Using the Mainframe SSL Line Driver

The SSL line driver is the security code provided with Encryption for Entire Net-Work on the mainframe. It includes SSL DRIVER and LINK statements.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- SSL DRIVER Statement
- SSL LINK Statement
- Operator Commands
- Model Links

SSL DRIVER Statement

The SSL DRIVER statement has the syntax shown below. The SSLCAFIL, SSLVRF, and SSLVRS parameters must be specified to correctly implement Encryption for Entire Net-Work.

```
DRIVER SSL
                                                                                                                                                                   [ACCEPTUI = \{N \mid \underline{Y}\}]
                                                                                                                                                                   API = { HPS | BS2 | CNS | CMS | OES }
                                                                                                                                                                     [APITRACE = (\underline{N} | Y, \underline{N} | Y, \underline
                                                                                                                                                                   [CONNQUE = \{n \mid 10\}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [DRVCHAR = {character | #}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [DRVNAME = {driver-name | TCPX }]
                                                                                                                                                                     [KEEPALIV = \{Y \mid \underline{N}\}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [MULTSESS = {N|Y}]
                                                                                                                                                                   [NUMUSERS = { number | 100 }]
                                                                                                                                                                     [OPTIONS1 = (n, n, n)]
                                                                                                                                                                     [OPTIONS2 = (x,x,x,x,x,x)]
                                                                                                                                                                     [PSTATS = {Y | N}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [RESTART = (interval, retries)]
                                                                                                                                                                   [RSTATS = \{Y \mid \underline{N}\}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [SERVERID = \{n \mid 1996\}]
                                                                                                                                                                   [SSLCAFIL = {Y | N}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [SSLVRF = {0|1|2|4}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [SSLVRS = \{1 | 2 | 3 | 4\}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [STATINT = { stat-interval | 3600 } ]
                                                                                                                                                                     [SUBSYS = {subsys-name | VMCF }]
                                                                                                                                                                     [TRACE = \{Y \mid \underline{N}\}]
                                                                                                                                                                     [TRACELEV = (N \mid Y, N \mid Y, N
                                                                                                                                                                   [TRACESIZ = { size | 4096 } ]
                                                                                                                                                                   [USERID =  \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \{userid \mid \underline{TCPIP} \} \\ \{nn \mid \underline{00}\} \end{array} \right\} ]
```

The DRIVER statement parameters are read from a sequential file during system startup, and can be modified after startup using the ALTER operator command. Some parameters can be modified when the line driver is open or closed. Others can be modified only when the line driver is closed. Read about the ALTER and CLOSE commands in *Operator Commands*. The open/closed requirement for each parameter is included in the parameter descriptions.

This section describes all of the parameters that can be used for the SSL DRIVER statement.

- ACCEPTUI Parameter
- API Parameter
- APITRACE Parameter
- CONNQUE Parameter
- DRVCHAR Parameter
- DRVNAME Parameter
- KEEPALIV Parameter
- MULTSESS Parameter
- NUMUSERS Parameter
- OPTIONS1 Parameter
- OPTIONS2 Parameter
- PSTATS Parameter
- RESTART Parameter
- RSTATS Parameter
- SERVERID Parameter
- SSLCAFIL Parameter
- SSLVRF Parameter
- SSLVRS Parameter
- STATINT Parameter
- SUBSYS Parameter
- TRACE Parameter
- TRACELEV Parameter
- TRACESIZ Parameter

• USERID Parameter

ACCEPTUI Parameter

 $\underline{ACC}EPTUI = \{ \underline{Y} \mid N \}$

This optional parameter determines whether the line driver will accept connections from systems that have not been previously defined with LINK statements. The ACCEPTUI parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

Valid values are "Y" (Yes) or "N" (No).

- If "Y" is specified, Entire Net-Work will accept connection requests from an undefined system and the required control blocks are built dynamically. Normal handshaking procedures with the new connections are performed. This is the default.
- If "N" is specified, Entire Net-Work will reject incoming requests from unknown source nodes.

