

Adabas Dump Formatting Tool (ADAFDP)

This section describes the use of the Adabas dump formatting tool ADAFDP.

- ADAFDP Function
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ADAFDP Function

ADAFDP is the address space dump formatting module. During abnormal shutdown of the Adabas nucleus, this module receives control to format and display information that should help you analyze the reason for the error.

During a nucleus shutdown, ADAMPM determines the shutdown reason. If the reason is abnormal termination, ADAMPM loads the ADAFDP module into the address space prior to the 20 call to the Adabas SVC. ADAFDP subsequently receives control to format nucleus information.

If ADAFDP cannot be loaded, message ADAF03 is written to the console and abnormal shutdown continues.

ADAFDP Output

Much of the information formatted by ADAFDP is self-explanatory. However, because the type and amount of information depends on the shutdown situation, a summary of ADAFDP output is provided in this section.

- ADAFDP Messages
- Pool Abbreviations
- User Threads
- Command Information
- RABN Information

ADAFDP Messages

Message	Description
ADAH51 / ADAH52	The message is displayed on the console and written to DDPRINT at the point where the format begins and terminates.
ADAMPM ABEND CODE and PSW	If an Abend code and program status word (PSW) were saved in ADAMPM by the Adabas ESTAE, ADAFDP displays these. In addition, ADAFDP determines the module whose entry point best fits the PSW and calculates the offset within that module. If the ADAMPM abend code and PSW are zero, ADAFDP does not format this information.

Message	Description
ADABAS MODULE LOCATIONS	ADAFDP formats and displays the location of each of the Adabas nucleus modules resident in the address space.
ADDRESS LOCATIONS FOR USER EXITS	ADAFDP formats and displays the location of any user exit loaded with the Adabas nucleus.
ADDRESS LOCATIONS FOR HYPEREXITS	ADAFDP formats and displays the location of any hyperexit loaded with the Adabas nucleus. Hyperexits 10-31 are displayed as A-U, respectively.
ADANC0 STANDARD REGISTER SAVE AREA	Registers 0-7/8-F, which are saved in ADANC0. ADAFDP determines if any of these registers contains an address that points at a nucleus pool in storage. If yes, ADAFDP indicates which pool and snaps storage at that address. If the register is 12 and it points to a user thread, ADAFDP snaps the entire thread.
ADANC0 ABEND SAVE REGISTERS	Registers 0-7/8-F, which are saved in ADANC0 as a result of a user abend. ADAFDP determines if any of these saved registers contains an address that points at a nucleus pool in storage. If yes, ADAFDP indicates which pool and snaps storage at that location. If the saved register is 12 and it points to a user thread, ADAFDP snaps the entire thread.
ADAMPM SAVE REGISTERS	Registers 0-7/8-F, which were saved in ADAMPM by the Adabas ESTAE. These are the same registers displayed with the ADAM99 message. ADAFDP determines if any of these saved registers contains an address that points within a nucleus pool in storage. If yes, ADAFDP indicates which pool and snaps storage at that location.
BEGIN / ENDING ADDRESSES OF POOLS / TABLES	ADAFDP determines begin/ending address locations for pools and tables for the Adabas nucleus. These addresses are presented for easy location in the actual dump. See <i>Pool Abbreviations</i> for more information.
ADABAS THREADS	ADAFDP formats the physical threads including threads 0, -1, and -2. The number of lines depends on the value of NT. The thread that was active at the time of the abnormal termination (if any) is marked by a pointer “- ->”.
USER THREADS	For any of the threads -2 to NT that had assigned work to perform, ADAFDP formats and displays information about the status of that thread. See <i>User Threads</i> for more information:
FOLLOWING COMMANDS WERE FOUND IN THE CMD QUEUE	ADAFDP scans the command queue and formats information for any command found in the queue. See <i>Command Information</i> for more information.
POOL INTEGRITY CHECK	ADAFDP check the integrity of several pools within the Adabas nucleus address space. If an error is detected within that pool, ADAFDP indicates which pool and what type of error was encountered. In addition, ADAFDP snaps storage at the location where the error was detected.
FOLLOWING RABNS / FILES ACTIVE IN BUFFER POOL	ADAFDP scans the buffer pool header for RABNs that were active or being updated. See <i>RABN Information</i> for more information.

Message	Description
ADAIOR REGS FOUND AT OFFSET X'080'	Registers 0-7/8-F found saved in ADAIOR at this offset. If ADAFDP determines that any of these register values is pointing within an Adabas pool, it snaps storage at that location.
ADAIOR REGS FOUND AT OFFSET X'0C0'	Registers 0-7/8-F found saved in ADAIOR at this offset. If ADAFDP determines that any of these register values is pointing within an Adabas pool, it snaps storage at that location.
ICCB POINTED FROM X'A0' IN IOR	The ICCB address to which this offset in ADAIOR points.
ADAI22 ADAIOR TRACE TABLE	Format of ADAIOR trace table; same as that found with the ADAM99 message.

