cabinet _____
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Unl Stat By To Def
                                                   Delet
Mark one item from the list above
```

All functions which can be performed with Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons are shown on the above menu. Mark the required function with any character and press ENTER, or press the assigned PF-key. The screen for that function is then displayed.

Default Value for Cabinet Lock

The first step you must take in order to activate this security feature is to specify the number of unauthorized logon attempts which are allowed before a user's cabinet is locked. Select the Default Value for Cabinet Lock function. The following input lines are shown at the bottom of the "Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons" menu.

```
__ Unsuccessful Attempts to Logon to Cabinet (To)

x Default Value for Cabinet Lock

__ Reset Counter for Logon Attempts

Lock cabinets after __ illegal logon attempt(s)

or mark X to ignore illegal logon attempts

Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---

Help Menu Quit

Mark ONE item from the list above
```

By default, illegal (unauthorized) logon attempts are ignored. To record the attempts and lock the user's cabinet after the limit has been reached, enter a number from 1 to 9 in the "Lock cabinets after" field and delete the X in the "mark _ to ignore" field. Thereafter, each time a user attempts to access a cabinet for which he does not have authorization, the counter is increased by 1.



Note: Unauthorized logon attempts are recorded even when the "mark _ to ignore" field is marked, however, the user's cabinet is not locked.

Once the counter reaches the maximum number of attempts, a screen appears notifying the user that his cabinet is locked due to too many unauthorized logon attempts. The source code (C1309012) for this screen is delivered with your system if you wish to change the text. However, you *cannot* change the parameters for the screen.

Unlock a Cabinet

A cabinet can only be unlocked by a system or cabinet administrator. If an administrator's cabinet is locked, he cannot unlock it himself, another administrator must unlock it.

To unlock a cabinet, enter the cabinet ID in the "Cabinet" field on the "Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons" menu and select the Unlock Cabinet function. The cabinet is unlocked, however, the counter is not reset (i.e. the *next* time the user tries to logon to the same cabinet, his own cabinet will be locked again). To reset the counter to 0, you must use the Reset Counter for Logon Attempts function as described later in this section.

Status of Cabinet

Select the Status of Cabinet function to obtain information for all cabinets within the system. To obtain the information for one specific cabinet, enter the cabinet ID in the "Cabinet" field.

12:37 PM Cabinet LS	M * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * LS Administration - Display Cabinet Status			14.Feb.94 A06799	
Mark Cabinet	User Name / Description	Locked	Date	Time	
ALLONE ARCHIVE ESH LS Team5	Central record-office Eshberry,John Long,Sonya	****	14.Feb.94	8:40 PM	
	Fibers research	****	12.Feb.94	10:19 AM	
Help M	F2PF3PF4PF5PF6 lenu Quit Unl By n from the list above		F9PF10I	PF11PF12	

In either case, the "Administration - Display Cabinet Status" screen is displayed. It shows the following information:

Cabinet

The cabinet ID.

User Name / Description

The name of the cabinet user in the case of a private cabinet, or cabinet description in the case of a shared, standalone or public cabinet.

Locked

A line of asterisks (*) indicates that the cabinet is locked.

Date

The date of the last unsuccessful logon attempt by the cabinet (this is only shown if the cabinet is locked).

Time

The time of the last unsuccessful logon attempt by the cabinet (this is only shown if the cabinet is locked).

You can mark the input field to the left of one of the cabinets and press the appropriate PF-key to:

- unlock the locked cabinet;
- display unsuccessful logon attempts by the cabinet;
- or display unsuccessful attempts to logon to the cabinet.

Unsuccessful Logon Attempts by a Cabinet

Select this function to obtain a list of cabinets to which a user has unsuccessfully attempted to logon. To obtain a list for a specific user, enter the user ID in the "Cabinet" field on the "Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons" menu. To obtain a list for all users, leave the field blank and press ENTER to proceed from one list to the next.

In either case, the "Logon Attempts by User user-ID" screen is displayed. This screen shows the following information:

Cabinet

The cabinet ID of the cabinet(s) to which this cabinet has attempted to log on.

User Name / Description

The name of the cabinet user or the cabinet description.

Counter

The number of times the user has attempted to log on to this cabinet.

Last Logon Attempt

The date and time of the last logon attempt.

You can mark the input field to the left of one of the cabinets and press the appropriate PF-key to:

- display the status of the cabinet;
- display unsuccessful attempts to logon to the cabinet; or
- delete the record of unsuccessful logon attempts by the cabinet (this resets the counter to 0).
- **Note:** In contrast to the other functions, the Reset Counter for Logon Attempts (Delete) function can be applied to several cabinets at once; mark the cabinets for which you want to delete the unsuccessful logon attempt records, and press the appropriate PF-key.

Unsuccessful Attempts to Logon to a Cabinet

Select this function to obtain a list of cabinets which have unsuccessfully attempted to logon to another cabinet. To obtain a list for a specific user, enter the user ID in the "Cabinet" field on the "Unlock Cabinets / Cabinet Logons" menu. To obtain a list of all users, leave the field blank; press ENTER to proceed from one list to the next.

11:00 AM Cabinet LS Mark User	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Attempts to Logon to Cabinet JM Mayer,Julie User Name / Description	Last Logon Att Date T	
JE SH	Edinberry, John Hoback, Susan	5.Jan.94 7.Jan.94	
Help M	PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8 Menu Quit Stat By Delet n from the list above	PF9PF10PF11	LPF12

In either case, the "Attempts to Logon to Cabinet cabinet-name" screen is displayed. This screen shows the following information:

User

The ID of the user who attempted to log on to this cabinet.

User Name / Description

The name of the cabinet user or cabinet description.

Last Logon Attempt

The date and time of the last attempt to logon to the cabinet.

You can mark the input field to the left of one of the cabinets and press the appropriate PF-key to:

- display the status of the cabinet;
- display unsuccessful logon attempts by the cabinet; or
- delete the record of unsuccessful logon attempts by the cabinet (this resets the counter at 0).
- **Note:** In contrast to the other functions, the Reset Counter for Logon Attempts (Delete) function can be applied to several cabinets at once; mark the cabinets for which you want to delete the unsuccessful logon attempt records, and press the appropriate PF-key.

Reset Counter for Logon Attempts

You can reset the counter to 0 for a cabinet (i.e. delete the records of unsuccessful attempts to logon to a cabinet).

If you want to reset the counter for a specific cabinet, enter the name of the cabinet in the "Cabinet" field, and select the Reset Counter for Logon Attempts function. If you want to reset the counter for all cabinets, leave the "Cabinet" field blank, and select the Reset Counter for Logon Attempts function.

In both cases, the following input line is shown at the bottom of the screen:

By default, the logon reports older than 30 days are deleted. You can specify a different time period by typing over this value. When you press ENTER, all logon reports older than the number of days specified are deleted, and the counter is reset to 0.

8 Con-nect Bulletin Board

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General Information About the Con-nect Bulletin Board

The bulletin board facility can be visualized as a public announcement board which contains a number of bulletin boards, each of which pertains to a particular topic. For example, there might be a bulletin board labeled "Leisure" that advertises free time events, or another board named "Education" that notifies all users of courses which are available through the company and community.

This facility can be maintained by any system administrator or supervisor directly from their private Con-nect cabinets.

Con-nect users cannot add or erase bulletin boards, however, users can SEND memos or documents to a bulletin board as well as DISPLAY any object on a bulletin board and REPLY to it.

Adding a Bulletin Board

To add a bulletin board, issue the following in the command line:

ADD Bulletin

As a result, the following screen appears:

Enter the following information on the "Add Bulletin" screen:

Bulletin Name

Name of the bulletin board.

Description

Description of the bulletin board.

Address Level

A number 0 through 9 to delimit which users can SEND items to a bulletin board. This number corresponds to the value specified in the "Address Level_" field on the "Administration - Cabinet Profile cabinet - name" screen. See *Cabinet Profile*.

If you specify 0, all users, regardless of their address level, can access the bulletin board.

Erasing a Bulletin Board

Erasing a bulletin board is also a function which a system administrator or supervisor can perform from their own Con-nect cabinet.

Erasing a bulletin board is a two step process. First the items within the bulletin board must be erased and then the bulletin board itself can be erased.

Erasing Items from a Bulletin Board

To erase items from a bulletin board, issue the following command sequence:

```
DISPLAY Bulletin bulletin-board-name
```

As a result the screen below is displayed which lists all items currently contained on the specified bulletin board.

```
1:35 PM
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                 27.0ct.1999
 Cabinet LS
                    Contents of Bulletin Board Education
                                                                     C0304111
 Cmd Subject
                                                  Sent By Date Mailed
                                                  Perez,Ramon 27.Oct.1999
    Perl for Beginners
                                                  Tauchen, Neil 27.0ct.1999
Landry, Carol 27.0ct.1999
   Diving Lessons
    Spanish Courses
Cmds are 1 or 2 characters from the list below (FLIP for PF-keys)
  Command /
         Display Erase Export Format Info
                                                      Print
 Copy
                                                              Top
```

To erase the items, enter ER in the Cmd column for each item and press ENTER. When the last item is erased you are returned to the previous menu.



Note: When you erase an item, it is placed in the person's Wastebasket who sent the item to the bulletin board (not your Wastebasket).

Items on a bulletin board can also be erased using the utility B04040 "Delete Bulletin Board Contents". See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Delete Bulletin Board Contents* for further information.

Erasing an Empty Bulletin Board

To erase a bulletin board, issue the following command sequence:

DISPLAY Bulletin

The "Display Bulletin Boards" screen lists all bulletin boards in alphabetical order.

Mark the desired bulletin board with ER and press ENTER. The bulletin board is completely erased from Con-nect.

9 Con-nect Text Retrieval Administration

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General Information About Con-nect Text Retrieval Administration

Con-nect Text Retrieval is a selectable unit offered with Con-nect Version 3. Con-nect Text Retrieval enables you to retrieve text from a document or reference document which is filed in a TRS folder.

Documents filed in Con-nect can be transferred to Natural Document Management and vice versa. See the Natural Document Management documentation for further information.

Special administrative functions which apply only to Con-nect Text Retrieval are discussed in this section.

Con-nect Text Retrieval System Defaults

When Con-nect Text Retrieval is initially installed on your system, the number of text blocks that can be inverted online, the number of entries which can be alphabetized and the number of entries which can be retrieved per FIND command are set to their default specifications.

These defaults can be modified on the "Administration - System Defaults" screen, as shown below.



Note: If you re-install or upgrade Con-nect Text Retrieval at a later date, the modifications you make to the defaults are retained.

```
4:21 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                       12.Mar.98
 Cabinet LS
                        Administration - System Defaults
                                                                           A06701
              System Name *** C O N - N E C T 3 ***
                          ....+....1....+....2....+....3....+....4
             CPU Timezone 1 (relative to Greenwich Mean Time)
 Days in Wastebasket 60 Days until Expiration 365 Con-nect sliding window __ or Use Natural YSLW( 0 ) X
 Trace Cabinet Usage X
Force to check Password _
                                      Archive on Expiration x
                                      Days between registered Backup
                                      and Cabinet Deletion
 Con-nect TRS profile
                Limit to 220 text blocks to invert online
                Limit to 200 entries to be alphabetized
                Limit to 2000 entries per FIND criteria
         Usage within API _
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help Menu Quit Prof Addr
Make required changes and press ENTER to modify
```

Text blocks to invert online (for TRS only)

The number of text blocks from a TRS document that can be inverted online. (Default: 10)

Note: A text block consists of 20 text lines.

Keep in mind that increasing the number of text blocks inverted online will slow your online system down.

Whenever a user manages (issues commands such as MODIFY, FILE, TRANSLATE) a TRS document larger than what your system can invert online, it is automatically moved in the system folder TRS-XXL. When the batch utility "Invert Long Documents" is run, documents within this folder are inverted and moved back to the user's TRS folder. See *Con-nect Utilities*, section *Invert Long Documents* for further information.

Entries to be alphabetized

The number of entries per category, root or synonym that can be alphabetized. You cannot specify more than 200 entries. (Default: 100)

If the entries of a category, root or synonym exceeds the limit specified here they are not listed in alphabetical order.

Entries per FIND criteria

The maximum number of entries that can be retrieved per FIND command. Up to 9999 can be retrieved. (Default: 2,000)

Usage within API

Allows users to access Con-nect Text Retrieval files from Natural Document Management or from a user written program using the Con-nect API subprograms. (Default: Yes)

Con-nect Text Retrieval Cabinet Profile

The Con-nect administrator must ensure that the Text Retrieval (TRS) function is permitted in the profiles of users who should be able to use Con-nect Text Retrieval. See *The Cabinet Profile SYSCNT* and *Cabinet Profile*.

Con-nect Text Retrieval Command and Object Table

The following commands and objects may be permitted for each user who uses Con-nect Text Retrieval:

Object	Command
Category	ADD, DISPLAY, MODIFY
Query	ADD, DISPLAY, ERASE, FILE, INFO, MODIFY, PERFORM, PRINT, USE
Results	DISPLAY, MODIFY, INFO, USE
Root	ADD, DISPLAY, MODIFY
Synonym	ADD, DISPLAY, MODIFY
Word	ADD, DISPLAY, MODIFY
(no object)	FIND
(no object)	RULE



Note: These commands and objects are allowed for each user by default.

See Command and Object Table for further information.

Con-nect Text Retrieval and the Application Programming Interface

The Application Programming Interface consists of the following API subprograms for Con-nect Text Retrieval which are delivered with Con-nect:

- Z-TRSCL
- Z-TRSOP
- Z-TRS11

These API subprograms are described in the *Con-nect Application Programming Interface* documentation.

Con-nect Text Retrieval Utilities

The following utilities for Con-nect Text Retrieval are delivered with Con-nect:

Add System Folder TRS-XXL

Add system folder TRS-XXL to a cabinet, a range of cabinets or all cabinets.

Delete System Folder TRS-XXL

Delete system folder TRS-XXL from a cabinet, a range of cabinets or all cabinets.

Invert Long Documents

Invert TRS documents which are filed in folder TRS-XXL.

Invert Contents of TRS Folders in Cabinet(s)

Invert documents and reference documents filed in TRS folder(s) within the specified cabinet, range of cabinets or all cabinets.

These utilities are described in the *Con-nect Utilities* documentation.

10

Invoking, Debugging, Exiting Con-nect And Other Useful

Tips

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How Con-nect is Invoked

Con-nect is normally invoked using the Natural program MENU. This program is supplied in source on the distribution tape; it can be modified as long as the FETCH "MENU" statement is not removed. This facility is provided to allow user processing before Con-nect is invoked.

MENU Parameters

The program MENU can be run using from 0 to 3 parameters. Leave blanks between MENU and first parameter, and between the parameters. If a parameter is a command sequence, separate each word in the sequence with either a semicolon or comma.



Note: If your Natural ID parameter is set to semicolon (;), you must use a comma (,) to separate each word in the command sequence and not a semicolon.

No. of Parameters	Action
0	Initialize a private cabinet = *USER. If a cabinet matching *USER is not defined, the user is prompted for a cabinet ID and a password. The example below shows how this is coded.
	MENU
1	The action described above is taken, and then the parameter is processed as a direct command. The example below shows how this is coded.
	MENU DISPLAY; Document; doc-name
2	Parameter 1 is treated as a cabinet ID, parameter 2 as a password for that cabinet. The example below shows how this is coded.
	MENU CABID PASSWORD
3	Parameter 1 is treated as a cabinet ID, parameter 2 is treated as the password for that cabinet and parameter 3 is processed as a direct command. The example below shows how this is coded.
	MENU CABID PASSWORD DISPLAY; Document; doc-name

Specification of Cabinet ID

When 2 or 3 parameters are specified with the program MENU, the first parameter is treated as a cabinet ID and the second parameter as a password - even if no password is required. Password validation varies with the cabinet type:

Cabinet Type	Password Validation
Private	Password validated if supplied.
Standalone	Password always required and validated.
Shared	No password validation if *USER is defined as member of the cabinet.
Public	No password validation.

A "dummy" password must be supplied using the MENU program for shared and public cabinets. For shared cabinets, this password is validated only if the user is not a member of the cabinet.

Profile Initialization

Normally when a cabinet is used, the following is initialized:

- the profile, which consists of
 - 1 command and object table
 - 2 cabinet profile
 - 3 user profile
- the PF-key table.

The initialization of various components of the profile depends on the cabinet type and the access method.

Normally, the user profile (*USER) is initialized, regardless of the type of cabinet accessed. This is to ensure that screen colors, date formats, language, etc., are kept the same in all cabinets in which a user can work.

The system profile is alwaysinitialized for the cabinet being used - regardless of *USER. This is done to allow public, standalone and shared cabinets to be defined with unique sets of menus and commands, thus allowing a Con-nect cabinet to represent a separate Natural application if desired.

Use a Private Cabinet

If a user attempts to use the private cabinet of *another* user, the profile is initialized as follows:

- User01 logs on (with the proper password) to Cabinet User02. The complete profile for User02 is initialized. This is effectively the same as if User02 were using Cabinet User02.
- User01 logs on to Cabinet User02 which has been shared by User02 with User01. No password is required. The profile for User02 (except for the user profile and PF-keys) is initialized, and then any restrictions as defined by User02 for User01 are applied to that profile (see the *Connect User's Guide*, section *Cabinets*). The PF-keys for User01 are initialized.

Use a Standalone or Public Cabinet

The user profile (*USER) is initialized and used while accessing the standalone or public cabinet. If no profile for *USER exists (e.g. if *USER is *not* defined to Con-nect with a private cabinet), the profile for the standalone or public cabinet is initialized.

The user's own PF-key table is initialized, unless the user does not have his own private cabinet - in which case the PF-key table of the cabinet being accessed is used.

Use a Shared Cabinet



Note: Shared Cabinets in this context mean shared cabinets at system level, i.e. cabinets defined as shared by an administrator, not a private cabinet which has been shared.

If the user (*USER) is not defined as a member, the cabinet profile of the shared cabinet is merged with the profile for *USER. If no profile for *USER exists, the profile for the shared cabinet is fully initialized.

If the user (*USER) is defined as a member of the shared cabinet, then the profile is initialized depending on the profile type. Profile types are:

- the profile defined for the cabinet.
- the profile defined for the user (user's private cabinet profile).
- a special profile defined for this member, in this cabinet.

The profile type is specified in the Members function of Cabinet Maintenance.

The user's own PF-key table is initialized.

The Con-nect Banner-Map

The layout of the "Info" screen for a document can be defined with the Natural map named BANNER no (n is the language code, e.g. the English map is named BANNER10). This screen contains the document definition criteria, as well as information regarding modifications. The map can be edited using the Natural map editor.

The Print Defaults portion of the user profile can be modified to cause the banner page (i.e. the information from the "Info" screen) to be printed with the document. See *Print Defaults*.

Special Con-nect Print Modules

Documents

A special print module is supported, which provides a condensed printout that does not issue page breaks when the PRINT command is issued with a document. The condensed printout contains the banner page, attached notes/cover notes, list of replies and list of addressees all on one page.



Note: Document information, list of replies, list of addressees, and attached notes/cover notes are printed only if defined in the print defaults. For further information, see *Print Defaults*.

```
Leave New York 11:30
Arrive Washington 12:55
```

To use this module you must rename program C0711U in the SYSCNT2 library to C07119. Thereafter, this program is called each time the PRINT command is issued with a document.

To discontinue using this special print module, you simply rename C07119 to C0711U.

Meetings

A special print module is supported, which provides a condensed printout that does not issue page breaks when the PRINT command is issued with a meeting. This means that meeting basics (e.g. date and time of meeting, location), meeting statistics (e.g. number of attendees accepted, declined), the address list, and notes are all printed in this order, without page breaks. The agenda is printed on a separate page.



Note: Meeting information, addressee list and notes are printed only if defined in the print defaults. For further information, see *Print Defaults*.

To use this module you must rename program C0716U in the SYSCNT2 library to C07169. Thereafter, this program is called each time the PRINT command is issued with a meeting.

To discontinue using this special print module, you simply rename C07169 to C0716U.

The Con-nect Error Log

The Con-nect error log is available to all users using the module D-TRACE.

Adding the Module D-TRACE as an Application

To access the module D-TRACE directly from your Con-nect session, you must first ADD an application. See the *Con-nect User's Guide*, section *Adding an Application* for detailed information.

Specify the following information in the "Add Application" window:

Library Name

Specify "SYSCNT2" as the name of the Natural library in which D-TRACE is catalogued.

Program Name

Specify "D-TRACE" as the name of the Natural program which is to be executed.

Parameter

Optional - you can specify the following parameters which are passed to the application when it is performed:

To access the Con-nect error log, specify "1" as the first parameter.

To access the multi-node error log, specify "2" as the first parameter.

If you do not specify a parameter, a screen will be displayed when you perform the application. In this screen you can either specify 1 (for Con-nect) or 2 (for Multi-node). You can also specify a user ID.

To display the error log for a specific user, specify the user ID as the second parameter.

Performing the Application to Access the Error Log

To display the error log screen, you must PERFORM the application.

```
? Library
          User ID Program
                             Error Sub Line Date
                                                       Time
                                                                  S Page: 1
 CNT33YB XSISVG
                             0082
                                       0000 2004-01-16 14:13:49.0 C
 CNT332
          XSISAN1
                             0084
                                       0000 2004-01-16 13:05:55.7 C
 CNT341
          LS
                   C0625020
                             0932
                                       0022 2004-01-16 12:56:52.4 0
_ CNT33YB XSISVG
                   B99050
                             1016
                                       4590 2004-01-16 12:52:13.8 0
CNT332
          XSISAR
                             1016
                                       0210 2004-01-16 12:29:23.5 0
                   N-PCW2B
 CNT332
          XSISAR
                   N-PCW3B
                             1016
                                       0650 2004-01-16 12:29:18.6 0
CNT332
          XSISAR
                   N-PCW2B
                             1016
                                       0210 2004-01-16 12:28:44.5 0
CNT332
          XSISAR
                   N-PCW3B
                             1016
                                       0610 2004-01-16 12:28:12.1 0
          XSISAR
 CNT341
                             0800
                                       0000 2004-01-16 08:07:17.6 C
                                       0630 2004-01-15 16:58:10.5 0
CNT341
          XSISKU
                   C-29004B
                             5343
_ CNT341
          XSISAN
                   C01880
                             0082
                                       0840 2004-01-15 15:48:38.9 0
 CNT341
          XSISAN
                   C01880
                             0082
                                       0000 2004-01-15 15:35:02.8 C
_ CNT341
          XSISAN
                             0082
                                       1850 2001-01-15 13:19:43.7 0
                   STACKER
 CNT341
          XSISAN
                   C-MRPTOP
                             1016
                                       0230 2001-01-15 13:03:54.5 0
          XSISAR
 CNT341
                             0936
                                       7170 2004-01-15 12:38:54.4 0
                   C03011
                                       7170 2004-01-15 12:37:07.5 0
CNT341
          XSISSK
                   C03011
                             0936
_ CNT341
          XSISAN
                   STACKER
                             0082
                                       1850 2001-01-15 11:58:16.6 0
CNT341
          XSISAR
                   C03011
                             0936
                                       7170 2004-01-15 11:57:37.4 0
CNT341
          XSISKU
                   C03011
                             0936
                                       7170 2004-01-15 11:06:16.3 0
 CNT341
                             0936
                                       7170 2004-01-15 11:04:29.3 0
          XSISAR
                   C03011
PF1=Help PF2=Print
                   **** Errors in Function: 1 = Con-nect
                                                            **** PF12=Delete
```

The error logs show the last 70 errors in descending, chronological sequence (i.e. the last error that occurred is displayed at the top). The columns in the error log screen display the following information:

?

Mark with any character and press ENTER to display additional information for that error.

Library

The name of the library in which the error occurred.

User ID

The ID of the user who produced the error.

Program

The name of the program which produced the error.

Error

The Natural/Adabas error number.

Sub

The subcode of the Adabas error number.

Line

The line in the program in which the error occurred.

The following exception applies to Multi-node: if the error number is 3148 (database currently not active), the database number is shown in this column.

Date

The date on which the error occurred.

Time

The time at which the error occurred.

S

The Natural status code. The status can be one of the following:

- C command processing error,
- L logon error,
- O object-time error, or
- S non-correctable syntax error.

The following information applies to the most recent error in the log (i.e. the error that is shown at the top): if an error occurs and only the time, library or status code of the new entry to be made differ, the last entry in the log is updated with the new time, library or the status code.

You can use the following PF-keys:

- PF1 Display information on a specific Natural error message. You enter the error number in a window and press ENTER to display the error message and its explanation. Pressing PF3 returns you to the error log screen.
- PF2 Print the error log.
- PF4 Delete all duplicate error messages. This PF-key is only shown when duplicate error messages exist. It is only available to a system administrator.
- PF12 Delete the error log. Only an administrator can delete the error log. For a user who is not an administrator, PF3 (Exit) is shown instead of PF12.

When the error log screen is displayed, press PF3 to return to the Con-nect screen from which you performed the application.

Changing the Cabinet Address/Description Fields

The Con-nect error message 0130 pertains to the cabinet address/description (see *Cabinet Address/Description*). With this error message, you can rename the default fields "Sex" and "Internet" to, for example, "Salutation" and "Comments". Changes to this error message will be applied to all cabinets.

You use the Natural utility SYSERR to modify error message 0130. To invoke this utility, see the Natural documentation, or your Natural administrator.

When the SYSERR menu is displayed, proceed as follows:

- Enter the code MO.
- Make sure that the library is SYSCNT2.
- Enter 0130 in the first "Message number" field. Leave the second field blank.
- Ensure that the correct language code is specified (1 for English).

```
14:45:47
                     ***** NATURAL SYSERR UTILITY *****
                                                                   2002-05-13
                                  - Menu -
                Code Function
                 AD Add new messages
                 DE Delete messages
                 DI Display messages
                 MO Modify messages
                      Print messages
                 PR
                     Scan in messages
                 SC
                      Select messages from a list
                      Translate messages into another language
                 ?
                      Help
                    Exit
         Code .. mo Message type .... US
                      Library ..... SYSCNT2_
                      Message number .. 130_ - ____
                      Language codes .. 1_____
Please enter code.
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                 Exit
                                                                      Canc
     Help
```

When you press ENTER, only error message 0130 is displayed, as shown below.

```
14:47:46
                 **** NATURAL SYSERR UTILITY ****
                                                     2002-05-13
                    - Modify Short Message -
Number
         Short Message (English)
....+....1....+....2....+....3....+....4....+....5....+...
1 Tx.
2
3
4 Ex.
5
6
7
8
18 Ac.
19
20
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Mod
```

Number

A combination of the current Con-nect library and the error message number.

Short Message

The current error message. The default field names "Sex" and "Internet" are followed by the symbol "->". You enter the new field name after this symbol. Each field can be up to 13 characters in length. To revert back to the default field name you simply leave this area blank.

Press enter to save your modifications.

Include User Defined Information Lines in the Con-nect Main Menu

With the use of user-exit USR0010C, up to two lines of special information can be displayed in the user's main menu along with appointments, Inbasket items, etc.

The additional lines are always displayed below the user's Inbasket items. If Inbasket items are not displayed in the main menu the additional lines are not displayed. For further information, see the *Con-nect User's Guide*, section *Defining the Menu Layout*.

Furthermore, the layout of the main menu must be text at the left. Otherwise, this user-exit will not be called. See the *Con-nect User's Guide*, section *A Menu with the Text at the Left*.

The system automatically verifies that the user-exit exists in the system library and step library each time the main menu is displayed. If USR0010C is found, it is called and the special information is included in the main menu.



Note: It is recommended to consider all security aspects when configuring this user-exit since security checks are not performed when the user-exit is called.

The parameter Info-lines is both an input and output parameter.

Input for the first line of parameter Info-lines is the active cabinet's ID, while input for the second line of parameter Info-lines is the user's ID.

The user-exit returns either the first or both text lines. However, if the text lines are blank, they are not displayed.

Parameters	In	Format	Out	Format
Info-lines		A35/1:2		A35/1:2
First-occurrence	Active cabinet	A8	Free text; optional	A35
Second-occurrence	Active user	A8	Free text; optional	A35

Example Program

```
0010 *
0020 * Example program for user-exit USR0010C
0030 *
0040 *
0050 DEFINE DATA PARAMETER
0060 1 #PARMS (A35/2)
0070 1 REDEFINE #PARMS
0080 2 #PARM1 (A35)
0090 2 #PARM2 (A35)
0100 *
0110 LOCAL
0120 1 #CABINET-ID (A8)
0130 1 #USER-ID (A8)
0140 *
0150 END-DEFINE
0160 *
0170 MOVE #PARM1 TO #CABINET-ID
0180 MOVE #PARM2 TO #USER-ID
0190 *
0200 RESET #PARMS(*)
0210 *
0220 MOVE 'Text line A' TO #PARMS(1)
0230 MOVE 'Test line B' TO #PARMS(2)
```

0240 * 0250 END

Exiting from Con-nect

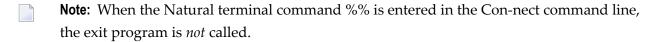
Con-nect is normally exited via the Natural program EXIT. This program is supplied as source on the distribution tape, and can be modified by the user.

The exit program is called when you issue one of the following Con-nect commands:

QUIT

LOGON library-name

PERFORM Application name



The exit program contains statements to reset the Natural environment to its original state before Con-nect was initialized. It also contains statements which describe how you can force the termination of a Con-nect session.

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11 Con-nect Cabinet Transfer

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With the use of the Con-nect Cabinet Transfer functions and utilities "CCTLOAD" and "CCTR-LOAD", you can transfer one or more Con-nect cabinets from one Con-nect system to any other Con-nect system. You can transfer cabinets regardless of the operating system. For example, the cabinets may be transferred from one mainframe system to another.

General Information About Con-nect Cabinet Transfer

Together with the Cabinet Transfer functions, as displayed on the "Con-nect Cabinet Transfer" screen, and utilities "Load" and "Reload", a mechanism to establish and maintain a Con-nect multinode environment consisting of several Con-nect systems on several platforms is provided.

The Cabinet Transfer process supports typical downsizing scenarios, including the possibility, for example, of transferring the cabinets of all employees from one specific department to another system.

When a cabinet is transferred to another system, all objects stored in the cabinet and relationships such as memberships are maintained with only a few exceptions. See *Cabinet Transfer Supported Objects*. Transferring a cabinet via the Cabinet Transfer process is similar to the Copy Cabinet function, in that the original cabinet is unchanged.

To ensure that the integrity of the cabinets and objects stored in the cabinets are maintained across the Con-nect systems, the Cabinet Transfer procedure consists of four components:

- 1. The so-called transfer file which is used by the other transfer components as an intermediate storage device for all data which must be transferred.
- 2. Cabinet Transfer functions (Mark Cabinet for Transfer, and Display Cabinets Marked for Transfer) which are used to specify and display the cabinets which are to be transferred, or to undo a transfer notification.
- 3. Utility "CCTLOAD" which is used to load all cabinets selected for transfer from the original Con-nect system to the transfer file. This utility can be run in either batch mode or online.
- 4. Utility "CCTRLOAD" which is used to load all cabinets stored in the transfer file to the target Con-nect system. This utility can be run in either batch mode or online.

See *The Cabinet Transfer Components* for a complete description.

The actual process of transferring cabinets consists of four steps. These are:

- 1. Installing an empty transfer file, or performing an Adabas REFRESH to an existing transfer file. This step *must* be performed each time you begin the transfer process.
- 2. Selecting the cabinets for transfer with the Mark Cabinets for Transfer function. This step may be executed as often as you want, so long as step 1 has been performed and as long as you have not executed step 4.

- 3. Running utility "CCTLOAD". This step may also be executed as often as required, if step 1 has been performed and as long as you have not executed step 4.
- 4. Running utility "CCTRLOAD".

The Cabinet Transfer Components

The Transfer File

The transfer file is an Adabas file which is used to store all cabinets and the objects that are to be transferred, independent of the current operating system. The transfer file must be available to the Cabinet Transfer functions as well as the "Load" and "Reload" utilities. To do so, you must define the transfer file LFILE parameter, LFILE=(224,dbid,fnr), where "dbid" and "fnr" are the database ID and file number of the transfer file.

Unless you are transferring cabinets for the very first time, you must execute an Adabas REFRESH each time you begin the Cabinet Transfer process. This is to ensure that all records which were previously transferred are deleted from the transfer file.

You need not install the transfer file within the same environment as the original and the target Con-nect system. For example, you can install the transfer file on one of the following environments:

- local to the original Con-nect system,
- local to the target Con-nect system, or
- on any other Adabas file which is accessible.

The Cabinet Transfer Maintenance Functions

To access the Cabinet Transfer functions, you specify the following command after the NEXT prompt:

cctadmin

As a result, the "Con-nect Cabinet Transfer" screen is displayed, as shown below.

You mark the function you want with any character and press ENTER.

Note: If utility "Reload" has been run, PF4 is not available.

The information below contains the following topics:

- Mark Cabinets for Transfer
- Display Cabinets Marked for Transfer

Mark Cabinets for Transfer

When you select the "Mark Cabinets for Transfer" function, the screen below is displayed:

Note: If you have executed utility Reload, the "Mark Cabinets for Transfer" function is disabled until you execute an Adabas REFRESH.

4:24 PM Cabinet LS	Con-nect Cabin	* * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Con-nect Cabinet Transfer Mark Cabinets				
Specify Individual Ca	abinets					
Specify a Range of Ca	 binets					
From Cabinet	to Cabinet					
Enter-PF1PF2PF3- Quit		-PF7PF8P	F9PF10P	F11PF12		
Specify cabinets and p		nue				

You can specify the cabinets you want to transfer individually or, as a range of cabinets in the "From Cabinet" and "to Cabinet" fields.

Enter the cabinet IDs you want and press enter to mark the cabinets for transfer.

As a result, the following screen is displayed:

4:27 PM Cabinet		CON - NECT 3 * * * nect Cabinet Transfer Mark Cabinets	14.Feb.94 CCTA0200
Cabinet	Name/Description	Status	Added
ASHLEY EDUC ECK DOC DUM FRK GBG AH	Ashley, Elizabeth Education Ecker, Edith Documenation Demore, Tony Franklin, Will Burgmann, Graham Henry, Al	Cabinet has been mark Cabinet already marke	ed 06 ed 05 ed 04 ed 03 ed 02 ed 01
	PF2PF3PF4PF Quit g completed	-5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10	PF11PF12

It displays the cabinet(s) you have marked for transfer with the current "Mark Cabinets for Transfer" function.

Cabinet

ID of cabinet.

Name/Description

Name or description of cabinet.

Status

Status of cabinet, which can be one of the following:

Cabinet has been marked Cabinet has been marked for transfer.

Cabinet already marked Cabinet is already marked for transfer.

Cabinet does not exist
Cabinet does not exist on your Con-nect system.

Display Cabinets Marked for Transfer

In addition to the cabinet and its objects, status information is also stored on the transfer file for each cabinet. This information is displayed when you select the "Display Cabinets Marked for Transfer" function.

You can either display the cabinets marked for transfer when you press PF5, or when you select the Display Cabinets Marked for Transfer function from the "Con-nect Cabinet Transfer" screen.

6:01 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * Con-nect Cabinet Transfer Display Marked Cabinets	* 14.Feb.94 CCTA0300
Mark Cabinet	Name/Description	Status
_ AH _ ASHLEY _ BR _ BSAC _ CAL _ CB _ ECK _ DOC _ FRK _ GBG	Heinz, Alfred Ashley, Elizabeth Brugger, Ulrich Boston Aqua Club Richardson, Carol Brinkmann, Cindy Ecker, Edith Documentation Franklin, Will Burgmann, Graham	Marked for Transfer
or Po	sition to	
	2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8 Quit Undo rom the list above or press ENTER	-PF9PF10PF11PF12

The following information is displayed:

Cabinet

ID of cabinet to be transferred.

Name/Description

Full name or description of cabinet.

Status

The status of the cabinet, which can be one of the following:

Marked for transfer	Cabinet has been marked for transfer.
Load has been started	Utility "CCTLOAD" has been invoked and the cabinet is currently being loaded to the transfer file.
Load has been completed	Cabinet has been loaded to the transfer file.
Load has been canceled	Cabinet is no longer marked to be transferred. In this case, the Undo command was issued for this cabinet while or after utility "CCTLOAD" was run.
Reload: cabinet exists	Cabinet on the target Con-nect system already exists with the same cabinet name, thus, this cabinet was not transferred.

The Undo Command

You can select a cabinet in the Mark column and press PF4 to undo the transfer of that cabinet. Depending upon the original status of the cabinet, the status will be changed to one of the following:

Cabinet Status Before Undo	Resulting Status
Marked for Transfer	Undo could be done
Load has been started	Load has been canceled
Load has been completed	Transfer was canceled

The Cabinet Transfer Load Utility

Description

Program

CCTLOAD

Function

Copy all marked cabinets and their objects from the Con-nect system to the transfer file.

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Procedure

This utility must be executed in the same environment that the original Con-nect system resides. The transfer file, however, can be available in any Adabas file that can be accessed.

The target Con-nect system is not accessed by this utility.

So long as utility "CCTRLOAD" is not run, cabinets can be marked for transfer and loaded to the transfer file with this utility.

When this utility is run, it first automatically checks whether there are any cabinets with the status "Load has been started". If a cabinet with this status is found, the load procedure for the cabinet is restarted at the point this utility was terminated. Once all cabinets with this status are loaded, the cabinets with the status "Marked to be transferred" are loaded.

If no cabinets are found with the status "Load has been started", this utility loads the cabinets with the status "Marked to be transferred" in alphabetical sequence. While a cabinet is loaded to the transfer file, the status for that cabinet is changed to "Load has been started". Once the cabinet and all its objects are loaded, the status for that cabinet is changed to "Load has been completed".



Note: This utility does not modify the cabinet or its objects on the original Con-nect system, i.e. the cabinet is not deleted from the system.

Batch Example

Load all cabinets from the original Con-nect system that are marked as either "Load has been started" or "Marked to be transferred" to the transfer file. This would be coded as follows:

LOGON SYSCNT2 CCTLOAD FIN

Online Example

Load all cabinets from the original Con-nect system that are marked as either "Load has been started" or "Marked to be transferred" to the transfer file. This would be invoked as follows:

CCTLOAD

The Cabinet Transfer Reload Utility

Description

Program

CCTRLOAD

Function

Copy each cabinet and its objects on the transfer file with the status "Load has been completed" to the target Con-nect system file.

Procedure

This utility must be executed in the same environment that the target Con-nect system resides. The transfer file, however, can be available in any Adabas file that can be accessed.

The original Con-nect system is not accessed by this utility.

Once this utility is started, utility "CCTLOAD" cannot be executed and the Mark Cabinets to be Transferred function is disabled. You can, however, still select the Display Marked Cabinets function.



Note: If, for whatever reason, the last reload procedure is terminated before all cabinets are reloaded, this utility automatically begins the next reload at the point the last reload terminated.

This utility first checks for all cabinets with the status "Marked to be transferred" and deletes the notifications from the transfer file. Next, this utility checks for cabinets with the status "Load has been started" and, for each cabinet found, changes the status to "Reload: Load incomplete". The cabinets with the above statuses will not be loaded to the target Con-nect system.

This utility then checks for cabinets with the status "Load has been completed". In this case, the utility verifies that a cabinet with the same name does not exist on the target Con-nect system. If a duplicate is not found, the cabinet and its objects are reloaded to the target system and changes the status to "Reload has been completed". If a duplicate cabinet is found, the status for the cabinet on the transfer file is changed to "Reload: cabinet exists", the cabinet is not reloaded to the target cabinet and the following window is displayed:

Con-nect Cabinet Transfer Reload Utility

Processing completed.

One or more cabinets were not reloaded.

These cabinets already exist on the target Con-nect system.

To complete the transfer, you can delete the duplicate cabinet(s) from the target Con-nect system and start this utility again.



Note: It is imperative that all reloaded cabinets are not accessed until utility "CCTRLOAD" is completed.

Batch Example

Reload all cabinets from the transfer file that are marked as "Load has been completed" to the target Con-nect system. This would be coded as follows:

LOGON SYSCNT2 CCTRLOAD FIN

Online Example

Reload all cabinets from the transfer file that are marked as "Load has been completed" to the target Con-nect system. This would be invoked as follows:

CCTRLOAD

Cabinet Transfer Supported Objects

Cabinet Environment

The following information, stored in each cabinet, is transferred from the original to the target Con-nect system:

- Cabinet type and mail/nomail status
- Cabinet description or name of user
- Command and object table
- Work and home address
- Created and modified information
- Administrator status

- Security and address level
- Cabinet flags (e.g. May-send-to-external, Use-Con-form)

The following information, related to other cabinets, is only transferred if the other cabinets are also transferred:

- Shared cabinet memberships and type of membership
- Private cabinet memberships
- Cabinet ownerships

Profile of Cabinet or Membership

The following information is transferred from the original to the target Con-nect system:

- Date and time format, delimiter, week and day start
- Command sequence, blank substitute, autosave
- Default folder and files
- Mail status message and setting
- Display month-mail-calendar, display day name, window border
- Screen colors
- Command object table for special memberships of shared cabinets
- Security level and specification for memberships of private cabinets

The following information is not transferred, but is replaced by the defaults of the target Con-nect system:

- Timezone
- Print defaults
- Password

The following information, related to other cabinets, is only transferred if the other cabinets are also transferred:

Overlay calendar ID

The following information, related to other objects, is only transferred if the other objects are also transferred as part of the current cabinet:

Con-nect Administration

- Main menu name
- Formatting profile

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Fully Supported Objects

The following objects are always transferred from the original to the target Con-nect system:

- Appointment
- Command
- Distribution list
- Document (excluding Natural Source Native and Natural Object documents)
- Folder
- File
- Meeting
- Menu
- Notepad
- PF-key
- Reference
- Reminder
- Todo

Partially Supported Objects

The following objects are only transferred with restrictions from the original to the target Connect system, or under special conditions:

Address

An address is transferred if: it refers to a cabinet which is to be transferred, it is a personal nickname (without a qualified mail adress) such as "My Dentist", or it refers to a distribution list that is to be transferred. Otherwise, addresses are not transferred.

■ Member of a distribution list

A member is transferred if: it refers to a cabinet which is to be transferred, or it refers to another distribution list that is to be transferred. Otherwise members are not transferred.

Query

Queries are transferred if Con-nect Text Retrieval is installed on the target Con-nect system. Otherwise, queries are not transferred.

Languages

The language used by the cabinet is transferred, if available on the target cabinet. If the language is not available, it is replaced by the defaults of the target Con-nect system.

Objects not Supported

The following object is never transferred from the original to the target Con-nect system:

Printer Profile

Cabinet Transfer Additional Information

Text Associated with a Document or Mail Item

Natural Source Native and Natural Object text, which are associated to a document as main text or enclosure, are not transferred.

New Phone Messages, New Mail and Invitations

New phone messages, mail items and invitations are transferred to the target system without restrictions. On the source Con-nect system, the status for the mail items remain unchanged - they are not posted as "Read". On the target Con-nect system, mail items are posted as "Read" and the mail items and phone messages are placed in the Inbasket files New and Phone as postponed items.

Other Mail Commands and Address Lists

Reply to a mail item is disabled at the target Con-nect system, if the sender's cabinet is not transferred.

If a user sends a mail item while on the original Con-nect system and is then transferred, this user is unable to UNDO the mail item unless the recipient(s) is also transferred. However, the recipient status is not updated on the original Con-nect system.

When the address list of a mail item is transferred to the target Con-nect system, the list is copied from the original Con-nect system. Suspended recipients (i.e. selected but not sent) are not copied from the original Con-nect system to the target Con-nect system. Updates to the address list such as when a recipient reads the mail item, or when a recipient has accepted an invitation, are not applied to either the original and target Con-nect system as a "refresh".

Con-nect Text Retrieval

If Con-nect Text Retrieval is not installed on the target Con-nect system, TRS folders are transferred to the target system as any other folder. However, if Con-nect Text Retrieval is installed, the folders are transferred as TRS folders. In either case, objects filed in a TRS folder are also transferred and filed in the folder.

TRS documents are not automatically inverted during the transfer procedure, and therefore, you must run utility B10050 "Invert Contents of TRS Folders in Cabinet(s)".

Accessing a Transferred Cabinet

Once utility "CCTRLOAD" is run, it is recommended that the transferred cabinets are accessed only on the target Con-nect system, since any updates (items read, new files) to the cabinets on the original Con-nect system will not be updated on the target Con-nect system.

12 Con-nect Help System

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Summary	
Examples for Batch Mode	
Examples for datal wode	. ZZC

The help system maintains two forms of help texts: system texts and user texts.

All help texts delivered with Con-nect are considered system texts. System texts will be overwritten/updated (new fields, new maps) with the help texts of future Con-nect releases.

User texts may be company- or application-specific texts and are not affected by new Con-nect releases. The person authorized to maintain the user texts is also responsible for updating the texts.

Online creation and modification of the user texts is permitted only for persons who have been authorized to do so (with function F of HMENU, see below).

Online Con-nect

When you display a help text and you are an authorized user, PF2 is assigned "Mod" (modify).

If the displayed help text is a user text and you press PF2, you can modify your user text.

However, if the help text is a system text and you press PF2, the directory record (i.e. the header line containing the topics and the map/field name) is copied and an empty editor page is displayed in which you can enter the new help text (see the example screen below).

You can use the following Con-nect editor line commands to modify your help text (see the *Connect User's Guide*, section *Text Processing*):

,C ,D ,I ,MX ,W ,X ,Y ,CX-Y

.MX-Y

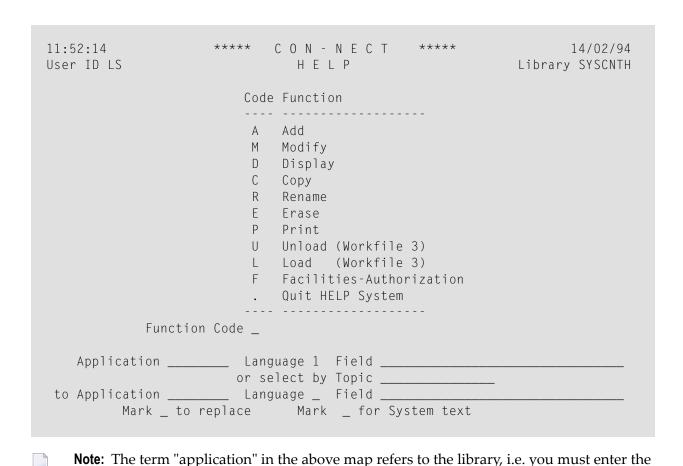
Note: System texts themselves cannot be modified online.

To save the help text, you must press PF2 once more (this PF-key has been assigned "Save"). To exit from the editor, press PF3.

From now on, all users will receive your user text when they invoke help for that particular field (they will no longer receive the system text).

Administration for the Con-nect Help System

To maintain system and user texts, you must invoke HMENU in library SYSCNT2H.



source and target libraries in these fields.

The following function codes are available:

- A Add
- M Modify
- D Display
- C Copy
- R Rename
- E Erase
- P Print
- U Unload (batch)
- L Load (batch)
- F Facilities Authorization

At the beginning of each session, you must specify whether you want to work with system texts or user texts. To do so, you must mark the appropriate field of the help menu (X for system texts; if you want to specify user texts, you must type a blank character). However, if you do not specify the text type, you will be prompted to enter this information in a window.

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You are not required to specify this information for function F which is only used for user authorization. Thus, the window will not appear when you do not mark the field mentioned above.

When you add a new authorized user with function F, you must always specify the library in which the user is allowed to use PF2; this is the library in which the online Con-nect has been installed. When you display or erase authorized users, you must also specify the library.

When you modify system texts, bear in mind that your modifications will be overwritten with future Con-nect releases.

When you copy texts from one library to another, and if the new texts are to replace old texts, mark the appropriate field in the last line of the help menu. This information also applies to the Rename function. With the Unload and Load functions, the old texts are always replaced with the new texts.

The Con-nect help system always uses workfile 3.

The help system expects the following input (functions U and L can only be used in batch mode):

	Α	M	D	С	R	Ε	Р	F	U	L
Source library	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	x
Source language	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	x
Source field	x	o	o	o	x	o	o	-	o	o
Source topic	-	o	o	o	o	o	o	-	,	,
Target library	-	-	-	x	o	-	-	-	o	o
Target language	-	-	-	o	o	-	-	-	o	o
Target name	-	-	-	o	x	-	-	-	,	,
Replace	-	-	-	o	o	-	-	-	**	**
Text type*	x	x	x	x	х	x	x	x	x	-

- * The text type must be specified only once per session. As a rule, you specify an X (system texts) or a blank character (user texts). This information is always required for function U which runs only in batch mode; you must either specify an X or a comma.
- x Mandatory you must enter information in this field.
- o Input in this field is optional.
- , Batch mode you must specify commas as delimiters.
- ** Always filled in batch mode, i.e. the old texts are always replaced with the new texts.
- Any input in this field will be ignored.

Summary

Functions M, D, C, E, P

If neither source field nor source topic are filled, all texts can be processed.

Function C

As the target information, only the specification of the target library is mandatory. If there is no further target information, all other data will be taken over from the source information.

Function R

As the target information, you can optionally specify another library or language.

Caution: The Rename function moves information from the source destination to the target destination (it does not copy the information). Thus, when you specify another library, the text will no longer be found in the source library; when you specify another language, the previous language will no longer be found in the source library.

Functions U, L

With function U all delimiters must be present, since the tenth parameter decides which text type (system texts or user texts) is to be processed.

Function L loads all texts as specified in the workfile.

Examples for Batch Mode

All English system texts are unloaded from source library SYSCNT2 to the workfile. TSTCNT2 indicates the library name and 1 indicates the language (English). The last parameter (X) indicates system texts. This would be coded as follows:

```
SYSCNT2H
HMENU
U,SYSCNT2,1,,,TSTCNT2,1,,,X
```

The system texts from the previous example are loaded from the workfile into library TSTCNT2. The language code is 1. Existing texts will be overwritten. This would be coded as follows:

```
SYSCNT2H
HMENU
L,TSTCNT2,1
```

The Icelandic (language code 7) user texts for all maps and fields starting with the character M are unloaded from the source library SYSCNT2 to the workfile. TSTCNT2 indicates the library name and H indicates the language. This would be coded as follows:

```
SYSCNT2H
HMENU
U,SYSCNT2,7,M*,,TSTCNT2,H,,,,
```

The user texts from the previous example are loaded from the workfile into library TSTCNT2. The language code is H. Already existing texts will be overwritten. This would be coded as follows:

SYSCNT2H HMENU L,TSTCNT2,H

II

Part 2. External Con-nect Nodes

This part describes how to add external Con-nect nodes that use the transport service and spool file method. It is subdivided into the following sections:

General Information About External Con-nect Nodes Adding an External Con-nect Node

General Information About External Con-nect Nodes

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Overview

Mail can be sent to users at a remote Con-nect via an external mail node. These nodes are maintained with the External Mail Nodes function (how to modify, display and delete external Con-nect nodes, see *External Mail Nodes*).



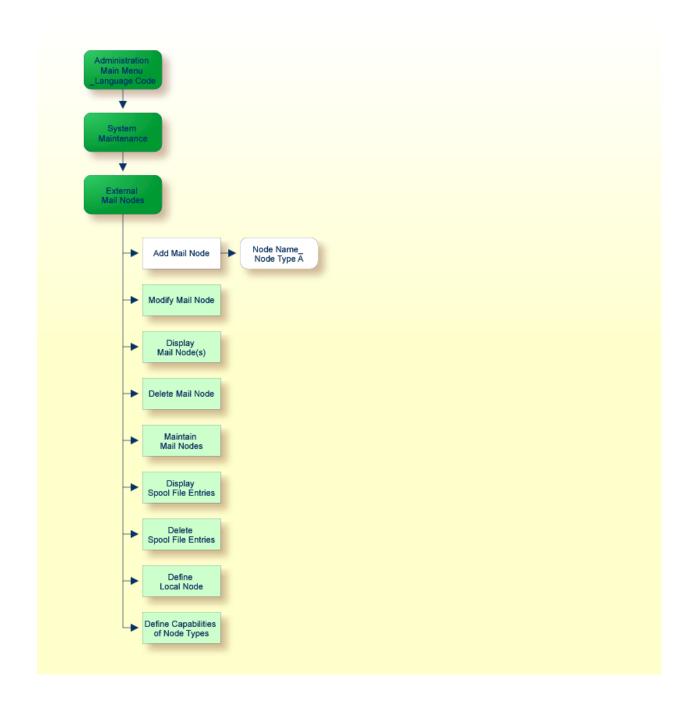
Note: During the transmission of transport service items records are written to the spool file. These records must be deleted from the spool file on a regular basis. For further information, see *Delete Spool File Entries*.

Users need not take any special action when sending mail to an external Con-nect node. The same objects can be sent as within local Con-nect.

Incoming messages (sent via the spool file) that cannot be distributed due to incomplete or incorrect address information, will be placed in cabinet SYSCNT. You can specify another cabinet for this purpose using the program X-0INIT, see *X-0INIT - Multi-node/Driver Start Program*.

Navigating Through the External Mail Node Functions

The following diagram shows the path you must take to add external Con-nect nodes. The items which consist of functions applicable to all node types are shown in the light green boxes. See *External Mail Nodes*.



External Mail Node Screen

All functions which can be performed within External Mail Nodes are shown on the "Administration - External Mail Node" screen.

```
9:13
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                     27.Aug.02
                    Administration - External Mail Nodes
                                                                        A06740
 Cabinet LS
 Select a Function:
                       _ Add Mail Node
                       _ Modify Mail Node
                       _ Display Mail Node(s)
                       _ Delete Mail Node
                       _ Maintain Mail Nodes
                       _ Display Spool File Entries
                       _ Delete Spool File Entries
                       _ Define Local Node
                       _ Define Capabilities of Node Types
                       _ Return to Menu
       Mail Node/Type ___
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Add
                             Modif Displ Delet Maint DisSp DelSp Local Cap
Mark one item from the list above
```

To perform one of the External Mail Nodes functions, either mark it with any character and press ENTER, or press the PF-key which is assigned to that function. The screen for the function is then displayed.

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14 Adding an External Con-nect Node

Add External Mail Node Screen	238
Transport Service Method	
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Add External Mail Node Screen

To add an external Con-nect node, enter a name for the node in the "Mail Node/Type" field at the bottom of the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen. This is the name that is to be entered as the addressee when sending mail. Then, select the "Add Mail Node" function.

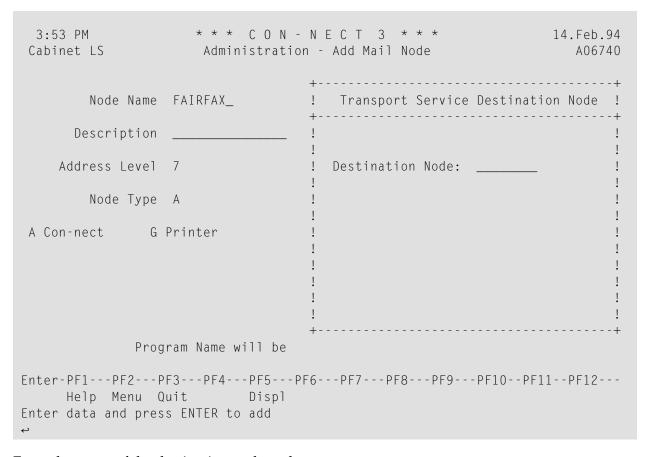
The "Add Mail Node" screen is displayed, and you must enter the necessary information for adding a new node as described in *Add a Mail Node*. Specify the address level and node type (*A* - Connect) and press ENTER. In the "Select Service Type" window, specify whether the new Connect node will use the spool file or transport service method. Mark the method you want and press ENTER.



Note: The spool file method is part of an older implementation of multi-node Con-nect. It is included here for backward compatibility, and we recommend that you do not use it. Multi-node Con-nect functionality is fully provided by the transport service method which should be used instead.

Transport Service Method

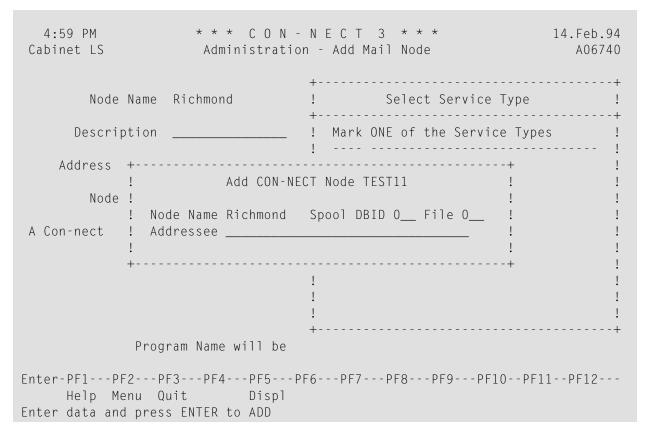
If you select the transport service method, the window below is displayed:



Enter the name of the destination node and press ENTER.

Spool File Method

If you select the spool file method, the window below is displayed:



Enter the following information in this window.

Node Name

The node name of the target node (i.e. the name entered when the target node was initialized).

Spool Dbid File

Press ENTER after entering the target node name, and you will be prompted to enter the DBID and File Number of the target spool file (the spool file containing the external Con-nect node).

Addressee

Optional - the name, or an addressee at the external node. If an addressee is not entered, there will be a prompt issued when the mail item is sent to this node, and the user can enter the name of the addressee.

III

Part 3. Maintaining the Con-nect Spool File Method

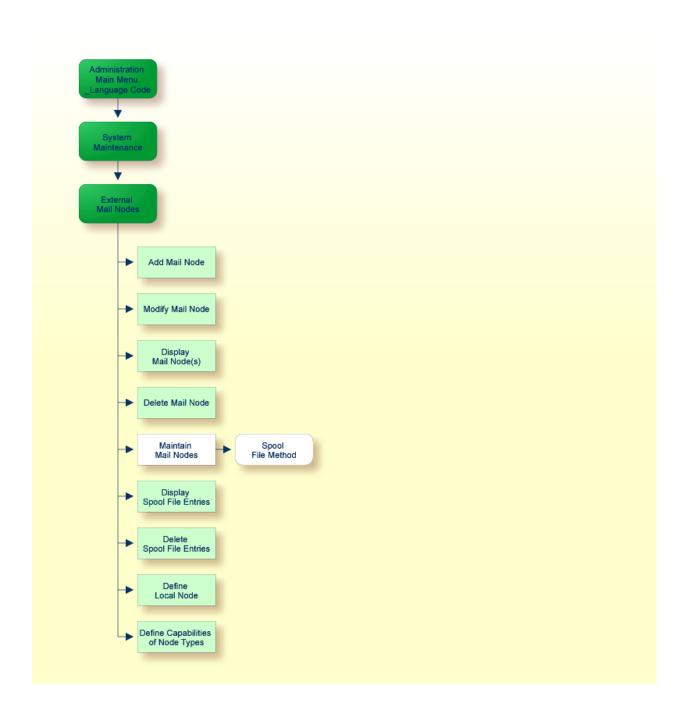
This part describes the special administrative function that applies to maintaining the spool file method. It is subdivided into the following sections:

Navigating Through the Spool File Method Maintenance Spool File Method Screen

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Navigating Through the Spool File Method Maintenance

The following diagram shows the path you must take to maintain external Con-nect nodes using the spool file method. The items which consist of functions applicable to *all* node types are shown in the light green boxes. For further information, see *External Mail Nodes*.



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Spool File Method Screen

To maintain external Con-nect nodes, select the Maintain Mail Nodes function from the "Administration - External Mail Node" screen and press ENTER. In the resulting "Maintain Mail Node" window, select the Spool File Method function and press ENTER.

The "Administration - Spool File Method" screen is shown below.

```
12:04 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                 14.Feb.94
                                                                    X-AM01
Cabinet LS
                   Administration - Spool File Method
Mark Prefix
              Homenode S Date
                                   Time
                                            Sender ID Name
    X - A I
             ALSHOST S
                          26.Jan.94 8:08 AM SAGDJS EHOST Smith, James
             ALSHOST S 26.Jan.94 8:08 AM SAGDJS EHOST Smith, James
    X - A I
   X - A I
             ALSHOST S 26.Jan.94 9:36 AM SAGDCF EHOST Flint, Cliff
             ALSHOST S 26.Jan.94 12:36 PM SAGDCF EHOST Flint, Cliff
     X - A I
            ALSHOST S 26.Jan.94 4:37 PM SADGJ
     X-AI
                                                   EHOST John, Gerald
    X - A I
             ALSHOST S 26.Jan.94 4:40 PM SAGDLH EHOST Hetfield, Lars
     Marks A Address List E Erase R Receiver Data S Sender Data
                                                                    T Text
Record Type _ I Incoming O Outgoing P Purged
                                                R Response
                                                             S Send Z API
      Date _____ Time ____
                                                   Node Type A Con-nect
Enter-PF1---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
Mark one item from the list above
```

All displays can be in text or dump format. Record selection is based on record type, date, time and node type.

IV

Part 4. Printers as External Mail Nodes

This part describes the special administrative functions which apply only to printers as mail nodes. It is subdivided into the following sections:

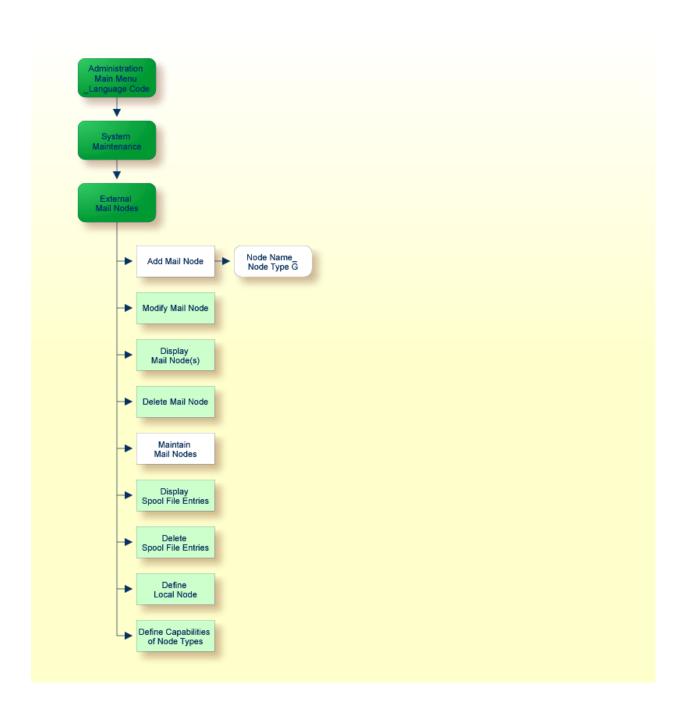
Navigating Through the External Print Node Functions Adding an External Printer Node

17

Navigating Through the External Print Node Functions

Mail can be sent to a printer using an external mail node. Printers as external mail nodes are maintained with the "External Mail Nodes" function of System Maintenance.

The following diagram shows the path you must take to add and maintain printers as external Con-nect nodes. The items which consist of functions applicable to *all* node types are shown in the light green boxes. For further information, see *External Mail Nodes*.



Adding an External Printer Node

Add External Mail Node Screen	. 25	2
Example Programs	25	55

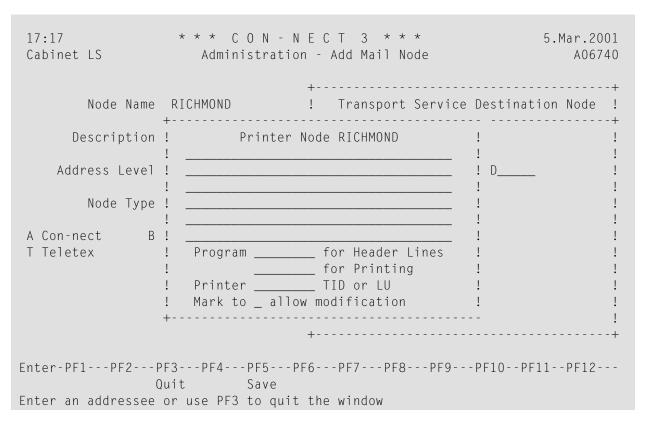
Add External Mail Node Screen

To add a printer as an external mail node, enter a name for the node in the "Mail Node/Type" field at the bottom of the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen (this is the name which is to be entered as the addressee when sending mail), and select the Add Mail Node function.

As a result, the "Add Mail Node" screen is displayed where you must enter the necessary information for adding a new node. See *Add a Mail Node*. Specify the address level and node type (*G* - Printer) and press ENTER to obtain the "Select Service Type" window. This window is used to specify whether the new node will use the spool file or transport service method. Mark the method you want and press ENTER.

If you select the transport service method, the "Transport Service Destination Node" window is displayed. Enter the name of the destination node and press ENTER to display the "Printer Node node-name" window.

If you select the spool file method, this window is immediately displayed.



The following parameters can be assigned in the "Printer Node <code>node-name</code>" window for printers using either service type:

1: 6 lines with 40 positions each, e.g. for an address or parameter

- 2: Program for the preparation of header lines (parameter 1)
- 3: Program which controls the entire output printout
- 4: TID or LU of printer on which output is to be printed
- 5: Allow modifications for parameters 1 and 2.

The six lines of parameter 1 are included in the first 15 lines (default) sent to the printer as follows:

Line	Content
1	Con-nect Sender
2	Con-nect Date
3	Con-nect Time
4	
5	Parameter 1.1
6	Parameter 1.2
7	Parameter 1.3
8	Parameter 1.4
9	Parameter 1.5
10	Parameter 1.6
11	
12	
13	Con-nect Subject
14	
15	

If parameter 1 is empty or if modifications are permitted, the "Print Mail" window is displayed when the item is sent, and parameters 1 and 2 can be modified by the user, as shown in the next example.

11:34 AM Cabinet LS Addressee(s)	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Send Memo Memo 14.Feb.94 11:34	14.Feb.94 C09000
Selecte	ed 1 Sent to 0	
Eshberry, John +	+	
Lamberry, com	Print Mail !	
i	Mr!	
÷		
:	John Eshberry!	
Subject Memo 2!		-
!	Research Center!	
Hello John, !	<u> </u>	
!	!	
Please review th !	Program for Header Lines !	
!	for Printing!	
Regards, !	Printer 291 TID or LU !	
Regulas,	Cancel _ !	
	cancer _	
Sonya!	<u>.</u>	
	++	
or Mark to use Editor		
1 Addressee(s) selec	cted - use CONFIRM to send	
Command /		/
Enter-PF1PF2PF3	3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF1	1PF12
	it Confm Mod Dflt Addr Frmat Flip Las	
merp mena qu		

If parameter 2 or 3 is assigned an API name and if this module is present, the following parameters are called:

Parameter	Format	User-Supplied	Returned	Remarks
Lines	N2	X	X	Number of print lines Default: 15
Texts	A132/15	X	X	Output lines
User	A8	X		Sender ID
ISN	P8	X		

Parameters are passed to the API, and returned from the API.



Note: No printing is performed by Con-nect for the User parameter.

Example Programs

The following program, X-GS-D1, is called to prepare (format) the header lines before program X-GS-D2 is called to send the object to the printer.

```
0010 DEFINE DATA PARAMETER
0020 1 P-LINE-COUNT (N2)
0030 1 P-TEXTS
                            (A132/15)
0040 * (1) : Sender-Name

0050 * (2) : Sender-Date

0060 * (3) : Sender-Time

0070 * (4) : Empty

0080 * (5:10) : Lines from printer address form

0090 * (11:12) : Empty

0100 * (13) : Subject
0110 * (14:15) : Empty
0120 *
0130 1 P-SENDER-ID
                           (A8)
0140 1 P-ISN
                            (P10)
0150 *
0160 LOCAL
0170 1 #COUNTER
                            (I1)
0180 END-DEFINE
0190 *
0200 COMPRESS 'Subject : 'P-TEXTS(13) INTO P-TEXTS(14)
0210 FOR #COUNTER = 12 TO 4 STEP -1
0220 MOVE P-TEXTS(#COUNTER) TO P-TEXTS(#COUNTER +1) 0230 END-FOR
0240 COMPRESS 'Sent By : 'P-TEXTS(1) P-SENDER-ID INTO P-TEXTS(1)
0250 COMPRESS 'Date : P-TEXTS(2) INTO P-TEXTS(2)
0260 COMPRESS 'Time : P-TEXTS(3) INTO P-TEXTS(3)
0270 *
0280 END
```

Program X-GS-D2 is called directly after X-GS-D1 is terminated to send the object to the printer. This example program is applicable for printers using the spool file method.

```
0040 DEFINE DATA PARAMETER
0050 1 P-LINE-COUNT
                          (N2)
0060 1 P-TEXTS
                          (A132/15)
0070 1 P-SENDER-ID
                          (A8)
0080 1 P-ISN
                           (P10)
0090 LOCAL
0100 1 #COUNTER
                           (I1)
0110 1 P-STATE
                           (N2) INIT <02>
0120 *
0130 1 SPOOL-FILE VIEW OF CNT-SPOOL
0140 2 TEXT-KEY
0150 2 REDEFINE TEXT-KEY
```

```
0160
        3 TEXTKEY
                            (B10)
0170
        3 TK-TYP
                            (B1) /* 1..100 is text. 255 is Addr.-List
0180
       3 TK-FORMAT
                            (B1)
0190
        3 TK-MODE
                            (B1)
        3 TK-PAGE
0200
                            (B1)
0210 2 DIR-KEY
0220 2 CREATED-ID
0230 2 CREATED-NODE
0240 2 CREATED-DATE
0250 2 CREATED-TIME
0260 2 ORIG-STAMP
0270 2 STATUS-CODE
0280 2 SENDER-NAME
0290 2 SENDER-ID
0300 2 TEXT-LINES
                            (20)
0310 2 REDEFINE TEXT-LINES
0320
        3 TL-GROUP
                            (20)
0330
          4 TL-CR
                            (N1)
0340
          4 TL-TEXT
                            (A250)
0350 2 C*TEXT-LINES
0360 1 #TEXT-KEY
                            (A17)
0370 1 REDEFINE #TEXT-KEY
0380 2 #TK1
                            (B10)
0390
       2 #TK2
                            (B7)
0400 *
0410 1 #I1
                            (I1)
0420 1 #TYP
                            (B1)
0430 1 #PAGE
                            (B1)
0440 1 #MODE
                            (B1)
0450 *
0460 END-DEFINE
0470 *
0480 FORMAT(2) LS=133 PS=60
0490 *
0500 * Write out the lines from the program X-GS-D1
0510 *
0520 FOR #COUNTER EQ 1 TO P-LINE-COUNT
0530 WRITE(2) NOTITLE NOHDR P-TEXTS(#COUNTER) (AL=132)
0540 END-FOR
0550 *
0560 READ(1) SPOOL-FILE BY ISN P-ISN P-ISN
    MOVE ORIG-STAMP TO #TK1
0570
0580
       RESET #TK2
0590 READ SPOOL-FILE BY TEXT-KEY #TEXT-KEY
0600
       IF TEXTKEY NE #TK1 /* no more text records
          OR TK-TYP GT 100 /* or no text type
0610
          ESCAPE BOTTOM
0620
0630
        END-IF
0640
         IF TK-FORMAT GT 1
0650
          ESCAPE BOTTOM /* not a text format (may be binary)
0660
        END-IF
0670 *
```

```
0680 * If a change in the document-type, page-number-mode or page-number
0690 * is detected and it is not the first one, a new page is written
0700
     IF (TK-TYP NE #TYP OR
0710
             TK-MODE NE #MODE OR
0720
             TK-PAGE NE #PAGE) AND
0730
             C*TEXT-LINES GT 0
           IF #TYP NE O OR
0740
0750
              #MODE NE O OR
0760
              #PAGE NE O
0770
             NEWPAGE (2)
0780
           END-IF
0790
          MOVE TK-TYP TO #TYP
0800
          MOVE TK-PAGE TO #PAGE
0810
           MOVE TK-MODE TO #MODE
0820
         END-IF
0830 *
0840
        IF C*TEXT-LINES GT 0
0850
          FOR #COUNTER = 1 TO C*TEXT-LINES
0860 * Handle carriage control information
0870
             IF TEXT-LINES(#COUNTER) EQ MASK(N)
0880
              IF TL-CR(#COUNTER) GT 1
0890
                 FOR \#I1 = 2 TO TL-CR(\#COUNTER)
0900
                   WRITE(2) NOTITLE NOHDR ' '
0910
                 END-FOR
0920
               END-IF
0930
             END-IF
0940
             WRITE(2) NOTITLE NOHDR TL-TEXT(#COUNTER) (AL=132)
0950
           END-FOR
0960
         END-IF
0970
      END-READ
0980 END-READ
0990 CALLNAT 'X-OPOST' P-ISN P-STATE
1000 END
```

When only a header is required, a program, such as X-GS-U (an excerpt of which is shown below), can be called to pass the object to the printer.

```
0010 DEFINE DATA PARAMETER
0020 1 LINES
                         (N2)
0030 1 TEXTS
                         (A132/15)
0040 1 USER
                         (8A)
0050 1 ISN
                         (P8)
0060 LOCAL
0070 1 #COUNTER
                         (N2)
0080 END-DEFINE
0090 *
0100 COMPRESS 'Subject: TEXTS(13) INTO TEXTS(14)
0110 FOR #COUNTER = 12 TO 4 STEP -1
      MOVE TEXTS(#COUNTER) TO TEXTS(#COUNTER +1)
0120
0130 END-FOR
0140 COMPRESS 'From :' TEXTS(1) USER INTO TEXTS(1)
```

```
0150 COMPRESS 'Date :' TEXTS(2) INTO TEXTS(2)
0160 COMPRESS 'Time :' TEXTS(3) INTO TEXTS(3)
0170 *
0180 END
```

V

Part 5. The Transport Service

This part describes the implementation and maintenance of the transport service. It is subdivided into the following sections:

General Information About the Transport Service
Implementation of the Transport Service
Navigating Through the Transport Service Administration
Configuring the Transport Service
Maintaining the Transport Service
Transport Service Abend Codes

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General Information About the Transport Service

The transport service is a facility that is part of the lower architecture of Con-nect. It consists of data structures in the Con-nect spool file and programs which implement the transport service functions and provide the interface between the transport service and applications (e.g. Con-nect) which make use of it. The system architecture of the transport service is based on queues in which transport items are stored between stages of processing and queue server programs.

The transport service facilitates the asynchronous distribution of data from one originator to one or multiple recipients in a store-and-forward manner (returning notifications which report successful or unsuccessful delivery to the intended recipients, using the same store-and-forward distribution mechanism - if requested). While the transport service is primarily intended for mediating electronic mail, the generality of this service allows it to be used as a basis for other types of applications as well.

20 Implementation of the Transport Service

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Usage by Con-nect	

This chapter describes, in its more detailed sections, the implementation of the transport service on host systems based on Natural and Adabas.

Transport Service Terminology

The following terminology is used with the transport service:

Transport Service address

Identifies senders (originators) and recipients of transport items transmitted by the transport service. A transport service address consists of two components, the node ID and application ID (see below).

Node ID

The identifier of a transport service node; it can be one to eight characters in length.

Application ID

The identifier of a transport service application; it can be one to eight characters in length. As a rule, the application ID corresponds to the Con-nect node type. See *Add a Mail Node*.

Transport item

The unit of data distributed by the transport service. A transport item can be either a data object or status object (see below).

Data object

It contains:

- general information which identifies the item, its originating node and application;
- a list of one or more recipients which can include correlation data specific to each recipient of which the content and intended use is determined by the application;
- general correlation data of which the content and intended use is determined by the application; and
- user data.

Status object

It contains the same information as that in the data object, but with the following exceptions:

- the general information contains a reference to the data object along with a status code which indicates whether the referenced data object was successfully or not successfully delivered;
- it does not contain user data; and
- a status object itself has only one recipient, but it does contain the recipient and correlation data for each recipient of the data object.

Recipient

A transport service address. Transport items contain a list of one or more recipients to which the item is to be delivered. A recipient in this sense is a transport service application at a

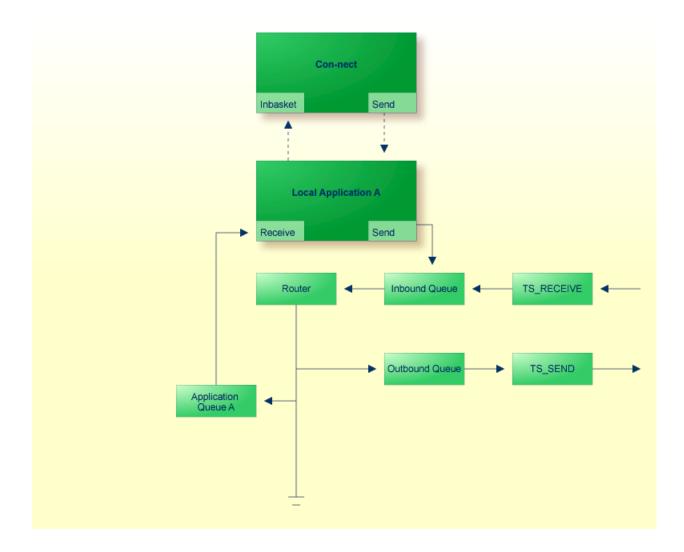
transport service node, and should not be confused with recipients specific to a particular electronic mail application using the transport service.

Feedback recipient

A transport service address to which status objects for a data object are to be delivered. This may differ from the originator's address.

Overview of the Transport Service Architecture

The following illustration provides an overview of the transport service.



Queues

The transport service maintains several types of queues in which transport items are stored between the various stages of processing.

Inbound Queue

The inbound queue is created when the transport service is initialized. There is only one inbound queue. Transport items received from other nodes as well as transport items created and submitted for delivery by the local transport items' applications are placed in this queue. They remain in the inbound queue until they are processed by the inbound queue server, TS_ROUTER, which routes the transport items to the local receiving applications, or to the appropriate outbound queues.

Outbound Queues

Outbound queues are created by the transport service administrator. The number of outbound queues required depends on the configuration of your transport service network. One or more of these queues must be created for each adjacent node in the transport service network with which, or by which, the transport service will communicate.

Transport items which are sent from or routed through the transport service are placed in the outbound queues where they remain until they are forwarded to the next node in their destination path by an outbound queue server process.

The outbound queues are typed according to the transport method used by the queue server.

OC62	A CICS LU6.2 queue.	
OE62	An EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API and LU6.2 ACI) queue.	
ORDA	A copy-to-other-database queue, or referred to in this documentation, as a remote database access	
	(RDA) queue.	

Application Queues

Application queues are created by the transport service administrator. They are used to accommodate local applications (e.g. Con-nect). Objects sent to the local application are placed in these queues and remain there until they are processed by TS_ROUTER.

An application queue is type APPL.

Receiving Queues

Receiving queues are created by the transport service administrator and are required only when the local node uses Software AG's EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI) or remote database access. Receiving queues are used to control the demon processes which continuously listen for transaction requests from adjacent nodes and respond to the requests by executing the appropriate TS_RECEIVE program.

RE62 An EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API and LU6.2 ACI) queue.
RRDA A remote database access (RDA) queue.

System Queues

Two system queues, type SYS, are automatically created when the transport service is initialized.

CR A staging queue used by the transport service to temporarily store transport items during the creation process.

UD This queue is used to hold undeliverable, or defective objects which you can examine at a later

Since there are no queue servers for the system queues no scheduling is required.

Queue Server Programs

Queue server programs are used to process and route the transport items through the various queues on to their destination.

Inbound Queue Server TS_ROUTER

Transport items in the inbound queue are processed by the queue server program, TS_ROUTER, which routes the items to various outbound queues or application queues based upon information given by the routing table (e.g. the local configuration and recipient information contained in the item). Routing is performed for each of the item's recipients as follows:

- 1. If the recipient is local, i.e. if an application queue is defined for the recipient, the transport item is copied to the appropriate application queue.
- 2. If the routing table contains a routing entry for the recipient node, the value in the "Next Destination Queue" field on the Routing Entry screen determines which outbound queue is used to forward the item closer to its destination and the item is copied to this queue.
- 3. If the recipient does not satisfy either of the previous conditions, a routing error occurs and, depending on the feedback options specified in the item, a status notification is created and returned to the sender.

Since a transport item can have more than one recipient, it can be routed to more than one application and outbound queue. In such situations, known as "fan-out", the router creates as many copies of the item as needed and marks each recipient's server of the respective queue with a "responsibility flag" in the item.

For a description of how the router program is scheduled, see *Scheduling*.

Outbound Queue Servers TS_SEND

The outbound queue servers' program, TS_SEND, processes the items in the outbound queues, forwarding them to other transport service nodes by means of the transport method determined

by the queues. The queue servers convert the items to a standard transmission format and then perform the actual transport to the other nodes.

- LU6.2 (CICS) for queue type OC62 (the TS_SEND server of an LU6.2 (CICS) queue can only run as a started task under CICS);
- LU6.2 (EntireX) for queue type OE62;
- Remote database access for queue type ORDA.

TS_SEND programs exist for each outbound queue type. For a description of how they are scheduled, see *Scheduling*.

External Receive Programs TS_RECEIVE

Transport items sent from other nodes are received by different server programs depending upon the transport method involved and corresponding to the type of TS_SEND program. They are responsibile for receiving the transport items, converting them from a transmission format to an internal format and placing them in the inbound queue for processing by the TS_ROUTER.

Depending upon the transmission method used by the corresponding remote TS_SEND program, different implementations of TS_RECEIVE are available:

TS_RECEIVE LU6.2 (CICS)

Accepts transport items from TS_SEND LU6.2 programs (CICS or EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI)). With this implementation, TS_RECEIVE runs as a started-task under CICS.

TS RECEIVE LU6.2 (EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API))

Accepts transport items from TS_SEND LU6.2 programs (CICS or EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)).

TS_RECEIVE LU6.2 (EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI))

Accepts transport items from TS_SEND LU6.2 programs (CICS or EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI)).

TS RECEIVE RDA

Accepts transport items from TS_SEND RDA programs (i.e. locally copying and re-formatting transport items from an intermediate queue into the inbound queue).

Application Programs

Applications which utilize the transport service interact with it in two different scenarios:

- as senders which create transport items and submit them to the transport service for delivery. These items are placed in the inbound queue where they are processed by TS_ROUTER.
- as recipients which receive transport items delivered to them by the transport service from other applications. These items are queued for the application in the corresponding application queue by TS_ROUTER.

Scheduling

The transport service provides the following modes of scheduling for the queue servers:

Event Driven Scheduling

the server is activated whenever an item arrives in the queue.

Timer Driven Scheduling

the server is activated at the time interval you specify.

The scheduling modes are used in connection with the following queue statuses: hold, inactive, event driven, and timer driven. As the transport service administrator, you must ensure that the appropriate mechanisms for scheduling the transport service queue server programs are established and activated. The kind of mechanism to be applied depends upon the output status or reset status of the respective queue.

The output status indicates the current status of the queue processing, whereas the reset status reflects the general type of scheduling mechanism to be applied to the respective queue.

Status	Description
Hold	The server process is not scheduled nor activated until this status is changed.
Inactive The server process is only executed when you explicitly activate it.	
Event Driven	The server process is activated each time an entry is added to that queue.
	The server process re-schedules itself each time it is about to terminate its execution. The initial execution must be activated by some other mechanism (e.g. activated by the administrator).
Active	Only for output status - the server process is currently active.
Scheduled	Only for output status - the server process has been scheduled. In the case of timer driven scheduling, that status persists during the specified execution.

The scheduler keeps track of the last time each queue was scheduled and when the respective queue last started and stopped its execution. You can monitor the "time stamps" from the "Queue Maintenance" screen. See *Maintaining the Transport Service*.

In contrast to other queue types, the receiving queues are subject to timer driven scheduling regardless of whether their status is set to inactive, event driven or timer driven. The delay time for re-execution is fixed to one minute.

Scheduling mechanisms as described here, and their control by means of administration functions, are available only when queue servers are run in environments such as Com-plete where the servers run as attached tasks, or CICS where the servers run as started-tasks.

If the queue servers are run in batch mode, a simplified method must be applied whereby at least two Natural sessions are used by a general server to poll the queues in a regular and serialized manner.

In the case of Com-plete or CICS, a task re-initiation program (i.e. watchdog) can be used to ensure that regular scheduling is not interrupted by temporary system failures.

The transport service administrator should occasionally check the queues' status, the number of entries stored in each of the queues and the time stamps to monitor the state of the system.

Usage by Con-nect

The transport service is used to transmit electronic mail between different types of messaging facilities. Typically, the external mail facilities are Con-nect itself and gateways to third-party systems. Therefore the transport service allows a single gateway to be used by more than one Con-nect system and allows it to be located on the same or a platform other than that used by Con-nect.

When the transport service is used to support electronic mail services, a two-layered addressing scheme is used. The first- or outer-layer of the address information is evaluated by the transport service when transmitting mail items and notifications between different external mail facilities. The second- or inner-layer of the address information is evaluated by the external mail facilities which use the transport service.

For example, the second-layer address may be a Con-nect node and cabinet ID. Even though the transport service does not enforce restrictions on how the second-layer addressing works, or even how the addressees are structured, it supports linkage between the two layers of the address information so that status information can be evaluated by both the transport service and the external mail facilities serviced.

Naming and addressing in the transport service has been reduced to the most basic components - to nodes and entities within the nodes called applications. The format of the IDs for both nodes and applications is that of a printable character string, which can range between one and eight characters in length. If the transport service is to be used as an electronic mail backbone facility for Con-nect gateways, then the length of the application ID must be exactly one character.

It is important to understand that the transport service addresses, i.e. the node and application IDs, are independent of the names used in the underlying network services (e.g. SNA LU names, and OSI SSAP addresses) and of names in the electronic mail facilities which are serviced (e.g. Con-nect user names).

The routing of data units, so called transport items, is done on the basis of the node names, which thereby localize the point where the respective service is provided.

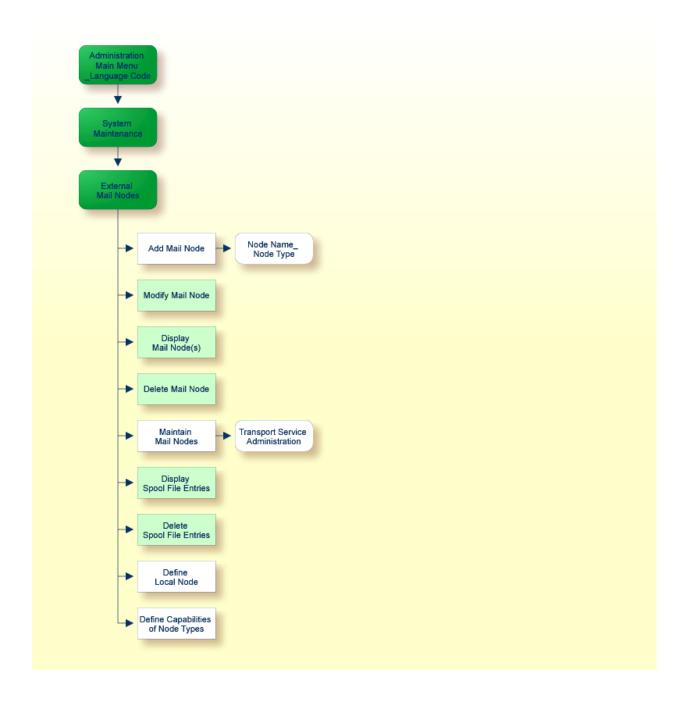
In the electronic mail application of the transport service, the application ID identifies the type of mail facility. For example, A signifies a Con-nect external mail node.

$21 \qquad \text{Navigating Through the Transport Service Administration} \\$

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Invoking the Transport Service Administration Menu

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke this screen. Functions which do not solely pertain to the transport service are shown in the light green boxes. For further information, see *External Mail Nodes*.



The Transport Service Administration Menu

All transport service functions such as creating and maintaining queues are accessed via the Transport Service Administration screen. To invoke this screen:

- Select the Maintain Mail Nodes function on the Administration External Mail Nodes screen and press ENTER to display the Maintain Mail Node window.
- Select the "Transport Service" field and press ENTER. As a result, the screen below is displayed.

For a desciption of the transport service functions and screens which can be obtained from this menu, see *Maintaining the Transport Service*.

You can select a function by marking it with any character and pressing ENTER or by pressing the PF-key assigned to the function.

Transport Service Commands and PF-Key Assignments

Each transport service screen contains a PF-key line. If you press PF2, you are always returned to the Transport Service Administration screen (if you press PF2 on the Transport Service Administration screen, you are returned to the Administration - Main Menu). If you press PF3, you are always returned to the previous screen.

Several of the screens include a cmd-column - the commands which apply to the items listed in that screen are displayed at the bottom of the screen.

The following are commands which can be issued in a transport service screen. They are issued by entering the letters assigned to the command in the cmd-column adjacent to an item and pressing ENTER:

Command	Description
EI	Erase Items - erases the marked item.
МО	Modify - highlighted fields can be modified. Once you have completed entering the information, press PF5 to confirm the modification.
ST	Start queue - starts the marked queue.
SP	Stop queue - stops the marked queue.
RE	Rest queue - resets the marked queue.
DI	Display item - displays the marked item.
DQ	Display queue - displays the marked queue.
EQ	Erase queue - erases the marked queue.

22 Configuring the Transport Service

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Routing Entries	

A Con-nect system which uses the transport service must be configured to function in the network in which it will participate. This chapter describes the necessary steps to configure a Con-nect system which uses the transport service as part of its network.

Overview of Steps to Perform

Configuring a Con-nect system which uses the transport service requires some understanding of addressing, routing, and knowledge of the network in which the transport service will participate. This task should, if possible, be performed with assistance from someone in your organization who is responsible for networking and communications planning.

In order to configure the transport service, you must perform the following steps:

- 1. Initialize the transport service.
- 2. Add an external mail node which uses the transport service.
- 3. Complete the required information for the inbound queue.
- 4. Complete the required information for the system queues.
- 5. Create a receiving queue if the local node uses EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI) or remote database access.
- 6. Create outbound queues for each adjacent node in the network.
- 7. Create an application queue if required.
- 8. Define routing entries for each node in your network with which you want to communicate.

Initializing the Transport Service

Initializing the transport service consists of two parts: defining the transport service node ID and the actual initialization.

Transport Service Node ID

To define the transport service node ID, select the Define Local Node function on the Administration - External Mail Nodes screen and press enter.