API Parameter

API = { BS2 | CNS | OES }

This required parameter specifies the name of the TCP/IP application program interface being used. The API parameter can be modified only when the line driver is closed. Supported values are shown in the table below. There is no default.

Value	Description	Valid for Platforms
BS2	Loads the BS2000/OSD interface NWTCPBS2.	BS2000
CNS	Loads the z/VSE interface NWTCPCNS.	z/VSE
OES	Loads the IBM OpenEdition sockets interface NWTCPOES.	z/OS

Note:

At this time the API parameter must be set to "OES" for z/OS systems or "CNS" for z/VSE systems, since only z/OS and z/VSE system support is provided for SSL.

APITRACE Parameter

 $\mathsf{APITRACE} = \{ \, \underline{\mathsf{N}} \, | \, \mathsf{Y}, \, \, \underline{\mathsf{N}} \,$

This optional parameter specifies debugging trace levels. It is a series of flags that are passed to the API routine, which then determines the events to be traced. The APITRACE specification must be enclosed in parentheses. For example:

```
APITRACE=(N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N)
```

Trace levels are positional within the parameter syntax-example and are set using "Y" (Yes) and "N" (No). It is recommended that all flags remain set to N, the default value. If your system is experiencing problems, contact your Software AG technical support representative for the settings that will produce the appropriate trace information. The APITRACE parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

CONNOUE Parameter

```
CONNQUE = {n | <u>10</u>}
```

This optional parameter specifies the number of connect queue entries. The value specified must accommodate the maximum number of simultaneous connection requests from remote nodes.

After the connection is accepted or rejected, connect queue entries are reused. If the value of this parameter is not high enough, the API routine is not able to process the incoming connection and the partner will eventually time out. Depending on the API being used, a message may be displayed indicating that an error has occurred. Values can range from 1 to 64; a value greater than 64 is reset to 64. The default value is 10. The CONNQUE parameter can be modified only when the line driver is closed.

DRVCHAR Parameter

```
DRVCHAR = { char | # }
```

This optional parameter specifies the special character used to designate that an operator command should be directed to this line driver rather than to a specific link. The DRVCHAR parameter can be modified only when the line driver is closed.

The default for this parameter is "#".

DRVNAME Parameter

```
DRVNAME = {name | SSL }
```

This optional parameter specifies the 4-byte driver name. The DRVNAME parameter can be modified only when the line driver is closed.

The default for this parameter is "SSL".

The DRVNAME parameter enables sites to make multiple TCP/IP API routines available at the same time. For example, the IBM APIs can be made available within the same Entire Net-Work address space. This parameter also allows two or more drivers to be defined so that Entire Net-Work can listen on multiple ports simultaneously.

KEEPALIV Parameter

```
KEEPALIV = { Y | N}
```

This optional parameter allows you to maintain connections when there is no other traffic with the remote links. Valid values are "Y" or "N."

- When this value is set to "Y", it causes internal TCP messages to be sent periodically to all remote links, thus maintaining the connections when there is no other traffic with the remote links. The amount of time between messages is determined by an initialization parameter in the TCP stack.
- When this value is set to "N", internal TCP messages are no longer sent periodically and the connections are not maintained.

The default for this parameter is "N".

KEEPALIV can also be set for individual remote links. For more information, read about the KEEPALIV parameter associated with the SSL LINK statement.

MULTSESS Parameter

```
\underline{\mathsf{MU}}\mathsf{LTSESS} = \{\,\mathsf{N}\,|\,\underline{\mathsf{Y}}\,\}
```

This optional parameter determines whether a connect request from a host that has an active connection is treated as a new link. This parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

A value of "Y" indicates that the connect request is treated as a new link; a value of "N" indicates that the connect request is rejected. The default for this parameter is "Y".

