

# **Adabas Cluster Services**

Reference

Version 8.2.3

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# Adabas Cluster Services

This document applies to Adabas Cluster Services Version 8.2.3.

Specifications contained herein are subject to change and these changes will be reported in subsequent release notes or new editions.

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iv Reference

This documentation provides reference information for Adabas initialization parameters, cluster operator commands as well as the Adabas Online System screens pertinent to Adabas Cluster Services.

This documentation provides information on the operator commands for ADACOM and for an Adabas cluster nucleus; it also describes the operator commands for Entire Net-Work and for its XCF line driver.

This documentation provides detailed information on the initialization parameters needed for an Adabas Cluster environment.

It also describes the parameter statements required for enabling Entire Net-Work to communicate with other nodes.

This document is organized as follows:

•	Initialization Parameters	Describes the initialization parameters needed for an Adabas Cluster Services environment.
•	ADACOM Initialization Parameters	Describes the ADACOM initialization parameters needed for an Adabas Cluster Services environment.
•	ADANUC Initialization Parameters for Cluster Nuclei	Describes the ADARUN parameters needed for each nucleus in a cluster.
•	Entire Net-Work (NETWRK) Initialization Parameters	Describes the Entire Net-Work parameters needed for each nucleus in a cluster.
•	Useful ADARUN Parameters	Provides a reference for ADARUN parameters useful to Adabas Cluster Services processing.
•	Entire Net-Work Parameter Statements	Describes the initialization parameters needed for Entire Net-Work.
•	Adabas Cluster Operator Commands	Describes operator commands for ADACOM and for an Adabas Cluster Services cluster nucleus.

•	Entire Net-Work Operator Commands	Describes operator commands for Entire Net-Work.
•		Describes the Entire Net-Work diagnostic utilities, provided in the Entire Net-Work load library.

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### **Initialization Parameters**

This documentation provides detailed information on the initialization parameters needed for an Adabas cluster environment. It also describes the parameters required for enabling Entire Net-Work to in cluster environments.

ADARUN parameters are used to customize the Adabas environment. For Adabas Cluster Services environments, three types of initialization parameters must be specified, based on the setting of the ADARUN PROGRAM parameter:

- To run an Adabas nucleus, the name must be ADANUC.
- To set up an Entire Net-Work node, the name must be NETWRK.
- To set up an ADACOM task, the name must be ADACOM (no other ADARUN parameters are recognized for the ADACOM program run).

3	ADACOM Initialization Parameters	Describes the ADACOM initialization parameters required by Adabas Cluster Services.
•	About ADARUN Parameters for Cluster Nuclei	Describes the Adabas nucleus (ADANUC) initialization parameters required by Adabas Cluster Services.
٥	Entire Net-Work (NETWRK) Initialization Parameter	Describes the Entire Net-Work (NETWRK) initialization parameters for Entire Net-Work in Adabas Cluster Services environments.
3	Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Cluster Services	Provides a reference for all of the ADARUN parameters useful to Adabas Cluster Services processing.

# 3 ADACOM Initialization Parameters

■ CMDMGR - ADACOM Use	6
■ DBID - Database Identification	7
■ FORCE - Force Restart after Abnormal Termination	
■ NU - Number of User Table Elements	
SVC - Interregion Communication Number	

An unlimited number of Adabas nucleus clusters, each with up to 32 members sharing a common database, can be defined per parallel sysplex.

#### The ADACOM initialization task:

- must be run on any operating system image that has cluster users but no cluster nuclei to set up the environment.
- can optionally be used to monitor and control the nuclei of one or more sysplex clusters.

Parameters specify the SVC/DBID combinations (sets) that the ADACOM is to manage. The DBID identifies the external physical database shared by a particular cluster of nuclei and known to the application. The SVC value may vary within a cluster and the same SVC may be used for different clusters. Other ADACOM parameters are discussed in the following sections.

Although a single ADACOM job can run all SVC/DBID sets in a sysplex environment, it is possible to run multiple ADACOM tasks simultaneously with the same, mixed, or completely different SVC/DBID sets. A subtask is attached to the ADACOM task for each SVC/DBID set occurring in the input of ADACOM. All work pertaining to an SVC/DBID set is performed by the subtask.

The COMPRINT data set prints global messages that apply to all SVC/DBID sets defined to an ADACOM task. In addition, a SYSOUT data set is dynamically allocated for command output to each SVC/DBID set. The format of this data set DD-name is Pssddddd where ss is the last two digits of the SVC and ddddd is the DBID.

For a sample job to run ADACOM, see the section *Create a Startup Procedure for ADACOM* in *Adabas Cluster Services Installation*.

#### **CMDMGR - ADACOM Use**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>C</u> MDMGR	whether ADACOM remains in use as a command manager after	<u>Y</u> ES   <u>N</u> O	YES
	initialization or quiesces.		

The CMDMGR parameter specifies whether the ADACOM task remains in operation as a command manager for the cluster nuclei (CMDMGR=YES) or whether it runs like a batch job and terminates after processing the commands given in DDKARTE (CMDMGR=N0).

The ADACOM task used to allocate and monitor the PLXCB and subordinate data structures in common storage (ECSA) terminates after processing the commands given in DDKARTE, if CMD-MGR=NO has been specified for all SVC/DBID pairs. If CMDMGR=YES (the default setting) has been specified for one or more SVC/DBID pairs, the ADACOM task stays active and accepts operator commands for displaying and controlling the multiprocessing environment.

#### **DBID - Database Identification**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
DBID	the database to be used.	1	65000	none

The DBID parameter designates the ID of an Adabas cluster's external physical database; that is, the database number that the user programs address to send commands to the single physical database of an Adabas nucleus cluster.

This number must be unique among all Adabas database IDs, NUCIDs, Natural buffer pool IDs, Entire Net-Work target IDs (suggested range 65482-65535), and internal target IDs used by Adabas Cluster Services (restricted range 65001-65481).

#### **FORCE - Force Restart after Abnormal Termination**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>F</u> ORCE	whether ADACOM forces a restart after an abnormal termination.	YES   NO	NO

If Adabas believes there are still active nuclei, ADACOMs, or users on an image after a termination, an NU parameter value that is different from the NU value already in effect will not be recognized on restart. If you are certain that Adabas is wrong in its belief, you can use FORCE=YES to force a clean restart.

Note, however, that if a sysplex cluster nucleus or an ADACOM with the same SVC number is active on the image where FORCE=YES is used, it will crash.



#### Notes:

- 1. FORCE=YES works only when the NU parameter value is being changed and has the effect of resetting the environment.
- 2. The nucleus ADARUN parameter FORCE is neither seen nor used by the Adabas Cluster Services SVCCLU. The ADACOM parameter FORCE may only be used to change the NU that is valid for the cluster.
- 3. If you use the ADACOM FORCE parameter, remember to remove it from ADACOM after you have reset the environment.

#### **NU - Number of User Table Elements**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
	the number of users that can be active in parallel on sysplex cluster nuclei in the local image.	20	16 777 215	200

In the extended CSA (ECSA), the SVCCLU maintains a user table with entries (UTEs) containing information about every active user in the sysplex cluster nuclei on the local image. A UTE is assigned when a user issues an <code>OP</code> command or (if the user did not issue an <code>OP</code> command) at the first Adabas command. The UTE is released when the user issues a <code>CL</code> command or when the assigned cluster nucleus otherwise deletes the user's UQE (e.g., due to timeout).

The ADACOM NU parameter specifies the number of concurrent users (UTEs) allowed for all cluster nuclei on the local operating system image. The first cluster nucleus or ADACOM started governs the value for NU: different values set for subsequent nuclei or ADACOMs are ignored.

To manually change the NU value, you must stop all sysplex cluster nuclei and ADACOM initialization tasks (if used) in the local image that have the same SVC number, modify the NU value for all the nucleus and ADACOM jobs, and then restart.

When the NU parameter is set to zero, any space allocated for the user table is freed, the Adabas Cluster Services control block (PLXCB) is freed, and the ADACOM subtask for this SVC/DBID set terminates, regardless of the CMDMGR parameter setting. However, if the ADACOM subtask believes that there are active nuclei or users on this database, and FORCE=YES is not used, no action is taken and the subtask terminates abnormally with user ABEND 40 (hex). The ADACOM main task and any subtasks handling other SVC/DBID sets are not affected.

#### **Example:**

Run the Adabas cluster nuclei on the local image with 500 elements in the user table.

NU=500

# **SVC - Interregion Communication Number**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	the supervisor call number to be used for the Adabas Cluster Services session.	200-255	249

The SVC is used to perform various Adabas internal functions; the number is used to communicate between the users and the database.

The SVC number is specified as an integer and must correspond to the number used for the version 8.2 Adabas SVC (ADASVC). Valid SVC values are 200-255.

#### **Example:**

Execute an Adabas Cluster Services session under an OS/390 or z/OS image using SVC 202.

SVC=202

# 4 About ADARUN Parameters for Cluster Nuclei

Global ADARUN Parameters	12	2
ADARUN Parameter Usage in Cluster Environments	1:	3

Software AG recommends that you use your existing values (or the default settings) of the Adabas ADARUN parameters for each Adabas nucleus in a cluster, and then tune the values after analyzing the performance of the cluster. For more information about expected differences, read *Performance and Tuning*, in *Adabas Cluster Services Operations Guide*.

Session statistics can be used to determine the best settings for each parameter. The statistics are printed automatically at the end of a session, but can also be displayed using nucleus or ADACOM operator commands during the session.

For your convenience, ADARUN parameters that are most significant to Adabas Cluster Services usage are described in *Useful ADARUN Parameters*, elsewhere in this guide.

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Global ADARUN Parameters
- ADARUN Parameter Usage in Cluster Environments
- Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Cluster Services

#### **Global ADARUN Parameters**

ADARUN parameters that must be the same for all nuclei in the cluster are called global.

Some global parameters are set at nucleus startup and cannot be changed during the ensuing session; other global parameters can be changed during a session:

- When you set a value for a global parameter that cannot be changed after the first nucleus in an Adabas cluster has started, intracluster messages are used to communicate the ADARUN parameter settings of the first nucleus to all subsequent cluster nuclei. Each subsequent nucleus receives this information during initialization and determines whether its global nonchangeable parameters are equal to those of the first nucleus.
  - If they are not equal, the nucleus fails with a parameter error. The nonequal global changeable parameters are reset to the value retrieved from the intracluster messages and a corresponding message is printed.
- If you change the value of a global parameter that can be changed during a running session, the nucleus on which you make the change acquires a "parameter change lock", makes the changes in its local parameter area, and communicates the changes to the other cluster nuclei using intracluster messages.

All other nuclei in the cluster receive the intracluster messages containing the global parameters that have changed, change the parameters in their local parameter area, and send an "acknowledge" message.

### **ADARUN Parameter Usage in Cluster Environments**

A cluster nucleus makes use of:

- global parameters, whose values are enforced by Adabas Cluster Services to be equal for all nuclei in a cluster. Some of these parameters can be modified (globally modifiable) during a session using an operator command or the Adabas Online System (NISNHQ, NONDES, and AOSLOG are only modifiable using AOS); others are fixed (globally fixed) and cannot be modified while the nuclei in the cluster are running.
- local parameters, which can be different for each nucleus. Some of these parameters are modifiable (locally modifiable) using an operator command or the Adabas Online System; others are fixed (locally fixed) and cannot be modified.

A few Adabas ADARUN parameters are not available to a cluster nuclei (No).

In the following table, the "N/A" column indicates which ADARUN parameters are not available to a cluster nucleus, the "LF" column indicates whether the parameter is a locally fixed parameter, the "LM" column indicates whether the parameter is a locally modifiable parameter, the "GF" column indicates whether the parameter is a globally fixed parameter, and the "GM" column indicates whether the parameter is a globally modifiable parameter.



**Note:** The parameters for which links are provided have particular use in Adabas Cluster Services environments and are described in *Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Cluster Services*, elsewhere in this guide. A description of every ADARUN parameter (including those not described in the Adabas Cluster Services documentation) can be found in the *Adabas Operations Manual*.

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
AOSLOG	Log to DDPRINT commands issued by AOS or ADADBS OPERCOM that modify the active nucleus			LM		
AREXCLUDE	Exclude file(s) from autorestart		LF			
ARMNAME	Name used to activate ARM		LF			
ASSOCACHE	Controller caching control for the Associator component		LF			
ASYTVS	Asynchronous buffer flush based on volser			LM		
CACHE	Load ADACSH (Adabas Caching Facility)		LF			
CACTIVATE	RABN range activation (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSODSP	Associator RABNs cached for data space (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSOEXT	Associator RABNs cached for extended memory (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
CASSOHSP	Associator RABNs cached for hiperspace (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSOV64	Associator RABNs cached for virtual 64 (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CASSOMAXS	Associator cache space unit size (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CBUFN0	Read buffer count for concurrent I/O (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CCTIMEOUT	Cache space area inactivity time (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATADSP	Data Storage RABNs cached for data space (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAEXT	Data Storage RABNs cached for extended memory (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAHSP	Data Storage RABNs cached for hiperspace (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAV64	Data Storage RABNs cached for virtual 64 (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDATAMAXS	Data Storage cache space unit size (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDEMAND	Lowest acceptable Adabas buffer efficiency level (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDISPSTAT	RABN range statistic display location (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CDXnn	Collation descriptor user exit(s)		LF			
CEXCLUDE	Excluded command types (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CFILE	File or file range to be cached (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CLOGBMAX	Maximum size of a log buffer		LF			
CLOGDEV	Multiple command log device		LF			
CLOGLAYOUT	Define command log format				GF	
CLOGMAX	Maximum size of all logged buffers allowed for an Adabas command.		LF			
CLOGMRG	Automatic command log merge control in a cluster environment					GM
CLOGSIZE	Multiple command log size (blocks)		LF			
CLUCACHENAME	Cluster cache structure name (Adabas Cluster Services only)				GF	
CLUCACHESIZE	Cluster cache area size (Adabas Parallel Services only)					GM

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
CLUCACHETYPE	Cluster cache area storage type (Adabas Parallel Services only)					GM
CLUCACHEUNCHANGED	Shared cache unchanged block control (Adabas Parallel Services only)		LF			
CLUGROUPNAME	Cluster group name (Adabas Cluster Services only)				GF	
CLULOCKNAME	Cluster lock structure name (Adabas Cluster Services only)				GF	
CLULOCKSIZE	Cluster lock area size (Adabas Parallel Services only)					GM
CLUSTER	Adabas cluster session control				GF	
CMADDR	Starting address of the GETMAIN common memory pool above the 16M line		LF			
CMAXCSPS	Storage area count for ADACSH (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CMDQMODE	Command queue memory pool location		LF			
CMFIX	GETMAIN common memory pool fixed location indicator above the 16M line		LF			
CMLADDR	Starting address of the GETMAIN common memory pool below the 16M line		LF			
CMLFIX	GETMAIN common memory pool fixed location indicator below the 16M line		LF			
CMLSCOPE	Control for access to the GETMAIN common memory pool below the 16M line		LF			
CMLSIZE	Indicator for GETMAIN performance in common memory pool below the 16M line		LF			
CMSCOPE	Control for access to the GETMAIN common memory pool above the 16M line		LF			
CMSIZE	Indicator for GETMAIN performance in common memory pool above the 16M line		LF			
CRETRY	Cache space retry interval (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CSTORAGE	RABN caching activation (Adabas Caching Facility)		LF			
СТ	Command time limit (seconds)					GM
CWORKSTORAGE	Cache space type (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CWORK2FAC	Percentage of Work part 2 cached (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CWOFK3FAC	Percentage of Work part 3 cached (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
CXFILE	Excluded files (Adabas Caching Facility)			LM		
DATACACHE	Controller caching control for the Data Storage component		LF			
DBID	Database ID (physical)			1	GF	

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
DEVICE	Device type of the first ASSO extent				GF	
DIRRATIO	Ratio of directory entries to data elements in a cluster cache structure/area					GM
DSF	Delta Save Facility control				GF	
DSFEX1	Delta Save Facility user exit		LF			
DTP <sup>1</sup>	Distributed transaction processing control				GF	
DUALCLD	Dual command log device		LF			
DUALCLS	Dual command log size (blocks)		LF			
DUALPLD	Dual protection log device		LF			
DUALPLS	Dual protection log size (blocks)		LF			
ELEMENTRATIO	Ratio of directory entries to data elements in a cluster cache structure/area					GM
EXCPVR	EXCP or EXCPVR indicator when APF-authorized		LF			
FASTPATH	Adabas Fastpath control		LF			
FMXIO	Limit parallel I/O operations by LFIOP flush processing			LM		
FORCE	Overwrite IDTE		LF			
GROUPS	Indicator for BS2000 interprocess communication limited to users with the same logon ID		LF			
HEX <i>nn</i>	Hyperdescriptor exit(s)		LF			
IDTNAME	Name for alternate ID table		LF			
IDTPSUP	IDT name suppression indicator		LF			
IGNDIB	Ignore DIB entry		LF			
IGNDTP	Ignore distributed transaction processing area (Work part 4)		LF			
INFOBUFFERSIZE	Size of information buffer pool		LF			
INTNAS	Interval between nucleus statistic checkpoints (SYNS 60)					GM
LARGEPAGE	Large page use indicator		LF			
LBP	Length of buffer pool		LF			
LCP	Length of security pool		LF			
LDEUQP	Length of unique (UQ) descriptor pool		LF			
LDTP	Length of distributed transaction processing area (Work part 4)		LF			
LFIOP <sup>2</sup>	Length of asynchronous flush pool		LF			
LFP	Length of internal format buffer pool		LF			
LI	Length of ISN list table (TBI)		LF			
LNKGNAME	Link globals table name		LF			

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
LOCAL <sup>3</sup>	Nucleus (cluster) unknown to the network				GF	
LOGABDX	Log ABDs		LF			
LOGCB	Log control block			LM		
LOGCLEX	Log command log extension (CLEX)		LF			
LOGFB	Log format buffer			LM		
LOGGING	Logging of Adabas commands			LM		
LOGIB	Log ISN buffer			LM		
LOGIO	Log I/O activity			LM		
LOGMB	Log multifetch buffers		LF			
LOGRB	Log record buffer			LM		
LOGSB	Log search buffer			LM		
LOGSIZE	Maximum command log size		LF			
LOGUX	Log user exit B data			LM		
LOGVB	Log value buffer			LM		
LOGVOLIO	Extended I/O list log indicator			LM		
LOGWARN	PLOG/CLOG status check frequency			LM		
LP	Length of data protection area (Work part 1)		LF			
LQ	Length of sequential command table		LF			
LRDP	Length of the redo pool in cluster environments.		LF			
LRPL	Size of Adabas or Event Replicator replication pools		LF			
LS	Length of sort area			LM		
LU	Length of intermediate user buffer					GM
LWKP2	Length of ISN list processing area (Work part 2)		LF			
LWP	Length of Adabas work pool		LF			
MODE <sup>2</sup>	Mode of operation				GF	
MSGBUF	Size of the message buffer		LF			
MSGCONSL	Case of messages on message console		LF			
MSGDRUCK	Case of messages in DD/DRUCK data set		LF			
MSGPRINT	Case of messages sent to DD/PRINT data set		LF			
MXCANCEL	Timeout threshold for a cancel request between cluster nuclei(Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
MXCANCELWARN	Timeout threshold for a cancel request warning between cluster nuclei (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
MXMSG	Maximum message reply time between cluster nuclei (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
MXMSGWARN	Timeout threshold for a message reply warning between cluster nuclei (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
MXSTATUS	XCF status monitoring heartbeat interval (Adabas Cluster Services)			LM		
MXTNA	Maximum inactivity time limit override for a user					GM
MXTSX	Maximum Sx execution time limit override for a user					GM
MXTT	Maximum transaction time limit override for a user					GM
MXWTOR	Self-termination query operator response interval (Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services)			LM		
NAB	Number of attached buffers		LF			
NC	Number of command queue elements		LF			
NCLOG	Number of command logs		LF			
NH	Number of hold queue elements		LF			
NISNHQ	Number of ISNs in hold queue for user					GM
NONDES	Non-descriptor searches					GM
NPLOG	Number of protection logs		LF			
NPLOGBUFFERS	Number of PLOG protection I/O buffers		LF			
NQCID	Number of active command IDs per user					GM
NSISN	Number of ISNs per ISN table element			LM		
NT	Number of threads		LF			
NU	Number of user queue elements		LF			
NUCID	Cluster nucleus ID		LF			
NWORK1BUFFERS	Number of Work part 1 protection I/O buffers		LF			
OPENRQ	Open command required				GF	
PAMREQS	Maximum number of BS2000 PAM blocks that can be transferred in a single PAM macro request		LF			
PGFIX	I/O control block page request indicator		LF			
PLOGDEV	Multiple protection log device		LF			
PLOGRQ	Protection log required				GF	
PLOGSIZE	Multiple protection log size (blocks)		LF			
PREFETCH <sup>4</sup>	Prefetch/multifetch feature control (see note below)	N/A				
PREFICMD <sup>4</sup>	Include command from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				
PREFIFIL <sup>4</sup>	Include file from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
PREFNREC <sup>4</sup>	Multifetch record count (see note below)	N/A				
PREFSBL <sup>4</sup>	Prefetch single buffer length (see note below)	N/A				
PREFSTDD <sup>4</sup>	Job statement label for location for multifetch statistics	N/A				
PREFTBL <sup>4</sup>	Prefetch total buffer length (see note below)	N/A				
PREFXCMD <sup>4</sup>	Exclude command from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				
PREFXFIL <sup>4</sup>	Exclude file from prefetch/multifetch (see note below)	N/A				
PROGRAM	The program to be run		LF			
QBLKSIZE	Sequential data set block size (optimized by ADAIOR)		LF			
READONLY <sup>2</sup>	Read-only session control			LM		
REPLICATION	Replication indicator		LF			
REVFILTER	Adabas Review record filtering indicator		LF			
REVIEW	Adabas Review control			LM		
REVLOGBMAX	Maximum number of bytes of a logged buffer for Adabas Review		LF			
REVLOGMAX	Maximum size of all logged buffers for an Adabas Review command		LF			
RPLCONNECTCOUNT	Number of connection attempts for replication		LF			
RPLCONNECTINTERVAL	Connection attempt interval for replication		LF			
RPLPARMS	Location of replication definitions		LF			
RPLSORT	Replication transaction data sorting indicator		LF			
RPLWARNINGINCREMENT	Replication pool usage warning message interval		LF			
RPLWARNINTERVAL	Replication pool usage warning message suppression interval		LF			
RPLWARNMESSAGELIMIT	Replication pool usage warning message limit before suppression		LF			
RPWARNPERCENT	Replication pool usage threshold		LF			
SMF	Adabas SMF recording control		LF			
SMF89	Type 89 SMF record control		LF			
SMFDETAIL	SMF record detail section control			LM		
SMFINTERVAL	SMF interval record control			LM		
SMFRECNO	SMF user-defined record number control			LM		
SMFSUBSYS	IBM or user-defined SMF subsystem control			LM		
SMGT	Error handling (PIN) facility control		LF			

