

Adabas Analytics on Linux, UNIX and Windows

Version 2.0

April 2017

This document applies to Adabas Analytics on Linux, UNIX and Windows Version 2.0 and all subsequent releases.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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Preface

This documentation describes the product Adabas Analytics for Linux, Unix and Windows platforms.

1 Concepts

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Typically, an Adabas database is used in a commercial environment, and the data contained in the database are usually of a sensitive and confidential nature. Seen in this context, it is important to be able to answer the following questions (sometimes called the 5 W questions):

- Who has accessed the data?
- What has been accessed? This includes the database ID, the file number, the type of access (create, read, update, delete), the field names, etc.
- When was the data accessed?
- Where was the data accessed from?
- What has changed in the internal state of the database?

These 5 questions are of vital importance for the following reasons:

Fraud prevention

Identify security incidents in operational databases; who is accessing sensitive data?

Auditing

Keep track of and analyse compliance-relevant results; who did what, from where and when?

Performance monitoring

Central diagnosis of database performance and efficiency; how well is Adabas running?

Adabas Analytics addresses these requirements by enabling you to create an event each time there is a change of state in the Adabas nucleus.

A change of state can be triggered by:

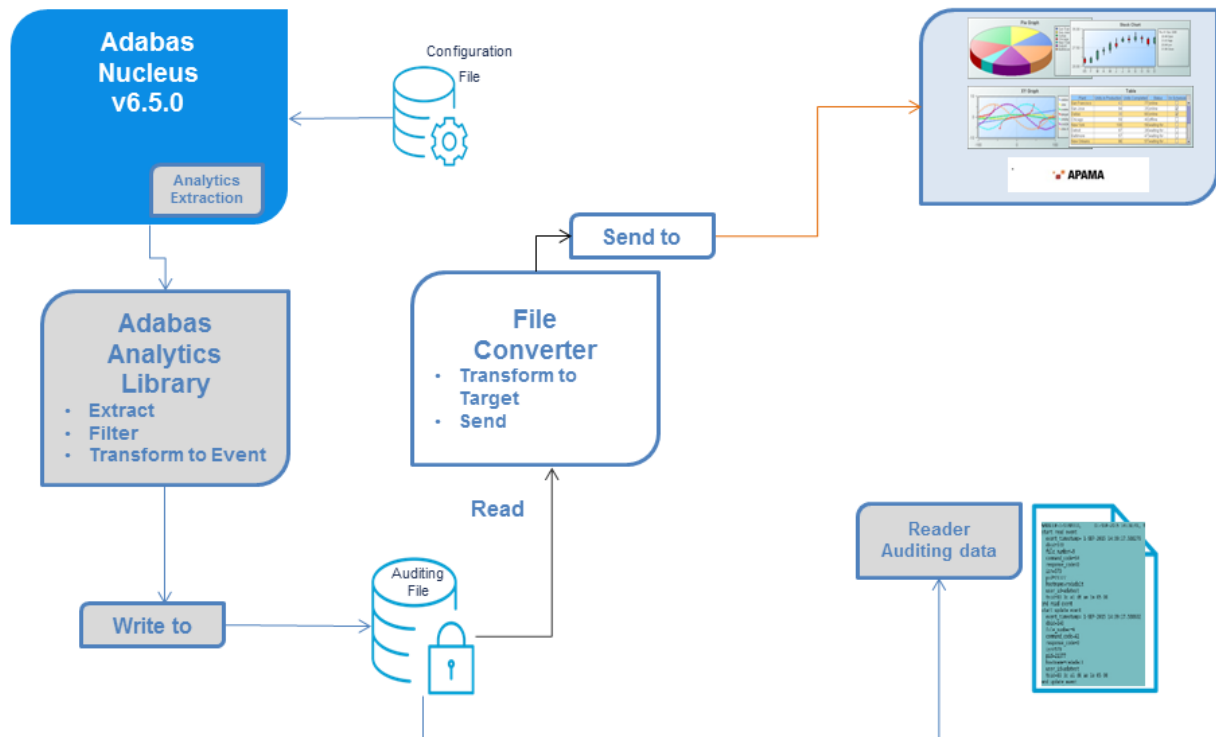
- An Adabas call;
- A security event (authorization succeeded or failed, authentication succeeded or failed, etc.);
- A change in performance status (threshold reached, disk space exhausted, etc.).

Adabas Analytics currently supports 6 types of events related to Adabas calls: insert, read, update, delete, commit and rollback. For further information about the event types, see the section [Adabas Analytics Event Types](#). More event types relating to security and performance will be supported in later versions.

Because you might only need to use Adabas Analytics sporadically (depending on your use case), it is possible to activate/deactivate the event analytics component. Also, because only certain event types might be of interest, you can easily filter events by file number and event type.

The events generated by Adabas Analytics are written to a local log file called NUGELG; you can display the contents of this file with the new Adabas utility ADAELP (for further information, see the section [ADAELP \(Event Log Report\)](#)).

The following graphics shows the architecture of Adabas Analytics Version 2.0:



Adabas Analytics and Apama

The Adabas nucleus creates the Adabas Event Logfiles (NUCELG. xxx) if the Adabas Eventing functionality is enabled.

The Adabas Analytics File Converter reads a single Adabas Event Logfile and sends it to the Apama Correlator.

In the Apama Correlator, the received events can be processed like any Apama event: use them in an Apama monitor or an Apama Correlator dashboard.

The Adabas Analytics File Converter and the Apama Correlator can be running on the same node or on distributed nodes.

2 Installing Adabas Analytics

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The Adabas Analytics is installed using the Software AG Installer. Please refer to *Using the Software AG Installer* for detailed information about how to use the installer.

Adabas Analytics requires Java Version 1.8 or higher; an appropriate Java runtime is provided during the installation.