NUMUSERS Parameter

```
NUMUSERS = { number | 100 }
```

This parameter specifies the estimated maximum number of concurrently active clients. For performance reasons, a table of individual client entries is preallocated based on this number. During the Entire Net-Work session, if the number of active clients is exceeded, the table is automatically expanded by 50% of the current value. The size of each entry in the table is 256 bytes. The minimum value is 10; the maximum is 32767. The default is 100.

This parameter can only be altered when the driver is closed.

OPTIONS1 Parameter

```
\mathsf{OPTIONS1} = (n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n, n)
```

This optional parameter allows up to ten numeric API-specific options to be set. The values can be modified when the line driver is open or closed. There are no default values.

Not all APIs use the OPTIONS1 parameter.

The BS2000/OSD (BS2) API uses only two of the OPTIONS1 fields (prior to Entire Net-Work version 5.8, nine fields were used):

- The first, second, third, fourth, and fifth values are no longer used and must be set to zero.
- The sixth value is the Sockets task tracing level:
 - A value of 0 (zero) inhibits any tracing.
 - Values 1 and 2 give the corresponding level of high-level logic flow.
 - O Values 3 through 9 log the transferred data and invoke the FSC sockets tracing.

Tracing should be used only under the direction of Software AG.

- The seventh value is the maximum number of connections between the BS2 API and the Entire Net-Work partners. It is used for storage allocation by the Sockets task. The valid range is 2-2048 and the default value is 2048.
- The eighth and ninth values are no longer used and must be set to 0 or omitted.

OPTIONS2 Parameter

```
OPTIONS2 = (x,x,x,x,x)
```

This optional parameter allows up to five alphanumeric API-specific options to be set. The values can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

There are no default values.

Not all APIs use the OPTIONS2 parameter. Beginning with Entire Net-Work version 5.8, the BS2000/OSD API (BS2) does not use the OPTIONS2 parameter at all.

PSTATS Parameter

```
PSTATS = { Y | N }
```

This optional parameter determines whether statistics are printed. It does not affect the STATS command and can be modified when the driver is open or closed.

A value of "Y" indicates that statistics should be printed to DDPRINT when the statistics interval expires; a value of "N" indicates that the statistics should not be printed. The default for this parameter is "N".

RESTART Parameter

```
RESTART = (interval, retries)
```

This optional parameter specifies the retry interval in seconds (interval) and the number of retries (retries) that Entire Net-Work will attempt to reopen the access method with the API after a shutdown due to a failure. The RESTART parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

If RESTART is not specified, or interval is specified as zero, no retry is attempted. By specifying (retries) as zero, an infinite number of retries can be requested.

The RESTART parameter is particularly useful with Encryption for Entire Net-Work when Entire Net-Work is started at IPL and communication with the API is unsuccessful because TCP/IP is not yet fully initialized. Using this parameter, you can instruct Entire Net-Work to reopen the TCP/IP session, thereby giving TCP/IP sufficient time to become active.

The TIMER parameter on the NODE statement affects the RESTART parameter (read about the NODE statement in your Entire Net-Work reference documentation.) The retry interval should not be less than the TIMER parameter, and should be a multiple of this value. If a retry interval other than zero is specified that is less than the value of the TIMER parameter, the TIMER value is used instead.

RSTATS Parameter

```
\underline{RS}\mathsf{TATS} = \{Y \mid \underline{N}\}
```

This optional parameter determines whether statistics are reset. It can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

A value of "Y" indicates that statistics should be reset when the statistics interval expires; a value of "N" indicates that the statistics should not be reset. The default for this parameter in "N".

SERVERID Parameter

```
SERVERID = { n | 1996}
```

This optional parameter specifies a well-known port number used by Entire Net-Work while awaiting connection requests from participating Entire Net-Work partners. Values may range from 1 to 65535. The SERVERID parameter can be modified only when the line driver is closed.