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
SORTCACHE	Controller caching control for the Adabas sort area component		LF			
SPT	Adabas triggers and stored procedures control				GF	
SRLOG	Spanned record logging control		LF			
SUBMPSZ	Common memory pool size		LF			
SVC	SVC number		LF			
SWITCHNR	BS2000 job switch number		LF			
TAPEREL	End-of-file processing for tapes or cartridges		LF			
TARGETID	Unique Entire Net-Work target ID		LF			
TASKCTGY	BS2000 Adabas task category		LF			
TCPIP	TCP/IP access control			LM		
TCPURL	TCP/IP universal resource locator (URL)			LM		
TEMPCACHE	Controller caching for the Adabas temp area component		LF			
TFLUSH <sup>2</sup>	Synchronous buffer flush time			LM		
TLSCMD	Time limit for S1, S2, and S4 complex searches (seconds)					GM
TMDRQ <sup>3</sup>	Number of entries in Adabas Transaction Manager internal request queue		LF			
TMETDATA <sup>3</sup>	Databases storing Adabas Transaction Manager ET data		LF			
TMGTT <sup>3</sup>	Time limit in which an Adabas Transaction Manager global transaction can be opened without being prepared		LF			
TMLOG <sup>3</sup>	Logging option for Adabas Transaction Manager			LM		
TMMSGSEV <sup>3</sup>	Severity threshold for suppression of Adabas Transaction manager warning messages		LF			
TMRESTART <sup>3</sup>	Adabas Transaction Manager problematic transaction restart handling		LF			
TMSYNCMGR <sup>3</sup>	Indicator for Adabas Transaction Manager interaction with external transaction coordinator		LF			
TMTCIDPREF <sup>3</sup>	Adabas Transaction Manager prefix for dynamically allocated client IDs		LF			
TNAA	Non-activity time limit (access-only users)					GM
TNAE	Non-activity time limit (ET logic users)					GM
TNAX	Non-activity time limit (exclusive update users)					GM
TT	Transaction time limit					GM
UEX <i>nn</i>	User exits: 1, 3, 4, 5, 8		LF			
	User exits: 2, 12				GF	

Parameter	Usage	N/A	LF	LM	GF	GM
	User exits: 6, 9 (for utilities)	N/A				
UEXSMF	SMF user exit module name		LF			
UTIONLY	Utilities-only session				GF	
V64BIT	Virtual storage above the 2G bar usage indicator		LF			
VISTA	Adabas Vista control				GF	
WORKCACHE	Controller caching for the Adabas work area component		LF			

#### Notes:

- 1. Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 do not support DTP=TM, but it does support DTP=RM.
- 2. Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 do not support LFIOP=0, MODE=SINGLE, READONLY=YES, or TFLUSH.
- 3. Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 do not support the LOCAL=YES and all TM\*parameters
- 4. The PREF*xxx* parameters are used with application programs (PROGRAM=USER) making Adabas calls. They have no effect when specified for an Adabas nucleus.

# 5 Entire Net-Work (NETWRK) Initialization Parameters

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The ADARUN parameters for Entire Net-Work specify all interregion communication information for the node. They are specified with ADARUN PROGRAM=NETWRK.

Software AG recommends that you use your existing values (or the default settings) of the ADARUN parameters for each Entire Net-Work node, and then tune the values after analyzing the performance of the node. See the *Performance and Tuning* documentation for information about expected differences.

The following table summarizes the Entire Net-Work ADARUN parameters:

Parameter	Use	Minimum	Maximum	Default
СТ	Command timeout limit (sec.)	1	16777215	60
FORCE	Overwrite target ID entry	-	-	NO
LU	User buffer size	4000	65535	65535
NAB	Number of attached buffers	3	49150	16
NC	Number of request queue elements	20	32767	200
PROGRAM	Program to be executed	NETWRK	NETWRK	(none)
SVC	SVC number	200	255	249
TARGETID	Entire Net-Work target ID	1*	65535	1

<sup>\*</sup> Software AG strongly recommends that you restrict Entire Net-Work target IDs in a sysplex cluster environment to values in the range 65482 through 65535 to avoid interference with the target IDs used for other cluster requirements.

Following is an example of an ADARUN statement for Entire Net-Work:

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, TARGETID=3333, NAB=20, NC=50, LU=65535, SVC=251

For this node, Entire Net-Work

- runs with a target ID of 3333;
- allocates an attached buffer pool for 20 interregion communication buffers;
- processes as many as 50 requests simultaneously;
- uses the SVC 251; and
- ensures adequate buffer size for Adabas compatibility by setting the value of the LU parameter to 65535.

### **Guidelines**

Use the following guidelines when specifying ADARUN session parameters:

- Ensure that the correct program to be executed is specified (PROG=NETWRK).
- Ensure that the correct target ID is specified (TARGETID parameter).
- Determine which settings for the following parameters are applicable for the session:

FORCE	(override active target ID)
SVC	(Adabas SVC number)

#### **CT - Command Timeout Limit**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
СТ	the time allowed for a user program to obtain results from Entire Net-Work.	1	16777215	60

The maximum number of seconds (more precisely, units of 1.048576 seconds) that can elapse from the time an Entire Net-Work request is completed until the results are retrieved by the user through the interregion communication ("16-call"/operating system-dependent).

This parameter is used to prevent a request queue element (RQE) and the attached buffer from being held indefinitely if a user with an outstanding Entire Net-Work request terminates abnormally.

Possible causes for a command timeout are

- non-dispatchable or swapped-out user address space;
- user canceled;
- low user priority in a high-activity system.

If the CT limit is exceeded, the RQE and the attached buffer are released and message NETM93 is printed. If the user attempts to access the RQE after the timeout has occurred, response code 254 is returned.

#### Example:

Execute an Entire Net-Work task; set the maximum permitted time to obtain the result of a command using interregion communication to approximately 30 seconds.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, CT=30

### **FORCE - Overwrite ID Table Entry**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>F</u> ORCE	whether to overwrite the target ID table entry.	YES   NO	NO

By default (FORCE=NO), error NETM98 occurs if the TARGETID parameter (see *TARGETID*) specifies a target ID that is already in the target ID table:

NETM98 targetid TARGET INITIALIZATION ERROR: DUP ID (LOCAL)

FORCE=NO prevents the table entry from being overwritten. FORCE=YES allows the existing target ID table entry to be overwritten by the value specified for the TARGETID= parameter.

When a target terminates, its ID table entry is normally removed from the ID table. However, if an Entire Net-Work task has terminated abnormally without the recovery mechanism receiving control, its entry can remain in the ID table. FORCE=YES permits an Entire Net-Work target to be restarted even though its ID is already present in the ID table.

In addition to Entire Net-Work, other Software AG products such as Adabas or Entire System Server (formerly Natural Process) may have entries in the ID table.

Because FORCE=YES replaces *any* entry that matches the specified TARGETID value, you must ensure that the ID table does not contain that same value for any target that is active.



**Caution:** If you were to mistakenly override the ID table entry of an active target, it could severely disrupt the operation of the affected service system.

For this reason, all target and database IDs must be unique, and FORCE should be issued *only* after you determine that no other target with the ID specified by TARGETID is active.

#### **Example:**

Execute an Entire Net-Work task.

If the ID table contains an entry for target ID 3333, overwrite it; that is, allow the new task to use ID table entry 3333. Disconnect any existing task with an ID of 3333 from all user access.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, FORCE=YES, TARGETID=3333

If FORCE=NO (the default), Entire Net-Work does not permit the use of target ID 3333 if the ID table already contains an entry for that ID. The message NETM98 is issued, indicating that a target using the ID 3333 is already active.

### LU - Length of Intermediate User Buffer

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
LU	the size of the intermediate user buffer.	4000	65535	65535

The size specified must be large enough to accommodate all Adabas control information (108 bytes), all user buffers (format, record, search, value, ISN) that may be required for any given Adabas command, and any user information passed from Adabas link routines to nucleus user exits.

If the PREFETCH option or a utility that needs large record/ISN buffers is to be used during the session, the setting of LU must be large enough to contain the buffers needed.

An error occurs if the LU parameter specifies a value greater than the byte count implied by the NAB (number of attached buffers) parameter. The NAB default of 16 allocates more than 64 kilobytes.

#### Example:

Start an Entire Net-Work session using an Adabas intermediate user buffer area of 20,000 bytes.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, LU=20000

#### **NAB - Number of Attached Buffers**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>NA</u> B	the number of attached buffers to be used.	3	49150	16

NAB is an optional parameter that defines the number of attached buffers to be used during the Entire Net-Work session. Entire Net-Work allocates an attached buffer pool whose size equals the NAB value multiplied by 4112.

An attached buffer is an internal buffer used for interregion communication. Entire Net-Work requires the use of attached buffers in all environments.

**Note:** A value of less than 16 prevents some Adabas utility functions from being performed remotely.

#### Example:

Execute an Entire Net-Work session; use 50 attached buffers.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, NAB=50

# **NC - Number of Request Queue Elements**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
NC	the number of elements allowed in the Entire Net-Work request	20	32767	200
	queue.			

NC is an optional parameter that specifies the maximum number of user requests that can be processed simultaneously by this Entire Net-Work communicator. Any user requests originating on this node that cause the NC value to be exceeded receive response code 151.

Each user request originating from this node is assigned a request queue element (RQE), which exists for the duration of the request. The RQE is released when the user has either received the results of this request from Entire Net-Work, or has been timed out. Each RQE requires 192 bytes.

#### **Example:**

Execute an Entire Net-Work session; set the request queue to contain as many as 500 elements at one time.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, NC=500

### **SVC - Interregion Communication Number**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
SVC	the number of the SVC to be used.	200-255	249

The number of the SVC to be used for the Entire Net-Work session. The SVC number is specified as an integer. The SVC is used to perform various internal functions, especially the processing of interregion communication.

SVC is an optional parameter that defines the interregion communications supervisor call (SVC) to be used for this session.

The SVC number specified must correspond to that which has been installed as the Software AG communications SVC at the user installation. The same SVC may be used for Adabas, Adabas Cluster Services, Entire Net-Work, and all other Software AG products using interregion communication.

#### **Example:**

Execute an Entire Net-Work session using SVC 205.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, SVC=205

### **TARGETID - Entire Net-Work Target Identification**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>TA</u> RGETID	the ID for an Entire Net-Work node.	1*	65535	1

<sup>\*</sup> Software AG strongly recommends that you restrict Entire Net-Work target IDs in a sysplex cluster environment to values in the range 65482 through 65535 to avoid interference with the target IDs used for other cluster requirements.

The TARGETID parameter value must uniquely identify a particular Entire Net-Work node. Each target (node) ID must be unique, and can be any valid decimal value ranging from 1 (the default) to 65535. If the default is used for one node, it cannot be used for any other node and thus, this parameter must be specified for all other nodes.

In a sysplex cluster environment, all NUCIDs, Adabas database IDs (DBIDs), internally assigned operating system image IDs, target IDs used by Entire Net-Work, Natural global buffer pool IDs, etc., must be unique throughout all Entire Net-Work nodes. In particular, the Entire Net-Work target ID *must not* coincide with any database ID used in the network. An exception to this rule allows databases to be specified as "local" targets as explained in *Special Exception (Local)*, elsewhere in this section.

#### **Example:**

Execute an Entire Net-Work session using target ID 65485.

ADARUN PROG=NETWRK, TARGETID=65485

This section covers the following topics:

- Uniqueness Required (Global)
- Special Exception (Local)

#### Uniqueness Required (Global)

Entire Net-Work normally enforces unique target IDs throughout the network, that is, across all connected nodes. A target is not permitted to start if another target with the same ID is active anywhere in the network. The ADAM98 message (target initialization error) will result.

When a link is established between two previously unconnected partial networks, it is possible that the same target ID is used in both parts simultaneously. Because target IDs must be unique within the network, this is considered an error situation.

Entire Net-Work cannot determine which of the targets should be deactivated. Therefore the link between the two parts of the network is not established and explanatory messages (NET0108 and NET0106) are written to the operator consoles of both nodes trying to connect.

It is the responsibility of the installation to terminate one of the conflicting targets. The link can then be connected from either side by using the CONNECT link operator command.

#### Special Exception (Local)

The Adabas ADARUN parameter LOCAL permits the use of duplicate target IDs under special circumstances. A target ID can be used on all nodes in the network simultaneously if *all* targets with that ID are declared LOCAL=YES (see the *Adabas Operations* documentation for the appropriate ADARUN parameter). In this case, any one of the targets with that ID can be accessed *only* by users running on the same node.

Entire Net-Work does not transport requests to LOCAL targets. Response code 148 is generated if a user program calls a target declared LOCAL from a remote node.

A target ID cannot be used simultaneously for both a local target and a global target. The reason for this restriction is illustrated in the following example.

Imagine that a (global) database, DBID 35, is active on node PROD, and user programs from all nodes in the network are issuing calls to it. If a local database, also with DBID 35, starts on node TEST, it immediately draws all calls that originate on node TEST to the local database DBID 35. Users on other nodes are not affected, but all users on node TEST are switched in mid-transaction from the global database DBID 35 to the local database DBID 35, a different and probably totally unrelated database. This error situation cannot be permitted.

Entire Net-Work enforces this rule and thus prevents the confusion that would result if a local target ID coincided with a global target ID by broadcasting information about local targets to all nodes the same way it does for global targets.

# **Useful ADARUN Parameters for Adabas Cluster Services**

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This chapter provides a reference for the ADARUN parameters useful to Adabas Cluster Services processing. For information on how to specify ADARUN parameters, read the *Adabas Operations Manual* documentation provided with Adabas.

# **CLOGMRG Parameter: Cluster Command Log Merge**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLOGM</u> RG	whether the Adabas cluster is to run with automatic CLOG merge. $ \\$	YES   NO	NO

An automatic CLOG merge process provides a single cluster-wide command log containing, in chronological order, all Adabas commands executed by any of the cluster nuclei in the time period covered by the log.

CLOGMRG specifies whether the Adabas cluster is to run with the automatic CLOG merge:

#### Value Action

YES enables an automated process that copies dual or multiple command logs to sequential data sets and merges those data sets across a cluster into a single cluster-wide command log. This process automatically merges command logs when an ADARES CLCOPY is submitted from user exit 2 and executed. The cluster nuclei and the ADARES utility perform coordinated CLOG switches and CLCOPY functions with merging of CLOG records, much the same way the PLOG merge process works.

NO (the default), each nucleus produces its own CLOG, independent of any other nucleus in the cluster; dual or multiple CLOGs can be manually copied using ADARES CLCOPY to a sequential data set; and the resulting sequential CLOGs can be manually merged across a cluster using the ADARES MERGE CLOG function.

CLOGMRG is a global (that is, a cluster-wide) parameter, which means that the setting of this parameter in the first cluster nucleus to become active is propagated to all nuclei that subsequently become active.

#### **Parameter Dependencies**

It is possible to specify both LOGGING=NO and CLOGMRG=YES. In a cluster environment, it is also possible that a CLOG will be written to even if LOGGING=NO. As long as CLOGMRG=NO, nothing will be written to the CLOG if LOGGING=NO. However, if LOGGING=NO and CLOGMRG=YES, control records necessary for ADARES CLCOPY will be written to the CLOG.

CLOGMRG is effective only in an Adabas cluster environment; that is, when CLUSTER is specified with a value other than NO and NUCID is specified with a nonzero value.

#### **Dynamic Modification**

The setting of the CLOGMRG parameter can be changed dynamically using the CLOGMRG command from the operator console, the ADADBS OPERCOM CLOGMRG function, or the Modify Parameter function of Adabas Online System.

Because CLOGMRG is a global parameter, the change request to one nucleus is automatically propagated to all nuclei in the cluster.

## **CLUCACHEEXTRA Parameter: Adjust Shared Cache Vector Size**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	the additional vector size, in blocks, required to allow Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services to track the blocks held by Adabas Caching Facility in the different cluster nuclei.	0 - 2147483647	1000

This parameter is local and unchangeable. It has effect only if both a cluster product (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services) and Adabas Caching Facility are active.

If Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services are running on the same system as the Adabas Caching Facility, use the CLUCACHEEXTRA parameter to adjust the vector size of the shared cache. This ensures that Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services can track all of the blocks held privately by the Adabas Caching Facility.

Set the value to the maximum number of blocks expected to be cached by the Adabas Caching Facility. This number can be derived from the CASSOMAXS, CDATAMAXS, and CMAXCSPS parameter settings of the Adabas Caching Facility and the ASSO and DATA block sizes of the database.

## **CLUCACHENAME Parameter: Cluster Cache Structure/Area Name**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLUCACHEN</u> AME	the name of the cache structure/area of the Adabas cluster in which	text	none
	the current nucleus participates.		

For Adabas Cluster Services, the CLUCACHENAME identifies the particular sysplex cache structure (defined in the CFRM policy) associated with a particular Adabas sysplex nucleus cluster. The same name must be set in each nucleus in the cluster. CLUCACHENAME must be unique for each cluster; that is, each database.

Adabas Parallel Services automatically creates a default name for each global cache area allocated by ADACOM. However, if you wish to control the name of the global cache area, you can set this parameter.

**Note**: Software AG recommends that you allow the system to build the default name.

For Adabas Parallel Services, the CLUCACHENAME identifies a particular global cache area associated with all cluster nuclei that have the same SVC/DBID set as the current nucleus. The same name must be set in each cluster nucleus that has the same SVC/DBID set. CLUCACHENAME must be unique for each SVC/DBID set.

In all cases, the name can be 1-16 characters long. Valid characters are numeric, uppercase alphabetic, the special characters \$, @, and #. The name must begin with an alphabetic character (A-Z). IBM names begin with SYS, UNDESIG, or the characters A through I (these characters are not reserved).



**Note**: Additionally, the special character underscore (\_) is allowed in Adabas Cluster Services; that is, sysplex environments.

#### Example

In the following example, the sysplex cache structure name is defined as "SAG1SMP#CACHE1".

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, CLUCACHENAME-SAG1SMP#CACHE1

## **CLUGROUPNAME Parameter: Cluster Group Name**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	the name of the XCF messaging group in Adabas Cluster Services.	text	none
	the name of the messaging group in Adabas Parallel Services.	text	the router name

The CLUGROUPNAME parameter need not be specified for Adabas Parallel Services except when Adabas Parallel Services is used to recover an Adabas Cluster Services database after a failure that resulted in a remnant DIB entry. In this case, the CLUGROUPNAME parameter for Adabas Parallel Services must be set to the same value as it was for the failed Adabas Cluster Services nuclei.

For Adabas Cluster Services, the CLUGROUPNAME parameter provides the XCF group name to be used by the cluster nuclei for their communication using XCF.

All nuclei in the same cluster must have the same CLUGROUPNAME. Nuclei belonging to different clusters must have different CLUGROUPNAMEs.

In addition, the CLUGROUPNAME must be different from the XCF group names used by other subsystems that communicate using XCF.

The name can be 1-8 characters long. Valid characters are numeric, uppercase alphabetic, and the special characters \$, @, and #. The name must begin with an alphabetic character (A-Z). IBM names begin with SYS, UNDESIG, or the characters A through I (these characters are not reserved).

#### Example

The following examples specifies the name of the XCF messaging group as "SAG1CLU".

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, CLUGROUPNAME-SAG1CLU

### **CLULOCKNAME Parameter: Cluster Lock Structure/Area Name**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLULOCKN</u> AME	the name of the lock structure defined in the coupling facility's CFRM	text	none
	policy or the global lock area in which the current nucleus participates		

For Adabas Cluster Services, CLULOCKNAM identifies a particular sysplex lock structure (defined in the CFRM policy) associated with a particular Adabas nucleus cluster. The same name must be set in each nucleus in the cluster. CLULOCKNAME must be unique for each cluster; that is, each database.

Adabas Parallel Services automatically creates a default name for each global lock area allocated by ADACOM. However, if you wish to control the name of the global lock area, you can set this parameter.



**Note**: Software AG recommends that you allow the system to build the default name.

For Adabas Parallel Services, the CLULOCKNAME identifies a particular global lock area associated with all Adabas Parallel Services cluster nuclei that have the same SVC/DBID set as the current nucleus. The same name must be set in each cluster nucleus that has the same SVC/DBID set. CLULOCKNAME must be unique for each SVC/DBID set.

In all cases, the name can be 1-16 characters long. Valid characters are numeric, uppercase alphabetic, the special characters \$, @, and #. The name must begin with an alphabetic character (A-Z). IBM names begin with SYS, UNDESIG, or the characters A through I (these characters are not reserved).



**Note:** Additionally, the special character underscore (\_) is allowed in Adabas Cluster Services; that is, sysplex environments.

#### Example

The following example set the name of the lock structure or global lock area as "SAG1SMP#LOCK1".

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, CLULOCKNAME-SAG1SMP#LOCK1

### **CLUSTER Parameter: Adabas Nucleus Cluster Session Control**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>CLU</u> STER	whether the Adabas nucleus will participate in a cluster of nuclei	NO   SYSPLEX   LOCAL	NO
	working on the same Adabas database, and, if so, the type of		
	cluster (Adabas Parallel Services or Adabas Cluster Services) in		
	which it will participate.		