Supported Operating System Platforms (Linux/Unix)

Adabas Analytics supports the following operating system platforms:

- AIX 7.1 (Power 64 bit)
- AIX 7.2 (Power 64 bit)
- HP-UX 11.i v3 (Itanium 64bit)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server 6 (IBM System z 64bit)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server 7 (IBM System z 64bit)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server 6 (x86-64)
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server 7 (x86-64)
- Oracle Solaris 11 (SPARC 64bit)
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 (IBM System z 64bit)
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 11 (x86-64)
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 12 (x86-64)

Supported Operating Platforms (Windows)

Adabas Analytics supports the following operating system platforms:

- Windows Server 2008 R2 (Standard and Enterprise Edition, x86-64)
- Windows Server 2012 (Standard and Datacenter Edition, x86-64)
- Windows Server 2012 R2 (Standard and Datacenter Edition, x86-64)
- Windows 7 (Professional, Ultimate and Enterprise Edition, x86-64)
- Windows 8 (Pro and Enterprise Edition, x86-64)
- Windows 10 (Pro and Enterprise Edition, x86-64)

Home Editions of Microsoft Windows are not supported.



Notes:

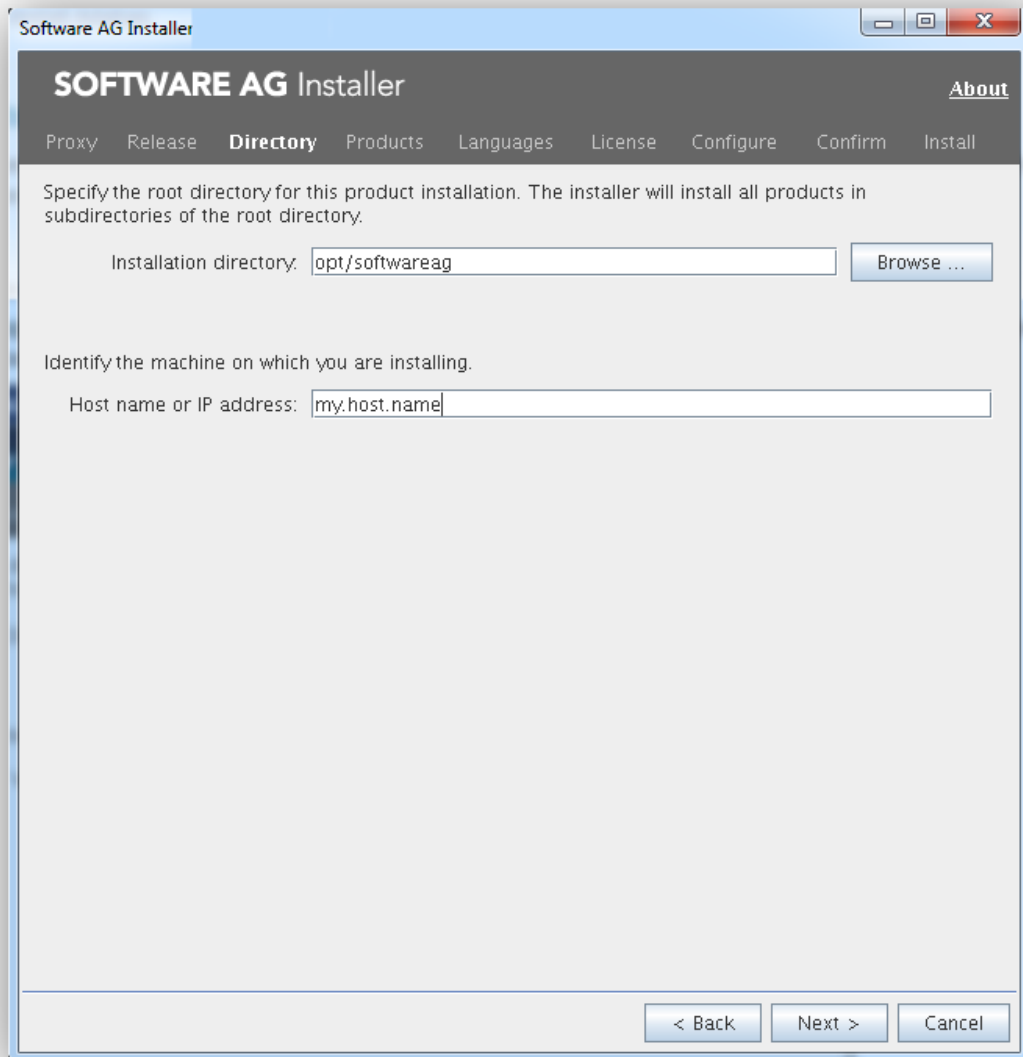
1. We suggest that you install all of the recommended and important Microsoft Windows updates before you start the installation.
2. On Windows 8.1 and Windows Server 2012 R2 the installation will fail if the Microsoft update KB2919355 is missing.

Installing on Linux/Unix

This installation documentation provides just a brief description on how to install Adabas Analytics directly on the target machine using the Software AG Installer GUI. For detailed information on the Software AG Installer, see *Using the Software AG Installer*.

➤ To install Adabas Analytics

- 1 Start the Software AG Installer GUI as described in *Using the Software AG Installer*.
- 2 When the first page of the Software AG Installer GUI (the so-called Welcome panel) is shown, press the **Next** button repeatedly (and specify all required information on the shown panels as described in *Using the Software AG Installer*) until the panel containing the installation directory appears.



- 3 Specify the root directory and host name or IP address (optional).



