

## **Adabas Parallel Services**

## Reference

Version 8.2.3

March 2013

## Adabas Parallel Services

This document applies to Adabas Parallel Services Version 8.2.3. Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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Document ID: ASM-AASMREF-823-20130315

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## **Preface**

This documentation provides reference information for Adabas initialization parameters, cluster operator commands as well as the Adabas Online System screens pertinent to Adabas Parallel Services.

This document is organized as follows:

Initialization Parameters Describes the initialization parameters needed for an Adabas Parallel Services

environment.

Cluster Operator Commands Describes operator commands for ADACOM and for an Adabas Parallel

Services cluster nucleus.

## 1 Initialization Parameters

This documentation provides detailed information on the initialization parameters needed for an Adabas Parallel Services environment.

ADARUN parameters are used to customize the Adabas environment. For Adabas Parallel Services environments, two types of initialization parameters must be specified, based on the setting of the ADARUN PROGRAM parameter:

- To run an Adabas nucleus, the name must be ADANUC.
- To set up an ADACOM task, the name must be ADACOM (no other ADARUN parameters are recognized for the ADACOM program run).

The chapter is organized in the following parts:

ADACOM Initialization Parameters	Describes the ADACOM initialization parameters required by Adabas Parallel Services.
About ADARUN Parameters for Cluster Nuclei	Describes the Adabas nucleus (ADANUC) initialization parameters required by Adabas Parallel Services.
Useful ADARUN Parameters	Provides a reference for all of the ADARUN parameters useful to

Adabas Parallel Services processing.

## 2 ADACOM Initialization Parameters

DBID - Database Identification	!
FORCE - Force Restart after Abnormal Termination	
NU - Number of User Table Elements on the OS Image	
SVC - Interregion Communication Number	t

An unlimited number of Adabas Parallel Services nucleus clusters, each with up to 31 members sharing a common database, can be defined for an operating system image.

The ADACOM initialization task (ADARUN PROGRAM=ADACOM) must be run in order to set up the environment, and it must be maintained in order to monitor and control the nuclei of one or more Adabas Parallel Services clusters.

ADACOM initialization parameters specify the Router ID / DBID combinations (sets) that the ADACOM is to manage.

- The Router ID identifies the SVC number on z/OS or z/VSE. The Router ID value must be the same within a cluster; for different clusters, the same or different Router IDs may be used.
- The DBID identifies the external physical database shared by a particular cluster of nuclei and known to the application.

Other ADACOM parameters are discussed in the following sections.

Although a single ADACOM job can run all Router ID / DBID sets in an Adabas Parallel Services environment, it is possible to run multiple ADACOM tasks simultaneously with the same, mixed, or completely different Router ID / DBID sets. An ADACOM subtask is attached to each Router ID / DBID set for each ADACOM task in which it occurs.

ADACOM prints global messages that apply to all Router ID / DBID sets to two output data sets or files. One is identified by the DD or link name Pssddddd, where ss is the last two digits of the SVC number and ddddd is the DBID. The Pssddddd data set or file is also used by Adabas Cluster Services. The second output data set or file is identified by the DD or link name Dssddddd and is used only by Adabas Parallel Services. ADACOM uses the Dssddddd data set or file to record which cache and lock spaces it allocates and releases for the associated cluster database, as the Adabas Parallel Services nuclei start and end.

On z/OS systems, ADACOM automatically allocates these data sets in the spool with SYSOUT=\*, if they are not explicitly specified.

For a sample job to run ADACOM, read the z/OS section *Create a Startup Procedure for ADACOM* in the *Adabas Parallel Services Installation Guide*.

### **DBID - Database Identification**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>DB</u> ID	the database to be used.	1	65000	none

The DBID parameter designates the ID of an Adabas Parallel Services cluster's external physical database; that is, the database number that the user programs address to send commands to the single physical database of an Adabas Parallel Services nucleus cluster.

This number must be unique among all Adabas database IDs, NUCIDs, Natural buffer pool IDs, etc.

### **FORCE - Force Restart after Abnormal Termination**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>F</u> ORCE	whether ADACOM forces a restart after an abnormal termination.	YES   NO	NO

If Adabas Parallel Services believes there are still active nuclei, ADACOMs, or users on an image after a termination, a NU parameter value that is different from the NU value already in effect will not be recognized on restart. If you are certain that Adabas Parallel Services is wrong in its belief, you can use FORCE=YES to force a clean restart.

Note, however, that if a cluster nucleus or an ADACOM with the same SVC number or IDTNAME is active on the image where FORCE=YES is used, it will crash.



#### Notes:

- 1. FORCE=YES works only when the NU parameter value is being changed and has the effect of resetting the environment.
- 2. The nucleus ADARUN parameter FORCE is neither seen nor used by the SVCCLU. The ADACOM parameter FORCE may only be used to change the NU that is valid for the cluster.
- 3. If you use the ADACOM FORCE parameter, remember to remove it from ADACOM after you have reset the environment.

## **NU - Number of User Table Elements on the OS Image**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>NU</u>	the number of users that can be active in parallel on cluster nuclei	20	16 777 215	200
	in the image.			

In the extended CSA (ECSA), the SVCCLU maintains a user table with entries (UTEs) containing information about every active user in the cluster nuclei on the operating system image. A UTE is assigned when a user issues an OP command or (if the user did not issue an OP command) at the first Adabas command. The UTE is released when the user issues a CL command or when a timeout occurs.

The ADACOM NU parameter specifies the number of concurrent users (UTEs) allowed for all the nuclei of a cluster. The first ADACOM started governs the value for NU: different values set for subsequent nuclei or ADACOMs are ignored.

To manually change the NU value, you must stop all cluster nuclei and ADACOM tasks in the image, modify the NU value for all the nucleus and ADACOM jobs, and then restart.

When the NU parameter is set to zero, any space allocated for the user table is freed, the Adabas Parallel Services control block is freed, and the ADACOM task terminates. However, if ADACOM believes that there are active nuclei, ADACOMs, or users, and FORCE=YES is not used, no action is taken.

For example, the following parameter would run the Adabas Parallel Services cluster nuclei with 500 elements in the user table:

NU=500

### **SVC - Interregion Communication Number**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	the supervisor call number to be used for the Adabas Parallel Services	z/OS: 200-255	z/OS: 249
	nucleus cluster session.	z/VSE: see text	z/VSE: 45

The SVC is used to perform various Adabas internal functions; the number is used to communicate between the users and the database.

The SVC number is specified as an integer and must correspond to the number used for the Adabas SVC (ADASVC).

- For z/OS, valid SVC values are 200-255.
- For z/VSE, 45 is the recommended value but any free SVC value can be used. Read the *Adabas Installation Guide* for information about finding free z/VSE Adabas SVC values.

For example, the following parameter will execute an Adabas Parallel Services nucleus cluster session on a z/OS image using ADASVC 202.

SVC=202

## 3 About ADARUN Parameters for Cluster Nuclei

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Software AG recommends that you use the default settings (or your existing values) of the Adabas ADARUN parameters for each Adabas nucleus in an Adabas Parallel Services cluster, and then tune the values after analyzing the performance of the node or cluster. Read *Performance and Tuning* in the *Adabas Parallel Services Operations* for information about expected differences.

Session statistics can be used to determine the best settings for each parameter. The statistics are printed automatically at the end of a session, but can also be displayed using nucleus or ADACOM operator commands during the session.

For your convenience, ADARUN parameters that are most significant to Adabas Parallel Services usage are described in *Useful ADARUN Parameters*, elsewhere in this guide.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Global ADARUN Parameters
- ADARUN Parameter Usage in Cluster Environments
- Specifying ADARUN Parameters for Cluster Nuclei
- Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Parallel Services

#### **Global ADARUN Parameters**

ADARUN parameters that must be the same for all nuclei in the cluster are called global.

Some global parameters are set at nucleus startup and cannot be changed during the ensuing session; other global parameters can be changed during a session:

- When you set a value for a global parameter that cannot be changed after the first nucleus in an Adabas cluster has started, intracluster messages are used to communicate the ADARUN parameter settings of the first nucleus to all subsequent cluster nuclei. Each subsequent nucleus receives this information during initialization and determines whether its global nonchangeable parameters are equal to those of the first nucleus.
  - If they are not equal, the nucleus fails with a parameter error. The nonequal global changeable parameters are reset to the value retrieved from the intracluster messages and a corresponding message is printed.
- If you change the value of a global parameter that can be changed during a running session, the nucleus on which you make the change acquires a "parameter change lock", makes the changes in its local parameter area, and communicates the changes to the other cluster nuclei using intracluster messages.

All other nuclei in the cluster receive the intracluster messages containing the global parameters that have changed, change the parameters in their local parameter area, and send an "acknowledge" message.

## **ADARUN Parameter Usage in Cluster Environments**

A cluster nucleus makes use of:

- global parameters, whose values are enforced by Adabas Parallel Services to be equal for all nuclei in a cluster. Some of these parameters can be modified (globally modifiable) during a session using an operator command or the Adabas Online System (NISNHQ, NONDES, and AOSLOG are only modifiable using AOS); others are fixed (globally fixed) and cannot be modified while the nuclei in the cluster are running.
- local parameters, which can be different for each nucleus. Some of these parameters are modifiable (locally modifiable) using an operator command or the Adabas Online System; others are fixed (locally fixed) and cannot be modified.

A few Adabas ADARUN parameters are not available to a cluster nuclei (No).

In the following table, the "N/A" column indicates which ADARUN parameters are not available to a cluster nucleus, the "LF" column indicates whether the parameter is a locally fixed parameter, the "LM" column indicates whether the parameter is a locally modifiable parameter, the "GF" column indicates whether the parameter is a globally fixed parameter, and the "GM" column indicates whether the parameter is a globally modifiable parameter.



**Note**: The parameters for which links are provided have particular use in Adabas Parallel Services environments and are described in *Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Parallel Services*, elsewhere in this guide. A description of every ADARUN parameter (including those not described in the Adabas Parallel Services documentation) can be found in the *Adabas Operations Manual*.

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
AOSLOG	Log to DDPRINT commands issued by AOS or ADADBS OPERCOM that modify the active nucleus			LM		
AREXCLUDE	Exclude file(s) from autorestart		LF			
ARMNAME	Name used to activate ARM		LF			
ASSOCACHE	Controller caching control for the Associator component		LF			
ASYTVS	Asynchronous buffer flush based on volser			LM		
CACHE	Load ADACSH (Adabas Caching Facility)		LF			
CACTIVATE	RABN range activation (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSODSP	Associator RABNs cached for data space (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSOEXT	Associator RABNs cached for extended memory (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
CASSOHSP	Associator RABNs cached for hiperspace (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSOV64	Associator RABNs cached for virtual 64 (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSOMAXS	Associator cache space unit size (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CBUFNO	Read buffer count for concurrent I/O (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CCTIMEOUT	Cache space area inactivity time (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATADSP	Data Storage RABNs cached for data space (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAEXT	Data Storage RABNs cached for extended memory (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAHSP	Data Storage RABNs cached for hiperspace (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAV64	Data Storage RABNs cached for virtual 64 (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAMAXS	Data Storage cache space unit size (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDEMAND	Lowest acceptable Adabas buffer efficiency level (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDISPSTAT	RABN range statistic display location (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDX <i>nn</i>	Collation descriptor user exit(s)		LF			
CEXCLUDE	Excluded command types (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CFILE	File or file range to be cached (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CLOGBMAX	Maximum size of a log buffer		LF			
CLOGDEV	Multiple command log device		LF			
CLOGLAYOUT	Define command log format				GF	
CLOGMAX	Maximum size of all logged buffers allowed for an Adabas command.		LF			
CLOGMRG	Automatic command log merge control in a cluster environment					GM
CLOGSIZE	Multiple command log size (blocks)		LF			
CLUCACHENAME	Cluster cache structure name (Adabas Cluster Services only)				GF	
CLUCACHESIZE	Cluster cache area size (Adabas Parallel Services only)					GM

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
CLUCACHETYPE	Cluster cache area storage type (Adabas Parallel Services only)					GM
CLUCACHEUNCHANGED	Shared cache unchanged block control (Adabas Parallel Services only)		LF			
CLUGROUPNAME	Cluster group name (Adabas Cluster Services only)				GF	
CLULOCKNAME	Cluster lock structure name (Adabas Cluster Services only)				GF	
CLULOCKSIZE	Cluster lock area size (Adabas Parallel Services only)					GM
CLUSTER	Adabas cluster session control				GF	
CMADDR	Starting address of the GETMAIN common memory pool above the 16M line		LF			
CMAXCSPS	Storage area count for ADACSH (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CMDQMODE	Command queue memory pool location		LF			
CMFIX	GETMAIN common memory pool fixed location indicator above the 16M line		LF			
CMLADDR	Starting address of the GETMAIN common memory pool below the 16M line		LF			
CMLFIX	GETMAIN common memory pool fixed location indicator below the 16M line		LF			
CMLSCOPE	Control for access to the GETMAIN common memory pool below the 16M line		LF			
CMLSIZE	Indicator for GETMAIN performance in common memory pool below the 16M line		LF			
CMSCOPE	Control for access to the GETMAIN common memory pool above the 16M line		LF			
CMSIZE	Indicator for GETMAIN performance in common memory pool above the 16M line		LF			
CRETRY	Cache space retry interval (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CSTORAGE	RABN caching activation (Adabas Caching Facility)		LF			
СТ	Command time limit (seconds)					GM
CWORKSTORAGE	Cache space type (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CWORK2FAC	Percentage of Work part 2 cached (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CWOFK3FAC	Percentage of Work part 3 cached (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CXFILE	Excluded files (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
DATACACHE	Controller caching control for the Data Storage component		LF			
DBID	Database ID (physical)			1	GF	

