

<i>(rep)</i>	<p>Report Specification:</p> <p>The notation <i>(rep)</i> may be used to specify the identification of the report for which the SKIP statement is applicable.</p> <p>A value in the range 0 - 31 or a logical name which has been assigned using the DEFINE PRINTER statement may be specified.</p> <p>If <i>(rep)</i> is not specified, the SKIP statement will apply to the first report (Report 0).</p> <p>For information on how to control the format of an output report created with Natural, see <i>Controlling Data Output</i> (in the <i>Programming Guide</i>).</p>
<i>operand1</i>	<p>Number of Lines to be Skipped:</p> <p><i>operand1</i> represents the number (1 - 250) of blank lines to be generated. This number may be specified as a numeric constant or as the content of a numerical variable.</p> <p>If <i>operand1</i> exceeds the page size of the report, the SKIP statement will result in a newpage condition.</p>

Example

```

** Example 'SKPEX1': SKIP
*****
DEFINE DATA LOCAL
1 EMPL-VIEW VIEW OF EMPLOYEES
  2 CITY
  2 COUNTRY
  2 NAME
END-DEFINE
*
LIMIT 7
READ EMPL-VIEW BY CITY STARTING FROM 'W'
  AT BREAK OF CITY
    SKIP 2
  END-BREAK
  DISPLAY NOTITLE CITY (IS=ON) COUNTRY (IS=ON) NAME
/*
END-READ
END

```

Output of Program SKPEX1:

CITY	COUNTRY	NAME

WASHINGTON	USA	REINSTEDT PERRY
WEITERSTADT	D	BUNGERT UNGER DECKER

WEST BRIDGFORD UK ENTWHISTLE

WEST MIFFLIN USA WATSON