```
10:56
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    28.Aug.02
Cabinet LS
                    Administration - External Mail Nodes
                                                                       A06740
Select a Function:
                       _ Add Mail Node
                       _ Modify Mail Node
                       _ Display Mail Node(s)
                       _ Delete Mail Node
                       _ Maintain Mail Nodes
                       _ Display Spool File Entries
                       _ Delete Spool File Entries
                       x Define Local Node
                       _ Define Capabilities of Node Types
                       _ Return to Menu
    Define Local Node
                      _____ (Spool File Method)
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Add Modif Displ Delet Maint DisSp DelSp Local Cap
```

The "Define Local Node" field is displayed at the bottom of the screen. First, enter the name of your spool file method and press ENTER. Then enter the name of your transport service and press ENTER again. This name, along with the transport service application ID, is used to create the transport service address.



Note: You cannot quit from this screen (with PF3) without specifying your local node.

Initialization

To initialize the transport service, select the Initialization function on the Transport Service Administration screen and press ENTER. During this process, an inbound, creation and non-delivery queue are created.

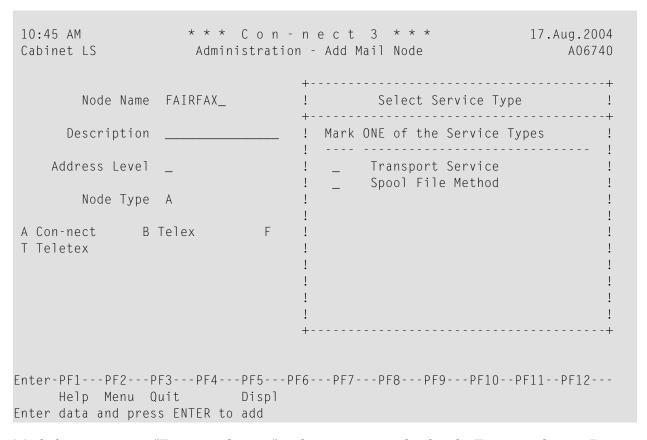
Information required for these queues must be defined after the initialization process is completed. See *Inbound Queue* and *System Queues*.

Adding an External Mail Node

To add a mail node which uses the transport service, enter a name in the "Mail Node/Type" field at the bottom of the Administration - External Mail Nodes screen (this is the name which is entered as the addressee when sending mail), and select the Add Mail Node function. As a result, the Administration - Add Mail Node screen is displayed.

Enter the necessary information for adding a new node and press ENTER. See *Add a Mail Node*.

Specify the address level and node type (A for Con-nect or G for Printer) and press ENTER to display the Select Service Type window.



Mark the service type "Transport Service" and press ENTER to display the Transport Service Destination Node window.

```
10:46 AM
Cabinet LS
                                               17.Aug.2004
                  * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                  Administration - Add Mail Node
                                                              A06740
       Node Name FAIRFAX_
                                ! Transport Service Destination Node !
      Description _
                               ! Destination Node: ___
    Address Level _
       Node Type A
A Con-nect B Telex F
T Teletex
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Displ
Enter data and press ENTER to add
```

Enter the name of the destination node and press ENTER. As a result, a screen is displayed where you must complete additional address information required by the external mail node.

Define Capabilities of Node Types

See Define Capabilities of Node Types.

Inbound Queue

The inbound queue is created during the initialization process. All incoming transport items as well as transport items submitted by local applications are placed in this queue until they are processed by the queue server, TS_ROUTER.

To complete the required information, mark the inbound queue with MO on the "Queue Maintenance" screen and press ENTER.

```
Queue ID:
              *** | N***
   Description:
   Server Program: ____
   Time Last Active:
   Time Last Deactivated:
   Time Last Scheduled:
   Reset Status (I, T, E, H): _ Time Interval: ____ Min Input Status (A, D): _ Scheduling Class: _
   Input Status (A, D):
   Output Status:
   Queue Status:
   ' ' : Scheduled
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Menu Quit Conf Start Stop Reset Modify queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

The Inbound Queue screen consists of fields that are either automatically completed by the system (either during the initialization process, or each time the inbound queue is activated), and fields that you must complete.

Queue ID

Automatically provided - the name of the queue.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Server Program

If your queue servers run under:

Com-plete The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library. The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue.

CICS The transaction code under which the server program has been defined in the CICS PCT. The source module for the server program is CTCIST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural

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session which runs as a separate "started task" module in CICS and processes the items in the queue. If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.

The system keeps three time stamp values to control the scheduling of the queue server, i.e. the transport service program which routes distributions from this queue to other queues. The values are updated in the "Inbound Queue" screen, each time the queue is activated, in the three fields below. For additional information, see *Scheduling*.



Note: These values also apply to the outbound, application and receiving queues.

Time Last Active

Automatically provided - the time the queue's server program was last activated.

Time Last Deactivated

Automatically provided - the time the queue's server program was last deactivated.

Time Last Scheduled

Automatically provided - the time the queue was last scheduled.

For each of the queues (e.g. inbound, outbound, application and receiving), you can select one of the following scheduling mechanisms as appropriate:

- I inactive status scheduling only at explicit operator intervention,
- T timer driven scheduling (does not apply to systems which run in batch mode),
- E event driven scheduling (does not apply to systems which run in batch mode), or
- H hold status no scheduling at all (the respective queue will not be serviced).

Reset Status

Possible queue statuses are: I (inactive), T (timer driven), E (event driven) and H (hold).

Input Status

Possible queue statuses are: A (active) and D (queue being drained).

Output Status

This field can only be modified from the "Modify" or "Add" screen by marking one of the following actions: Start(activate), Stop (deactivate), Hold or Reset (sets the output status to the value of the Reset Status).

If the queue server runs in batch mode, the actions described above cannot be used.

Time Interval

Only applicable for timer driven scheduling: the time interval (in minutes) in which the respective transport service server program is scheduled.

Scheduling Class

Optional - determines which watchdog task is responsible for supervising and re-adjusting the queue in the case of a temporary system failure. The value of this field is determined in the transport service parameter module and is evaluated by the task re-initiation (watchdog)

program CTCPIN in the case of Com-plete, or CTCIIN in the case of CICS. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*).

The scheduling mechanism for the inbound queue can be event-controlled only if all Con-nect end-users invoke Con-nect under the same TP monitor in a Com-plete (with EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI)), or CICS LU6.2 environment.

If event-controlled scheduling is active, the appropriate server program is started each time a transport item is appended to the respective queue.



Note: As a general rule with event-controlled scheduling, the task which places an entry in the respective queue must be able to start the queue server by means of a Com-plete ATTACH or CICS START command.

After you have completed your specification, press PF5 to confirm the entry.

System Queues

The creation queue is used to store all transport items during creation, while the non-delivery queue is used to store transport items which could not be delivered due to a system failure.

During the initialization process, the queue ID is defined for each of the system queues. If you want, you can include a description of the queue(s). Mark the appropriate system queue with MO in the "Queue Maintenance" screen and press ENTER.

Queue ID

The name of the queue. The default for the creation queue is "***CR***" and "***UD***" for the non-delivery queue.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Scheduling Class

Not used in this context.

After you have completed your modifications, press PF5 to confirm the entry.

Receiving Queues

With the transport service, your Con-nect system can use Software AG's EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI), remote database access, or CICS LU6.2 as a transport method. If you use EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI) or remote database access, you must configure a receiving queue.

To define a receiving queue, press PF4 from the Queue Maintenance screen. As a result, a window is displayed which list the respective queue-types you can add. Mark the field to the left of the queue-type you want with any character and press ENTER.

Receiving Queue - EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)

If you specify an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) receiving queue, the following screen is displayed:

12:40 Cabinet LS	* * * C O EntireX LU		C T 3 * Receiving		26.Jan.2000 YM-Q-01	
Queue ID: LU Name: Server Program:			Description Mode Name TP Name:		Node Nr:	
Time Last Active Time Last Deacti Time Last Schedu	vated:					
Reset Status (I, Input Status (A, Output Status:		_			rval: Min g Class: _	
Queue Status: A : Queue Active D : Queue being I : Queue Inacti	Drained	Т:	Queue He Timer Wa Event Wa	it	' ' : Scheduled	
Enter-PF1PF2PF: Menu Qu Add queue and press	it Co	onf	PF7 P		PF10PF11PF12	

Specify the following information on the EntireX LU6.2 API Receiving Queue screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

LU Name

The LU name assigned to the local node's communication facility.

Server Program

The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library.

In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue.

Note: The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2*. *The Transport Service*.

If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Mode Name

The name of the VTAM log mode which must be used by an adjacent node's outbound queue server when establishing a communication link to this node.

Node No

The node number assigned to the respective EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) process.

TP Name

The TPN which identifies the local server program to EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API).

To establish a program-to-program connection between this queue's receiving program and the adjacent node's sending program, it *must* be identical to the TPN which is specified in the respective outbound queue of the adjacent node.

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the entry.

Receiving Queue - EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI)

If you specify an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI) receiving queue, the following screen is displayed:

```
______
          _____ Description: ____
  Queue ID:
  Broker ID:
  Server Program: _____ Server Name:
  ______
  Time Last Active:
  Time Last Deactivated:
  Time Last Scheduled:
  Reset Status (I, T, E, H): _ Time Interval: ____ Min Input Status (A, D): _ Scheduling Class: _
  Input Status (A, D):
  Output Status:
  Queue Status:
  Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
 Menu Quit Conf
Add queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

Specify the following information on the EntireX LU6.2 ACI Receiving Queue screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

Broker ID

The Broker identifier as defined in the EntireX Broker Attribute File.

Server Program

The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue.



Note: The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*.

If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field specifies the unique name to identify the server at the local node. It must be the same as the TPNAME value in the directory information of EntireX Broker Services. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2*. *The Transport Service*.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Server Name

The name is used to locate the directory information for the server. The specified name must correspond with a member that exists in the data set specified on the EntireX Broker startup parameter APISERV.

See the Con-nect Installation and Operations documentation, section Part 2. The Transport Service.

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the entry.

Receiving Queue - Remote Database Access

If you specify a remote database access receiving queue, the following screen is displayed:

```
Queue ID:
  Description:
  Server Program: ____
  Time Last Active:
  Time Last Deactivated:
  Time Last Scheduled:
                           Time Interval: ____ Min Scheduling Class: _
  Reset Status (I, T, E, H): _
  Input Status (A, D):
  Output Status:
  Queue Status:
  ' ' : Scheduled
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
       Menu Quit Conf
Add queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

Specify the following information on the RDA Receiving Queue screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Server Program

If your system runs under:

Com-plete The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library. The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the Con-nect Installation and Operations documenation, section Installing the Transport Service for Execution under Com-plete. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue.

CICS The transaction code under which the server program has been defined in the CICS PCT. The source module for the server program is CTCIST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the Con-nect Installation and Operations documenation, section Installing the Transport Service for Execution in CICS. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate started-task module in CICS and processes the items in the queue. If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the entry.

Outbound Queues

For each node within the network that is adjacent to the transport service, an outbound queue must be defined as a temporary repository for the transport items that are destined for other nodes.

You can define more than one outbound queue to a single adjacent node. This allows you to choose different scheduling policies for distribution to different addresses sent to, or relayed through, the same adjacent node.

To define an outbound queue, press PF4 from the Queue Maintenance screen. As a result, a window appears which lists the respective outbound queue-types you can add. Mark the field to the left of the queue-type you want with any character and press ENTER.

The transport service provides several types of outbound queues for the various transport methods used by the queue server. They are as follows:

- **■** EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)
- **■** EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI)
- CICS LU6.2
- **■** Remote Database Access

Outbound Queue - EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)

If you specify an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

12:46 Cabinet LS		- N E C T 3 * * 2 API Outbound Que	
Queue ID: _ LU Name: _ Server Program: _		Description: Mode Name: TP Name:	Node Nr:
Time Last Active: Time Last Deactiv Time Last Schedul			
Reset Status (I, Input Status (A, Output Status:			ime Interval: Min cheduling Class: _
Queue Status: A : Queue Active D : Queue being D I : Queue Inactiv		H : Queue Held T : Timer Wait E : Event Wait	' ' : Scheduled
	t Conf		PF9PF10PF11PF12 ++

Specify the following information in the "EntireX LU6.2 API Outbound Queue" screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

LU Name

The LU name which is assigned to the adjacent node's communication facility.

Server Program

The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library.

The server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue.

If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.



Note: The source module for the server program, CTCPST, and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Mode Name

The VTAM log mode name which is used whenever a communication link is established between this queue's server program and the corresponding receiving queue server on the respective adjacent node. You can obtain this information from your VTAM system programmer.

Node Nr

The node number which is assigned to the respective EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) process.

TP Name

The TPN which identifies the corresponding receiving program at the adjacent node.

If the adjacent node uses:

EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)	The TPN of that adjacent node's receiving queue entry.
CICS	The transaction code assigned in the PCT to the TS_RECEIVE server program (source module name CTCIRC).

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the queue.

Outbound Queue - EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI)

If you specify an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI) outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

12:24 Cabinet LS		ECT 3 * * * CI Outbound Queue	01.Aug.02 YM-Q-01B
Queue ID: Broker ID:		Description:	
Server Program:		Server-Name:	
Time Last Active Time Last Deacti Time Last Schedu	vated:		
Reset Status (I, Input Status (A, Output Status:			nterval: Min lling Class: _
Queue Status: A : Queue Active D : Queue being I : Queue Inacti	Drained	H : Queue Held T : Timer Wait E : Event Wait	' ' : Scheduled

Specify the following information on the EntireX LU6.2 ACI Outbound Queue screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

Broker ID

The Broker identifier as defined in the EntireX Broker attribute file.

Server Program

The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue.

If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.



Note: The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Server Name

The name is used to locate the directory information for the server. The specified name must correspond with a member that exists in the data set specified on the EntireX Broker startup

parameter APISERV. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part* 2. *The Transport Service*.

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the entry.

Outbound Queue - CICS LU6.2

If you specify a CICS LU6.2 outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

```
_____ Description: _____
___ Profile Name: _____
___ TP Name:
  Queue ID: _____
  Connection ID:
  Server Program: _
  Time Last Active:
  Time Last Deactivated:
  Time Last Scheduled:
  Reset Status (I, T, E, H): _
                                Time Interval: ____ Min Scheduling Class: _
  Input Status (A, D):
  Output Status:
  Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
       Menu Quit Conf
Add queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

Specify the following information on the "CICS LU6.2 Outbound Queue" screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

Connection ID

The local system's TCT entry which defines the SNA LU6.2 communication link to the respective adjacent node.

Server Program

The transaction code under which the server program has been defined in the CICS PCT.

In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate started-task module in CICS and processes the items in the queue.



Note: The source module for the server program, CTCIST, must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Profile Name

The communication profile as defined in CICS, which is used while establishing an LU6.2 communication link to the adjacent node.



Note: Among other specifications, a communication profile can refer to a VTAM log mode name.

TP Name

The TPN which identifies the corresponding receiving program at the adjacent node.

If the adjacent node uses:

`	The TPN of that adjacent node's receiving queue entry.	ĺ
or LU6.2 ACI)		
CICS	The transaction code assigned in the PCT to the TS_RECEIVE	
	server program (source module name CTCIRC).	

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the queue.

Outbound Queue - Remote Database Access (RDA)

If you specify a remote database access outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

11:00 AM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N Transport Servi	- N E C T 3 ce - RDA Outl		14.Feb.94 YM-Q-01
Queue ID: Description: Server Program:			DBID: FNR:	_
Time Last Activ Time Last Deact Time Last Sched	ivated:			
Reset Status (I Input Status (A Output Status:	·		Time Interval: Scheduling Cla	
Queue Status: A : Queue Activ D : Queue being I : Queue Inact	Drained	H : Queue T : Timer E : Event	Wait	: Scheduled
Enter-PF1PF2P Menu Q Add queue and press	uit Conf	-PF6PF7	- PF8PF9PF10- ++	-PF11PF12

Specify the following information on the "RDA Outbound Queue" Screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Server Program

If your system runs under:

Com-plete The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue. The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*.

CICS The transaction code under which the server program has been defined in the CICS PCT. The source module for the server program is CTCIST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Part 2. The Transport Service*. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate started-task module in CICS and processes the items in the queue. If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.

DBID/FNR

The database ID and file number of the remote database containing the Con-nect spool file.

Time Interval

Applicable only when the Reset Status is set to T. In this case, the possible value can be between 1 to 99999 minutes.

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the queue.

Application Queues

Application queues are used to accommodate local applications such as Con-nect. Mail items which are sent to the local application are placed in these queues until they are processed by the local application.

To define an application queue, press PF4 on the "Queue Maintenance" screen. As a result, a window appears which lists the respective queue-types you can add. Mark the field to the left of the application queue-type with any character and press ENTER.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
11:07 AM
                                                           14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS Transport Service - Application Queue
                                                             YM-Q-01
   Application: _____ Description: Node ID: _____ Appl Library:
   Node ID: _____
Server Program: ____
                              Appl Program:
   Time Last Active:
   Time Last Deactivated:
   Time Last Scheduled:
   Reset Status (I, T, E, H): _ Time Interval: ____ Min Input Status (A, D): _ Scheduling Class: _
   Input Status (A, D):
   Output Status:
   Queue Status:
   ' ' : Scheduled
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
          Menu Quit Conf
Add queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

Specify the following information on the Application Queue Screen:

Application

The name of the application (external mail method) as it has been defined to the transport service.

The name specified must adhere to the naming conventions used with Con-nect external mail methods (e.g. A for Con-nect). See *Add a Mail Node*.

Node ID

Name of the local transport service node to which the transport items are to be transmitted.

Server Program

If your system runs under:

Com-plete The name under which the server program has been cataloged in the Com-plete program library. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate attached task in Com-plete and processes the items in the queue. The source module for the server program is CTCPST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the Con-nect Installation and Operations documentation, section Installing the Transport Service for Execution under Com-plete.

CICS The transaction code under which the server program has been defined in the CICS PCT. The source module for the server program is CTCIST and must be properly configured before it can be used. See the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Installing the Transport Service for Execution in CICS*. In this case, the server program is used to startup a Natural session which runs as a separate started-task module in CICS and processes the items in the queue. If the server program is executed in batch mode, this field is not used.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Appl Library

The Natural application library where the application program resides (e.g. SYSCNT2 for Connect).

Appl Program

The Natural application program which retrieves the transport items that reside in this queue (e.g. YCINITO for Con-nect).

Note: The values specified in the "Appl Library" and "Appl Progr" fields can also be referenced in the DYNAPPL keyword parameter of the CTPARM module.

The remaining fields are identical to the inbound queue screen. See *Inbound Queue*.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the queue.

Routing Entries

For each node in your network with which you want to communicate, you must define a routing entry which determines how the transport items are to be routed to that node.

To define the routing entries, you must know which nodes within your network you want to communicate with. You can obtain this information from your network administrator.

Select the Routing Entry Maintenance function from the Transport Service Administration screen. As a result, the Routing Entry Maintenance screen is displayed. Press PF4 to add a routing entry. The following screen is displayed:

11:11 AM Cabinet LS		CON-NECT 3 ervice - Add/Modify		14.Feb.94 YM-R-01
Final Destinat	cion: _			
Next Destinati	ion Queue: _			
Description:	_			
	Quit C	Conf	PF8PF9PF10PF1	l1PF12

Specify the following:

Final Destination

The node for which the transport item is destined. An asterisk (*) indicates all nodes within the network.

Next Destination Queue

The name of an outbound queue from which transport items are to be sent to the next node, on the way to their final destination node.

Description

Optional - a description of the path used to reach the destination node.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the routing entry.

23 Maintaining the Transport Service

Queue Maintenance	300
Routing Entry Maintenance	
■ Log Information Maintenance	
■ Initialization	
Address Conversion	
Modifying the Transport Service Node ID	

This chapter explains the functions and screens which can be invoked from the Transport Service Administration screen in the order they appear. For a description of how to invoke this menu and the most frequently used commands and PF-keys, see *Navigating Through the Transport Service Administration*.



Note: During the transmission of transport service items records are written to the spool file. These records must be deleted from the spool file on a regular basis. For further information, see *Delete Spool File Entries*.

Queue Maintenance

Select the Queue Maintenance function from the Transport Service Administration screen. As a result, the Queue Maintenance screen is displayed. All queue maintenance activities begin from this screen.

The following information is displayed in the Queue Maintenance screen:

Type

The type of queue:

APPL	Application queue
IN	Inbound queue
OC62	CICS LU6.2 outbound queue
OE62	EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI) outbound queue
ORDA	Remote database access outbound queue
RE62	Receiving queue for EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API or LU6.2 ACI)
RRDA	Receiving queue for remote database access
SYS	System queue

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

The following queues are created when your system is initialized:

```
***IN*** Inbound queue

***CR*** Creation queue

***UD*** Non-delivery queue
```

Items

The number of transport items in a queue.

If the queue contains more than 9999 items, "!>9999" is shown in this column. It is recommended that you do not keep so many items in a queue and that you delete items in time.

Time Last Active

The date and time of the queue's last activity. The transport service records the last date and time that one of the queue server programs was scheduled, activated or deactivated.

I Input status. Possible queue statuses are: A (active) and D (queue being drained).

0

Output status. Possible queue statuses are: I (inactive; only through administrator intervention), A (active), T (timer driven scheduling), E (event driven scheduling), " " (scheduled) and H (queue held).

The output status for timer-driven queues can have the following values: reset, timer, scheduled and active. If the output status is T, the timer is not activated. However, after serious errors, the output status is changed to H (held).

R

Reset status. The reset status is the initial value of the output status and describes the scheduling method which applies to that queue. Possible queue statuses are: I (inactive; scheduling only through administrator intervention), T (timer driven scheduling), E (event driven scheduling) and H (queue held).



Note: If your system runs in batch mode the reset status must be either I (inactive) or H (held). It must not be set to T (timer driven) or E (event driven).

Time

The timer interval in minutes.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

You must ensure that the appropriate mechanisms for scheduling the transport service queue server programs have been established and activated. See *Scheduling*.

Queue Info

Your local transport service consists of an inbound queue and system queues (e.g. creation and non-delivery) created during the initialization process, and outbound queues defined when your network was configured.

Each queue-type handles a particular function within the network. See *Queues*.

To add a queue, press PF4 on the Queue Maintenance screen. A window appears which lists the various queue-types you can add. Mark the field to the left of the queue-type you want with any character and press ENTER. As a result, that queue's screen appears where you can enter the required information in the highlighted fields.

To display information concerning a queue, mark the queue with DQ (Display Queue) on the Queue Maintenance screen and press ENTER.

To modify information concerning a queue, mark the queue with MO (Modify Queue) on the Queue Maintenance screen and press ENTER.

Inbound Queue

If you select the inbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the "Inbound Queue" fields, see *Inbound Queue*.

Outbound Queue - EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)

If you are working under Com-plete and you select an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the EntireX LU6.2 API Outbound Queue screen, see *Outbound Queue* - *EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)*.

Outbound Queue - EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI)

If you are working under Com-plete and you select an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI) outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the EntireX LU6.2 ACI Outbound Queue screen, see *Outbound Queue* - *EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI)*

Outbound Queue - CICS LU6.2

If you are working under CICS and select a CICS LU6.2 outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the CICS LU6.2 Outbound Queue screen, see *Outbound Queue - CICS LU6.2*.

Outbound Queue - RDA

If you select a remote database access outbound queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the "RDA Outbound Queue" screen, see *Outbound Queue - Remote Database Access (RDA)*.

Application Queues

If you select an application queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the Application Queue screen, see *Application Queues*.

System Queues - Creation and Non-delivery

If you select a system queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the System Queue screen, see *System Queues*.

Receiving Queues

EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)

If you select an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) receiving queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the EntireX LU6.2 API Receiving Queue screen, see *Receiving Queue* - *EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)*.

EntireX LU6.2 ACI Receiving Queue

If you select an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 ACI) receiving queue, the following screen is displayed:

For a detailed description of the EntireX LU6.2 ACI Receiving Queue screen, see *Receiving Queue* - *EntireX Services* (*LU6.2 ACI*).

Remote Database Access

If you select an RDA receiving queue, the following screen is displayed:

```
Queue ID: RECVRDA_
Description: RECEIVES RDA REQUEST___
  Server Program: CPCTST___
  ______
  Time Last Active:
  Time Last Deactivated:
  Time Last Scheduled:
  Reset Status (I, T, E, H): I Time Interval: ____ Min Input Status (A, D): A Scheduling Class: _
  Input Status (A, D): A
Output Status: I
  Queue Status:
  ' ' : Scheduled
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
Menu Quit Conf Start Stop Reset
Modify queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

For a detailed description of the RDA Receiving Queue screen, see *Receiving Queue - Remote Database Access*.

Items in a Queue

If you mark a queue with DI for "Display Items" on the Queue Maintenance screen, the following screen listing the transport items in that queue is displayed:

The following information is displayed on the Items in a Queue screen:

Origin Node

The node from which the transport item originated.

Orig Appl

The application which originated the transport item.

Type

Type of object: D (data object) or S (status object).

Prior

The priority options: a (highest) through z (lowest).

Incoming Date/Time

The date and time when the transport item was received.

Data Object

If you mark an item with DI for Display on the "Inbound Queue" or any of the system queue screens, the Data Object screen is displayed. It describes general information pertaining to a transport item within the queue.

```
10:28 AM
                     * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                               14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                 Transport Service - Display Data Object
                                                                  YM-Q-02
                                    Incoming Time: 14.Feb.94 2:22 AM
  Access ID:
                 KIOEAHEKEDFEKAAA
  Origin Node:
                                    Object ID: KIOEAHEKEDFEKAAA
                 BOSTON
  Origin Appl:
                                    Object Type:
  Feedback Node: BOSTON
                                      Notify:
                                                 1
  Feedback Appl: A
                                      Priority:
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
         Menu Quit
                                            Recip
Press a PF-key
```

The following information is displayed on the Data Object screen:

Access ID

A unique identifier which was assigned to the transport item at the local node.

Origin Node

The node from which the transport item originated.

Origin Appl

The application which originated the transmission of the transport item.

Incoming Time

The time the transport item was received at the local node.

Object ID

Unique identifier which was assigned to the transport item when it was created.

Object Type

Type of object: D (data object).

Feedback Node

The node to which status objects for this object are to be sent.

Feedback Appl

The application to which status objects for this object are to be sent.

Notify

Specifies whether a delivery report is requested. The values are:

- 0 no notification
- 1 notification only in case of error
- 2 notification always generated

Priority

The priority options: a (highest) through z (lowest).

Status Object

If you mark an item with DI for Display in the "Items on a Queue" screen, the Status Object screen is displayed. It describes general information pertaining to a particular transport item within the queue.

```
4:28 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                   14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                                                                     YM-Q-02
                            Status Object
  Access ID:
                KFGGIPJKNLAOLAAA
                                     Incoming Time: 13.Feb.94 6:17 PM
  Origin Node: FHOST
                                     Object ID: KFGGIPJKNLAOLAAA
  Origin Appl: K
                                     Object Type:
                                                    S
  Target Node: THOST
                                                    f
                                     Priority:
                                                    2
  Target Appl: A
                                     Status:
                           Referenced Object
  Origin Node: FHOST
                                     Object ID:
                                                   KFFBAKHPHDCPBAAA
  Origin Appl: A
                                     Object Type: D
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
                                              Addr
Press a PF-key
```

The following information is displayed on the Status Object screen:

Access ID

A unique identifier which was assigned to the transport item when it was received at the local node.

Origin Node

The node from which the transport item originated.

Origin Appl

The application which originated the transport item.

Target Node

The recipient node.

Target Appl

The recipient application.

Incoming Time

The time the transport item was received at the local node.

Object ID

Unique identifier which was assigned to the transport item when it was created.

Object Type

Type of object: S (status object).

Priority

The priority options: a (highest) through z (lowest).

Status

The status of the object. The values are:

- 0 delivered
- 1 system failure
- 2 routing failure
- 3 application failure

Referenced Object

Origin Node

The node from which the referenced transport item originated.

Origin Appl

The application which originated the referenced transport item.

Object ID

Unique identifier which was assigned to the referenced transport item when it was created.

Object Type

Type of object: D (data object).

Transport Service Recipients

If you want to display a list of all addressees of a transport item, either press PF8 on the Status Object screen, or mark an item on the Items in a Queue screen with AD for Recipients and press ENTER. The following screen is displayed:

The following information is displayed on the Transport Service Recipients screen:

Node

The recipient node.

Appl

The recipient application.

Resp

Responsibility flag used by the transport service to determine which queue server is responsible for the intended recipient. Possible values are:

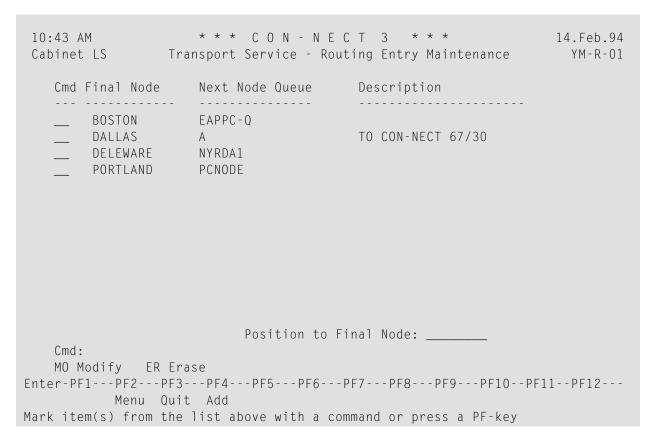
- 0 recipient has been processed
- 1 responsibility of the router
- 2 responsibility of an outbound queue server
- 3 responsibility of an application queue server

Recipient Number

The recipient number.

Routing Entry Maintenance

The transport service requires information concerning the configuration of the network. Choose the Routing Entry Maintenance function from the Transport Service Administration screen. As a result, the Routing Entry Maintenance screen, which lists all routing entries for the nodes with which you want to communicate, is displayed.



The following information is shown on the Routing Entry Maintenance screen:

Final Node

The node for which the transport item is destined. An asterisk (*) indicates all nodes within the network.

Next Node Queue

The name of the outbound queue on the local node.

Description

Optional - a description of the routing entry.

Position to Recipient Node

If the displayed list is longer than one page, enter the name of the recipient node which you want to scroll to the top of the display.

Log Information Maintenance

Each significant event that occurs during the execution of the transport service routines is recorded in the transport service log records. Significant events are: originating, routing, sending, receiving of transport items, as well as any kind of Natural or other exceptional conditions.

The transport service keeps log information for each significant action to facilitate problem determination and general supervision by a Con-nect administrator. To avoid excessive disk space usage, you should occasionally purge obsolete log data from the transport service; you can set up program YR-GETH to automatically erase log data. See *Program YR-GETH*.

Choose the Log Information Maintenance function from the Transport Service Administration screen to display the following screen:

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
  2:24 PM
                                                                      5.Feb.98
 Cabinet LS
                  Transport Service - Log Information Maintenance
                                                                       YM-L-01
 Cmd Actor
              Program Log Time
                                          Ty Log Message
     APPLIC
              Z-402
                                             CABINET: XSISVG1 ,UTID<DNOHOPE44K
                       1998-02-04 13:07:17
     ROUTER
                      1998-02-04 13:07:22 02 YR ROUTING DNOHOPE44KPPGKILEHFGEP
             YC-DRV-0 1998-02-04 13:07:27
    APPLIC
                                             MESSAGE UTID < DNOHOPE44KPPGKILEHF
                      1998-02-05 08:02:16
    APPLIC
             Z-402
                                             CABINET: XSISKU ,UTID<DNOHOPE44KP
    ROUTER
              YR
                      1998-02-05 08:02:18 02 YR ROUTING DNOHOPE44KPPHKGGFLIOBH
              Y0X8000 1998-02-05 08:05:58 18 CNT312COSAGNET.FCT4
    SEND
    SEND
             Y0X8000 1998-02-05 08:05:58 18 CNT312COSAGNET.FCT4
                                                                      LU62MODE
    APPLIC
             Z-402
                      1998-02-05 11:39:44
                                             CABINET: XSISVG1 ,UTID<DNOHOPE44K
    ROUTER
                      1998-02-05 11:39:45 02 YR ROUTING DNOHOPE44KPPHNHAANDLJF
    APPLIC
             YC-DRV-0 1998-02-05 11:39:50
                                             MESSAGE UTID < DNOHOPE44KPPHNHAAND
    ROUTER
                      1998-02-05 11:39:50 02 YR ROUTING DNOHOPE44KPPHNHAEMFLAL
             YC-DRV-0 1998-02-05 11:39:50
                                             STATUS UTID < DNOHOPE44KPPHNHAEMF
    APPLIC
    APPLIC
              Z-400
                      1998-02-05 11:40:46
                                             CABINET: XSISVG ,UTID<DNOHOPE44KP
     ROUTER
                       1998-02-05 11:40:47 02 YR ROUTING DNOHOPE44KPPHNHDNDJBAB
Cmd:
                                         Position to Log Time:
                                                               (YYYYMMDDHHMMSS)
 DI Display
              ER Erase
                        TO Top
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                                    ErAll -
Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key
```

The following information is shown in the Log Information Maintenance screen:

Actor

The name of the server program. See *Queue Server Programs*.

Program

The name of the program which generated the log record.

Log Time

The time the log record was created.

Ty

Type. These values are internally used by the transport service.

Log Message

Information used for tracing.

Position to Log Time

If the list is longer than one page, you can enter a date and time in this line to scroll to the specified date and time.



Note: If you mark an item with ER for Erase in this screen, the marked item is erased immediately. You are not asked to confirm the deletion.

Use the following PF-keys to page through the list of log records:

```
PF8 Display the previous page (-).
PF9 Display the next page (+).
PF10 Display the first page (--).
PF11 Display the last page (++).
```

You can also mark an item with TO for Top and press ENTER to scroll the marked item to the top of the list.

Extended Information for Marked Log Records

The following screen displays information which assist the Software AG staff if problems occur.

Mark any item with DI for Display on the Log Information Maintenance screen to obtain extended information about this item. A screen which is similar to the one below appears containing coded information about events or exceptional conditions:

320

```
10:55 AM
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                      14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                                                                       YM-L-01
                  Log Information Maintenance - Display Log
 Program: YIX7010
                                                Actor:
                                                              RECEIVER
 Log Time: 199402131021216
                                               Message Type: 77
 Log Message:
Z003A0001000105
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
Press a PF-key
```

Program YR-GETH

Program YR-GETH is delivered as a source program. It can be set up to delete obsolete transport service log records.

When you define the parameters #HOURS and #LOGSETNUMBER and stow your modifications, this program is run each time a queue server program is activated.

When YR-GETH is run, it checks the transport service log records for records older than the value defined in parameter #HOURS. If any records are found, they are deleted. If the total number of old records is more than the value defined in parameter #LOGSETNUMBER, only the number of records defined in this parameter are deleted. The remaining records will be deleted the next time YR-GETH is run. If log records exist but are not older than the value in parameter #LOGSETNUMBER, they are not deleted.

To edit YR-GETH, enter the following at the Natural Next prompt:

```
E YR-GETH
```

```
0060 DEFINE DATA
0070 PARAMETER
0080 1 #HOURS (N6)
0090 1 #LOGSETNUMBER (N5)
0100 END-DEFINE
0110 *
0120 * Value defined for #LOGSETNUMBER determines the number of logs
0130 * erased if they are older than #HOURS
0140 *
0150 COMPUTE #HOURS = 24
0160 COMPUTE #LOGSETNUMBER = 100
0170 *
0180 END
```

You can modify the following parameters:

#HOURS

Default is 24 hours. Defines the frequency, in hours, the log records will be erased.

#LOGSETNUMBER

Default is 100 records. Determines the total number of records deleted at one time. If the current number of log records is greater than this value, they will be deleted the next time YR-GETH is activated.

Initialization

See Initialization.

If the transport service has been initialized and you select this function from the Transport Service Administration screen, a message is displayed indicating that the information already exists.

Address Conversion

Prior to Con-nect version 2.4, the Con-nect spool file was used to transmit mail items between Con-nect and other external mail nodes. Each node was assigned a unique spool file address to insure that mail items were transferred to the appropriate external mail node.

With Con-nect version 3, the spool file method can be replaced with the transport service. Since the transport service uses a different addressing format, all external addresses that use the spool file method must be converted to this format.

The conversion procedure is a two step process. First, for each spool file node you want to convert, a transport service node must be defined. Once a transport service node is defined, the actual conversion process can then be performed.

Defining a Transport Service Node

During the conversion process, the actual spool file node is not deleted, nor is the address information overwritten with the transport service's address information. Rather, the addresses are simply transferred to the transport service node. Therefore before you begin the conversion process, a transport service node must be defined for the spool file node.



Note: Once addresses have been converted to the transport service method, you cannot convert them back to the spool file method.

See *Adding an External Mail Node* to define a transport service node.

Converting a Spool File Node

To begin the conversion process, select the Address Conversion function and press ENTER to display the screen below.

Mark Node ID	Description	Lev	Туре	Method
_ ME	KANSAS CITY	8 8 7 8	A Con-nect	Spool Spool Transp Spool Spool
r Position t	0	Node Type /	A Con-nect	

The Address Conversion - Display Nodes screen lists all external nodes which are defined to the local Con-nect system. The following information is displayed for each external node:

Node ID

Node name.

Description

Description of the node.

Level

Address level of the external node.

Type

Type of external node (e.g. A signifies Con-nect).

Method

Mailing method used:

```
Transp Transport service.

Spool Spool file.
```

To page to a particular node, you can enter a character or string of characters in the "Position to" field and press ENTER. This causes the list to scroll to the first node whose ID begins with the specified character(s).

To select the external node you want to convert, mark the corresponding field in the Mark column and press PF6.

As a result, the Select Transport Service Node window is displayed which lists all defined transport service nodes on your Con-nect system.

```
5:37 PM
                 * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                      14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                Address Conversion - Display Nodes
                                                       YM-C-01
Mark Node ID Descr +-----+---
----! Select Transport Service Node
  X KS KANSA +-----+---
  _ KS-TS KANSA ! Node ID Description
_ KY KENTU ! __ KS-TS KANSAS CITY
_ KY-TS KENTU ! __ KY-TS KENTUCKY W/TS
  ! or Position to ___
or Position to
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit
Mark one item from the list above
```

Mark the appropriate transport service node and press ENTER.

If there is a discrepancy between the spool file and transport service address such as the address level is different, or the node type is different (in this instance you are unable to convert the addresses), the following window appears:

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * 14.Feb.94
5:44 PM
Cabinet LS
                   Address Conversion - Display Nodes
                                                              YM-C-01
Mark Node ID Descr +-----
 ·--- ------- ! Select ! Transport Service Address Conversion !
  X KS KANSA +----
            KANSA ! Node ID !
    KS-TS
     KY
            KENTU ! X_ KS-TS !
            KENTU : ^_ KY-TS ! _ Mark to convert all address.

PORTL ! _ ME ! defined to the Spool File Node

! KS
    KY-TS
    ME
                               to the Transport Service Node
                                                      KS-TS
                    ! or Positio
or Position to
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
               Ouit
Address levels of source and destination node are different
```

Additionally, a message is displayed notifying you of the discrepancy. If you wish to continue with the conversion process, mark the field in the window and press ENTER. When you confirm the conversion, the addresses are converted to the selected transport service node displayed in the window.

If you decided to abort the conversion, press PF3 and you are returned to the Address Conversion - Display Nodes screen.

Once the conversion is completed, the total number of addresses converted is displayed as shown below:

Mark Node ID	Description	Lev	Туре	Method
_ ABC _ FHOST _ KS _ KS-TS _ KY _ KY-TS _ ME _ SPOOL _ TS _ ZENTRAL		8 8 7 8	A Con-nect	Transp Transp Spool Spool Transp Spool Spool Transp Transp
or Position	to I	Node Type	A Con-nect	

The conversion process converts all spool file node addresses defined in cabinet SYSCNT. This includes nicknames and distribution lists.

Nicknames and distribution lists defined by a Con-nect user are also converted.

Cabinet Function

The cabinet function is used to view the number of addresses defined to the specified node, be it a spool file or transport service node.

This function can be helpful before and after the conversion process to insure that all addresses were converted to the transport service node.

To display the cabinets in which the addresses are defined to a node, select the node you want on the Address Conversion - Display Nodes screen and press PF5.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
11:15 AM
                                                      14.Feb.94
                                                      YM-C-02
Mark Cabinet Description
                                           Number of Addresses
   LS Long, Sonja
    JM
           Mayer, Julie
                                            10
or Position to
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit
                           AddrC
Mark one item and press a PF-key
```

The Address Conversion - Addresses for Node node-name screen displays the following information:

Cabinet

Cabinet ID that has defined the addresses for the specified node.

Description

Description of cabinet.

Number of Addresses

Number of addresses defined to the selected external node by the cabinet.

If no information is available for the selected node, this screen will not be displayed.

From this screen you can also convert the addresses contained in one or several cabinets to the transport service format - so long as the node you selected uses the spool file method. Only the addresses in the selected cabinets will be affected.

To do so, select the cabinet(s) you want to convert and press PF6. See *Converting a Spool File Node*.

Modifying the Transport Service Node ID

The following procedure does not apply if your system does not interact with the central directory via the directory synchronization functions, which means that the central directory is not defined in your Con-nect environment.



Note: To modify your transport service node ID, the central directory must be available.

Node IDs which have been renamed are not deleted from the central directory until the central directory administrator deletes them from the list of Con-nect nodes in the central directory. See *Central Directory*. Therefore, you are disallowed to reuse a node ID if it has not been deleted from the central directory.

To modify the name of your transport service node ID, you select the Define Local Node function on the Administration - External Mail Nodes screen and press ENTER.

Type the new transport service node ID over the previously defined ID in the resulting window and press ENTER.

As a result, a screen similar to the one below displays the new transport service node ID as well as the node ID currently used by the directory synchronization. It also displays the number of addresses you have uploaded to the central directory that will be effected by the modification and the number of remote user entries that will be effected by the modification.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 10:42 AM
                                                                    14.Feb.94
 Cabinet
                   Update Node Name in Central Directory
                                                                       OLAN21
 New Transport Service Node Name:
                                    PDENWALD
 Current Node Name
 in Central Directory:
                                    ODENWALD
 The update will modify 152
                                                  addresses
  in the Central Directory and 39 remote users.
Fnter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    HELP Menu Quit Updt
Press a PF-key
```

To confirm your modification, press PF4. If you want to cancel your modification, press PF3.