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
DEVICE	Device type of the first ASSO extent				GF	
DIRRATIO	Ratio of directory entries to data elements in a cluster cache structure/area					GM
DSF	Delta Save Facility control				GF	
DSFEX1	Delta Save Facility user exit		LF			
DTP <sup>1</sup>	Distributed transaction processing control				GF	
DUALCLD	Dual command log device		LF			
DUALCLS	Dual command log size (blocks)		LF			
DUALPLD	Dual protection log device		LF			
DUALPLS	Dual protection log size (blocks)		LF			
ELEMENTRATIO	Ratio of directory entries to data elements in a cluster cache structure/area					GM
EXCPVR	EXCP or EXCPVR indicator when APF-authorized		LF			
FASTPATH	Adabas Fastpath control		LF			
FMXIO	Limit parallel I/O operations by LFIOP flush processing			LM		
FORCE	Overwrite IDTE		LF			
GROUPS	Indicator for BS2000 interprocess communication limited to users with the same logon ID		LF			
HEX <i>nn</i>	Hyperdescriptor exit(s)		LF			
IDTNAME	Name for alternate ID table		LF			
IDTPSUP	IDT name suppression indicator		LF			
IGNDIB	Ignore DIB entry		LF			
IGNDTP	Ignore distributed transaction processing area (Work part 4)		LF			
INFOBUFFERSIZE	Size of information buffer pool		LF			
INTNAS	Interval between nucleus statistic checkpoints (SYNS 60)					GM
LARGEPAGE	Large page use indicator		LF			
LBP	Length of buffer pool		LF			
LCP	Length of security pool		LF			
LDEUQP	Length of unique (UQ) descriptor pool		LF			
LDTP	Length of distributed transaction processing area (Work part 4)		LF			
LFIOP <sup>2</sup>	Length of asynchronous flush pool		LF			
LFP	Length of internal format buffer pool		LF			
LI	Length of ISN list table (TBI)		LF			
LNKGNAME	Link globals table name		LF			

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
LOCAL <sup>3</sup>	Nucleus (cluster) unknown to the network				GF	
LOGABDX	Log ABDs		LF			
LOGCB	Log control block			LM		
LOGCLEX	Log command log extension (CLEX)		LF			
LOGFB	Log format buffer			LM		
LOGGING	Logging of Adabas commands			LM		
LOGIB	Log ISN buffer			LM		
LOGIO	Log I/O activity			LM		
LOGMB	Log multifetch buffers		LF			
LOGRB	Log record buffer			LM		
LOGSB	Log search buffer			LM		
LOGSIZE	Maximum command log size		LF			
LOGUX	Log user exit B data			LM		
LOGVB	Log value buffer			LM		
LOGVOLIO	Extended I/O list log indicator			LM		
LOGWARN	PLOG/CLOG status check frequency			LM		
LP	Length of data protection area (Work part 1)		LF			
LQ	Length of sequential command table		LF			
LRDP	Length of the redo pool in cluster environments.		LF			
LRPL	Size of Adabas or Event Replicator replication pools		LF			
LS	Length of sort area			LM		
LU	Length of intermediate user buffer					GM
LWKP2	Length of ISN list processing area (Work part 2)		LF			
LWP	Length of Adabas work pool		LF			
MODE <sup>2</sup>	Mode of operation				GF	
MSGBUF	Size of the message buffer		LF			
MSGCONSL	Case of messages on message console		LF			
MSGDRUCK	Case of messages in DD/DRUCK data set		LF			
MSGPRINT	Case of messages sent to DD/PRINT data set		LF			
MXCANCEL	Timeout threshold for a cancel request between cluster nuclei(Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
MXCANCELWARN	Timeout threshold for a cancel request warning between cluster nuclei (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
MXMSG	Maximum message reply time between cluster nuclei (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
MXMSGWARN	Timeout threshold for a message reply warning between cluster nuclei (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
MXSTATUS	XCF status monitoring heartbeat interval (Adabas Cluster Services)			LM		
MXTNA	Maximum inactivity time limit override for a user					GM
MXTSX	Maximum Sx execution time limit override for a user					GM
MXTT	Maximum transaction time limit override for a user					GM
Self-termination query operator response interval (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)				LM		
NAB	Number of attached buffers		LF			
NC	Number of command queue elements		LF			
NCLOG	Number of command logs		LF			
NH	Number of hold queue elements		LF			
NISNHQ	Number of ISNs in hold queue for user					GM
NONDES	Non-descriptor searches					GM
NPLOG	Number of protection logs		LF			
NPLOGBUFFERS	Number of PLOG protection I/O buffers		LF			
NQCID	Number of active command IDs per user					GM
NSISN	Number of ISNs per ISN table element			LM		
NT	Number of threads		LF			
NU	Number of user queue elements		LF			
NUCID	Cluster nucleus ID		LF			
NWORK1BUFFERS	Number of Work part 1 protection I/O buffers		LF			
OPENRQ	Open command required				GF	
PAMREQS	Maximum number of BS2000 PAM blocks that can be transferred in a single PAM macro request		LF			
PGFIX	I/O control block page request indicator		LF			
PLOGDEV	Multiple protection log device		LF			
PLOGRQ	Protection log required				GF	
PLOGSIZE	Multiple protection log size (blocks)		LF			
PREFETCH <sup>4</sup>	Prefetch/multifetch feature control (see note below)	N/A				
PREFICMD <sup>4</sup>	Include command from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				
PREFIFIL <sup>4</sup>	Include file from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
PREFNREC <sup>4</sup>	Multifetch record count (see note below)	N/A				
PREFSBL <sup>4</sup>	Prefetch single buffer length (see note below)	N/A				
PREFSTDD⁴	Job statement label for location for multifetch statistics	N/A				
PREFTBL <sup>4</sup>	Prefetch total buffer length (see note below)	N/A				
PREFXCMD⁴	Exclude command from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				
PREFXFIL⁴	Exclude file from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				
PROGRAM	The program to be run		LF			
QBLKSIZE	Sequential data set block size (optimized by ADAIOR)		LF			
READONLY <sup>2</sup>	Read-only session control			LM		
REPLICATION	Replication indicator		LF			
REVFILTER	Adabas Review record filtering indicator		LF			
REVIEW	Adabas Review control			LM		
REVLOGBMAX	Maximum number of bytes of a logged buffer for Adabas Review		LF			
REVLOGMAX	Maximum size of all logged buffers for an Adabas Review command		LF			
RPLCONNECTCOUNT	Number of connection attempts for replication		LF			
RPLCONNECTINTERVAL	Connection attempt interval for replication		LF			
RPLPARMS	Location of replication definitions		LF			
RPLSORT	Replication transaction data sorting indicator		LF			
RPLWARNINGINCREMENT	Replication pool usage warning message interval		LF			
RPLWARNINTERVAL	Replication pool usage warning message suppression interval		LF			
RPLWARNMESSAGELIMIT	Replication pool usage warning message limit before suppression		LF			
RPWARNPERCENT	Replication pool usage threshold		LF			
SMF	Adabas SMF recording control		LF			
SMF89	Type 89 SMF record control		LF			
SMFDETAIL	SMF record detail section control			LM		
SMFINTERVAL	SMF interval record control			LM		
SMFRECNO	SMF user-defined record number control			LM		
SMFSUBSYS	IBM or user-defined SMF subsystem control			LM		
SMGT	Error handling (PIN) facility control		LF			

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
SORTCACHE	Controller caching control for the Adabas sort area component		LF			
SPT	Adabas triggers and stored procedures control				GF	
SRLOG	Spanned record logging control		LF			
SUBMPSZ	Common memory pool size		LF			
SVC	SVC number		LF			
SWITCHNR	BS2000 job switch number		LF			
TAPEREL	End-of-file processing for tapes or cartridges		LF			
TARGETID	Unique Entire Net-Work target ID		LF			
TASKCTGY	BS2000 Adabas task category		LF			
TCPIP	TCP/IP access control			LM		
TCPURL	TCP/IP universal resource locator (URL)			LM		
TEMPCACHE	Controller caching for the Adabas temp area component		LF			
TFLUSH <sup>2</sup>	Synchronous buffer flush time			LM		
TLSCMD	Time limit for S1, S2, and S4 complex searches (seconds)					GM
TMDRQ <sup>3</sup>	Number of entries in Adabas Transaction Manager internal request queue		LF			
TMETDATA <sup>3</sup>	Databases storing Adabas Transaction Manager ET data		LF			
TMGTT <sup>3</sup>	Time limit in which an Adabas Transaction Manager global transaction can be opened without being prepared		LF			
TMLOG <sup>3</sup>	Logging option for Adabas Transaction Manager			LM		
TMMSGSEV <sup>3</sup>	Severity threshold for suppression of Adabas Transaction manager warning messages		LF			
TMRESTART <sup>3</sup>	Adabas Transaction Manager problematic transaction restart handling		LF			
TMSYNCMGR <sup>3</sup>	Indicator for Adabas Transaction Manager interaction with external transaction coordinator		LF			
TMTCIDPREF <sup>3</sup>	Adabas Transaction Manager prefix for dynamically allocated client IDs		LF			
TNAA	Non-activity time limit (access-only users)					GM
TNAE	Non-activity time limit (ET logic users)					GM
TNAX	Non-activity time limit (exclusive update users)					GM
TT	Transaction time limit			1		GM
UEX <i>nn</i>	User exits: 1, 3, 4, 5, 8		LF	†	<u> </u>	
	User exits: 2, 12		1	1	GF	1

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
	User exits: 6, 9 (for utilities)	N/A				
UEXSMF	SMF user exit module name		LF			
UTIONLY	Utilities-only session				GF	
V64BIT	Virtual storage above the 2G bar usage indicator		LF			
VISTA	Adabas Vista control				GF	
WORKCACHE	Controller caching for the Adabas work area component		LF			

#### Notes:

- 1. Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 do not support DTP=TM, but it does support DTP=RM.
- 2. Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 do not support LFIOP=0, MODE=SINGLE, READONLY=YES, or TFLUSH.
- 3. Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 do not support the LOCAL=YES and all TM\*parameters
- 4. The PREFxxx parameters are used with application programs (PROGRAM=USER) making Adabas calls. They have no effect when specified for an Adabas nucleus.

## **Specifying ADARUN Parameters for Cluster Nuclei**

When specifying ADARUN session parameters for Adabas Parallel Services cluster nuclei:

- ensure that the correct program to be executed is specified (PROG=ADANUC); and
- determine which setting is applicable for the SVC parameter for the session.

The CLOGMRG, CLUSTER, CLUCACHESIZE, CLUCACHETYPE, CLUCACHEUNCHANGED, CLULOCKSIZE, DIRRATIO / ELEMENTRATIO, LRDP, and NUCID parameters are used by the Adabas Parallel Services cluster nucleus and its environment.

If protection logs or command logs are used in a cluster environment, they must be dual or multiple logs and all nuclei must use them. All cluster nuclei must have the same PLOGRQ setting.

The remaining Adabas cluster nucleus parameters are the same as those of a standard Adabas nucleus. For more information, read the *Adabas Operations Manual*.

## 

## **Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Parallel Services**

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This chapter provides a reference for the ADARUN parameters useful to Adabas Parallel Services processing. For information on how to specify ADARUN parameters, read the *Adabas Operations Manual* documentation provided with Adabas.

## **CLOGMRG Parameter: Cluster Command Log Merge**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLOGM</u> RG	whether the Adabas cluster is to run with automatic CLOG merge. $ \\$	YES   NO	NO

An automatic CLOG merge process provides a single cluster-wide command log containing, in chronological order, all Adabas commands executed by any of the cluster nuclei in the time period covered by the log.

CLOGMRG specifies whether the Adabas cluster is to run with the automatic CLOG merge:

#### Value Action

YES enables an automated process that copies dual or multiple command logs to sequential data sets and merges those data sets across a cluster into a single cluster-wide command log. This process automatically merges command logs when an ADARES CLCOPY is submitted from user exit 2 and executed. The cluster nuclei and the ADARES utility perform coordinated CLOG switches and CLCOPY functions with merging of CLOG records, much the same way the PLOG merge process works.