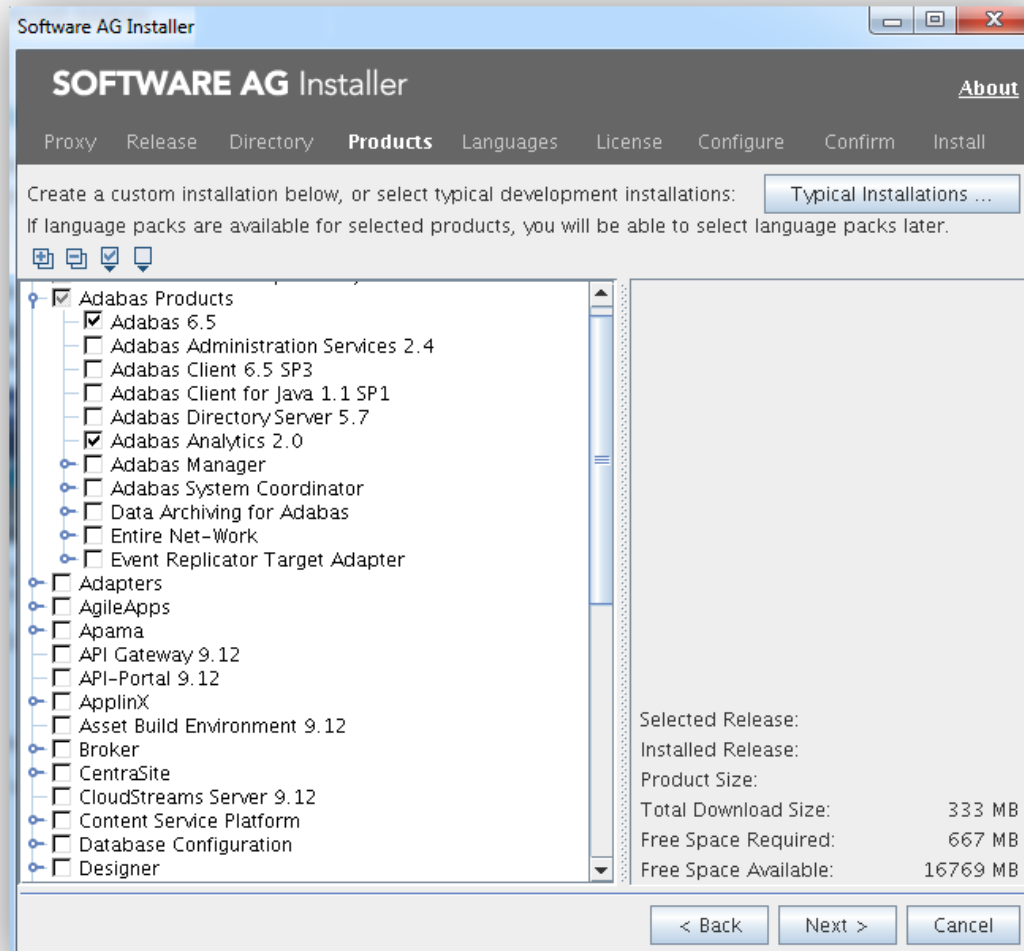
Note: It is strongly recommended not to use the proposed default directory `/opt/software-ag` but a sub-directory, for example `/opt/softwareag/adabasanalytics20` to install the release version of Adabas Analytics 20. With this approach you can install several versions of Adabas Analytics in parallel directories.

- 4 Press the **Next** button.



Note: The panel shown below is an example of a possible product selection.

The panel containing the product selection tree appears. This tree lists the products for which you have valid credentials and which can be installed on the operating system of the machine on which you are installing.



Note: Products or product versions which are already installed in the selected installation directory are shown as disabled.

- 5 If you want to install Adabas and pre-selected product components, select the **Adabas Products** node.

Or:

If you want to customize the list of selected product components, expand the **Adabas Products** node, deselect Adabas Products and select the product components that you want to install.

- 6 If you want to install Adabas Client, select **Adabas Client** in the product selection tree. The Adabas Client is always installed together with Adabas, but can also be installed separately.
- 7 Press the **Next** button.
- 8 Read the license agreement, select the check box to agree to the terms of the license agreement, and press the **Next** button.
- 9 Specify whether to use sudo or not.

Some parts of the installation require root permissions. On the following sudo panel you must either select **Use sudo, with password** supplying a valid sudo password or you can skip these installation steps by selecting **Do not use sudo or sudo is not available**.

You will then have to execute those steps as described on the panel shown below. Both alternatives are equivalent.



Note: Using sudo without specifying a password is not possible.

- 10 On the last panel, review the list of products and items you have selected for installation. If the list is correct, press the **Next** button to start the installation process.

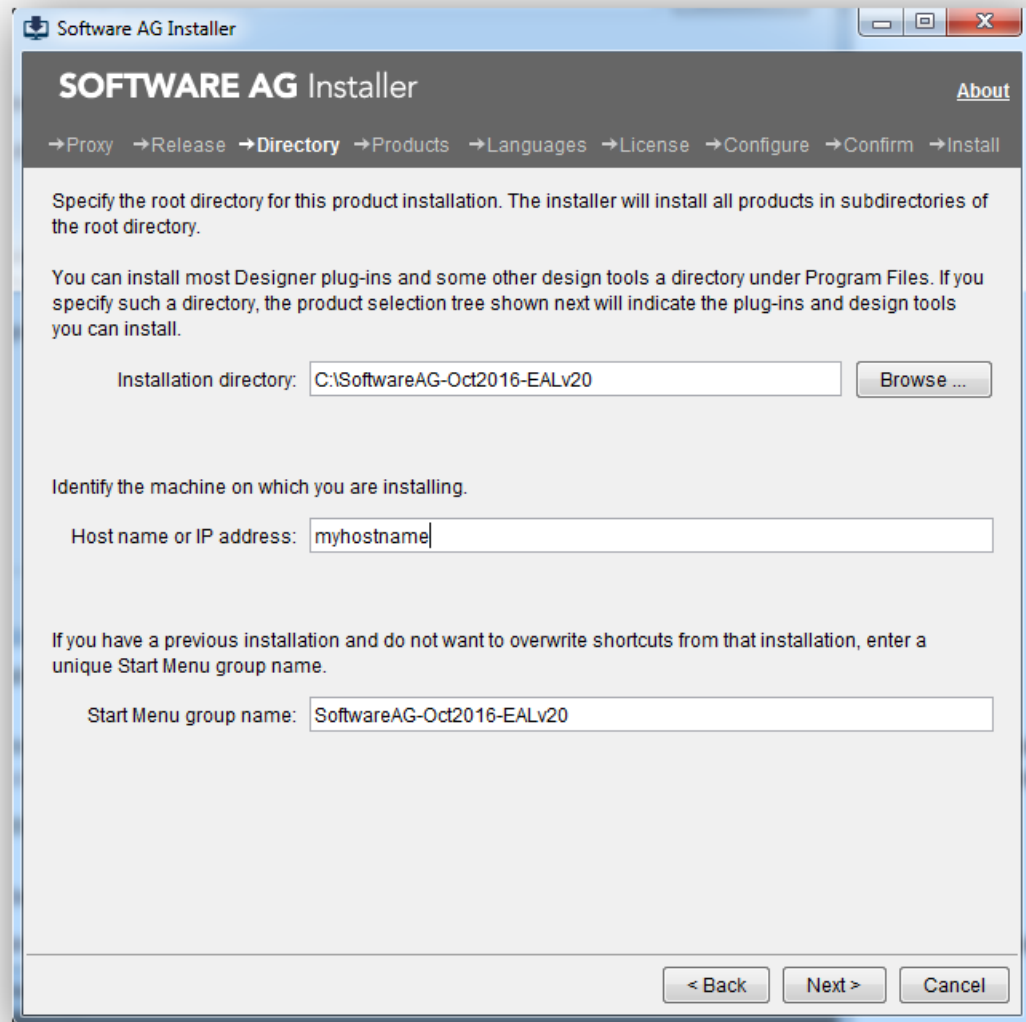
When the Software AG Installer has completed the first-time installation, additional configuration steps are required. See *Configuring Adabas Analytics* for further details.