How Address Data are Updated

When you confirm the modification of your transport service node name, all addresses which pertain to this transport service node name are not automatically modified. Initially, only the data in the central directory are modified, which includes:

- all addresses you have uploaded to the central directory with the directory synchronization Upload function,
- all addresses you have authorized for remote cabinet access, and
- your Con-nect node data record (as defined in the central directory).

Then with the next download, all addresses which have been previously downloaded to other participating Con-nect nodes are modified. The following data is modified:

- all profiles (defined with the directory synchronization Add Profile function) that pertain to your Con-nect node,
- all addresses that were previously downloaded from the central directory (which originated from your Con-nect node), and
- all addresses that were previously imported from the central directory (which originated from your Con-nect node).

Each address, which originated from your Con-nect node, that has been unlinked *will not* be modified.

24 Transport Service Abend Codes

Abend Codes in a CICS Environment	33	2
Abend Codes in a Com-plete Environment	33	2

The following transport service abend codes are provided for debugging purposes.

Abend Codes in a CICS Environment

In the case of problems during execution, the transport service start-up routines may terminate with a CICS abend code, or with one of the following transport service specific abend codes:

Code	Description
CT00	Insufficient TWA size.
CT01	Missing parameters.
CT02	Invalid parameters.
CT03	Storage overflow when building dynamic parameter string.
CT04	CTPARM does not contain a dynamic parameter string specification for the required function.



Note: Natural terminates with abend code NT06 whenever a terminal WRITE is attempted in non-interactive mode.

Abend Codes in a Com-plete Environment

In the case of problems during execution, the transport service start-up routines may terminate with a Com-plete abend code, or with one of the following transport service specific abend codes:

Code	Description
1202	Missing parameters.
1203	Invalid parameters.
1204	Storage overflow when building dynamic parameter string.
1205	CTPARM does not contain a dynamic parameter string specification for the required function.



Note: Natural terminates with a Com-plete abend code ZWRnnnn whenever a terminal WRITE is attempted in non-interactive mode.

VI

Part 6. Teleservices Nodes

This part describes the configuration and maintenance of Con-nect Teleservices. It is subdivided into the following sections:

Navigating Through the Teleservices Functions Initializing the Con-nect Spool File Adding a Telex, Teletex or Telefax Mail Node Hardware Requirements for Teleservices Utilities for Teleservices

25

Navigating Through the Teleservices Functions

When Con-nect Teleservices is installed at your site, you can define telex, teletex or telefax nodes.

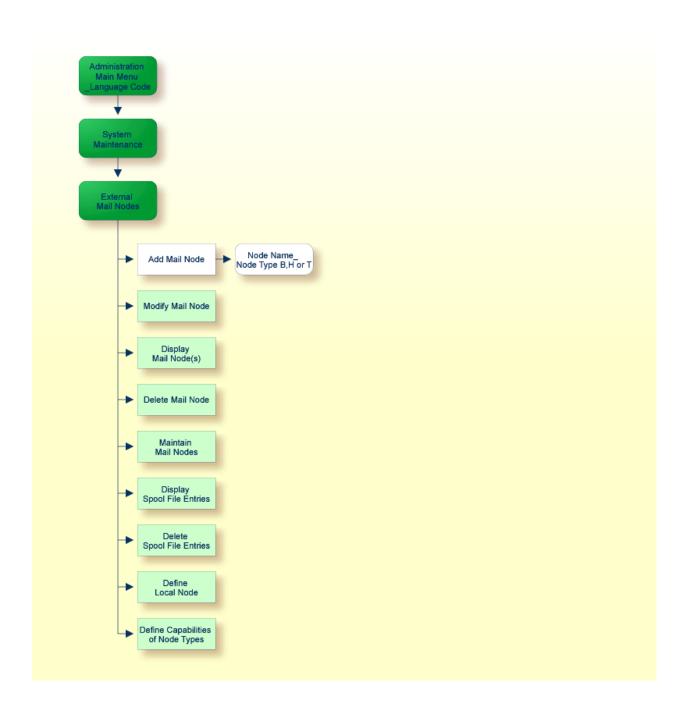
In order to permit a user to use a selectable unit, you must ensure that the Send External Mail function is permitted in the user's profile. See *Cabinet and User Profile*.



Note: During the transmission of telex/teletex/telefax items records are written to the spool file. These records must be deleted from the Con-nect spool file with the Delete Spool File Entries function on a regular basis. For further information, see *Delete Spool File Entries*.

The following diagram shows the path you must take to add and maintain telex, teletex, and telefax mail nodes.

The items which consist of functions applicable to *all* node types are displayed as light green boxes. For further information, see *External Mail Nodes*.



26

Initializing the Con-nect Spool File

Con-nect Teleservices uses the spool file method routines to transfer information from the Connect system file to the Con-nect spool file and vice versa.

So that Con-nect Teleservices can operate in your environment, you must define your local node for the Con-nect spool file method. For further information, see *Define Local Node*.

27 Adding a Telex, Teletex or Telefax Mail Node

- F.,,,,,,,,	2.44
Example	

To add a telex, teletex or telefax mail node, enter a name for the node in the "Mail Node/Type" field at the bottom of the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen (this is the name which is to be entered as the addressee when sending mail), and select the Add Mail Node function.

The "Add Mail Node" screen will appear, and you must enter the necessary information for adding a new node. See $Add\ a\ Mail\ Node$. Specify the address level and node type (B - telex, H - telefax, or T - teletex) and press enter to display the "Add Telex/Telefax Node" window.

```
14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                Administration - Add Mail Node
                                                    A06740
               Add Telex Node RESTELEX
  ! To:
  ! From:
  ! Subject:
     Telex Number _____
        Answer Back _____
     Send between 0000 (hhmm) in GMT
A !
        and 0000 (hhmm) in GMT
1 ! Number of Retries O Device _____
       Mark _ to allow modifications at send
          Program Name will be X- Node Type S
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit Displ
Enter data and press ENTER to add
```

The following information can be entered in this window, and will appear in the "Send Telex/Teletex/Telefax to Node-name" window when the user sends a telex, teletex or telefax.

To

The addressee's name (this does *not* have to be the same as the node name).

From

The sender's name.

Subject

The subject of the telex, teletex or telefax.

Telex, Teletex or Telefax Number

The recipient's telex, teletex or telefax number.

Answer back

Telex, teletex and telefax numbers may have corresponding answer back messages. If this message is entered, a check will be made when the telex, teletex or telefax is sent to see if the message and telex, teletex or telefax number correspond. If they do not correspond, the message "Cannot be delivered" will appear when the user checks the reception status in the Outbasket (using the ADDRESS command).

Send between

The time within which the telex, teletex or telefax is to be sent according to GMT (Greenwich Mean Time). Enter the time in a 24h notation without delimiters, e.g. 1800 for 6 pm.



Note: Con-nect does not allow you to enter midnight as 24:00. Instead, you must enter 0:00 (0000 in this case).

Number of retries

Limits the number of retries if this function is supported by the transmission hardware installed. The end-user may not modify this field.

Device

Specifies from which telex system the message is sent. The end-user may not modify this field.

Mark to allow modifications at send

You can mark this field with any character. This option is used in conjunction with the "Telex, Teletex or Telefax Number" field and defines the following:

- whether a window appears every time the user sends a telex, teletex or telefax;
- whether the fields "Telex, Teletex or Telefax Number", "Answer back", "Send between", "Number of retries", and "Device" can be modified by the user.

Depending upon whether you specify a telex, teletex, or telefax number, or whether you allow the information to be modified before sending, one of the following will occur whenever a telex, teletex, or telefax is sent (this applies to external nodes as well as nicknames):

Modifications Allowed	Number Specified	Results
No		A window appears. The fields "To", "From", "Subject", and "Number" can be modified.
No	Yes	A window does not appear.
Yes	No	A window appears. All fields can be modified.
Yes	Yes	A window appears. All fields can be modified.

Example

1. You have allowed all fields to be modified. You have not specified a telex number or an answer back message.

When the user sends a telex, the window appears and he must specify a telex number and if he wants, an answer back message. The user can modify all information which appears in this window.

2. You have disallowed all modifications. However, you have not specified a telex number or an answer back message.

When the user sends a telex, the window appears where he must specify a telex number and if he wants, an answer back message. Additionally, the user can modify the following fields: "To", "From", and "Subject".

3. You have disallowed all modifications and you have specified a telex number.

When the user sends a telex, the window does not appear and the telex is sent directly to the specified telex number.

28 Hardware Requirements for Teleservices

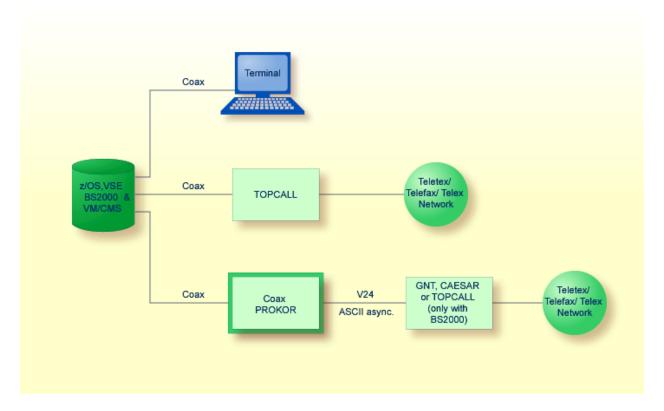
- The Televierd Telefov Cyclere Connection	24
 The Telex and Telefax System Connection 	.544

You must ensure that a telex and telefax system (and if needed, a protocol converter) is installed in the environment and properly registered via the TP monitor.

The Telex and Telefax System Connection

The currently supported telex and telefax systems are the TOPCALL system, GNT system, and CAESAR system. For the TOPCALL system, the protocol converter is not required; it is directly connected via a coaxial line.

For GNT and CAESAR systems, the terminal controller is connected with the GNT or CAESAR system via the PROKOR protocol converter, which emulates a terminal and, thus, can be connected via a coaxial line. When the host transmits messages, the PROKOR receives them as if it were a terminal, and forwards them to the GNT or CAESAR system. Conversely, the PROKOR accepts messages from the GNT or CAESAR system and forwards them in accordance with the corresponding protocol, emulating the keyboard of a terminal, to the host computer.



The main prerequisite for this data exchange is a Natural session in the corresponding system environment that can be started on the coaxial line attached to the PROKOR. This Natural session must be capable to start automatically. The Telex Driver start program is, in turn, called from this session.

Part 3. Con-nect Teleservices of the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation contains a description of the installation process for the Con-nect telex driver in several different environments.

29 Utilities for Teleservices

D-TELEX	348
X-BLG-M	349
TELEXE	351
X-BSTOP	354

D-TELEX

Function

Enables users to trace the events which occur on the terminal line between the TOPCALL, GNT, or CAESAR system and the Natural telex driver on the host. Additionally, users can check when the last interaction between the Telex, Teletex, or Telefax driver and the connected hardware occurred.

Execution

If this program is added as an Application in the user's cabinet, it can be invoked from any point in Con-nect . For further information, see the *Con-nect User's Guide*, section *Applications*. Otherwise, it can be invoked from the SYSCNT2T library by entering D-TELEX at the Next prompt.

The following screen is displayed.

Note: If this program is added as an Application in the user's cabinet with the "User" defined as a parameter, this screen is not displayed.

```
FOR USER ______
FUNCTION _ O=DISPLAY 1=START 2=STOP
```

For User

The user ID running the Con-nect Teleservices driver.

Function

0=DISPLAY	Display the traced events. Events cannot be traced unless this trace feature has been initialized for the specified communication line by specifying 1 (e.g. user TELEX).
1=START	Begin tracing the communication line. Once the trace feature is started, it continues to trace the line until the system is rebooted, or you select the stop function. To activate the trace facility, the user defined for the terminal line must be restarted. To do so, logoff and restart the telex driver.
2=STOP	Stop tracing the communication line.

If you select the START function, the trace feature is activated and you are returned to the menu in which you called the d-telex program. For example, if you have defined the d-telex program as an application in your cabinet and you call it from the main menu, you are returned to the main menu.

If you select the DISPLAY function, similar information as shown below is displayed:

```
16. 16:07:48 *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 2 MIN 57 SEC
16. 16:10:46 D..2Q?R??
16. 16:10:48 D?D++++++A:+EMPTY?D318 keine Nachricht?E?
16. 16:10:49 *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 2 MIN 57 SEC
16. 16:18:31 D..2Q?R??
16. 16:19:12 D?D++++++A:+EMPTY?D318 keine Nachricht?E?
16. 16:20:11 *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 1 MIN 20 SEC
16. 16:21:49 D..2Q?R??
16. 16:21:54 D?D++++++A:+EMPTY?D318 keine Nachricht?E?
16. 16:21:55 *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 2 MIN 54 SEC
```

The first column on the left-hand side contains the current date. The next column contains the time the message was sent to the TOPCALL, CAESAR or GNT system, while the remaining information contains the protocol element (message, event) that was sent to the TOPCALL, CAESAR or GNT system.



Note: This trace program does not store log records until they are physically deleted. Rather, approximately two pages worth of log records are stored, with the oldest records overwritten with the most current records.

X-BLG-M

X-BLG-M can only be used with a TOPCALL system.

Function

This program is an extended trace facility which enables the administrator to observe significant events that occur during the execution of Con-nect Teleservices routines.

To activate the extended trace program, the #TC-TRACE-ENABLED switch in the startup program TLXDRV must be set to <TRUE>, and the user defined for the terminal line must be restarted. To perform a restart, you logoff and restart the telex driver.



Notes:

- 1. If the extended trace program is continuously running, a large amount of your spool file's storage space will be utilized.
- 2. If this program is to be disabled, the remaining records should be deleted.

Execution

With this program, Con-nect Teleservices can keep log information for each significant action and, thus, facilitate problem determination and general supervision by the administrator. Significant events include initialization, incoming and outgoing telex, telefax or teletex mail items, uploading charge files and journals from the telex system to Con-nect, as well as other exceptional conditions.

This program can be added as an *Application* in the user's cabinet and, thus, can be invoked from any point in Con-nect. For further information, see the *Con-nect User's Guide*, section *Applications*. Otherwise, it can be invoked from the SYSCNT2T library by entering X-BLG-M at the Next prompt.

The following screen is displayed:

```
1:55 PM
                   * * * C O N - T A C T 3 * * *
                                                                14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                      Log Information Maintenance
                                                                  X-BLG-M
Cmd Program Log Time
                             Ty Log Info
    X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:47:50 0 D?R??
   X-BI03
            94-03-02 09:49:43 I
                                T?
   X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:49:43 0 D..2EOT,BREAK=1?D..2END?D..2C,R=B:TTC???????
   X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:50:08 I D?D+++++B:+INHALT?D?D930311 0949?DKENNUNG
   X-BI03
            94-03-02 09:50:08 M *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** INITIALIZED
   X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:50:08 0 D..2P,D=930311,T=0950?D..2Q?R??
   X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:50:11 I D?D++++++A:+EMPTY?D318 keine Nachricht?E?
            94-03-02 09:50:11 M *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 2 MIN 57 SE
    X-BI03
   X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:53:08 0 D..2Q?R??
   X-BI03
            94-03-02 09:53:11 I D?D++++++A:+EMPTY?D318 keine Nachricht?E?
   X-BI03
            94-03-02 09:53:12 M *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 2 MIN 57 SE
   X-BIO3 94-03-02 09:56:09 0 D..2Q?R??
    X-BI03
            94-03-02 09:56:12 I D?D+++++A:+EMPTY?D318 keine Nachricht?E?
    X-BI03
            94-03-02 09:56:12 M *** TOP-CALL TELEX *** ROLL -> 2 MIN 57 SE
Commands:
                                       Position to Log Time: ___
Enter a command, press a PF-key, or enter * to list commands
DI Display ER Erase TO Top DB DispBuffer
                                                          (YYYYMMDDHHMMSS)
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                OUIT
                                       FRAI -
```

Program

The name of the program which generated the log record.

Log Time

The time the log record was created.

Ty

Type of event. These values are used internally by Con-nect Teleservices. The following values are used:

- O Outgoing message from Con-nect Teleservices.
- I Incoming message to Con-nect Teleservices.
- M Informational message from Con-nect Teleservices.

Log Info

Information used for tracing.

Position to Log Time

If the list is longer than one page you can enter a date and time in this line to scroll to the specified date and time.

You can enter the following command aliases in the Cmd column for each log record displayed:

- DI Displays additional information pertaining to the log record.
- ER Erases the selected log record. You are not asked to confirm the deletion, it is erased immediately
- TO Scrolls the selected log record to the top of the screen.
- DB Displays the message as it was sent or received. This command is useful if a full screen protocol is used to communicate between the telex system and the Con-nect Teleservices driver.

You can use the following PF-keys to page through the list of log records:

- PF8 Display the previous page (-).
- PF9 Display the next page (+).
- PF10 Display the first page (--).
- PF11 Display the last page (++).

TELEXE

Function

Enables users to display the delivery status of the telexes, teletexes, or telefaxes sent from their cabinets.

As a supervisor, the delivery status of all telexes, teletexes and telefaxes can be displayed.

Execution

If this program is added as ane Application in the user's cabinet, it can be invoked from any point in Con-nect . For further information, see the *Con-nect User's Guide*, section *Applications*. Otherwise, it can be invoked from the SYSCNT2T library by entering TELEXE at the Next prompt.



Note: If you have supervisor status, enter the TELEXE password at the Next prompt. Without the password only the telexes, teletexes and telefaxes you have sent will be displayed. To obtain the password, contact your Software AG representative.

As a result, the following screen is displayed:

Status	Number		To / Subject	Date/Time
Vaiting	F061519213904	To:	jms	19940212
			Test Results	14:33:34
Process	F922610	To:		19940212
4	4107104	~	Test Results	17:03:34
	4197104 rej	To: Subject:	JCS Important Information	19940212 18:05:51
	1PF2PF3			

It displays the current status of all telexes, teletexes and telefaxes which you have sent from your cabinet. Each event contains the following information:

Status

The status of the telex, teletex, or telefax. It can be one of the following:

Waiting	The message is currently in the Con-nect spool file, waiting to be transmitted to the telex, telefax, or teletex system.
Process	The message is being transmitted from the Con-nect spool file to the connected telex, teletex, or telefax system.
Sent/Rej.	The message is delivered or could not be delivered to the external telex, telefax, teletex addressee and a corresponding status notification is sent to the originator's Con-nect cabinet. For information on rejected telexes and telefaxes, see <i>Rejected Telexes</i> .

Number

The number which was used to send the telex, teletex, or telefax message. In the case of a Telefax, the letter F is inserted in front of the number, while the letter T is inserted in front of the Teletex number. No letter is inserted in front of a Telex number.



Note: If this program is activated with the TELEXE password, the name and user ID of the originator is displayed below the status and number of the telex, teletex, or telefax.

To / Subject

The addressee's name and the subject of the telex, teletex, or telefax as specified in the "To" and "Subject" lines on the "Send Telex/Teletex/Telefax to Node-name" window.

Date/Time

Date and time the Con-nect Teleservices Send function was called.

Rejected Telexes

Telexes which cannot be delivered to the specified addressee are indicated in the "Status" column with Rej "NNN", where "NNN" is one of the following codes:

Code	Description
rej	General error
abf	Garbled reception of answerback
abd	Number in receiver's answerback does not match the selected national number
abs	Subscriber absent, connection switched off
ci	Conversation with this connection impossible
der	Connection disturbed
df	Connection successful
inf	Momentarily not reachable, call information
na	Communication with this subscriber not allowed (sometimes instead of occ, nc, der)
nc	All lines busy
nch	Number changed, call information
np	Selection number leads to no telex connection
осс	Desired connection busy

Code	Description
spp	Receiver was also writing, disconnected
usc	Non-interpretable character received

Rejected Telefaxes

Telefaxes which cannot be delivered to the specified addressee are indicated in the "Status" column with one of the following codes:

Code	Description
Rej rej	General error
Rej NNN	Number not relevant

TOPCALL Systems

If the API subprogram X-BO-U is activated, you can obtain a detailed description as to why the mail item cannot be delivered to the addressee. For further information, see the *Con-nect Installation* and *Operations* documentation, section *User Modifications*.

X-BSTOP

Function

Enables the Con-nect Teleservices administrator to stop the Con-nect Teleservices driver in between the driver's "sleeping time" as specified in the TLXDRV program.

Execution

If this program is added as an Application in the user's cabinet, it can be invoked from any point in Con-nect . If you specify IN-USER-ID and MAX-TIME as parameters when adding the program as an application, you can circumvent the X-BSTOP screen. For further information, see the *Connect User's Guide*, section *Applications*. Otherwise, this program can be invoked from the SYSCNT2T library by entering X-BSTOP at the Next prompt.

If you have not added this program as an application with IN-USER-ID and MAX-TIME defined as parameters, the following screen is displayed:

```
#IN-USER-ID #MAX-TIME
```

IN-USER-ID

Enter the user ID running the Con-nect Teleservices driver.

MAX-TIME

The number of minutes the program will wait before stopping the Con-nect Teleservices driver. The time specified here must be greater than the sleeping time specified in the TLXDRV program. Valid values are: " " (blank), or 0 through 999.

If no time limit is specified in parameter MAX-TIME, this program sets a flag in the spool file, exits and the screen from where you called this program is displayed. You are not notified when the driver is stopped, but the next time the driver checks the spool file, the driver is stopped.

If you specify a time limit, this program sets a flag in the spool file but does not exit until the driver is stopped. Thus, your terminal is locked until then.

If for any reason the driver stops itself during the time limit specified in parameter MAX-TIME, the driver automatically erases the flag.

The following program can be included in program X-STOP so that you are notified when the driver is stopped.

```
HIST. HISTOGRAM SPOOL-VIEW DIR-KEY FROM #X-BSTOP-KEY THRU #X-BSTOP-KEY
END-HISTOGRAM
IF *COUNTER(HIST.) GT 0
CALL 'CMROLL' #ROLLOUT /* WAIT 1 MINUTE
ELSE
WRITE 'DRIVER HAS STOPPED' /* ADD MESSAGE FOR USER
ESCAPE ROUTINE /* DRIVER HAS STOPPED WORKING
END-IF
```

VII

Part 7. Con-nect SNADS

When Con-nect SNADS is installed at your site, you can define SNADS nodes.

In order to permit a user to use a selectable unit, you must ensure that the Send External Mail function is permitted in the user's profile. See *Cabinet and User Profile*.

This part describes the configuration and maintenance of Con-nect SNADS. It is subdivided into the following sections:

Functional Overview of Con-nect SNADS
Implementation of Con-nect SNADS
Navigating Through SNADS Administration
Configuring Con-nect SNADS
Maintaining Con-nect SNADS

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The Role of Con-nect in a SNADS Network	

General Information About Con-nect SNADS

SNA Distribution Services (SNADS) is a formally defined, application-level protocol for asynchronous distribution of objects (e.g. memos, documents and status notifications) in a SNA network.

Con-nect SNADS can run in one of the following environments:

- Com-plete and EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)
- batch mode and EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)
- CICS

Con-nect SNADS is a full implementation of the SNADS architecture allowing Con-nect to participate in a SNADS network according to the specifications given in the IBM manuals *Systems Network Architecture Format* and *Protocol Reference Manual: Distribution Services* (SC30-3098) and *Document Interchange Architecture: Transaction Programmer's Guide* (SC23-0763).

Documents and memos can be exchanged between Con-nect and any other system providing a SNADS interface. Typically, these are other office systems (such as DISOSS), which provide SNADS services for their users.

A Con-nect system can originate and receive status notifications that refer to SNADS distribution objects previously received or sent.

A Con-nect system can act as an intermediary between SNADS systems and relay SNADS distribution objects from one SNADS system to another.

The functionality of Con-nect SNADS is available to the end-user through the following Con-nect functions:

- Send
- Inbasket
- Outbasket

The end-user can work in Com-plete or some other TP monitor (e.g. CICS or TSO), provided that there is a Con-nect SNADS system in a one of the environments mentioned above which has access to the same Con-nect system file and spool file as the end user's Con-nect .

An Outline of the SNADS Concepts

Con-nect SNADS follows the IBM terminology. The following are the most important IBM abbreviations:

Nodes

DSU

Distribution Service Unit - a node within a SNADS network.

DSUN

Distribution Service Unit Name - the node name, which must be unique within the network. It identifies a specific location within the network. A DSUN consists of two parts: RGN and REN.

RGN

Routing Group Name - the first part of the DSUN (optional).

REN

Routing Element Name - the second part of the DSUN (mandatory).



Note: SNADS allows a node in the network to assume the role of more than one DSU; i.e. each node can have more than one DSUN.

Senders, Addressees and Messages

DIU

Distribution Interchange Unit - an interchange unit used to convey objects between DSUs when the distribution function is performed. Distribution objects are messages and documents which are enveloped by control information to make up DIUs.

DU

Distribution User - the originator and recipient of the DIUs. Each DU is located at a specific node (DSU) within the SNADS network. Individuals, departments and applications are possible DUs.

DUN

Distribution User Name - each DU has a two-part name that is unique within the network. The DUN consists of a DGN and a DEN.

DGN

Distribution Group Name - the first part of the DUN (mandatory).

DEN

Distribution Element Name - the second part of the DUN (mandatory).

Note: A SNADS address consists of a DSUN and a DUN.

Distribution of Interchange Units

SNADS employs a "store-and-forward" technique for the distribution of DIUs. DIUs are distributed using LU6.2 sessions over an underlying SNA network.

- SNADS does not require each node within the network to be adjacent to every other node. (Adjacent means that a direct communication link is established between two nodes of a network in order to convey a DIU.)
- A DIU that is to be communicated from a SNADS node to a non-adjacent node can travel via a number of intermediate nodes (relay nodes) to the recipient's node.
- Upon receipt, each relay node stores the DIU in a local data repository and then determines to which SNADS node the DIU is to be passed. Each SNADS node only needs to determine to which of its neighbors a specific DIU should be forwarded to bring it closer to its destination.

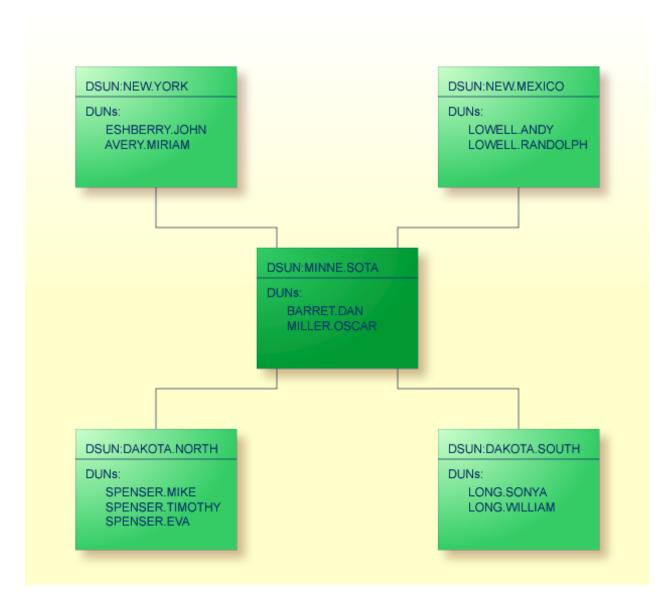
Multi-Destination Distributions

SNADS allows for multi-destination distributions. Each DIU can be sent to more than one recipient.

Since the SNADS distribution mechanism does not use a global directory, a recipient's DUN alone does not provide enough information to pass a distribution to the proper destination; hence both the recipient's DUN and his location's DSUN must be available to the basic SNADS procedures. Con-nect SNADS does this via the general Con-nect functions for defining external mail nodes and via routing table entries, which must be defined by the administrator.

A Sample SNADS Network

To help clarify the above mentioned terms and abbreviations, consider the following description of a sample SNADS network, consisting of five nodes.



NEW.YORK is the DSUN (Distribution Service Unit Name) of the SNADS node in the upper left corner of the diagram. It consists of two parts: the RGN (Routing Group Name) NEW and the REN (Routing Element Name) YORK.

ESHBERRY.JOHN is the DUN (Distribution User Name) of one of the DUs (Distribution Users) who are located at this node. The DUN consists of two parts: the DGN (Distribution Group Name) ESHBERRY and the DEN (Distribution Element Name) JOHN.

The SNADS address for this user consists of the DSUN and DUN.

The Role of Con-nect in a SNADS Network

A Con-nect user can act as a SNADS DU. A DUN can be assigned to him either explicitly (requiring a specific DUN assignment for that user) or implicitly (by use of a default assumption without requiring a specific DUN assignment).

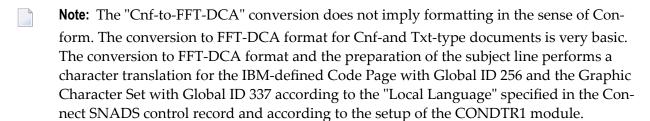
A Con-nect system can act as a SNADS node (with one or more DSUNs assigned to it). A Connect node is identified by a spool file and one or more Con-nect system files. One Con-nect spool file can service several Con-nect system files. Each DSUN that is assigned to a Con-nect system is linked to only one Con-nect system file. A Con-nect system file can, however, have more than one DSUN linked to it.

Sending Memos and Documents

If you send a Con-form document, the text is formatted in the Txt format when sent. However, if you suppress this feature (either by pressing the PF-key which is assigned to the FORMAT command or by changing the send defaults with the DEFAULT command), the document is sent in its original Cnf format.

The Con-nect SNADS Send feature handles documents of the following formats:

- Txt (will be converted to FFT-DCA)
- Cnf (will be converted to FFT-DCA)
- FFT
- RFT
- Bin (will be marked as "PC Data File")



Receiving Memos and Documents

When a message or document, which is intended for a local Con-nect user, is received from a SNADS distribution, Con-nect SNADS passes the object on to the recipient's Inbasket. The documents received must be in one of the following formats:

- FFT-DCA (will be converted to Txt or Cnf)
- RFT-DCA (received unchanged as RFT)
- PC Data File (will be marked as Bin)
- **Note:** The remark concerning the conversion feature of the Con-nect SNADS Send function is also valid for the Receive function.

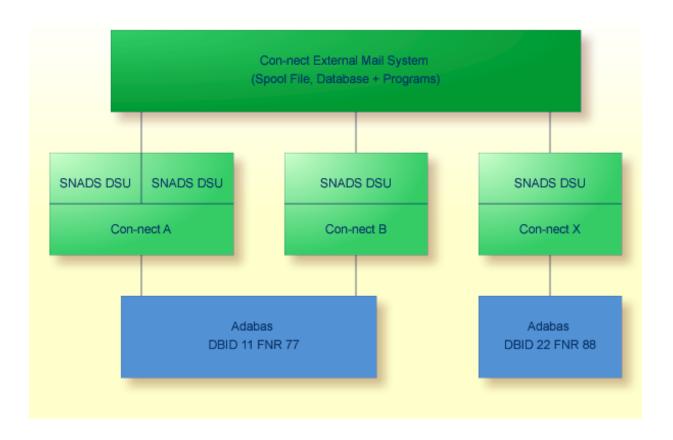
31 Implementation of Con-nect SNADS

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Con-nect SNADS consists of data structures in the Con-nect spool file as well as programs which implement SNADS functions and provide the interface between SNADS and the Con-nect Send function. This chapter provides an overview of the implementation of Con-nect SNADS.

Con-nect as a SNADS Node

Con-nect SNADS is one, of possibly several, external mail types which share a Con-nect spool file. A single spool file or Con-nect external mail system can serve multiple Con-nect systems. Each Con-nect system can function as multiple SNADS DSUs. The following diagram is shows a possible configuration to illustrate these relationships.



Con-nect SNADS Queues

Con-nect SNADS maintains three types of queues in which SNADS DIUs are stored between the various stages of processing.

Dummy Queue

This queue is created when Con-nect SNADS is initialized with systems using Software AG's EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API). There is only one dummy queue. It is used to control the demon process. The demon process is used to continuously listen for conversation requests from remote SNADS partner nodes and to execute the DS_RECEIVE program when a request is caught.

Inbound Queue

This queue is created when Con-nect SNADS is initialized. There is only one inbound queue. SNADS DIUs received from other nodes and SNADS DIUs sent by Con-nect users are immediately placed in this queue, where they remain until they are processed by the inbound queue server, DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR, which either directs the distributions to local Con-nect users, or routes them to the appropriate outbound queue.

Outbound Queues

You create these queues when configuring Con-nect SNADS. The number of outbound queues depends on the configuration of your particular SNADS network. One or more of these queues must be created for each adjacent node in the SNADS network with which, or via which, Con-nect SNADS will communicate.

SNADS DIUs which are sent from or routed through Con-nect SNADS are placed in these queues and remain there until they are forwarded on to the next node by the outbound queue server process DS_SEND.

Con-nect SNADS Server Processes

SNADS DIUs are processed through the queues described in the previous section. The DIUs are processed by queue servers and other server processes.

The Con-nect SNADS queue servers are DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR and DS_SEND.

DS_RECEIVE is another server process, however, it does not take the DIUs which are to be processed from a queue. Instead, it takes the DIUs from the DS_SEND process of an adjacent SNADS node - in the context of an APPC conversation which is based on the SNA LU6.2 protocol.

These server processes function differently within the three possible SNADS environments. Therefore, a separate description of how the server processes function with Com-plete and EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API), in batch mode and EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API), and with CICS is given below.

Com-plete and EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)

DS_RECEIVE (Inbound queue: non-scheduled)

The DS_RECEIVE program processes DIUs which are received from an adjacent node and inserts them into the inbound queue of the current node. A Con-nect SNADS "demon" process continuously listens for conversation requests from remote SNADS partner nodes. When a request is caught, the demon process executes the DS_RECEIVE program as an inline subroutine.

The demon process itself runs as an attached task in the Com-plete environment and uses a dedicated Con-nect SNADS queue called the dummy queue for task control purposes.

The Con-nect SNADS supplied startup routine, CPSEND, leads the flow of control into the appropriate Natural environment.

DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR (Inbound queue: scheduled)

If the recipients of the DIUs are elements (addressees) of a remote SNADS node, the "router" component of the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program processes the DIUs from the inbound queue into one or several of the local system's outbound queues.

Whereas, if the recipients of the DIUs are elements (addressees) of the local Con-nect system, the "director" component of the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program processes the DIUs from the inbound queue into the appropriate multi-node routine. This routine delivers the DIUs into the recipients' Inbasket.

DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR is invoked by Con-nect SNADS with the Com-plete ATTACH function. The Con-nect SNADS supplied startup routine, CPSEND, leads the flow of control into the appropriate Natural environment.

DS_SEND (Outbound queues: scheduled)

The DS_SEND program processes DIUs from an outbound queue of the current node into the DS_RECEIVE program of an adjacent node.

Con-nect SNADS invokes the DS_SEND process with the Com-plete ATTACH function. The Con-nect SNADS supplied startup routine, CPSEND, leads the flow of control into the appropriate Natural environment.

Batch Mode and EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)

DS_RECEIVE

The DS_RECEIVE program processes DIUs which are received from an adjacent node and inserts them into the inbound queue of the current node. A Con-nect SNADS "demon" process continuously listens for conversation requests from remote SNADS partner nodes. When a request is caught, the demon process executes the DS_RECEIVE program as an inline subroutine.

The demon process itself runs in batch mode where it exclusively occupies a continuously executing Natural task called the "input handler" and uses a dedicated Con-nect SNADS queue called the dummy queue for task control purposes.

DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR

If the recipients of the DIUs are elements (addressees) of a remote SNADS node, the "router" component of the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program processes the DIUs from the inbound queue into one or several of the local system's outbound queues.

Whereas, if the recipients of the DIUs are elements (addressees) of the local Con-nect system, the "director" component of the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program processes the DIUs from the inbound queue into the appropriate multi-node routine. This routine delivers the DIUs into the recipients' Inbasket.

DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR is executed by Con-nect SNADS with a continuously running Natural task called the "queue server". The DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR can share this batch task with the DS_SEND program of one or multiple outbound queues but not with the demon process.

DS_SEND

The DS SEND program processes DIUs from an outbound queue of the current node into the DS_RECEIVE program an adjacent node.

Con-nect SNADS executes the DS_SEND process in a continuously running Natural task called the "queue server". The DS_SEND can share this batch task with the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program of one or multiple outbound queues but not with the demon process.

CICS

DS_RECEIVE (Inbound queue: non-scheduled)

The DS RECEIVE program processes DIUs which are received from an adjacent node and inserts them into the inbound queue of the current node. DS_RECEIVE is invoked by CICS whenever an incoming conversation request is received from a remote partner. The Con-nect SNADS supplied startup routine, CSRECV, leads the flow of control into the appropriate Natural environment.

DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR (Inbound queue: scheduled)

If the recipients of the DIUs are elements (addressees) of a remote SNADS node, the "router" component of the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program processes the DIUs from the inbound queue into one or several of the local system's outbound queues.

Whereas, if the recipients of the DIUs are elements (addressees) of the local Con-nect system, the "director" component of the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program processes the DIUs from the inbound queue into the appropriate multi-node routine. This routine delivers the DIUs into the recipients' Inbasket.

Con-nect SNADS invokes the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR program by means of the CICS interval control START command. The Con-nect SNADS supplied startup routine, CSSEND, leads the flow of control into the appropriate Natural environment.

DS_SEND (Outbound queues: scheduled)

The DS_SEND program processes DIUs from an outbound queue of the current node into the DS_RECEIVE program of an adjacent node.

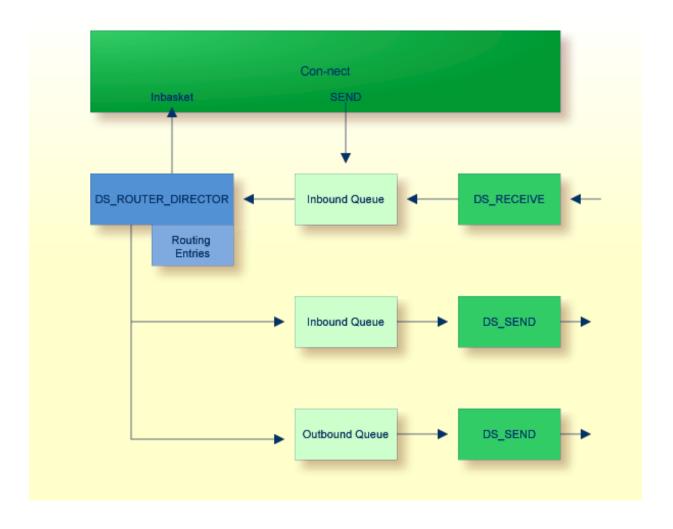
Con-nect SNADS invokes the DS_SEND process by means of the CICS interval control START command. The Con-nect SNADS supplied startup routine, CSSEND, leads the flow of control into the appropriate Natural environment.

Con-nect SNADS Routing Table

Certain information concerning the SNADS network must be available to Con-nect in the form of a routing table. The routing table specifications reside in the Con-nect spool file.

The routing table contains routing entries which enable the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR to determine the adjacent SNADS node to which the DIU should be transmitted (i.e. to which of the Con-nect SNADS queues the DIU should be appended). If an appropriate node does not exist, the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR can create another SNADS DIU which is to notify the originator of the DIU of the routing error. This depends on the feedback options specified in the DIU.

The following diagram shows the relationship of queues, routing entries and server programs:



Scheduling the Con-nect SNADS Queue Servers

Con-nect SNADS provides the following modes of scheduling for the queue servers:

Event Driven Scheduling

the server is activated whenever an item arrives in the queue.

Timer Driven Scheduling

the server is activated at time intervals specified by the administrator.

These scheduling modes are used in connection with the following queue statuses: hold, inactive, event driven, and timer driven. You must ensure that the appropriate mechanisms for scheduling the Con-nect SNADS queue server programs have been established and activated. The kind of mechanism to be applied depends upon the output status (or reset status) of the respective queue.

Status	Description	
Hold	The server process is not scheduled nor activated until this status is changed.	
Inactive	The server process is only executed when explicitly activated by an administrator.	
Event Driven	The server process is activated each time an entry is added to that queue.	
	The server process re-schedules itself each time it is about to terminate its execution. The initial execution must have been activated by some other mechanism (e.g. activated by an administrator).	



Note: Task scheduling cannot be used in an EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) batch mode configuration.

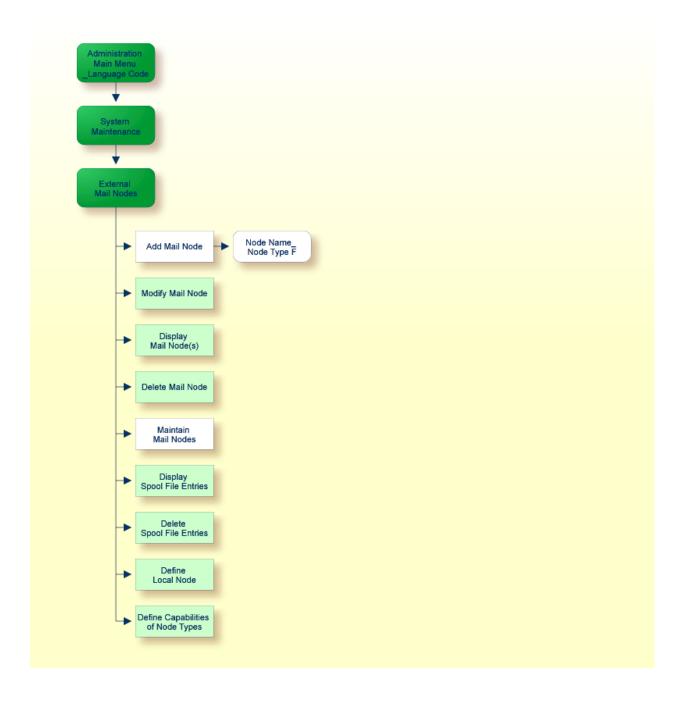
As the Con-nect SNADS administrator, you should occasionally check the queue statuses, the number of entries stored in each of those queues and their time stamps to monitor the state of the system.

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Invoking the SNADS Administration Menu

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke the "SNADS Administration Menu". It also shows the path you must take to initialize multi-node Con-nect and/or add a SNADS mail node. The items which consist of functions applicable to *all* node types are shown in the light green boxes. For further information, see *External Mail Nodes*.



The SNADS Administration Menu

All Con-nect SNADS functions are started from the "SNADS Administration Menu".



Note: Con-nect SNADS administration consists of two main functions: configuration (see *Configuring Con-nect SNADS*) and maintenance (see *Maintaining Con-nect SNADS*).

To invoke the "SNADS Administration Menu":

- mark the "Maintain Mail Nodes" field with any character and press ENTER;
- in the resulting "Maintain Mail Node" window, mark the "F SNADS" field with any character and press ENTER.

```
11:37 AM
                     * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                     14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                         SNADS Administration Menu
                                                                        Friday
          Please mark:
                          _ Queue Maintenance
                          _ Control Maintenance
                          _ Routing Entry Maintenance
                          _ Local User Maintenance
                          _ Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery
                          _ Log Information Maintenance
                          _ Initialization
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit Queue Contr Route Users Await Logs Init
Mark item(s) from the list above or press a PF-key
```

You can select a function by marking it with any character and pressing ENTER or by pressing the PF-key assigned to the function.

Commands and PF-Key Assignments

Each Con-nect SNADS screen contains a PF-key line. If you press PF2, you are always returned to the "SNADS Administration Menu" (if you press PF2 in the "SNADS Administration Menu", you are returned to the "Administration - Main Menu"). If you press PF3, you are always returned to the previous screen.

Some of the screens include a Cmd-column - the commands which apply to the items listed in that screen are displayed at the bottom of the screen.

The following are the most frequently used commands which can be issued in a Con-nect SNADS screen (either enter the letters assigned to this command in the cmd-column adjacent to an item and press ENTER or press the PF-key assigned to the command):

Command	Description
Add	Either an "Add" screen appears or a new highlighted line is added to your current screen and you can enter the new information. Once you have entered the information, press PF5 to confirm the addition.
Erase	This command erases the marked item. Either the marked itesm are erased immediately or a window appears where you are asked to confirm deletion.
Erall	This command erases, for example, all items of a queue or all messages awaiting confirmation of delivery. In a window you are asked either to confirm the deletion or to enter criteria to select the items to be deleted (e.g. a date and time limit).
Modify	The highlighted fields can be modified. Once you have completed entering the information, press PF5 to confirm the modification.