NO (the default), each nucleus produces its own CLOG, independent of any other nucleus in the cluster; dual or multiple CLOGs can be manually copied using ADARES CLCOPY to a sequential data set; and the resulting sequential CLOGs can be manually merged across a cluster using the ADARES MERGE CLOG function.

CLOGMRG is a global (that is, a cluster-wide) parameter, which means that the setting of this parameter in the first cluster nucleus to become active is propagated to all nuclei that subsequently become active.

#### **Parameter Dependencies**

It is possible to specify both LOGGING=NO and CLOGMRG=YES. In a cluster environment, it is also possible that a CLOG will be written to even if LOGGING=NO. As long as CLOGMRG=NO, nothing will be written to the CLOG if LOGGING=NO. However, if LOGGING=NO and CLOGMRG=YES, control records necessary for ADARES CLCOPY will be written to the CLOG.

CLOGMRG is effective only in an Adabas cluster environment; that is, when CLUSTER is specified with a value other than NO and NUCID is specified with a nonzero value.

#### **Dynamic Modification**

The setting of the CLOGMRG parameter can be changed dynamically using the CLOGMRG command from the operator console, the ADADBS OPERCOM CLOGMRG function, or the Modify Parameter function of Adabas Online System.

Because CLOGMRG is a global parameter, the change request to one nucleus is automatically propagated to all nuclei in the cluster.

## **CLUCACHEEXTRA Parameter: Adjust Shared Cache Vector Size**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	the additional vector size, in blocks, required to allow Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services to track the blocks held by Adabas Caching Facility in the different cluster nuclei.	0 - 2147483647	1000

This parameter is local and unchangeable. It has effect only if both a cluster product (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services) and Adabas Caching Facility are active.

If Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services are running on the same system as the Adabas Caching Facility, use the CLUCACHEEXTRA parameter to adjust the vector size of the shared cache. This ensures that Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services can track all of the blocks held privately by the Adabas Caching Facility.

Set the value to the maximum number of blocks expected to be cached by the Adabas Caching Facility. This number can be derived from the CASSOMAXS, CDATAMAXS, and CMAXCSPS parameter settings of the Adabas Caching Facility and the ASSO and DATA block sizes of the database.

### **CLUCACHESIZE Parameter: Size of the Global Cache Area**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
	the amount of storage to allocate for the		depends on the type of cache	
	global cache area that services the Adabas		(CLUCACHETYPE parameter)	
	Parallel Services cluster in which the current			
	nucleus participates.			

The CLUCACHESIZE parameter specifies the amount of storage to be allocated for the global cache area which all nuclei in the Adabas Parallel Services cluster use to share Associator and Data blocks from the database. It has an effect only if CLUSTER=LOCAL is also specified.

The location and maximum size of the global cache area depends on the CLUCACHETYPE parameter. If CLUCACHETYPE=DSP, the global cache is kept in a dataspace shared between the Adabas Parallel Services nuclei. Otherwise, the cache is kept in shared 64-bit virtual storage (z/OS systems only).

CLUCACHESIZE must be specified for Adabas Parallel Services nuclei; there is no default.

Each Adabas Parallel Services nucleus has its own buffer pool sized by the ADARUN parameter LBP. Optionally, it may also have one or more local cache spaces administered by the Adabas Caching Facility (refer to the description of the ADARUN parameter CACHE). In addition, Adabas Parallel Services uses a global cache area to ensure that current images of Associator and Data blocks from the database are available to all Adabas Parallel Services cluster nuclei.

The global cache area must be large enough to retain:

- directory elements for all blocks that reside in all buffer pools and the global cache itself; and
- enough data elements to keep changed blocks between buffer flushes (cast-outs).

The ADARUN parameters DIRRATIO and ELEMENTRATIO determine the ratio between the number of directory and data elements.

CLUCACHESIZE may be specified in bytes, in kilobytes followed by a "K", in megabytes followed by an "M", or in gigabytes followed by a "G":

- the minimum size is 131072 bytes (or 128K);
- for CLUCACHETYPE=DSP, the maximum size is 2147483147 bytes (or 2097152K; or 2048M; or 2G); and
- the maximum allowed numeral is 2147483147; for CLUCACHETYPE=V64, use the K, M or G suffix (for example, 10G or 10240M or 10485760K for a global cache of 10 gigabytes size).

The value is rounded up to the nearest 4-kilobyte boundary.

Appropriate sizes for the global cache area depend very much on the application load in the cluster. For more details about these calculations, read *Global Cache Area Size* in the *Adabas Parallel Services Operations Guide*. You can use the Adabas Online System cache structure size calculator described in *Estimating Sizes for the Cache Structure in a Cluster Environment* in the *Adabas Parallel Services Operations Guide* to determine appropriate global cache area sizes.

#### Example

In the following example, the global cache area allocated is 500 M.

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, CLUCACHESIZE-500M

## **CLUCACHETYPE Parameter: Global Cache Area Storage Type Option**

Parameter	Specify	Valid Values	Default
<u>CLUCACHET</u> YPE	the virtual storage type for the global cache area	DSP   G64   L64   V64	DSP

The CLUCACHETYPE parameter specifies the type of virtual storage to be used for the global cache of an Adabas Parallel Services cluster. It has an effect only if CLUSTER=LOCAL is also specified. Valid values are "DSP" (available on all supported operating systems) and "G64", "L64" or "V64" (available only on z/OS systems).

The size of the global cache is specified in the CLUCACHESIZE parameter.

CLUCACHETYPE Value	Description
DSP	This is the default value. It indicates that a shared dataspace will be used for the global cache. In this case, the maximum cache size is two gigabytes (2G).
G64	If "G64" is specified (on z/OS 2.1 or later systems running on IBM zEC12 machines), the global cache space shared by the cluster nuclei will reside in 64-bit virtual storage that is backed by page-fixed 2G large pages (provided the large page pool has been configured to a sufficient size and is available in the system). If the system cannot satisfy the allocation request with storage backed by 2G large pages, storage backed by pageable 4K pages will be allocated instead.
	<b>Note:</b> Allocation requests for storage to be backed by 2G large pages will be rounded up to the nearest multiple of two gigabytes. Any difference between the specified size and the allocated size will remain unused. To avoid leaving a potentially large amount of allocated storage unused when specifying CLUCACHETYPE=G64, we recommend that you supply a multiple of two gigabytes for the CLUCACHESIZE <b>parameter</b> .
L64	If "L64" is specified (on z/OS 1.9 or later systems running on IBM z10 machines), the global cache space shared by the cluster nuclei will reside in 64-bit virtual storage that is backed by page-fixed one-megabyte (1M) large pages (provided the large page pool has been configured to a sufficient size and is available in the system). If the system cannot satisfy the allocation request with storage backed by 1M large pages, storage backed by pageable four-kilobyte (4K) pages will be allocated instead.
V64	If "V64" is specified (on z/OS systems), a storage area in 64-bit virtual storage will be used for the global cache. In this case, the cache can be made much larger than 2G, but is still subject to the MEMLIMIT value in effect for the ADACOM job for the Adabas Parallel Services database.

### Notes:

1. If one ADACOM job is used to hold the shared cache and lock spaces for multiple Adabas Parallel Services clusters, L64 and G4 cache spaces of different clusters are slightly less isolated

from one another than DSP or V64 cache spaces, creating a marginally higher risk that a cacherelated error in one cluster might induce an error in a different cluster. This very small risk can be avoided altogether by using different ADACOM jobs for different Adabas Parallel Services clusters that use L64 or G64 cache spaces, but this is not mandatory.

- 2. Virtual 64-bit storage backed by page-fixed 1M large pages can only be used on IBM z10 mainframes running z/OS Version 1.9 or above and for which IBM large page support has been enabled via IBM APAR OA20902. You must also allocate the size of the large page pool (use the LFAREA parameter in the IEASYSxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB). The LFAREA parameter allows you to specify the amount of real storage to be used for page-fixed 1M large pages; this parameter cannot be changed dynamically and, if it is not set, page frames will remain allocated at a size of 4K.
- 3. Virtual 64-bit storage backed by page-fixed 2G large pages can only be used on IBM zEC12 mainframes running z/OS version 2.1 or above or an earlier z/OS version for which 2G large page support has been enabled via IBM APAR. You must also allocate the size of the large page pool (use the LFAREA parameter in the IEASYSxx member of SYS1.PARMLIB). The LFAREA parameter is extended to allow you to specify the amount of real storage to be used for page-fixed 1M and 2G large pages; this parameter cannot be changed dynamically and, if it is not set, page frames will remain allocated at a size of 4K.

#### Example

In the following example, the global cache area will be allocated in shared 64-bit virtual storage:

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, CLUCACHETYPE=V64

## **CLUCACHEUNCHANGED Parameter: Global Cache Unchanged Block Option**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	whether unchanged blocks are written to global cache during	YES   NO	NO
	Adabas Parallel Services processing.		

The CLUCACHEUNCHANGED parameter specifies whether an Adabas Parallel Services nucleus should write unchanged blocks to the global cache. It has an effect only if CLUSTER=LOCAL is also specified. Valid values are "YES" and "NO".

- The default value is "NO", which indicates that the nucleus will write only changed (updated) Associator and Data blocks from the database to the global cache.
- If "YES" is specified, the nucleus will write changed and unchanged Associator and Data blocks to the global cache.

#### Recommendation

If a lot of virtual storage can be made available for local and global caching by the Adabas Parallel Services cluster (where local caching is controlled by the ADARUN LBP parameter and possibly the Adabas Caching Facility add-on product), assigning the bulk of the available storage to the global cache (ADARUN CLUCACHESIZE parameter), which is shared by all Adabas Parallel Services nuclei for the database, provides for more economic use of the storage than assigning it to the local caches of the individual cluster nuclei (ADARUN LBP parameter and the Adabas Caching Facility ADARUN CASSOMAXS and CDATAMAXS parameters), which are private to each nucleus. However, each cluster nucleus requires sufficient local buffer pool space (LBP parameter) to hold the entire working set of Associator and Data blocks needed for parallel command processing.

In cases where the global cache size (CLUCACHESIZE parameter) is set to a large value, CLUCACHEUNCHANGED should be set to "YES", so that the global cache achieves a better hit rate (efficiency).

#### Example

In the following example, the CLUCACHEUNCHANGED parameter is set to that both changed and unchanged Associator and Data blocks are written to the global cache.

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, CLUCACHEUNCHANGED-YES

### **CLUGROUPNAME Parameter: Cluster Group Name**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLUG</u> ROUPNAME	the name of the XCF messaging group in Adabas Cluster Services.	text	none
	the name of the messaging group in Adabas Parallel Services.	text	the router name

The CLUGROUPNAME parameter need not be specified for Adabas Parallel Services except when Adabas Parallel Services is used to recover an Adabas Cluster Services database after a failure that resulted in a remnant DIB entry. In this case, the CLUGROUPNAME parameter for Adabas Parallel Services must be set to the same value as it was for the failed Adabas Cluster Services nuclei.

For Adabas Cluster Services, the CLUGROUPNAME parameter provides the XCF group name to be used by the cluster nuclei for their communication using XCF.

All nuclei in the same cluster must have the same CLUGROUPNAME. Nuclei belonging to different clusters must have different CLUGROUPNAMEs.

In addition, the CLUGROUPNAME must be different from the XCF group names used by other subsystems that communicate using XCF.

The name can be 1-8 characters long. Valid characters are numeric, uppercase alphabetic, and the special characters \$, @, and #. The name must begin with an alphabetic character (A-Z). IBM names begin with SYS, UNDESIG, or the characters A through I (these characters are not reserved).

#### Example

The following examples specifies the name of the XCF messaging group as "SAG1CLU".

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, CLUGROUPNAME-SAG1CLU

#### **CLULOCKSIZE Parameter: Size of the Global Lock Area**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>CLULOCKS</u> IZE	the amount of storage allocated for the global lock area	128K	2G	none

The CLULOCKSIZE parameter specifies the amount of storage to be allocated for the global lock area which all nuclei in the Adabas Parallel Services cluster use to synchronize their processing. It has an effect only if CLUSTER=LOCAL is also specified.

CLULOCKSIZE must be specified for Adabas Parallel Services nuclei; there is no default.

CLULOCKSIZE may be specified in bytes, in kilobytes followed by a "K", in megabytes followed by an "M", or in gigabytes followed by a "G".

- The minimum size is 131072 bytes (or 128K)
- The maximum size is 2147483147 bytes (or 2097152K, 2048M, or 2G).

The value is rounded up to the nearest 4-kilobyte boundary.

Appropriate sizes for the global lock area depend on the expected amount of parallel command processing in the cluster. For more details about these calculations, read *Global Cache Area Size* in the *Adabas Parallel Services Operations Guide*. You can use the Adabas Online System lock structure size calculator described in *Estimating Sizes for the Lock Structure in a Cluster Environment* in the *Adabas Parallel Services Operations Guide* to determine appropriate global lock area sizes.