The CLUSTER parameter specifies whether the Adabas nucleus will participate in a cluster of nuclei working on the same Adabas database, and if so, which type of cluster:

- If CLUSTER=NO (the default), the nucleus will not participate in an Adabas cluster. If CLUSTER=NO, the NUCID parameter must be set (or default) to 0.
- If CLUSTER=LOCAL, the nucleus will participate in a cluster where all nuclei run on the same operating system image. The add-on product Adabas Parallel Services is required to run in this mode.
- If CLUSTER=SYSPLEX, the nucleus will participate in a cluster where the nuclei may run on different systems within a parallel sysplex. This is supported only for z/OS systems. The addon product Adabas Cluster Services is required to run in this mode.

If CLUSTER=LOCAL or SYSPLEX, the NUCID parameter must be set to a nonzero value that identifies the individual cluster nucleus. Also, the parameter settings MODE=SINGLE, READONLY=YES, LFIOP=0 and DTP=TM, and the use of sequential protection log data sets (DD-name/link name DDSIBA) are not allowed for cluster nuclei.

#### Example

The following example includes the nucleus in a cluster run with Adabas Cluster Services:

ADARUN DBID=53, CLUSTER=SYSPLEX, NUCID=5301

## DIRRATIO / ELEMENTRATIO Parameters: Cluster Cache Directory-to-Data Elements Ratio

The DIRRATIO and ELEMENTRATIO parameters together define the ratio of directory elements to data elements in the Adabas Cluster Services coupling facility cache structure or the Adabas Parallel Services global cache area.

This ratio influences the allocation of the cache structure/area when the first cluster nucleus starts. It has no influence on the cache structure/area when a subsequent nucleus starts.

Parameter	Specify		Maximum	Default
<u>DI</u> RRATIO	the directory portion of the directory-to-data element ratio	1	32767	4
<u>E</u> LEMENTRATIO	the element portion of the directory-to-data element ratio	1	32767	1

The DIRRATIO / ELEMENTRATIO ratio is optionally used in Adabas cluster environments to tune the cache structure/area for better performance.

Directory elements are used to keep track of the cluster members that have individual blocks in their local caches (buffer pool and Adabas Caching Facility caches), so that the blocks can be invalidated should other members modify them.

Data elements are used to hold the contents of Associator and Data blocks from the database.

If the number of directory elements is insufficient, existing directory elements are reused and the blocks associated with those directory elements are invalidated and can then no longer be reused. When blocks become invalid even though they have not been modified, they must be reread and registered again the next time they are referenced and validated.

It is generally better to reassign storage for data elements to keep more Associator and Data blocks in the cache structure/area than to define too many directory elements in the cache. More data elements than necessary can be used to keep additional blocks to improve the cache efficiency.

The number of directory elements need not be greater than the sum of the sizes of all buffer pools plus the amount of space represented by data elements (number of data elements times data element size), divided by the smallest Associator block size.

You can use the Adabas Online System cache structure size calculator described in *Estimating Sizes* for the Cache Structure in a Cluster Environment , in the Adabas Cluster Services Operations Guide to determine appropriate global cache area sizes and DIRRATIO/ELEMENTRATIO parameter values.

When connecting to the cache structure/area during startup, the ADAX57 message reports the number of directory and data elements allocated and the size of a data element.

## **LDEUQP Parameter: Length of Unique Descriptor Pool**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>LDE</u> UQP	the size of the unique descriptor pool.	5000	16777215	5000

The unique (UQ) descriptor pool comprises elements that are the length of a unique descriptor value plus 14 bytes. The UQ descriptor pool should be large enough to hold all unique descriptor values that are being changed by *all* transactions at any point in time.

Adabas will make an entry in this pool every time a unique descriptor value is deleted from or inserted into a file's index. A full update of a unique descriptor value produces two entries: one for the deletion of the old value and one for the insertion of the new value. The entry for an insertion is normally removed as soon as the index update has been performed. The entry for a deletion is removed when the current transaction ends. However, Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services nuclei always keep entries for insertions until the end of the transaction, too.

#### Specific Product Recommendations

- Consider adjusting the value of this parameter when the SLOG file is defined for use on the Event Replicator Server, causing replication data to be written and read from the SLOG file.
- If the Event Replicator Server is set to support updates by multiple concurrent users to Adabas targets (when the NPADACALLS initialization parameter is set to any value greater than "1"), consider adjusting the value of this parameter in the target Adabas nucleus to ensure the target nucleus can handle updates from multiple concurrent users.

#### Example

For example, assuming that the average length of unique descriptor values is about 16 bytes, the following Adabas session can process a maximum of about 1000 unique descriptors at one time.

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, LDEUQP-30000

## LRDP Parameter: Length of the Redo Pool

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
	the size (in bytes) of the redo pool.	0; or 80000		For Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 or later, the default is 0 (zero).
				For Adabas Cluster Services 8.2 or later, the default is either the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter or 10 megabytes (10M), whichever is smaller.

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
				For earlier releases of Adabas Parallel Services and Adabas Cluster Services, the default is the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter.

The LRDP parameter specifies the size of the redo pool in an Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services nucleus. It has an effect only when CLUSTER=SYSPLEX or LOCAL has also been specified. For Adabas Parallel Services 8.2 or later, its default is zero (0). For Adabas Cluster Services 8.2 or later, its default is either 10 megabytes (10M) or the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter, whichever is smaller. For earlier releases of Adabas Parallel Services and Adabas Cluster Services, the default is the value of the ADARUN LFIOP parameter.

- If LRDP is set to zero, the cluster nucleus performs immediate publishing: Updated database blocks are always written to the global cache at the time each update takes place.
- If LRDP is set to (or defaults to) a nonzero value, the cluster nucleus performs deferred publishing: The writing of updated database blocks to the global cache is deferred until later. However, updates are always published in the global cache before the transactions they belong to are committed (by ET commands). The redo pool is used to maintain descriptions of all unpublished updates, in case they need to be redone due to concurrent updates to the same blocks by other nuclei in the cluster.

By combining multiple updates to the same block into a single write-to-cache operation, deferred publishing tends to result in fewer read and write operations from and to the global cache than immediate publishing. Depending on the type of application workload, this may have a large positive effect on performance. This is especially the case for Adabas Cluster Services, where frequent communication with the cache in the coupling facility may cause a high overhead.

**Recommendation:** For Adabas Cluster Services, specify a nonzero LRDP parameter (or use the default).

Different nuclei in the same cluster can have different settings of LRDP. It is also possible, although not recommended, to run one nucleus with LRDP=0 and another one with LRDP>0.

If the redo pool specification is too small and the pool runs full, the nucleus will write additional updated blocks to the global cache before the surrounding transactions end. Such additional cache writes may hurt system performance. To obtain more information about the current usage of the redo pool, review the redo high-water mark in the output of the DRES operator command and in the cluster nucleus shutdown statistics. This information is also available in corresponding Adabas Online System (AOS) displays and in the output of the ADADBS OPERCOM function.

## **MLWTO Parameter: Multi-Line Console Message Control**

**Note:** At this time, this parameter only affects the appearance of replication-related and cluster-related messages (messages with prefixes ADAF\*, ADAX\*, PLI\*, and PLX\*).

Default
NO

To activate multi-line console messages, set MLWTO to YES in the nucleus startup job. When MLWTO is set to NO (or is allowed to default), no multi-line console messages will appear.

Multi-line console messages are only supported in z/OS and z/VSE environments. Specifying MLWTO=YES in BS2000 or z/VM environments has no effect on the console messages.

#### **Example:**

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, MLWTO-YES

## **MXCANCEL Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXCANCEL</u>	the timeout threshold, in seconds, in which the	15	2147483647	MXMSG parameter
	processing of an intracluster cancellation request must occur.			value

The optional MXCANCEL parameter specifies the maximum number of seconds for which one cluster nucleus (the sending nucleus) waits for the termination of another nucleus (the peer nucleus) in the cluster that it has canceled for not responding to an internal, intracluster command. If a value for MXCANCEL is not specified, the value specified for the ADARUN MXMSG parameter is used. Values from zero through 14 are not valid MXCANCEL values.

If the sending nucleus does not receive notification that the canceled nucleus has terminated within the MXCANCEL timeout period, it does one of the following things:

- It returns response code 124 (ADARSP124), subcode 28 (no reply) to the user on whose behalf the intracluster command was issued.
- It terminates itself abnormally if the communication occurred on behalf of an internal process that must not fail.

When a cluster nucleus fails, the other nuclei in the cluster can recover from the failure only once they know for sure that the first nucleus has disconnected from the shared structures and is no longer writing to the database. When an unresponsive cluster nucleus has been canceled, it is important that it terminate quickly, so that it does not hold up the recovery process performed by the other nuclei in the cluster.



**Note:** Do not specify an MPMDUMP JCL statement for a cluster nucleus. An MPMDUMP is written before the failing nucleus disconnects from the shared structures and may significantly delay the start of the online recovery process performed by the other nuclei in the cluster. Instead, on z/OS systems, consider specifying a //SVCDUMP DD DUMMY statement, which usually produces a very quick dump prior to disconnecting. On other systems, and as a backup method on z/OS, specify a regular system dump statement (e.g., SYSUDUMP on z/OS) for a dump that is produced after disconnecting.

The value for MXCANCEL can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXCANCEL operator command.

# MXCANCELWARN Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus Warning

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
	the timeout threshold, in seconds, for an intracluster cancellation request to occur before an early warning about the failure	or 4	MXCANCEL - 1	MXCANCEL / 4
	of the cancellation request is issued.			

The optional MXCANCELWARN parameter specifies the number of seconds after an intracluster cancellation request is made when the cluster nucleus requesting the cancellation should issue warnings about the inability of the canceled peer nucleus to terminate. If no value is specified for the MXCANCELWARN parameter, the value used is calculated as the value of the ADARUN MXCANCEL parameter divided by four. When dividing by four to determine the default value, the quotient is rounded up to the next integer value.

The value of MXCANCELWARN must be less than the value of MXCANCEL. If MXCANCELWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXCANCEL, the value is rejected. If MXCANCELWARN is set to a value of zero (0), no warnings are issued about canceled cluster nuclei that are slow to terminate.

If the target nucleus does not terminate within the time period set by MXCANCELWARN, the nucleus that issued the cancellation request writes message ADAX9G to the operator console, identifying the target nucleus by its nucleus ID, job name, and system name. This message indicates that the nucleus writing the message may be in danger of terminating itself if the canceled peer nucleus does not terminate within the timeout period defined by the MXCANCEL parameter. You can use

the ADAX9G message to trigger an alert or take other appropriate action before the MXCANCEL timeout period expires.

If the peer nucleus targeted for cancellation terminates after the ADAX9G message is written, the nucleus that issued the cancellation request writes message ADAX9K to the operator console, indicating that the cancellation occurred and the requesting nucleus is no longer in danger of terminating itself as a result of this particular incident.

The value for MXCANCELWARN can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXCANCELWARN operator command.



**Note:** If the value of the MXCANCEL parameter is dynamically changed using the MXCANCEL operator command while the nucleus is running, but its new value is less than or equal to the current MXCANCELWARN setting, the value of MXCANCELWARN is automatically set to zero. You can then use the MXCANCELWARN operator command to dynamically set the MXCANCELWARN parameter to a new value that is less than the new MXCANCEL value.

## MXMSG Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
MXMSG	the timeout threshold, in seconds, in which the processing of an	15	32767	300
	intracluster command must occur.			

The optional MXMSG parameter specifies the maximum number of seconds in which one cluster nucleus waits for the response of another nucleus in the cluster to an internal, intracluster command. If a value for MXMSG is not specified, a value of 300 seconds (5 minutes) is used.

If the receiving nucleus does not respond to the intracluster command within the time period set by the MXMSG parameter, the requesting cluster nucleus issues a cancellation request for the unresponsive nucleus. The cancellation is requested to preserve the ability of all of the other active nuclei in the cluster to process user commands.

Adabas nuclei working on the same cluster database must collaborate to keep the database physically and logically consistent while processing user commands. To do this, they intermittently submit internal, intracluster commands to one another. If a nucleus in the cluster does not respond to these intracluster requests in a timely manner, the other nuclei in the cluster may quickly or gradually become unable to continue processing user commands.

Problems that may prevent a cluster nucleus from responding to intracluster commands fall into two broad categories:

Problems have occurred in the cluster nucleus, such as a CPU loop or a resource deadlock. In such cases, the nucleus experiencing the problem must be terminated to resolve the problem

- and the sooner this happens, the sooner the other cluster nuclei can recover from the failure and get back to normal processing.
- Problems have occurred outside the cluster nucleus, such as CPU starvation or a problem in the host system. In such cases, the cause of the delayed response might possibly be removed by system measures unrelated to the cluster database, and letting the other cluster nuclei wait some time for a resolution might prevent an unnecessary abnormal termination of a cluster member.

The value of MXMSG should strike a balance between these two categories, so that faulty cluster nuclei that cannot possibly stay active are canceled reasonably quickly while cluster nuclei that are victims of temporary system problems are not unnecessarily terminated. For assistance in setting the value of the MXMSG parameter, review the statistics provided on the messaging performance reports produced at termination or by the DXMSG operator command.

The value for MXMSG can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXMSG operator command.

# MXMSGWARN Parameter: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing Warning

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXMSGW</u> ARN	the timeout threshold, in seconds, for a response	0 (no warning) or	MXMSG - 1	MXMSG / 4
	to an intracluster command to occur before an	4		
	early warning about the failure of the intracluster			
	request is issued			

The optional MXMSGWARN parameter specifies the number of seconds after an intracluster request is made when the cluster nucleus issuing the intracluster request should issue warnings about the failure of the target cluster nucleus to respond. If no value is specified for the MXMSGWARN parameter, the value used is calculated as the value of MXMSG divided by four. When dividing by four to determine the default value, the quotient is rounded up to the next integer value.

The value of MXMSGWARN must be less than the value of MXMSG. If MXMSGWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXMSG, the value is rejected. If MXMSGWARN is set to zero, no warnings are issued about cluster nuclei that are slow to respond.

If the target nucleus does not respond within the time period set by MXMSGWARN, the nucleus that issued the request writes message ADAX9C to the operator console, identifying the target nucleus by its nucleus ID, job name, and system name. This message indicates that the target nucleus may be in danger of being canceled by the nucleus that issued the request if it does not respond within the timeout period defined by the MXMSG parameter. You can use the ADAX9C message to trigger an alert or take other appropriate action before the MXMSG timeout period expires.

If the target nucleus responds to the intracluster command after the ADAX9C message is written, the nucleus that issued the intracluster-command writes message ADAX9D to the operator console, indicating that a response was given and the target nucleus is no longer in danger of being canceled as a result of this particular incident.

The value for MXMSGWARN can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXMSGWARN operator command.



**Note:** If the value of the MXMSG parameter is dynamically changed using the MXMSG operator command while the nucleus is running, but its new value is less than or equal to the current MXMSGWARN setting, the value of MXMSGWARN is automatically set to zero. You can then use the MXMSGWARN operator command to dynamically set the MXMSGWARN parameter to a new value that is less than the new MXMSG value.

## MXSTATUS Parameter: Member-Level XCF Status Monitoring Heartbeat Interval

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
	the interval, in seconds, at which the member-level XCF status monitoring heartbeat should occur.	- (	21474836	15

The optional MXSTATUS parameter specifies the number of seconds between member-level XCF status monitoring heartbeats. If no value is specified for the MXSTATUS parameter, a value of "15" is used.



**Note:** Note: The MXSTATUS parameter is only used by Adabas Cluster Services and not by Adabas Parallel Services. Adabas Parallel Services does not use XCF and ignores this parameter when it is set.

If MXSTATUS is set to zero, member-level status monitoring will not occur. However, system-level status monitoring always occurs.

The value for MXSTATUS can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXSTATUS operator command.

XCF status monitoring provides a second method by which Adabas Cluster Services can warn you that a cluster nucleus might be unable to respond in a timely way to intracluster commands. The first method is, of course, via the normal intracluster communication that occurs between cluster members. If a nucleus has heartbeat exceptions (as determined by XCF status monitoring), it most likely will be unable to process and respond to an intracluster command; if a nucleus is slow to respond to an intracluster command, it might or might not have a heartbeat monitor exception (a nucleus may appear to be active to XCF but be unable to respond to an intracluster

command). If the ADARUN MXMSGWARN parameter for a cluster nucleus is nonzero, it produces warning messages (ADAX9B or ADAX9C) when intracluster communication with other nuclei in the cluster is too slow; likewise, when XCF status monitoring determines that a nucleus is missing its heartbeat updates, it produces warning messages (ADAX22 and ADAX04). You can use an automated mechanism set up at installation to raise an alert or take other appropriate action based on the existence of these messages, as they identify existing or potential problems in the cluster.

## **MXWTOR Parameter: Self-Termination Operator Query Interval**

Paramete	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>MXWT</u> OR	the timeout interval, in seconds, in which an operator	0 (no warning) or 15	64800	0
	response to a self-termination operator query must occur.			

The optional MXWTOR parameter specifies the maximum number of seconds that a cluster nucleus should wait for an operator response to a self-terminating operator query. If no value is specified for the MXWTOR parameter, a value of zero is used. Values from 1 through 14 are not valid MXWTOR values.

A cluster nucleus issues a self-terminating operator query to the console via message ADAX9J if a canceled peer nucleus remains active after the time period defined by the MXCANCEL parameter. The MXWTOR parameter specifies how long the nucleus should wait for a response to this query.

One way that the operator may reply to the ADAX9J message is to make sure that the canceled cluster nucleus mentioned in the message actually terminates; once this happens, the ADAX9J message is retracted automatically, an online recovery process is performed, and the nucleus that issued the ADAX9J message remains active.

If the operator does not respond to the ADAX9J message within the time period set by the MXWTOR parameter and the canceled peer nucleus has not terminated in the meantime, the nucleus that requested the operator response and printed message ADAX9J terminates itself with message ADAX99.

If MXWTOR is set to zero (the default), the operator query does not occur (no ADAX9J messages are written) and no operator intervention is expected. Instead, the nucleus terminates itself immediately with the ADAX99 message and user abend code 79.

Some installations may want to specify MXWTOR value long enough to allow the operator a good opportunity to bring down the canceled peer nucleus. Other installations may prefer not to get such operator queries at all.

The value for MXWTOR can be changed dynamically (for the time the Adabas nucleus is running) using the MXWTOR operator command.

### **NUCID Parameter: Adabas Cluster Nucleus ID**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
NUCID	the ID for a nucleus in an Adabas cluster.	0-65000	0

NUCID identifies an Adabas cluster nucleus. The cluster may span operating system images under Adabas Cluster Services, or it may be confined to a single operating system image under Adabas Parallel Services. A value greater than 0 (the default) identifies this nucleus as an Adabas cluster nucleus.

Value	Meaning
0	The default setting. This is not an Adabas cluster nucleus.

1-65000 This is an Adabas cluster nucleus. This value must be unique among all target IDs declared to the Adabas router (ADASVC): Adabas databases (DBID), cluster nuclei (NUCID), Natural buffer pools and other MPM servers, Entire Net-Work, and internal targets used by Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services (restricted range 65,001-65,479). Nucleus IDs for the same cluster need not be specified contiguously.

#### Guidelines

- Each nucleus being run must have its own Work data set.
- All nuclei in a cluster must be run against the same database.
- Software AG strongly recommends that you run utilities or user applications against a nucleus in the local z/OS image. Although a remote open nucleus may be used, performance degradation due to network overhead is likely.

#### Example

The following example starts an Adabas cluster session with the specified cluster nuclei:

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, NUCID=1, ...

## **PROGRAM Parameter: Program to Run**

Parameter	Specify:	Possible Values	Default
<u>PRO</u> GRAM	the program to be executed.	see table below	USER

This parameter specifies what to execute. The possible values are described in the following table:

Specify:	To start:
ADACOM	an ADACOM task (used in Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services environments)
	For more information, refer to your Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services documentation.
ADANUC	an Adabas nucleus
	For more information about executing an Adabas nucleus, read <i>Adabas Session Execution</i> , in the <i>Adabas Operations Manual</i> .
ADAREV	an Adabas Review hub. Specify this in conjunction with the ADARUN REVIEW parameter.
	For more information, refer to your Adabas Review documentation.
NETWRK	an Entire Net-Work node
	For more information, refer to your Entire Net-Work documentation.
RENTUSER	a user program to be run using a reentrant Adabas batch/TSO link routine.
	For more information, refer to description of the Adabas TP monitor installation in your Adabas installation documentation.
USER	a user program to be run using a non-reentrant Adabas batch/TSO link routine.
	For more information, read Linking Applications to Adabas, in the Adabas Operations Manual
utility-name	an Adabas utility
	Specify an Adabas utility for <i>utility-name</i> . For more information, refer to the <i>Adabas Utilities Manual</i> .

#### **Examples**

The following example specifies that an Adabas nucleus is running.

ADARUN PROGRAM=ADANUC

The following example specifies that an Adabas Review hub is running.

ADARUN PROGRAM=ADAREV, REVIEW=202

The following example specifies that an Entire Net-Work node is running.

## **SMFDETAIL Parameter: Selecting Detail SMF Record Sections**

Parameter	Specify	Valid Values	Default
	lenclosed in parentheses	NONE ALL comma-delimited list of detail section names	NONE

Adabas SMF records can contain a variable set of detail sections in Interval and Termination records (subtypes 2 and 3). This parameter allows you to select the detail section types in Interval and Termination records that should be included in the Adabas SMF records. The value or values you specify for this parameter must be enclosed in parentheses. If you specify NONE or ALL, they should be specified alone. However, you can specify one or more of the other detail section names (CMD, CSHB, CSHF, CSHG, CSHP, FILE, IODD, LOCK, MSGB, MSGC, MSGH, PARM, STG, THRD, or USER) in one SMFDETAIL parameter, separating each value with a comma.



**Note**: The CSHB, CSHF, CSHG, LOCK, MSGB, MSGC, and MSGH detail section names apply only to cluster environments (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services must be installed). In addition, the CSHP detail section name only applies in cluster environments with Adabas Parallel Services installed.

