NJX:BUTTONITEM NJX:BUTTONITEM

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The NJX:BUTTONITEM control is used to configure the buttons in an NJX:BUTTONITEMLIST control. Only one NJX:BUTTONITEM control is needed in an NJX:BUTTONITEMLIST control. This NJX:BUTTONITEM control is used to configure all buttons in the same way.

The following topics are covered below:

- Example
- Built-in Events
- Properties

Example



The XML code for the example looks as follows:

Built-in Events

The NJX:BUTTONITEM control behaves like a BUTTON control.

Properties

Basic			
comment	Comment without any effect on rendering and behaviour. The comment is shown in the layout editor's tree view.	Optional	
Appearance			

NJX:BUTTONITEM Properties

image	URL of image that is displayed inside the control. Any image type (.gif, .jpg,) that your browser does	Optional	gif
	understand is valid.		jpg
	Use the following options to specify the URL:		jpeg
	(A) Define the URL relative to your page. Your page is generated directly into your project's folder. Specifiying "images/xyz.gif" will point into a directory parallel to your page. Specifying "/HTMLBasedGUI/images/new.gif" will point to an image of a neighbour project.		
	(B) Define a complete URL, like "http://www.softwareag.com/images/logo.gif".		
invisiblemode	This property has three possible values:	Optional	invisible
	(1) "invisible": the button is not visible without occupying any space.		disabled
	(2) "disabled": the button is deactivated: it is "grayed" and does not show any roll over effects any more.		cleared
	(3)"cleared": the button is not visible but it still occupies space.		
width	Width of the control.	Optional	100
	There are three possibilities to define the width:		120
	(A) You do not define a width at all. In this case the		140
	width of the control will either be a default width or - in case of container controls - it will follow the width that is		160
	occupied by its content.		180
	(B) Pixel sizing: just input a number value (e.g. "100").		200
	(C) Percentage sizing: input a percantage value (e.g. "50%"). Pay attention: percentage sizing will only bring		50%
	up correct results if the parent element of the control properly defines a width this control can reference. If		100%
	you specify this control to have a width of 50% then the parent element (e.g. an ITR-row) may itself define a width of "100%". If the parent element does not specify a width then the rendering result may not represent what you expect.		

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height	Height of the control.	Optional	100
	There are three possibilities to define the height:		150
	(A) You do not define a height at all. As consequence the		200
	control will be rendered with its default height. If the control is a container control (containing) other controls		250
	then the height of the control will follow the height of its content.		300
	(B) Pixel sizing: just input a number value (e.g. "20").		250
	(C) Percentage sizing: input a percantage value (e.g.		400
	"50%"). Pay attention: percentage sizing will only bring up correct results if the parent element of the control		50%
	properly defines a height this control can reference. If you specify this control to have a height of 50% then the parent element (e.g. an ITR-row) may itself define a height of "100%". If the parent element does not specify a width then the rendering result may not represent what you expect.		100%
imageheight	Pixel height of image inside button.	Optional	
imagewidth	Pixel width of image inside button.	Optional	
textstyle	CSS style definition that is directly passed into the text of this control.	Optional	background-color: #FF0000
	With the style you can individually influence the text of the button. You can specify any style sheet expressions.		color: #0000FF
	Examples are:		font-weight: bold
	font-weight: bold		
	color: #FF0000		

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buttonstyle	CSS style definition that is directly passed into this control.	Optional	background-color: #FF0000
	With the style you can individually influence the rendering of the control. You can specify any style sheet		color: #0000FF font-weight: bold
	expressions. Examples are:		Tone weight: bold
	border: 1px solid #FF0000		
	background-color: #808080		
	You can combine expressions by appending and separating them with a semicolon.		
	Sometimes it is useful to have a look into the generated HTML code in order to know where direct style definitions are applied. Press right mouse-button in your browser and select the "View source" or "View frame's source" function.		
stylevariant	Some controls offer the possibility to define style	Optional	VAR1
	variants. By this style variant you can address different styles inside your style sheet definition file (.css). If not defined "normal" styles are chosen, if defined (e.g. "VAR1") then other style definitions (xxxVAR1xxx) are chosen.		VAR2
	Purpose: you can set up style variants in the style sheet defintion and use them multiple times by addressing them via the "stylevariant" property. CIS currently offerst two variants "VAR1" and "VAR2" but does not predefine any semantics behind - this is up to you!		
align	Horizontal alignment of control in its column.	Optional	left
	Each control is "packaged" into a column. The column itself is part of a row (e.g. ITR or TR). Sometimes the size of the column is bigger than the size of the control itself. In this case the "align" property specifies the position of the control inside the column. In most cases you do not require the align control to be explicitly defined because the size of the column around the controls exactly is sized in the same way as the contained		center right
	control.		
	If you want to directly control the alignment of text: in most text based controls there is an explicit property "textalign" in which you align the control's contained text.		

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valign	Vertical alignment of control in its column.	Optional	top
	Each control is "packaged" into a column. The column itself is part of a row (e.g. ITR or TR). Sometimtes the		middle
	size of the column is bigger than the size of the control. In this case the "align" property specify the position of the control inside the column.		bottom
colspan	Column spanning of control.	Optional	1
Coispan	Column spanning of control.	Optional	1
	If you use TR table rows then you may sometimes want to control the number of columns your control occupies.		2
	By default it is "1" - but you may want to define the control to span over more than one columns.		3
	control to span over more than one columns.		4
	The property only makes sense in table rows that are snychronized within one container (i.e. TR, STR table		5
	rows). It does not make sense in ITR rows, because these rows are explicitly not synched.		50
			int-value
rowspan	Row spanning of control.	Optional	1
	If you use TR table rows then you may sometimes want to control the number of rows your control occupies. By		2
	default it is "1" - but you may want to define the control		3
	two span over more than one columns.		4
	The property only makes sense in table rows that are snychronized within one container (i.e. TR, STR table		5
	rows). It does not make sense in ITR rows, because these rows are explicitly not synched.		50
			int-value
imagedisabled	URL of image that is displayed if the control is disabled. Use properties VISIBLEPROP and INVISIBLEMODE	Optional	gif
	to disable the control.		jpg
			jpeg
submitbutton	Set this property to true and the button will work as an 'Submitbutton', that is necessary if you want to transfer	Optional	true
	and/or save form values.		false
	i.e. password and username or complete search forms		
	Default value is false.		
	You should only use a 'Submitbutton' if the withformtag option of the pagebody tag is set true.		

NJX:BUTTONITEM Properties

tabindex	Index that defines the tab order of the control. Controls are selected in increasing index order and in source order	Optional	
	to resolve duplicates.		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \end{bmatrix}$
			1
			2
			5
			10
			32767
Miscellaneous			
testtoolid	Use this attribute to assign a fixed control identifier that can be later on used within your test tool in order to do the object identification	Optional	