When specified in a DRIVER statement, the SERVERID parameter specifies the port number of the Entire Net-Work being initialized. If SERVERID is not specified for a link, the SERVERID specified for the driver is used as the default port for the link.

The default for this parameter is 1996. Only the DRIVER statement has a SERVERID parameter.

SSLCAFIL Parameter

This optional parameter is required when you want to use SSL to perform client authentication. It indicates whether client authentication should occur. The default is "N" (client authentication is disabled). When enabled, client authentication occurs. If enabled, all clients must also be configured for SSL communication.

SSLVRF Parameter

This optional parameter identifies the type of certificate verification to perform. Valid values are "0", "1", "2", or "4" and are explained in the following table.

Valid Value	Description
0	No verification occurs. This is the default.
1	Certificate verification occurs; client certificate is requested, but not required.
2	Certificate verification occurs; client certificate is requested. If no client certificate is available, processing fails.
4	Certificate verification is requested only once from the server. A renegotiation will not refresh the client certificate.

Values "1", "2", and "4" can be summed together. For example, a value of "5" indicates that verification levels "1" and "4" are set. In addition, values "2" and "4" imply a value of "1" as well.

The default is "0", indicating that the server certificate is checked, but the connection will succeed even if certificate errors occur.

SSLVRS Parameter

This optional parameter identifies the SSL version to use. Valid values are "1", "2", "3", or "4" and are explained in the following table. The default is "4".

Valid Value	Activates SSL Version
1	SSLv2
2	SSLv2 or SSLv3
3	SSLv3
4	TLSv1

STATINT Parameter

```
STATINT = {interval | 3600}
```

This optional parameter specifies the amount of time, in seconds, before statistics are automatically printed or reset. The default is "3600". The STATINT parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

Acceptable values range from 1 to 2147483647. Any value outside this range is in error.

SUBSYS Parameter

```
SUBSYS = {name | VMCF}
```

This parameter specifies the name of the subsystem to be accessed by the API routines that use subsystem control blocks in interaddress space communications. The default value is "VMCF". The SUBSYS parameter can be modified only when the line driver is closed.

In a z/OS environment, the IBM API routines communicate to the system address space by locating the subsystem control table and retrieving the information required to perform cross-memory communication. If the subsystem is specified incorrectly, the driver is not able to perform its open processing and no connections are possible.

This parameter is not used in a z/VSE or BS2000 environment.

TRACE Parameter

```
TRACE = { Y | <u>N</u> }
```

This parameter indicates whether tracing for this line driver should be active (Y) or not (N). When tracing is activated, trace information is placed in the trace table. The default is "N" (no). The TRACE parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

This is equivalent to specifying TRACE=linedriver-code or TRON=linedriver-code in the NODE statement (for example, TRACE=SSL).

TRACELEV Parameter

```
TRACELEV = (Y | \underline{N}, Y | \underline{N})
```

This optional parameter specifies the levels of tracing that the line driver will perform. It is a series of flags that determine which events are traced. The TRACELEV specification must be enclosed in parentheses. For example:

```
TRACELEV=(N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N,N)
```

Trace levels are positional within the parameter syntax and are set using "Y" (Yes) or "N" (No). It is recommended that all settings within the TRACELEV parameter be "N". If your system experiences problems, contact your Software AG technical support representative for the settings that produce the appropriate trace information. The TRACELEV parameter can be modified when the line driver is open or closed.

Note:

The tracing information provided is sent to the DDPRINT data set. In addition to setting the TRACELEV flags, the trace must also be turned on using either the DRIVER statement parameter TRACE=Y or the operator command TRACE=linedriver-name. Tracing dramatically affects the overall performance and throughput of Entire Net-Work.

TRACESIZ Parameter

```
TRACESIZ = { size | 4096 }
```

This optional parameter specifies the size, in bytes, of the driver-specific trace table. It can be modified only when the line driver is closed.