The following table describes the meaning of the possible detail section names that can be used in the SMFDETAIL parameter:

<b>Detail Section Name</b>	Description
ALL	Generate all possible detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.
CMD	Generate Adabas command activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHB <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by block detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHF <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by Adabas file number detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHG <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHP <sup>2</sup>	Generate Adabas Parallel Services cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
FILE	Generate Adabas file activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
IODD	Generate I/O activity by DD statement detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
LOCK <sup>1</sup>	Generate global lock activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.

<b>Detail Section Name</b>	Description			
MSGB <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging control block activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
MSGC <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging count detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
MSGH <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging service time histogram detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
NONE	Generate no detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.			
PARM	Generate ADARUN parameter value detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
STG	Generate Adabas storage pool detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
THRD	Generate thread activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.			
USER  Generate user-defined details sections in the Adabas SMF records. If US specified, a value for the UEXSMF parameter should also be specified to id the user exit to be invoked to generate the user-defined detail section.				
<sup>1</sup> Available only in cluste	<sup>1</sup> Available only in cluster environments (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services must be installed).			
<sup>2</sup> Available only in cluste	r environments with Adabas Parallel Services installed.			

This parameter can be altered by operator commands while the nucleus is running.

#### Example

In the following example, detail sections for Adabas command, file, and thread activity are generated and written in the Adabas SMF records.

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, SMFDETAIL=(CMD, FILE, THRD)

In the following example, all detail sections are generated and written in the Adabas SMF records.

ADARUN PROG=ADANUC, SMFDETAIL=(ALL)

## V64BIT Parameter: 64-Bit Virtual Storage Option



**Note**: This parameter is applicable only to z/OS systems.

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
	whether or not the Adabas nucleus should use virtual storage above the two gigabyte bar (64-bit virtual storage). In order for the nucleus to use 64-bit virtual storage, the operating system must also support 64-bit virtual storage.		NO

This parameter indicates whether or not the Adabas nucleus should use 64-bit virtual storage. The default is NO.

Currently, the following storage areas can be allocated above the two gigabyte bar in an Adabas nucleus:

- The flush I/O pool (see ADARUN parameter LFIOP)
- The PLOG protection I/O buffers (see ADARUN parameter NPLOGBUFFERS)
- The Work part 1 protection I/O buffers (see ADARUN parameter NWORK1BUFFERS)
- The cast-out directory buffer, in cluster environments (automatically derived from the attributes of the global cache space for Adabas Cluster or Adabas Parallel Services).

The use of 64-bit virtual storage will help alleviate virtual storage constraints below the two gigabyte bar in installations that use large amounts of virtual storage in Adabas nucleus sessions (for example, nucleus sessions with ADARUN parameter settings of LBP=1200M and LFIOP=200M).

#### Value Meaning

YES The Adabas nucleus should use 64-bit virtual storage (storage above the two gigabyte bar).

NO The default setting. The Adabas nucleus will not use 64-bit virtual storage.

Virtual storage above the two gigabyte bar (64-bit virtual storage) is shown in dumps to SVCDUMP or SYSMDUMP but not in dumps to MPMDUMP, SYSABEND, or SYSUDUMP. Therefore, we recommend that you use the SVCDUMP in the JCL of an Adabas nucleus running with ADARUN V64BIT=YES to ensure that 64-bit virtual storage is shown in any SVC dumps that are produced. If, for some reason, you do not want to produce SVC dumps, we recommend that you use SYSM-DUMP to ensure 64-bit virtual storage is shown in a dump of the Adabas nucleus address space.

#### Example

The following example indicates that the Adabas nucleus should make use of virtual storage above the 2 gigabyte bar and should use large pages.

ADARUN PROG-ADANUC, LARGEPAGE-YES, V64BIT-YES

## Entire Net-Work Parameter Statements

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To communicate with other nodes, Entire Net-Work requires a definition of its own operating environment, access method information, and peer node characteristics. This is accomplished with the Entire Net-Work parameter statements: NODE, DRIVER, LINK.

The NODE statement specifies the global operating parameters for the Entire Net-Work node (note that all interregion communication information is specified by the ADARUN control statement described in the previous section).

Entire Net-Work control statements must always begin with the NODE statement, followed by one or more DRIVER statements (one for each driver type), and the related LINK statements. DRIVER and LINK statements may be in any order, as long as no LINK statement precedes its related DRIVER statement.

A DRIVER statement must be specified for each line driver. The DRIVER statement indicates the operational parameters for the line driver's access method and default values for the related links.

A LINK statement may be specified for each link to a remote node. The LINK statement specifies the driver-specific parameters to be used for the connection. Each LINK statement must be associated with a previously specified DRIVER statement.

## **Conventions**

This section covers the following topics:

- Syntax Conventions
- Syntax Rules

#### **Syntax Conventions**

The following table describes the conventions used in syntax diagrams of Entire Net-Work statements.

Convention	Description	Example
uppercase, bold	Syntax elements appearing in uppercase and bold font are keywords. When	DRIVER TCPI [DRVCHAR = driver-char   #]
	specified, these keywords must be entered exactly as shown.	The syntax elements DRIVER, TCPI, and DRVCHAR are Entire Net-Work keywords.

Convention	Description	Example
lowercase, italic, normal font	Syntax elements appearing in lowercase and normal, italic font identify items that you must supply.	DRIVER TCPI [DRVCHAR = driver-char   #]
	you must supply.	The syntax element <code>driver-char</code> identifies and describes the kind of value you must supply. In this instance, you must supply the special character used to designate that an operator command is directed to the TCP/IP line driver, rather than to a specific link.
underlining	Underlining is used for two purposes:	DRIVER TCPI [DRVCHAR = driver-char   #]
	<ol> <li>To identify default values, wherever appropriate. Otherwise, the defaults are explained in the accompanying parameter descriptions.</li> <li>To identify the short form of a keyword.</li> </ol>	In the example above, # is the default that will be used for the DRVCHAR parameter if no other record buffer length is specified.  Also in the example above, the short version of the DRVCHAR parameter is D.
vertical bars	Vertical bars are used to separate mutually exclusive choices.	DRIVER TCPI API = { IBM   HPS   BS2   CMS   CNS   FUJ   ILK   OES }
	<b>Note:</b> In more complex syntax involving the use of large brackets or braces, mutually exclusive choices are stacked instead.	In the example above, you must select IBM, HPS, BS2, CMS, CNS, FUJ, ILK, or OES for the API parameter. There are no defaults.
brackets ([])	Brackets are used to identify optional elements. When multiple elements are stacked or separated by	DRIVER TCPI [DRVCHAR = driver-char   #]
		In this example, the DRVCHAR parameter is optional.
braces ({ })	Braces are used to identify required elements. When multiple elements are	DRIVER TCPI API = { IBM   HPS   BS2   CMS   CNS   FUJ   ILK   OES }
	stacked or separated by vertical bars within braces, one and only one of the elements must be supplied.	In this example, one of the following values is required for the API parameter: IBM, HPS, BS2, CMS, CNS, FUJ, ILK, or OES.

Convention	Description	Example
*	All other punctuation and symbols must be entered exactly as shown.	LINK linkname TCPI [INETADDR = n1.n2.n3.n4] [,][-]
		In this example, the periods must be specified in the IP address.
		In addition, options must be separated by commas and dashes should be used as needed to indicate that parameter settings continue on the next line.

#### Syntax Rules

The following rules apply when specifying Entire Net-Work parameter statements:

- Each Entire Net-Work parameter statement occupies positions 1 72 of at least one line.
- The statement type (NODE, LINK, or DRIVER) must be specified as the first nonblank item on the statement.
- The node name, driver name, translation definition function, or link name follows the statement type, separated by at least one blank (space).
- Keyword parameters may be specified following either the node name on NODE statements or the driver name on DRIVER and LINK statements. Keyword parameters are separated from their arguments by an equal (=) sign, and from other keyword parameters by at least one blank (space) or a comma (,).
- When the acceptable values for a parameter are Y and N (yes and no), any other value is treated as an N, unless there is a documented default, and processing continues without any warning.
- When the acceptable values for a parameter fall within a range (e.g., 1 2147483647) and a value outside the range is specified, the value is automatically reset to the maximum value within the range, unless documented otherwise for the parameter. Processing continues without any warning.
- A statement can be continued beginning in any column of the next line by specifying a dash (-) as the last nonblank character in any column of the current line, before column 73.
- Comment lines begin with an asterisk (\*) in position 1 and can be inserted anywhere in the statement sequence.
- Some keywords may require a list of subparameters separated by commas; the list must be enclosed in parentheses () unless only the first subparameter is to be entered. Omitted ("defaulted") subparameters must be represented by placeholder commas if subsequent parameters are to be entered. The following are examples of correct subparameter strings:

```
KEYWORD=(value1,value2,value3)
KEYWORD=(value1,,value3)
KEYWORD=(,,value3)
KEYWORD=(,value2)
KEYWORD=value1
```

■ Hexadecimal keyword values can be entered by prefixing the value with an "X". For example:

```
LINK . . . ADJID=X0064, . . .
```

#### **XCF NODE Statement**

**Note:** This section describes the NODE statement and parameters for the XCF line driver. For detailed information see the sections *XCF DRIVER Statement* and *XCF LINK Statement*.

The NODE statement must be the first Entire Net-Work control statement. It defines the node's name and operating characteristics.

#### **Format**

The following is the format of the NODE statement:

```
NODE nodename BUFFERS = (abufsize, Itbufsize, stbufsize, pfxbufsize),-
                   CQTIMER = seconds.-
                   DEFINE = \{N \mid Y\},-
                   DOMAIN = domain-name,-
                   DUMP = storage-area,-
                   LOG = \{ N \mid Y \}, -
                   MAXPATH = link-count,-
                   MSGFORM = message-form,-
                   NID0 = {N | Y},-
                   NTRACE = n_{s-1}
                   REPLYTIM = seconds,-
                   START={Y | N},-
                   TIMER = seconds,-
                   TRACE = argument-list,-
                   UCMSG={N|Y},-
                   ULINK={ N | Y }
```

#### **Parameters**

The NODE statement parameters along with a description of their function and their accepted values and defaults are described in the following sections.

IN:

**Note:** The underlined portion of the parameter is the minimum abbreviation.

- nodename
- BUFFERS
- CQTIMER
- DEFINE
- DOMAIN
- DUMP
- LOG
- MAXPATH
- MSGFORM
- NID0
- NTRACE
- REPLYTIM
- START
- TIMER
- TRACE | TROFF | TRON
- UCMSG
- ULINK

#### nodename

A 1-8 character name for this node. The node name must be specified immediately after NODE, separated by at least one blank space. All Entire Net-Work nodes must have unique names. Choose a meaningful name. Entire Net-Work uses the node name when referring to the node for operator messages and when logging.

#### **BUFFERS**

Parameter	ameter Specify		Maximum	Default
BUFFERS	the amount of working storage (in bytes) reserved		2147483647 (see text)	see text
	for internal buffer management.			

The values required depend on the number and types of line drivers and links, and on the message volume; these values can be adjusted according to usage statistics printed at the end of each Entire Net-Work session, or from issuing the operator command "D S" (display statistics).

Specify decimal values for the operands ranging from 0 to 2147483647 bytes; or, optionally, a value followed by either the multiplier "M" (multiply by 1048576) or "K" (multiply by 1024). If followed by "M", the specified value must range from 0 to 2048; if followed by "K", the value must range

from 0 to 2097151. If a subparameter is omitted or zero is specified, no corresponding buffer pool will exist for this node. The requested storage space must be available; if the space is not available, Entire Net-Work ends with error message NET0013.

For OS/390 systems, the buffer pool manager initializes the common buffer pool with a subpool of 256K. Additional subpools can be created dynamically, and all subpools can be expanded or contracted as needed. The only size limitation for the buffer pool is the size of the region or partition. The BUFFERS specification on the NODE statement remains the same, even though the first three values (abufsize, ltbufsize, and stbufsize) are ignored by the new buffer pool manager. The fourth value (pfxbufsize) is used to set the size of the page-fixed buffer pool.

BUFFERS= (abufsize, Itbufsize, stbufsize, { pfxbufsize | 0 })

#### where

abufsize	is the asynchronous buffer pool size. This required subparameter specifies the storage space to reserve for the asynchronous buffer pool; used whenever asynchronously scheduled routines (exit routines, interrupt handlers) require storage. All requests to this pool are serialized.
ltbufsize	is the long-term buffer pool size. This required subparameter specifies the storage space to reserve for the long-term buffer pool, from which comparatively small buffers are allocated for relatively long-term use (for example, dynamically created control blocks).
stbufsize	is the short-term buffer pool size. This required subparameter specifies the storage space to reserve for the short-term buffer pool, from which comparatively large individual buffers are allocated for short time periods (for example, message and transmission buffers).
pfxbufsize	is the page-fixed buffer pool size. This optional subparameter specifies the bytes to reserve for the page-fixed buffer pool, from which all requests for page-fixed buffers are filled. The use of this pool is similar to that of the short-term buffer pool; that is, relatively large buffers are allocated for short time periods. The default '0' (zero) means that no page-fixed buffer pool is allocated. Because the segment size of the page-fixed buffer pool is identical to the page size of the operating system, more page-fixed storage than short-term storage may be required.

#### **CQTIMER**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>CQ</u> TIMER	the time allowed (in seconds) for a user to retrieve command	1	2147483647	60
	results with a router 16-call.			

Specify a practical decimal value, depending on the node system's environment. The maximum value is approximately 68 years: effectively, no timeout will occur. The default is approximately one minute.

The purpose of the CQTIMER= timeout is to prevent an Entire Net-Work request queue element (RQE) and the attached buffer from becoming irretrievable if the user has ended abnormally. This parameter performs the same function as the ADARUN CT parameter.



**Note:** This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET CQTIMER= command.

#### **DEFINE**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>DEF</u> INE	whether the DEFINE operator command can be used to define links	NIY	N
	during Entire Net-Work operation.		

If "Y" is specified, the DEFINE operator command is accepted and executed; "N" (the default) rejects the DEFINE operator command.

#### **DOMAIN**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>DO</u> MAIN	a domain name	1-6 character name	blank (no domain name)

This parameter allows you to subdivide the network into multiple domains. Using domains simplifies network management and limits administrative message traffic.

#### **DUMP**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
DUMP	the areas of storage to be printed after an abnormal termination of Entire Net-Work.	see text	ALL

The information is printed to the NETPRNT file if it is open. Otherwise, it is printed to the DDPRINT file. The DUMP parameter can be used to reduce the amount of output generated during an ABEND, especially on large Entire Net-Work systems. This parameter cannot be abbreviated.

#### DUMP= { ALL | NONE | BLOCKS | TRACETAB | BUFFERS | LINKAREA | FORMAT }

#### where

ALL	All storage areas are dumped. This is the default value.	
NONE	No storage areas are dumped.	
BLOCKS	The major control blocks are dumped.	
TRACETAB	The internal trace table is dumped.	
BUFFERS	All internal buffer areas are dumped.	
LINKAREA	All storage areas related to a driver and link are dumped.	
FORMAT	The driver and link trace tables are formatted.	

In general, the default value of ALL should be used so that all diagnostic information is available to Software AG support.

Multiple values can be specified, separated by commas and surrounded by parentheses:

```
DUMP = (BLOCKS, TRACETAB, FORMAT)
```

If values conflict, the last value specified is used. 'NONE' is used in the following example:

DUMP = (BLOCKS, TRACETAB, NONE)



**Note:** This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET DUMP command.

#### LOG

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>L</u> 0G	whether control flow is recorded and/or selected data areas are logged		NO
	to the printer data set.		

Normally, logging should not be used because of the extra system resources required. The LOG function is intended primarily as a diagnostic tool: use it only with the assistance of your Software AG technical support representative.

LOG is a test parameter for recording control flow and for logging selected data areas. The information is written to the NETPRNT file if it is open. Otherwise, it is written to the DDPRINT file. It can have the following values:

## LOG= { ON | OFF | YES | NO | FULL | SHORT }

#### where

OFF, NO	No logging occurs during this Entire Net-Work node's session.
ON, YES, and FULL	Log both the node's checkpoint records and data areas.
SHORT	Log the checkpoint records only.



**Note:** This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET LOG= command.

#### **MAXPATH**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>M</u> AXPATH	the maximum path length (in links) that a message can travel in	1	32767	4
	the network.			

The default (4) results in a stack large enough for four en route node IDs.

The Entire Net-Work communicator uses this optional value to build a list of two-byte entries for tracking each message. This list, called a 'node stack', is included in the message header. As the message passes through nodes on the way to its target, each node's ID is added to the stack.

If the specified MAXPATH value results in a node stack that is larger than needed, messages will be unnecessarily long. If the MAXPATH value is too small, Entire Net-Work automatically copies the message, increasing the node stack size; this causes unnecessary processor overhead.



**Note:** This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET MAXPATH= command.

#### **MSGFORM**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>MSG</u> FORM	the format of console messages and DDPRINT output.	1   2   3   4	2

where the valid values are

is compatible with the message format used by Entire Net-Work Version 5.2. For example:

NET0090 BUFFER USAGE STATISTICS

provides a severity letter (I for information, W for warning, or E for error) with the message number. For example:

NET0090I: BUFFER USAGE STATISTICS

provides the message number followed by the node name of the issuing Entire Net-Work node, padded with blanks to a length of 8. For example:

NET0090I NODE2: BUFFER USAGE STATISTICS

provides the message number followed by the node name, not padded, of the issuing Entire Net-Work node. For example:



#### Notes:

1. Individual line drivers may not recognize this parameter.

NETO090I NODE2: BUFFER USAGE STATISTICS

- 2. Values between 5 and 255 will be accepted, but they have no meaning and are not valid.
- 3. This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET MSGFORM= command.

#### NID0

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>NIDO</u>	whether to force a node ID of 0 (zero) for all unsolicited connections.	NIY	N

If NIDO=Y is specified, all nodes that attempt to connect and are not explicitly defined are assigned a node ID of 0. No Adabas servers on those nodes are broadcast through the network.

#### **NTRACE**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>NT</u> RACE	the number of 32-byte entries to be allocated for the internal	0	2147483647	0
	trace table.			

Specify a practical decimal value, depending on the node's system configuration. The maximum may be limited by the system. If the default (0) is used, no trace table is allocated for this node and no tracing takes place, whether TRACE= or TRON= is specified or not.

#### **REPLYTIM**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>R</u> EPLYTIM	the time allowed (in seconds) for a user request to complete.	1	2147483647	60

A request is considered complete when the originating node receives a reply.

Specify a practical decimal value, depending on the node system's operation. The maximum value is approximately 68 years: effectively, no timeout will occur. The default is approximately one minute.

In the event that a message is "stranded" (that is, a reply cannot be returned to the originating node), REPLYTIM= specifies a time after which a response code 224 is returned to the user.



**Note:** This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET REPLYTIM= command.

#### **START**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>ST</u> ART	whether Entire Net-Work starts normal operations automatically.	NIY	Y

The values for START are interpreted as follows:

- Y Entire Net-Work automatically starts all line drivers and initiates connections for all links that have the parameter ACQUIRE=Y specified.
- N Entire Net-Work initializes line drivers but does not start them; nor does it connect any links. Line drivers can be started individually by using the START operator command.

#### TIMER

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>T</u> IMER	the interval (in seconds) between handling of time-dependent	1	2147483647	30
	requests.			

Each time the specified interval expires, Entire Net-Work scans its tables for any time-dependent action that needs to be taken. The TIMER= value determines the precision of *all* time-dependent Entire Net-Work services.

Specify a practical decimal value depending on the node operation. The maximum value is approximately 68 years: effectively, no timing supervision will occur, even if other timing parameters, such as REPLYTIM, COTIMER, or ADARUN CT are set.

There is an interaction between TIMER= and other timing parameters. If the TIMER interval is greater than the individual CQTIMER= and REPLYTIM= intervals, the specified action may not be started until the TIMER= interval has expired.

#### TRACE | TROFF | TRON

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
TRACE I TROFF I TRON	trace control parameters for performing program traces.	trace (see text)	none

Tracing should not be active during normal operation. Tracing is intended as a diagnostic tool; it is recommended that you use tracing only with the assistance of your Software AG technical support representative.

TRACE= and TRON= are synonyms to either start or resume tracing of the specified events. TROFF= stops tracing. If this parameter is not specified, no tracing will occur.

Note that the NTRACE parameter must specify a nonzero value in order to permit tracing.

```
{TRACE | TROFF | TRON } = { trace | (trace, ...)}
```

One or more trace values can be specified. If more than one value is specified, the values must be enclosed in parentheses and separated by commas:

```
(trace,trace,...)
```

The value 'trace' can be one or more of the following:

MAIN	mainline trace
BPM	buffer pool manager trace
TQM	transmission queue manager trace
RQM	receive queue manager trace
XCF	XCF line driver trace

An XCF line driver trace can be requested for installed line drivers on the local node only.



**Note:** Values set by this parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET\_TRACE=, TROFF=, or TRON=... commands.

#### **UCMSG**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>UCM</u> SG	whether messages are issued in uppercase (Y) or mixed case (N).	NIY	N



#### Notes:

- 1. Individual line drivers may not recognize this parameter.
- 2. This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET UCMSG command.

#### ULINK

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
ULINK	whether multiple links are allowed between two Entire Net-Work nodes.	NIY	N

The values for ULINK are interpreted as follows:

N	N (the default) multiple links between two Entire Net-Work nodes are allowed.	
Y Entire Net-Work ensures that each connection to an adjacent node is unique; incoming connection		
	requests from adjacent nodes that are already known as active are rejected.	

In networks with many PCs, two PCs may be assigned the same node name and ID by mistake. If both PCs are simultaneously connected to Entire Net-Work, they are perceived as one Entire Net-Work node that is connected by two different links. As a result, one of the PCs may receive a reply to a call that originated on the other PC.

To avoid this type of situation, specify ULINK=YES. When the second PC tries to connect, it is rejected. The integrity of the network is maintained and the duplicate node name and ID can be identified.

**Note:** This parameter can be changed during Entire Net-Work operation by the SET ULINK command.

Reference Reference

#### XCF DRIVER Statement

The Entire Net-Work DRIVER control statement defines the line driver type (that is, XCF) to be loaded. Only one DRIVER statement may be specified for a given line driver type.