### CLUSTER Parameter: Adabas Nucleus Cluster Session Control

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLU</u> STER	whether the Adabas nucleus will participate in a cluster of nuclei	NO   SYSPLEX   LOCAL	NO
	working on the same Adabas database, and, if so, the type of		
	cluster (Adabas Parallel Services or Adabas Cluster Services) in		
	which it will participate.		

The CLUSTER parameter specifies whether the Adabas nucleus will participate in a cluster of nuclei working on the same Adabas database, and if so, which type of cluster:

- If CLUSTER=NO (the default), the nucleus will not participate in an Adabas cluster. If CLUSTER=NO, the NUCID parameter must be set (or default) to 0.
- If CLUSTER=LOCAL, the nucleus will participate in a cluster where all nuclei run on the same operating system image. The add-on product Adabas Parallel Services is required to run in this mode.
- If CLUSTER=SYSPLEX, the nucleus will participate in a cluster where the nuclei may run on different systems within a parallel sysplex. This is supported only for z/OS systems. The addon product Adabas Cluster Services is required to run in this mode.

If CLUSTER=LOCAL or SYSPLEX, the NUCID parameter must be set to a nonzero value that identifies the individual cluster nucleus. Also, the parameter settings MODE=SINGLE, READONLY=YES, LFIOP=0 and DTP=TM, and the use of sequential protection log data sets (DD-name/link name DDSIBA) are not allowed for cluster nuclei.

#### Example

The following example includes the nucleus in a cluster run with Adabas Cluster Services:

ADARUN DBID=53, CLUSTER=SYSPLEX, NUCID=5301

# DIRRATIO / ELEMENTRATIO Parameters: Cluster Cache Directory-to-Data Elements Ratio

The DIRRATIO and ELEMENTRATIO parameters together define the ratio of directory elements to data elements in the Adabas Cluster Services coupling facility cache structure or the Adabas Parallel Services global cache area.

This ratio influences the allocation of the cache structure/area when the first cluster nucleus starts. It has no influence on the cache structure/area when a subsequent nucleus starts.

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>DI</u> RRATIO	the directory portion of the directory-to-data element ratio	1	32767	4
<u>E</u> LEMENTRATIO	the element portion of the directory-to-data element ratio	1	32767	1

The DIRRATIO / ELEMENTRATIO ratio is optionally used in Adabas cluster environments to tune the cache structure/area for better performance.

Directory elements are used to keep track of the cluster members that have individual blocks in their local caches (buffer pool and Adabas Caching Facility caches), so that the blocks can be invalidated should other members modify them.

Data elements are used to hold the contents of Associator and Data blocks from the database.

If the number of directory elements is insufficient, existing directory elements are reused and the blocks associated with those directory elements are invalidated and can then no longer be reused. When blocks become invalid even though they have not been modified, they must be reread and registered again the next time they are referenced and validated.

It is generally better to reassign storage for data elements to keep more Associator and Data blocks in the cache structure/area than to define too many directory elements in the cache. More data elements than necessary can be used to keep additional blocks to improve the cache efficiency.

The number of directory elements need not be greater than the sum of the sizes of all buffer pools plus the amount of space represented by data elements (number of data elements times data element size), divided by the smallest Associator block size.

You can use the Adabas Online System cache structure size calculator described in *Estimating Sizes* for the Cache Structure in a Cluster Environment, in the Adabas Parallel Services Operations Guide to determine appropriate global cache area sizes and DIRRATIO/ELEMENTRATIO parameter values.

When connecting to the cache structure/area during startup, the ADAX57 message reports the number of directory and data elements allocated and the size of a data element.

### **LDEUQP Parameter: Length of Unique Descriptor Pool**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>LDE</u> UQP	the size of the unique descriptor pool.	5000	16777215	5000

The unique (UQ) descriptor pool comprises elements that are the length of a unique descriptor value plus 14 bytes. The UQ descriptor pool should be large enough to hold all unique descriptor values that are being changed by *all* transactions at any point in time.

Adabas will make an entry in this pool every time a unique descriptor value is deleted from or inserted into a file's index. A full update of a unique descriptor value produces two entries: one

for the deletion of the old value and one for the insertion of the new value. The entry for an insertion is normally removed as soon as the index update has been performed. The entry for a deletion is removed when the current transaction ends. However, Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services nuclei always keep entries for insertions until the end of the transaction, too.

#### **Specific Product Recommendations**

- Consider adjusting the value of this parameter when the SLOG file is defined for use on the Event Replicator Server, causing replication data to be written and read from the SLOG file.
- If the Event Replicator Server is set to support updates by multiple concurrent users to Adabas targets (when the NPADACALLS initialization parameter is set to any value greater than "1"), consider adjusting the value of this parameter in the target Adabas nucleus to ensure the target nucleus can handle updates from multiple concurrent users.

#### Example

For example, assuming that the average length of unique descriptor values is about 16 bytes, the following Adabas session can process a maximum of about 1000 unique descriptors at one time.

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, LDEUQP=30000

# LRDP Parameter: Length of the Redo Pool

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>LR</u> DP	the size (in bytes) of the redo pool.	0; or 80000	2147483647	For Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 or later, the default is 0 (zero).
				For Adabas Cluster Services 8.2 or later, the default is either the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter or 10 megabytes (10M), whichever is smaller.
				For earlier releases of Adabas Parallel Services and Adabas Cluster Services, the default is the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter.

The LRDP parameter specifies the size of the redo pool in an Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services nucleus. It has an effect only when CLUSTER=SYSPLEX or LOCAL has also been specified. For Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 or later, its default is zero (0). For Adabas Cluster Services 8.2 or later, its default is either 10 megabytes (10M) or the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter, whichever is smaller. For earlier releases of Adabas Parallel Services and Adabas Cluster Services, the default is the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter.

■ If LRDP is set to zero, the cluster nucleus performs immediate publishing: Updated database blocks are always written to the global cache at the time each update takes place.

■ If LRDP is set to (or defaults to) a nonzero value, the cluster nucleus performs deferred publishing: The writing of updated database blocks to the global cache is deferred until later. However, updates are always published in the global cache before the transactions they belong to are committed (by ET commands). The redo pool is used to maintain descriptions of all unpublished updates, in case they need to be redone due to concurrent updates to the same blocks by other nuclei in the cluster.

By combining multiple updates to the same block into a single write-to-cache operation, deferred publishing tends to result in fewer read and write operations from and to the global cache than immediate publishing. Depending on the type of application workload, this may have a large positive effect on performance. This is especially the case for Adabas Cluster Services, where frequent communication with the cache in the coupling facility may cause a high overhead.

**Recommendation:** For Adabas Cluster Services, specify a nonzero LRDP parameter (or use the default).

Different nuclei in the same cluster can have different settings of LRDP. It is also possible, although not recommended, to run one nucleus with LRDP=0 and another one with LRDP>0.

If the redo pool specification is too small and the pool runs full, the nucleus will write additional updated blocks to the global cache before the surrounding transactions end. Such additional cache writes may hurt system performance. To obtain more information about the current usage of the redo pool, review the redo high-water mark in the output of the DRES operator command and in the cluster nucleus shutdown statistics. This information is also available in corresponding Adabas Online System (AOS) displays and in the output of the ADADBS OPERCOM function.

# **MLWTO Parameter: Multi-Line Console Message Control**

**Note:** At this time, this parameter only affects the appearance of replication-related and cluster-related messages (messages with prefixes ADAF\*, ADAX\*, PLI\*, and PLX\*).

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
MLWTO	Whether multi-line messages that are normally written to the operator	YES   NO	NO
	console as a series of single-line write-to-operator (WTO) messages should		
	instead appear as multi-line WTO messages.		

To activate multi-line console messages, set MLWTO to YES in the nucleus startup job. When MLWTO is set to NO (or is allowed to default), no multi-line console messages will appear.

Multi-line console messages are only supported in z/OS and z/VSE environments. Specifying MLWTO=YES in BS2000 environments has no effect on the console messages.

## **Example:**

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, MLWTO-YES

# MXCANCEL Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXCANCEL</u>	the timeout threshold, in seconds, in which the	15	2147483647	MXMSG parameter
	processing of an intracluster cancellation request			value
	must occur.			

The optional MXCANCEL parameter specifies the maximum number of seconds for which one cluster nucleus (the sending nucleus) waits for the termination of another nucleus (the peer nucleus) in the cluster that it has canceled for not responding to an internal, intracluster command. If a value for MXCANCEL is not specified, the value specified for the ADARUN MXMSG parameter is used. Values from zero through 14 are not valid MXCANCEL values.

If the sending nucleus does not receive notification that the canceled nucleus has terminated within the MXCANCEL timeout period, it does one of the following things:

- It returns response code 124 (ADARSP124), subcode 28 (no reply) to the user on whose behalf the intracluster command was issued.
- It terminates itself abnormally if the communication occurred on behalf of an internal process that must not fail.

When a cluster nucleus fails, the other nuclei in the cluster can recover from the failure only once they know for sure that the first nucleus has disconnected from the shared structures and is no longer writing to the database. When an unresponsive cluster nucleus has been canceled, it is important that it terminate quickly, so that it does not hold up the recovery process performed by the other nuclei in the cluster.



**Note:** Do not specify an MPMDUMP JCL statement for a cluster nucleus. An MPMDUMP is written before the failing nucleus disconnects from the shared structures and may significantly delay the start of the online recovery process performed by the other nuclei in the cluster. Instead, on z/OS systems, consider specifying a //SVCDUMP DD DUMMY statement, which usually produces a very quick dump prior to disconnecting. On other systems, and as a backup method on z/OS, specify a regular system dump statement (e.g., SYSUDUMP on z/OS) for a dump that is produced after disconnecting.

The value for MXCANCEL can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXCANCEL operator command.

# MXCANCELWARN Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus Warning

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXCANCELW</u> ARN	the timeout threshold, in seconds, for an	0 (no warning)	MXCANCEL - 1	MXCANCEL /
	intracluster cancellation request to occur	or 4		4
	before an early warning about the failure			
	of the cancellation request is issued.			

The optional MXCANCELWARN parameter specifies the number of seconds after an intracluster cancellation request is made when the cluster nucleus requesting the cancellation should issue warnings about the inability of the canceled peer nucleus to terminate. If no value is specified for the MXCANCELWARN parameter, the value used is calculated as the value of the ADARUN MXCANCEL parameter divided by four. When dividing by four to determine the default value, the quotient is rounded up to the next integer value.

The value of MXCANCELWARN must be less than the value of MXCANCEL. If MXCANCELWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXCANCEL, the value is rejected. If MXCANCELWARN is set to a value of zero (0), no warnings are issued about canceled cluster nuclei that are slow to terminate.

If the target nucleus does not terminate within the time period set by MXCANCELWARN, the nucleus that issued the cancellation request writes message ADAX9G to the operator console, identifying the target nucleus by its nucleus ID, job name, and system name. This message indicates that the nucleus writing the message may be in danger of terminating itself if the canceled peer nucleus does not terminate within the timeout period defined by the MXCANCEL parameter. You can use the ADAX9G message to trigger an alert or take other appropriate action before the MXCANCEL timeout period expires.

If the peer nucleus targeted for cancellation terminates after the ADAX9G message is written, the nucleus that issued the cancellation request writes message ADAX9K to the operator console, indicating that the cancellation occurred and the requesting nucleus is no longer in danger of terminating itself as a result of this particular incident.

The value for MXCANCELWARN can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXCANCELWARN operator command.

**Note:** If the value of the MXCANCEL parameter is dynamically changed using the MXCANCEL operator command while the nucleus is running, but its new value is less than or equal to the current MXCANCELWARN setting, the value of MXCANCELWARN is automatically set to zero. You can then use the MXCANCELWARN operator command to dynamically set the MXCANCELWARN parameter to a new value that is less than the new MXCANCEL value.

# MXMSG Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
MXMSG	the timeout threshold, in seconds, in which the processing of an	15	32767	300
	intracluster command must occur.			

The optional MXMSG parameter specifies the maximum number of seconds in which one cluster nucleus waits for the response of another nucleus in the cluster to an internal, intracluster command. If a value for MXMSG is not specified, a value of 300 seconds (5 minutes) is used.

If the receiving nucleus does not respond to the intracluster command within the time period set by the MXMSG parameter, the requesting cluster nucleus issues a cancellation request for the unresponsive nucleus. The cancellation is requested to preserve the ability of all of the other active nuclei in the cluster to process user commands.

Adabas nuclei working on the same cluster database must collaborate to keep the database physically and logically consistent while processing user commands. To do this, they intermittently submit internal, intracluster commands to one another. If a nucleus in the cluster does not respond to these intracluster requests in a timely manner, the other nuclei in the cluster may quickly or gradually become unable to continue processing user commands.