The following PF-keys are assigned to the commands:

PF-key	Commands
PF4	ADD
PF5	CONFIRM
PF6	MODIFY
PF7	ERASE or ERALL

33 Configuring Con-nect SNADS

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Con-nect SNADS must be configured to function in the SNADS network in which it will participate. This chapter describes the necessary steps to configure Con-nect SNADS as part of a SNADS network. For details concerning the functions used here, see *Maintaining Con-nect SNADS*.

Overview of Required Steps

Configuring Con-nect SNADS requires some understanding of SNADS addressing and routing, and knowledge of the SNADS network in which your Con-nect SNADS will participate. This task should, if possible, be performed with assistance from someone in your organization who is responsible for networking and communications planning (in the following sections, this function is referred to as the "network administrator".)

In order to configure Con-nect SNADS to function in the SNADS network in which it will participate, you must complete the following steps:

- 1. Initialize multi-node Con-nect.
- 2. Initialize the Con-nect SNADS control information.
- 3. Create at least one outbound queue for each adjacent node in the SNADS network.
- 4. Define routing entries for each SNADS node in your network with which you want to communicate.
- 5. Optional define additional SNADS DUNs and associate these with Con-nect user IDs.
- 6. Define the nodes in your SNADS network with which you want to communicate.
- 7. Optional add external addressees (nicknames) for SNADS users at the specified nodes.

These steps are explained in detail on the following pages.

Initialization of the Con-nect Spool File

Con-nect SNADS uses the spool file method routines to transfer information from the Con-nect system file to the Con-nect spool file and vice versa.

So that Con-nect SNADS can operate in your environment, you must define your local node for the Con-nect spool file method. For further information, see *Define Local Node*.

Control Information - Local SNADS Node (DSU)

The first step in configuring Con-nect SNADS is the initialization of the Con-nect SNADS control information. Invoke the Initialization function from the "SNADS Administration Menu" to display the following screen:

```
9:40 AM
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                       14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                            Control Maintenance
                                                                          Friday
       Hop Count: 16
                                                             3
       Hop Count: 16 Max Retries:
Status Save: 99 Days Retry Delay:
Log Level: 0 NPR Node:
                                         Max Retries:
                                                             2
       Local Language: ENGLISH_
MRU Orig Seq No: 175
                                      Com-plete Receive:
                                        Com-plete Send:
                                                    FNR Status (A: Active
    Local Node Name
                      CON-NECT System DB-ID
                                                    ---- N: Not Acces-
                                                                      sible
                                                                   U: Unknown )
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
            Menu Quit Add Modif Erase
Press a PF-key
```

Specify the following information on the "Control Maintenance" screen:

Hop Count

The hop count limits the number of connections in which a DIU can travel along the path. The default value is 16. The administrator should verify that this value is correct.

Status Save

The number of days Con-nect SNADS will wait for status DIUs to be returned in reply to messages sent from Con-nect SNADS. After this period, the relevant messages awaiting confirmation should be deleted by the administrator (see *Recipients of a Message Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery*). Any status DIUs that are returned after the messages have been deleted are ignored.

Log Level

The amount of log information to be recorded.

Local Language

The local language identifier is used to perform a character conversion of text data. The identifier refers to the specifications made in the translation table (CONDTR1) used for the Conform-to-DCA conversion facility.

MRU Orig Seq No

Most recently used origin sequence number. This value is generated automatically. It is part of an identifier for distributions sent by Con-nect SNADS.

Max Retries, Retry Delay

The maximum number of attempts that will be made to establish a connection to an adjacent SNADS node before that connection will be internally marked as out of service, and the interval (in minutes) between attempts. The DIUs that have been queued for transmission across that connection will be held until explicit operator intervention restarts efforts to establish that connection. Timer-driven queues will use the defined interval value.

NPR Node

The Natural PROCESS ID with which the desired EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) nucleus address can be identified.

Com-plete Receive

Currently not evaluated.

Com-plete Send

Only for EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) environments with Com-plete. The name which is assigned to the Com-plete application program CPSEND (used to invoke Con-nect SNADS).

Local Node Name

The SNADS DSUN by which Con-nect is identified in the SNADS network. Consult your network administrator to ensure that the name satisfies the naming conventions of your SNADS network.

Con-nect System

This is an identifier for the Con-nect system, previously defined with the Define Local Node function on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" menu (see *Define Local Node*).

At least one DSUN must be defined for each Con-nect system that uses Con-nect SNADS (you can specify up to 10 SNADS DSUNs). This allows a single Con-nect system to function as multiple DSUNs in a SNADS network, and allows a single Con-nect SNADS to serve more than one Connect system.

Specify all necessary information to adapt the control information to your environment and press PF5 to confirm your entries.

Outbound Queues

For each adjacent node in the SNADS network, at least one outbound queue must be defined. If your environment uses EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) with Com-plete or in batch mode, you must also define a dummy queue. You can define as many queues as are required for the current environment.

To define an outbound or dummy queue, choose the Queue Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The "SNADS - Queue Maintenance" screen is displayed. Press PF4 to add a queue. As a result the following screen appears:

```
10:35
                * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                   8.Mar.04
Cabinet IS
                 SNADS - Add/Modify Queue
                                                  X-FM0-03
  Connection ID: _____ Description: _____
  Time Last Active:
  Time Last Deactivated:
  Time Last Scheduled:
  Reset Status (I, T, E, H): _ Time Interval: ____ Min
  Input Status (A, D):
  Output Status:
  Mark: __ Start __ Stop __ Reset Queue Server
  Queue Status:
  Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
       Menu Quit Conf
Add queue and press PF5 to confirm
```

Specify the following information on the "SNADS - Add/Modify Queue" screen:

Queue ID

If you are adding a dummy queue, the queue ID must be "***DMY**". Otherwise, this can be any name you want.

Connection ID

This and the "Mode Name" field, identifies the SNA LU6.2 link used to send SNADS distributions from the queue.

If your system uses Software AG's EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API), you must enter the fully qualified LU name which was used to define the adjacent node to the SNA network.

For systems running CICS, this field must match the name this connection used in CICS (TCT entry). You can obtain this information from your network administrator or system programmer.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Mode Name

This and the "Connection ID" field, identifies the SNA LU6.2 link used to send SNADS distributions from the queue.

If your system uses EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API), you must enter the VTAM log mode name which can be used for the APPC connection with the appropriate adjacent node. You can obtain this information from your VTAM system programmer.

For systems running CICS, you must enter the VTAM log mode name which can be used for an APPC connection with the appropriate adjacent node and which was entered in the CICS TCT for the appropriate connection. In the case of a dummy queue, you must enter the name of an appropriate VTAM log mode which the adjacent SNADS nodes must use to create the connection with the local system. You can obtain this information from your network administrator or system programmer.

Start/Stop/Reset Queue Server

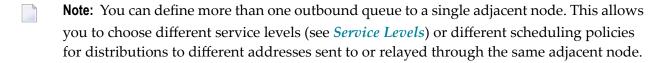
Mark the corresponding field to start, stop or reset the queue server.

Queue Status

The status flags are used to control the scheduling of the queue server (see *Scheduling the Connect SNADS Queue Servers*), i.e. the program in Con-nect SNADS which sends items from this queue to the adjacent node via SNADS.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the queue.

See SNADS - Display Queue for additional field information.



Routing Entries

For each SNADS node in your network with which you want to communicate, you must define a routing entry which determines how the SNADS DIUs are to be routed to that node. You must know the SNADS nodes within your network with which you want to communicate and their SNADS DSUNs. You can obtain this information from your network administrator.

Select the Routing Entry Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The "Routing Entry Maintenance" screen is displayed. Press PF4 to add a routing entry. As a result, the following screen appears containing default values for priority, protection, capacity and status:

```
3:16 PM
                      * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                     14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                              Routing Entry
                                                                        Friday
     Recipient Node:
     Priority:
                        DATA-8_
                                         (FAST, STATUS, DATA-16 .. DATA-1)
                        YES
     Protection:
                                          (YES, NO)
                        INDF
                                          (OK, 4K, INDF: indefinite)
    Capacity:
    Status:
                                          (A: active, I: inactive)
     Next Queue:
     Description:
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
                           Conf
Add routing entry
```

Specify the following information on the "Routing Entry" screen:

Recipient Node

The DSUN of the SNADS node for which routing is to be defined. The DSUN entered here can be generic, i.e. either the REN or both RGN and REN can be specified as an asterisk (*). This allows indirect routing.

You can, for example, choose to route all DIUs via a particular outbound queue to an adjacent SNADS node, perhaps centrally located in your network, and allow all further routing decisions to be handled there.

Or you can route all DIUs for a single Routing Group (RGN) via a single adjacent node, again deferring further routing decisions to administrators at that node.

Decisions such as these are related to network planning and should be made in cooperation with your network administrator.

See *Service Levels* for an explanation of the values you can enter in the next three fields. Default values for priority, protection and capacity are displayed in the above screen.

Status

The options are: A (active) and I (inactive). An inactive status allows the SNADS administrator to disable a route temporarily without having to add the routing entry again when it is re-enabled.

Next Queue

This is an outbound queue which was added in the previous section. It identifies which outbound queue will be used to deliver the SNADS DIUs to the DSU. The destination node for the queue should be the SNADS node which is the next step in the path through the network to the DSU.

There can be more than one path to this DSU, but SNADS DIUs will be sent along the path indicated here.

The queue that should be used depends upon the configuration of the SNADS network; your network administrator should assist you with this decision.

Description

Optional - a description of the routing entry.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the routing entry.

Service Levels

SNADS uses three service level parameters: priority, protection and capacity. These parameters are set for each SNADS DIU and are used to ensure that the DIUs are routed through DSUs providing the requested service. These parameters are displayed on the "Routing Entry" and "DATA Distribution Interchange Unit" screens.

The values of the DIUs sent by Con-nect users are set automatically by Con-nect SNADS.

The values used for routing must be set by the Con-nect SNADS administrator when creating routing table entries.

The parameters are essentially requests for minimum levels of service with no guarantee that they will be fully honored by all SNADS nodes along the distribution path. A SNADS implementation can, for example, handle DIUs with priority values DATA-16 through DATA-1 equally.

Values other than those recommended should only be used when the Con-nect SNADS administrator is aware of the significance of these parameters for SNADS and their possible effects (including their impact on the rest of the SNADS network).

Priority

This is the transmission priority. Generally, DIUs with higher priority are serviced and delivered before those with lower priority.

- Values: FAST (high), STATUS, DATA-16, ... DATA-1 (low)
- Values generated for DIUs sent by Con-nect SNADS: DATA-8 or STATUS

Protection

This is used to request that DIUs be stored on non-volatile storage, i.e. on disk and not in main memory, at relay or destination SNADS nodes. Con-nect SNADS provides protection for all DIUs.

- Values: YES, NO
- Value generated for DIUs sent by Con-nect SNADS: YES

Capacity

This requests a maximum size for distribution objects (e.g. messages or documents) sent via SNADS. Con-nect SNADS accommodates distribution objects of virtually unlimited size.

Values:

0K for DIUs without distribution objects.

4K for DIUs with small distribution objects (< 4096 bytes).

INDF for DIUs with large distribution objects (> 4096 bytes).

Values generated for DIUs sent by Con-nect SNADS:

INDF for data DIUs, and

0K for status DIUs.

Local SNADS Addresses (DUNs)

All Con-nect users automatically have a SNADS DUN consisting of a DGN (Con-nect system ID) and a DEN (Con-nect user ID). Hence no definitions are necessary for Con-nect users to send and receive items via Con-nect SNADS.

However, you can choose to define additional SNADS DUNs and associate these with Con-nect user IDs. To do this, choose the Local User Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu" to display the "Local User Maintenance" screen and press PF4 to add a local user (see *Adding a Local User Entry*).

External SNADS Nodes (DSUNs)

You must define the nodes in your SNADS network with which you want to communicate as external mail nodes. See *Add a SNADS Mail Node*.

External SNADS Addresses (DUNs)

When external mail nodes have been defined for the external SNADS nodes, you can add external addresses for SNADS users at these nodes. You make them publicly available for all Con-nect users by adding them in the Con-nect cabinet SYSCNT with the "ADD Address" command.

A Con-nect user can also add external addresses in his own cabinet with the "ADD Address" command.

The external address is defined as a nickname for one of the external mail node IDs previously created for the SNADS node, and contains a SNADS DUN for a user at that node. Thus, a complete SNADS address (DSUN and DUN) is available to the Con-nect user when sending mail from Connect .

SNADS nodes and external addresses (defined as nicknames for these nodes and specifying SNADS DUNs for users at these nodes) are available to Con-nect users as addressees with the Con-nect Send function. When a partially defined SNADS external address (e.g. an external mail node specifying only a SNADS DSUN, or an external address with an unspecified DEN) is used as an addressee when sending mail from Con-nect, the user is prompted to enter the missing information.

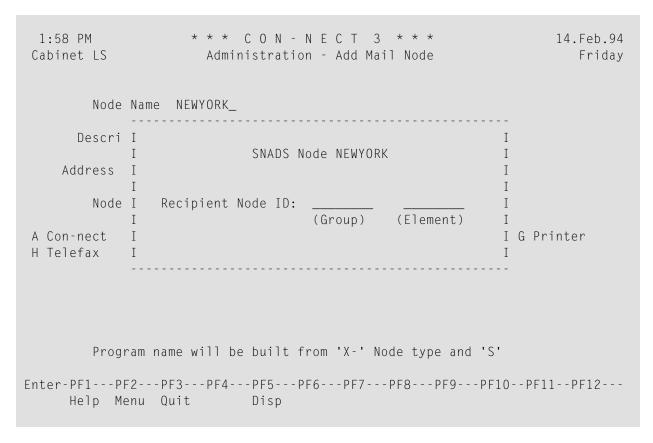
Add a SNADS Mail Node

The nodes in your SNADS network with which you want to communicate must be defined as external mail nodes. To add a SNADS mail node, display the "Administration - Add Mail Node" screen:

- enter the name of the new node in the "Mail Node/Type" field at the bottom of the "Administration External Mail Node" screen,
- mark the "Add Mail Node" field and press enter.

The name that you specified for the external node is the name by which the node will be known to Con-nect.

Enter the necessary information on the "Administration - Add Mail Node" screen. See *Add a Mail Node*. Once you have specified the address level and node type (*F* - SNADS), press ENTER to display the following window:



Enter the SNADS DSUN for the external node. You can obtain this from your network administrator:

Recipient Node ID (Group)

Optional - RGN (Routing Group Name).

Recipient Node ID (Element)

Mandatory - REN (Routing Element Name).

The DSUN can be specified in a fully or partially qualified form.

To specify the DSUN in a partially qualified form, you must enter an asterisk (*) in the appropriate field. When a user specifies this node (either while sending mail to this node or while creating a nickname for the node), the user must supply either the REN or both the RGN and REN.

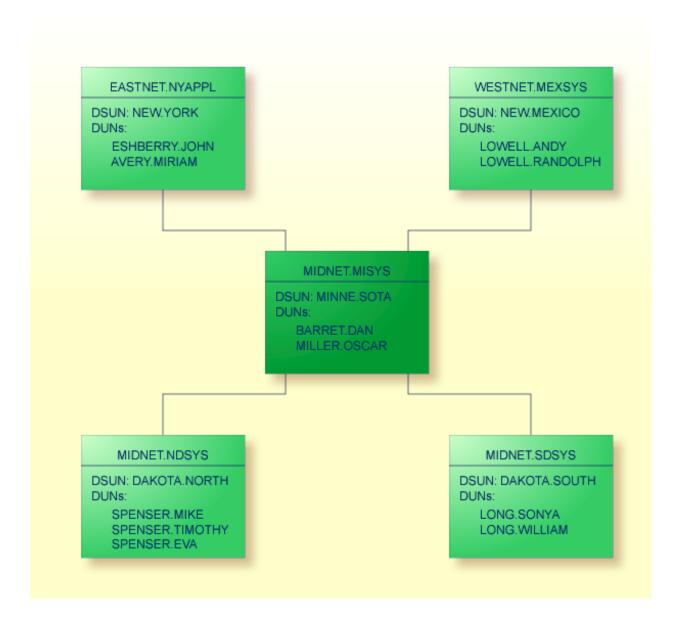
To specify a DSUN which only contains the REN component, you must enter only the REN (element) and leave the RGN field (group) blank. Since the RGN field has been left blank, the user cannot enter any information in this field.

After you have completed your specifications, press ENTER to add the mail node.

For details on how to modify, display and delete mail nodes, see *External Mail Nodes*.

A Sample SNADS Network

This section describes a sample SNADS network and provides three examples of SNADS nodes to clarify SNADS addressing and routing. The configurations for the outbound queue and routing entries are given for each node as they would appear in Con-nect SNADS for that node. If other systems interface with SNADS (e.g. DISOSS), similar addressing and routing information must be defined, in a different form.



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Notes:

- 1. The names in parentheses are the CICS TCT names which identify the SNA/LU6.2 connection used by SNADS as they are assumed to be specified in the CICS tables of the system where the DSU MINNE.SOTA is located. Different TCT names can be used in the other systems (which in general do not even have to run under the control of CICS).
- 2. The name that appears above the DSUN is that node's LU connection.

At DSU NEW.YORK

A generic entry (DAKOTA.*) is used to route all DIUs which originate from users at NEW.YORK for recipients in routing group DAKOTA through the intermediate node MINNE.SOTA. Further routing to DAKOTA.NORTH or DAKOTA.SOUTH is handled by the routing entries at MINNE.SOTA.

The following routing entries are defined at NEW.YORK:

Destination Node	Queue
MINNE.SOTA	MINNE-Q
NEW.MEXICO	MINNE-Q
DAKOTA.*	MINNE-Q

In this sample network, a Con-nect administrator at NEW.YORK might create an external node NDAKOTA, as type F for SNADS and defined as (DSUN):

- Recipient Node ID (Group): DAKOTA (RGN)
- Recipient Node ID (Element): NORTH (REN)

A Con-nect user can then create an external addressee SPENSER as a nickname for this node. The node is now defined as (DUN):

- Recipient User ID (Group): SPENSER (DGN)
- Recipient User ID (Element): (unspecified DEN)

The unspecified DEN of the SNADS address is provided by the Con-nect user, such as EVA when using this address in the Send function.

Alternatively, an external address, EVA, can be created as a nickname for NDAKOTA, with the SNADS DUN fully specified as SPENSER.EVA.

Detection of Routing Errors at NEW.YORK

Two destination nodes are fully defined (MINNE.SOTA and NEW.MEXICO). A generic entry (DAKOTA.*) is used for all DIUs to either DAKOTA.NORTH or DAKOTA.SOUTH.

Most of the routing errors can be detected in NEW.YORK. However, if a DIU is addressed to the non-existing node DAKOTA.MIDDLE, the routing error is not detected until the next node in this network (MINNE.SOTA).

At DSU MINNE.SOTA

This is another example that uses external addressees in Con-nect to communicate with users in a SNADS network.

The following queues are defined at MINNE.SOTA:

Queue ID	CICS TCT Name	LU Name
YORK-Q	NYRK	EASTNET.NYAPPL
MEXICO-Q	NMEX	WESTNET.MEXSYS
DAKOTA-N	NDAK	MIDNET.NDSYS
DAKOTA-S	SDAK	MIDNET.SDSYS

The following routing entries are defined at MINNE.SOTA:

Destination Node	Queue
NEW.YORK	YORK-Q
NEW.MEXICO	MEXICO-Q
DAKOTA.NORTH	DAKOTA-N
DAKOTA.SOUTH	DAKOTA-S

When NEW.YORK, DAKOTA.NORTH and DAKOTA.SOUTH are defined at MINNE.SOTA as external nodes, user MILLER.OSCAR at MINNE.SOTA can define the following external addressees as nicknames for these external nodes:

Nickname	External Node	External Addressee
John	NEW.YORK	ESHBERRY.JOHN
Miriam	NEW.YORK	AVERY.MIRIAM
Eva	DAKOTA.NORTH	SPENSER.EVA
Sonya	DAKOTA.SOUTH	LONG.SONYA

At DSU DAKOTA.NORTH

At DAKOTA.NORTH, generic routing is used to route all DIUs via MINNE.SOTA.

For example, a DIU sent from DAKOTA.NORTH to ESHBERRY.JOHN (DUN) at NEW.YORK (DSUN) can be routed via the generic routing entry *.* to MINNE.SOTA, where its routing table contains an entry which routes the DIU to its destination at NEW.YORK.

Thus, DAKOTA.NORTH can offload the task of maintaining extensive routing entries for other nodes in the network to MINNE.SOTA, thus minimizing the network management at that node.

In this configuration MINNE.SOTA functions as a "gateway node", via which the nodes in routing group DAKOTA connect with the nodes in the rest of the network.

Destination Node	Queue
* *	MINNE-Q

Detection of Routing Errors at DAKOTA.NORTH

All DIUs at DAKOTA.NORTH are sent via the generic routing entry *.* to MINNE.SOTA. Therefore, routing errors (i.e. DSUNs which are not known within the network) *cannot* be detected at DAKOTA.NORTH.

34 Maintaining Con-nect SNADS

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This chapter explains the functions and screens which can be invoked from the "SNADS Administration Menu" in the order of their appearance in the menu. For a description of how to invoke this menu and the most frequently used commands, see *Navigating Through SNADS Administration*.

Queue Maintenance

Select the Queue Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The "Queue Maintenance" screen is displayed. All queue maintenance activities begin from this screen.

```
* * * Con-nect 3 * * *
 8:49 AM
                                                                        19.Sep.2005
Cabinet LS
                         SNADS - Queue Maintenance
                                                                          X-FMQ-03
Cmd Queue ID Items Last Active
                                             I O R Time Description
    ***INB** 0 5.0ct.2004 4:54 PM A E E

***DMY** 0 31.Dec.2003 5:35 AM A E E

CNT312C0 0 12.Feb.2004 4:15 PM A E E
                                                      0
                                                       0
                                                        0
                                           Position to Queue: _
Cmd:
DI Display Items DQ Display Queue MO Modify Queue EI Erase Items
EQ Erase Queue
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
            Menu Quit Add
Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key
```

The following information is shown on the "Queue Maintenance" screen:

Queue ID

The name of the queue. "***INB**" is reserved as the identifier for the inbound queue; while "***DMY**" is reserved as the identifier for the dummy queue. All other queues are outbound queues.

Items

The number of DIUs in a queue.

If the queue contains more than 9999 items, "!>9999" is shown in this column. It is recommended that you do not keep so many items in a queue and that you delete items in time.

Time Last Active

The date and time of the queue's last activity. Con-nect SNADS records the last date and time that a Con-nect SNADS queue server program was scheduled, activated or deactivated.

Ι

Input status. Possible queue statuses are: A (active) and D (queue being drained).

When a queue drains, all items currently in the queue can be processed but new items cannot be received.

O

Output status. The output status for timer-driven queues can have the following values: reset, scheduled and active. If the output status is T, the timer is not activated. However, after repeated or serious errors, the output status is Held.

R

Reset status. The reset status is the initial value of the output status and describes the scheduling method which applies to that queue. Possible queue statuses are: I (inactive; only through administrator intervention), T (timer driven scheduling), E (event driven scheduling) and H (queue held).



Notes:

- 1. If your system runs in batch mode, the reset status must be either I (inactive) or H (held). It must not be set to T (timer driven) or E (event driven).
- 2. The scheduling method for the dummy queue is always timer driven with a time interval of one minute regardless whether I (inactive), T (timerdriven) or E (event driven) has been specified.

Time

The timer interval in minutes. If your system runs in batch mode, this field must not be specified.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Position to Queue

If the displayed list is longer than one page, enter the name of the queue which you want to scroll to the top of the display.

The Con-nect SNADS administrator must ensure that the appropriate mechanisms for scheduling the Con-nect SNADS queue server programs have been established and activated.

For further information regarding scheduling, see *Scheduling the Con-nect SNADS Queue Servers*.

SNADS - Display Queue

For each node in the SNADS network that is directly adjacent to the local Con-nect system, an outbound queue must be defined as a temporary repository for the DIUs that are destined for transmission to those nodes. You can define as many queues as are required for the current environment.

If you mark an item with DQ (Display Queue) on the "Queue Maintenance" screen, the "SNADS - Display Queue" screen which displays information concerning a single queue appears:

```
12:28
                         * * * Con-nect 3 * * *
                                                                              8.Mar.04
 Cabinet LS
                          SNADS - Display Queue
                                                                             X-FMQ-03

        Queue ID:
        YORK-Q__
        Description:
        NEW YORK______

        Connection ID:
        NYRK______
        Mode Name:
        MOY______

    Time Last Active: 12.Feb.04 16:15
Time Last Deactivated: 12.Feb.04 16:15
Time Last Scheduled: 12.Feb.04 16:15
    Reset Status (I, T, E, H): T Time Interval: 10___ Min
    Input Status (A, D): A
    Output Status:
      Queue Status:
    A: Queue Active H: Queue Held
D: Queue being Drained T: Timer Wait
I: Queue Inactive E: Event Wait
                                                                   ' ' : Scheduled
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit Modif
 Press a PF-key ↔
```

To add a queue, press PF4 on the "Queue Maintenance" screen. The "SNADS - Add/Modify Queue" screen is displayed and the highlighted fields can be specified. See *Outbound Queues*.

If you want to modify a queue, press PF6 on the "SNADS - Display Queue" screen, the "SNADS - Add/Modify Queue" screen is displayed and the highlighted fields can be modified.

The following information is displayed in the above mentioned screens when you add, modify or display a SNADS queue.

Queue ID

The name of the queue.

Connection ID

This and the "Mode Name" field, identifies the SNA LU6.2 link used to send SNADS distributions from the queue.

If your system uses Software AG's EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API), you must enter the fully qualified LU name which was used to define the adjacent node to the SNA network.

For systems running CICS, this field must match the name this connection used in CICS (TCT entry). You can obtain this information from your network administrator or system programmer.

Description

Optional - a description of the queue.

Mode Name

This and the "Connection ID" field, identifies the SNA LU6.2 link used to send SNADS distributions from the queue.

If your system uses EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API), you must enter the VTAM log mode name which can be used for the APPC definition for the current node. You can obtain this information from your VTAM system programmer.

For systems running CICS, you must enter the VTAM log mode name which can be used for an APPC connection with the appropriate adjacent node and which was entered in the TCT of CICS for the appropriate connection. In the case of a dummy queue, you must enter the name of an appropriate VTAM log mode which the adjacent SNADS nodes must use to create the connection with the local system. You can obtain this information from your network administrator or system programmer.

For each of the queues, the system keeps three time stamp values:

Time Last Active

The time when the queue's server program was last activated.

Time Last Deactivated

The time when the queue's server program was last deactivated.

Time Last Scheduled

The time when the queue was last scheduled.

For each of the queues, the administrator can select one of the following scheduling mechanisms as appropriate:

- I inactive status scheduling only at explicit operator intervention
- T timer driven scheduling (does not apply to systems which run in batch mode)
- E event driven scheduling
- H hold status no scheduling at all (the respective queue will not be serviced)

Reset Status

Possible values for the queue status are: I (inactive), T (timer driven), E (event driven) and H (hold).

Input Status

Possible values for the queue status are: A (active) and D (queue being drained).

Output Status

On the "Modify" as well as on the "Add" screen, you can mark the required action: either Start (activate), Stop (deactivate) or Reset (sets the output status to the value of the Reset Status) the Queue Server (the programs which actually deliver the SNADS DIUs).

Time Interval

Only applicable for timer driven scheduling: the time interval (in minutes) in which the respective Con-nect SNADS server program (for DIU transmission or for routing and directing) is scheduled.

If the event-controlled scheduling is active, the appropriate server program is started each time a DIU is appended to the respective queue.



Note: The scheduling mechanism for the inbound queue can be event-controlled only if all Con-nect end-users invoke Con-nect uniformly in a Com-plete (with EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API)) or CICS environment in which also runs the non-interactive server tasks for Con-nect SNADS. This restriction does not apply to the other queues.

Items in a Queue (DIUs)

If you mark an item with DI for "Display Items" on the "Queue Maintenance" screen, the following screen listing the items in a queue - the SNADS DIUs - appears:

400

```
3:19 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                           Items in Queue: YORK-Q
                                                                       Friday
 Cmd Origin Name
                       Origin Node
                                         Priori
                                                 Origin Date and Time
                                                                        SegNo
    CONNECT1 HSC
                       MINNE
                                SOTA
                                         DATA-8
                                                  14.Feb.94 12:27 PM
                                                                        4
    CONNECT1 HSC
                       MINNE
                                SOTA
                                         DATA-8
                                                  14.Feb.94 12:29 PM
                                                                        6
                                SOTA
                                                  14.Feb.94 12:31 PM
     CONNECT1 HSC
                       MINNE
                                         DATA-8
                                                                        7
Cmds are 2 characters from the list below:
DI Display MO Modify RE Recipients
                                         ER Erase
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key
```

The following information is shown on the "Items in Queue" screen:

Origin Name

The SNADS user (DUN) who sent this DIU.

Origin Node

The SNADS node (DSUN) from which this DIU originated.

Priori

The priority options: FAST (highest), STATUS, DATA-16 to DATA-1 (lowest).

Origin Date and Time

The date and time when the DIU was created.

SeqNo

The sequence number of the DIU.

Distribution Interchange Unit

If you mark an item with DI for Display on the "Items in Queue" screen, the following screen appears:

```
3:21 PM
                  * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                   DATA Distribution Interchange Unit
                                                                   Friday
                           Distribution ID
  Origin Node: MINNE SOTA
                                  Origin Date Time: 1994021412220200
  Origin Name: CONNECT1HSC
                                  Origin Sequence No: 4
  Origin Correlation: ORIGINATED BY CON-NECT
                          Distribution Info
  Priority: DATA-8
                                  Distr Object Count: 1
                                  Feedback: Error Feedback
Hop Count: 16
  Protection:
               YES
  Capacity:
                INDF
        DIA Info
                               Ι
                                      Queue Info
                                Ι
  Reply: COD
Personal: NO
Priority: NO
                                Ι
                                I Queue ID: YORK-Q
                                I Queued At: 14.Feb.94 12:43 PM
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                                Modif
                                            Recip
          Menu Quit
Please press a PF-key
```

The above screen pertains to the DIU data. Similar information is displayed for the DIU status.

To modify the DIU data, you can either mark an item with MO for Modify on the "Items in Queue" screen and press ENTER, or press PF6 in the above screen. Either the "DATA Distribution Interchange Unit" screen or the "STATUS Distribution Interchange Unit" screen is displayed and you can modify the highlighted fields.

The following information is displayed on the "DATA Distribution Interchange Unit" and "STATUS Distribution Interchange Unit" screens:

Distribution ID

Origin Node The name of the SNADS node (DSUN) from which the DIU originated.

Origin Name The name of the SNADS user (DUN) who sent the DIU.

Origin Correlation Part of the DIU identification (supplied by the SNADS application transac-

tions which created the DIU).

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Origin Date Time The sender's local date and time when the DIU was created.

Origin Sequence No The sequence number of the DIU.

Distribution Info

Priority	The options are: FAST (highest), DATA-16 to DATA-1 (lowest). Modifications of this value only influence the local mail node
Protection	The DIU is to be stored on a non-volatile medium such as a disk file. The options are: YES and NO. This value <i>cannot</i> be modified.
Capacity	A value giving the maximum size of the DIU's distribution object. The options are: 0K, 4K and INDF (indefinite). This value cannot be modified.
Distr Object Count	The number of distribution objects contained in the DIU.
Feedback	Indicates whether SNADS is to generate feedback for the DIU in case of an error (e.g. if the hop count value is 0 and the DIU has not reached its destination node). Possible feedback values are: "Error Feedback" and "No Feedback".
Hop Count	The SNADS architecture uses the concept of a hop count so that distributions do not wander endlessly through the network due to routing tables specified inconsistently. The hop count defines an upper limit for the number of connections in the path along which a DIU can travel. Each hop taken by a DIU decrements the hop count value by one.
	Con-nect SNADS uses the value that was specified on the "Control Info" screen during the Con-nect SNADS installation process. This value, which can be modified, is used as a limit for all DIUs that originate from the local Con-nect system.
	Provided the system has been properly set up, it should not be necessary to modify this field. However, if the hop count value of an incoming DIU is 0, you can modify this field if, for example, additional hops are needed for the DIU to reach its destination node.



Note: SNADS uses the values for the parameters "priority", "protection" and "capacity" to route distributions through DSUs which provide only the requested service. See *Routing Entries*.

DIA Info

The "DIA Info" refers to IBM's "Document Interchange Architecture".

Con-nect SNADS distributions are assigned a series of service level parameters in the form of a DIA attribute list. DIA attributes are set automatically for distributions which originate from Connect . Unlike the SNADS service levels, they are not used for routing, and hence do not occur on the "Routing Entry" screen.

Reply

Is confirmation of delivery (COD) requested? Will the distribution object not to be appended to the document library upon receipt (COD/NAPP); i.e. is it to be handled as a note rather than as a document?

Values: COD, NO COD, COD/NAPP

Values generated by Con-nect SNADS: COD, COD/NAPP

Con-nect SNADS generates a confirmation of delivery for the document units for which COD or COD/NAPP is requested.

If a Con-nect user sends a document, Con-nect SNADS automatically generates the value COD. However, if a document is in final format (Con-nect format Txt) and contains no cover note, Con-nect SNADS generates the value COD/NAPP. The Con-nect user can avoid the generation of a COD/NAPP by entering "DOCU" or "DOKU" - this can be either in upper case or lower case - as the first four characters in the "Subject" line of the "Send" screen; now Con-nect SNADS generates the value COD.

Personal Is the distribution intended as personal?

Values: YES, NO

Value generated by Con-nect SNADS: NO

Document units with the attribute "personal" are only delivered to users, standalone and private cabinets; not to the distribution lists, external mail nodes or nicknames.

Priority Does the distribution have urgent priority?

Values: YES (for urgent messages), NO

Value generated by Con-nect SNADS: NO

This is not used by Con-nect SNADS.

Queue Info

Queue ID The name of the respective outbound queue. You can modify this field to move the DIU to another queue.

Queued At The time when the DIU was added to this queue.

Recipients of a DIU

If you want to display a list of all addressees of a single DIU, either press PF8 on the "DATA Distribution Interchange Unit" or "STATUS Distribution Interchange Unit" screens or mark an item on the "Items in Queue" screen with RE for Recipients and press ENTER. The following screen appears:

```
3:22 PM
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                 14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                            Recipients
                                                                    Friday
                      Origin Name: CONNECT1HSC
                      Origin Node: MINNE SOTA
               No
                     Recipient Name Recipient Node
                      ESHBERRYJOHN
                                          NEW
                                                  YORK
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
Please press a PF-key
```

The following information is shown on the "Recipients" screen:

Origin Name

The originator (DUN) of this DIU.

Origin Node

The node (DSUN) at which this DIU was originated.

No

The recipients are sequentially numbered.

Recipient Name

The recipient's DUN.

Recipient Node

The recipient's DSUN.

Control Maintenance

Choose the Control Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The "Control Maintenance" screen which lists the contents of the control record - an enumeration of the SNADS DSUNs that have been assigned to the local Con-nect system is displayed:

This information shows how the local node names (DSUNs) are to be correlated with Con-nect (s) and underlying Adabas database IDs and file numbers. A single Con-nect SNADS driver can serve more than one Con-nect system on more than one Adabas file.

The following information is shown on the "Control Maintenance" screen:

Hop Count

The initial hop count value. This is the maximum path length for any SNADS DIU that originates from this node. The hop count mechanism is intended to prevent DIUs from being relayed endlessly between the various nodes of a SNADS network as a result of an inconsistent setup of routing directives.

Con-nect SNADS requests error feedback if the hop count value reaches 0.

Status Save

The number of days Con-nect SNADS waits for status DIUs to be returned in reply to messages sent from Con-nect . After this period, the relevant messages awaiting confirmation (see *Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery*) should be deleted by the administrator. Any status DIUs that are returned after the messages have been deleted are ignored.

Log Level

The amount of log information to be recorded.

Local Language

The local language identifier which selects the required character conversion for text data. The identifier refers to the specifications made in the translation table (CONDTR1) used for the Con-form-to-DCA conversion facility.

MRU Orig Seq No

Most recently used origin sequence number. This value is generated automatically. It is part of an identifier for distributions sent by Con-nect SNADS.

Max Retries, Retry Delay

The maximum number of attempts that are made to establish a connection to an adjacent SNADS node before that connection is internally marked as out of service, and the interval (in minutes) between attempts. The DIUs that have been queued for transmission across that connection are held until explicit operator intervention restarts efforts to establish that connection. Timer-driven queues use the defined interval value.

NPR Node

The Natural PROCESS ID with which the desired EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) nucleus address can be identified.

Com-plete Receive

Currently not evaluated.

Com-plete Send

Only for EntireX Broker Services (LU6.2 API) environments with Com-plete. The name which is assigned to the Com-plete application program CPSEND (used to invoke Con-nect SNADS).

Local Node Name

The SNADS DSUN. These are the names by which Con-nect is known in the SNADS network.

Con-nect System

The name of the corresponding Con-nect system.

The next three fields are determined by the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR task at the start of each run and cannot be modified:

DB-ID

The database number where the Con-nect system files are stored.

FNR

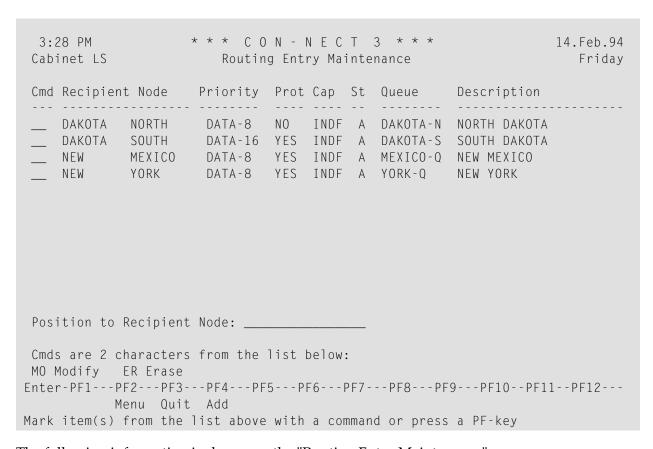
The file numbers of the Con-nect system files.

Status

The current status of the Con-nect system file. For example, if the DS_ROUTER_DIRECTOR cannot find or cannot access the specified database and/or file number, it returns the status N (not accessible) or U (unknown).

Routing Entry Maintenance

Con-nect SNADS requires information about the configuration of the SNADS network. Choose the Routing Entry Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The "Routing Entry Maintenance" screen is displayed. This screen lists all routing entries for the nodes with which you want to communicate (for an explanation of indirect routing, see *Routing Entries*):



The following information is shown on the "Routing Entry Maintenance" screen:

Recipient Node

The DSUN consisting of the RGN and the REN. Each routing table entry refers to a fully or partially qualified SNADS DSUN. In case of partial qualification, either the REN portion or both the RGN and the REN portions of the DSUN can be replaced by an asterisk (*).

Priority

The priority options are: FAST (highest), STATUS, DATA-16 to DATA-1 (lowest).

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Prot

DIUs must be stored on a non-volatile storage medium at relay or target nodes. The protection options are: YES and NO.

Cap

The maximum size of a SNADS DIU. The capacity options are: 0K, 4K and INDF (indefinite).

St

The status of the queue. Possible values for the queue status are: A (active) and I (inactive).

Queue

The name of the queue.

Description

Optional - a description of the routing entry.

Position to Recipient Node

If the displayed list is longer than one page, enter the name of the recipient node which you want to scroll to the top of the display.

Adding a Routing Entry

If you want to add a routing entry, press PF4 on the "Routing Entry Maintenance" screen to display the following screen (a similar screen is shown if you mark an item on the "Routing Entry Maintenance" screen with MO for Modify and press ENTER):

```
3:16 PM
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                      14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                               Routing Entry
                                                                         Friday
     Recipient Node:
     Priority:
                        DATA-8_
                                          (FAST, STATUS, DATA-16 .. DATA-1)
     Protection:
                        YES
                                           (YES, NO)
    Capacity:
                        INDF
                                          (OK, 4K, INDF: indefinite)
                                           (A: active, I: inactive)
    Status:
     Next Oueue:
    Description:
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
Add routing entry
```

Specify the following information on the "Routing Entry" screen:

Recipient Node

The name of the recipient node (the DSUN consisting of RGN and REN).

See Routing Entries.



Note: Priority, protection and capacity are SNADS service level parameters (see *Service Levels*); values other than those recommended (see default values in the above screen) should be used only when an administrator understands the significance of the SNADS settings.

Status

The options are: A (active) and I (inactive). An inactive status allows the SNADS administrator to disable a route temporarily without having to add the routing entry again when it is re-activated.

Next Queue

The name of the queue to which a DIU is to be transmitted.

Description

Optional - a description of the routing entry.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of the routing entry.



Notes:

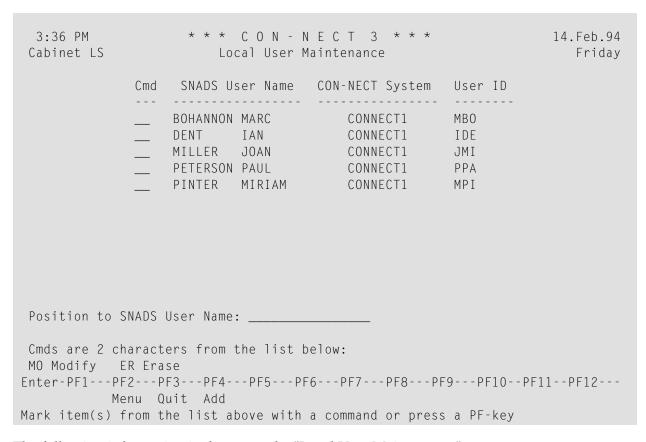
- 1. There can be several entries for one node. Since the requirements for protection and capacity must be fulfilled, a DIU demanding protection cannot be sent via an unprotected route. Likewise, if capacity 4K is required, a DIU cannot be sent via a route supporting 0K. If no suitable route can be found, the sender receives a routing error message in his outbasket. In that case, nothing is delivered to the addressee. The priority option tries to fulfill the requirements. However, if no suitable route can be found, a DIU demanding, e.g. FAST, can be sent via a route with a lower priority.
- 2. A DIU that is to be distributed to a multitude of recipients that reside on different SNADS nodes may have to be split into several DIUs, each of which is appended to a different outbound queue in the course of routing. For technical reasons, Con-nect SNADS cannot split an inbound DIU into more than 32 outbound DIUs.

Local User Maintenance

This function comprises a set of specifications which link a SNADS DUN to a user of a local Connect system, thus allowing that user to be specified as a recipient of a SNADS DIU.

It is not mandatory, however, to link a SNADS DUN to a user. If an assignment cannot be found for the DUN of a local recipient and if the DGN is equal to one of the multi-node identifiers of the local Con-nect system, the system performs a lookup in the respective user directory of the Connect system file, and tries to locate a user ID or a unique user name that is equal to the DEN. If a user is found, that user is assumed to be the intended recipient.

Choose the Local User Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The "Local User Maintenance" screen which lists all local user assignments is displayed:



The following information is shown on the "Local User Maintenance" screen:

SNADS User Name

The SNADS name which has been assigned to a Con-nect user by the administrator (the DUN, consisting of DGN and DEN).

Con-nect System

The local Con-nect system of the local Con-nect user.

User ID

The user ID of the local Con-nect user.

Position to SNADS User Name

If the displayed list is longer than one page, enter the name of the SNADS user which you want to scroll to the top of the display.

By default, Con-nect SNADS assigns a SNADS DUN to all local Con-nect users who are not specified in the local user table. The DUN is made up of the local Con-nect system ID (DGN) and the local Con-nect user ID (DEN).



Note: If you mark an item with ER for Erase in this screen, the marked item is erased immediately. You are not asked to confirm the deletion.