DRIVER statement parameters are read from a sequential file during system startup, and can be modified after startup using the ALTER operator command. Some parameters can be modified when the line driver is open or closed; others can be modified only when the line driver is closed. See the operator commands ALTER and CLOSE in *XCF Line Driver Commands*, elsewhere in this guide. The open/closed requirement for each parameter is included in its description.

The XCF DRIVER statement and its parameters are used to activate and define the characteristics of the local sysplex node. The access method name 'XCF' or 'XCFD' instructs Entire Net-Work to load the line driver module NETXCF, which must exist in the libraries defined for the related job step.



**Note:** The software accepts both XCF and XCFD as the access method name. However, the name used in the DRIVER statement must also be used for the LINK statements.

This section covers the following topics:

- Format
- Parameters

#### **Format**

The XCF DRIVER statement has the following format:

```
DRIVER XCFD ACCEPTUI = { Y | N },-
GROUP = group-name,-
LARGEMSG = { message-size | 8192 },-
PSTATS = { Y | N },-
RSTATS = { Y | N },-
SMALLMSG = { message-size | 1024 },-
STATINT = { statistics-interval | 3600 },-
TRACESIZ = { internal-trace-buffer-size | 8192 }
```

where 'XCFD' is the four-character access method name for the XCF driver type:

Driver	Module Name	Access Method
XCFD	NETXCF	parallel sysplex cross-system coupling facility

#### **Parameters**

**Note**: The underlined portion of the parameter is the minimum abbreviation.

- ACCEPTUI
- GROUP
- LARGEMSG
- PSTATS
- RSTATS
- SMALLMSG
- STATINT
- TRACESIZ

#### **ACCEPTUI**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>AC</u> CEPTUI	ACCEPTUI whether this node will connect to other nodes in the XCF group that		Y
	are not defined by a LINK statement.		

The ACCEPTUI parameter can be modified when the driver is open or closed.

#### **GROUP**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>GR</u> OUP	the Entire Net-Work group name.	group-name	WCPXCFV5

All Entire Net-Work nodes in the SYSPLEX must use the same unique XCF group name. The group name must be the same on all Entire Net-Work nodes; it must also be different from the name of any other product or system using XCF. Results are unpredictable if Entire Net-Work nodes are assigned to the same group as other types of systems such as DB2 or CICS. The GROUP parameter specifies the Entire Net-Work group name, which may be defined in the COUPLExx member in SYS1.PARMLIB (see step *Modify COUPLExx and the CFRM Policy* in the *Installation* documentation). The GROUP parameter can be modified only when the driver is closed.

#### **LARGEMSG**

Parameter	Specify	Default
<u>LARGE</u> MSG	the minimum size (in bytes) of a large message for statistics reporting.	8192 (8K)

Any data messages larger than this size are counted as large messages. Any data messages smaller than this size are counted as medium or small messages, depending on the value specified by the SMALLMSG parameter described below.

For example, using the default values for SMALLMSG and LARGEMSG:

- Data messages between 1 and 1024 bytes long are reported as small messages.
- Data messages between 1025 and 8192 bytes long are reported as medium messages.
- Data messages larger than 8192 bytes long are reported as large messages.

#### **PSTATS**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>PS</u> TATS	whether statistics are printed automatically at regular intervals.	NIY	N

This parameter is only used to set the default for all links.

#### **RSTATS**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>RS</u> TATS	whether statistics are reset automatically at regular intervals.	NIY	Y

This parameter is only used to set the default for all links.

#### **SMALLMSG**

Parameter	Specify	Default
<u>SMALL</u> MSG	the maximum size (in bytes) of a small message for statistics reporting.	1024

Any data messages smaller than or equal this size are counted as small messages. Any data messages larger than this size are counted as medium or large messages, depending on the value specified by the LARGEMSG parameter described above.

#### **STATINT**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>STAT</u> INT	the amount of time, in seconds, before statistics are automatically	0	2147483647	3600
	reported or reset.			

This parameter is only used to set the default for all links.

#### **TRACESIZ**

Parameter	Specify	Default
<u>TRACE</u> SIZ	the size (in bytes) of the internal trace buffer.	8192 (8K)

The TRACESIZ parameter can be modified when the driver is open or closed.

#### XCF LINK Statement

The LINK statement is currently not required for the XCF DRIVER statement. During the initialization process, the XCF line driver requests a list of all other members in its XCF group and then, if the DRIVER statement parameter ACCEPTUI=Y is set, logically connects to each member.

Although the LINK statement is optional, it can be added for documentation or security purposes.



**Note:** If two or more Entire Net-Work nodes are active in the sysplex within the same group, the Entire Net-Work operator command D L (display links) can be used to display the list of dynamically added links and parameter-defined links.

Each link to another node can be defined with a LINK statement. Each link uses the XCF communications access method as defined on an XCF DRIVER statement. LINK statements specify the XCF driver by name, and follow the XCF DRIVER statement in the Entire Net-Work statement order.



**Note:** The software accepts both XCF and XCFD as driver names. However, the name used in the DRIVER statement must also be used for the LINK statements.

The LINK statement parameters are read from a sequential file during system startup, and can be modified after startup using the ALTER operator command. Some parameters can be modified when the link is open or closed; others can be modified only when the link is closed. See the operator commands ALTER and CLOSE in *XCF Line Driver Commands*, elsewhere in this guide. The open/closed requirement for each parameter is included in its description.

Format

Parameters

#### **Format**

The XCF LINK statement has the following format:

```
LINK linkname XCFD \underline{PS}TATS = \{Y \mid N\},-
\underline{RS}TATS = \{Y \mid N\},-
\underline{SAF} = \{Y \mid L \mid \underline{N}\},-
\underline{STATINT} = statistics-interval,-
\underline{WEIGHT} = \{n \mid \underline{256}\}
```

where 'XCFD' is the four-character name of the XCF line driver. The XCF DRIVER statement must precede the LINK statement.

#### **Parameters**



**Note:** The underlined portion of the parameter is the minimum abbreviation.

- linkname
- PSTATS
- RSTATS
- SAF
- STATINT
- WEIGHT

#### linkname

This required parameter specifies the name by which this link is to be known; it is a one- to eight-character name identifying the link and must be unique on the node. It is positional and must be specified immediately after the LINK keyword and immediately before the driver name (XCFD).



**Note**: If more than 8 characters are entered for linkname, only the first 8 characters are used. The connection is issued correctly and no error message is generated.

#### **PSTATS**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>PS</u> TATS	whether statistics are printed automatically at regular intervals.	NIY	see text

The default value is the value of the PSTATS parameter on the DRIVER statement (see *XCF DRIVER Statement* parameter *PSTATS*).

#### **RSTATS**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
<u>RS</u> TATS	whether statistics are reset automatically at regular intervals.	NIY	see text

The default value is the value of the PSTATS parameter on the DRIVER statement (see *XCF DRIVER Statement* parameter *RSTATS*).

#### **SAF**

Parameter	Specify	Possible Values	Default
SAF	whether Entire Net-Work will call the SAF Interface for all incoming	NILIY	N
	requests on this link.		

Failure to load the Interface is considered a security violation and Entire Net-Work will shut down. If SAF=L, the calls are traced and the output directed to DDPRINT. An error code is transmitted to the user if access to SAF is denied. The SAF parameter can be modified when the link is open or closed.

#### **STATINT**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
	the elapsed time (in seconds) before statistics are automatically	0	2147483647	see text
	reported or reset.			

The default value is the value of the STATINT parameter on the DRIVER statement (*XCF DRIVER Statement* parameter *STATINT*).

## **WEIGHT**

Parameter	Specify	Minimum	Maximum	Default
<u>WE</u> IGHT	the weight of this link with respect to other links going to the same	1	999999	256
	node.			

If a given target can be reached by more than one path (chain of connected links), the path with the lowest weight is used. Slow or expensive links should be given a higher value than fast or inexpensive links. The WEIGHT parameter can be modified only when the link is closed.

# 8 Adabas Cluster Operator Commands

ADACOM Operator Commands	74
Adabas Cluster Nucleus Operator Commands	79

This part of the documentation provides information on the operator commands for ADACOM and for an Adabas cluster nucleus.

# **ADACOM Operator Commands**

Special ADACOM operator commands exist to display and control the multiprocessing environment. These commands, which are similar to regular Adabas operator commands, are issued to the local ADACOM initialization job.

The ADACOM task used to allocate and monitor the PLXCB and subordinate data structures in common storage (ECSA) terminates after processing the commands given in DDKARTE, if CMD-MGR=NO has been specified for all SVC/DBID pairs. If CMDMGR=YES (the default setting) has been specified for one or more SVC/DBID pairs, the ADACOM task stays active and accepts operator commands for displaying and controlling the multiprocessing environment.

This section covers the following topics:

- Commands Issued During ADACOM Initialization
- Commands Issued after ADACOM Initialization
- DIM Display Images
- DN Display Active Nuclei
- DUMP Dump Storage Areas
- SN Set Nucleus Status

## Commands Issued During ADACOM Initialization

When running the Adabas Cluster Services initialization routine ADACOM, the operator commands described in this section can be specified in one of the following input formats:

MODIFY jobname, command jobname, command

where

jobname	name of the ADACOM job or started task
command	one of the operator commands described in this section

#### Commands Issued after ADACOM Initialization

After initialization, any command issued is directed to the last SVC/DBID pair encountered in the input.

```
MODIFY jobname,SVC=svc,DBID=dbid,command jobname,SVC=svc,DBID=dbid,command
```

A command can be given only if the SVC/DBID pair is already active (has been specified before, and not terminated). Otherwise, specify the SVC/DBID pair without a command to activate the SVC/DBID (as shown above), and then issue the command separately (as shown below).

```
MODIFY jobname, SVC=svc, DBID=dbid[, NU= maxusers] [,FORCE=YES], command jobname, SVC=svc, DBID=dbid[, NU= maxusers] [,FORCE=YES], command
```

When you change or add an SVC/DBID set in this manner, the new set becomes the default for all commands issued until the set is changed.

```
MODIFY jobname,SVC=svc,DBID=dbid,command,ADAEND jobname,SVC=svc,DBID=dbid,command,ADAEND
```



**Caution**: You must specify the SVC and DBID when terminating an SVC/DBID combination. Otherwise, the ADAEND command terminates the entire ADACOM job. The current set default does not apply when using ADAEND.

Every operator command is directed to the ADACOM job and is echoed with the message

## PLIO60 SVC=svc DBID=dbid OPERATOR COMMAND:xxx



**Note:** ADACOM writes global ADACOM messages into the output data set with the DD name COMPRINT. It writes messages pertinent to an individual SVC/DBID combination into the output data set with the DD name 'Pssddddd', where ss is the last two digits of the SVC number and ddddd is the database ID.

## **DIM - Display Images**

```
DIM [image-name]
```

Use DIM to display the number of commands processed and the number of currently active users for each active nucleus on every image known to the local image.

If the image name is specified, DIM displays the information for the specified image only.

## **Sample Output**

Nuclei on the local image start open; nuclei on remote images start closed to the local image. The display uses the following indicators:

image-name	the name of the image: in PLI004 displays, this is the local image; in PLI007 displays, this is a remote image	
jobname	the job name of a cluster nucleus active on that image	
NUCID	the unique cluster nucleus identifier between 1 and 65000	
UP	whether (Y or N) the specified nucleus is available for normal processing	
LO	whether the specified nucleus is on the local image and open for new users (Y); on the local image and closed for new users (N); or not on the local image (**)	
RO	whether the specified local nucleus (PLI0004 message) is closed for new users from remote images (N) or open for new users from all images (G); or whether the specified remote nucleus (PLI007 message) is closed for new users from remote (as seen from that nucleus) images (NN), open for new users from this image (where DIM was issued) but not necessarily other images (LN), or open for new users from all images (NG and LG)	
#USERS	the number of users currently assigned to the specified nucleus	
#CMNDS	the number of commands currently in progress in the specified nucleus	

LURA=	the number of local users currently assigned to a remote image
RULA=	the number of remote users currently assigned to the local image

## **DN - Display Active Nuclei**

Use DN to display the number of commands processed and the number of currently active users for each active nucleus on the local image only.

## **Sample Output**

Nuclei on the local image start open. The display uses the following indicators:

image-name	the name of the image: in PLI004 displays, this is the local image name
jobname	the job name of the cluster nucleus active on the local image
NUCID	the unique cluster nucleus identifier between 1 and 65000
UP	whether (Y or N) the specified nucleus is available for normal processing
LO	whether the specified local nucleus is open (Y) or closed for new users (N)
RO	whether the specified nucleus is closed for new users from remote images (N) or open for new users from all images (G)
#USERS	the number of users currently assigned to the specified nucleus
#CMNDS	the number of commands currently in progress in the specified nucleus
LURA=	the number of local users currently assigned to a remote image
RULA=	the number of remote users currently assigned to the local image

## **DUMP - Dump Storage Areas**

The DUMP command displays internal information about various storage areas that Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services use for controlling the communication with the cluster nuclei. Use this command as directed by Software AG Support. Its output might be helpful in the diagnosis of communication-related problems with cluster databases.

## **DUMP** stg-area

where *stg-area* can be any of the following storage areas: CLUDSP, IDTE, IDTH, IDTHPRFX, PLXCB, PLXMAP, PLXNUC, PLXUSER, or SVC.

#### SN - Set Nucleus Status

```
SN {RMTALL | image-name | nucleus-id } { OP | CL } 
SN {LCLALL | nucleus-id } { OP | CL } { LCL | GBL }
```

#### where

RMTALL	is REMOTE ALL: all nuclei on all remote images
OP	is OPEN
CL	is CLOSE
LCLALL	is LOCAL ALL: all nuclei on the local image
LCL	is LOCAL: local users
GBL	is GLOBAL: all sysplex cluster users

The possible options settings for the SN command are described as follows:

Option	Action
RMTALL {OP   CL}	open or close all nuclei on all remote images to the image issuing the command.
image-name {OP   CL}	open or close all nuclei on the specified remote image to the image issuing the command.
nucleus-id {OP   CL}	open or close the specified remote nucleus to the image issuing the command.
LCLALL {OP   CL} LCL	open or close all nuclei on the local image to local users. Information is not broadcast to other images.
nucleus-id {OP   CL} LCL	open or close the specified local nucleus to local users. Information is not broadcast to other images.
LCLALL {OP   CL} GBL	open or close all nuclei on the local image to all sysplex cluster users.
nucleus-id {OP   CL} GBL	open or close the specified local nucleus to all sysplex cluster users.

By default, nuclei start open to local users and closed to remote users.

After the nuclei start, the SN operator commands may be used to exercise some control over the assignment of users to nuclei. For example, in a node with no active local nuclei, it is necessary to

open at least one remote nucleus to users from the local node in order to run user programs in that node.

# **Adabas Cluster Nucleus Operator Commands**

The following console operator commands can be issued against a local Adabas cluster nucleus. In addition, the console operator commands documented in *Adabas Operations* documentation can be issued against any local nucleus.

Command	То				
CLUFREEUSER	Delete leftover cluster user table elements (UTEs or PLXUSERs) in common storage that are no longer associated with user queue elements (UQEs) in a nucleus				
DMEMTB	Display information about active Adabas cluster nuclei				
DNFV	Display information about current file use				
DPARM	Display Adabas session parameters currently in effect				
DPPT	Display information about the nucleus's own PPT block				
DTARG	Display the system image currently servicing commands routed using the Entire Net-Work DBID target.				
DXCACHE	Display the primary cache-related statistics				
DXFILE	Display the cache-related statistics for 1 to 5 files				
DXLOCK	Display the lock-related statistics				
DXMSG	Display the Adabas Cluster Services messaging performance statistics				
DXSTAT	Display all cache- and lock-related statistics				
MXCANCEL	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXCANCEL setting				
MXCANCELWARN	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXCANCELWARN setting				
MXMSG	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXMSG setting				
MXMSGWARN	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXMSGWARN setting				
MXSTATUS	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXSTATUS setting				
MXWTOR	Dynamically change the ADARUN MXWTOR setting				
SMFDETAIL	Dynamically select the detail section types in SMF Interval and Termination records				
TARGET	Route commands to a specified target.				



**Note:** See the *Adabas Cluster Services Operations* documentation for information about issuing Adabas utility ADADBS OPERCOM commands against the local cluster nucleus, a specified cluster nucleus, or all cluster nuclei.

## **CLUFREEUSER Command: Delete Leftover Cluster User Table Elements**

## CLUFREEUSER=[,TNA= max-time ][,{UID | UIDPREFIX} = userid ][,FORCE][,GLOBAL]

**Note:** The CLUFREEUSER command is only valid in cluster environments. It can be issued against the local nucleus only or, with the GLOBAL option, against all active and inactive nuclei in the cluster.

Use the CLUFREEUSER command to delete leftover cluster user table elements (UTEs or PLXUSERs) in common storage that are no longer associated with user queue elements (UQEs) in a nucleus.

TNA specifies a decimal number specifying the timeout value in seconds (max-time). PLXUSERs that are not used during the time specified may be deleted if other conditions are fulfilled. If TNA= is not specified, PLXUSERs may be deleted without regard to their recent use.

UID specifies a character string or hexadecimal byte string format user ID (*userid*) as follows:

ccccccc	where the argument is 1-8 letters, digits, or embedded '-' signs without surrounding apostrophes.
'ccccccc'	where the argument is 1-8 characters with surrounding apostrophes.
X'xxxxxxxxxxxxx'	where the argument is an even number of 2-16 hexadecimal digits enclosed by X''.

A character string must be enclosed in apostrophes if it contains characters other than letter, digits, or embedded '-' signs. If a specified character string is less than eight characters long, it is implicitly padded with blanks. If a specified hexadecimal string is shorter than 16 hexadecimal digits, it is implicitly padded with binary zeros. If the last eight bytes of a user's 28-byte communication ID match a specific user ID or user ID prefix (UIDPRFX parameter), that user's PLXUSER may be deleted if other conditions are fulfilled. If UID is not specified, PLXUSERs may be deleted regardless of their user IDs. "UID" may be abbreviated to "U".

UID and UIDPRFX are mutually exclusive; one or the other, but not both, can be specified.

UIDPRFX UIDPRFX accepts the same operands as UID. It operates in the same manner as UID, except that the operand is considered a prefix and there is no implicit padding. If the operand matches the initial bytes of the last eight bytes of the 28-byte communication ID, that PLXUSER may be deleted if other conditions are fulfilled. "UIDPRFX" may be abbreviated to "UP".

UID and UIDPRFX are mutually exclusive; one or the other, but not both, can be specified.

FORCE FORCE indicates that leftover PLXUSERs are to be deleted even if the users are due a response code 9 (ADARSP009), subcode 20. If FORCE is not specified, such PLXUSERs are not deleted. Before using the FORCE parameter, ensure that the users owning the PLXUSERs to be deleted will not expect any of their transactions to remain open.

GLOBAL indicates that leftover PLXUSERs throughout the Adabas cluster are to be deleted if they are no longer associated with UQEs and are eligible according to the other specified

parameters. Additionally and subject to the other rules, leftover PLXUSERs are deleted if their assigned nuclei have terminated since their last use. If GLOBAL is not specified, only PLXUSERs assigned to the local nucleus and used since the nucleus start are eligible for deletion.

## **DMEMTB Command: Display Member State Table**

The DMEMTB command can be used to display the member state table, which provides information about all of the active nuclei in an Adabas cluster. The information produced by this command may be used by Software AG technical support.

The output produced by the DMEMTB command includes a third flag that indicates whether a system- or message-level XCF status monitoring exception has been encountered and whether a message was issued for the exception.

## **Sample Output**

```
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26 Member Status Table
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26 Other members:
                                                     1
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26 This system:
                                                     1
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                       NUCID:
                                                2.261
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                  Internal ID:
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                      System: DA2F
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                     Job Name: USACHPD1
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                  Flags 1/2/3: 11/00/00
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                       NUCID:
                                                 2.262
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                  Internal ID:
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                      System: DA2F
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                     Job Name: USACHPD2
ADAX61 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26
                                  Flags 1/2/3: D7/00/00
ADAN41 00226 2009-06-24 16:53:26 Function completed
```

Flags 1, 2, and 3 in this report are hexadecimal values that provide the following information about each nucleus:

```
Flag | Provides |

The cluster member service summary, as a combination of one or more of the following values:

X'80' − All services are active

X'40' − Work data set is needed for recovery

X'10' − Accepting and processing intracluster commands

X'04' − Cache services are available

X'02' − Lock services are available

X'01' − Messaging services are available
```

Flag	Provides					
	For example, a value of 97 for Flag 1 indicates that all services are active ( $X'80'$ ), the nucleus is accepting and processing intracluster commands ( $X'10'$ ), and cache ( $X'04'$ ), lock ( $X'02'$ ) and messaging ( $X'01'$ ) services are all available ( $80+10+4+2+1=97$ ).					
2	The cluster member failure status, as a combination of one or more of the following values:					
	■ X'80' – All services are down					
	■ X'40' – Canceled by this nucleus					
	X'10' – Abnormal termination of intracluster command processing occurred					
	X'04' – Abnormal exit from cache occurred					
	X'02' – Abnormal exit from lock occurred					
	■ X'01' – Abnormal exit from the XCF group (messaging) occurred					
3	The cluster XCF status monitoring summary, as a combination of one or more of the following values:					
	■ X'80' – A system-level XCF status monitoring exception occurred.					
	■ X′40′ – A member-level XCF status monitoring exception occurred.					
	■ X'02' – A warning message was issued for the system-level XCF status monitoring exception.					
	■ X'01' – A warning message was issued for the member-level XCF status monitoring exception.					
	For example, a value of 41 for Flag 3 indicates that a member-level XCF status monitoring exception occurred (X'40') and that a warning message (X'01') was issued for it (40+1=41).					

## **DNFV Command: Display Nucleus File Variables**



Use the DNFV command to display information about current file use.

This command provides information about the files in use at a particular point in time. It also indicates which other nucleus has exclusive file control if, for example, a user program receives a response 148 (ADARSP148), subcode 15.