Problems that may prevent a cluster nucleus from responding to intracluster commands fall into two broad categories:

- Problems have occurred in the cluster nucleus, such as a CPU loop or a resource deadlock. In such cases, the nucleus experiencing the problem must be terminated to resolve the problem and the sooner this happens, the sooner the other cluster nuclei can recover from the failure and get back to normal processing.
- Problems have occurred outside the cluster nucleus, such as CPU starvation or a problem in the host system. In such cases, the cause of the delayed response might possibly be removed by system measures unrelated to the cluster database, and letting the other cluster nuclei wait some time for a resolution might prevent an unnecessary abnormal termination of a cluster member.

The value of MXMSG should strike a balance between these two categories, so that faulty cluster nuclei that cannot possibly stay active are canceled reasonably quickly while cluster nuclei that are victims of temporary system problems are not unnecessarily terminated. For assistance in setting the value of the MXMSG parameter, review the statistics provided on the messaging performance reports produced at termination or by the DXMSG operator command.

The value for MXMSG can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXMSG operator command.

# MXMSGWARN Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing Warning

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXMSGW</u> ARN	the timeout threshold, in seconds, for a response	0 (no warning) or	MXMSG - 1	MXMSG / 4
	to an intracluster command to occur before an	4		
	early warning about the failure of the intracluster			
	request is issued			

The optional MXMSGWARN parameter specifies the number of seconds after an intracluster request is made when the cluster nucleus issuing the intracluster request should issue warnings about the failure of the target cluster nucleus to respond. If no value is specified for the MXMSGWARN parameter, the value used is calculated as the value of MXMSG divided by four. When dividing by four to determine the default value, the quotient is rounded up to the next integer value.

The value of MXMSGWARN must be less than the value of MXMSG. If MXMSGWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXMSG, the value is rejected. If MXMSGWARN is set to zero, no warnings are issued about cluster nuclei that are slow to respond.

If the target nucleus does not respond within the time period set by MXMSGWARN, the nucleus that issued the request writes message ADAX9C to the operator console, identifying the target nucleus by its nucleus ID, job name, and system name. This message indicates that the target nucleus may be in danger of being canceled by the nucleus that issued the request if it does not respond within the timeout period defined by the MXMSG parameter. You can use the ADAX9C message to trigger an alert or take other appropriate action before the MXMSG timeout period expires.

If the target nucleus responds to the intracluster command after the ADAX9C message is written, the nucleus that issued the intracluster-command writes message ADAX9D to the operator console, indicating that a response was given and the target nucleus is no longer in danger of being canceled as a result of this particular incident.

The value for MXMSGWARN can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXMSGWARN operator command.



**Note:** If the value of the MXMSG parameter is dynamically changed using the MXMSG operator command while the nucleus is running, but its new value is less than or equal to the current MXMSGWARN setting, the value of MXMSGWARN is automatically set to zero. You can then use the MXMSGWARN operator command to dynamically set the MXMSGWARN parameter to a new value that is less than the new MXMSG value.

# **MXWTOR Parameter: Self-Termination Operator Query Interval**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXWT</u> OR	the timeout interval, in seconds, in which an operator	0 (no warning) or 15	64800	0
	response to a self-termination operator query must occur.			

The optional MXWTOR parameter specifies the maximum number of seconds that a cluster nucleus should wait for an operator response to a self-terminating operator query. If no value is specified for the MXWTOR parameter, a value of zero is used. Values from 1 through 14 are not valid MXWTOR values.

A cluster nucleus issues a self-terminating operator query to the console via message ADAX9J if a canceled peer nucleus remains active after the time period defined by the MXCANCEL parameter. The MXWTOR parameter specifies how long the nucleus should wait for a response to this query.

One way that the operator may reply to the ADAX9J message is to make sure that the canceled cluster nucleus mentioned in the message actually terminates; once this happens, the ADAX9J message is retracted automatically, an online recovery process is performed, and the nucleus that issued the ADAX9J message remains active.

If the operator does not respond to the ADAX9J message within the time period set by the MXWTOR parameter and the canceled peer nucleus has not terminated in the meantime, the nucleus that requested the operator response and printed message ADAX9J terminates itself with message ADAX99.

If MXWTOR is set to zero (the default), the operator query does not occur (no ADAX9J messages are written) and no operator intervention is expected. Instead, the nucleus terminates itself immediately with the ADAX99 message and user abend code 79.

Some installations may want to specify MXWTOR value long enough to allow the operator a good opportunity to bring down the canceled peer nucleus. Other installations may prefer not to get such operator queries at all.

The value for MXWTOR can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXWTOR operator command.

# **NUCID Parameter: Adabas Cluster Nucleus ID**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
NUCID	the ID for a nucleus in an Adabas cluster.	0-65000	0

NUCID identifies an Adabas cluster nucleus. The cluster may span operating system images under Adabas Cluster Services, or it may be confined to a single operating system image under Adabas Parallel Services. A value greater than 0 (the default) identifies this nucleus as an Adabas cluster nucleus.

Value	Meaning
0	The default setting. This is not an Adabas cluster nucleus.

1-65000 This is an Adabas cluster nucleus. This value must be unique among all target IDs declared to the Adabas router (ADASVC): Adabas databases (DBID), cluster nuclei (NUCID), Natural buffer pools and other MPM servers, Entire Net-Work, and internal targets used by Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services (restricted range 65,001-65,479). Nucleus IDs for the same cluster need not be specified contiguously.

#### Guidelines

- Each nucleus being run must have its own Work data set.
- All nuclei in a cluster must be run against the same database.
- Software AG strongly recommends that you run utilities or user applications against a nucleus in the local z/OS image. Although a remote open nucleus may be used, performance degradation due to network overhead is likely.

#### Example

The following example starts an Adabas cluster session with the specified cluster nuclei:

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, NUCID-1, ...

# **PROGRAM Parameter: Program to Run**

Parameter	Specify:	Possible Values	Default
<u>PRO</u> GRAM	the program to be executed.	see table below	USER

This parameter specifies what to execute. The possible values are described in the following table:

Specify:	To start:
ADACOM	an ADACOM task (used in Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services environments)
	For more information, refer to your Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services documentation.
ADANUC	an Adabas nucleus
	For more information about executing an Adabas nucleus, read <i>Adabas Session Execution</i> , in the <i>Adabas Operations Manual</i> .
ADAREV	an Adabas Review hub. Specify this in conjunction with the ADARUN REVIEW parameter.
	For more information, refer to your Adabas Review documentation.
NETWRK	an Entire Net-Work node
	For more information, refer to your Entire Net-Work documentation.
RENTUSER	a user program to be run using a reentrant Adabas batch/TSO link routine.
	For more information, refer to description of the Adabas TP monitor installation in your Adabas installation documentation.
USER	a user program to be run using a non-reentrant Adabas batch/TSO link routine.
	For more information, read Linking Applications to Adabas, in the Adabas Operations Manual
utility-name	an Adabas utility
	Specify an Adabas utility for <i>utility-name</i> . For more information, refer to the <i>Adabas Utilities Manual</i> .

## **Examples**

The following example specifies that an Adabas nucleus is running.

ADARUN PROGRAM=ADANUC

The following example specifies that an Adabas Review hub is running.

ADARUN PROGRAM=ADAREV, REVIEW=202

The following example specifies that an Entire Net-Work node is running.

# **SMFDETAIL Parameter: Selecting Detail SMF Record Sections**

Parameter	Specify	Valid Values	Default
	lenciosed in parentheses	NONE ALL comma-delimited list of detail section names	NONE

Adabas SMF records can contain a variable set of detail sections in Interval and Termination records (subtypes 2 and 3). This parameter allows you to select the detail section types in Interval and Termination records that should be included in the Adabas SMF records. The value or values you specify for this parameter must be enclosed in parentheses. If you specify NONE or ALL, they should be specified alone. However, you can specify one or more of the other detail section names (CMD, CSHB, CSHF, CSHG, CSHP, FILE, IODD, LOCK, MSGB, MSGC, MSGH, PARM, STG, THRD, or USER) in one SMFDETAIL parameter, separating each value with a comma.



**Note**: The CSHB, CSHF, CSHG, LOCK, MSGB, MSGC, and MSGH detail section names apply only to cluster environments (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services must be installed). In addition, the CSHP detail section name only applies in cluster environments with Adabas Parallel Services installed.

The following table describes the meaning of the possible detail section names that can be used in the SMFDETAIL parameter:

Detail Section Name	Description			
ALL	Generate all possible detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.			
CMD	Generate Adabas command activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
CSHB <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by block detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
CSHF <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by Adabas file number detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
CSHG <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
CSHP <sup>2</sup>	Generate Adabas Parallel Services cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
FILE	Generate Adabas file activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
IODD	Generate I/O activity by DD statement detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
LOCK <sup>1</sup>	Generate global lock activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			

<b>Detail Section Name</b>	on Name Description				
MSGB <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging control block activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.				
MSGC <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging count detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.				
MSGH <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging service time histogram detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.				
NONE	Generate no detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specino others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.				
PARM	Generate ADARUN parameter value detail sections in the Adabas SMF reco				
STG	Generate Adabas storage pool detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.				
THRD	Generate thread activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.				
USER  Generate user-defined details sections in the Adabas SMF records. If USER specified, a value for the UEXSMF parameter should also be specified to ident the user exit to be invoked to generate the user-defined detail section.					
Available only in cluster environments (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services must be installed).					
<sup>2</sup> Available only in cluster environments with Adabas Parallel Services installed.					

This parameter can be altered by operator commands while the nucleus is running.

## Example

In the following example, detail sections for Adabas command, file, and thread activity are generated and written in the Adabas SMF records.

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, SMFDETAIL=(CMD, FILE, THRD)

In the following example, all detail sections are generated and written in the Adabas SMF records.

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, SMFDETAIL=(ALL)

# V64BIT Parameter: 64-Bit Virtual Storage Option



**Note**: This parameter is applicable only to z/OS systems.

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	whether or not the Adabas nucleus should use virtual storage above the two gigabyte bar (64-bit virtual storage). In order for the nucleus to use 64-bit virtual storage, the operating system must also support 64-bit virtual storage.		NO

This parameter indicates whether or not the Adabas nucleus should use 64-bit virtual storage. The default is NO.

Currently, the following storage areas will be allocated above the two gigabyte bar in an Adabas nucleus:

- The flush I/O pool (see ADARUN parameter LFIOP)
- The PLOG protection I/O buffers (see ADARUN parameter NPLOGBUFFERS)
- The Work part 1 protection I/O buffers (see ADARUN parameter NWORK1BUFFERS)
- The cast-out directory buffer, in cluster environments (automatically derived from the attributes of the global cache space for Adabas Cluster or Adabas Parallel Services).

The use of 64-bit virtual storage will help alleviate virtual storage constraints below the two gigabyte bar in installations that use large amounts of virtual storage in Adabas nucleus sessions (for example, nucleus sessions with ADARUN parameter settings of LBP=1200M and LFIOP=200M).

#### Value Meaning

YES The Adabas nucleus will use 64-bit virtual storage (storage above the two gigabyte bar).

NO The default setting. The Adabas nucleus will not use 64-bit virtual storage.

Virtual storage above the two gigabyte bar (64-bit virtual storage) is shown in dumps to SVCDUMP or SYSMDUMP but not in dumps to MPMDUMP, SYSABEND, or SYSUDUMP. Therefore, we recommend that you use the SVCDUMP in the JCL of an Adabas nucleus running with ADARUN V64BIT=YES to ensure that 64-bit virtual storage is shown in any SVC dumps that are produced. If, for some reason, you do not want to produce SVC dumps, we recommend that you use SYSM-DUMP to ensure 64-bit virtual storage is shown in a dump of the Adabas nucleus address space.

## Example

The following example indicates that the Adabas nucleus will make use of virtual storage above the two-gigabyte bar and should use 1M large pages.

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, LARGEPAGE-YES, V64BIT-YES

# 5 Cluster Operator Commands

ADACOM Operator Commands	. 44
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This chapter describes operator commands for ADACOM and for an Adabas Parallel Services cluster nucleus.

# **ADACOM Operator Commands**

Special ADACOM operator commands exist to display and control the multiprocessing environment. These commands, which are similar to regular Adabas operator commands, are issued to the local ADACOM initialization job.

This section is organized in the following topics:

- Entering z/OS System Commands
- Entering z/VSE System Commands
- DIM Display Image
- DN Display Active Nuclei
- DUMP Dump Storage Areas
- SN Set Nucleus Status

#### **Entering z/OS System Commands**

This section describes the format for entering ADACOM operator commands on z/OS systems. It contains the following topics:

- Commands Issued during ADACOM Initialization
- Commands Issued after ADACOM Initialization

#### **Commands Issued during ADACOM Initialization**

When running the Adabas Parallel Services initialization routine ADACOM, operator commands can be specified as follows:

{ MODIFY | F } jobname, command

where

jobname	name of the ADACOM job or started task
command	one of the operator commands described in this section

#### Commands Issued after ADACOM Initialization

After initialization, any command issued is directed to the last SVC/DBID pair encountered in the input.