Installing on Windows

This installation documentation provides just a brief description on how to install Adabas Analytics directly on the target machine using the Software AG Installer GUI. For detailed information on the Software AG Installer, see *Using the Software AG Installer*.

» To install Adabas

- 1 Start the Software AG Installer GUI as described in *Using the Software AG Installer*.
- 2 When the first page of the Software AG Installer GUI (the so-called Welcome panel) is shown, press the **Next** button repeatedly (and specify all required information on the shown panels as described in *Using the Software AG Installer*) until the panel containing the installation directory appears.



- 3 Specify the installation directory, host name or IP address (optional) and the Start Menu group name.



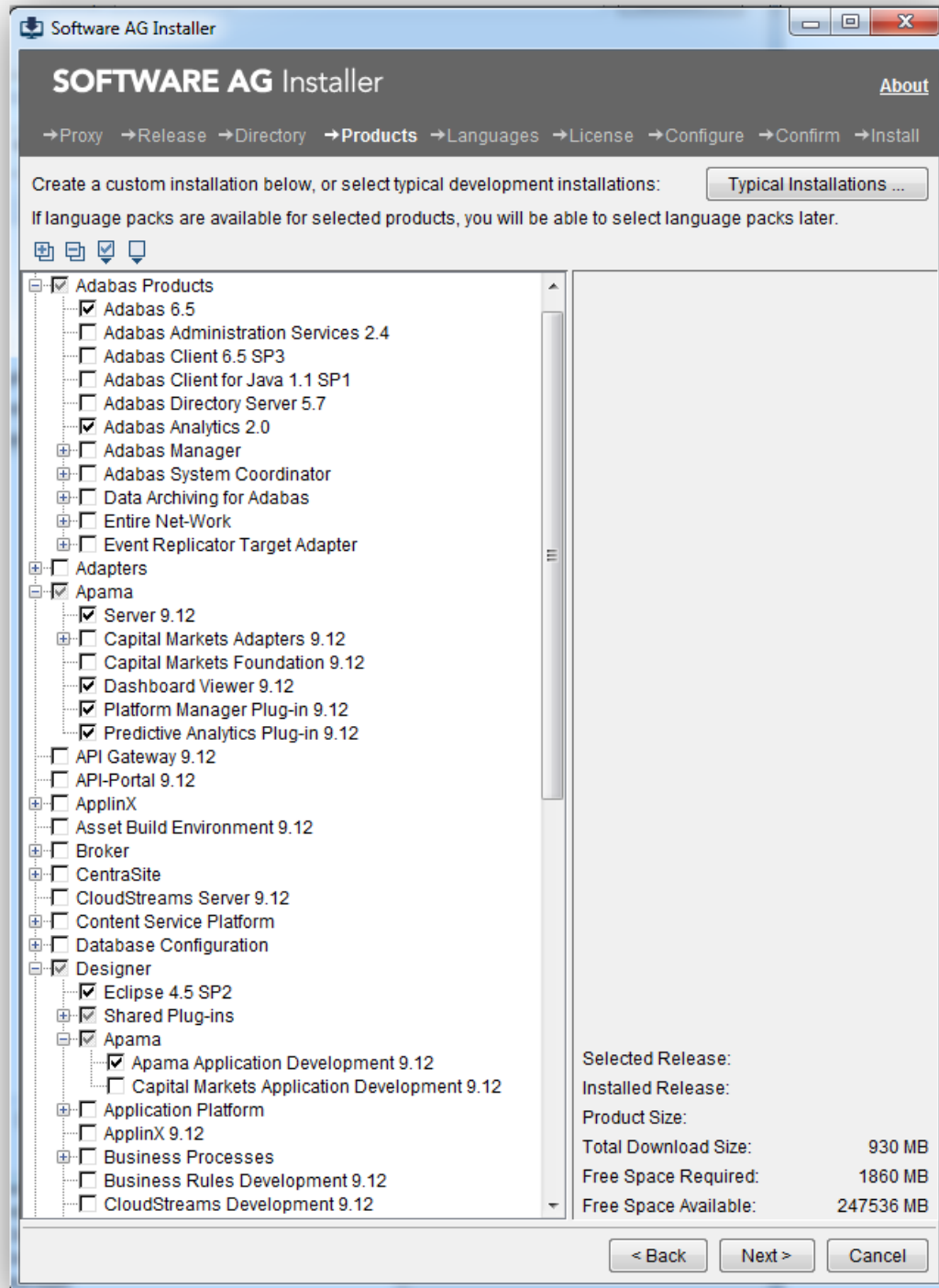
Note: It is strongly recommended not to use the proposed installation directory *C:\SoftwareAG* but a sub-directory, for example *C:\SoftwareAG\AdabasAnalytics20* and to change the Start Menu group name, for example to **Software AG Adabas Analytics 2.0** to install the release version of Adabas Analytics 2.0. With this approach you can install several versions of Adabas Analytics in parallel directories.

- 4 Press the **Next** button.