This parameter is also used as the default size of the link specific trace table when the LINK statement does not include a TRACESIZ specification.

Valid values can range from 4096 to 4194304. A value less than 4096 is reset to 4096; a value greater than 4194304 is reset to 4194304. The default for this parameter is "4096".

USERID Parameter

This parameter's value can be modified only when the line driver is closed. It has two possible specifications:

• For IBM APIs (i.e., the NWTCPIBM interface, the NWTCPHPS interface, the NWTCPOES interface, and the NWTCPCMS interface), the USERID parameter specifies the name of the started task, job, or virtual machine in which the IBM TCP/IP protocol stack is running. The value is 1-8 characters. The default value is "TCPIP".

• For the CNS API (i.e., the NWTCPCNS interface), the USERID parameter is used to direct traffic to a particular TCP/IP stack. The value is a two-digit number that must match the ID= value in the PARM field of the TCP/IP stack. The default value is 00, which is also the default for the TCP/IP stack. The value of USERID is not validated; if its value does not match the ID= value of an active TCP/IP stack, the TCP/IP driver will fail to open and it will return messages similar to the following:

```
NETP571W TCP API ERROR ON OPEN - RC = 0008
NET0101I TCPI DRIVER OPEN FAILED - RC = 0004
```

To use multiple TCP/IP stacks, one DRIVER statement must be provided for each stack, and each link must specify the driver associated with the stack it will use. When defining multiple drivers, copy the module NETTCPI.phase and change the last four characters of the name to match the DRIVER name. For example, to define the following, NETTCPI would be copied (not renamed) to NETTCP2:

```
*Links using Driver TCPI use TCP/IP stack with ID=00 DRIVER TCPI API=CNS
LINK PC01 TCPI,INETADDR=(x,x,x,x)
*Links using Driver TCP2 use TCP/IP stack with ID=02 DRIVER TCP2 API=CNS,USERID=02,DRVNAME=TCP2
LINK PC02 TCP2,INETADDR=(x,x,x,x)
```

SSL LINK Statement

The LINK statement and its parameters are used to define the characteristics of the remote client. With Encryption for Entire Net-Work, links are not normally predefined; they are dynamically allocated as clients initiate communication. However, links may be predefined to override defaults or provide some control over clients.

```
LINK linkname SSL [ADJHOST=Internet-host-name,]

[INETADDR=(n1.n2.n3.n4),]

[KEEPALIV={Y|N},]

[MULTSESS={N|Y},]

[PSTATS={N|Y},]

[RSTATS={N|Y},]

[SAF={Y|L|N},]

[SENDTIME={time | 90 },]

[STATINT={interval | 3600 },]

[TRACESIZ=size]
```

The LINK statement parameters are read from a sequential file during system startup, and can be modified after startup using the ALTER operator command. Some parameters can be modified when the link is open or closed. Others can be modified only when the link is closed. Read about the ALTER and CLOSE commands in *Operator Commands*. The open/closed requirement for each parameter is included in the parameter descriptions.

• linkname SSL Specification

- ADJHOST Parameter
- INETADDR Parameter
- KEEPALIV Parameter
- MULTSESS Parameter
- PSTATS Parameter
- RSTATS Parameter
- SAF Parameter
- SENDTIME Parameter
- STATINT Parameter
- TRACESIZ Parameter

linkname SSL Specification

The *linkname* part of this required specification provides the name by which this link is to be known. It is positional, and must be specified immediately after the LINK keyword and immediately before the driver name ("SSL"); the link name must be unique on the node. All operator commands affecting the link must specify this name.

If the link name begins with the characters "MODEL", the link is defined as a model link. See the section *Model Links*.

"SSL" is required and specifies the protocol name that defines the driver associated with this link. It must be the same as the value specified for the DRVNAME parameter in the SSL DRIVER statement

ADJHOST Parameter

[ADJHOST= internet-host-name]

This optional parameter specifies the Internet host name of a node with which a connection is to be established. Its value can be 1 - 255 characters. The ADJHOST parameter can be modified only when the link is closed.