To change the pair, enter the command preceded by SVC=svc, DBID=dbid (the order of the SVC and DBID is interchangeable) optionally followed by a comma. For example:

A command can be given only if the SVC/DBID pair is already active (has been specified before, and not terminated). Otherwise, specify the SVC/DBID pair without a command to activate the SVC/DBID, and then issue the command separately.

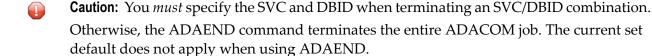
To dynamically add an IDTNAME/DBID combination, either one that was not specified in the startup JCL or one that was terminated, use the command format above and, optionally, an NU parameter setting or a nondefault FORCE parameter setting:

```
{ MODIFY | F } jobname ,SVC= svc ,DBID= dbid [,NU= max-users ][,FORCE=YES], command
```

When you change or add an SVC/DBID set in this manner, the new set becomes the default for all commands issued until the set is changed.

To dynamically terminate an IDTNAME/DBID combination, enter the ADAEND command as follows:

```
{ MODIFY | F } jobname ,SVC= svc ,DBID= dbid ,ADAEND
```



Every operator command is directed to the ADACOM job and is echoed with the message

#### PLIO60 SVC=svc DBID=dbid OPERATOR COMMAND:xxx



**Note:** ADACOM writes global ADACOM messages into the output data set with the DD name COMPRINT. It writes messages pertinent to an individual SVC/DBID combination into the output data set with the DD name Pssddddd, where ss is the last two digits of the SVC number and ddddd is the database ID.

### **Entering z/VSE System Commands**

- To enter operator commands in z/VSE environments, use the following steps:
- 1 Enter an MSG command for the z/VSE partition in which ADACOM is executing, using the following format:

MSG partition-id

- When ready for communication, ADACOM will respond with message ADAI29. In cases where the ADAEND command causes ADACOM to end its session, no outstanding reply is presented so that an orderly shutdown can occur without the need for operator intervention.
- 2 Enter the desired operator command or commands. More than one command can be entered in a session.
  - You can also enter a command followed directly by a slash (/) to end any further operator communications until the next MSG command by z/VSE.
- When all desired commands have been entered, close the operator communication session by entering a null command (EOB).
- 4 To enter any more commands after the session is closed, repeat this entire procedure.

Every operator command is directed to the ADACOM job and is echoed with the message:

PLIO60 SVC=svc DBID=dbid OPERATOR COMMAND:xxx

## **DIM - Display Image**

```
DIM [ image-name ]
```

The DIM command displays information about each active cluster nucleus on the specified (or all) operating system image. Since with Adabas Parallel Services (in contrast to Adabas Cluster Services) all cluster nuclei run on the same system image, its output for DIM is equivalent to that for the DN command. See *DN - Display Nuclei* for sample output.

Specifying the image name is optional.

## **DN - Display Active Nuclei**

Use DN to display the number of commands processed and the number of currently active users for each active nucleus.

### Sample Output

The display uses the following indicators:

image-name	the name of the image		
jobname	the job name of a cluster nucleus active on the local image		
NUCID	unique cluster nucleus identifier between 1 and 65000		
UP	whether (Y or N) the specified nucleus is available for normal processing		
LO	whether the specified nucleus is open (Y); or closed (N) for new users		
RO	not applicable to Parallel Services		
#USERS	the number of users currently assigned to the specified nucleus		
#CMNDS	the number of commands currently in progress in the specified nucleus		
LURA=	not applicable to Parallel Services		
RULA=	not applicable to Parallel Services		

# **DUMP - Dump Storage Areas**

The DUMP command displays internal information about various storage areas that Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services use for controlling the communication with the cluster nuclei. Use this command as directed by Software AG Support. Its output might be helpful in the diagnosis of communication-related problems with cluster databases.

**DUMP** stg-area

where *stg-area* can be any of the following storage areas: CLUDSP, IDTE, IDTH, IDTHPRFX, PLXCB, PLXMAP, PLXNUC, PLXUSER, or SVC.

#### SN - Set Nucleus Status

```
SN {RMTALL | image-name | nucleus-id } {OP | CL } 
SN {LCLALL | nucleus-id } } {OP | CL } {LCL | GBL}
```

## where

RMTALL	is not applicable		
OP	is OPEN		
CL	is CLOSE		
LCLALL	is LOCAL ALL: all nuclei on the local image		
LCL	is LOCAL: local users		
GBL	is GLOBAL: all Adabas Parallel Services cluster users		

The possible options settings for the SN command are described as follows:

Option	Action
RMTALL {OP   CL}	not applicable
image-name {OP   CL}	not applicable
nucleus-id {OP   CL}	not applicable
LCLALL {OP   CL} LCL	open or close all nuclei on the <i>local</i> image to local users. Information is not broadcast to other images.
nucleus-id {OP   CL} LCL	open or close the specified <i>local</i> nucleus to local users. Information is not broadcast to other images.
LCLALL {OP   CL} GBL	open or close all nuclei on the <i>local</i> image to all Adabas Parallel Services cluster users.
nucleus-id {OP   CL} GBL	open or close the specified <i>local</i> nucleus to all Adabas Parallel Services cluster users.

By default, nuclei start open to users.

After the nuclei start, the SN operator commands may be used to exercise some control over the assignment of users to nuclei.

# **Adabas Cluster Nucleus Operator Commands**

The following console operator commands can be issued against a local Adabas cluster nucleus. In addition, the console operator commands documented in the *Adabas Operations* documentation can be issued against any local nucleus.

Command	То			
CLUFREEUSER	Delete leftover cluster user table elements (UTEs or PLXUSERs) in common storage that are no longer associated with user queue elements (UQEs) in a nucleus			
DMEMTB	Display information about active Adabas cluster nuclei			
DNFV	Display information about current file use			
DPARM	Display Adabas session parameters currently in effect			
DPPT	Display information about the nucleus's own PPT block			
DTARG	Display the system image currently servicing commands routed using the Entire Net-Work DBID target.			
DXCACHE	Display the primary cache-related statistics			
DXFILE	Display the cache-related statistics for 1 to 5 files			
DXLOCK	Display the lock-related statistics			
DXMSG	Display the Adabas Parallel Services messaging performance statistics			
DXSTAT	Display all cache- and lock-related statistics			
MXCANCEL	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXCANCEL setting			
MXCANCELWARN	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXCANCELWARN setting			
MXMSG	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXMSG setting			
MXMSGWARN	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXMSGWARN setting			
MXWTOR	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXWTOR setting			
SMFDETAIL	Dynamically select the detail section types in SMF Interval and Termination records			
TARGET	Route commands to a specified target.			



**Note**: See the *Adabas Parallel Services Operations* documentation for information about issuing Adabas utility ADADBS OPERCOM commands against the local cluster nucleus, a specified cluster nucleus, or all cluster nuclei.

#### **CLUFREEUSER Command: Delete Leftover Cluster User Table Elements**

## CLUFREEUSER=[,TNA= max-time ][,{UID | UIDPREFIX} = userid ][,FORCE][,GLOBAL]

**Note:** The CLUFREEUSER command is only valid in cluster environments. It can be issued against the local nucleus only or, with the GLOBAL option, against all active and inactive nuclei in the cluster.

Use the CLUFREEUSER command to delete leftover cluster user table elements (UTEs or PLXUSERs) in common storage that are no longer associated with user queue elements (UQEs) in a nucleus.

TNA specifies a decimal number specifying the timeout value in seconds (max-time). PLXUSERs that are not used during the time specified may be deleted if other conditions are fulfilled. If TNA= is not specified, PLXUSERs may be deleted without regard to their recent use.

UID specifies a character string or hexadecimal byte string format user ID (userid) as follows:

ccccccc	where the argument is 1-8 letters, digits, or embedded '-' signs without surrounding apostrophes.
'ccccccc'	where the argument is 1-8 characters with surrounding apostrophes.
X'xxxxxxxxxxxxx'	where the argument is an even number of 2-16 hexadecimal digits enclosed by X''.

A character string must be enclosed in apostrophes if it contains characters other than letter, digits, or embedded '-' signs. If a specified character string is less than eight characters long, it is implicitly padded with blanks. If a specified hexadecimal string is shorter than 16 hexadecimal digits, it is implicitly padded with binary zeros. If the last eight bytes of a user's 28-byte communication ID match a specific user ID or user ID prefix (UIDPRFX parameter), that user's PLXUSER may be deleted if other conditions are fulfilled. If UID is not specified, PLXUSERs may be deleted regardless of their user IDs. "UID" may be abbreviated to "U".

UID and UIDPRFX are mutually exclusive; one or the other, but not both, can be specified.

UIDPRFX UIDPRFX accepts the same operands as UID. It operates in the same manner as UID, except that the operand is considered a prefix and there is no implicit padding. If the operand matches the initial bytes of the last eight bytes of the 28-byte communication ID, that PLXUSER may be deleted if other conditions are fulfilled. "UIDPRFX" may be abbreviated to "UP".

UID and UIDPRFX are mutually exclusive; one or the other, but not both, can be specified.

FORCE FORCE indicates that leftover PLXUSERs are to be deleted even if the users are due a response code 9 (ADARSP009), subcode 20. If FORCE is not specified, such PLXUSERs are not deleted. Before using the FORCE parameter, ensure that the users owning the PLXUSERs to be deleted will not expect any of their transactions to remain open.

GLOBAL indicates that leftover PLXUSERs throughout the Adabas cluster are to be deleted if they are no longer associated with UQEs and are eligible according to the other specified

parameters. Additionally and subject to the other rules, leftover PLXUSERs are deleted if their assigned nuclei have terminated since their last use. If GLOBAL is not specified, only PLXUSERs assigned to the local nucleus and used since the nucleus start are eligible for deletion.

## **DMEMTB Command: Display Member State Table**

Use DMEMTB to display information about active nuclei in an Adabas Parallel Services cluster.

This command produces internal information for use by Software AG technical support.

#### **Sample Output**

```
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00 Member Status Table
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00 Other members:
                                                        1
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                   This system:
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                          NUCID:
                                                    2.261
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                   Internal ID:
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                        System: z/OS
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                      Job Name: USACHPS1
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                   Flags 1/2/3: D7/00/00
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                                    2,262
                                          NUCID:
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                         System: z/OS
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                      Job Name: USACHPS2
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00
                                   Flags 1/2/3: D7/00/00
ADAN41 00226 2009-06-24 16:52:00 Function completed
```

## **DNFV Command: Display Nucleus File Variables**



Use the DNFV command to display information about current file use.

This command provides information about the files in use at a particular point in time. It also indicates which other nucleus has exclusive file control if, for example, a user program receives a response 148 (ADARSP148), subcode 15.

Here is some sample output:

```
ADAI29 OPER CMD: DNFV

FNR=00008 A=Y U=Y ID= CA=00000 CU=00001
```

#### where;

FNR=nnnnn	is the file number		
A={Y   N}	(yes or no) indicates whether the file is used for access (read and/or search)		
U={Y   N}	(yes or no) indicates whether the file is used for update. Use for update includes use for access.		
ID=nucid	is the ID of the nucleus that owns the file lock, if the file is locked.		
CA=nnnnn	is the number of users on this nucleus who are currently accessing this file.		
CU=nnnnn	is the number of users on this nucleus who are currently updating this file.		

## **DPARM Command: Display Adabas Session Parameters**



Use the DPARM command to display the Adabas session parameters currently in effect. Here is an example:

```
ADAI29 Oper cmd: DPARM
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LRPL=20971520
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 READONLY=NO.UTIONLY=NO
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 ASYTVS=YES, AOSLOG=NO
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 ASSOSPACEWARN=0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 DATASPACEWARN=0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NC=500,NH=200,NT=50,NU=500
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NPLOGBUFFERS=0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NWORK1BUFFERS=1
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LBP=20974848, LFP=12000, LWP=10485760
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LI=10000,LP=1500,LQ=10000,LS=4194304
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LFIOP=5242880
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LOGWARN=0,INDEXCROSSCHECK=YES
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 FMXIO=16,LU=70000,SECUID=REQUIRE
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 TT=900, TNAA=900, TNAE=900, CT=60
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 TNAX=900,MXTT=3600,MXTNA=3600
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 TLSCMD=300, MXTSX=3600
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 V64BIT=N0, LARGEPAGE=N0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NOLOG
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LOGVOLIO=NO
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 SMF=N0
ADAN41 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 Function completed
```

Additional Adabas add-on products and nucleus components may display more parameters than are shown in this sample. For example, the DPARM command includes settings for the ADARUN parameters related to Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services alert and timeout statistics.

## **DPPT Command: Display Parallel Participant Table (PPT)**



Use the DPPT command to display the parallel participant table (PPT) block for a nucleus.

This command produces internal information for use by Software AG technical support.