Note: The panel shown below is an example of a possible product selection.

The panel containing the product selection tree appears. This tree lists the products for which you have valid credentials and which can be installed on the operating system of the machine on which you are installing.



Note: Products or product versions which are already installed in the selected installation directory are shown as disabled.

- 5 If you want to install Adabas and pre-selected product components, select the **Adabas Products** node.

Or:

If you want to customize the list of selected product components, expand the **Adabas Products** node, deselect Adabas Products and select the product components that you want to install.

- 6 Press the **Next** button.
- 7 Read the license agreement, select the check box to agree to the terms of the license agreement, and press the **Next** button.
- 8 On the last panel, review the list of products and items you have selected for installation. If the list is correct, press the **Next** button to start the installation process.

When the Software AG Installer has completed the first-time installation, additional configuration steps are required. See *Configuring Adabas Analytics* for further details.

3 Getting Started

Once you have successfully installed Adabas Analytics, there are two steps that have to be performed before you can start to collect and display Adabas events:

1. Use the configuration tool EALCONFIG to make the entries in the *DBnnnn.INI* file that are required to enable collecting Adabas events. Please refer to *EALCONFIG (Event Analytics Configuration Tool)* for further information.
2. Use the event file converter to read and convert the contents of an existing Adabas event file, prior to displaying them in an Apama dashboard. Please refer to *The Event File Converter* for further information.

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Release Notes

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This chapter gives an overview of the features of Adabas Analytics Version 2.0 that have been introduced or modified since the previous release (Version 1.1).

The chapter contains the following sections:

- **General Information**
- **New, Modified and Dropped Features**
- **Documentation and Other Online Information**

General Information

This section provides information which you should be aware of before you install and use Adabas Analytics Version 2.0.

Supported Operating Systems

Adabas Analytics supports the same operating systems and platforms as Adabas for Linux, UNIX and Windows 6.5.0.

Software AG Installer

Adabas is now installed using the Software AG installer. Please refer to the relevant installation documentation for further information.

New, Modified and Dropped Features

Adabas Extensions for Adabas Analytics

You can configure the database INI files for use with Adabas Analytics with the tool EALCONFIG. You can use the utility ADAELP to print events from an event log created by Adabas. Both of these components are part of the Adabas kit.

Adabas Analytics Version 2.0 no longer uses the Adabas replication exit; all of the functions required to trigger collection of event data to the NUCELG file are now part of the Adabas kernel Version 6.5 and above.

Event Logfile Converter

The Event Logfile Converter is a program that sends a NUCELG file as a stream to an Apama correlator. Other targets are currently not supported.

Apama Dashboard

This version provides an example Apama dashboard, which can be imported into the Eclipse-based Software AG Designer.

Documentation Updates and Changes

The most recent product documentation, hotfixes and other useful information can be found in Empower.

5 The Event File Converter

■ Using the Event File Converter	22
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The Adabas nucleus creates the Adabas event log files NUCELG.xxxx if the Adabas Eventing functionality is enabled. The Adabas Analytics event file converter reads an Adabas event log file and sends it to the Apama Correlator, where the events can be processed like any other Apama event, and displayed in an Apama monitor or in an Apama Correlator dashboard.



Note: The Adabas Analytics file converter and the Apama Correlator can be running on the same node or on distributed nodes.

Using the Event File Converter

Starting the Event File Converter on Windows

The Windows start menu contains an entry for a command prompt, from where you can call the event file converter. In the command prompt window, issue the command:

```
AdabasAnalyticsFileConverter.bat ↵
```

Starting the Event File Converter on UNIX

Before you can start the event file converter, you must first source the environment file *ealenv*. Alternatively, you can source the top-level environment file *sagenv.new*, which in turn sources *ealenv*. Then issue the command

Usage of the Event File Converter

The event file converter is a command line utility with this syntax:

```
AdabasAnalyticsFileConverter -f <name> -t <host[:port]> [-h]
```

where:

-f, eventfile <name>

The name of the event file to be read.

-t, target <host[:port]>

Send the events from the event file to the Apama Correlator; the default port number is 15903.

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Apama Example Dashboard

■ Using the Software AG Designer	24
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You can use the example Apama dashboard provided with the installation to display the events contained in an event log file.

The following files and folders are provided with the installation:

File/Folder	Description
AdabasEvents.mon	The event definitions file for Adabas events.
ApamaExampleDashboard	Adabas Analytics example Apama dashboard application, this has to be imported into the Eclipse-based Software AG Designer.



Note: the dashboard provided is just an example. Please refer to the Apama documentation for details about how to build your own dashboard.