Here is some sample output:

```
ADAI29 OPER CMD: DNFV

FNR=00008 A=Y U=Y ID= CA=00000 CU=00001
```

#### where;

FNR=nnnnn	is the file number		
$A={Y \mid N}$	(yes or no) indicates whether the file is used for access (read and/or search)		
U={Y   N}	(yes or no) indicates whether the file is used for update. Use for update includes use for access.		
ID=nucid	is the ID of the nucleus that owns the file lock, if the file is locked.		
CA=nnnnn	is the number of users on this nucleus who are currently accessing this file.		
CU=nnnnn is the number of users on this nucleus who are currently updating this file.			

## **DPARM Command: Display Adabas Session Parameters**



Use the DPARM command to display the Adabas session parameters currently in effect. Here is an example:

```
ADAI29 Oper cmd: DPARM
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LRPL=20971520
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 READONLY=NO.UTIONLY=NO
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 ASYTVS=YES, AOSLOG=NO
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 ASSOSPACEWARN=0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 DATASPACEWARN=0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NC=500,NH=200,NT=50,NU=500
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NPLOGBUFFERS=0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NWORK1BUFFERS=1
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LBP=20974848, LFP=12000, LWP=10485760
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LI=10000,LP=1500,LQ=10000,LS=4194304
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LFIOP=5242880
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LOGWARN=0,INDEXCROSSCHECK=YES
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 FMXIO=16,LU=70000,SECUID=REQUIRE
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 TT=900, TNAA=900, TNAE=900, CT=60
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 TNAX=900,MXTT=3600,MXTNA=3600
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 TLSCMD=300, MXTSX=3600
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 V64BIT=N0, LARGEPAGE=N0
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 NOLOG
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 LOGVOLIO=NO
ADAN16 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 SMF=N0
ADAN41 00205 2011-11-09 12:14:12 Function completed
```

Additional Adabas add-on products and nucleus components may display more parameters than are shown in this sample. For example, the DPARM command includes settings for the ADARUN parameters related to Adabas Cluster Services and Adabas Parallel Services alert and timeout statistics.

## **DPPT Command: Display Parallel Participant Table (PPT)**



Use the DPPT command to display the parallel participant table (PPT) block for a nucleus.

This command produces internal information for use by Software AG technical support.

## Sample Output

```
ADAI29 Oper cmd: DPPT
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Display PPT RABNs 00000083 to 000000A2
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          PPT RABN: 00000083
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Number of entries: 05
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Nucleus indicator: E2
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                             NUCID: 0000
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                   Session number: 0005
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                  Last PLOG block: 00000000
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                  PLOG block ind: 00
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: E6
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/SAGUID/PLX2/V7/WORKR1/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 61
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/PLOGR1/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 62
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/PLOGR2/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 41
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/CLOGR1/
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 PPT Entry length: 0023
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35
                                          Entry ID: 42
ADAN24 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Dataset=/ SAGUID /PLX2/V7/CLOGR2/
ADAN41 00199 2009-01-27 22:31:35 Function completed
```

## **DTARG Command: Display System Image**



Use the DTARG command to display the system image currently servicing commands routed using the Entire Net-Work DBID target.

The Entire Net-Work DBID target is used to route commands from users on remote systems with no active PLXCB. Such systems may be part of the z/OS sysplex or other Entire Net-Work nodes outside the sysplex.

## **DXCACHE Command: Display Cache Statistics**

Use DXCACHE to display the primary cache-related statistics.

The full set of statistics shown in this output is displayed only for users who have the selectable unit Adabas Online System (AOS) installed.

If you have installed only the demo version of AOS delivered with Adabas, only the statistics in the sections Totals, Data Storage, and Normal Index are displayed using this command.

## Sample Output

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 External cache statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **Cast-out Directory**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out dir
                                                                           35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                           35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Unlock cast-out:
                                                                           35
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                           34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Directory reads:
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

## **Totals**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06	19:29:23	Totals:		
		2000-09-06		Reads	:	1,681
				Synchronous	:	71
				Asynchronous	:	1,610
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	888
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	793
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	25,467
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	22,724
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		2,743
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	25,467
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
		2000-09-06		Validates	:	65,552
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads	:	1,727
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	265
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1,462
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

### **Address Converter**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 AC:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                           11
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                           11
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 In cache
                                                                            6
                                 Not in cache :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            5
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            0
                                 Structure full:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

		2000-09-06			:	2,644
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	2,608
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	36
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	2,644
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	8,772
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	v		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

#### **Data Storage**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 DS:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                        1,609
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                        1,609
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
                                                                          855
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache :
                                                                          754
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                        2,645
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                        2,645
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Written
                                                                        2,645
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not written
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates
                                                                        6,603
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Block invalid:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	1,461
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	1,461
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

## **Data Storage Space Table**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 DSST:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache
                                                                             1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Structure full:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                         2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                         2.622
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            22
                                 Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                         2,644
                                 Written
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not written
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Structure full:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                         3,969
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Block invalid:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out reads :
                                                                            34
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Deletes
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                             0
                                  Timeouts
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **File Control Block**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 FCB:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Reads	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	2,132
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	2,123
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	9
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	2,132
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	17,000
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

#### **Normal Index**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 NI:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                           50
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                           49
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache :
                                                                           25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                        7,767
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                        7,747
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                           20
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	7,767
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	7,273
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	101
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	101
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

## **Upper Index**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 UI:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                             8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Synchronous
                                                                             8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  In cache
                                                                             2
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Not in cache:
                                                                             6
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Structure full:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                         7,635
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                         7,624
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Asynchronous :
                                                                            11
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                         7,635
                                  Written
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                 Not written
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Structure full:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates
                                                                        21,935
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Block invalid:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Cast-out reads :
                                                                            60
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Synchronous
                                                                            60
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Asynchronous :
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Deletes
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                  Timeouts
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **File Statistics**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File statistics for files with over 25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 percent of the total cache statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File 1:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes : 22,798
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Validates : 61,531
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

## **DXFILE Command: Display Cache Statistics for Files**

Use DXFILE to display cache-related statistics for 1 to 5 files.

The command is specified using the following format:

```
DXFILE= fnr [, fnr1]...
```

#### Sample Output

```
ADAI29 OPER CMD: DXFILE=0,1,2,3,9
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
```

## File 0

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 File
                                          0:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Reads
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 In cache
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not in cache :
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Writes
                                                                        2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                        2,622
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                           22
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
```

ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Written	:	2,644
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not written	:	0
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Validates	:	3,969
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Cast-out reads	:	34
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	1
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61 0	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			

## File 1

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	File 1:			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Reads	:	1,672	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	64	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	1,608	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	In cache	:	888	
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	:	784	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Structure fu	111:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Writes	:	22,798	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	20,082	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	2,716	
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Written	:	22,798	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not written	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Structure fu	111:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Validates	:	61,531	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Block invali	d :	0	
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Cast-out read	ls :	1,677	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	221	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1,456	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Deletes	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38				

#### File 2

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 File
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Reads
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 In cache
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not in cache :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Writes
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Written
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Not written
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Validates
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Block invalid:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Cast-out reads :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Deletes
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Timeouts
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
```

## File 3

ADAVC1	00000	2000 00 00	10 20 20	F:1. 2		
ADAXOI	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	File 3:		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Reads	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronou	ıs :	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchrono	us :	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	In cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not in cac	:he :	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Structure	full:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Writes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Validates	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Cast-out reads	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			

#### File 9

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 File
                                          9:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Reads
                                                                             8
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                 Synchronous
                                                                             6
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Asynchronous :
                                                                             2
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                  In cache
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                             8
                                  Not in cache:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                  Structure full:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                            25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Writes
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                            20
                                  Synchronous
                                  Asynchronous :
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                  Written
                                                                            25
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                             0
                                  Not written
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
                                                                             0
                                  Structure full:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Validates
                                                                            52
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38 Block invalid:
                                                                             0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:30:38
```

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Cast-out reads	:	16
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Synchronous	:	11
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Asynchronous	:	5
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Timeouts	:	0
ADAN41	00006	2000-09-06	19:30:38	Function comple	eted	

## **DXLOCK Command: Display Lock Statistics**

Use DXLOCK to display lock-related statistics.

## **Sample Output**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 External lock statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **General Control Block Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 1. GCB lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Granted
                                                                       0
                                           Rejected
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Unconditional
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                       0
                                         Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Asynchronous
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Synchronous
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Asynchronous
                                                                       0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **Security Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 2. Security lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                         0
                                            Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Rejected
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                        0
                                          Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                          Synchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                          Asynchronous
                                                                         0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### FST Lock

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 3. FST lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            0
                                              Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            0
                                              Rejected
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                            0
                                            Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Asynchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Synchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### File Lock Table Lock

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 4. File-lock-table lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                             Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Rejected
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Unconditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **Online Save Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 5. Online save lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61	00006 00006 00006 00006 00006	2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06	19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional Granted Rejected Unconditional Synchronous Asynchronous	: : : : :	0 0 0 0 0	
ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61	00006 00006 00006	2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06	19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23	Releases	- Issued Synchronous Asynchronous	; ; ;	0 0 0	

#### **Buffer Flush Lock**

## **Global ET Sync Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 7. Global ET sync lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Granted
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                          Rejected
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Unconditional
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Synchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Asynchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Synchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Asynchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

## **Recovery Lock**

		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		8. Recover	y lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases -	Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				

## **Hold ISN Locks**

		2000-09-06 2000-09-06		9. Hold	ISN locks			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains	- Conditional	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	3100	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					

## **Unique Descriptor Locks**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 10. Unique descriptor locks
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                          1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Granted
                                                                          1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Rejected
                                                                          0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                          Unconditional
                                                                          0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                          Synchronous
                                                                          1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                          Asynchronous
                                                                          0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued : 1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous : 1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous : 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### ETID Locks

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 11. ETID locks
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Rejected
                                                                                        1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                Unconditional
                                                                                        0
                                                 Synchronous
                                                                                        1
                                                 Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                                        0
                                                 Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### New Data RABN Locks

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 12. New-Data-RABN locks
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                                0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                              Granted
                                                                                0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23

ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                                0
                                               Rejected
                                             Unconditional
                                                                                0
                                             Synchronous
                                                                                0
                                              Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                                0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                                0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                         Asynchronous
                                                                                0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

## Checkpoint Lock

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 13. Checkpoint lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61	00006 00006 00006 00006	2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06	19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23	Obtains ·	- Conditional Granted Rejected Unconditional Synchronous Asynchronous	: : : : :	0 0 0 6 6
ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61 ADAX61	00006 00006 00006 00006	2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06 2000-09-06	19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23 19:29:23	Releases	- Issued Synchronous Asynchronous	: : :	6 6 0

#### **ET Data Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 14. ET data lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                              Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                              Rejected
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                           Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Synchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

## Global Update Command Sync Lock

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 15. Global update command sync lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Granted
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                             Rejected
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Unconditional
                                                                          33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                          33
                                           Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                          33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
                                                                          33
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

#### **Parameter Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 16. Parameter lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                                 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Granted ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Rejected
                                                                                 0
                                                                                 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Unconditional
                                                                                 0
                                             Synchronous
                                                                                 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                               Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                                 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                                 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                             Asynchronous
                                                                                 0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAN41 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Function completed
```

## **DBID Target Assignment Lock**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 17.DBID target assignment lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                        0
                                         Granted
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Rejected
                                                                        0
                                        Unconditional
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                        2
                                        Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Asynchronous
                                                                        0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                        2
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                        Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAN41 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Function completed
```

## **DXMSG Command: Display Messaging Performance Statistics**

The DXMSG command can be used to display the messaging performance statistics available for Adabas Cluster Services.

The statistics produced by the DXMSG command can be used to determine the impact of messaging on system performance and to determine how to set the ADARUN MXMSG parameter related to the other alert and timeout enhancements in Adabas Cluster Services.

#### Sample Output

```
17:28:45 ADAI29 Oper cmd: DXMSG
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messaging statistics
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message Control Block statistics
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Allocated
                                                                        224
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Used
                                                                           2
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Total requests
                                                                      1,567
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Statistics for ACMD-type messages
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages sent
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages arrived
                                                                        796
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages accepted
                                                                        796
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Replies sent
                                                                        794
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Statistics for XCF transport service
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages subject to MXMSG
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message duration in seconds
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Minimum 0.000021
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Maximum
                                                        0.050979
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Mean
                                                       0.004110
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Std Dev
                                                       0.004507
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message count
                                                                     686
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1000 s 0%
                                                                       0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 s
                                                     0%
                                                                       0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                           10 s
                                                     0%
                                                                       0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                                     0%
                                                                       0
                                            1 s
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 ms
                                                                       0
                                                     0%
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                            10 ms
                                                     8%
                                                                      56
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                           1 ms 81%
                                                                     553
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 us 11%
                                                                      74
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 <= 100 us
                                                    0%
                                                                       3
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Messages not subject to MXMSG
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message duration in seconds
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Minimum 0.000938
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Maximum
                                                        0.047989
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Mean
                                                        0.010455
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Std Dev
                                                       0.009466
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message count
                                                                      83
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1000 s
                                                                       0
                                                    0%
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 s
                                                     0%
                                                                       0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                           10 s
                                                     0%
                                                                       0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                                                       0
                                                     0%
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 ms
                                                     0%
                                                                       0
```

```
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                                     37%
                                                                         31
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                              1 ms
                                                     61%
                                                                         51
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 us
                                                      1%
                                                                         1
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 <= 100 us
                                                      0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Total for all messages
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message duration in seconds
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Minimum
                                                          0.000021
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Maximum
                                                          0.050979
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Mean
                                                          0.004795
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Std Dev
                                                          0.003194
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Message count
                                                                        769
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 1000 s
                                                      0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 s
                                                      0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                              10 s
                                                      0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                                      0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 ms
                                                      0%
                                                                          0
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                                                         87
                                              10 ms
                                                     11%
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 >
                                                     79%
                                                                        604
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 > 100 us
                                                     10%
                                                                         75
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 <= 100 us
                                                                          3
17:28:45 ADAX16 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44
17:28:45 ADAN41 00226 2007-06-01 17:28:44 Function completed
```

The performance statistics are split into those that are subject to the ADARUN MXMSG parameter setting and those that are not; after each is reported separately in the output, a combined report is provided containing the summarization of the two for all messages.

In the DXMSG output, "Mean" refers to the average message duration (arithmetic mean of all the messages measured) and "Std Dev" refers to the related standard deviation (average deviation from the mean). The unit symbols used in the statistics are "s" for seconds, "ms" for milliseconds, and "us" for microseconds.

#### **DXSTAT Command: Display Cache and Lock Statistics**

Use DXSTAT to display all cache- and lock-related statistics.

The full set of external cache statistics shown in this output is displayed only for users who have the selectable unit Adabas Online System (AOS) installed.

If you have installed only the demo version of AOS delivered with Adabas, only the external cache statistics in the sections Totals, Data Storage, and Normal Index are displayed using this command. All file cache statistics for files and all external lock statistics are displayed.

# Sample Output

ADAI29 OPER CMD: DXSTAT

## **External Cache Statistics**

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	External cache	statistics:	
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out dir	:	35
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	0
				Asynchronous		35
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Unlock cast-out	:	35
				Synchronous		1
				Asynchronous		34
		2000-09-06		v		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Directory reads	:	1
				Synchronous		0
		2000-09-06				1
		2000-09-06		v		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Totals:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Reads	:	1,681
				Synchronous	:	71
		2000-09-06				1,610
		2000-09-06		<b>J</b>		,
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	888
		2000-09-06			:	793
		2000-09-06				0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Writes	:	25,467
				Synchronous	:	22,724
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		2,743
		2000-09-06		· ·		
		2000-09-06		Written	:	25,467
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06				0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Validates	:	65,552
				Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads	:	1,727
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	265
		2000-09-06			:	1,462
		2000-09-06		•		,
		2000-09-06		Deletes	:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
		2000-09-06				

		2000-09-06		AC:		
		2000-09-06 2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Poads		11
		2000-09-06			•	11
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		0
		2000-09-06		Naymenn onous	•	O
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	6
		2000-09-06			:	5
		2000-09-06				0
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	2,644
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	2,608
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	36
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	2,644
				Not written	:	0
				Structure full	l:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	8,772
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				0.0
				Cast-out reads	:	38
				Synchronous	:	38
				Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		Dolo+00		0
		2000-09-06 2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Tilleouts	•	U
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		DS.		
		2000-09-06		03.		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Reads	:	1,609
				Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			:	1,609
		2000-09-06		<b>o</b>		ŕ
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	855
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	754
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	l <b>:</b>	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	2,645
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	2,645
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Written	:	2,645
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Structure full	:	0
		2000-09-06		W 3 · I · I		6 606
		2000-09-06			:	6,603
				Block invalid	•	0
ANAXOI	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

				Cast-out reads	:	1,461
				Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	1,461
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	•	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		ncct.		
				D331:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		5		
		2000-09-06			:	1
				Synchronous		1
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	l:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
		2000-09-06		Writes	•	2,644
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	2,622
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	22
		2000-09-06		Asylicili ollous	•	22
		2000-09-06		Written		2,644
		2000-09-06			•	
					:	0
		2000-09-06		Structure full	l <b>:</b>	0
		2000-09-06				0.000
		2000-09-06			:	3,969
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads	:	34
				Synchronous	:	33
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
		2000-09-06		FCB:		
		2000-09-06		. 05.		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Poads		2
		2000-09-06		Synchronous		2
		2000-09-06		•	•	0
				Asynchronous	•	U
		2000-09-06		Tue seeds -		0
		2000-09-06		In cache	•	0
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	:	2
		2000-09-06		Structure full	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	2,132
		2000-09-06		•	:	2,123
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	9

1 D 1 V C 1	00000	2000 00 00	10 00 00			
		2000-09-06		Unit to an		0 100
		2000-09-06		Written Not written	:	2,132
				Structure full	•	0
				Structure Tull	•	0
		2000-09-06		Validataa		17 000
		2000-09-06			:	17,000
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06		0++		22
				Cast-out reads	:	33
				Synchronous	:	33
				Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06		D 1 .		
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		NI:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	50
				Synchronous		49
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	25
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	:	25
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	7,767
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	7,747
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	20
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	7,767
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	7,273
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	101
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	101
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	v		
		2000-09-06		Deletes	:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		UI:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		Reads		8
				Synchronous		8
				Asynchronous	:	0
NONNUI	00000	2000 00 00	13.63.63	Asymoni onous	•	U

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19.29.23			
		2000-09-06		In cache	:	2
		2000-09-06			•	6
		2000-09-06				0
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	7,635
		2000-09-06			:	7,624
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous		11
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	7,635
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	21,935
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Cast-out reads	:	60
				Synchronous	:	60
				Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	0
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
					for files with over 2	
				percent of the	total cache statistics	:
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06		File 1:		
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06			:	1,672
		2000-09-06			:	22,798
		2000-09-06		Validates	:	61,531
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			

### **File Cache Statistics for Files**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 File
                                      0:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Reads
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Asynchronous :
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 In cache
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Not in cache :
                                                                            1
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Structure full:
                                                                            0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Writes
                                                                        2,644
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Synchronous
                                                                        2,622
```

		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	22	
		2000-09-06				0 644	
		2000-09-06		Written	:	2,644	
		2000-09-06		Not written	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Structure full	l <b>:</b>	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06			:	3,969	
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
				Cast-out reads	:	34	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	33	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	1	
		2000-09-06					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	File 1:			
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Reads	:	1,672	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	•	64	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		1,608	
		2000-09-06		7.03 110111 011040	•	1,000	
		2000-09-06		In cache		888	
		2000-09-06		Not in cache	•	784	
		2000-09-06		Structure full		0	
		2000-09-06		Structure ruri	•	U	
		2000-09-06		Whitos		22,798	
				Synchronous		20,082	
		2000-09-06				2,716	
		2000-09-06		ASYNCHRONOUS	:	2,/10	
				Unitton		22 700	
		2000-09-06			•	22,798	
				Not written	:	0	
		2000-09-06		Structure full	l:	0	
		2000-09-06				61 501	
		2000-09-06			:	61,531	
		2000-09-06		Block invalid	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
				Cast-out reads	:	1,677	
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	221	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	1,456	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06			:	0	
		2000-09-06		Timeouts	:	0	
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		File 9:			
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06			:	8	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	6	

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	2
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	In cache	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not in cache	:	8
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Writes	:	25
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	20
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	5
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Written	:	25
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Not written	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Structure full	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Validates	:	52
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Block invalid	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Cast-out reads	:	16
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	11
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	5
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Deletes	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Timeouts	:	0

#### **External Lock Statistics**

```
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 External lock statistics:
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 1. GCB lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                              Granted
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                              Rejected
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Unconditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                           Synchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Releases - Issued
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                            Synchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 2. Security lock
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23 Obtains - Conditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                              Granted
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                                                           0
                                              Rejected
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Unconditional
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Synchronous
                                                                           0
                                                                           0
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
                                           Asynchronous
ADAX61 00006 2000-09-06 19:29:23
```

1011/61	00000	0000 00 06	10 00 00	D 7	T .		0
		2000-09-06		Releases		:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
		2000-09-06		3 FST 100	~ k		
		2000-09-06		J. 131 100			
				Obtains	Conditional		0
				UDLains -	Conditional	·	0
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:	0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
		2000-09-06		Releases	- Issued	•	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0
					ASYNCHROHOUS	•	U
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06					
				4. File-lo	ock-table lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
		2000-09-06			Rejected		0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
						•	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Releases		:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
		2000-09-06		5 Online	save lock		
		2000-09-06		0. 01111110	Save rook		
				Obtains -	Conditional		0
				UDLa IIIS -		•	•
		2000-09-06			Granted	•	0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:	0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Releases	- Issued	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	·	0
		2000-09-06			Asymoni onous	•	U
		2000-09-06		C D CC	61		
		2000-09-06		b. Butter	Tlush lock		
		2000-09-06					
				Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0

ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Unconditional	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	•	38
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		0
		2000-09-06		, to fine in one as	•	O .
				Dalassa Tasuad		2.0
				Releases - Issued	•	38
		2000-09-06		Synchronous	:	38
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	7. Global ET sync lock		
		2000-09-06		7. Grobar Er syne rock		
				Obtains - Conditional		0
					•	
		2000-09-06		Granted	:	0
		2000-09-06		Rejected	:	0
		2000-09-06		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
				Releases - Issued		0
		2000-09-06		Synchronous		0
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	•	0
				ASYIICIII OIIOUS	•	U
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
				8. Recovery lock		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains - Conditional	:	0
		2000-09-06		Granted	:	0
		2000-09-06		Rejected		0
		2000-09-06		Unconditional		0
		2000-09-06			•	0
				Synchronous	•	
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Releases - Issued	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23			
		2000-09-06				
				9. Hold ISN locks		
		2000-09-06		5. HOTO 15N TOCKS		
				Obtains Conditions		2100
				Obtains - Conditional	:	3100
		2000-09-06		Granted	:	3100
		2000-09-06		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Synchronous	:	3100
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06				
				Releases - Issued		3100
		2000-09-06		Synchronous		3100
		2000-09-06		Asynchronous		0
				Asylicili ollous	•	U
		2000-09-06				
		2000-09-06				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	10. Unique descriptor locks		

T12 Reference

		2000-09-06					
				Obtains -	Conditional	:	1
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	1
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		•		
		2000-09-06		Releases	- Issued	:	1
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	•	1
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06			may mann amada	•	Ü
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		11 FTID	locks		
		2000-09-06		II. LIID	IUCKS		
				Obtains	Conditional		1
				ODLAINS -		:	
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	1
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:	0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	1
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Releases		:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Asynchronous	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	12. New-D	ata-RABN locks		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23				
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06			7.00	·	Ü
		2000-09-06		Releases	- Issued		0
		2000-09-06			Synchronous		0
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0
		2000-09-06			Asylicili ollous	•	O
		2000-09-06					
				12 Charles	ooint look		
		2000-09-06		13. Check	JUINE TUCK		
		2000-09-06		0-+-:	0		0
				Oblains -	Conditional	:	0
		2000-09-06			Granted	:	0
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:	0
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	:	6
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	6
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0
		2000-09-06					
		2000-09-06		Releases		:	6
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Synchronous	:	6

1D1VC1	00000	2000 00 00	10 00 00		A Is		0	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0	
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06						
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	14. ET da	ta lock			
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0	
		2000-09-06			Rejected	•	0	
		2000-09-06			Unconditional		0	
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	•	0	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0	
		2000-09-06			Asylicili ollous	•	U	
				D - 1	Taranad		0	
		2000-09-06				:	0	
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0	
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06						
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	15. Globa	1 update command	sync loc		
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23					
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0	
		2000-09-06			Rejected	:	0	
		2000-09-06			Unconditional	•	33	
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	•	33	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	•	0	
		2000-09-06			Asylicili ollous	•	U	
		2000-09-06		Doloscoc	Taguad		33	
				Releases		:		
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	33	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous	:	0	
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06		16. Param	eter lock			
		2000-09-06						
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Obtains -	Conditional	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Granted	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Rejected	:	0	
ADAX61	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23		Unconditional	:	0	
		2000-09-06			Synchronous	:	0	
		2000-09-06			Asynchronous		0	
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06		Releases	- Issued		0	
		2000-09-06		Nereases	Synchronous		0	
		2000-09-06				•	0	
					Asynchronous	•	U	
		2000-09-06						
		2000-09-06		<b>-</b>	1			
ADAN41	00006	2000-09-06	19:29:23	Function	completed			

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## MXCANCEL Command: Dynamically Change MXCANCEL Parameter Setting

The MXCANCEL command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXCANCEL ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the maximum number of seconds for which one cluster nucleus waits for the termination of another nucleus in the cluster that it has canceled for not responding to an internal, intracluster command. Valid values range from 15 through 2,147,483,647.

If the new MXCANCEL value is less than or equal to the current MXCANCELWARN setting, the MXCANCELWARN setting is automatically set to zero (0). (You can then use the MXCANCELWARN command to dynamically set the MXCANCELWARN setting appropriately.)

For more information about the MXCANCEL setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXCANCEL parameter in *MXCANCEL*: *Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus*, elsewhere in this guide.

## MXCANCELWARN Command: Dynamically Change MXCANCELWARN Parameter Setting

The MXCANCELWARN command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXCANCELWARN ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the number of seconds after an intracluster cancellation request is made when the cluster nucleus requesting the cancellation should issue warnings about the inability of the canceled peer nucleus to terminate. Valid values range from 4 through 2,147,483, 647 or zero (0).

The value of the MXCANCELWARN setting must be less than the value of the MXCANCEL setting. If MXCANCELWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXCANCEL, the value is rejected. If MXCANCELWARN is set to zero, no warnings are issued about canceled cluster nuclei that are slow to terminate.

For more information about the MXCANCELWARN setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXCANCELWARN parameter in *MXCANCELWARN*: *Timeout Threshold for Canceled Peer Nucleus Warning*, elsewhere in this guide.

## MXMSG Command: Dynamically Change MXMSG Parameter Setting

The MXMSG command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXMSG ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the maximum number of seconds in which one cluster nucleus waits for the response of another nucleus in the cluster to an internal, intracluster command. Valid values range from 15 through 32,767.

If the new MXMSG value is less than or equal to the current MXMSGWARN setting, the MXMSGWARN setting is automatically set to zero (0). (You can then use the MXMSGWARN command to dynamically set the MXMSGWARN setting appropriately.)

For more information about the MXMSG setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXMSG parameter in *MXMSG: Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing*, elsewhere in this guide.

## MXMSGWARN Command: Dynamically Change MXMSGWARN Parameter Setting

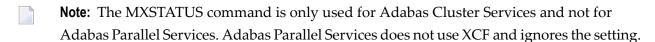
The MXMSGWARN command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXMSGWARN ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the number of seconds after an intracluster request is made when the cluster nucleus issuing the intracluster request should issue warnings about the failure of the target cluster nucleus to respond. Valid values range from 4 through 32,767 or zero (0).

The value of MXMSGWARN must be less than the value of MXMSG. If MXMSGWARN is set to a value greater than or equal to the value specified for MXMSG, the value is rejected. If MXMSGWARN is set to zero, no warnings are issued about cluster nuclei that are slow to respond.

For more information about the MXMSGWARN setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXMSGWARN parameter in *MXMSGWARN*: *Timeout Threshold for Internucleus Command Processing Warning*, elsewhere in this guide.

## MXSTATUS Command: Dynamically Change MXSTATUS Parameter Setting

The MXSTATUS command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXSTATUS ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the number of seconds between member-level XCF status monitoring heartbeats. Valid values range from 15 through 21,474,836.



The MXSTATUS command can only be used to change the value of the MXSTATUS parameter if the MXSTATUS parameter is not zero (0). This command cannot be used to turn status monitoring on (by specifying a nonzero value if the ADARUN MXSTATUS setting is zero) or to turn it off (by specifying a value of zero when the ADARUN MXSTATUS setting is nonzero). However, setting MXSTATUS to a very high value is effectively the same as turning status monitoring off (monitoring will occur very infrequently at least).

For more information about the MXSTATUS setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXSTATUS parameter in *MXSTATUS*: *Member-Level XCF Status Monitoring Heartbeat Interval*, elsewhere in this guide.

## MXWTOR Command: Dynamically Change MXWTOR Parameter Setting

The optional MXWTOR command can be used to dynamically change (while the Adabas nucleus is running) the setting of the MXWTOR ADARUN parameter for a nucleus. This command can be used to specify the maximum number of seconds that a cluster nucleus should wait for an operator response to a self-terminating operator query. Valid values range from 15 through 64,800 or zero (0).

If MXWTOR is set to zero, the operator query does not occur (no ADAX9J messages are written) and no operator intervention is expected.

For more information about the MXWTOR setting for a nucleus, read about the ADARUN MXWTOR parameter in *MXWTOR*: *Self-Termination Operator Query Interval*, elsewhere in this guide.

#### SMFDETAIL Command: Select the Detail Section Types in SMF Interval and Termination Records

# SMFDETAIL = { ALL | NONE | section-name-list }

Adabas SMF records can contain a variable set of detail sections in Interval and Termination records (subtypes 2 and 3). This command allows you to override the setting of the SMFDETAIL ADARUN parameter defined for this Adabas session. Using this command you can select the detail section types in Interval and Termination records that should be included in the Adabas SMF records. Unlike the SMFDETAIL ADARUN parameter, the value or values you specify for the SMFDETAIL command do *not* need to be enclosed in parentheses. If you specify NONE or ALL, they should be specified alone. However, you can specify one or more of the other detail section names (CMD, CSHB, CSHF, CSHG, CSHP, FILE, IODD, LOCK, MSGB, MSGC, MSGH, PARM, STG, THRD, or USER) in one SMFDETAIL parameter, separating each value with a comma.

The following table describes the meaning of the possible detail section names that can be used in the SMFDETAIL command:

Detail Section Name	Description
ALL	Generate all possible detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.
CMD	Generate Adabas command activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHB <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by block detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHF <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity by Adabas file number detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
CSHG <sup>1</sup>	Generate global cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.

Detail Section Name	Description
CSHP <sup>2</sup>	Generate Adabas Parallel Services cache activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
FILE	Generate Adabas file activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
IODD	Generate I/O activity by DD statement detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
LOCK <sup>1</sup>	Generate global lock activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
MSGB <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging control block activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
MSGC <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging count detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
MSGH <sup>1</sup>	Generate internucleus messaging service time histogram detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
NONE	Generate no detail sections in the Adabas SMF records. If this value is specified, no others can be specified on the SMFDETAIL parameter.
PARM	Generate ADARUN parameter value detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
STG	Generate Adabas storage pool detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
THRD	Generate thread activity detail sections in the Adabas SMF records.
USER	Generate user-defined details sections in the Adabas SMF records. If USER is specified, a value for the UEXSMF parameter should also be specified to identify the user exit to be invoked to generate the user-defined detail section.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Available only in cluster environments (Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services must be installed).

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Available only in cluster environments with Adabas Parallel Services installed.

## **TARGET Command: Route Commands to Specified Target**

TARGET = { \* | nucid | sysname }

Use this command to specify the system on which the Entire Net-Work DBID target for the Adabas Cluster Services or Adabas Parallel Services database is to be established. Specify a system name or the NUCID of a cluster nucleus on that system. The DBID target can be established on any system where a nucleus of the cluster is active. It is used to route commands from users on remote systems with no active PLXCB. Such systems may be part of the z/OS sysplex or other Entire Net-Work nodes outside the sysplex.

The command instructs Entire Net-Work to route requests to an Entire Net-Work node on an implicitly or explicitly specified system image. All future commands will be routed to the new destination. If there are existing users who have been routed using the DBID target and the target is relocated to another Entire Net-Work node, they will be reassigned to any cluster nuclei on the new node. These users lose their existing sessions with their previously assigned nuclei. As a consequence, they may receive response code 9 (ADARSP009) on the first command after the target is moved. Furthermore, they may receive response code 21 (ADARSP021) if they attempt to reuse previously defined command IDs (logical read sequences or search results). Note that all Adabas Parallel Services nuclei run only on a single Entire Net-Work node.

Several possible operands can be used to specify the desired DBID target assignment, as described in the following table.

Operand	Description		
1	Specify an asterisk (*) to assign the DBID target to the Entire Net-Work node associated with the nucleus receiving the command.		
	Specify the nucleus ID (as defined in the ADARUN NUCID parameter) of an active cluster nucleus to assign the DBID target to the Entire Net-Work node associated with that nucleus.		
sysname	Specify a system name (LPAR name) to assign the DBID target to the Entire Net-Work node associated with an active cluster nucleus on that system.		



**Note:** The DBID target identifies an Entire Net-Work node, not a specific nucleus on a system. The DBID target is jointly serviced by all nuclei on that Entire Net-Work node.

# 9 Entire Net-Work Operator Commands

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This section contains operator commands for Entire Net-Work, and for its XCF line driver.

Although Entire Net-Work operates automatically, there are operator commands available during execution to display or modify the status of the network and control the local Entire Net-Work node.

In OS/390 environments, the following operator commands are used:

```
MODIFY
F
STOP
P
```

The STOP (or P) command serves as an alternative to the NETEND command and terminates Entire Net-Work. Its synonyms are described as part of the following example:

Entering the following long form MODIFY commands results in the following status displays (assuming that NETWK is the name of the started task running Entire Net-Work):

```
MODIFY NETWK,D STATS

NET0090I: BUFFER USAGE STATISTICS:

NET0091I: ASYNCH. BUFFERS: 000016 (= 24.2 %) 0F 000064 K USED

NET0091I: LONG TERM BUFFERS: 000000 (= 0.4 %) 0F 000064 K USED

NET0091I: SHORT TERM BUFFERS: 000000 (= 6.1 %) 0F 001025 K USED

NET0091I: ATTACHED BUFFERS: 000000 (= 11.9 %) 0F 000080 K USED

NET0091I: REQUEST QUEUE: 000000 (= 6.0 %) 0F 000050 K USED

NET0087I: 0000010847 REQUESTS FROM LOCAL RQ
```

The following two commands are equivalent ways to terminate the Entire Net-Work session:

```
F NETWK, NETEND
P NETWK
```

The Entire Net-Work commands described in this section are similar to Adabas operator commands. The underlined portion of the command is the minimum abbreviation.

Entire Net-Work line drivers have the ability to process operator commands that are directed to a specific link or directly to the driver. The operator commands that are specific to the XCF line driver are described in the section *XCF Line Driver Commands*.

## Overview of Entire Net-WorkCommands for z/OS Environments

The following table summarizes the Entire Net-Work operator commands for z/OS:

Command	Argument	Action		
ADAEND		Terminate Entire Net-Work session.		
<u>CL</u> 0SE	driver	Disconnect all links of a driver, then close the driver.		
CLOSE NETPRNT		Close the NETPRNT file and route all trace and snap output to DDPRINT.		
CONNECT link		Reconnect a link after a disconnect or handshake error.		
<u>DEF</u> INE	link	Dynamically define a new link.		
DISABLE	link	Disable a link (link cannot accept connects).		
<u>DISC</u> ONNECT	link	Disconnect a link.		
DISPLAY	parameter	Display link, nodes, targets, paths, or statistics.		
DUMP		Snap data areas, then terminate the Entire Net-Work session.		
<u>ENA</u> BLE	link	Enable a link (the link can accept connects).		
END		Terminate Entire Net-Work session.		
FORCE	node	Broadcast a "node down" message.		
HALT		Terminate Entire Net-Work session.		
<u>H</u> ELP		List available operator commands.		
NETEND		Terminate Entire Net-Work session.		
OPEN	driver	Reopen a driver after a close or access method failure.		
OPEN NETPRNT		Open the NETPRNT file and route all trace and snap output to the NETPRNT file.		
<u>P</u> ROBE	node	Send a probe message to a node.		
<u>RES</u> UME	link	Resume sending messages using this link.		
SET	parameter	Change the values of Entire Net-Work parameters.		
		<b>Note:</b> The minimum abbreviation for SET is the null string (zero characters long).		
<u>SN</u> AP		Snap data areas to DDPRINT.		
<u>ST</u> ART	driver	Restart driver (then connect all links of the driver).		
<u>STOP</u>	taskid	Terminate Entire Net-Work session.		
<u>SUSP</u> END	link	Stop sending messages on this link.		
<u>TERM</u> INATE		Terminate Entire Net-Work session.		

## **Command Descriptions**

This section covers the following topics:

- Commands to Terminate an Entire Net-Work Session
- CLOSE Terminate Line Driver Activity
- CLOSE NETPRNT Close the NETPRNT File
- CONNECT Connect a Link
- DEFINE LINK Dynamically Define a New Link
- DISABLE Disallow Link Connection
- DISCONNECT Disconnect a Link
- DISPLAY Display Information About a Network Component
- DUMP Terminate Entire Net-Work Session with Snap Dump
- ENABLE Enable a Previously Disabled Link
- FORCE Broadcast a "Node Down" Message
- HELP List the Available Entire Net-Work Operator Commands
- OPEN Reopen a Stopped or Closed Line Driver
- OPEN NETPRNT Open the NETPRNT File
- PROBE Verify Node Availability
- RESUME Allow Link to Resume Sending Queued Messages
- SET Dynamically Change NODE Statement Parameters
- SNAP Snap Dump Selected Data Areas
- START Restart a Stopped or Closed Line Driver
- SUSPEND Stop Link from Sending Queued Messages

#### Commands to Terminate an Entire Net-Work Session



Any one of the above commands can be used to terminate an Entire Net-Work session normally. The STOP operator command (for example, STOP taskid or P taskid) can be used in the OS/390 environment.

Once the termination command has been accepted by Entire Net-Work, no more requests are selected from the request queue. Message NET0999 is displayed on the operator console confirming that normal termination procedures have been started.



**Note:** The DUMP command also ends Entire Net-Work operation after performing a snap dump of pertinent data areas.

## **CLOSE - Terminate Line Driver Activity**



Terminate all activities of the line driver by disconnecting and closing all links related to the driver, then closing the driver itself.

The driver name must be the same as was specified on the XCF DRIVER statement (that is, either XCF or XCFD). See section *XCF DRIVER Statement*, elsewhere in this guide, for more information.

The effect of this command can be reversed by issuing the OPEN or START command for the driver, and CONNECT commands for the links (as appropriate).

#### **CLOSE NETPRNT - Close the NETPRNT File**

## CLOSE NETPRNT

Close the NETPRNT file and route all trace and snap output to the DDPRINT file. When the NETPRNT file is closed, the data set can be copied for sending to Software AG support without shutting down Entire Net-Work. The file must be allocated SHR. This command cannot be abbreviated.

#### **CONNECT - Connect a Link**



Attempt to connect link 'linkname'. The link name specified must match that used on the LINK statement. If the link was disconnected after a "handshaking" conflict, the CONNECT command can be used to retry the procedure. If the link is disabled, the CONNECT command can be used to enable it.

## **DEFINE LINK - Dynamically Define a New Link**

## DEFINE {LINK statement | LINK linkname LIKE linkname}

Defines a link during Entire Net-Work operation. The link statement must adhere to the format described in *XCF LINK Statement*, elsewhere in this guide. The following example applies to the Entire Net-Work XCF line driver:

```
DEFINE LINK SYS01 XCF MEMBER=NODE01, PSTATS=Y, -
RSTATS=N, STATINT=3600, TRACESIZ=4096
```

The LIKE linkname clause can be used instead of the LINK statement to define a link by copying the parameters specified for a previously defined link. For example:

DEFINE LINK SYS02 LIKE SYS01

**Note:** DEFINE LINK is permitted only when DEFINE=Y is specified on the NODE statement.

#### **DISABLE - Disallow Link Connection**

DISABLE linkname

Instructs the specified link not to accept any connections from other Entire Net-Work nodes. If the link is connected, it is disconnected and then disabled.

### **DISCONNECT - Disconnect a Link**

**DISCONNECT** linkname

Disconnect the link 'linkname' connected to this node. The link name specified must be the same as that used on the LINK statement.

## **DISPLAY - Display Information About a Network Component**

## DISPLAY { ALINKS | LINKS | NODES | PATHS | STATS | TARGETS | ZAPS } [ name | string\* ]

Displays current information about the specified network component. Only one component type (link, node, path, or target) can be specified in a single DISPLAY command. The information is displayed in the form of Entire Net-Work messages. Refer to the Entire Net-Work messages and codes documentation, provided in *Adabas Cluster Services Messages and Codes* for information about specific messages.

The optional second parameter serves to qualify the display request, thereby limiting the information displayed. At the same time, additional information is displayed for qualified DISPLAY LINK or DISPLAY NODES requests.

The possible qualifier values and their meanings depend on the type of request. A link name, node name, or (numeric) target ID may be specified. Alternatively, a string ending in a "wild card" character (\*) may be used to indicate all links or nodes whose names start with the specified string. The asterisk (\*) alone may be used to produce a display of all links or nodes, but additional information is shown only for qualified display requests.

#### **DISPLAY ALINKS**

The following is an example of DISPLAY ALINKS output. DISPLAY ALINKS lists currently active links only:

```
F NETWK,D AL
NETO120I: VTAM LINK LNKE TO NODE ENODE STAT=ACTIVE
NETO120I: VTAM LINK LNKA TO NODE ANODE STAT=ACTIVE
```

## **DISPLAY LINKS**

The following is an example of DISPLAY LINKS output:

```
F NETWK,D L
NETO120I: VTAM LINK LNKALS TO NODE ALSNODE STAT=DISC
NETO120I: VTAM LINK LNKE TO NODE ENODE STAT=ACTIVE
NETO120I: VTAM LINK LNKA TO NODE ANODE STAT=ACTIVE
NETO120I: VTAM LINK LNKVM TO NODE UNKNOWN STAT=OPEN
```

The following is an example of DISPLAY LINKS output for all links whose names begin with "TO":

```
F NET1.D L TO*
NETO120I: VTAM LINK TOSIX TO NODE SIX
                                      STAT=ACTIVE
NET0112I:
                     2 MSGS;
                                        2 TR.BLKS
NETO120I: VTAM LINK TOTWO
                         TO NODE TWO
                                        STAT=ACTIVE
NET0112I:
                     3 MSGS;
                                        3 TR.BLKS
NETO120I: VTAM LINK TONINE TO NODE UNKNOWN STAT=CONSTA
NET0112I:
                                        O TR.BLKS
                     O MSGS:
```

#### **DISPLAY NODES**

The following is an example of DISPLAY NODES output:

```
F NETWK,D N
NETO122I: NODE FNODE (50752) LOCAL
NETO122I: NODE ALSNODE (54080) DIST 000040 VIA LINK LNKE
NETO122I: NODE ANODE (49472) DIST 000020 VIA LINK LNKA
NETO122I: NODE ENODE (50496) DIST 000020 VIA LINK LNKE
```

## A qualifier is used in the following example:

```
F NETWK,D N A*
NET0122I: NODE ALSNODE (54080) DIST 000040 VIA LINK LNKE
NET0123I: TARGETS: 00025 00171 00194 00175 00173 00018 00009
NET0123I: TARGETS: 00177
NET0122I: NODE ANODE (49472) DIST 000020 VIA LINK LNKA
NET0123I: TARGETS: 00125 00192
```

#### **DISPLAY PATHS**

The following is an example of DISPLAY PATHS output:

```
F NETWK,D P
NETO122I: NODE ALSNODE (54080) DIST 000080 (001) VIA LINK LNKA
NETO122I: NODE ALSNODE (54080) DIST 000040 (002) VIA LINK LNKE
NETO122I: NODE ANODE (49472) DIST 000020 (001) VIA LINK LNKA
NETO122I: NODE ANODE (49472) DIST 000040 (002) VIA LINK LNKE
NETO122I: NODE ENODE (50496) DIST 000040 (002) VIA LINK LNKA
NETO122I: NODE ENODE (50496) DIST 000020 (001) VIA LINK LNKE
```

#### **DISPLAY STATS**

The DISPLAY STATS command produces the same type of information found in the statistics displayed at the end of an Entire Net-Work session. A qualifier parameter, if given, would have no effect. The buffer usage statistics displayed depend on the operating system being used.