#### Sample Output

```
ADAI29 Oper cmd: DPPT
ADAN24 00199 2009–01–27 22:31:35 Display PPT RABNs 00000083 to 000000A2
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          PPT RABN: 00000083
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Number of entries: 05
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Nucleus indicator: E2
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                             NUCID: 0000
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                   Session number: 0005
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                  Last PLOG block: 00000000
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                  PLOG block ind: 00
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: E6
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/SAGUID/PLX2/V7/WORKR1/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 61
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/PLOGR1/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 62
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/PLOGR2/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 41
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/CLOGR1/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 42
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/CLOGR2/
ADAN41 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Function completed
```

### **DTARG Command: Display System Image**



Use the DTARG command to display the system image currently servicing commands routed using the Entire Net-Work DBID target.

The Entire Net-Work DBID target is used to route commands from users on remote systems with no active PLXCB. Such systems may be part of the z/OS sysplex or other Entire Net-Work nodes outside the sysplex.

## **DXCACHE Command: Display Cache Statistics**

Use DXCACHE to display the primary cache-related statistics.

The full set of statistics shown in this output is displayed only for users who have the selectable unit Adabas Online System (AOS) installed.

If you have installed only the demo version of AOS delivered with Adabas, only the statistics in the sections *Totals*, *Data Storage*, and *Normal Index* are displayed using this command.

#### Sample Output

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Global cache statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **Cast-out Directory**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out dir
                                                                            35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                            35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Unlock cast-out:
                                                                            35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                            34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Directory reads:
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

# **Totals**

		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		Totals:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Reads	:	1,681
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	71
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	1,610
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	·		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	888
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	793
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	25,467
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	22,724
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	2,743
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	25,467
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	65,552
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	1,727
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	265
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1,462
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Deletes	:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

# **Address Converter**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	AC:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Reads	:	11
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	11
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	5
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	2,644
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	2,608
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	36
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	2,644
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	8,772
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

# **Data Storage**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	DS:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Reads	:	1,609
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	1,609
		2000-09-06		· ·		·
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	855
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	754
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	2,645
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	2,645
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	2,645
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	6,603
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
				Cast-out reads	:	1,461
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1,461
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

#### **Data Storage Space Table**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 DSST:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                              1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                              1
                                 Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Asynchronous
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                              0
                                 In cache
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache
                                                                              1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Area full
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                          2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                          2,622
                                 Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Asynchronous
                                                                             22
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Written
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                          2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Not written
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Area full
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates
                                                                          3,969
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Block invalid:
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                             34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out reads :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Asynchronous
                                                                              1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Deletes
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                              0
                                 Timeouts
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### File Control Block

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	FCB:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Reads	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	2,132
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	2,123
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	9
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	2,132
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0

ADAX6	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX6	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	17,000
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	33
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	33
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX6	L 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

#### Normal Index

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads : 50 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 49 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 1 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache : 25 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache : 25 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full : 0 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads : 50  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 49  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 1  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache : 25  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache : 25  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full : 0  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writen : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 1  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache : 25  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache : 25  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full : 0  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache : 25 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full : 0 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full : 0 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23  ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 7,767 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 7,747 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 20 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written : 7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not written :
1.51.1.01 00000 2000 00 00 10 12 120 1100 111 100011
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates : 7,273
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Block invalid : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out reads : 101
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 101
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Deletes : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Timeouts : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

## **Upper Index**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 UI:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                              8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                              8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
                                                                              2
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache
                                                                              6
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                          7,635
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                          7.624
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous
                                                                             11
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written
                                                                          7,635
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not written
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Area full
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates
                                                                        21,935
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Block invalid:
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                             60
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out reads :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             60
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Deletes
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Timeouts
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **File Statistics**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File statistics for files with over 25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 percent of the total cache statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File 1:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 22,798
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates : 61,531
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

### **DXFILE Command: Display Cache Statistics for Files**

Use DXFILE to display cache-related statistics for 1 to 5 files.

The command is specified using the following format:

```
DXFILE= fnr [, fnr1 ] ...
```

#### Sample Output

```
ADAI29 OPER CMD: DXFILE=0,1,2,3,9
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
```

#### File 0

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 File
                                          0:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Reads
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 In cache
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not in cache
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Area full
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Writes
                                                                         2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                         2,622
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous
                                                                            22
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Written
                                                                         2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not written
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Area full
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Validates
                                                                         3,969
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Block invalid :
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                            34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Cast-out reads :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                            33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Deletes
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Timeouts
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
```

# File 1

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	File 1:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Reads	:	1,672
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	64
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	1,608
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	In cache	:	888
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not in cache	:	784
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Writes	:	22,798
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	20,082
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	2,716
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Written	:	22,798
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Validates	:	61,531
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Cast-out reads	:	1,677
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	221
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	1,456
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			

# File 2

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	File 2:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Reads	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	In cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not in cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Writes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not written	:	0

Reference Reference

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Validates	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Cast-out reads	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			

# File 3

		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		File 3:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Reads		0
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06		_	•	0
		2000-09-06		nognem onedo	•	Ü
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	0
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06			:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Writes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
		2000-09-06			:	0
				Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads	:	0
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			

#### File 9

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 File
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Reads
                                                                              8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                              6
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous
                                                                              2
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 In cache
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not in cache
                                                                              8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Area full
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Writes
                                                                             25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                             20
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous
                                                                              5
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Written
                                                                             25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not written
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Area full
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Validates
                                                                             52
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Block invalid:
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Cast-out reads :
                                                                             16
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                             11
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                              5
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Deletes
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Timeouts
                                                                              0
ADAN41 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Function completed
```

## **DXLOCK Command: Display Lock Statistics**

Use DXLOCK to display lock-related statistics.

#### **Sample Output**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Global lock statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

Reference Reference

#### **General Control Block Lock**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	1. GCB lo	ck		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

# **Security Lock**

		2000-09-06		2. Securi	ty lock		
		2000-09-06		0-+-:	01:+:1		0
				uptains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

#### FST Lock

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 3. FST lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                        0
                                           Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Rejected
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Unconditional
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Synchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Asynchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Synchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                        0
                                         Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

# File Lock Table Lock

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	4. File-1	lock-table lock	<	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	- Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditiona <sup>1</sup>	: :	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

# **Online Save Lock**

		2000-09-06		5. Online	save lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

# **Buffer Flush Lock**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	6. Buffer	flush lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

Reference Reference

# Global ET Sync Lock

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	7. Global	ET sync lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

# **Recovery Lock**

		2000-09-06		8. Recove	ry lock		
				Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

## **Hold ISN Locks**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	9. Hold	ISN locks			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains	- Conditional	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					

#### **Unique Descriptor Locks**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 10. Unique descriptor locks
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Granted
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Rejected
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Unconditional
                                                                            0
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            0
                                           Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            1
                                           Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **ETID Locks**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	11. ETID	locks		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

#### **New Data RABN Locks**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 12. New-Data-RABN locks
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            0
                                              Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                              Rejected
                                                                            0
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
                                                                            0
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

# **Checkpoint Lock**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	13. Check	point lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

## **ET Data Lock**

1 D 1 V C 1	00000	0000 00 00	10 00 00	14 57 1 1	1 1		
ADAXOI	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	14. El dat	a lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases -	Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

## **Global Update Command Sync Lock**

1011/63	00000	0000 00 06	10 00 00	15 07 1 7		7	1
ADAX6.	. 00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	15. Globa	l update command	sync I	OCK
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases ·	- Issued	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

#### Parameter Lock

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 16. Parameter lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Rejected
                                                                       0
                                        Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                       0
                                        Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                       0
                                        Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Asynchronous
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAN41 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Function completed
```

#### **DXMSG Command: Display Messaging Performance Statistics**

The DXMSG command can be used to display the messaging performance statistics available for Adabas Parallel Services.

The statistics produced by the DXMSG command can be used to determine the impact of messaging on system performance and to determine how to set the ADARUN MXMSG parameter related to the other alert and timeout enhancements in Adabas Parallel Services.

#### **Sample Output**

```
17:28:45 ADAI29 Oper cmd: DXMSG
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messaging statistics
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message Control Block statistics
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Allocated
                                                                          224
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Used
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Total requests
                                                                        1,567
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Statistics for ACMD-type messages
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages sent
                                                                         771
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages arrived
                                                                          796
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages accepted
                                                                          796
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Replies sent
                                                                          794
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Statistics for XCF transport service
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages subject to MXMSG
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message duration in seconds
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Minimum 0.000021
```

```
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Maximum
                                                         0.050979
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Mean 0.004110 17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Std Dev 0.004507
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message count
                                                                       686
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1000 s 0%
                                                                        0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 10 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1 s 0%
                                                                        0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 ms 0%
                                                                        0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 10 ms
                                                    8%
                                                                        56
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1 ms 81%
                                                                       553
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 us 11%
                                                                        74
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 <= 100 us
                                                                         3
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages not subject to MXMSG
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message duration in seconds
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Minimum 0.000938
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Maximum0.04798917:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Mean0.010455
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Std Dev 0.009466
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message count
                                                                        83
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1000 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 s 0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 10 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1 s 0%
                                                                        0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 ms 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 10 ms 37%
                                                                        31
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1 ms 61%
                                                                        51
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 us 1%
                                                                         1
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 <= 100 us
                                                      0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Total for all messages
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message duration in seconds
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Minimum 0.000021
                                                        0.050979
0.004795
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Maximum
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Mean 0.004795 17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Std Dev 0.003194
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message count
                                                                       769
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1000 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 10 s 0%
                                                                         0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1 s 0%
                                                                        0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 ms 0%
                                                                        0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 10 ms 11%
                                                                        87
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1 ms 79%
                                                                       604
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 us 10%
                                                                        75
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 <= 100 us 0%
                                                                         3
```

```
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAN41 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Function completed
```

The performance statistics are split into those that are subject to the ADARUN MXMSG parameter setting and those that are not; after each is reported separately in the output, a combined report is provided containing the summarization of the two for all messages.

In the DXMSG output, "Mean" refers to the average message duration (arithmetic mean of all the messages measured) and "Std Dev" refers to the related standard deviation (average deviation from the mean). The unit symbols used in the statistics are "s" for seconds, "ms" for milliseconds, and "us" for microseconds.

#### **DXSTAT Command: Display Cache and Lock Statistics**

Use DXSTAT to display all cache- and lock-related statistics.

The full set of global cache statistics shown in this output is displayed only for users who have the selectable unit Adabas Online System (AOS) installed.

If you have installed only the demo version of AOS delivered with Adabas, only the global cache statistics in the sections *Totals*, *Data Storage*, and *Normal Index* are displayed using this command. All file cache statistics for files and all global lock statistics are displayed.

#### **Sample Output**

```
ADAI29 OPER CMD: DXSTAT
```

#### **Global Cache Statistics**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Global cache statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out dir
                                                                             35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                             35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Unlock cast-out:
                                                                             35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                              1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                             34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Directory reads:
                                                                              1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Synchronous
                                                                              0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Asynchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Totals:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

		2000-09-06			:	1,681	
				•	:	71	
		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1,610	
		2000-09-06		In cache		888	
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	•	793	
		2000-09-06		Area full		0	
		2000-09-06		Area rair	•	0	
		2000-09-06		Writes		25,467	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	22,724	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	· •	2,743	
		2000-09-06		7.09.1.011. 011.00.0	•	2,7.10	
		2000-09-06		Written	:	25,467	
		2000-09-06		Not written	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	65,552	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
				Cast-out reads	:	1,727	
				Synchronous		265	
				Asynchronous	:	1,462	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06			:	0	
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		AC:			
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		D I -		1.1	
		2000-09-06			:	11	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	11	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	U	
		2000-09-06		In cacho		6	
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	•	5	
		2000-09-06		Area full	•	0	
		2000-09-06		Arca rair	•	O	
		2000-09-06		Writes		2,644	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	2,608	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	36	
		2000-09-06		7.09.1.011. 011.00.0	•		
		2000-09-06		Written	:	2,644	
		2000-09-06		Not written	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	8,772	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	38	
				Synchronous	:	38	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0	

		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	DS:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
		2000-09-06		Reads	:	1,609
				Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06				1,609
		2000-09-06				_,
		2000-09-06		In cache		855
		2000-09-06			•	754
		2000-09-06		Area full	•	0
		2000-09-06		Arca rair	•	O
		2000-09-06		Writes		2,645
		2000-09-06				2,045
				•		
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	2,645
		2000-09-06		11		0 (45
		2000-09-06		Written	:	2,645
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	6,603
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads		1,461
				Synchronous		0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	1,461
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	DSST:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Reads	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	1
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		•		
		2000-09-06		In cache		0
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	:	1
		2000-09-06		Area full	•	0
		2000-09-06				Ü
		2000-09-06		Writes		2,644
		2000-09-06		Synchronous		2,622
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	22
		2000-09-06		ASYTICITI UTUUS	•	<i>L L</i>
		2000-09-06		Written		2,644
		2000-09-06				2,044
ADAYOI	00000	2000-09-06	19.29:23	NOC WITCH	:	U

		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		Area full	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Validatos		3,969	
		2000-09-06				0	
		2000-09-06		DIOCK IIIValla	•	0	
				Cast-out reads		34	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	33	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1	
		2000-09-06		Asylicili ollous	•	1	
		2000-09-06		Dalatas		0	
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	•	0	
		2000-09-06		Tilleouts	•	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		FCR.			
		2000-09-06		100.			
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Reads		2	
		2000-09-06			· :	2	
					:	0	
		2000-09-06		nog nom onous	•	o o	
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	:	2	
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Writes	:	2,132	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	2,123	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	9	
		2000-09-06		<b>V</b>			
		2000-09-06		Written	:	2,132	
		2000-09-06		Not written	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	17,000	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	33	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	33	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06			:	0	
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		NI:			
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06			:	50	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	49	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1	
		2000-09-06		т		0.5	
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	25	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	25	

		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	7,767
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	7,747
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	20
		2000-09-06				7 767
		2000-09-06			:	7,767
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	7,273
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads	:	101
				Synchronous	:	101
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		D 7 .		_
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		UI:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		D 1		
		2000-09-06			:	8
				Synchronous	:	8
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		T .		
		2000-09-06			:	2
		2000-09-06			:	6
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06		U		7 (25
		2000-09-06			:	7,635
				Synchronous	:	7,624
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	11
		2000-09-06		11		7 605
		2000-09-06		Written	:	7,635
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06		V-1:4-+		01 005
		2000-09-06			:	21,935
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06		Coot out mondo		C 0
				Cast-out reads	:	60
		2000-09-06		*	•	60
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		Dolotos		0
						0
		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		Tilleouts	•	0
		2000-09-06				
				Filo statistics	s for files with ove	n 25
ADAXOI	00000	2000-09-00	13.23:23	THE STATISTICS	S FOI TITES WILL OVE	I LJ

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 percent of the total cache statistics:

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File 1:

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads : 1,672

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 22,798

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates : 61,531

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **File Cache Statistics for Files**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File 0:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                           1
                                                                           1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache
                                                                           1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full :
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                       2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous :
                                                                       2.622
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                          22
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                       2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not written
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Area full
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates :
                                                                       3,969
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Block invalid:
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out reads :
                                                                          34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous :
                                                                          33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                          1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Deletes
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Timeouts
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                       1,672
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                          64
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                       1,608
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                         888
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
```