Adding a Local User Entry

If you want to add a local user entry, press PF4 on the "Local User Maintenance" screen to display the following screen (a similar screen appears if you mark an item with MO for Modify on the "Local User Maintenance" screen and press ENTER):

3:39 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Local User Entry	14.Feb.94 Friday
	SNADS User Name:	
	CON-NECT System:	
	CON-NECT User ID:	
Enter-PF1PF2 Menu	PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF9	10PF11PF12
Add user entry		

Note: See *Local SNADS Addresses* (*DUNs*) for additional information on local SNADS addresses (*DUNs*).

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Enter the following information on the "Local User Entry" screen:

SNADS User Name

The SNADS name which has been assigned to a Con-nect user by the administrator (the DUN, consisting of DGN and DEN).

Con-nect System

The local Con-nect system of the local Con-nect user.

Con-nect User ID

The user ID of the local Con-nect user.

After you have completed your specifications, press PF5 to confirm the addition of a local user entry.

Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery

Upon receipt of a SNADS status DIU that references a SNADS DIU which originated from the local Con-nect system, Con-nect SNADS appends delivery and error notifications to the address list of the respective Con-nect Outbasket entry.

Choose the Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery function from the "SNADS Administration Menu". The following screen which lists all users of the local system who are still waiting for SNADS status DIUs is displayed:

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
2:28 PM
Cabinet LS
                                                                   14.Feb.94
                  Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery
                                                                  Friday
      Cmd Origin Name
                            Origin Node
                                                 Origin Date and Time
       CONNECT1 HSC MINNE SOTA
CONNECT1 HSC MINNE SOTA
CONNECT1 HSC MINNE SOTA
       __ CONNECT1 HSC
                                                 14.Feb.94 1:46 PM
                                                 14.Feb.94 1:58 PM
                                                14.Feb.94 2:01 PM
                            MINNE SOTA
         CONNECT1 HSC
                                                 14.Feb.94 2:02 PM
 Cmds are 2 character from the list below:
AD Recipients ER Erase
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
Mark item(s) from the list above or press a PF-key
```

The following information is shown on the "Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery" screen:

Origin Name

The name of the originator of the DIU.

Origin Node

The name of the local Con-nect system where this DIU originated.

Origin Date and Time

The date and time when the DIU was sent.

Note: If you mark an item with ER for Erase in this screen, the marked item is erased immediately. You are not asked to confirm the deletion.

Recipients of a Message Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery

A DIU can be sent to more than one recipient. For a list of all recipients of a DIU for whom confirmation of delivery is missing, mark the respective item on the "Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery" screen with AD for Recipients to display the following screen:

```
2:25 PM
                    * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                 14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                            Recipients
                                                                    Friday
                      Origin Name: CONNECT1HSC
                      Origin Node: MINNE SOTA
                      Recipient Name Recipient Node
               No
               1
                      LONG SONYA
                                          DAKOTA SOUTH
                      LONG WILLIAM
                                          DAKOTA SOUTH
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
          Menu Quit
Please press a PF-key
```

The following information is shown on the "Recipients" screen:

Origin Name

The originator (DUN) of this DIU.

Origin Node

The node (DSUN) at which this DIU originated.

No

The recipients are sequentially numbered.

Recipient Name

The name of the recipient (the DUN consisting of DGN and DEN).

Recipient Node

The name of the system to which the message was sent (the DSUN consisting of RGN and REN).

When confirmation of delivery arrives from one recipient, the respective item is erased from the above list. When confirmation of delivery has arrived for all items, the respective entry is erased from the "Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery" screen.

Log Information Maintenance

Each significant event that occurs during the execution of Con-nect SNADS routines is recorded in a section of the Con-nect spool file, which is made up of Con-nect SNADS log records. Significant events are: originating, routing, sending, receiving and directing of SNADS DIUs, as well as any kind of Natural or SNA exceptional conditions.

Con-nect SNADS retains log information for each significant action in order to facilitate problem determination and general supervision by a Con-nect administrator. To avoid excessive disk space usage, a Con-nect administrator should occasionally purge obsolete log data from the Con-nect spool file.

Choose the Log Information Maintenance function from the "SNADS Administration Menu" to display the following screen:

```
3:32 PM
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                  5.Feb.98
Cabinet LS
                    SNADS - Log Information Maintenance
                                                                   X-FLG-M
Cmd Actor Program Log Time
                                        Ty Log Message
            X-FWTCH 1998-01-22 09:52:18 02 CSL WATCH DOG STOPPING ***DMY**
    RECEIVER X-FDEM 1998-01-22 10:10:48 02 STARTING RECEIVE
    RECEIVER X-FIN000 1998-01-22 10:10:50 96 3COMPLETECNT312CO
    RECEIVER X-FIN000 1998-01-22 10:10:50 96 1COMPLETECNT312COCNT312COXSISKU
    ROUTER X-FR 1998-01-22 10:10:52 98 3COMPLETECNT312CO
    DIRECTOR X-FT-N5 1998-01-22 10:10:52 98 3COMPLETECNT312CO
    ROUTER X-FR 1998-01-22 10:10:52 98 1COMPLETECNT312COCNT312COXSISKU
   DIRECTOR X-FT-N3 1998-01-22 10:10:53 98 1COMPLETECNT312COCNT312COXSISKU
    SNADS-SE X-FN1-1 1998-01-22 10:10:55 98 3COMPLETECNT32
    ROUTER X-FR 1998-01-22 10:10:55 98 3COMPLETECNT32
   DS-SEND X-F0N000 1998-01-22 10:11:01 96 3COMPLETECNT32
    RECEIVER X-FDEM 1998-01-22 10:39:45 02 STARTING RECEIVE
    RECEIVER X-FIN000 1998-01-22 10:39:46 96 1COMPLETECNT312COCNT312COXSISKU
    ROUTER X-FR 1998-01-22 10:39:47 98 1COMPLETECNT312COCNT312COXSISKU
Cmd:
                                       Position to Log Time:
                                                           (YYYYMMDDHHMMSS)
DI Display ER Erase TO Top
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
           Menu Quit
                                       ErAll - + --
Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key
```

The following information is displayed:

Actor

The name of the server program. See *Con-nect as a SNADS Node*.

Program

The name of the program which generated the log record.

416

Log Time

The time the log record was created.

Ty

Type. These values are used internally by Con-nect SNADS.

Log Message

Information used for tracing.

Position to Log Time

If the list is longer than one page, you can enter a date and time in this line to scroll the list to the specified date and time.



Note: If you mark an item with ER for Erase in this screen, the marked item is erased immediately. You are not asked to confirm the deletion.

You can use the following PF-keys to page through the list of log records:

```
PF8 Display the previous page (-).
```

PF9 Display the next page (+).

PF10 Display the first page (--).

PF11 Display the last page (++).

You can also mark an item with TO for Top and press ENTER to scroll the marked item to the top of the list.

Extended Information about Marked Log Records

The following screen displays information which help the Software AG staff when problems occur.

Mark any item with DI for Display on the "Log Information Maintenance" screen to obtain extended information about this item. The following screen appears which contains coded information about events or exceptional conditions:

```
10:25 AM
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                             14.Feb.94
Cabinet
                   Extended Information about Marked
                                                                Friday
                             Log Record
   Program: X-FS-N2
                                              Actor: SNADS-SEND
   Log Time: 199402131119147
                                             Msg Type: 98
                              Message:
  DIU
       Type : DATA
                                   Result : OK
  Origin DSUN : EBER CICS1
                                   Origin DUN : FCT1
                                                        LS
  Origin TIME : 1994021311171070
                                   Origin SEQ: 176
  Xaddr1
                                   Xaddr2 : FCT1
  Xaddr3
             : LS
  Fdbk DSUN :
                                   Fdbk DUN:
  Fdbk TIME :
                                   Fdbk SEQ:
  NCODE1 : 1
                                   NCODE2 :
  ACODE1
                                   ACODE2
  Applic Text :
  Applic Content:
  Message
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
          Menu Quit
Press a PF-key
```

Program XF-GETH

Program XF-GETH is delivered as a source program. It can be set up to delete obsolete SNADS service log records.

When you define the parameters #HOURS and #LOGSETNUMBER and stow your modifications, this program is run each time a queue server program is activated.

When XF-GETH is run, it checks the SNADS log records for records older than the value defined in parameter #HOURS. If any records are found, they are deleted. If the total number of old records is more than the value defined in parameter #LOGSETNUMBER, only the number of records defined in this parameter are deleted. The remaining records will be deleted the next time XF-GETH is run. If log records exist but are not older than the value in parameter #LOGSETNUMBER, they are not deleted.

To edit XF-GETH, enter the following at the Natural Next prompt:

```
E XF-GETH
```

```
0060 DEFINE DATA
0070 PARAMETER
0080 1 #HOURS (N6)
0090 1 #LOGSETNUMBER (N5)
0100 END-DEFINE
0110 *
0120 * Value defined for #LOGSETNUMBER determines the number of logs
0130 * erased if they are older than #HOURS
0140 *
0150 COMPUTE #HOURS = 24
0160 COMPUTE #LOGSETNUMBER = 100
0170 *
0180 END
```

You can modify the following parameters:

#HOURS

Default is 24 hours. Defines the frequency, in hours, the log records are erased.

#LOGSETNUMBER

Default is 100 records. Determines the total number of records deleted at one time. If the current number of log records is greater than this value, they are deleted the next time XF-GETH is activated.

Initialization

See *Initialization of the Con-nect Spool File* for a description of how to initialize the Con-nect SNADS control information.

When you choose this function from the "SNADS Administration Menu" and the control information has been initialized, a message is displayed indicating that the control information already exists.

Additional Considerations

Con-nect Spool File Maintenance

Con-nect SNADS retains information for each SNADS distribution that originates locally. Incoming SNADS delivery and error notification are correlated with the outbasket entries of a local Connect system and the appropriate messages are inserted there. Part of the normal procedure performed by Con-nect SNADS is the deletion of correlation data as soon as the SNADS feedback notification has been received and processed. However, if feedback notifications are lost (e.g. due to an external system failure), the respective correlation data are not deleted automatically. The Con-nect administrator should regularly purge obsolete correlation data from the Con-nect spool file. See *Messages Awaiting Confirmation of Delivery*.

Con-nect SNADS internally employs standard multi-node Con-nect routines to convey information between the Con-nect spool file and the Con-nect system file(s). It is important to note that Connect SNADS records that have been marked as "logically purged" remain in the Con-nect spool file. This means that the Con-nect administrator must occasionally purge these records from the Con-nect spool file with the Delete Spool File Entries.

Log records must be periodically deleted from the spool file with the Log Information Maintenance function.

X-0INIT - Multi-node/Driver Start Program

X-0INIT can be used to set all defaults for the call or driver:

#ERROR-TA

Error transaction.

#DEF-MINUTES

Start program X-0INIT every *nnn* minutes. If this value is 0 or batch job, the job is run one time only.

#DEF-CABINET

Cabinet to be used if no cabinet is entered in address data.

#TXT

Name of driver to be started.

#ZTXT

Name of driver to be started to process external mail created by subprogram Z-MAILA.

#DEF-INPUT

Terminal I/O with SET CONTROL "N" 0 = no.



Note: #DEF-MINUTES and #DEF-INPUT are only valid in online mode.

In the case of external mail items (e.g. SNADS) created with the API subprogram Z-MAILA, it is imperative that X-0INIT is called after Z-MAILA is executed. Thus, X-0INIT will automatically invoke X-FZ, which is used to transmit external mail items onto the recipient nodes.

VIII

Part 8. Directory Synchronization

This part contains information pertaining to directory synchronization. It is subdivided into the following sections:

General Information About the Directory Synchronization

Example of the Directory Synchronization within a Con-nect Network

Navigating Through the Directory Synchronization

Setting Up the Directory Synchronization Environment

Upload Address Maintenance

Upload Addresses

Download Address Maintenance

Download Addresses

Import Address Maintenance

Import Addresses

Directory Synchronization Maintenance

User Exit USR0060C

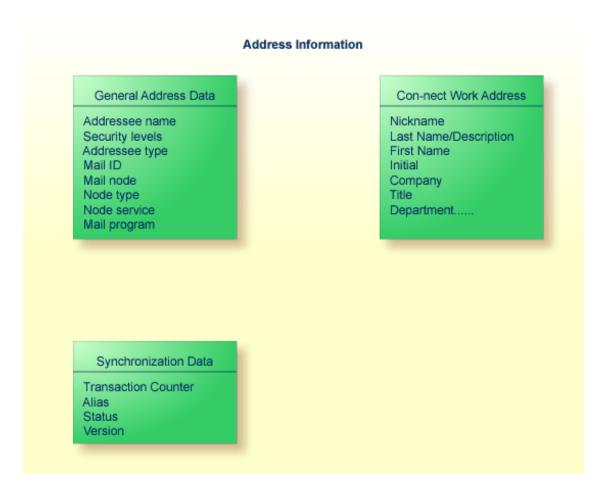
Directory Synchronization - Trouble Shooting

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General Information About the Directory Synchronization

To extend the functionality of the SEND command within the "Send Memo" screen, you can use the directory synchronization and central directory to incorporate the addresses of users on other Con-nect nodes with your Con-nect environment. Participating Con-nect nodes can upload selected addresses from their node to a central storage area - the central directory, from which other participating Con-nect nodes can download and import the addresses to their nodes.

The central directory is managed by one system administrator who is responsible for defining how each participating Con-nect node interacts within the network (e.g. whether the node is allowed to upload addresses to the central directory, or whether the node is only allowed to download addresses). For each address that is stored in the central directory, in-depth address information is also maintained. This address information includes items such as the following:



See *Central Directory* for further information.

The participating Con-nect nodes are synchronized via the directory synchronization functions. To ensure the integrity of the address data, it is recommended that only one system administrator on each Con-nect node manages the directory synchronization functions. Access to these functions will be denied to all users that do not have the proper authorization. It is the responsibility of the system administrators to configure the directory synchronization for their node and to maintain the addresses (e.g. ensuring that all modifications to the addresses are uploaded to the central directory).

To prevent extensive data exchange, only one Con-nect node can upload to the central directory at one time. This is particularly important during the initial use of the directory synchronization.

Extensive data exchange is also avoided with the use of incremental upload/download of address data. This means that only the address data for addresses which were added to the Con-nect system and those addresses that were modified after the last upload/download will be processed by the Upload Addresses or Download Addresses functions.

Additionally, the directory synchronization functions Upload Addresses, Download Addresses and Import Addresses can be invoked using a batch utility, which allows the system administrator

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to schedule the synchronization Upload Addresses and Download Addresses functions during off-peak periods.

With the use of the logging facilities for the directory synchronization and central directory, important directory synchronization events can be traced.

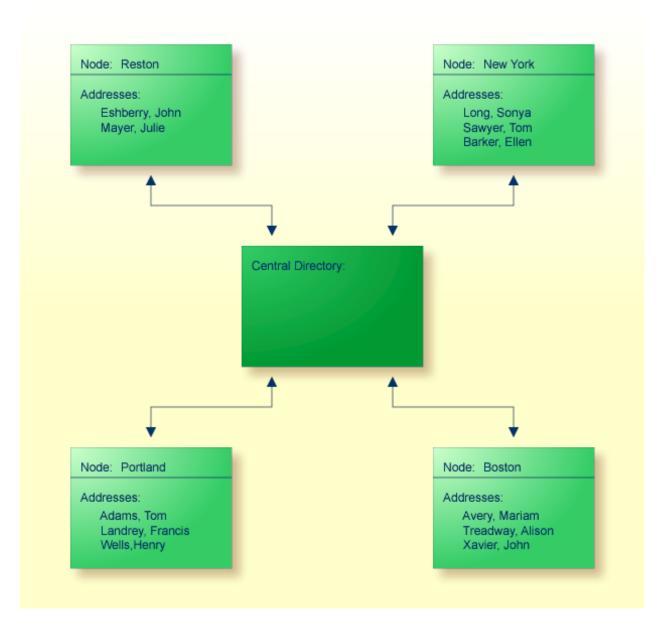
36 Example of the Directory Synchronization within a

Con-nect Network

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Subsequent Uploads and Downloads	

General Overview of the Directory Synchronization in a Con-nect Network

The following example illustrates how the directory synchronization functions within a Con-nect network.



Note: Only one central directory is supported within a network of Con-nect nodes which are connected via the transport service.

In the above example, the central directory administrator has defined how each node within the Con-nect network will interact with the central directory. Each node has been assigned a unique

name within the network. Each node is configured so that they are reachable via the E-mail functions with the Con-nect transport service. The central directory administrator has defined that nodes Reston and Portland can both upload and download addresses to/from the central directory. Node New York can download addresses from the central directory, and node Boston can upload addresses to the central directory.

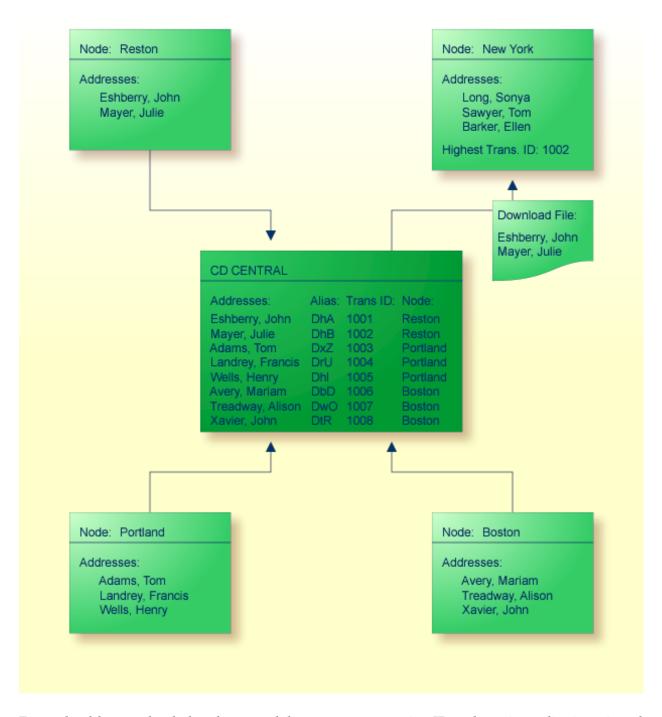


Note: Only addresses stored in cabinet SYSCNT can be uploaded to the central directory.

At this point, an upload has not been performed to the central directory, and thus, the central directory is empty.

Uploading to the Central Directory in a Con-nect Network

In the next diagram, nodes Reston, Portland and Boston have uploaded all addressees of type name defined in their local cabinet SYSCNT to the central directory, and node New York has performed a download from the central directory.



For each address uploaded to the central directory, a transaction ID and a unique alias is assigned to the address. The transaction ID is not a permanent ID, rather this number is incremented each time the address record on the central directory is modified.

As for the alias, it is never changed. The alias is used to uniquely identify each address uploaded to the central directory in a network of Con-nect nodes. It can be used, for example, to quickly locate the address in the resulting address list when using the Download Maintenance or Import Maintenance functions.

Downloading from the Central Directory in a Con-nect Network

Since the administrator on node New York created a profile for addressee type name on node Reston (with the Add Profile function), but not for Portland or Boston, only the names originating from Reston were downloaded from the central directory to node New York, as depicted in the above diagram. For further information, see *Add Profiles*.

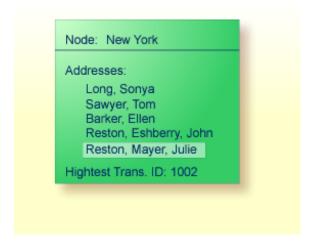
During the download process, the highest transaction number (ID of last address downloaded) was recorded in the node's Directory Synchronization Maintenance function. In this case, the transaction ID recorded is 1002. This number will be used with the next download to determine where that download should begin. For further information, see *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*.

Importing in a Con-nect Network

Downloaded addresses are not available to Con-nect users until they are imported to the local Con-nect node.

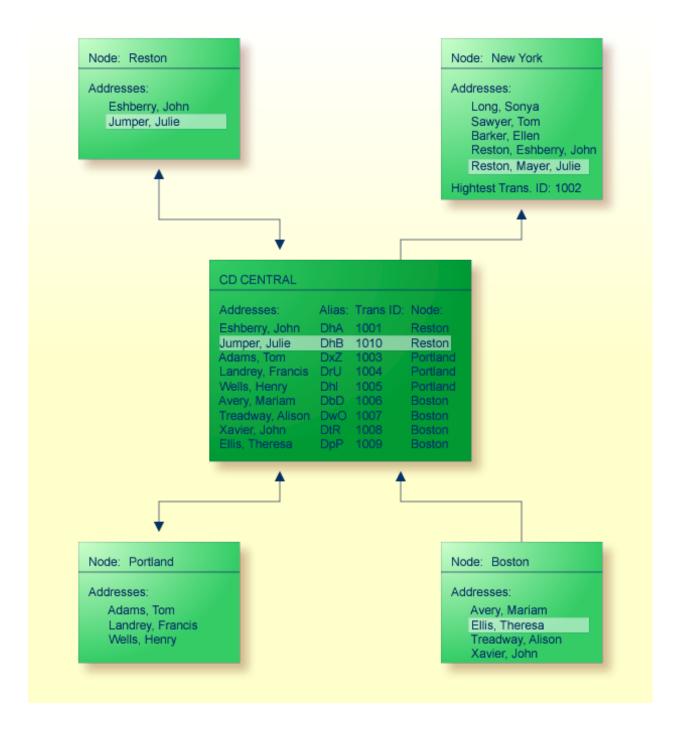
The administrator on node New York has the option of importing all downloaded addresses with the Import Addresses function, or batch utility B20003 "Directory Synchronization - Import", or importing selected addresses on an individual basis within the Download Maintenance function. Whatever method the administrator uses, the addresses will be imported to node New York as external addresses and stored in cabinet SYSCNT, at which point the users on node New York can handle the external addresses like any other Con-nect address.

In this case, the administrator at node New York imported all downloaded addresses, at which time, for each address imported, a unique nickname and an external address were created.



Subsequent Uploads and Downloads

In the diagram below cabinet Theresa Ellis was added to node Boston and uploaded to the central directory as transaction ID 1009. Then address Julie Mayer on node Reston was modified to Julie Jumper and, when node Reston performed an upload, the address record on the central directory was modified. Note that the transaction number was also modified.



Since node New York has not performed a subsequent download, address "Reston, Mayer, Julie" has not been updated with the modified record on the central directory. However, with the next download performed on node New York, the following will occur:

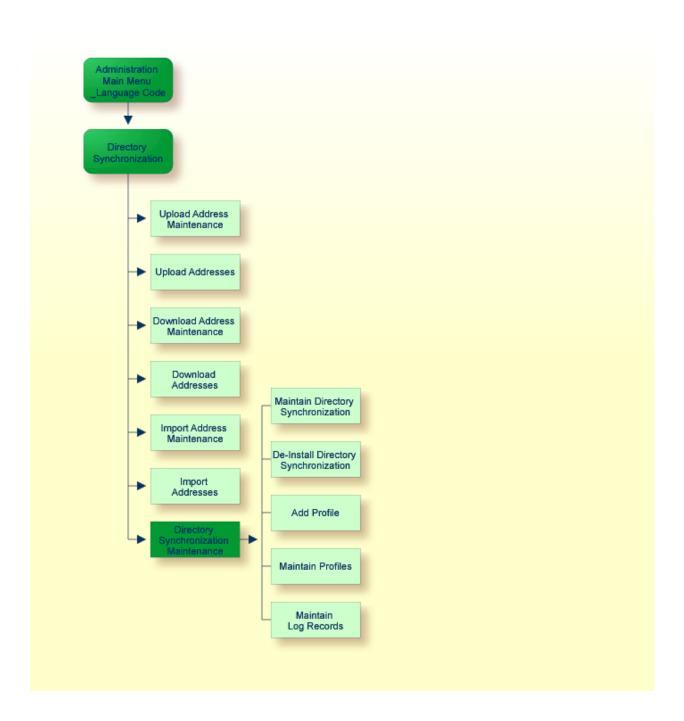
- 1. Taking the number stored on node New York as the highest transaction ID (in this case 1002), the system will begin to download all new addresses on the central directory with transaction IDs higher than 1002. Since no new addresses have been uploaded to the central directory that pertain to a profile defined on node New York, no new addresses will be downloaded. (Profile for addressee type name was defined for node Reston, but not for node Boston.)
- 2. Next the system will search for modified address records on the central directory that were previously downloaded. In this case, address record "Jumper, Julie" will be downloaded and the record "Reston, Mayer, Julie" in Con-nect will be automatically updated with the new information.
- 3. With the termination of the download process, the highest transaction ID on node New York will be changed to 1010.

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Invoking the Directory Synchronization Menu

The following diagram shows the path you must take to invoke the Directory Synchronization.



Directory Synchronization Menu

When you select the Directory Synchronization function from the "Administration - Main Menu", the screen below is displayed.



Note: Only system administrators can access the directory synchronization functions.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    14.Feb.94
 5:57 PM
                  Administration - Directory Synchronization
 Cabinet LS
                                                                         OLAP
 Select a Function:
                          _ Upload Address Maintenance
                          _ Upload Addresses
                          _ Download Address Maintenance
                          _ Download Addresses
                          _ Import Address Maintenance
                          _ Import Addresses
                          _ Directory Synchronization Maintenance
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit UAM Upl DAM Downl IAM Imp
Mark item(s) from the list above or press a PF-key
```

You mark the function you want with any character and press ENTER, or press the corresponding PF-key.

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Setting Up the Directory Synchronization Environment

If you are using the directory synchronization for the first time, it is recommended that you perform the following steps before you begin to upload and/or download addressees.

- 1. A network connection between the Con-nect nodes and the central directory is required.
- 2. If you want to send mail to the participating Con-nect nodes, ensure that the Con-nect transport service has been installed.
- Ensure that the transport service local name has been defined. See Define Local Node.
 - If, at any time, you modify your transport service local node name, it is imperative that you notify the Con-nect system administrators of all participating Con-nect nodes. This information is essential when using the directory synchronization.
- 4. If you want to send mail to the participating Con-nect nodes, add a Con-nect external node (using the transport service method) for each Con-nect node in your network that interacts with the central directory. See *External Mail Nodes*.
- 5. If you want to send mail to an external receiver using addresses imported from the central directory, add an external mail node specifying the same node type and name as used on the originating system.
 - It is important to note that any address that uses the spool file mail method will not be converted to the transport service method when uploaded or downloaded to/from the central directory.
- 6. Using the Add Initial Profile function, select and define a profile for the addressee types on each participating Con-nect node you want to download from the central directory. This profile is used to create a unique nickname and address for each addressee you import to your Connect node.

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The Upload Address Maintenance function is used to select which addresses on your local Connect node will be uploaded to the central directory, which will be removed from the central directory and other general maintenance functions.

Upload Address Maintenance Screen

)1 PM * * * inet LS		N - N E C ddress Ma			-	0LAP01
Cmd	Addressee Name	Туре	Mail ID	Alias	CD Name	Status	Version
	AB ABBOTT	Priv.Cab Priv.Cab		D4S	DAEFCOC	Uploaded	1.1
	Abbott, Rebecca	Name	ABB0TT	D4Q	DAEFCOC	Uploaded	1.1
	Adams, Sarah	Name	SA	D4R	DAEFCOC	Uploaded	
	ADMIN AH BBH	Priv.Cab Priv.Cab Priv.Cab	AH	Dnj	DAEFCOC	CentDel	1.1
	Beechman, Andy	Name	AB			New	1.1
	BBH Beechman, Andy BLI Burke, Martin CF	Priv.Cab Name				New	1.1
	CF	Priv.Cab	CF	DjY	DAEFCOC	CentDel	1.1
	CONFBULL	Bulletin				New	1.1
	CONFEREN	Publ.Cab	CONFEREN			New	1.1
Cmd: Addressee Type _ All Position to TO Top DI Display ST Set UN Undo RM Remove HD Hold RL Release Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit StAll UnAll RmAll Find + HdAll RlAll Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key							

By default, all addresses on your local node are displayed. You can also display addresses of a specific addressee type.

Addressee Name

The addressee's name which, depending upon the type of addressee, will be one of the following:

Name User's first and last name.

Address Nickname of addressee or external address.

Private Cabinet Name of private cabinet.

Shared Cabinet Name of shared cabinet.

Public Cabinet Name of public cabinet.

Standalone Cabinet Name of standalone cabinet.

Bulletin Board Name of bulletin board.

External Address Name of external node, or the name of an external address.

Type

Type of addressee. The following abbreviations are used:

Name Addressee is a Con-nect user.

Address Addressee is a nickname.

PrivCab Addressee is a private cabinet.

ShardCab Addressee is a shared cabinet.

PubCab Addressee is a public cabinet.

StandCab Addressee is a standalone cabinet.

Bulletin Addressee is a bulletin board. External Addressee is an external node.

Mail ID

Identifies the addressee on your local node. Depending upon the type of addressee, the mail ID can be one of the following:

Name User's Con-nect ID.

Address User ID of cabinet, user, nickname, bulletin board or, external address refer-

enced by the nickname.

Cabinet Name of shared, standalone, or public cabinet.

Bulletin Board Name of bulletin board.

External user Name of external node.

Alias

A unique ID which is assigned to each address uploaded to the central directory. If the address has not been uploaded to the central directory, this field is blank.

CD Name

Name of the central directory to which the address has been uploaded. If an address has not been uploaded to the central directory, this field is blank.

Status

Status of address. The following abbreviations apply:

"" Address has not been uploaded to the central directory.

New Address is marked to be uploaded to the central directory. If, on the "Directory Synchronization Maintenance" screen, you have specified that an addressee type is to be automatically set for upload when it is created, the status for the new ad-

dressee remains blank " " until the upload function is performed, at which point the status is changed to uploaded. See *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*.

Uploaded Address has been uploaded to the central directory.

Modified Addressee's description, or last and/or first name has been modified. With the next upload, the central directory will be updated. When the name or description of an addressee that has been uploaded is modified, the address' status is automatically changed by Con-nect to Modified.

Hold Address will be uploaded to the central directory, but other participating Con-nect nodes will not be allowed to download the address from the central directory until you release the address.

Removed Address is marked to be removed from the central directory with the next upload. Once the upload is performed, the columns Alias, CD Name, Status and Version for that address are reset to blank. Once the upload function is performed, the status for the address is set to Removed in the central directory, however, if the address was downloaded and imported to another Con-nect node, the address is not removed from that Con-nect node until that Con-nect node performs a download.

CentDel Address was deleted in the central directory.

Version

Version number of the directory synchronization programs which are used by your local Connect node.

Addressee Type

You can select to display all addressee types on your Con-nect node, or a specific type. To change the addressee type displayed, enter one of the following abbreviations and press ENTER.

- A Display all nicknames.
- B Display all bulletin boards.
- C Display all cabinets (private, shared, public, and standalone).
- E Display all external nodes and external addresses.
- N Display all Con-nect users.
- * Default Display all addressee types.

Position to

You can enter one, or more characters to scroll down the list of addresses to a particular address. For example, if you enter JO the list will be restarted with the first address whose addressee name begins with JO.

Return to Top of List

To reposition the address list to a selected addressee, you can enter TO in the Cmd column for the addressee and press ENTER. As a result, the selected addressee is now displayed at the top of the list

Display Additional Address Information

To display the full address of an addressee, you can enter DI in the Cmd column for the addressee and press ENTER.

```
10:25 AM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                      14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                    Address Maintenance - ESH
                                                                         OLANO6
Mail Nickname for
Last Name/Description
                                                         Initial X
                        Eshberry
First Name
                        John
Company
                Walk America
Title
                Public Relations
Department
                                                  Number
Location
Address
                12004 Sunrise Valley Drive
City
                Reston
Postal Code
                20001
                                                   Country USA
Phone
                703-WAL-K000
                                                   Country Code 1
Extension
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     HELP
Press a PF-key
```

The information that is displayed is identical to that which is displayed when a Con-nect user issues the "DISPLAY Address <code>name</code>" command.

If you display an external address (indicated as External in the Type column), you can press PF4 to display the external address information you provided when you created the external address.

Note: If the addressee is not an external node or external address, this PF-key is not available.

Set Addresses for Upload

You can set addresses on an individual basis, or all addresses for upload to the central directory.

It is important to note that if you specify to list a particular addressee type and *then* specify to set *all* addresses for upload, only the addresses pertaining to the addressee type you previously specified will be set for upload.

To select addresses on an individual basis, you mark each address you want with ST in the Cmd column and press ENTER.

To select all addresses which have not been previously set for upload or currently uploaded, press PF4. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed; enter *Y* to confirm and press ENTER. When the set all function is completed, the total number of addresses set for upload is displayed.

In both cases, the status for each address you select is changed to New and, with the next upload, the addresses will be uploaded to the central directory.

Undo Addresses for Upload

You can undo all addresses or an individual address, so long as the status is New, Removed or CentDel. When you undo an address, the address will not be uploaded to the central directory with the next upload.

It is important to note that if you specify to list a particular addressee type and then specify to undo all addresses for upload, only the addresses pertaining to the addressee type you previously specified will be undone for upload.

To undo addresses on an individual basis, you mark each address you want with UN in the Cmd column and press ENTER.

To undo all addresses pending for the next upload, press PF5. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed; enter *Y* to confirm and press ENTER. When the undo all function is completed, the total number of addresses undone is displayed.

In both cases, the status for each address you select is changed to " " (blank).

Remove Addresses from the Central Directory

You can remove addresses from the central directory on an individual basis, or all addresses, so long as the status is Uploaded.

It is important to note that if you specify to list a particular addressee type and *then* specify to remove all addresses from the central directory, only the addresses pertaining to the addressee type you previously specified will be removed.



Note: Removing an address from the central directory will not delete the address from your Con-nect system.

To remove addresses on an individual basis, you mark each address with *RM* in the Cmd column and press ENTER.

To remove all addresses from the central directory, press PF6. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed; enter *Y* and press ENTER. When the remove all function is completed, the total number of addresses marked is displayed.

In both cases, the status for each address is changed to Removed. With the next upload, the addresses will be marked in the central directory as Deleted and the columns Alias, CD Name, Status and Version on the "Upload Address Maintenance" screen will be blank for each address removed.

The address' record on the central directory is not completely deleted until the central directory administrator physically deletes the address.

Hold Addresses

So that other participating Con-nect nodes cannot download your local addresses from the central directory you can place a hold on them. You can place a hold on addresses on an individual basis, or on all local addresses.

It is important to note that if you specify to list a particular addressee type and *then* specify to hold all addresses from the central directory, only the addresses pertaining to the addressee type you previously specified will be placed on hold.

To hold addresses on an individual basis, you mark the address in question with HD in the Cmd column and press ENTER.

To hold all addresses, you press PF11. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed; enter *Y* and press ENTER. When the hold all function is completed, the total number of addresses marked is displayed.

In both cases, the status for each address is changed to Hold and, with the next upload to the central directory, the addresses will be marked in the central directory as such.

Release Addresses

You can release addresses whose status is Hold on an individual basis, or all addresses. Releasing an address means that other Con-nect nodes can download that address from the central directory.

It is important to note that if you specify to list a particular addressee type and *then* specify to release all addresses from the central directory, only the addresses pertaining to the addressee type you previously specified will be released.

To release addresses on an individual basis, you mark the address you want with RL and press ENTER.

To release all addresses, you press PF12. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed; enter *Y* and press ENTER. When the release all function is completed, the total number of addresses released is displayed.

In both cases, the status for each address is changed to Modified and, with the next upload to the central directory, the addresses will be marked in the central directory as such.

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Upload Addresses

The Upload Addresses function is used to upload all addresses whose status is New to the central directory, and to update the central directory with any modifications made to previously uploaded addresses.

When you select the Upload Addresses function, the total number of addresses on your local node that you have manually set for upload to the central directory is displayed in the resulting window.

Addresses which are automatically set for upload when added to your Con-nect node are not included in this number. See *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*.

```
3:09 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                           14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
               Admininistration - Directory Synchronization
                                                             OLAP01
Select a Function: _ Upload Address Maintenance
             ! Start Incremental Upload
             ! 4 Addresses will be uploaded. !
             ! Local address list will be verified and !
             ! addresses automatically set will also !
             ! be uploaded.
             ! Enter Y to confirm: N
                                                 ! enance
             ! Press ENTER to continue
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit UAM Upl DAM Downl IAM Imp DiSyn
Mark item(s) from the list above or press a PF-key
```

If you are uploading addresses for the first time, the message "Start Total Upload" is displayed in the resulting window.

If you have previously performed an upload, the message "Start Incremental Upload" is displayed in the resulting window.

To confirm the upload enter *Y* and press ENTER.

To cancel the upload press ENTER.

When the upload process is completed, the total number of addresses that were uploaded and the number of addresses in the central directory that were marked as deleted are displayed. The total number uploaded also includes any addresses that were automatically set for upload. Therefore this number may be larger than the number of addresses displayed in the upload confirmation window.

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■ Display Additional Address Information	
■ Erase an Address	
Import an Address	
Find Addressee	457

Download Address Maintenance Screen

The Download Address Maintenance function displays all addresses which have been downloaded from the central directory but have not been imported to your Con-nect node.

4:16 PM Cabinet LS			CON-NECT3 * pad Address Maintenand			14.Feb.94 0LAP03	
Cmd CD Name	Node	Alias	Addressee Name	Туре	Mail ID	Version	
DAEFCOC	BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON BOSTON	Dpb DpV D4b D4d D4k D4T D4V D4W D4Y D4Z D4a D4c D4j	BLI JAS EDUC GBG BSAC DOC KSC KEY JPR Ely,John Foraldi,Victor	Priv.Cab Priv.Cab Publ.Cab Priv.Cab Shar.Cab Priv.Cab Priv.Cab Priv.Cab	DOC KSC KEY JPR JAS VF	1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1	
Cmd: Addressee Type _ All Position to CD DAEFCOC_ Node TO Top DI Display ER Erase IM Import Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9PF10PF11PF12 Help Menu Quit ErAll FindA FindN + Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key							

CD Name

Name of central directory to which the Con-nect node has uploaded the address.

Node

The transport service node responsible for uploading the address to the central directory.

Alias

A unique ID assigned to each address when uploaded to the central directory.

Addressee Name

Addressee's name which, depending upon the type of addressee, will be one of the following:

Name	User's full name.
Address	Nickname of addressee.
Private Cabinet	Name of private cabinet.
Shared Cabinet	Name of shared cabinet.

Public Cabinet Name of public cabinet.

Standalone Cabinet Name of standalone cabinet.

Bulletin Board Name of bulletin board. External Node Name of external address.

Type

Addressee type. The following abbreviations are used:

Name Addressee is a Con-nect user.

Address Addressee is a nickname.

Priv.Cab Addressee is a private cabinet.

Pub.Cab Addressee is a public cabinet.

Shar.Cab Addressee is a shared cabinet.

Stnd.Cab Addressee is a standalone cabinet.

Bulletin Addressee is a bulletin board.

External Addressee is an external address.

Mail ID

Identifies the address on the address' originating node. Depending upon the addressee type, the mail ID can be one of the following:

Name User's Con-nect ID.

Address Name of cabinet, user, nickname, bulletin board or external address referenced

by the nickname.

Cabinet Name of private, shared, standalone, or public cabinet.

Bulletin Board Name of bulletin board.

External user Name of external node.

Version

Version number of the directory synchronization programs which are used by the address' originating Con-nect node.

Addressee Type

You can choose to display all addresses of a particular type. The following abbreviations are used:

- A Display all nicknames.
- B Display all bulletin boards.
- C Display all cabinets private, public, standalone and shared.
- E Display all external nodes and external addresses.

N Display all users.

* Display all addressee types.

Position to CD

Name of the central directory.

Position to Node

You can enter the name of a Con-nect node that interacts with the central directory to display only the addresses on the central directory which originate from that node.

Return to Top of List

To reposition the address list to a specific addressee, you can enter TO in the Cmd column for the addressee and press ENTER. As a result, the selected addressee is now displayed at the top of the list.

Display Additional Address Information

To display the complete address of an addressee, you can enter DI in the Cmd column for the addressee and press ENTER.

```
11:19 AM
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                14.Feb.94
                  Address Maintenance - ESH
Cabinet LS
                                                                   OLAN06
Mail Nickname for
Last Name/Description Eshberry
                                                     Initial X
First Name
                      John
              Walk America
Company
Title
Department
               Public Relations
                                               Number
Location
Address
               12004 Sunrise Valley Drive
City
               Reston
Postal Code
               20001
                                               Country USA
Phone
               703-WAL-K000
                                               Country Code 1
Extension
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     HELP
          Menu
Press a PF-key
```

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The information displayed here is identical to that which is displayed when a Con-nect user issues the "DISPLAY Address <code>name"</code> command.

If you display an external node/address (indicated as External in the Type column), you can press PF4 to display the external address information you provided when you created the external node.



Note: If the addressee is not an external node or external address, this PF-key is not available.

Erase an Address

To erase an address which has been downloaded, mark the address with ER in the Cmd column and press ENTER. As a result, the address is deleted from the list.

If you want to erase all downloaded addresses, you press PF4 and the following window is displayed:

4:16 PM Cabinet LS	* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * Download Address Maintenance			14.Feb.94 OLAP03
Cmd CD Name	Node Alias Addressee Name Type	j	Mail ID	Version
	! ! Erase all Downloaded Addresses ! !	! b ! b ! b ! b ! b ! b ! ! b ! ! b ! ! b ! ! b !	BLI JAS EDUC GBG BSAC DOC KSC KEY JPR JAS VF ECK	1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1
Enter-PF1P	F2PF3PF4PF5PF6PF7PF8PF9 enu Quit ErAll FindA FindN +) P -	F10PF1	1PF12

To confirm the deletions, enter Y and press ENTER.



Note: It is important to remember that PF4 erases *only* the addresses displayed. That means, if you enter a selection criterion such as FHOST in the Node field, press ENTER and then PF4 (erase all), only the cabinets downloaded from node FHOST will be deleted from your local Con-nect node.

Import an Address

You can import addresses on an individual basis directly from the "Download Address Maintenance" screen. To do so, you mark the address with IM in the Cmd column and press ENTER. As a result, a screen similar to the one below displays the address that has been created based upon the addressing rules you specified (see *Add Profiles*). If a unique address cannot be created, you are requested to modify the nickname of the address before importing the address.

Each address which is created with the Import Addresses function is added to the Con-nect node as an external address.

```
9:36 AM
                      * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                      14.Feb.94
 Cabinet IS
                              Import Address
                                                                         01 I N 0 5
 Nickname:
                          Eshberry.John
 Folder:
                                              File:
                          Work
 Central Directory Name: DAEFCOC
 Alias:
                          DnB
 Node:
                          FHOST
 Original Mail ID:
                          ESH
 Last Name/Description:
                          Eshberry
 First Name:
                          John
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help Menu Quit Displ Imp
                                                                         Cancl
Press PF5 to import address and to continue
```

You can modify the following information:

Nickname

Nickname created for the imported address based upon the import rules you specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

Folder

Current folder in which the imported address will be stored, as specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

File

Current file in which imported address will be stored, as specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

To import the address, press PF5.

Thus the address is imported to your local node and the address is removed from the "Download Address Maintenance" screen.

If, when importing several addresses concurrently, you want to cancel the import of only the currently displayed address, press PF3. If you want to cancel the import of all selected addresses, press PF12.

Find Addressee

You can use an address' alias or addressee name as a search qualifier to quickly position the list of addresses to that address.

If you want to position to an address via the alias you press PF5 and enter the alias in the resulting window. If you want to position to an address via the addressee name, press PF6 and enter the name in the resulting window.

```
5:27 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                      Download Address Maintenance
                                                                   0LAP03
Cmd CD Name Node Alias Addressee Name Type Mail ID Version
             +-----+ 1 FHOST 1.1
    DAEFCOC
    DAEFCOC !
                                                     ! b 05MLKPUB 1.1
    DAEFCOC !
                                                     ! 1 JG 1.1
   DAEFCOC ! Find a Particular Address Record by ! 1 DRUCKER 1.1
DAEFCOC ! its Synchronization Address. ! 1 PRI 1.1
DAEFCOC !
    DAEFCOC !
                                                     ! 1 DAEFCO
             .
! Synchronization Address:
    DAEFCOC
                                                     ! 1 JBB400 1.1
    DAEFCOC !
                                                     ! 1 LEO-NODE 1.1
            ! Central Directory Name: DAEFCOC_
    DAEFCOC
                                                     ! 1 LEOX400 1.1
    DAEFCOC ! Alias:
                                                     ! 1 LEOX4001 1.1
    DAEFCOC !
                                                     ! 1 CNE-SNA 1.1
                                                     ! 1 JBBSP00L 1.1
    DAEFCOC !
                                                     ! 1 XXXXX
    DAEFCOC! Press ENTER to continue
 Cmd: Addressee Type _ All Position to CD _____ Node _
TO Top    DI Display    ER Erase    IM Import
Cmd:
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     HELP Quit Menu ErAll FindA FindN +
```

In either case, when the address is found, the list of downloaded addresses is restarted with the specified address.