The following is an example of DISPLAY STATS output for an OS/390 system. It includes a NETB001I and a NETB009I for each active buffer pool, a set of NETB008I, NETB010I, and NETB012I for each subpool within the buffer pools, and a NETB013I for each operator command issued.

```
F NETWK, D STATS
NFTB000I:
NETB001I: Statistics For Buffer Pool COMN Loc = ANY
NETBOOOI:
NETB008I: Req = ( 13, 0, 10, 0)

NETB010I: ELM = ( 512, 512, 512, 512), Sz

NETB011I: Str = ( 256, 256, 254, 252) K

NETB012I: Exp = ( 0, 1, 0, 0)
                             512, 512, 512, 512), Sz = 512 B
NETBOOOI:
NETB008I: Req =( 1, 0, 0, 0)

NETB010I: Elm =( 10, 10, 10, 2), Sz = 1 K

NETB011I: Str =( 15, 15, 13, 13) K

NETB012I: Exp =( 0, 1, 0, 0)
NETB000I:
NETB008I: Req =( 1, 0, 0, 0)

NETB010I: Elm =( 1, 1, 1, 1), Sz = 14K

NETB011I: Str =( 14, 14, 0, 0) K

NETB012I: Exp =( 0, 1, 0, 0)
NETBOOOI:
NETB009I: High Allc= 285 Curr Allc = 285 Curr Avail = 267 K
NETB001I: Statistics For Buffer Pool PGFX Loc = ANY
NETBOOOI:
NETB008I: Req =( 0, 0, 0, 0)

NETB010I: Elm =( 64, 64, 64, 0), Sz = 4K

NETB011I: Str =( 256, 256, 256, 256) K

NETB012I: Exp =( 0, 0, 0, 0)
NETBOOOI:
NETB009I: High Allc= 256 Curr Allc = 256 Curr Avail = 256 K
NETBOOOI:
NETB013I: Combined Buffer Pools Size
                                                                                541 K
```

```
NETBOOOI:
```

#### **DISPLAY TARGETS**

The following is an example of DISPLAY TARGETS output:

```
F NETWK,D T
NETO124I: TARGET 09777 (C-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ALSNODE
NETO124I: TARGET 00009 (I-T) ACTIVE ON NODE ALSNODE
NETO124I: TARGET 02048 (L-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ANODE
NETO124I: TARGET 00237 (I-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ANODE
NETO124I: TARGET 00238 (I-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ANODE
NETO124I: TARGET 09888 (C-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ANODE
NETO124I: TARGET 00234 (I-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ANODE
NETO124I: TARGET 55769 (C-N) ACTIVE ON NODE ANODE
```

#### **DISPLAY ZAPS**

The DISPLAY ZAPS command lists, for each Entire Net-Work module, its name, assembly date, system maintenance level, and ZAP level. If ZAPs were applied after initial shipment, their numbers are listed as "Additional ZAPs". The following is an excerpt from a DISPLAY ZAPS example:

```
F NETWK,D Z
NET0037I: NETCLF (1998/11/10 SM=0001) ZAP LEVEL 0000
```

## **DUMP - Terminate Entire Net-Work Session with Snap Dump**



Issue a snap dump, then end the Entire Net-Work session. DUMP is equivalent to the SNAP command followed by an ADAEND (or synonymous) command.

## **ENABLE - Enable a Previously Disabled Link**



Revokes a previously entered DISABLE command. The specified link is instructed to accept incoming connect requests. Enabling a disconnected link does not connect the link.

## FORCE - Broadcast a "Node Down" Message



Broadcasts a control message through the network to notify all Entire Net-Work nodes that the specified node is no longer available. This command is provided for diagnosis and exception handling, and should be used only on the advice of your Software AG technical support representative.

## **HELP - List the Available Entire Net-Work Operator Commands**



Lists the available Entire Net-Work operator commands with a short explanation of their function.

## **OPEN - Reopen a Stopped or Closed Line Driver**



Reopen an installed and defined line driver that was stopped due to an access method or other network or system failure, or by the CLOSE operator command.

The driver name must be the same as was specified on the XCF DRIVER statement (that is, either XCF or XCFD). Read *XCF DRIVER Statement*, elsewhere in this guide, for more information.

Note that this command is currently a synonym for the START command. See the explanation in *XCF DRIVER Statement*, elsewhere in this guide, for more information.

## **OPEN NETPRNT - Open the NETPRNT File**

## **OPEN NETPRNT**

Open the NETPRNT file and route all trace and snap output to NETPRNT. This command is necessary only after a CLOSE NETPRNT command has been used. It opens the NETPRNT file when Entire Net-Work is initialized. If the file is allocated SHR or OLD it will be erased when opened. This command cannot be abbreviated.

## PROBE - Verify Node Availability

```
PROBE { nodename | nodeid } [ nnnn ]
```

The PROBE command verifies that the specified node is available and can be reached. Entire Net-Work issues internal probe commands for the same purpose during normal operation. PROBE routes an internal message to the specified node and back. If the node cannot be reached, this information is sent to all active nodes, updating the node status.

The optional second parameter specifies that *nnnn* bytes of random user data (64512 bytes maximum) are to be appended to the actual probe message. The exact length of the message sent can be calculated as follows:

```
70 + (nodestack-size) + nnnn
```

where *nodestack-size* is twice the number specified by the NODE statement parameter MAXPATH, rounded up to the next multiple of 4. For example, if MAXPATH=4 (the default value), the following command results in a message of length 1078:

```
PROBE nodename 1000
```

The result of the operation is displayed on the operator console, as shown in the following example:

```
F NET1, PROBE TWO
NET0136I: PROBE MESSAGE SENT
NET0135I: PROBE FOR NODE TWO (0001.711 SEC)
NET0120I: NODE TWO (62194) DIST 000030 VIA LINK TOFIVE
NET0140I: VERSION 5.7.1 (1999/11/10)
```

## **RESUME - Allow Link to Resume Sending Queued Messages**



Revokes a SUSPEND command for the specified link. The link's status changes to "active" and the link resumes sending queued messages.

## **SET - Dynamically Change NODE Statement Parameters**

```
SET parameter = value, ...
```

The SET command can be used to change Entire Net-Work parameter settings dynamically without interrupting network operations. Multiple parameters can be specified with one SET command.

The SET command keyword itself may be omitted. For example:

```
F NODEA,SET CQTIMER=180, TRACE=OFF
```

is equivalent to

```
F NODEA, CQTIMER=180, TRACE=0FF
```

The parameters allowed for the SET command are a subset of those defined on the Entire Net-Work NODE statement. They are as indicated below:

#### SET CQTIMER - Set Time Allowed to Retrieve Command Results

```
SET <u>CQ</u>TIMER = seconds
```

The approximate waiting time, in seconds, allowed for a user or application to retrieve command results with a router 16-call before timeout occurs. For more information, see the *CQTIMER* parameter description, elsewhere in this guide.

### **SET DUMP - Set Storage Areas for a Dump**

### SET DUMP = { ALL | NONE | BLOCKS | TRACETAB | BUFFERS | LINKAREA | FORMAT }

The storage areas to be included in a dump when Entire Net-Work terminates abnormally. The information is printed to the NETPRNT file if it is open; otherwise, it is printed to the DDPRINT file. SET DUMP can be used to reduce the amount of output generated during an ABEND, especially on large Entire Net-Work systems. This command cannot be abbreviated.

In general, the default value of ALL should be used so that all diagnostic information is available to Software AG support.

Multiple values can be specified, separated by commas and surrounded by parentheses. For example:

```
SET DUMP = (BLOCKS, TRACETAB, FORMAT)
```

If conflicting values are specified, the last value specified is used. In the following, for example, the value used is NONE:

SET DUMP = (BLOCKS, TRACETAB, NONE)

Value	Description
ALL	All storage areas are dumped. This is the default value.
NONE	No storage areas are dumped.
BLOCKS	The major control blocks are dumped.
TRACETAB	The internal trace table is dumped.
BUFFERS	All internal buffer areas are dumped.
LINKAREA	All storage areas related to a driver and link are dumped.
FORMAT	The driver and link trace tables are formatted.

### **SET LOG - Set Extent of Logging Activity**

## SET LOG= { ON | OFF | YES | NO | FULL | SHORT }

Regulates control flow and logging of selected data areas to the printer data set. For more information, refer to the *LOG* parameter description, elsewhere in this guide.

#### SET MAXPATH - Set Maximum Number of Links in Message Path

SET MAXPATH = linkcount

The maximum path link, specified in number of links, that a message from users on this node is expected to travel. For more information, refer to the *MAXPATH* parameter description, elsewhere in this guide.

**SET MSGFORM - Set Format of Messages for Console Display and Print** 

SET MSGFORM = message-format

The message format of console messages and DDPRINT output. For more information, see the *MSGFORM* parameter, elsewhere in this guide.

SET REPLYTIM - Set Time Allowed for Reply to User Request

SET REPLYTIM = seconds

The time, in seconds, that this node is to wait for a reply to a user request before timing out. For more information, refer to the *REPLYTIM* parameter description, elsewhere in this guide.

SET TRACE, SET TROFF, SET TRON - Set Extent of Tracing Activity

SET {TRACE | TROF | TRON } = {trace | (trace,...)}

Sets the trace control parameters for program traces. For more information, see the *TRACE* statement parameters, elsewhere in this guide.

### **SET UCMSG - Set Message Case**

Controls whether messages are issued in uppercase or mixed case. For more information, see the *UCMSG* parameter, elsewhere in this guide.

### SET ULINK - Control Links to an Adjacent Node

Allows or disallows multiple links to an adjacent Entire Net-Work node. For more information, see the *ULINK* parameter, elsewhere in this guide.

### **SNAP - Snap Dump Selected Data Areas**

## SNAP { BPH | CQ | CURRMSG | MAIN | MYBLK | TRACE | UBQ }

Issue a snap dump of selected data areas to the DDPRINT file and continue processing.

**Note:** Under certain circumstances, a snap dump is performed internally at either normal or abnormal session end.

The optional parameters are used to snap one or more specific data areas:

Parameter	Area
BPH	Buffer pool headers
CQ	Command queue
CURRMSG	Message that Entire Net-Work mainline is currently working on
MAIN	Header of mainline module
MYBLK	Central control block
TRACE	Internal trace table.
UBQ	User buffer queue (currently active Adabas commands)

## START - Restart a Stopped or Closed Line Driver

START drivername

Restart the installed line driver that was stopped due to an access method or other network or system failure, or by the CLOSE operator command.

The driver name must be the same as was specified on the XCF DRIVER statement (that is, either XCF or XCFD). Read *XCF DRIVER Statement*, elsewhere in this guide, for more information.

The START command is a synonym for the OPEN command.

## **SUSPEND - Stop Link from Sending Queued Messages**

SUSPEND linkname

Instructs the specified link to stop sending messages. However, Entire Net-Work can still queue messages on this link. The SUSPEND command is valid only if the link is active.

## XCF Line Driver Commands

The Entire Net-Work XCF line driver has the ability to process operator commands that are directed to a specific link, to all links, or directly to the driver.

#### **Format**

The XCF line driver operator commands have the following format:

XCFD target cmd1 cmd2 ... cmdx

where

'XCFD' tells Entire Net-Work that the command is destined for the XCF line driver. Read XCF DRIVER Statement, elsewhere in this guide, for more information.

"target' identifies the target of the command to XCF and has the following format:

XCF line driver operator commands depend on whether the target is the driver of one or more links. Specify

- "\*" if the target is all links.
- "#" if the target is the driver itself.
- the link name if the target is a specific link.
- 'cmd1 cmd2 .... cmdx' are the operator commands to be issued.

Multiple commands can be specified in a single command statement. When the ALTER command is specified, it must be the last command in the statement, because everything following the ALTER command is treated as a DRIVER or LINK statement parameter.

#### **Command Overview**

The Entire Net-Work XCF line driver supports the commands listed in the following table. All commands are available for both link and driver targets. The underlined portion of the command is the minimum abbreviation.

Command	Action		
<u>ALTE</u> R	Dynamically changes the driver or link configuration.		
HELP	Lists available operator commands.		
<u>RESE</u> T	Resets all statistics for the driver or link.		
SHOW	Displays parameter settings for the driver or link.		
SNAP	For driver targets, snaps driver-specific data areas. For link targets, snaps all control blocks specific to the link.		
<u>STATS</u>	For driver targets, displays/prints driver statistics immediately. For link targets, causes the immediate printing of statistics.		
<u>TRAC</u> E	For driver targets, formats and prints the driver-specific trace table. For link targets, prints the link-specific trace table.		

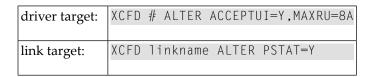
## **Command Descriptions**

#### ALTER - Dynamically Change Configuration



Dynamically changes the driver or link configuration. The ALTER command is followed by the driver or link configuration parameters to be altered, as appropriate. The driver configuration parameters are the same as those specified in the DRIVER statement (read *XCF DRIVER Statement*, elsewhere in this guide); the link configuration parameters are the same as those specified on the LINK statement (read *XCF LINK Statement*, elsewhere in this guide).

## For example:



**HELP - List Available Operator Commands** 



Lists all the commands available to display or alter the XCF driver or an XCF link.

#### **RESET - Reset All Statistics**



Resets all statistics for the XCF driver or link target. Statistics are printed only if the STATS command precedes the RESET command.

## **SHOW - Display Parameter Settings**



Causes the immediate printing of the current driver or link parameter settings.

## **SNAP - Snap Dump Selected Data Areas**



Causes all driver- or link-specific control blocks and the driver- or link-specific trace table to be snapped (printed in hexadecimal). Entire Net-Work-specific control blocks are not snapped.

- For driver targets, link-specific control blocks are not snapped.
- For link targets, driver-specific control blocks are not snapped.

## **STATS - Display and Print Statistics**



Causes the immediate printing of statistics and restarts the statistics interval. To print and reset statistics, specify RESET immediately after the STATS command.

### For example:

driver target:	XCFD	# RESET		
link target:	XCFD	linkname	STATS	RESET

### **TRACE - Format and Print Trace Table**



Causes the driver- or link-specific trace table to be formatted and printed. The trace table is also formatted and printed automatically when the SNAP command is processed.

# 10 Entire Net-Work Diagnostic Utilities

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This section describes the Entire Net-Work diagnostic utilities, which are provided in the Entire Net-Work load library.

The Adabas modules required by the utilities are provided in the WAL vrs library distributed with Entire Net-Work. Read *Product Code Description* in *Entire Net-Work Release Notes* and the *Software AG Product Delivery Report*.

### **NETPFIL1 Utility**

The NETPFIL1 utility is used to select the information to be printed from the Entire Net-Work NETPRNT file. The Entire Net-Work NETPRNT file contains tracing, logging, and dump output. The NETPRNT file should be used as input to the NETPFIL1 utility for the NETFILE file.

NETPFIL1 can be used to select

- only those records that fall within a certain date and time frame,
- only logging and dump records that match the title or any desired portion of the title,
- only trace records that match the title or any desired portion of the title, or
- any combination of the above.

The output from NETPFIL1 can be used as input to the *NETPFIL2 Utility* to perform additional filtering.

### **NETPFIL1 Parameters**

This section describes the parameters for the NETPFIL1 utility.

### **DATE**

DATE=yyyymmdd

Only records created on the specified date are written to DDPRINT. The default value is all dates.

### **STARTTIME**

STARTTIME=hhmmssth

Records created before the specified time are not written to DDPRINT and are not checked for other selection criteria. The default is no restriction on the start time.

### **ENDTIME**

ENDTIME=hhmmssth

Records created after the specified time are not written to DDPRINT and are not checked for other selection criteria. The default is no restriction on the end time.

### LOG

LOG=log-title

Log and dump records with a title that matches the specified log title are written to DDPRINT.

The log title must be specified exactly as it appears in the NETPRNT file; the value specified can be limited to the number of characters necessary to select the desired records. All characters following the last nonblank character are considered wild cards. Spaces are valid in the log title, but the check is performed only up to the last nonblank character.

LOG= selects all log and dump records. The default value is that no log or dump records are written.

### **TRACE**

TRACE=trace-title

Trace records that have a title matching the specified trace title are written to DDPRINT.

The trace title must be specified exactly as it appears in the NETPRNT file; the value specified can be limited to the number of characters necessary to select the desired records. All characters following the last nonblank character are considered wild cards. Spaces are valid in the trace title, but the check is performed only up to the last nonblank character.

TRACE= selects all trace records. The default value is that no trace records are written.

Anything else is written to the output file as a comment along with the parameters specified to the beginning of the DDPRINT file.

An asterisk (\*) in column 1 causes this parameter record to be ignored.

### **Examples**

The following selects all records for a five minute period with a comment:

```
ALL INFORMATION FROM 2:23 to 2:29
STARTTIME=14230000
ENDTIME=14290000
LOG=
TRACE=
```

The following selects log records for IDDDATA and IDDBLK using implied wild cards:

```
LOG=IDD
```

The following selects log records for IDDDATA only:

```
LOG=IDDDATA
```

The following selects dump records for M Y B L K, D R I V B L K, and L I N K B L K:

```
LOG=M Y B L K
LOG=D R I V B L K
LOG=L I N K B L K
```

### **NETPFIL2 Utility**

The NETPFIL2 utility is used to search for a control block or storage area snapped by either the logging function or a dump. When the desired dump entries are found, they are printed.

Optionally, NETPFIL2 can also print all non log entries, including the trace and time stamp records. NETPFIL2 is therefore suitable as a second step in a job where NETPFIL1 is run first.

To summarize, NETPFIL2 can be used to

- find and print a control block or data area that contains a specified value at a specified offset,
- optionally print all non logging and dump records, and
- find multiple control blocks and multiple values.

The Entire Net-Work NETPRNT file contains tracing, logging, and dump output. The NETPRNT file should be used as input to the NETPFIL2 utility for the NETFILE file.

### **Parameters**

This section describes the parameters for the NETPFIL2 utility.

#### NONLOG

```
NONLOG=\{\underline{Y} \mid N \}
```

The NONLOG parameter specifies whether all non log and dump records should be written to DDPRINT.

NONLOG=Yes	Writes all non log and dump records.	
NONLOG=No	Ignores all non log and dump records. This is the default value.	

### **FIND**

```
FIND=log-title (OFFSET=xxx {VALUE=characters | VALUE=X`hex values'})
```

Log and dump records that have a log title matching the specified log title are evaluated to determine whether the hexadecimal offset matches either the character or hexadecimal value specified. If it matches, the whole dumped area is written to DDPRINT.

The log title must be specified exactly as it appears in the NETPRNT file; the value specified can be limited to the number of characters necessary to select the desired records. All characters following the last non blank character are considered wild cards. Spaces are valid in the log title, but the evaluation is performed only up to the last non blank character. To select all log and dump records, use the LOG= parameter.

OFFSET=xxx must be specified as a valid hexadecimal number. This number specifies the first byte of the location in the dumped area to compare. The comparison is performed in such a way that the value must start at this location. Each additional character of the value is checked at the next logical position in the dump, even if the next logical position is on the next record.

VALUE=characters specifies the right hand portion of the value, which is in character format. The character form of the value is compared to the interpreted part of the dumped records.

VALUE=X`hex values' specifies the left hand portion of the value, following the address and offset. The hexadecimal form of the value is compared to the hexadecimal part of the dumped records.

The following example finds the driver block (DRIVBLK) for the TCP/IP (NETTCPI) driver.

```
FIND=D R I V B L K,OFFSET=10,VALUE=NETTCPI
FIND=D R I V B L K,OFFSET=10,VALUE=X`D5C5E3E3C3D7C9'
```

### **Example JCL**

### Running in z/OS Environments

The following example JCL can be used to run NETPFIL1 or NETPFIL2 in a z/OS environment.

```
//YOURJOB JOB (0), 'NET-WORK',
          CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=X, MSGLEVEL=(1,1)
//FILTER1 EXEC PGM=NETPFIL1
                                                       <--- see Note 1 //STEPLIB ↔
DD DSN=NETWRK.vrs.LOAD,DISP=SHR
                                                <--- see Note 2
     DD DSN=WAL.vrs.LOAD,DISP=SHR
                                                       <--- see Note 3
//NETFILE DD DSN=NETWRK.vrs.NETPRNT,DISP=SHR
                                                          <--- see Note 4
                                                          <--- see Note 5
//DDCARD DD *
 THIS COMMENT WILL BE PRINTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE OUTPUT
 DATE=20000316
 STARTTIME=12570000
  ENDTIME=12580000
  LOG=T R A C E
* LOG=IDDDATA
 TRACE=
* TRACE=SENDOUT
//DDPRINT DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=121,BLKSIZE=1210,RECFM=FBA)
```

### Notes:

- 1. 1. Specify the utility program you want to run.
- 2. 2. This is the same load library you use to run Entire Net-Work.
- 3. 3. This is the same Adabas or WAL load library you use to run Entire Net-Work.
- 4. 4. This is the file that was created by Entire Net-Work with DDNAME NETPRNT.
- 5. 5. This is the parameter file and may be any sequential file with LRECL=80.

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