Pool Abbreviations

Pool Abbreviation	Description
LOG	Log area
OPR	Adabas nucleus operator command processing area
CQ	Address of the command queue, which is formatted later by ADAFDP
ICQ	Internal command queue
TT	Thread table
IA1	Software AG internal area 1
SFT	Session file table
FU	File usage table
FUP	File update table
IOT	I/O table for asynchronous buffer flushing
PL2	PLOG area for asynchronous buffer flushing
PET	Table of posted ETs
TPT	Tpost
TPL	Tplatz
UQP	Unique descriptor pool
UHQ	Upper hold queue
HQ	Hold queue
UUQ	Upper user queue
UQ	User queue
FP	Format pool

Pool Abbreviation	Description
FHF	File HILF element
PA	Protection area
TBI	Table of ISNs
TBQ	Table of sequential searches
WK3	Work part 3 space allocation table
IA2	Software AG internal area 2
WK2	Work part 2 space allocation table
VOL	VOLSER table
WIO	Work block I/O area
FST	Free space table work area
UT	User threads
WP	Work pool
AW2	Work block asynchronous I/O area
IOP	I/O pool related to asynchronous buffer flush
IU2	Buffer pool importance header upper 2
IU1	Buffer pool importance header upper 1
BU2	Buffer pool upper header 2
BU1	Buffer pool upper header 1
BH	Address location of the buffer pool header, information from the buffer pool header is formatted later by ADAFDP
BP	Address location of the physical start of the buffer pool

User Threads

Information	Description
Thread Number	-2 to NT
Status	Indicates the current status of the thread: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● *Active*: the currently active thread ● In Use: thread has been assigned work ● Waiting For I/O: waiting for a block not in buffer pool ● Waiting For RABN: waiting for a RABN already in use ● Waiting For Work-2 Area Block: similar to waiting for I/O ● Waiting Workpool Space: provides number of bytes in decimal ● Ready To Run: waiting to be selected for execution
CMD	The Adabas command being executed
Response Code	Response code (if any)
File Number	File number for this command
ISN	Internal sequence number for this command
Sub. Rsp	Subroutine response code (if any)
Last RABN for I/O	Last RABN required by command processing, in decimal
Type	Last RABN type (A - ASSO, D - DATA)
CQE Addr	Command queue element address for this command
User Jobname	Job name for user who executed this command
ITID	Internal Adabas ID for user who executed this command
User	User ID for user who executed this command
Unique global ID	28-byte ID for user who owns this command
Buffer Addresses	buffer addresses for: control block, format buffer, search buffer, value buffer, ISN buffer
Buffer Lengths	FL: format buffer length RL: record buffer length SL: search buffer length VL: value buffer length IL: ISN buffer length
Snap Thread	The first 144 bytes of the user thread are snapped

Command Information

Information	Description
CQE Address	The address location of this CQE
F	<p>Command queue flag bytes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● First Byte: General Purpose Flag <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ X'80': User buffers in service partition, region, address space ○ X'40': ET command waiting for 12 call ○ X'20': Waiting for 16 call ○ X'10': 16 call required ○ X'08': Attached buffer ○ X'04': Attached buffer required ○ X'02': X-memory lock held (MVS only) ● Second Byte: Selection Flag <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ X'80': In process ○ X'40': Ready to be selected ○ X'20': Search for UQE done ○ X'10': UQE found ○ X'08': Not selectable during BSS=x'80' status ○ X'04': Not selectable during ET-SYNC ○ X'02': Waiting for space ○ X'01': Waiting for ISN in HQ
CMD	The command type
File Number	The file number for this command
Job Name	Job name for the user
Addr User	UQE Address of users UQE, if searched for and found
Addr User ASCB	Address location of user's ASCB
Addr ECB	Address location of user's ECB (in user's address space)
Addr User UB	Address of users UB (in user's address space)

Information	Description
Addr User PAL	Address location of user's parameter address list
CQE ACA	ACA field of CQE.
CQE RQST	RQST field of CQE
Abuf/Pal	Address of the attached buffer/parameter address list (PAL) for CMD
Comm Id	28-byte unique user ID for this command

RABN Information

Information	Description
RABN Number	The RABN number in decimal
Type	Type of block (A - ASSO, D - DATA)
Flag	BP header element flag byte: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● AKZ X'40': Active indicator ● UKZ X'20': Update indicator ● RKZ X'10': Read indicator ● XKZ X'04': Access is waiting for block ● YKZ X'02': Update is waiting for block ● SKZ X'01': Write indicator
File	File number that owns this block
Address	Address location of block in storage.