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Download Addresses

The Download Addresses function is used to download new addresses from the central directory and to update all previously imported addresses whose records have been modified on the central directory since the last download.

Modified addresses include not only those addresses whose address information has changed, but also those whose status has changed. This means that if an address has been removed from the central directory since your last download, that address will be deleted from your Con-nect node with the next download, so long as you have not unlinked the address. See *Import Address Maintenance*.

If, since the last download, you have modified the import rule (see *Add Profiles*) for an addressee type on a particular node, the resulting new nicknames for the addressees are modified with the next download. If a nickname already exists in SYSCNT, the addressee's information is not modified. In this case, you must manually specify a unique nickname for this addressee during the Import function.

When you select the Download Addresses function, the window below is displayed:

If you are downloading addresses for the first time, the system will automatically download all addresses which apply to the profiles you defined with the Add Profile function from the central directory. This situation is indicated with the message "System has chosen Total Download" in the resulting window.

If you have previously performed a download, any new or modified addresses on the central directory which apply to the profiles you defined with the Add Profile function will be downloaded. This situation is indicated with the message "System has chosen Incremental Download" in the resulting window.

Enter Y and press ENTER to download all new addresses from the central directory.

The total number of addresses downloaded and updated is displayed after the download process is completed.

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Return to Top of List	
■ Display Additional Address Information	
■ Erase Imported Addresses from Your Con-nect Node	
■ Unlink an Address	
■ Find Address	
- Tilla /\aaroo /\aaro	

Import Address Maintenance Screen

The Import Address Maintenance function displays all addresses which have been imported to your Con-nect.

3:17 PM * * * Cabinet LS	* CON Import A	- N E C T ddress Ma	3 * * * intenance		26.Feb.98 OLAP05
Cmd Addressee Name	CD Name	Alias	Mail Node	Last Date	Last Time
<pre>BL.SEATTLE BR.BOSTON Brinkmann.Cindy BSAC.SEATTLE CAB40.SEATTLE</pre>	DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC	DiO Djf DpV DjZ DjU D4U D4T DjW Djh	SEATTLE SEATTLE SEATTLE BOSTON	13.02.1998 13.02.1998 13.02.1998 13.02.1998 13.02.1998 09.02.1998 13.02.1998 13.02.1998 13.02.1998	10:22 10:22 10:22 10:22 10:22 16:03 10:22 10:22 10:22 10:22 10:22
Cmd: TO Top DI Display U Enter-PF1PF2PF3P Help Menu Quit E	F4PF5-	ER Eras	e F7 PF8		
Mark item(s) from the lis					

Addressee Name

Nickname created for the imported address based upon the import rules you specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

CD Name

Name of central directory to which the address was uploaded.

Alias

A unique ID assigned to each address when uploaded to the central directory.

Mail Node

Name of Con-nect node from which the address originates, or the external mail node name.

Last Date

Date address was last imported to your Con-nect node.

Last Time

Time address was last imported to your Con-nect node.

Position to

You can enter a one or more characters to restart the list of addresses with the first address whose nickname begins with the character(s) you specified.

Return to Top of List

To reposition the address list to a selected addressee, you can enter TO in the Cmd column for the addressee and press ENTER. As a result, the selected addressee is now displayed at the top of the list.

Display Additional Address Information

To display the complete address of an addressee, you can enter DI in the Cmd column for the addressee and press ENTER.

```
2:33 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                      14. Feb. 94
Cabinet LS
                    Address Maintenance - ESH.BOSTON
                                                                         OLANO6
Mail Nickname for
                        BOSTON
                                               BOSTON
Last Name/Description Eshberry
                                                          Initial X
 First Name
                        John
Company
                Walk America
Title
                Public Relations
                                                   Number
Department
Location
Address
                12004 Sunrise Valley Drive
City
                Boston
Postal Code
                20001
                                                   Country USA
Phone
                814-WAL-K000
                                                   Country Code 1
Extension
                25
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     HELP
                 Menu ExtAd
Press a PF-key
```

The information displayed here is identical to that which is displayed when a Con-nect user issues the "DISPLAY Address name" command.

Once an address is imported to your Con-nect node, that address is an external address and additional address information is automatically created for the address. This information is a combin-

ation of the addressee's data and the external node's (the node from which the address originates) address information.

To display the additional address information, you can press PF4. As a result, as window similar to the one below is displayed:

Erase Imported Addresses from Your Con-nect Node

You can erase imported addresses from your Con-nect node on an individual basis, or erase all imported addresses.

When you erase an imported address, that address will be automatically downloaded again if, at a later point in time, the Transaction counter for that address is higher than the MRD Transaction Counter on your node. This situation will occur, for example, if the address is modified on the address' originiating node and then uploaded to the central directory. With the next download you perform this address is once again downloaded to your node.

Additionally, if you erase an imported address and, then, at a later date, decide that you need to import this address again (and the above situation has not occurred), you can force a download. To do so, you must reset the MRD Transaction Counter for the corresponding profile (for the address' originiating node) and then perform a download.

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To erase imported addresses on an individual basis, you mark each address with ER in the Cmd column and press ENTER. As a result, each address you marked is deleted from the "Import Address Maintenance" screen.

To remove *all* imported addresses from your Con-nect node, press PF4 to display the following window:

```
10:23 AM
                  * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                        14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                   Import Address Maintenance
                                                          OLAP05
Cmd Addressee Name CD Name Alias Mail Node Last Date Last Time
  AHA.SEATT +-----+ 94 10:22
   ASHLEY.SE !
                                               ! 94 10:22
 __ BINCAB.SE !
                                               ! 94 10:22
                                               ! 94 10:22
  BLI.SEATT!
   BJI.SEATT ! Erase all Imported Addresses
                                              ! 94 10:22
  BL.SEATTL !
                                               ! 94 10:22
  BR.BOSTON ! 106 Addresses will be erased. ! 94 16:03
                                               ! 94 10:22
  Brinkmann !
 __ BSAC.SEAT ! Enter Y to confirm: N
                                               ! 94 10:22
  CAB40.SEA !
                                               ! 94 10:22
                                               ! 94 10:22
   CRUISE.SE!
__ DBA.BOSTO !
                                               ! 94 16:03
                                               ! 94 10:22
  DBA.SEATT !
                             Position to _____
Cmd:
TO Top DI Display UL Unlink ER Erase
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit ErAll UlAll Find + --
Press ENTER to continue
```

Enter *Y* to confirm the deletion and press ENTER.

When the erase procedure is completed, the addresses are deleted from the "Import Address Maintenance" screen and the total number of addresses erased is displayed.

To cancel the deletion, press ENTER.

Unlink an Address

You can unlink one, or all imported addresses to remove the directory synchronization address. When you unlink an address, any modifications which are made to the address data on the central directory are not applied to the imported address when the Download Addresses function is performed; it remains unchanged. However, the modified address is downloaded to your Connect node.



Notes:

- 1. With an imported address that has been unlinked, you can modify the address in cabinet SYSCNT just as with any address filed in cabinet SYSCNT.
- 2. Although an unlinked address is handled similar to an address which originates on your node, you cannot upload an unlinked address to the central directory.

To unlink an imported address, mark the imported address you want with UL in the Cmd column and press ENTER.

To unlink *all* imported addresses, press PF4 and enter Y in the resulting screen.

```
10:38 AM
                * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                   14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                  Import Address Maintenance
                                                     OLAP05
--- -----
___ AHA.SEATT +----+ 94 10:22
 __ ASHLEY.SE !
                                          ! 94 10:22
 _ BINCAB.SE !
                                          ! 94 10:22
__ BLI.SEATT !
                                          ! 94 10:22
 _ BJI.SEATT ! Unlink all Imported Addresses
                                          ! 94 10:22
  _ BL.SEATTL !
                                          ! 94 10:22
 BR.BOSTON ! 104 Addresses will be unlinked. ! 94 16:03
___ Brinkmann !
                                           ! 94 10:22
  BSAC.SEAT! Enter Y to confirm: N
                                          ! 94 10:22
                                          ! 94 10:22
 CAB40.SEA !
 _ CRUISE.SE!
                                           ! 94 10:22
                                          ! 94 16:03
 __ DBA.BOSTO !
 DBA.SEATT !
                                          ! 94 10:22
                           Position to _____
Cmd:
TO Top DI Display UL Unlink ER Erase
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Menu Quit ErAll UlAll Find + --
Press ENTER to continue
```

In either case, the information in columns CD Name and Alias are deleted, as shown below.

Find Address

You can use an address' alias as a search qualifier to quickly position the list of addresses to that address. To do so, you press PF7 and enter the alias in the resulting window.



Note: The search for an address' alias is case sensitive. This means that, for example, alias GhR must be entered as GhR and not ghr.

```
11:44 AM
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                             14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS
                     Import Address Maintenance
                                                               OLAP05
Cmd Addressee Name CD Name Alias Mail Node Last Date Last Time
   AHA.SEATT +----- 94 10:22
                                                  ! 94 10:22
   ASHLEY.SE !
                                                  ! 94 10:22
   BINCAB.SE !
 BLI.SEATT! Find a Particular Address Record by ! 94 10:22
BJI.SEATT! its Synchronization Address. ! 94 10:22
                                                  ! 94 10:22
   BL.SEATTL !
  BR.BOSTON! Synchronization Address:
                                                  ! 94 16:03
  Brinkmann !
                                                  ! 94 10:22
   BSAC.SEAT ! Central Directory Name: DAEFCOC_
                                                  ! 94 10:22
  CAB40.SEA! Alias:
                                                  ! 94 10:22
                                                  ! 94 10:22
   CRUISE.SE!
   DBA.BOSTO !
                                                  ! 94 16:03
                                                  ! 94 10:22
 DBA.SEATT !
                             Position to _____
Cmd:
TO Top DI Display UL Unlink ER Erase
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit ErAll UlAll Find + --
Press ENTER to continue
```

44 Import Addresses

Import Addresses Screen	470
Display Additional Address Information	
Cancel	472

Import Addresses Screen

The Import Addresses function is used to import the addresses you have downloaded from the central directory.

Select the Import Addresses function and press ENTER. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed listing the number of addresses that will be imported. Enter *Y* to confirm, or press ENTER to cancel the import process

During the import process, a nickname for each address is created based upon the addressing rules you specified with the Add Initial Profile function and filed in cabinet SYSCNT. See *Add Profiles*.

For each nickname created for an address during the import procedures, a screen, similar to the one below, is displayed.

```
14.Feb.94
 4:38 PM
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 Cabinet LS
                             Import Address
                                                                        OLIN05
 Nickname:
                         Mayer, Julie
 Folder:
                         work
                                             File:
 Central Directory Name: DAEFCOC
 Alias:
                         DjG
Node:
                         RESTON
 Original Mail ID:
                         JEM
 Last Name/Description:
                         Mayer
 First Name:
                         Julie
Enter-PF1---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Displ Imp
```

Note: If a unique nickname cannot be created, a message is displayed in the above screen.

Nickname

Nickname created for the imported address based upon the import rules you specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

This field can be modified.

Folder

Current folder in which the imported address will be stored, as specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

This field can be modified.

File

Current file in which imported address will be stored, as specified with the Add Profile function. See *Add Profiles*.

This field can be modified.

Central Directory Name

Central directory from which the imported address was downloaded.

Alias

Unique ID assigned to the imported address when uploaded to the central directory.

Node

The transport service node responsible for uploading the address to the central directory.

Original Mail ID

ID which uniquely identifies the imported address on its local node.

Last Name / Description

Imported addressee's last name or description.

First Name

Imported addressee's first name. This field is blank if the address is not a user.

Once you have made your modifications, press PF5 to import the address.

Display Additional Address Information

To display the complete address of an addressee, press PF4.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    14.Feb.94
 3:57 PM
 Cabinet LS
                    Address Maintenance - ESH
                                                                       OLAN06
Mail Nickname for
 Last Name/Description
                        Eshberry
                                                         Initial X
 First Name
                        John
              Walk America
Company
Title
Department
                                                  Number
 Location
Address
                12004 Sunrise Valley Drive
City
                Boston
 Postal Code
                20001
                                                  Country USA
 Phone
                814-WAL-K000
                                                  Country Code 1
 Extension
                25
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     HELP
                 Quit
Press a PF-key
```

The information displayed here is identical to that which is displayed when a user issues the "DISPLAY Address name" command.

Cancel

If you want to cancel the import of this address, press PF3.

If you want to cancel the import process for all addresses, press PF12. As a result, the "Administration - Directory Synchronization" screen is redisplayed.

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45 Directory Synchronization Maintenance

■ Directory Synchronization Maintenance Menu	474
■ Directory Synchronization Maintenance	474
De-Install Directory Synchronization	479
Add Profiles	
Maintain Profiles	485
Maintain Log Records	

In order to download addresses from the central directory, you must create a profile for each node in your network from which you want to obtain information. By creating a profile, you can delimit the addressee types you wish to download, how the addresses are downloaded, the security levels which will apply for the addresses and where the addresses will be stored when they are imported to your Con-nect node.

Directory Synchronization Maintenance Menu

When you select the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, the screen below is displayed.

You select the function you want with any character and press ENTER to access that function.

Directory Synchronization Maintenance

This section covers the following topics:

- Directory Synchronization Maintenance Screen
- **Erase Directory Synchronization Maintenance Data**
- Reset Upload Transaction Counter
- Reset Download Transaction Counter

Directory Synchronization Maintenance Screen

Information which is required to maintain your directory synchronization is partially provided automatically and partially provided by you. It is very important that you ensure that the information pertaining to the central directory is correct. If not, any attempt to upload and/or download will result in an error message.

```
* * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
 5:41 PM
                                                                14.Feb.94
 Cabinet LS
                  Directory Synchronization Maintenance
                                                                   OLAP07
                           DAEFCOC
 Central Directory Name:
Central Directory DBID:
                           180
                                        Central Directory FNR: 12_
Transport Service Node Name: CEDARRP
                                        Mod. TS Node Name:
 CON-NECT DBID:
                                        CON-NECT FNR:
                           180
                                                             30
Synchronization Abilities: B up/download
                                                   Version: 1.1
 Log Level:
                                         Transaction Limit:
                                                             50
Set Addresses for Upload: AUTO
                                  Addr. _ Bull. _ Cab. _ Ext. _ Name _
MRU Transaction Counter:
                          000000000000000000000056591
MRD Transaction Counter: 000000000000000000056600
                      19940209 Date Last Downloaded: 19940209
Date Last Uploaded:
Time:
                           15:51:24.5
                                                      Time: 16:14:48.7
Date Modified: 19940209 Time Modified: 16:14 Author ID: LS
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Erase Save RsMRU RsMRD
                                                                  Cancl
Make the required changes and press a PF-key
```

Central Directory Name

Name of the central directory.

Do not modify this field unless your central directory administrator has informed you that the name has been changed. Additionally, this field is not used to switch to another central directory.

If you modify the central directory name on this screen, a confirmation window is displayed and you are informed that the uploaded and imported addresses stored in cabinet SYSCNT will be modified. Enter *Y* and press ENTER to confirm, or press ENTER to cancel the modification.

Central Directory DBID

Database ID of central directory. This field along with the Central Directory FNR field defines the LFILE parameter used by the central directory. The LFILE parameter is assigned when you press PF3 or PF5 and when the upload and download functions are started with the administration programs.

Do not modify this field unless your central directory administrator informs you that it has been modified.

The value you specify here is not verified until you perform an upload or download. If the DBID is not correct, a Con-nect error message is displayed. Therefore, it is important to ensure that you specify the correct DBID.

Central Directory FNR

File number of central directory. This field along with the Central Directory DBID field defines the LFILE parameter used by the central directory. The LFILE parameter is assigned when you press PF3 or PF5 and when the upload and download functions are started with the administration programs.

Do not modify this field unless your central directory administrator informs you that it has been modified.

The value you specify here is not verified until you perform an upload or download. If the FNR is not correct, Con-nect error message is displayed. Therefore, it is important to ensure that you specify the correct FNR.

Transport Service Node Name

Automatically provided. Name of your local transport service node.

Mod. TS Node Name

Automatically provided when you rename your transport service node with the Define Local Node function. See *Transport Service Node ID*.

Previous transport service node name, which is displayed until all addresses defined to the transport service are modified on the central directory. The modification process can take some time. If, however, the previous node name remains for more than a couple of hours, see *Define Local Node Function - Rename Transport Service Node Name*.

Con-nect DBID

Automatically provided. Database ID of your local Con-nect node.

Con-nect FNR

Automatically provided. File number of your local Con-nect node.



Note: The values in fields Con-nect DBID and Con-nect FNR are verified with the information stored in the central directory each time you perform an upload or download.

Synchronization Abilities

Automatically provided via the Central Directory Maintenance function (maintained by your central directory administrator). Indicates how your Con-nect node interacts with the central directory. See *Central Directory*.

U Permitted to upload local addresses to central directory.

D Permitted to download addresses from the central directory.

B Permitted to upload and download addresses to/from the central directory.

Version

Automatically provided. Version of the directory synchronization programs used on your Con-nect node to upload and/or download addresses.

Log Level

Designates the type of event that will cause a record to be written to the log file. The values used are:

- 0 Default. Log significant events (e.g. uploads, downloads) which occur.
- 1 Log events that are traced by the system. It is recommended that log level one should only be used when additional information is required.
- 2 Log all programs that are traced. It is recommended that log level two should only be used when additional information is required.
- 3 Log all events that occur. It is recommended that log level three should only be used when additional information is required.

Transaction Limit

The value is used by the upload and download processes to determine the number of addresses which are read before an end of transaction is performed.

Set Addresses for Upload

Determines whether new addresses in your SYSCNT cabinet will be automatically (Auto) or manually (Manl) set for upload to the central directory. Default - Auto. You mark the addressee type(s) you want to adhere to this rule.

Standalone cabinets must always be uploaded manually.

For example, if you have specified automatic upload for addressee type Cabinet and you add a shared cabinet, the next time you perform the Upload Addresses function, this cabinet will be automatically uploaded to the central directory. You need not manually set it for upload.

If you display the shared cabinet with the Upload Address Maintenance function before performing an upload, the status of the cabinet will be blank, even though it has been automatically set for the next upload.

MRU Transaction Counter

Automatically incremented with each upload. Last transaction number assigned to local address during upload procedure to the central directory. The number displayed here is also recorded in the central directory. It is also used to verify that the central directory and your local node are synchronized.

You can reset this field to 0 with PF6. See *Reset Upload Transaction Counter*.

MRD Transaction Counter

Automatically incremented. Transaction number assigned to last address downloaded from the central directory. The number displayed here is also recorded in the central directory. It is also used to verify that the central directory and your local node are synchronized.

You can reset this field to 0 with PF7. See *Reset Download Transaction Counter*.

Date Last Uploaded

Date last upload occurred.

Time Last Uploaded

Time last upload occurred.

Date Last Downloaded

Date last download occurred.

Time Last Downloaded

Time last download occurred.

Date Modified

Date of last modification.

Time Modified

Time of last modification.

Author ID

Identifies user who made last modifications.

To save your modifications, press PF5. If you have modified the central directory name on your Con-nect node, a confirmation window is displayed. It shows the number of addresses in your SYSCNT cabinet that will be modified if you confirm the modification. To confirm the modification, enter *Y*, or press ENTER to cancel the modification.

Erase Directory Synchronization Maintenance Data

You can press PF4 to de-install the directory synchronization. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed. Enter *Y* and press ENTER to de-install, or press ENTER to cancel. In contrast to the De-Install Directory Synchronization function, only the maintenance data displayed on this screen is deleted. The synchronization profiles, downloaded records and cabinets uploaded to the central directory are not deleted. See *De-Install Directory Synchronization*.

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Reset Upload Transaction Counter

You can reset the upload transaction counter to zero to force a total upload to the central directory. To reset the transaction counter, press PF6 and with the next upload, the system will perform a total upload.

Reset Download Transaction Counter

You can reset the download transaction counter to zero to force a total download from the central directory. To reset the transaction counter, press PF7 and with the next download, the system will perform a total download.

De-Install Directory Synchronization

When you select the De-Install Directory Synchronization function, the resulting window displays the total number of synchronization profiles, downloaded addresses and maintenance data (defined with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function) stored on your Con-nect node that will be deleted when the directory synchronization is de-installed. It also displays the total number of addresses you have imported to your Con-nect node. The imported addresses will not be deleted from your node, however, they will be unlinked from the central directory. This means that any modifications made to the addresses on the central directory will not be updated on your Connect node.

If you want to delete only the maintenance data, see *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*.

To de-install, enter *Y* and press ENTER.

To cancel the de-install, press ENTER.

Add Profiles

This section covers the following topics:

- Add Profiles Screen
- Download
- **■** Import

Add Profiles Screen

When the download function is performed, only the addresses which correspond with the delimiting factors (node and addressee type) of a profile you have defined will be downloaded from the central directory.

The Add Profiles function is used to create the profiles. When you select this function, all nodes which interact with the central directory and the possible addressee types are displayed.

If you have previously created a profile for an addressee type on a particular node, the column for that addressee type is empty and you are unable to select the addressee type. You can use the Maintain Profiles function to display, modify or delete a previously created profile. See *Maintain Profiles*.

Mark the addressee types you want for each node and press ENTER. The resulting screen, as shown below, is displayed for each addressee type and node you selected.

```
14.Feb.94
                                                             OLIP90
Download
                                                     Import Rule Syntax
  Node Name:
                        DAEFCOC
  Node Name: DENVER__
Addressee Type: Cabinet__
Date Last Downloaded: 0000-00-00 00:00:00.0
                       DENVER___
                                                      #1 #2 ...
                                                      #1 Mail ID
                                                     #2 Node Name
  Highest Transaction ID: 0
                                                      #3 Last Name
                       (Set to zero with RESET PF-key)
                                                      #4 First Name
Import
                                                      #5 CD Name
  Include First/Last Name: X (Mark to include)
                                                      #6 Alias
  Separator: . Import Rule: \#1\ \#2
                                                      #7 Addressee
  File:
  Security Levels: 7 Read 7 Modify 7 Copy 7 Print

(Original security levels used who
                       (Original security levels used when blank)
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
         Menu Quit
                                                              Canc1
Make the required changes and press a PF-key
```

Download

The values displayed here are automatically provided:

CD Name

Name of the central directory.

Node Name

Name of node to which this profile applies.

Addressee Type

Type of addressees which are to be downloaded.

Date Last Downloaded

Date and time of last download.

Highest Transaction ID

Each time an address is uploaded to the central directory, whether for the first time or when modified, a transaction ID is assigned to the address.

The number displayed here is the highest transaction ID which has been downloaded to your local Con-nect node. The next time you perform a download, the system will use this number as an indicator to begin downloading the address with the next highest transaction ID.

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Import

The values you specify here determine, for example, how each downloaded addressee is imported to your SYSCNT cabinet and how the imported addressee is uniquely identified on your Con-nect node.



Note: Import rules and exception import rules can also be defined with user exit USR0060C. Once you execute USR0060C, the fields Include First/Last Name, Separator, Import Rule and Exception Import Rule are not displayed in the "Directory Synchronization - Add Profile" screen. USR0060C can be either performed online or in batch mode. For further information, see *User Exit USR0060C*.

Include First/Last Name

Pertains only to addressee type Cabinet. Designates whether the first and last name of a private cabinet will be additionally used to create the address' nickname. If this field is blank, the first and last name will not be used.

Separator

Separator character. A unique nickname is created for each imported address. The values which are used to create this nickname are determined in the "Import Rule" field below. The separator character that you specify here is inserted between the different values. A separator character can be, for example, the dollar sign (\$), or comma (,).

You cannot use the asterisk (*) as a separator and, depending upon your environment, there may be other characters which cannot be used.

Default is: " " (blank).

Import Rule

Defines which address information is used to create the address' nickname on your local node. If you specify more than one value here they must be separated by a blank. For example #2 #3.

If you have specified a separator character in the field above, this character will be used to separate the values when the mail ID is created; it is not entered here.



Note: When adding a profile for addressee type bulletin board, it is recommended that you use the defaults for this field.

The following values can be specified:

- #1 Addressee's user ID.
- #2 Node name from which address originates.
- #3 Addressee's last name.
- #4 Addressee's first name.
- #5 Name of central directory from which address was downloaded.

- #6 A unique ID which is assigned by the system to each addressee uploaded to the central directory.
- #7 The addressee's name, which can be one of the following: the description or name of a cabinet, user's full name, nickname, bulletin board or external address.

Exception Import Rule

Used to override the import rule, if in this case the import rule would create a duplicate nickname.

Batch Import Mode

Determines whether or not the addresses are imported in batch mode. You can select one of the following options:

Automatic Address data is automatically imported to your Con-nect node when you run utility B20002 "Directory Synchronization - Download".

Controlled All addresses which correspond to this profile are not imported during the execution of utility B20002 "Directory Synchronization - Download". You must download the addressees online (using the directory synchronization administration Download Addresses function).

Target Cabinet

Cabinet to which addresses are imported - this is always cabinet SYSCNT.

Folder

Folder in target cabinet to which addresses are imported.

File

File in target cabinet to which addresses are imported.

Default Security Level

Security levels (read, modify, copy, print) assigned to each address when they are imported to your local node. If, in the case of addresses of type address and external, the security levels are left blank, the security levels assigned to the addresses on the originating node are used. See *Cabinet Profile*.

When you have completed your specifications, press PF3 to save the profile.

To define the next addressee type, press PF4.

Maintain Profiles

This section covers the following topics:

- Maintain Profiles Screen
- Display Profile
- Erase Profile
- Modify Profile

Maintain Profiles Screen

The Maintain Profiles function is used to maintain the profiles you created with the Add Initial Profile function.

	I - N E C T 3 * * * chronization - Maintain Profiles	
Cmd Node Name Addressee Type	Date Last Downloaded Mode	CD Name
BOSTON Address DENVER Address DENVER Bulletin DENVER Cabinet SEATTLE Name SEATTLE External	1994-02-09 16:37:50.4 CNTL	DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC DAEFCOC
DI Display MO Modify ER Erase Enter-PF1PF2PF3PF4PF5	Position to Node CD Name	
Mark item(s) from the list above	ErAll - + ++ with a command or press a PF-key	

You can display, modify or erase each profile displayed on this screen.

Node Name

The transport service node responsible for uploading the address to the central directory.

Addressee Type

Type of addressee that will be imported. It can be one of the below:

Name Con-nect user.

Address Nickname.

Cabinet Private, shared, standalone, or public cabinet.

Bulletin Bulletin board.

External External address.

Date Last Downloaded

Date and time last download was performed.

(Batch Import) Mode

Indicates how the addresses are imported to your SYSCNT cabinet in batch mode.

AUTO Addresses which pertain to this profile are imported automatically.

CNTL Addresses will only be imported on line so that you can control the import of each address.

CD Name

Name of central directory.

Position to Node

If you wish to begin the list starting with a particular node, enter the node name in this field and press ENTER. As a result, the list is restarted with the node you specified.

Additionally, you can press PF4 to add a new profile. As a result, you are returned to the "Directory Synchronization - Add Profiles" screen. See *Add Profiles*.

Display Profile

To display the profile of an addressee type, enter DI in the Cmd column for the appropriate node name and addressee type, and press ENTER.

Erase Profile

To erase the profile of an addressee type, enter ER in the Cmd column for that profile, and press ENTER. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed. You can either confirm (Y) or cancel (N) the deletion of each marked profile individually, or you can enter an asterisk (*) to confirm the deletion of all marked profiles.

To erase all profiles displayed on this screen, press PF6. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed. Enter *Y* and press ENTER to erase all profiles, or press ENTER to cancel.

Modify Profile

To modify the profile of an addressee type, enter MO in the Cmd column for the appropriate node name and addressee type, and press ENTER. As a result, the screen below is displayed.

```
* * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
 6:06 PM
                                                                      14.Feb.94
Cabinet LS Directory Synchronization - Modify Profile
                                                                         OLIP92
Download
                                                              Import Rule Syntax
  CD Name:
                         DAEFCOC_
  Node Name:
                         DENVER___
                                                               #1 #2 ...
  Addressee Type: Bulletin_
                                                               #1 Mail ID
  Date Last Downloaded: 1994-02-09 16:37:50.4 #2 Node Name Highest Transaction ID: 000000000000000000056600 #3 Last Name
                           (Set to zero with RESET PF-key)
                                                              #4 First Name
                                                               #5 CD Name
                                                               #6 Alias
Import
                                                               #7 Addressee
  Separator:
  Import Rule: #2 #7
  Exception Import Rule: #6___
  Batch Import Mode: __ Automatic X Controlled
Target Cabinet: SYSCNT__
Folder: Work____
File: DENVER ADDR____
                          DENVER ADDR___
  Security Levels: 7 Read 7 Modify 7 Copy 7 Print
                          (Original security levels used when blank)
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit Reset
                                                                         Cancl
Make the required changes and press a PF-key
```

Notes:

- 1. Some fields are only shown for specific addressee types. For example, when the addressee type is "Bulletin", the "Include First/Last Name" field is not shown.
- If user exit USR0060C (see *User Exit USR0060C*) is used to create the addressees' nicknames, then the fields "Include First/Last Name", "Separator", "Import Rule" and "Exception Import Rule" are not displayed.

With the exception of the target cabinet, you can modify all information pertaining to the Import Addresses function. You cannot modify the information pertaining to the download function with the exception of the Highest Transaction ID field.

To reset the highest transaction ID to zero you press PF6. This forces the system to perform a total download with the next download. This means that, if you have erased previously uploaded addresses from your node, these addresses will be again downloaded. See *Erase Imported Addresses from Your Con-nect Node*.

Once you have completed your modifications, press PF3 to save your changes.

If you have marked several addressee types for modification, you can press PF4 to display the next addressee type.

Maintain Log Records

Depending upon the log level you specified with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, either all significant events that occur, or only specific events are recorded in the log record. See *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*.

The log information is used to facilitate problem determination and general supervision. To avoid excessive disk space usage, you should occasionally delete obsolete log data.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 6:11 PM
                                                              14.Feb.94
                Directory Synchr. - Maintain Log Information
Cabinet LS
                                                                 OLLP03
Cmd Msg. Nr. Program Log Time
                                        Log Message
                                                              Node Name
  __ 5087
            OLPN06 1994-01-25 13:00:54.2 Program OLPN06 started at RESTON
  __ 5110
            OLINO5 1994-01-26 10:26:33.7 Address cannot be importe RESTON
 __ 5087
            OLIP92 1994-01-26 10:26:46.6 Program OLIP92 started at RESTON
         OLINO5 1994-01-26 10:29:13.4 Address cannot be importe RESTON OLINO5 1994-01-26 10:29:13.7 Address cannot be importe RESTON OLINO5 1994-01-26 10:29:13.8 Address cannot be importe RESTON
  __ 5110
  5110
   5110
   5110
          OLINO5 1994-01-26 10:29:13.9 Address cannot be importe RESTON
           OLINO5 1994-01-26 10:29:46.3 Address cannot be importe RESTON
   _ 5110
  5087
            OLIP92 1994-01-26 10:34:55.5 Program OLIP92 started at RESTON
Cmd: Position to Current Node Name ALSBACH_ Log Time
 DI Display ER Erase TO Top
                                                         YYYYMMDDHHMMSST
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit ErAll - + --
Mark item(s) from the list above with a command or press a PF-key
```

Msg. Nr.

Message number.

Program

Name of program which generated the log record.

Log Time

Date and time log record was created.

Log Message

Information used for tracing.

Node Name

Node on which event occurred.

Position to Current Node Name

By default, the log messages recorded on your node are displayed. If, for example, you have modified your node name, you can enter the name of your previous node name to display the log records that were created with this node.

Log Time

If you want to begin the list with logs created on a particular day and/or time, enter the date and time in this field and press ENTER. As a result, the list is restarted with log records which occurred since the time you specified.

You can mark any log record with ER in the Cmd column to erase the record from the file. As a result, a window is displayed where you are asked to confirm the erasure; enter *Y* and press ENTER. To cancel the erasure, press ENTER.

Additionally, you can mark each log record item with DI in the Cmd column to obtain extended information about the record. As a result, a screen similar to the one below is displayed.

```
5:02 PM
                    * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                14.Feb.95
Cabinet LS
                 Directory Synchr. - Display Log Information
                                                                   OLLP03
   Program
            OLUP01
                                       Message Number 5030
   Log Time 1994-11-21 10:14:50.4
                                       Function UPLOAD
                                                Node ECUADOR
   Log Message
                    Log Level Threshold 1 Logged with level
    Upload utility has been completed
    Records Synchronized O Node ECUADOR
    1
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Menu Quit
                                                                  Cancl
Press a PF-key
```

The information displayed here is used to assist the Software AG staff if additional information is required.

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User Exit USR0060C

With the use of user exit USR0060C, you can define nickname creation rules for addressee types where, for example, only the first 5 characters of the addressee's last and first names are used to create the nicknames.

USR0060C can be invoked either online or in batch mode, in the Natural library SYSCNT2 or SYSCNT2B, respectively. For further information, see the *Con-nect Installation and Operations* documentation, section *Invoking Con-nect*.

If this user exit is not cataloged in the current library, the import rules, as defined in the "Directory Synchronization - Add Profiles" screen, are used.

Parameter	Format	ln	Out	Remarks
Addressee-type	N2	Х		1=nickname, 4=bulletin board, 5=cabinet (public, shared or standalone), 33=private cabinet, 74=external address
Mail-ID	A8	Х		#1
Node-name	A8	Х		#2 - Node name from which address originates
Last-name	A32	Х		#3 - Addressee's last name
First-name	A32	Х		#4 - Addressee's first name
CD-name	A8	Х		#5 - Name of central directory
Alias	A8	Х		#6 - Unique ID assigned by the system
Addressee	A32	X		#7 - Addressee's name (description or name of cabinet, user's full name, nickname, bulletin board or external address)
Address-nickname	A20		X	
Address-nickname-exc	A20		X	Overrides the address-nickname parameter in the case of a duplicate nickname

Example Calling USR0060C

The following program, USR0060C, is called to create nicknames for imported addresses using the import and exception import rules.

```
0010 DEFINE DATA
0020 *
0030 PARAMETER
0040 *
                                              /* INPUT:
0050
0060 1 #ADDRESSEE-TYPE
                              (N2)
                                              /* Addressee type. The following
0070
                                              /* values are used:
                                              /* 01 Addressee is a nickname
0800
0090
                                              /* 04 Addressee is a bulletin board
0100
                                             /* 05 Addressee is a public, shared or
                                              /* standalone cabinet
0110
0120
                                              /* 33 Addressee is a private cabinet
0130
                                             /* 74 Addressee is an external address
                                              /* The following fields are identical
0140
0150
                                              /* to those in the 'Directory
0160
                                              /* Synchronization - Add Profile'
0170
                                              /* screen:
0180 1 #MAIL-ID
                              (A8)
                                              /* #1 Addressee's user ID
0190 1 #NODE-NAME
                                              /* #2 Node name from which address
                              (A8)
0200
                                              /* originates
0210 1 #LAST-NAME
                              (A32)
                                              /* #3 Addressee's last name
0220 1 #FIRST-NAME
                                              /* #4 Addressee's first name
                              (A32)
0230 1 #CD-NAME
                              (A8)
                                              /* #5 Name of central directory
0240 1 #ALIAS
                                              /* #6 Unique ID which is assigned by
                              (8A)
0250
                                              /* the system
                                              /* #7 Addressee's name
0260 1 #ADDRESSEE
                              (A32)
0270
                                              /* OUTPUT:
                                              /* Address' nickname
0280 1 #ADDRESS-NICKNAME
                              (A20)
0290 1 #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC (A20)
                                              /* Address' nickname if in the case
                                              /* parameter address-nickname is not
0300
                                              /* unique.
0310
0320 END-DEFINE
0330 *
0340 RESET #ADDRESS-NICKNAME
0350 RESET #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC
0360 *
0370 DECIDE FOR FIRST CONDITION
0380
      WHEN #ADDRESSEE-TYPE EQ 01
                                              /* #2 #7
                                            TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 1, 6)
0390
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#NODE-NAME, 1, 6)
         MOVE '.'
0400
                                            TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 7, 1)
0410
         MOVE SUBSTRING(\#0,1,13)
                                            TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME,8,13)
                                              /* #6
0420 *
0430
         MOVE #ALIAS
                                            TO #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC
0440 *
                                              /* #2 #7
0450
       WHEN #ADDRESSEE-TYPE EQ 04
0460
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#NODE-NAME,1,6) TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME,1,6)
```

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```
0470
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#ADDRESSEE, 1, 14)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 7, 14)
0480 *
                                               /* #6
0490
         MOVE #ALIAS
                                             TO #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC
0500 *
0510
       WHEN #ADDRESSEE-TYPE EQ 05
                                               /* #7 #2 #1
0520
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#OBJECT-NAME,1,8)
                                            TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME,1,8)
0530
         MOVE '.'
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 9, 1)
0540
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#NODE-NAME, 1, 5)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 10, 5)
         MOVE '.'
0550
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 15, 1)
0560
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#Mail-ID,1,5)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 16,5)
0570 *
                                               /* #6
                                             TO #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC
0580
         MOVE #ALIAS
0590 *
0600
       WHEN #ADDRESSEE-TYPE EQ 33
                                               /* #7 #4 #1
0610
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#OBJECT-NAME, 1,8)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME,1,8)
0620
         MOVE '.'
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME,9,1)
0630
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#FIRST-NAME, 1, 4)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 10, 4)
0640
         MOVE '.'
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 14, 1)
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#Mail-ID,1,6)
0650
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 15, 6)
0660 *
0670
         MOVE #ALIAS
                                             TO #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC
0680 *
0690
       WHEN #ADDRESSEE-TYPE EQ 74
                                               /* #3 #4 #1
0700
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#LAST-NAME, 1, 6)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 1, 6)
0710
         MOVE '.'
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME,7,1)
0720
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#FIRST-NAME, 1, 6)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 8, 6)
         MOVE '.'
0730
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 14, 1)
0740
         MOVE SUBSTRING(#Mail-ID,1,6)
                                             TO SUBSTRING(#ADDRESS-NICKNAME, 15, 6)
0750 *
                                               /* #6
                                             TO #ADDRESS-NICKNAME-EXC
0760
         MOVE #ALIAS
0770 *
0780
       WHEN NONE
0790
        IGNORE
0800 END-DECIDE
0810 *
0820 END
```

47 Directory Synchronization - Trouble Shooting

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This chapter is designed to help you prevent inconsistencies within the directory synchronization system.

The functions covered are the upload, download and import of addresses to/from the central directory, the renaming of the transport service node name and the directory synchronization maintenance.

Provided is the online error message which may be displayed when one of the functions is invoked, the reason for the error message and how you can resolve the problem.

Upload/Download Functions

The following section describes the online error messages which may appear on your terminal when you invoke the Upload/Download functions. If the resulting log message, when online or in batch mode, differs from the online error message, that log message is also given.

Cannot reach the central directory - check network data

Log Message Online/Batch:

Run time error during execution

Error: nnnn: Name: Program-name on line: line-number

where nnnn is the error number, which can be 3055, 3017, 3061, or 3148

Description/Cause:

If the LFILE parameter is not set or incorrect, the system writes a log message and stops the upload procedure.

The Upload/Download functions can be invoked online as well as in batch. During batch execution, the system will not try to set the central directory file assignment. Therefore, if the LFILE parameter is not correct, the batch utility is stopped and a message is displayed. When the Upload/Download functions are invoked online, the LFILE parameter is automatically set by the directory synchronization maintenance system.

Solution:

Using the correct LFILE parameter, restart the upload/download procedure.

No administration data for directory synchronization were found

Description/Cause:

The existence of your directory synchronization administration data, which is specified with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, is checked. If the administration data is not found, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Solution:

Install the directory synchronization. Then, create your Con-nect directory synchronization administration data with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function and restart the Upload/Download function.

Your Con-nect node is not defined in the central directory

Description/Cause:

The existence of your Con-nect node in the central directory is checked. If a record of your Con-nect node is not found, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Solution:

Your central directory administrator must add a record for your Con-nect node in the central directory.

The DBID/FNR of local and central record do not match, or Invalid DBID/FNR specified in central directory

Description/Cause:

The Con-nect DBID and FNR you defined with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function are compared against the values specified for your Con-nect node in the central directory. In the case of batch mode, your LFILE parameter currently used is compared.

If the settings do not match, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

This check is performed to insure that no two Con-nect nodes with the same name overwrite existing address records in the central directory. If a second node with the identical name and DBID/FNR starts an upload, it would overwrite existing address records with its own addresses.

Solution:

Your central directory administrator must correct the DBID/FNR for your Con-nect node in the central directory, or you must change the name of your Con-nect node.

This node is not authorized to upload/download addresses

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether or not your Con-nect node, as defined in the central directory, is permitted to upload/download addresses.

If your Con-nect node is not authorized to upload/download addresses, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Additionally, the synchronization abilities, as defined in the central directory, for your Connect node is updated in your directory synchronization maintenance data. (You can display your synchronization abilities with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function.)

Solution:

Your central directory administrator must modify your Con-nect node's record in the central directory to upload (to use the Upload function), download (to use the Download function) or up/download (to use both the Upload and Download functions).

Node has been renamed

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether your Con-nect node was renamed. If a previous transport service node name for your Con-nect node is still specified on the "Directory Synchronization Maintenance" screen, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Solution:

Using the Define Local Node function, rename your transport service node name.

Local node out of date (see situation 2), or Central node out of date (see situation 3)

The above error messages pertain only to the Upload function.

Description/Cause:

The MRU Transaction Counter on your Con-nect node is compared against the value of the MRU Transaction Counter for your node's record in the central directory. If the value for both transaction counters is not equal, the system writes a log message and continues processing.

Situation 1:

Either the MRU Transaction Counter on your Con-nect node or the counter in the central directory is blank. For example, this may occur when the Con-nect directory synchronization administration data is deleted and added again.

Solution:

In this case, no online error message is displayed, since a total upload is automatically performed when the Upload function is started

Situation 2:

On your Con-nect node the MRU Transaction Counter is less, but not blank, than the central directory's MRU Transaction Counter. For example, this may occur when an Adabas backup is restored on your Con-nect node.

Solution:

Restart the Upload function on your Con-nect node.

Situation 3:

Central directory's MRU Transaction Counter is less (but not blank) than your Con-nect's MRU Transaction Counter. For example, this may occur when a backup is restored to the central directory database.

This means that subsequent upload processes will use the (now smaller) Next Transaction ID and Alias from the central directory's administration data when new address records are uploaded. If this node uploads again, it will overwrite the address record with its own data, even though this transaction ID may already be in use for another Con-nect node.

To prevent this situation, the addressee names (with a status other than New) on the Con-nect node currently uploading and the address records in the central directory are compared. If an address is not found on the central directory, the status for the address on the Con-nect node is changed to CentDel.

If the initial upload of an address to the central directory results in a duplicate synchronization address, the synchronization address is incremented until a new one is found. This also sets the Next Alias in the central directory's Administration Data Maintenance function.

Solution:

An upload from all participating Con-nect nodes is required to refresh the central directory.

The central node was not found

This error message pertains only to the Upload function.

Description/Cause:

The existence of the central directory administration data is checked.

If the central directory administration data does not exist, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

The name of the central directory administration record is taken from the entry on your Connect's "Directory Synchronization Maintenance" screen. A problem will occur if: the central directory administration record cannot be found, the record is not defined as Node Type Central, or the central directory name is not identical to that specified with the central directory's Administration Data Maintenance function.

Solution:

Install the central directory or change the name defined as the central directory with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function.

The central node is currently locked

This error message pertains only to the Upload function.

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether or not another Con-nect node is currently uploading addresses to the central directory.

If another Con-nect node is currently uploading addresses, the directory synchronization system writes the node name and current transaction counter to a log message and stops processing.

Solution:

Try to restart the Upload function later or, if a Con-nect node is blocking the upload procedure, ask your central directory administrator to force the Con-nect node out of the Upload function.

If the execution of the Upload function is forced out by your central directory administrator while a Con-nect node is uploading, the Con-nect node will receive a response code and its process will stop. In that case, the interrupted process can be restarted later.

A record of the directory synchronization is in hold status

The above error message pertains only to the Upload function.

Description/Cause:

Your Con-nect node's data defined in the central directory is placed on hold when it is read with the Upload function.

This situation can occur when multiple nodes start uploading simultaneously. In this case, the node's data remains on hold until either the node is entered as currently uploading in the central administration record, or the upload of the node's data is forced (while another node is still active).

If a response code is received because another node began uploading first, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Solution:

Try to restart the Upload function later or, if a Con-nect node is blocking the upload procedure, ask your central directory administrator to force the Con-nect node out of the Upload function.

Define Local Node Function - Rename Transport Service Node Name

This section describes solutions to problems you might encounter when renaming your transport service node name with the Define Local Node function.

This section covers the following topics:

- Online Messages
- Log Messages
- Online and Log Messages

Online Messages

Online message displayed on the "Update Node Name in Central Directory" screen:

```
Node Name currently used by the NODEO
Directory Synchronization:

The Central Directory and the Node Name cannot be modified.
Check your Directory Synchronization Installation.
```

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether the central directory is available, your Con-nect node is not registered in the central directory, or whether your Con-nect node has been defined a synchronization ability which does not allow modifications to the node name (e.g. Renamed). When one of the above situations occurs, the system stops processing and the screen above is displayed.

Solution:

Contact your central directory administrator.

Online message displayed on the "Update Node Name in Central Directory" screen:

```
New Transport Service Node Name: NODE2

Node name currently used by the NODE1

Directory Synchronization but not in the Central Directory:

Node Name last updated in the Central Directory: NODE0

The Central Directory and the Node Name cannot be modified. Check your Directory Synchronization Installation.
```

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether the previous modification terminated successfully.

If the last modification did not terminate successfully (e.g. the network was not available) and the network is currently not available, the system stops processing and displays the above screen.

Solution:

Press PF3 to quit and perform the Define Local Node function when the network is available.

Online message displayed on the "Update Node Name in Central Directory" screen:

```
The previous update to the current Node Name is pending.