The ADJHOST parameter uses Domain Name Services (DNS), as follows:

- The GetHostByName function is used to determine the IP address of a host name specified with ADJHOST. IP address is used both for connecting to another node and for locating the link for an incoming connection.
- The GetHostByAddr function is used to determine the host name of a node that is trying to connect to this node. This is necessary when the IP address of a host name specified with ADJHOST changes after the link has been opened.

Software AG recommends the use of the ADJHOST parameter for sites that assign IP addresses via the DHCP protocol. Entire Net-Work will use the GetHostByName function for every outgoing connection on nodes that have ADJHOST specified as long as INETADDR is not specified.

The following table lists the APIs that support Domain Name Services:

API	GetHostByName	GetHostByAddr
BS2	Yes	Yes
OES	Yes	Yes

For performance reasons, Software AG recommends that all LINK statements containing an ADJHOST value be defined after the LINK statements containing an INETADDR specification. If neither of these parameters is specified, the link is not usable. If both are specified, the INETADDR parameter takes precedence.

INETADDR Parameter

```
[INETADDR = n1.n2.n3.n4]
```

This optional parameter specifies the IP (Internet Protocol) address of the remote host associated with this link. The INETADDR parameter can be modified only when the link is closed.

The IP address is used both for connecting to another node and for locating the link for an incoming connection. It is provided to Entire Net-Work in the form of INETADDR=(n1,n2,n3,n4) or INETADDR=(n1.n2.n3.n4) where each value represents 8 bits of the 32-bit IP address. Acceptable values are between 0 and 255 and may be separated by commas or periods.

For example:

```
INETADDR=(157,182,17,20)
or
INETADDR=(157.182.17.20)
```

On most UNIX-based machines, this address can be found in the /etc/hosts file. The following are examples of the information in the /etc/hosts file:

```
157.182.17.20 DALLAS dallas (VMS) 157.182.17.18 DENVER denver (UNIX)
```

Each host on the INTERNET is assigned a unique IP address, which is used by the internet protocol and higher level protocols to route packets through the network. The IP address is logically made up of two parts: the network number and the local address. This IP address is 32 bits in length and can take on different formats or classes. The class defines the length (number of bits) of each part. There are four classes (A, B, C, and D); the class is identified by the allocation of the initial bit.

For performance reasons, Software AG recommends that all LINK statements containing an INETADDR value be defined before the LINK statements containing an ADJHOST specification. If neither of these parameters is specified, the link is not usable. If both are specified, the INETADDR parameter takes

precedence.

KEEPALIV Parameter

```
[KEEPALIV = { Y | N } ]
```

KEEPALIV=Y (Yes) causes internal TCP messages to be sent periodically to the remote node, thus maintaining the connection when there is no other traffic with the node. The amount of time between messages is determined by an initialization parameter in the TCP stack. If no KEEPALIV value is specified for the link, it defaults to the KEEPALIV value on the SSL DRIVER statement.

MULTSESS Parameter

```
[MULTSESS = { Y | N }]
```

This optional parameter determines whether a connect request from a host that has an active connection will be treated as a new link (Y), or a reconnection of an existing link (N). The default value is the value specified for the MULTSESS parameter in the SSL DRIVER statement (N or Y, with Y as the default). The MULTSESS parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed.

PSTATS Parameter

```
[PSTATS = { Y | N }]
```

This optional parameter determines whether (Y or N) statistics are printed to DDPRINT when the statistics interval expires. The default value is the value specified for the PSTATS parameter in the SSL DRIVER statement (for which the default is N). This parameter does not affect the STATS operator command. The PSTATS parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed.

RSTATS Parameter

```
[RSTATS = { Y | N } ]
```

This optional parameter determines whether (Y or N) statistics are automatically reset when the statistics interval expires. The default value is the value specified for the RSTATS parameter in the SSL DRIVER statement. The RSTATS parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed.