ADAV61	00006	2000 00 06	10.20.22	Not in oacho		701
		2000-09-06			•	784
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	22,798
		2000-09-06		•		20,082
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	2,716
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	22,798
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Area full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	61,531
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06				·
				Cast-out reads		1,677
				Synchronous		221
		2000-09-06				1,456
				Asynchronous	•	1,430
		2000-09-06		Dalatas		0
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Ilmeouts	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		File 9:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Reads	:	8
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	0
		2000-09-06			:	8
		2000-09-06				0
		2000-09-06		711 Cu 1 U11	•	Ŭ
		2000-09-06		Writes		25
				Synchronous		20
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		5
				ASYNCHROHOUS	•	3
		2000-09-06		11		٥٢
		2000-09-06		Written	:	25
		2000-09-06		Not written	:	0
		2000-09-06		Area full	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	52
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	16
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	11
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	5
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Deletes	•	0
		2000-09-06			:	0
NDNNUI	00000	2000 09 00	13.63.63	Timeduca	•	U

#### **Global Lock Statistics**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Global lock statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 1. GCB lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional :
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Rejected
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                             :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 2. Security lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional :
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Rejected
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Rejected :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Unconditional :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             :
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 3. FST lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Rejected

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Unconditional

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                             :
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                              0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 4. File-lock-table lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                                               0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted
                                                                                               0
```

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06			Nogriciii onodo	•	O .
				D ]	т .		0
		2000-09-06		Releases		:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
		2000-09-06		5 Online	save lock		
		2000-09-06		J. 0111111C	Save Tock		
				01.1.	0 1:1: 1		0
				Ubtains -	Conditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous		0
		2000-09-06			nognem enede	•	· ·
		2000-09-06		Dolosco	Taguad		0
				Releases		:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	6. Buffer	flush lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
		2000-09-06		02000	Granted		0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	•	0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	•	
						:	38
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	38
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			•		
		2000-09-06					
				7 Global	ET sync lock		
		2000-09-06		7. GIODAI	LI SYIIC TUCK		
				01.1	0 1:1: 1		0
				Ubtains -	Conditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			•		
		2000-09-06		Releases	- Issued	•	0
		2000-09-06		Ne reuses	Synchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06					
					Asynchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

1D1V61	00006	2000-09-06	10.20.22	O Pacayou	ny look		
		2000-09-06		o. Recover	ry TUCK		
				Obtains	Conditional		0
				Optains -		:	0
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:	0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06				:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		9. Hold I:	SN locks		
		2000-09-06					
				Obtains -	Conditional	:	3100
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	3100
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	3100
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	3100
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	3100
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	10. Unique	e descriptor locks		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	11. ETID	locks		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	1
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:		0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:		0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	12. New-Da	ata-RABN locks			
		2000-09-06						
				Obtains -	Conditional			0
		2000-09-06		00001113	Granted	•		0
		2000-09-06			Rejected			0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	•		0
		2000-09-06				•		
					Synchronous	•		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06		Releases		:		0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06						
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	13. Check	point lock			
		2000-09-06						
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:		0
		2000-09-06			Granted	•		0
		2000-09-06			Rejected			0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional			6
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	•		6
		2000-09-06				•		
					Asynchronous	•		0
		2000-09-06		D 7	Ŧ .			6
		2000-09-06		Releases		:		6
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:		6
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06						
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	14. ET da	ta lock			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:		0
		2000-09-06			Granted	:		0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	•		0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional			0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•		0
					ASYIICIII UIIUUS	•		U
		2000-09-06		D.1	Tarinad			0
		2000-09-06		Releases		:		0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:		0
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06						
				15. Globa	1 update command	sync	loc	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:		0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:		0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:		0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	•		33
	23000					•		-

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	16. Paran	neter lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
		2000-09-06					
ADAN41	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Function	completed		

#### MXCANCEL Command: Dynamically Change MXCANCEL Parameter Setting

The MXCANCEL command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXCANCEL ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the maximum number of seconds for which one cluster nucleus waits for the termination of another nucleus in the cluster that it has canceled for not responding to an internal, intracluster command. Valid values range from 15 through 2,147,483,647.

If the new MXCANCEL value is less than or equal to the current MXCANCELWARN setting, the MXCANCELWARN setting is automatically set to zero (0). (You can then use the MXCANCELWARN command to dynamically set the MXCANCELWARN setting appropriately.)

For more information about the MXCANCEL setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXCANCEL parameter in *MXCANCEL: Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus*, elsewhere in this guide.

## MXCANCELWARN Command: Dynamically Change MXCANCELWARN Parameter Setting

The MXCANCELWARN command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXCANCELWARN ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the number of seconds after an intracluster cancellation request is made when the cluster nucleus requesting the cancellation should issue warnings about the inability of the canceled peer nucleus to terminate. Valid values range from 4 through 2,147,483, 647 or zero (0).

The value of the MXCANCELWARN setting must be less than the value of the MXCANCEL setting. If MXCANCELWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXCANCEL, the value is rejected. If MXCANCELWARN is set to zero, no warnings are issued about canceled cluster nuclei that are slow to terminate.

For more information about the MXCANCELWARN setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXCANCELWARN parameter in *MXCANCELWARN*: *Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus Warning*, elsewhere in this guide.

#### MXMSG - Dynamically Change MXMSG Parameter Setting

The MXMSG command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXMSG ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the maximum number of seconds in which one cluster nucleus waits for the response of another nucleus in the cluster to an internal, intracluster command. Valid values range from 15 through 32,767.

If the new MXMSG value is less than or equal to the current MXMSGWARN setting, the MXMSGWARN setting is automatically set to zero (0). (You can then use the MXMSGWARN command to dynamically set the MXMSGWARN setting appropriately.)

For more information about the MXMSG setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXMSG parameter in *MXMSG: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing*, elsewhere in this guide.

#### MXMSGWARN Command: Dynamically Change MXMSGWARN Parameter Setting

The MXMSGWARN command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXMSGWARN ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the number of seconds after an intracluster request is made when the cluster nucleus issuing the intracluster request should issue warnings about the failure of the target cluster nucleus to respond. Valid values range from 4 through 32,767 or zero (0).

The value of MXMSGWARN must be less than the value of MXMSG. If MXMSGWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXMSG, the value is rejected. If MXMSGWARN is set to zero, no warnings are issued about cluster nuclei that are slow to respond.

For more information about the MXMSGWARN setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXMSGWARN parameter in *MXMSGWARN: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing Warning*, elsewhere in this guide.

#### MXWTOR Command: Dynamically Change MXWTOR Parameter Setting

The optional MXWTOR command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXWTOR ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the maximum number of seconds that a cluster nucleus should wait for an operator response to a self-terminating operator query. Valid values range from 15 through 64,800 or zero (0).

If MXWTOR is set to zero, the operator query does not occur (no ADAX9J messages are written) and no operator intervention is expected.

For more information about the MXWTOR setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXWTOR parameter in *MXWTOR*: *Self-Termination Operator Query Interval*, elsewhere in this guide.

#### SMFDETAIL Command: Select the Detail Section Types in SMF Interval and Termination Records

```
SMFDETAIL = { ALL | NONE | section-name-list }
```

Adabas SMF records can contain a variable set of detail sections in Interval and Termination records (subtypes 2 and 3). This command allows you to override the setting of the SMFDETAIL ADARUN parameter defined for this Adabas session. Using this command you can select the detail section types in Interval and Termination records that should be included in the Adabas SMF records. Unlike the SMFDETAIL ADARUN parameter, the value or values you specify for the SMFDETAIL command do *not* need to be enclosed in parentheses. If you specify NONE or ALL, they should be specified alone. However, you can specify one or more of the other detail section names (CMD, CSHB, CSHF, CSHG, CSHP, FILE, IODD, LOCK, MSGB, MSGC, MSGH, PARM, STG, THRD, or USER) in one SMFDETAIL parameter, separating each value with a comma.

The following table describes the meaning of the possible detail section names that can be used in the SMFDETAIL command:

Detail Section Name	Description
ALL	Generate all possible detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.
CMD	Generate Adabas command activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHB <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by block detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.

Detail Section Name	Description
CSHF <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by Adabas file number detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHG <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHP <sup>2</sup>	Generate Adabas Parallel Services cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
FILE	Generate Adabas file activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
IODD	Generate I/O activity by DD statement detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
LOCK <sup>1</sup>	Generate global lock activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
MSGB <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging control block activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
MSGC <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging count detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
MSGH <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging service time histogram detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
NONE	Generate no detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.
PARM	Generate ADARUN parameter value detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
STG	Generate Adabas storage pool detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
THRD	Generate thread activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
USER	Generate user-defined details sections in the Adabas SMF records. If USER is specified, a value for the UEXSMF parameter should also be specified to identify the user exit to be invoked to generate the user-defined detail section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Available only in cluster environments (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services must be installed).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Available only in cluster environments with Adabas Parallel Services installed.

#### TARGET Command: Route Commands to Specified Target

TARGET = { \* | nucid | sysname }

Use this command to specify the system on which the Entire Net-Work DBID target for the Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services database is to be established. Specify a system name or the NUCID of a cluster nucleus on that system. The DBID target can be established on any system where a nucleus of the cluster is active. It is used to route commands from users on remote systems with no active PLXCB. Such systems may be part of the z/OS sysplex or other Entire Net-Work nodes outside the sysplex.

The command instructs Entire Net-Work to route requests to an Entire Net-Work node on an implicitly or explicitly specified system image. All future commands will be routed to the new destination. If there are existing users who have been routed using the DBID target and the target is relocated to another Entire Net-Work node, they will be reassigned to any cluster nuclei on the new node. These users lose their existing sessions with their previously assigned nuclei. As a consequence, they may receive response code 9 (ADARSP009) on the first command after the target is moved. Furthermore, they may receive response code 21 (ADARSP021) if they attempt to reuse previously defined command IDs (logical read sequences or search results). Note that all Adabas Parallel Services nuclei run only on a single Entire Net-Work node.

Several possible operands can be used to specify the desired DBID target assignment, as described in the following table.

Operand	Description
	Specify an asterisk (*) to assign the DBID target to the Entire Net-Work node associated with the nucleus receiving the command.
	Specify the nucleus ID (as defined in the ADARUN NUCID parameter) of an active cluster nucleus to assign the DBID target to the Entire Net-Work node associated with that nucleus.
sysname	Specify a system name (LPAR name) to assign the DBID target to the Entire Net-Work node associated with an active cluster nucleus on that system.



**Note:** The DBID target identifies an Entire Net-Work node, not a specific nucleus on a system. The DBID target is jointly serviced by all nuclei on that Entire Net-Work node.

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