Using the Software AG Designer

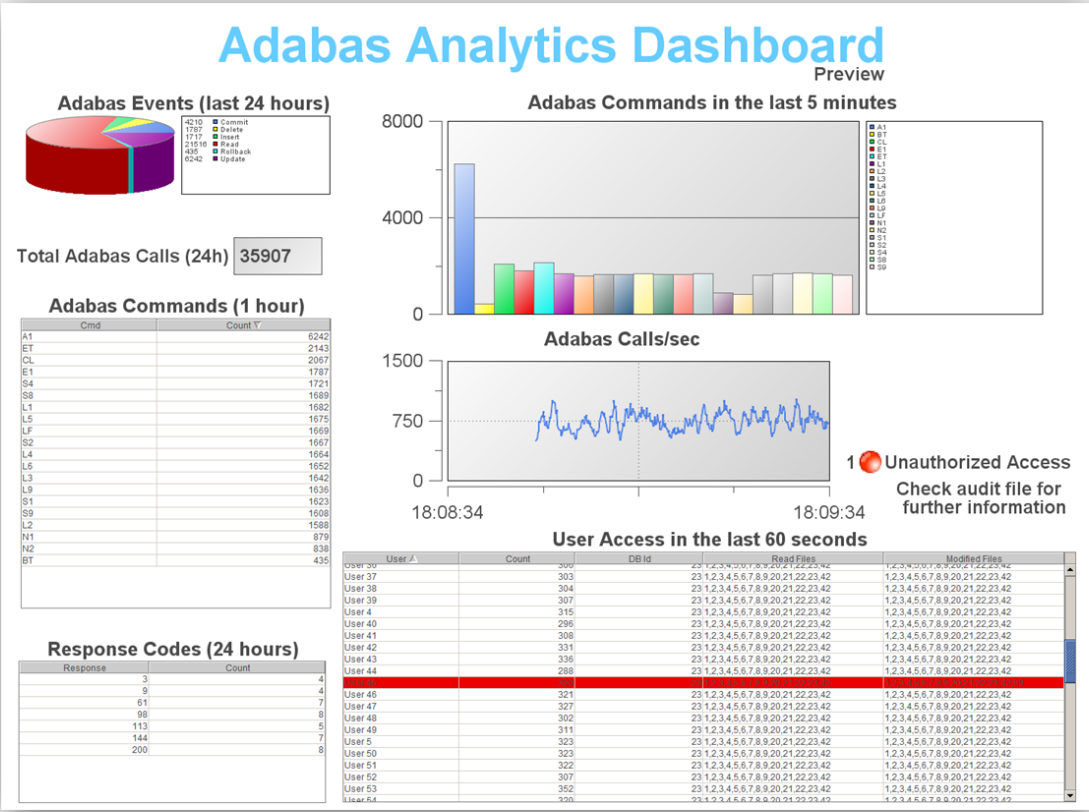
Before you can use the example provided, or develop your own applications in Apama, the event definitions for Adabas events have to be imported into an Apama project. In the Software AG designer, import the *AdabasEvents.mon* file into subdirectory *eventdefinitions*.

The file *AdabasEvents.mon* is also a part of the Apama dashboard example (*ApamaExampleDashboard* folder), which can be imported using the Software AG Import wizard.

➤ To run the example as an Apama project in the Software AG Designer

- 1 Open the Software AG Designer.
- 2 Select **Import** from the **File** menu.
- 3 In the Import wizard, select and expand the *General* node, then select **Existing Projects into Workspace**.
- 4 Click the **Next** button, and then click on the **Browse** button in the Import Project step.
- 5 Navigate to `<installation directory>\AdabasAnalytics\apama\ApamaExampleDashboard` and select that folder.
- 6 In the **Options** panel of the **Import Projects** dialog, check the **Copy projects into workspace** check box.
- 7 To run the example, right-click the project and select **Run As -> Apama Application** from the **Apama Developer Perspective**. Then click on the **Start** button in the **Launch Control Panel** of the Apama Workbench Perspective.

The following shows an example of how the dashboard might look:



7 **Adabas Extensions for Adabas Analytics**

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■ EALCONFIG (Event Analytics Configuration Tool)	33

The current version of Adabas includes the following extensions, which enable you to work more easily with Adabas Analytics:

Extention	Purpose
ADAELP	Event log report. Used to print events from the Adabas Analytics event log.
EALCONFIG	Event Analytics configuration tool. Used to help you set up the Adabas Analytics component.

ADAELP (Event Log Report)

This section describes the utility "ADAELP".

- [Functional Overview](#)
- [Procedure Flow](#)
- [Checkpoints](#)
- [Control Parameters](#)
- [Specifying Multiple Selection Criteria](#)

Functional Overview

The ADAELP utility prints events from an event log created by Adabas Analytics.



Note: Event logging must be enabled and the replication user exit must be loaded in order to write event logs. For further information see the section [Concepts](#).

The ADAELP parameters USER_ID, HOSTNAME and EVENT_TIMESTAMP select a subset of the events in the event log.

In the interactive mode, ADAELP displays the selected events when the keyword LIST is entered. If ADAELP is called with parameters, the selected events are displayed immediately.

Events are displayed as follows: a first line with the event type is followed by lines that contain the field data of the event in question. The display of an event is concluded with the event type being repeated on the last line.

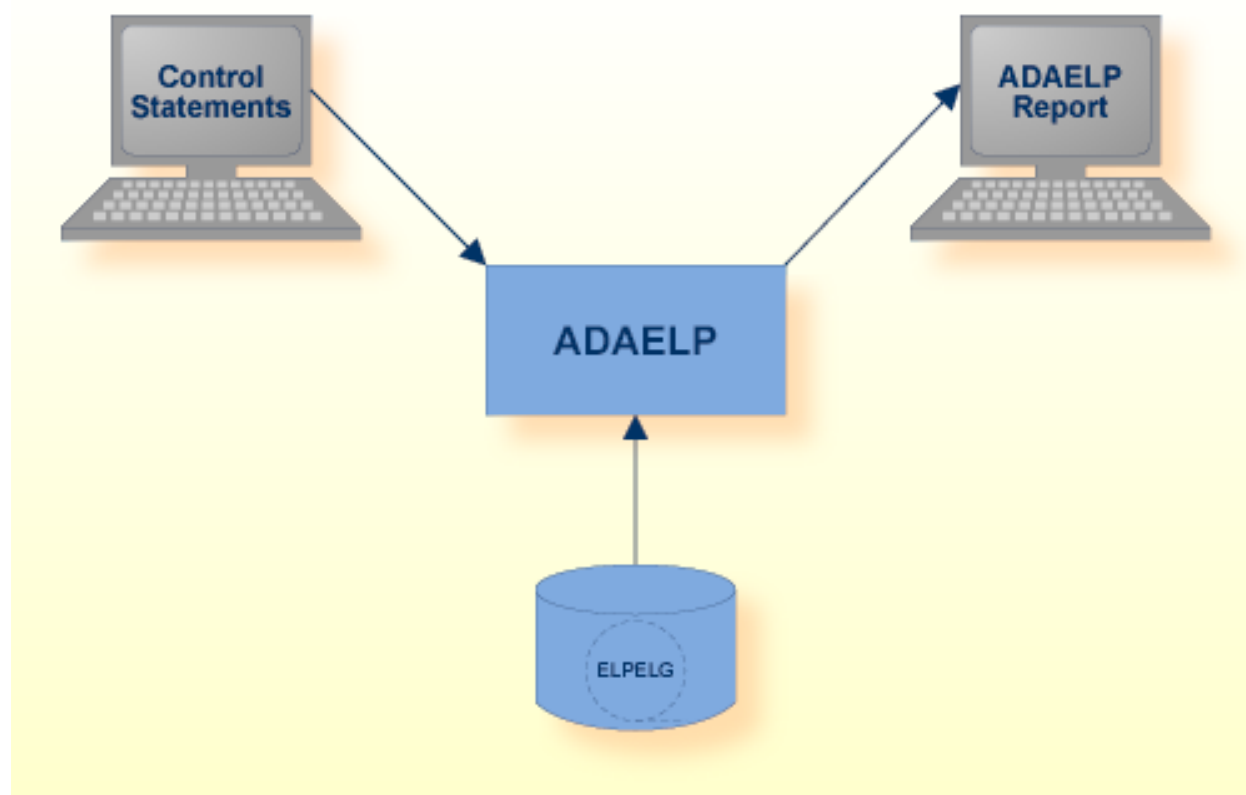
Example output

```
start read event
event_timestamp=16-JUL-2015 11:51:01.977020
dbid=163
file_number=1
command_code=L5
response_code=0
isn=993
pid=6772
```

```
hostname=PCST01  
user_id=st  
tsid=68 ba 56 02 fb 1a 05 00  
end read event
```

