GET SAME GET SAME

GET SAME

Structured Mode Syntax

 $\texttt{GET} \quad \texttt{SAME} \ [(r)]$

Reporting Mode Syntax

GET SAME [(r)] [operand1 ...]

This chapter covers the following topics:

- Function
- Restrictions
- Syntax Description
- Example

For an explanation of the symbols used in the syntax diagram, see *Syntax Symbols*.

Related Statements: ACCEPT/REJECT | AT BREAK | AT START OF DATA | AT END OF DATA | BACKOUT TRANSACTION | BEFORE BREAK PROCESSING | DELETE | END TRANSACTION | FIND | GET | GET TRANSACTION DATA | HISTOGRAM | LIMIT | PASSW | PERFORM BREAK PROCESSING | READ | RETRY | STORE | UPDATE

Belongs to Function Group: Database Access and Update

Function

The GET SAME statement is used to re-read the record currently being processed. It is most frequently used to obtain database array values (periodic groups or multiple-value fields) if the number and range of existing or desired occurrences was not known when the record was initially read.

Restrictions

- GET SAME is only valid for Natural users who are using Adabas or VSAM.
- GET SAME cannot be used with Entire System Server.
- For VSAM databases, GET SAME can only be applied to ESDS and RRDS. For ESDS, the RBA must be contained in a user-defined variable (numeric format) or be specified as an integer constant. The same applies to RRDS, except that the RRN must be provided instead of the RBA.
- An UPDATE or DELETE statement must not reference a GET SAME statement. These statements should instead make reference to the FIND, READ or GET statement used to read the record initially.

GET SAME Syntax Description

Syntax Description

Operand Definition Table:

Operand	Possible Structure					Possible Formats								Referencing Permitted	Dynamic Definition
operand1	S	A			A	U	N	P		В				no	yes

Syntax Element Description:

(<i>r</i>)	Statement Reference:							
	The notation (r) is used to specify the statement which contains the FIND or READ statement used to initially read the record.							
	If (r) is not specified, the GET SAME statement will be related to the innermost active processing loop.							
	(r) may be specified as a reference statement number or as a statement label.							
operand1	Fields to Be Made Available:							
	As <i>operand1</i> , you specify the field(s) to be made available as a result of the GET SAME statement.							
	Note: operand1 cannot be specified if the field is defined in a DEFINE DATA statement.							

Example

```
** Example 'GSAEX1': GET SAME
*******************
DEFINE DATA LOCAL
                (P3)
1 POST-ADDRESS VIEW OF EMPLOYEES
 2 FIRST-NAME
 2 NAME
 2 ADDRESS-LINE (I:I)
 2 C*ADDRESS-LINE
 2 POST-CODE
 2 CITY
1 #NAME
               (A30)
END-DEFINE
FORMAT PS=20
MOVE 1 TO I
READ (10) POST-ADDRESS BY NAME
 COMPRESS NAME FIRST-NAME INTO #NAME WITH DELIMITER ','
 WRITE // 12T #NAME
 WRITE / 12T ADDRESS-LINE (I.1)
 IF C*ADDRESS-LINE > 1
```

Example GET SAME

```
FOR I = 2 TO C*ADDRESS-LINE

GET SAME

WRITE 12T ADDRESS-LINE (I.1)

END-FOR

END-IF

WRITE / POST-CODE CITY

SKIP 3

END-READ

END

END
```

Output of Program GSAEX1:

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