A new Transport Service Node Name cannot be accepted until the current Node Name is updated. Perform the update.

Node Name currently used by the Directory Synchronization but not in the Central Directory: NODE1

Node Name last updated in the Central Directory: NODE0

The update will modify 111 addresses in the Central Directory and 123 remote users.
```

Description/Cause:

The current transport service node name on your Con-nect node is compared against the node name defined in the central directory (i.e. did the last modification terminate successfully).

If the last modification did not terminate successfully, the system requires you to complete the last modification before you can continue. The system stops processing and displays the above screen.

Solution:

Press PF5 to confirm the previous modification and then select the Define Local Node function again, to modify your transport service node name with the new node name.

Log Messages

No administration data for directory synchronization were found

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether or not a directory synchronization data record exists for your local Connect node. If no record is available, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Solution:

Using the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, define your directory synchronization administration data.

The transport service node name is not available

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether or not a transport service node name is defined for your Con-nect node. If no node name is found, the system writes a log message and stops processing.

Solution

Using the Define Local Node Name function, define a transport service node name for your Con-nect node.

Transport service and directory synchronization node name do not match

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether the transport service node name (defined with the Define Local Node function) and the transport service node name defined in your directory synchronization administration data are identical. If they are not identical, the system stops processing and writes a log message.

Solution:

Quit from the current screen. Contact your central directory administrator for your old transport service node name. Then, select the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function and press PF4 to erase the directory synchronization administration data. Enter *Y* to confirm the erasure in the resulting window. With the Define Local Node function, change your transport service node name to the node name you obtained from your central directory administrator. Then, redefine your directory synchronization administration data, using the node name you obtained from your central directory administrator. Once the above steps are completed, you can then rename your transport service node name with the new node name (using the Define Local Node function).

A node name must be specified

Description/Cause:

The existence of your transport service node name is checked in the directory synchronization data record. If no node name is found, the system stops processing and writes a log message.

Solution:

Using the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, specify your transport service node name.

The transport service node name node-name is not correct

Description/Cause:

The node name specified with the Define Local Node function is syntactically wrong.

Solution:

Use only alphanumeric characters.

Online and Log Messages

Cannot look up node name node-name in central directory

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether or not your Con-nect's node name is defined in the central directory. If it is not defined in the central directory, or the central directory was not available (i.e. the network was down), the system stops processing and writes a log message.

Solution:

Check whether the network is available. If it is available, ask your central directory administrator to add your Con-nect node to the central directory. Otherwise, wait until the network is available to rename your transport service node name.

No authorization to modify node name node-name

Description/Cause:

It is checked whether you have sufficient authorization to modify your transport service node name. In this case, the status of your node in the central directory does not allow modifications.

Solution:

Contact your central directory administrator.

Node name node-name already exists in central directory

Description/Cause:

It is checked that the modified node name will be unique within the central directory. If the node name already exists, the system stops processing and writes a log message.

Solution:

Rename your transport service node name, using a different node name.

The transactions in central DB could not be counted for node node-name

Description/Cause:

The central directory was unable to provide the total number of addresses, from your Connect node, that are currently stored in the central directory. This indicates in the most of the cases that the network is not available.

Solution:

Rename your transport service node name when the network is available.

Record does not exist

Description/Cause:

The modification of your transport service node name in the central directory was incomplete and the reference to your previous node name was lost (e.g. previous node name was erased from the central directory's administration data maintenance).

Solution:

Contact your Software AG representative.

The transport service node name is not available

Description/Cause:

Your directory synchronization administration data record cannot be read.

Solution:

Try to rename your transport service node name later.

Directory Synchronization Maintenance

The following section describes the online error message which may appear on your terminal and a solution to the problem, when you invoke the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function.

You must first define your transport service node name

Description/Cause:

As a prerequisite, your transport service node name must be defined. When Con-nect is installed, your transport service node name is not automatically defined.

Solution:

Use the Define Local Node function on the "Administration - External Mail Nodes" screen to define your Con-nect's transport service node name. Then, using the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, redefine your directory synchronization maintenance data and press PF5 to save the data.

Import Function

The following section describes the online error message which may appear on your terminal when you invoke the Import function, and a solution to the problem.

Address cannot be imported - external mail node missing

Log Message Online:

Mail method of external node is not equal to original.

Log Message Batch:

Mail method of external node is not equal to original Node: Node-name Alias: Directory-synchronization-alias CD-ID: Central-directory-name

The above log message is recorded only when the log level is 1, 2 or 3.

Description/Cause:

The Import function adds external addresses to cabinet SYSCNT on your Con-nect node. If a suitable external node does not exist on your Con-nect, the address cannot be imported.

Solution

In the case of addressee types address, bulletin board, cabinet and name, an external node of type A (Con-nect) must be added. The name must be the same name of the originating Connect node.

In the case of addressee type external, an external node with the same node type and name as on the originating node must be added on your Con-nect node, using the Add Mail Node function. See *Add a Mail Node*.

IX

Part 9. Central Directory

The central directory is used as the main storage area for all addresses which are uploaded from the Con-nect nodes, using the directory synchronization, that participate in one Con-nect network. As the administrator of the central directory, you can delimit how the Con-nect nodes will interact with the central directory - whether they can upload and/or download addresses to/from the central directory.

See *Directory Synchronization* for an example of how the central directory can function within a Con-nect network.

This part contains information pertaining to the central directory. It is subdivided into the following sections:

Starting up the Central Directory Administration Program
Administration Data Maintenance
Address Data Maintenance
Log Information Maintenance

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Starting up in a Con-nect Environment

If you add the central directory as application CADMIN in your Con-nect cabinet, you can invoke the central directory from any point in Con-nect.

By default, when you start up the central directory, the values you assigned to the DBID and FNR for the central directory's LFILE parameter (logical file number 160 has been reserved for the central directory file) are used.



Note: If the DBID and FNR used when starting the central directory is different to that which are stored in the local Con-nect's directory synchronization maintenance, the startup values will be used.

If you have not assigned values to the central directory's LFILE parameter, the DBID and FNR defined with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function are used when starting up the central directory. See *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*.

If you have not assigned values to either the central directory's LFILE parameter or with the Directory Synchronization Maintenance function, you are unable to start up the central directory.

Starting up as a Standalone Application

If the central directory is to be started as a standalone application, the central directory LFILE parameter assignment must be defined in your Natural start up routine. If no LFILE parameter has been assigned, the following start up screen is displayed:

```
Invalid DBID/FNR specified in central directory
12:55
                        * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                    14/02/94
 CD Name
                  Central Directory Administration - Main Menu
                                                                       OCAP00
 Select a Function:
                        _ Administration Data Maintenance
                         _ Address Data Maintenance
                         _ Log Data Maintenance
Select by marking with any character
 Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help
               Exit
                                   Flip
                                                                      Canc
```

Central Administration Main Menu

The "Central Administration Main Menu" is the first screen displayed.

To select a function, you enter any character and press ENTER.

Using Start Values in the Central Directory

While working with the central directory administration, you may notice several deviations from the regular Con-nect screen. For example, in the upper left corner the current time and immediately below that the name of the central directory you are currently administrating are displayed. In the upper right corner the current date and name of the program are displayed.

The "Position to" field, normally used with Con-nect to scroll through a list of objects, has been replaced with a field such as the following "*______". This field can be used to enter a start value to reposition the displayed list. It can also be used to specify a display criterion. For example, if you want to display all addressees of type Name from Con-nect node BOSTON, you would enter the following and press ENTER:

14:53 CD No	3 ame DAEFC(* * * CON-NECT C OC Address Data Maintena			14/02/94 OCAP30
ال سم ما	Nada	Addusasas	Mail ID	Tuna	More: +
Cmd	Node	Addressee	Mail ID	Туре	Status
	BOSTON			Name	*
	DALLAS	Hinkmann, Andreas	AH	Name	Modified
	DALLAS	Beechman, Andy	AB	Name	Modified
	DALLAS	AB	AB	Priv.Cab	Hold
	DALLAS	CONFVM	CONFVM	Priv.Cab	Modified
	DALLAS	LS	LS	Priv.Cab	Modified

The resulting list would display all addresses of addressee type Name originating from node BOSTON, as shown below:

08:56 CD Name DA		N E C T 3 * * * aintenance	14/02/94 0CAP30 More: +
Cmd Node		Mail ID Ty	
R0210)N_ *	Na	me *
BOSTO	ON Fife,Andy	AF Na	me Modified
BOSTO	ON Burke,Martin	Burke Na	me Modified
BOSTO	ON Gilly,Cal	CG Na	me New
BOSTO	ON Gumbert,Dave	DG Na	me Deleted
BOSTO	ON Hill,Jill	JI Na	me New
BOSTO	ON OBrien,Ian	IO Na	me Modified

The following start values can be used:

3		Display all items equal to and less than this character. This means, if you specify C< in the Addressee column, addressees whose mail ID begins with A through C will be displayed.
X *		Display all items equal to and greater than this character. This means, if you specify $C>$ in the Addressee column, addressees whose mail ID begins with C through Z will be displayed.
		Display all items beginning with this character. This means, if you specify C* in the Addressee column, addressees whose mail ID begins with C will be displayed.

Note: The complete node name must always be specified when entering a value in the Addressee column.

Issuing a Command

You now have the option of issuing commands which have been assigned PF-keys by either pressing the PF-key, or entering the command in the command line, as shown below.

```
Cmd(s): Modify, Display, Erase
Mark with unique letters from the list shown below
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12-
Help Exit Add Flip + Canc
```

Note: Although this section refers to the PF-keys, keep in mind that you can also issue the same commands in the command line.

Additionally, PF3 is now used not only to exit from the current screen but to also save any modifications you may have made, while PF12 is used to exit and ignore any modifications you may have made.

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■ Erasing a Renamed Con-nect Node Data Record	529

Administration Data Maintenance Screen

The Administration Data Maintenance function is used to maintain the essential information that is required for each Con-nect node and the central directory in your Con-nect network.

With the Administration Data Maintenance function you can add new Con-nect nodes to the central directory, delimit the role a Con-nect node will play in the directory synchronization, modify a node's information and erase a node from the directory synchronization.

When you select the Administration Data Maintenance functions, the screen below is displayed.

```
12:58
                       * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                               14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                   Administration Data Maintenance
                                                                 OCAP20
            Node Type DB FNR Date Last Uploaded Date Last Downloaded
Cmd Node
   DAEFCOC central 180 12
    BOSTON up/download 180 30 12/02/1994 10:22:03.4 12/02/1994 10:27:43.8
   CEDERRPD up/download 177 143 09/02/1994 13:24:50.9 09/02/1994 13:54:15.1
                                            29/01/1994 11:05:08.7
   DALLAS up/download 67 30
   DENVER up/download 83 2 05/02/1994 16:42:21.7 05/02/1994 15:51:19.1
   PORTLAND Renamed 177 143 22/12/1993 09:19:36.9 23/12/1993 17:06:25.0
    RESTON up/download 180 37 01/02/1994 13:50:20.5 01/02/1994 11:28:18.0
Cmd: MO Modify DI Display ER Erase
Mark with unique letters from the list shown above
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Exit Add Flip +
```

Each Con-nect node defined to the central directory as well as the central directory is displayed here.

Node

Identifies the transport service node responsible for uploading and downloading addresses to/from the central directory.

This is the transport service node name specified when the Con-nect's transport service was initialized. For further information, see *Initializing the Transport Service*.

In the case of the central directory, it is the directory's system name.

Node Type

Indicates how the node participates within the network.

It can be one of the following:

Central Node is the central directory for this network.

Upload Con-nect node is allowed to upload its local addresses to the central directory.

Download Con-nect node is allowed to download addresses from the central directory.

Up/download Con-nect node is allowed to upload local addresses to the central directory

and to download addresses from the central directory.

Renamed Node name has been renamed.

Prepared Name has been changed and all addresses which originate from this node are

being modified. Once all addresses have been modified, the status is changed

to renamed.

DB

Database number of the node.

FNR

File number of the node.

The values you specify for fields Node, DB and FNR are not verified when you add the node to the central directory, however, when the node performs an upload or download the system verifies the values in these fields against that values specified on the node's "Directory Synchronization Maintenance" screen.

The same values for the DBID and FNR can be used by several nodes.

Date Last Upload

Date and time of last upload to the central directory.

Date Last Download

Date and time of last download from the central directory.

Adding a Con-nect Node or Central Directory

To add a new Con-nect node or central directory, you press PF4.

Note: You cannot define more than one central directory.

```
11:11
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                         14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                   Administration Data Maintenance
                                                           OCAP21
                                        (C,U,D,B)
Synchronization Abilities ....
                           undefined
Transport Service Node Name ..
DBID .....
FNR ......
Renamed as .....
Renamed on .....
MRU Transaction Counter .....
MRD Transaction Counter .....
Date of Last Upload ..... 00/00/0000
Time ..... 00:00:00.0
Date of Last Download ..... 00/00/0000
Time ..... 00:00:00.0
Make the required changes and exit to add
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Exit
                             Flip
```

The following information is required each time you add a node:

Synchronization Abilities

Defines the role the node plays in the network. Specify one of the below values:

- C The central directory. Once you have defined the central directory, you cannot add another, nor can you delete it.
- U Node is permitted to upload addresses to the central directory.
- D Node is permitted to download addresses from the central directory.
- B Node is permitted to upload and download to/from the central directory.

Transport Service Node Name

If you are adding the central directory, this is the central directory's file name.

If you are adding a Con-nect node, this identifies the node's transport service node name.

This is the transport service node name specified when the Con-nect's transport service was initialized. For further information, see *Initializing the Transport Service*.

DBID

Database number of node. If you are adding the central directory, a default value is automatically provided for the LFILE parameter. In the case of a Con-nect node, no default is provided.

FNR

File number of node. If you are adding the central directory, a default value is automatically provided for the LFILE parameter.

The remaining fields pertain to Con-nect nodes only and are automatically updated each time the node uploads or downloads to/from the central directory.

To add the new Con-nect node or central directory, press PF3.



Notes:

- 1. Once you add the central directory, you cannot delete the information, however, it can be modified. If you modify the central directory name, you must inform all Con-nect administrators whose Con-nect nodes participate with this central directory that they must update their directory synchronization maintenance data. See *Directory Synchronization Maintenance*
- 2. The same DBID and FNR values may be used by several Con-nect nodes.

If you want to cancel the addition, you press PF12.

Displaying the Central Directory Data Record

To display additional information pertaining to the central directory, you can enter DI in the Cmd column for the central directory and press ENTER.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
11:13
                                                             14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                    Administration Data Maintenance
                                                               OCAP21
Synchronization Abilities .... C central
Central Directory Name ..... DAEFCOC
DBID ..... 180
FNR ..... 12
Log Level ..... 3
Current Node Uploading ......
Next Alias ..... D41
Current Transaction Range ....
Next Transaction Counter..... 56601
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
```

The following information is displayed:

Synchronization Abilities

Defines what role the node plays within the central directory. Since this is the central directory, C central will always be displayed here.

Central Directory Name

Name of the central directory. This name will correlate to the name displayed in the upper left corner of the screen.

DBID

Database number of central directory.

FNR

File number of central directory.

Log Level

Designates the type of event that will cause a record to be written to the log file.

It can be one of the below values:

- 0 Default. Log significant events which occur (e.g. uploads, downloads).
- 1 Log events that are traced by the system. It is recommended that log level one should only be used when additional information is required.
- 2 Log all programs that are traced. It is recommended that log level two should only be used when additional information is required.
- 3 Log all events that occur. It is recommended that log level three should only be used when additional information is required.

Current Node Uploading

Name of Con-nect node that is currently uploading addresses to the central directory. If no Con-nect node is uploading addresses this field is blank.

Next Alias

Next available alias which will be assigned to the next new address uploaded. Each address uploaded to the central directory for the first time is assigned a unique alias.

Current Transaction Range

This field is used as an extension for the "Next Transaction Counter" field, as described below. When the "Next Transaction Counter" field exceeds 27 digits, this field is filled with capital letter "A" and the "Next Transaction Counter" field is restarted with 1. The next time the "Next Transaction Counter" field exceeds 27 digits, the value in the "Current Transaction Range" field is changed to capital letter "B" and, once again, the "Next Transaction Counter" field is restarted with 1.

The sequence of values used for this field are:

- " " (blank),
- A Z (upper-case letters A through Z), then

- a z (lower-case letters a through z), and then
- 0 9 (numbers 0 through 9).

It is recommended to reorganize your system when 9 is reached, otherwise duplicate transaction numbers may be assigned.

Next Transaction Counter

Transaction number that will be assigned to the next address uploaded to the central directory. When this field exceeds 27 digits, it is restarted with 1.

Displaying a Con-nect Node Data Record

To display additional information about a Con-nect node, you can enter DI in the Cmd column for that node and press ENTER.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
16:41
                                                          14/02/94
                   Administration Data Maintenance
CD Name DAEFCOC
                                                           OCAP21
Synchronization Abilities .... B up/download
Transport Service Node Name .. BOSTON
FNR ..... 30
Renamed as ......
Renamed on ......
MRU Transaction Counter ..... 00000000000000000000058284
MRD Transaction Counter ..... 00000000000000000000058273
Date of Last Upload ..... 09/02/1994
Time ..... 11:43:42.4
Date of Last Download ..... 02/02/1994
Time ..... 16:44:26.8
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                             Flip
```

The following information is displayed:

Synchronization Abilities

Defines what role the node plays within the central directory. It can be one of the following:

B up/download Node is permitted to upload and download addresses to/from the central directory.

D download Node is permitted to download addresses from the central directory.

U upload Node is permitted to upload addresses to the central directory.

Transport Service Node Name

Identifies the transport service responsible for transmitting mail items to/from the Con-nect node.

This is the transport service node name specified when the Con-nect's transport service was initialized. For further information, see *Initializing the Transport Service*.

DBID

Database number of node.

FNR

File number of node.

Renamed as

Signifies whether the transport service node name has been changed with the Define Local Node function in the Con-nect administration. The name displayed here is the new name. See *Modifying the Transport Service Node ID*.

When the transport service node name is modified, a record with the new name is created. It is recommended that you do not erase the old record until all nodes on the network have performed a download from the central directory *after* the date of the rename to update all data that belongs to this node.

You must then notify each Con-nect administrator whose Con-nect interacts within the network of the transport service node name change. Each Con-nect administrator must add a new node with the new transport service node name (using the Add External Mail Node function).



Note: If the node name is used as part of the import rule, the imported address' nickname is not modified with the new transport service node name.

Renamed on

Date the transport service node name was modified.

MRU Transaction Counter

A transaction number is assigned to each address uploaded to the central directory. The number displayed here is also recorded on the Con-nect node and will be used to determine with which address the next upload will begin.

MRD Transaction Counter

Transaction number assigned to the last address downloaded to this Con-nect node. The number displayed here is also recorded on the Con-nect node and will be used to determine with which address the next download will begin.

Date of Last Upload

Date of last upload for this node.

Time of Last Upload

Time of last upload for this node.

Date of Last Download

Date of last download for this node.

Time of Last Download

Time of last download for this node.

You can press PF5 to display the CSCI and broker address information (the server address):

```
13:04
                         * * * CON-NECT 3 * * *
                                                                   14/02/93
 CD Name DAEFCOC
                       Administration Data Maintenance
                                                                    OCAP21
  CSCI Address Data
    Active Address .... _
    Server Name ....._
    Server Node ....._
  Broker Address Data
    Active Address .... _
    Broker Id ....._
    Server Class ..... ____
    Server Name ....._
    Service ....._
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
      Help Exit
                                 Flip
                                                                   Canc
```

CSCI Address Data

Active Address

This field must be marked if the CSCI address is active.

Server Name

Name of server. Together with field Server Node, it identifies which server is accessed by the client.

Server Node

Name of node on which the server is executed.

Broker Address Data

Active Address

This field must be marked if the broker address is active.

Broker ID

Identifies the broker that will be addressed.

Server Class

Together with fields Server Name and Service, the server class uniquely identifies the service (e.g. database, TP-monitor).

Server Name

A logical name for a server which is used to distinguish between several servers of the same type or server class. The server name is used in conjunction with fields Server Class and Service to uniquely identify the service offered by the server.

Service

Together with fields Server Class and Server Name, this field uniquely identifies the service. By convention, it is a readily understandable name for an actual service offered by the server.

Modifying the Central Directory Data Record

To modify the central directory's data record, you can enter MO in the Cmd column for the central directory and press ENTER.

```
11:34
                     * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                          14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                   Administration Data Maintenance
                                                            OCAP21
Synchronization Abilities .... C central
Central Directory Name ..... DAEFCOC
FNR ..... 12
Log Level ..... 3
Current Node Uploading .....
Next Alias ..... D41
Current Transaction Range ....
Next Transaction Counter..... 56601
Make the required changes and exit to modify
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help
              Exit
                         Force Flip
```

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You can modify the following fields:

Central Directory Name

Name of the central directory. This name will correlate to the name displayed in the upper left corner of the screen.

If you modify the central directory name, you must notify all Con-nect administrators whose systems interact with the central directory of the modification, so that the administrators can modify their directory synchronization maintenance information to reflect the new name. If a Con-nect administrator fails to modify the central directory name, he cannot upload nor download addresses to/from the central directory.

DBID

Database ID of central directory. If this field is modified, it is also automatically changed in the LFILE parameter.

FNR

File number of central directory. If this field is modified, it is also automatically changed in the LFILE parameter.

Log Level

Designates the type of event that will cause a record to be written to the log file.

It can be one of the below values:

- 0 Default. Log significant events which occur (e.g. uploads, downloads).
- 1 Log events that are traced by the system. It is recommended that log level one should only be used when additional information is required.
- 2 Log all programs that are traced. It is recommended that log level two should only be used when additional information is required.
- 3 Log all events that occur. It is recommended that log level three should only be used when additional information is required.

Additionally, if the Current Node Uploading field (displays the Con-nect node currently uploading) is blocked by a Con-nect node for longer than the usual amount of time, you can force the Connect node out of the upload process with PF5. As a result, a confirmation window is displayed in which you must enter *Y* and press ENTER to confirm the force.

To save your changes, press PF3.

Modifying a Con-nect Node Data Record

To modify the data record for a Con-nect node, you can enter MO in the Cmd column for that node and press ENTER.

```
16:49
                      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                           14/02/94
                    Administration Data Maintenance
CD Name DAEFCOC
                                                             OCAP21
Synchronization Abilities .... B up/download
                                         (C,U,D,B)
Transport Service Node Name .. BOSTON
DBID ..... 180
FNR ..... 30
Renamed as ......
Renamed on .....
MRU Transaction Counter ..... 00000000000000000000058284
MRD Transaction Counter ..... 00000000000000000000058273
Date of Last Upload ..... 09/02/1994
Time ..... 11:43:42.4
Date of Last Download ..... 02/02/1994
Time ..... 16:44:26.8
Make the required changes and exit to modify
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help
               Exit
                              Flip
```

You can modify the following fields:

Synchronization Abilities

Defines what role the node plays within the central directory. It can be one of the following:

B up/download Node is permitted to upload and download addresses to/from the central directory.

D download Node is permitted to download addresses from the central directory.

U upload Node is permitted to upload addresses to the central directory.

DBID

Database number of node.

FNR

File number of node.

Press PF3 to save your changes.

You can press PF5 to define the CSCI and broker address information (the server address). See the *Entire Broker Reference Manual* and the *CSCI Reference Manual*.

```
12:09
                        * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                  14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                      Administration Data Maintenance
                                                                    OCAP21
 CSCI Address Data
   Active Address .... _
   Server Name ..... __
   Server Node .....
 Broker Address Data
   Active Address .... _
   Broker Id .....
   Server Class .....
   Server Name .....
   Service .....__
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help
                                 Flip
                Exit
```

CSCI Address Data

Active Address

If the CSCI address is active, this field must be marked.

Server Name

Name of server. Together with field Server Node, it identifies which server is accessed by the client.

Server Node

Name of node on which the server is executed.

Broker Address Data

Address Active

If the broker address is active, this field must be marked.

Broker ID

Identifies the broker that will be addressed.

Server Class

Together with fields Server Name and Service, the server class uniquely identifies the service (e.g. database, TP-monitor).

Server Name

A logical name for a server which is used to distinguish between several servers of the same type or server class. The server name is used in conjunction with fields Server Class and Service to uniquely identify the service offered by the server.

Service

Together with fields Server Class and Server Name, this field uniquely identifies the service. By convention, it is a readily understandable name for an actual service offered by the server.

To save your changes, press PF3.

To cancel your modifications, press PF12.

Erasing a Con-nect Node Data Record

To erase the data record of a Con-nect node, you enter *ER* in the Cmd column for that node and press ENTER.

If you have selected a node whose addresses are still contained in the central directory, a warning is issued, since addresses uploaded to the central directory are not deleted with the Con-nect node data record. If you wish to cancel the erasure, press PF3, otherwise press ENTER to continue.

As a result a confirmation window is displayed, enter Y and press ENTER.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                       15/02/94
                                                        OCAP20
                                                     More: +
          Node Type DB FNR Date Last Uploaded Date Last Downloaded
Cmd Node
   DAEFCOC
                                            ! 02/1994 10:27:43.8
   BOSTON
                      Warning
   CEDERRPD !
                                            ! 02/1994 13:54:15.1
   DALLAS
                                            ! 01/1994 11:05:08.7
   DENVER
                                             ! 02/1994 15:51:19.1
   PORTLAND! Node CEDERRPD will be erased.
                                            ! 12/1993 17:06:25.0
   RESTON
                                            ! 02/1994 11:28:18.0
           ! 185 Address Records still exist !
                     for this Node.
Cmd: MO Modify DI Display ER Erase
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
    Help Exit Add Flip +
```

The data record is immediately erased from the "Administration Data Maintenance" screen.

Erasing a Renamed Con-nect Node Data Record

If you select the data record of a Con-nect node for erasure that has been renamed and at least one of the Con-nect nodes defined in the central directory have not performed a download since the rename, a window is displayed advising you of the fact. If you wish to continue with the deletion, press ENTER to display the confirmation window, or press PF3 to quit.



Notes:

- 1. It is highly recommended that you do not delete the data record for a Con-nect node that has been renamed until all participating Con-nect nodes have performed a download after the node was renamed. This is to insure that the name modification is passed to all addresses and data records on the other participating Con-nect nodes which belong to this Con-nect node.
- 2. You cannot delete the central directory node.

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Address Data Maintenance Screen

The Address Data Maintenance function is used to maintain the addresses which have been uploaded to the central directory from the participating Con-nect nodes.

md		Addressee	Mail ID	Туре	More: + Status
	*	Abbath Dabaaa		*	*
	DALLAS	Abbott, Rebecca	ABBOTT	Name	
	DALLAS	Adams, Sarah	SA	Name	
	DALLAS	AB	AB	Priv.Cab	
	DALLAS	Beechman, Andy	AB	Name	New
		BLI	BLI	Priv.Cab	
	DALLAS	LANG		Bulletin	
	DALLAS	CONFEREN	CONFEREN	Publ.Cab	
	DALLAS	DEVELOP	DEVELOP	Publ.Cab	New
	DALLAS	EDUC		Bulletin	Modified
	DALLAS	Franklin,Jo	FR	Name	Modified
	DALLAS	MARKSE	MARKSE	Shar.Cab	Modified
	DALLAS	MARKTST	MARKTST	Stnd.Cab	New
	DALLAS	SOCIAL	SOCIAL	Publ.Cab	Modified
	DALLAS	SPRINGFIELD-TELEFAX	TELEF-SP	External	Modified
md:		fy DI Display ER Erase			
		ue letters from the list shown a	h a a		

Note: Unlike the other central directory screens, if you want to use the Addressee start position to reposition the displayed list, you must enter the addressee's mail ID as a search qualifier. See *Using Start Values in the Central Directory*.

The addresses are displayed by node.

Node

Identifies the transport service responsible for transmitting mail items to/from the address' Con-nect node.

This is the transport service node name specified when the Con-nect's transport service was initialized. For further information, see *Initializing the Transport Service*.

Addressee

Full name or description of addressee.

532

Mail ID

ID which uniquely identifies the address on the local Con-nect node. In the case of a Bulletin Board, this field is empty.

Type

Type of addressee. The below abbreviations are used:

Name Con-nect user.

Address Nickname.

Priv.Cab Private cabinet.

Publ.Cab Public cabinet.

Shar.Cab Shared cabinet.

Stnd.Cab Standalone cabinet.

Bulletin Bulletin board.

External External user.

Status

Status of address. The following abbreviations apply:

New Address has been uploaded to the central directory for the first time.

Modified Address information has been modified since the initial upload.

Deleted Local Con-nect administrator deleted the address either from the local node, or

from the central directory via the Directory Synchronization Maintenance.

Hold Address is not accessible to other participating Con-nect nodes. This means the address is uploaded to the central directory but, because it is on hold, other Con-

nect nodes are unable to download the address. Once the administrator on the local node releases the address with the RL (Release) command and performs an upload, the status of the address on the central directory is changed to Modified,

which permits other nodes to download the address.

You can use an address' alias as a search qualifier to quickly position the list of addresses to that address. To do so, press PF4, enter the alias in the resulting window and press ENTER.

```
      13:22
      * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
      14/02/94

      CD Name DAEFCOC
      Address Data Maintenance
      0CAP30

                                                       More: +
Cmd Node Addressee
                                                        Status
                                         Mail ID Type
    DALLAS
                                                 --+ e
                                                        New
   DALLAS !
                                                  ! e
                                                         New
   DALLAS !
                                                 ! v.Cab New
  __ DALLAS ! Find a Particular Address Record
                                                 ! e New
 __ DALLAS ! by its Alias
                                                 ! v.Cab New
  __ DALLAS !
                                                 ! letin New
  __ DALLAS ! Enter Alias: _____
                                                 ! 1.Cab New
  __ DALLAS
                                                  ! 1.Cab New
  _ DALLAS !
                                                 ! letin Modified
  __ DALLAS !
                                                  ! e Modified
 __ DALLAS
                                                  ! r.Cab Modified
 __ DALLAS !
                                                  ! d.Cab New
 __ DALLAS
                                                 ! 1.Cab Modified
   DALLAS +----+ ernal Modified
Cmd: MO Modify DI Display ER Erase
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Exit Find ErAll Flip +
```

As a result, all addresses with the same mail ID as the address whose alias you specified are displayed:

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * * 14/02/94
Address Data Maintenance 0CAP30
11:45
CD Name DAEFCOC Address Data Maintenance
                                             Mail ID Type Status *_____*
Cmd Node
             Addressee
    BOSTON
             BH
    BOSTON
             ВН
                                             ВН
                                                      Priv.Cab Modified
    BOSTON
             ВН
                                             ВН
                                                      Priv.Cab Deleted
```

Displaying an Address on the Central Directory

When you select an address with DI in the Cmd column, the address data for that address is displayed, as shown below.

```
10:38
                   * * * C O N - N E C T 3
                                                     14/02/94
                    Address Data Maintenance
CD Name DAEFCOC
                                                       OCAP31
Synchronization Address ..... DAEFCOC Q
Foreign Address ID .....
Synchronization Status ..... NEW
Version ..... 1.1
Transport Service Node Name .. KENTUCKY
Source Cabinet ..... SYSCNT
Addressee Name ..... Ruffin
Security Levels ..... 7777
Addressee Type ..... External
Mail ID ..... KY
Mail Node ..... KY
Node Type ..... A
Node Service ..... Transport
Mail Program ..... X-AT
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
             Exit ExtAd Addr Flip
```

Synchronization Address

A unique ID assigned to each address uploaded to the central directory. The synchronization address consists of the central directory's ID and the address' alias.

Transaction Counter

Current transaction number assigned to the address.

Foreign Address ID

Designed for future use: identification of the address which originates from a system which is not a Con-nect node, e.g. foreign directory service products/nodes.

Synchronization Status

Status of address. The following abbreviations apply:

New Address has been uploaded to the central directory for the first time.

Modified Address information has been modified since the initial upload.

Deleted Local Con-nect administrator deleted address from either the local node, or only

from the central directory (using the directory synchronization functions).

Hold Address is not accessible to other participating Con-nect nodes. This means that

other Con-nect nodes are unable to download the address until it is released by the

address' local Con-nect administrator.

Version

Version of the directory synchronization programs used on the Con-nect node to upload the address to the central directory.

Transport Service Node Name

Identifies the transport service responsible for uploading and downloading addresses to/from the Con-nect node.

This is the transport service node name specified when the Con-nect's transport service was initialized. For further information, see *Initializing the Transport Service*.

Source Cabinet

Con-nect cabinet in which the address is defined. Currently, only addresses located in cabinet SYSCNT are supported by the directory synchronization. For bulletin boards, this would be cabinet SYSCNTB.

Addressee Name

The addressee name which can be one of the following: the name of a cabinet, user's full name, nickname, bulletin board or external address.

Security Levels

If addressee type address or external, the values displayed here are the address levels (read, modify, copy, print) assigned to the address by the local administrator. For all other addressee types, this field is blank. See *Cabinet Profile*.

Addressee Type

Type of addressee. The below abbreviations are used:

Name Con-nect user.

Address Nickname.

Priv. Cab Private cabinet.

Bulletin Bulletin board.

External External user.

Mail ID

Unique ID which identifies the address on the local node. The mail ID can be one of the following (depending upon the type of addressee, as specified in the field above):

Name User's Con-nect ID.

Address ID of the cabinet, user, nickname, bulletin board or external address referenced

by the nickname.

Cabinet Name of private, shared, standalone, or public cabinet.

Bulletin Board Name of bulletin board.

External user Name of external node.

Displaying Additional Address Information

To display the complete address of an addressee, press PF4.

```
10:41
                        * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                  14/02/94
CD Name DAFFCOC
                Address Data Maintenance - Display Address
                                                                    OCAP31
                                      ΚY
Nickname ..... KY
Last Name/Descr..
First Name .....
                                                Initial .....
Company ..... Bluegrass Micro Chips
Title .......
Department .....
                                                Number .....
Location .....
Address ..... 1379 Homestretch Lane
                 Suite 1000
City ..... Durby
Country ..... US
                                                Postal Code ... 56003
Phone ..... 412-790-5000
                                                Country Code .. 1
Extension .....
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                Exit ExtAd
                                Flip
```

The information displayed here is identical to that which is displayed when a Con-nect user issues the "DISPLAY Address <code>name"</code> command sequence.

If the address is an external address, you can press PF4 to display additional address information required by Con-nect.

```
ΚY
Nickname ..... KY
Last Name/Descr..
                                   Initial .....
First Name .....
Company ..... Bluegrass Micro Chips
Department . . ! Display Multinode Addressee ! ...
Location ....!
Address .....! Node Kentucky User ruf_____
City ..... Durby
                                   ΚY
Country ..... US
                                   Postal Code ... 56003
Phone ..... 412-790-5000
                                   Country Code .. 1
Extension .....
Command ===>
Press a PF-key
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
            Quit
```

Modifying the Status of an Address on the Central Directory

To modify the synchronization status of an address, you can enter MO in the Cmd column for that address and press ENTER.

```
14:40
                       * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                               14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                                                                 OCAP31
                       Address Data Maintenance
 Synchronization Address ..... DAEFCOC DnB
 Transaction Counter ...... 00000000000000000000049373
 Foreign Address ID .....
 Synchronization Status ...... MODIFIED (NEW, MODIFIED, HOLD, DELETED)
 Version ..... 1.1
 Transport Service Node Name .. KENTUCKY
 Source Cabinet..... SYSCNT
Addressee Name ..... Eshberry, John
Security Levels .....
Addressee Type ..... Name
Mail ID ..... ESH
Make the required changes and exit to modify
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                Exit
                          Addr Flip
```

The accepted values for the synchronization status are displayed to the right in parenthesis. Enter the new status you want and press ENTER.

Note: A status which is modified here may be overwritten with an update for the address from the originating Con-nect node.

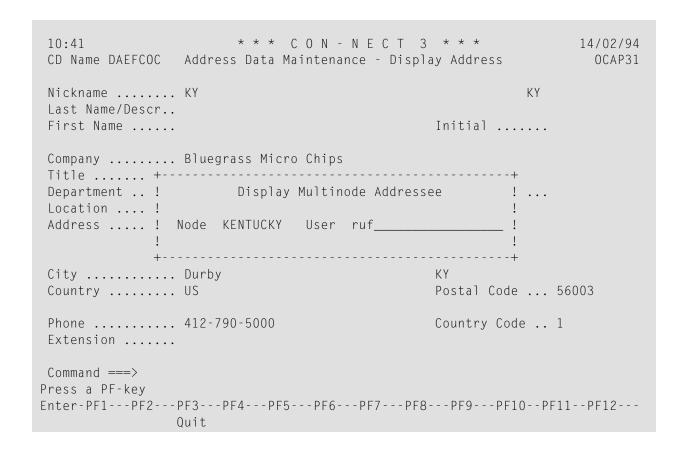
It is recommended that you set the status of an address to DELETED here instead of erasing the address from the list of addresses, since a record for the address will be maintained in the central directory. This means that the next time a Con-nect node uploads to the central directory, the address will be deleted from the node's address list of imported addresses and, thus, the address list is synchronized with the central directory.

Displaying Additional Address Information

To display the complete address of the addressee, press PF5.

The resulting information displayed is identical to that which is displayed when a user issues the "DISPLAY Address <code>name</code>" command sequence.

If the address is an external address, you can press PF4 to display additional address information required by Con-nect.



Erasing an Address on the Central Directory

You can erase an individual address, or all addresses on the central directory directly from the "Address Data Maintenance" screen. Using this method will erase the address completely from the central directory, which means the Con-nect nodes will not be notified of the deletion with the next download and thus the address lists on the nodes are not updated.



Note: It is recommended that you first set the status for the address(es) on the central directory to Deleted. See *Modifying the Status of an Address on the Central Directory*. Once all participating Con-nect nodes have performed a download and thus, updated their address list, you can completely erase the address(es) on the central directory as described here.

To erase an address on an individual basis, you mark the address with ER in the Cmd column and press enter. To erase all addresses, you press PF5. In both cases, a confirmation window is displayed, enter *Y* and press enter.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
14:05
                                                             14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                     Address Data Maintenance
                                                               OCAP30
Cmd Node
            Addressee
                                         Mail ID Type
                                                         Status
    DALLAS
                                                 -+ v.Cab New
    DALLAS
                                                  ! e
           !
 er DALLAS
                                                  ! v.Cab New
    DALLAS ! Erase Record:
                                                  ! e
                                                         New
    DALLAS
                                                  ! v.Cab New
    DALLAS ! CE
                                                  ! ernal New
    DALLAS
                                                  ! е
                                                         New
    DALLAS! Enter Y to confirm: N
                                                         Deleted
    DALLAS !
                                                  ! v.Cab New
    DALLAS
           !
                                                  ! ernal New
                                                  !
Cmd: MO Modify DI Display ER Erase
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help Exit Find Eall Flip +
```

Note: It is important to remember that PF5 erases *only* the addresses displayed. That means, if you enter a selection criteria such as FHOST in the Node column and Priv.Cab in the Type column, press ENTER and then PF5 (erase all), only the private cabinets uploaded from node FHOST will be deleted from the central directory.

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Log Data Maintenance Screen

The Log Information Maintenance function is used to display significant events that occurred while uploading and downloading addresses to/from the central directory. The type of events which are recorded here depends upon the log level you defined for the central directory. See *Administration Data Maintenance*.

To avoid excessive disk space usage, it is recommended that you occasionally purge obsolete log data especially if a log level greater than 0 is specified.

```
* * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
 15:01
                                                                       14/02/94
CD Name DAEFCOC
                          Log Data Maintenance
                                                                         OCLP23
                                                                    More: +
 Cmd Date/Time of Log Program Msg. Nr.
                                              Log Message
                                                                    Node Name
                  Format: YYYYMMDDHHMMSST
    1994-01-25 10:00:12.0 OLDP02 5142
                                              The download function h DALLAS
   1994-01-25 13:37:28.6 OLUPO1 5066
1994-01-22 13:37:36.7 OLUPO1 5030
1994-01-21 13:38:49.6 OLUPO1 5128
                                              The upload function has DALLAS
                                              Upload utility has been DALLAS
                                              The address synchroniza DALLAS
   1994-01-16 09:31:39.1 OLDP02 5142
                                              The download function h DALLAS
   1994-01-06 09:32:34.8 OLDP02 5133
                                              The download of address DALLAS
Cmd: DI Display ER Erase Erase up to _
                                                   _____ Format YYYYMMDDHHMMSST
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF10--PF11--PF12---
     Help
                 Exit
                                    Flip - +
```

Date/Time of Log

Date and time log was created.

Program

Program name in which the event occurred.

Msg. Nr.

Event message number.

Log Message

Description of event.

Node Name

Name of node on which event occurred.

Erase up to

You can enter a specific date and time to delete all log records created before the date you specify.

Displaying a Log Record

To display extended information about a specific log record, you mark the record you want with DI in the Cmd column and press ENTER. As a result, a screen similar to the one below is displayed.

```
15:16
                         * * * C O N - N E C T 3 * * *
                                                                     14/02/94
CD Name
                     Log Data Maintenance - Display Log
                                                                       OCLN21
Source
 Originated by Program.... OLDP02
 System Function....
 Message Number ..... 5142
 Date/Time of Log ...... 1994-01-25 10:00:12.0
Log Message
  The download function has been initiated
  Mode: I Node: DALLAS CD-ID: DAEFCOC Cabinet: LS
Command ===>
Enter-PF1---PF2---PF3---PF4---PF5---PF6---PF7---PF8---PF9---PF10--PF11--PF12---
                 Exit Next
                                                                      Canc
```

The information which is displayed here can be used by the Software AG staff if additional information is required.

If you have selected to display more than one log record, you can press PF4 to display the next record.

Erasing a Log Record

To erase a log record, you mark the record you want with ER in the Cmd column and press ENTER. A window is displayed in which you are asked to confirm the deletion. Enter *Y* and press ENTER again.