SAF Parameter

```
[SAF = { Y | L | N } ]
```

If SAF=Y or SAF=L is specified, Entire Net-Work will call the SAF Interface for all incoming requests on this link; failure to load the Interface is considered a security violation and Entire Net-Work will shut down. If SAF=L, the calls are traced and the output directed to DDPRINT. An error code is transmitted to the user if access to SAF is denied. The SAF parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed. The default value is "N" (No).

SENDTIME Parameter

```
[SENDTIME = { seconds | 90 } ]
```

This optional parameter specifies the time (in seconds) that Encryption for Entire Net-Work allows for a send to complete. When this time is exceeded, a message is written to the operator console indicating a possible error condition on the remote node. The connection is considered severed and link disconnect processing is initiated. The default value is 90 seconds. The SENDTIME parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed.

STATINT Parameter

```
[STATINT = { seconds | 3600 } ]
```

This optional parameter specifies the amount of time, in seconds, before statistics are automatically printed or reset. Acceptable values are 1 - 2147483647. Any value outside this range is in error. The default value is "3600". The STATINT parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed.

TRACESIZ Parameter

```
[TRACESIZ = size]
```

This optional parameter specifies the size of the TCP/IP link specific trace table. Value can be 4096 - 4194304. A value less than 4096 is reset to 4096. A value greater than 4194304 is reset to 4194304. The default value is the value specified for the TRACESIZ parameter in the SSL DRIVER statement. The TRACESIZ parameter can be modified only when the link is closed.

Operator Commands

Encryption for Entire Net-Work can process operator commands that are directed to a specific link or directly to its driver. This section describes the operator commands you can use.

- Command Syntax
- DRIVER Commands
- LINK Commands

For information about entering operator commands under z/VSE, refer to the Entire Net-Work VSE installation instructions.

Command Syntax

Under z/OS, the line driver operator commands have the following format:

F NETWORK, SSL target cmd

The following table describes this syntax.

Syntax Representation	Description
SSL	Informs Entire Net-Work that the command is destined for Encryption for Entire Net-Work. If more than one SSL DRIVER statement exists, use the name specified on the DRVNAME parameter of the SSL DRIVER statement instead of SSL.
target	 A value that informs Entire Net-Work what the target of the command is, as follows: Specify an asterisk (*) if the target is all links. Specify the DRVCHAR value ("#" is the default) if the target is the driver itself (see the DRVCHAR parameter on the SSL DRIVER statement). Specify the link name if the target is a specific link.
cmd	The operator commands to be carried out. Multiple commands can be specified in a single command statement. When the ALTER command is specified, it must be the last command in the statement, because everything following the ALTER command is treated as a DRIVER or LINK statement parameter. One or more DRIVER or LINK statement parameters must be specified.

The following are examples of line driver operator commands:

F NETWORK, SSL * CLOSE SSL # STATS

DRIVER Commands

Encryption for Entire Net-Work supports the commands listed in the following table when the target is the driver. The underlined portion of the command is the minimum abbreviation.