This utility is a single-function utility.

Procedure Flow



Data Set	Environment Variable/ Logical Name	Storage Medium	Additional Information
Event log	ELPELG	Disk	
Control statements	stdin		see section Control Parameters
ADAELP report	stdout		

Checkpoints

The utility writes no checkpoints.

Control Parameters

The following control parameters are available:

```
D    DBID = number

    EVENT_TIMESTAMP = ([absolute-date][,[absolute-date]])

    HOSTNAME = string

    LIST

    USER_ID = string
```

DBID

```
DBID = number
```

This parameter specifies the database ID of the database for which the event log was written.

EVENT_TIMESTAMP

```
EVENT_TIMESTAMP = ([absolute-date][,[absolute-date]])
```

This parameter selects the log records in the range specified by the optional date strings. The date strings must correspond to the following absolute date and time format:

```
dd-mmm-yyyy[:hh:mm:ss[.mmmmmm]]
```

Leading zeroes in the date and time specification may be omitted. Any numbers not specified are set to 0, for example 28-jul-2015 is equivalent to 28-jul-2015:00:00:00.000000.

By default, all log records are selected.

Examples:

```
adaelp: event_timestamp = 8-aug-2015
```

The event with event_timestamp 8-AUG-2015 00:00:00 is selected.

```
adaelp: event_timestamp = (8-aug-2015:12,)
```

All events with time_stamp from 8-AUG-2015 12:00:00 onwards are selected.

```
adaelp: event_timestamp = (,8-aug-2012:12:34)
```

All events with time_stamp before 8-AUG-2015 12:34:00 are selected.

```
adaelp: event_timestamp = (16-JUL-2015 11:51:01.977020, 16-JUL-2015 11:51:02.177000)
```

All events with event_timestamp from 16-JUL-2015 11:51:01.977020 to 16-JUL-2015 11:51:02.177000 are selected.

HOSTNAME

```
HOSTNAME = string
```

This parameter selects all events with the hostname specified by 'string'. The length of the parameter value is limited to 8 characters.

LIST

```
LIST
```

This parameter lists the events selected with the parameters DBID, EVENT_TIMESTAMP, HOSTNAME and USER_ID.

USER_ID

```
USER_ID = string
```

This parameter selects all events with the user ID specified by 'string'. The length of the parameter value is limited to 8 characters.

Specifying Multiple Selection Criteria

If multiple selection criteria are specified, they are combined by a logical AND, e.g.

```
event_timestamp=(8-aug-2015:12:34,), user_id = guest, hostname = machine3
```

This selects all events after 8-aug-2015:12:34 with user_id = guest and hostname = machine3.

EALCONFIG (Event Analytics Configuration Tool)

A simple configuration tool (EALCONFIG) is provided to help you set up the Adabas Analytics component. All configuration parameters are stored in the appropriate *DBnnn.INI* file in the database directory. The database with a valid *DBnnn.INI* file must exist.

- [Using EALCONFIG](#)
- [Parameters of Adabas Analytics in the Configuration File DBnnn.INI](#)
- [Adabas Analytics Filter Mechanism](#)
- [Adabas Analytics Event Types](#)

Using EALCONFIG

The configuration tool will ask you for each parameter one at a time. It does not accept command line parameters.

The following parameters are requested by the configuration tool. The current settings or default values are shown in brackets ([]). Pressing the `Enter` key without any input will keep the current setting.

Dbid

The database ID of the database to be configured for Adabas Analytics.

Activate

Enable or disable the event logging. Possible values are *yes* and *no*, the default is *yes*.

File name

The fully-qualified path name for the log file. The default is *\$ADADATADIR/dbnnn/NUCELG* or *%ADADATADIR%\dbnnn\NUCELG*.

Filter for files

A list of file numbers for which the event logging is to be performed. The default is all files. For multiple values, specify the list surrounded by brackets, e.g. '(10,11,12,30-40,100)'; for all files enter an asterisk '*'.

Filter for events

A list of event types which will be logged. The default is all events. For multiple values, specify the list surrounded by brackets, e.g. '(INSERT,UPDATE,COMMIT)', for all events enter an asterisk '*'. For further information about the supported event types, see [Adabas Analytics Event Types](#).

Switch log file after events

The number of events that occur before starting a new log file. The default is never to switch.

Switch log file after time

The number of seconds that elapse before starting a new log file. The default is never to switch.

Example

The following example shows a first run of the configuration tool. The result of this configuration will be: for the files 10,11,12,30 to 40 and 100, the events for insert, update and commit commands are logged in the file `/opt/softwareag/Adabas/db199/NUCELG.0001`. After 86400 seconds (i. e. 24h) or after 1000000 events (depending on which occurs first), the current *NUCELG* file will be closed and a new file with an increased suffix will be created (*NUCELG.0002*, *NUCELG.0003*, ...).

```
$> ealconfig

Adabas Analytics Configuration Tool

Current/default values are shown in '[]', press <enter> to keep these values.
Multiple values have to be enclosed in brackets.

Please enter the dbid: 199
Do you want to activate event logging [YES|NO]? [YES] yes

Please enter the file name for the EAL log [/opt/softwareag/Adabas/db199/NUCELG]:

Filter events for files. Only for the specified files the events are logged.
Format: (5,8,10,20-30,40-50), (*) for all files.
Please enter the file list [*]: (10,11,12,30-40,100)

Filter events. Only the specified events are logged.
Available event types: (INSERT, READ, UPDATE, DELETE, COMMIT, ROLLBACK), (*) for ↵
all events.
Please enter the event type list [*]: (INSERT,UPDATE,COMMIT)

Log file switching. You can begin a new log file after a number of events occurred ↵
and/or after a certain time.
Please enter the number of events ('0' - do not switch) []: 1000000
Please enter the number of seconds ('0' - do not switch) []: 86400

Saving changes to DB199.INI file.

Terminated.
```

The resulting *DB199.INI* file then contains the following entry:

```
[EVENT_ANALYTICS]
ACTION                = YES
SWITCH_AFTER_EVENTS   = 1000000
SWITCH_AFTER_TIME      = 86400

[FILTER]
FILES                  = (10,11,12,30-40,100)
EVENT_TYPES            = (INSERT,UPDATE,COMMIT)
[FILTER-END]
[EVENT_ANALYTICS-END]
```


Parameters of Adabas Analytics in the Configuration File DBnnn.INI

Adabas Analytics uses a new topic ([EVENT_ANALYTICS]) in the configuration file *DBnnn.INI*. An example of how this topic might look is shown below:

```
[EVENT_ANALYTICS]
  ACTION                = YES
  SWITCH_AFTER_EVENTS   = 1000000
  SWITCH_AFTER_TIME     = 86400

  [FILTER]
    FILES                = (10,11,12,30-40,100)
    EVENT_TYPES          = (INSERT,UPDATE,COMMIT)
  [FILTER-END]
[EVENT_ANALYTICS-END]
```

This section describes the keywords and subtopics contained in the [EVENT_ANALYTICS] topic.



Note: All of the keywords and subtopics are optional.

ACTION = YES/NO

This keyword activates/deactivates Adabas Analytics. If this keyword is omitted, Adabas Analytics is switched off. Valid keywords are YES and NO.

SWITCH_AFTER_EVENTS = <count>

This keyword is used to switch to a new *NUCELG* file after <count> events have been written to the *NUCELG* file. If this keyword is omitted, all events are logged to a single *NUCELG* file.

SWITCH_AFTER_TIME = <time in seconds>

This keyword is used to switch to a new *NUCELG* file after <time in seconds> has passed and a new event is to be generated. If this keyword is omitted, all events are logged to a single *NUCELG* file.

Subtopic FILTER

The subtopic FILTER has 2 keywords: FILES and EVENT_TYPES. These keywords are used to determine which types of events are generated for which Adabas files.

FILES = (<file1>, <file2>, <file3> - <file4>)

This keyword specifies the Adabas files that are to be active for eventing. You can specify a list of files; the list can contain single files (<file1>, <file2>) or a range of files (<file3> - <file4>). If this keyword is omitted, events are generated for all Adabas files in the database.

EVENT_TYPES = (INSERT,READ,UPDATE,DELETE,COMMIT,ROLLBACK)

This keyword specifies the types of events that are generated. The details of each event type are described in the section [Adabas Analytics Event Types](#). If this keyword is omitted, all event types are generated for the files specified by the FILES keyword.

Adabas Analytics Filter Mechanism

The filter mechanism gives you control over the events that are generated.

You can filter the events by the following criteria:

- Adabas file number;
- Event type.

You can filter by Adabas file number only, by event type only or you can combine both filters. For further information about the syntax and semantics of the filters for FILES and EVENT_TYPES, see the section [Parameters of Adabas Analytics in the Configuration File DBnnn.INI](#).

The file *DBnnn.INI* contains the topic EVENT_ANALYTICS and the subtopic FILTER.

Example entry in DBnnn.INI:

```
[EVENT_ANALYTICS]
ACTION              = YES
SWITCH_AFTER_EVENTS = 1000000
SWITCH_AFTER_TIME   = 86400

[FILTER]
FILES                = (10,11,12,30-40,100)
EVENT_TYPES          = (INSERT,UPDATE,COMMIT)
[FILTER-END]
[EVENT_ANALYTICS-END]
```

This entry results in events being generated for the Adabas files 10,11,12,30-40 and 100. The events are limited to the types insert, update and commit. After 86400 seconds (24 hours) or after 1000000 events (depending on which comes first), the current *NUCELG* file will be closed, and a new file with an increased suffix will be created (*NUCELG.0002*, *NUCELG.0003* ...).

Adabas Analytics Event Types

Adabas Analytics currently supports 6 types of events related to Adabas calls:

INSERT

A new record has been created, triggered by Adabas commands of the type Nx.

READ

A record has been searched, triggered by Adabas commands of the types Lx and Sx.

In the case of Read commands (Lx) with the multifetch option specified, a read event will be generated for each record that can be read. If a record cannot be read because it is held exclusively by another user, a read event with response code 145 will be triggered for this record, but only if the return option (0) was specified.

UPDATE

A record has been modified, triggered by an Adabas command of the type A1.

DELETE

A record has been removed, triggered by an Adabas command of the type E1.

COMMIT

A transaction has been committed, triggered by Adabas commands of the types ET and CL.

ROLLBACK

A transaction has been backed out, triggered by an Adabas command of the type BT, and also by any other command that results in the nucleus response code 9.

The fields in the event types (which can be displayed using the utility ADAELP) contain the following information:

Field	Information Contained
event_timestamp	Creation time of this event.
dbid	Adabas database ID.
file_number	Adabas file number.
command_code	Adabas command code.
response_code	Adabas response code.
isn	Adabas ISN.
pid	Process ID of the Adabas client.
hostname	Machine name of the Adabas client.
user_id	User ID of the Adabas client.
tsid	Unique marker of the Adabas client.