Command	Description
ALTER driver-pa	Dynamically changes the driver configuration. The ALTER command is followed by the driver configuration parameters to be altered. The driver configuration parameters are the same as those specified in the DRIVER statement. For example:
	SSL # ALTER ACCEPTUI=Y
<u>CL</u> OSE	Disconnects and closes all links that are connected to other nodes. Releases all resources held by the driver as well as all open links. Closes the driver.
<u>OP</u> EN	Reopens the driver after it is closed with the CLOSE operator command or because of an access method failure. Allocates all the resources needed by the driver to communicate with TCP/IP. Also attempts to resolve any unresolved host names.
RESET	Resets all statistics for the driver. Statistics are printed only if the STATS command precedes the RESET command.
<u>SH</u> OW	Displays the current configuration of the driver. The current configuration is always shown automatically following an ALTER command.
<u>SN</u> AP	Causes all control blocks specific to the link to be snapped (printed in hexadecimal). Driver-specific control blocks and Entire Net-Work-specific control blocks are not snapped.
STATS	Causes the immediate printing of statistics and restarts the statistics interval. This command has no effect on the next automatic printing of statistics. To print and reset statistics, specify RESET immediately after the STATS command. For example:
<u>STATU</u> S	SSL # STATS RESET Displays the current status of the driver as well as a count of
	messages received and sent.
<u>TR</u> ACE	Causes Encryption for Entire Net-Work to format and print the driver-specific trace table. The trace table is formatted and printed in hexadecimal automatically when the SNAP command is processed.
USERS	Displays the Adabas user ID in character and hexadecimal formats, the Context ID and Context Verifier values (these are part of the internal message header and can be used to help identify the client), and the number of database calls received for the client.

Note:

When the driver is closed, it does not recognize the commands CLOSE, STATS, or RESET.

LINK Commands

Encryption for Entire Net-Work supports the commands listed in the following table when the target is a link or all links. The underlined portion of the command is the minimum abbreviation.

Command	Description
ALTER link-pa	Dynamically changes the link configuration. The ALTER command is followed by the link configuration parameters to be altered. The link configuration parameters are the same as those specified in the LINK statement. For example:
CLOSE	Disconnects the link if it is connected to another node and releases all resources held by the link.
DISCONNECT	Starts the disconnect sequence for the target link(s). If the link is already disconnected or is in the process of disconnecting, the command is ignored.
LOGLON linkna	Turns on selective logging for the specified link.
LOGLOFF linkn	Turns off selective logging for the specified link.
<u>OP</u> EN	Allocates all the resources needed by the link to communicate with SSL. Does not initiate a connect to the remote node. The status of the link displayed via the SHOW operator command is not affected by the OPEN request.
RESET	Resets all statistics for the link. Statistics are printed only if the STATS command precedes the RESET command.
RESUME	Restarts processing on a link that was temporarily stopped due to a SUSPEND command.
<u>SH</u> OW	Displays the current configuration of the link. The current configuration is always shown automatically following an ALTER command.
<u>SN</u> AP	Causes all link-specific control blocks and the link-specific trace table to be snapped (printed in hexadecimal). Driver-specific control blocks and Entire Net-Work-specific control blocks are not snapped.
STATS	Causes the immediate printing of statistics and restarts the statistics interval. This command has no effect on the next automatic printing of statistics. To print and reset statistics, specify RESET immediately after the STATS command. For example:
<u>STATU</u> S	Displays the current status of the link as well as a count of messages received and sent.
<u>SU</u> SPEND	Temporarily stops all processing on a link. Processing can be restarted with the RESUME command.

Command	Description
TRACE	Causes the link-specific trace table to be formatted and printed. The trace table is formatted and printed in hexadecimal automatically when the SNAP command is processed.
USERS	Displays the Adabas user ID in character and hexadecimal formats, the IP address for the link, the Context ID and Context Verifier values (these are part of the internal message header and can be used to help identify the client), and the number of database calls received for the client.

Model Links

Encryption for Entire Net-Work supports dynamically added links, thus reducing the time required to set up and maintain the SSL LINK statements. Model links can be coded and used to define new links as they are added.

Encryption for Entire Net-Work is permitted to add links dynamically if ACCEPTUI=Y is coded on the DRIVER statement. A new link block is created and is used to control all further communications on the link. The link block can be initialized with default values that will be applied to each new link. Alternatively, one or more model links can be defined to override the values contained in the link block.

The model link statement is identical to other LINK statements, except that the link name begins with the characters "MODEL". Most of the model link parameters, such as PSTATS and RSTATS, are copied into the dynamically-built link block. Some parameters, such as INETADDR, are not copied because they are truly link-specific.